# CS23336-Introduction to Python Programming

Started on	Friday, 6 September 2024, 12:06 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Friday, 6 September 2024, 12:19 PM
Time taken	13 mins 15 secs
Marks	5.00/5.00
Grade	100.00 out of 100.00

Question 1

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

### Question text

The notion of a palindrome was introduced previously. In this exercise you will write a recursive function that determines whether or not a string is a palindrome. The empty string is a palindrome, as is any string containing only one character. Any longer string is a palindrome if its first and last characters match, and if the string formed by removing the first and last characters is also a palindrome.

Write a program that reads a string from the user and uses your recursive

function to determine whether or not it is a palindrome. Then your program should

display an appropriate message for the user.

Sample Input malayalam Sample Output That was a palindrome! Sample Input madan Sample Output That is not a palindrome. Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %) [Reset answer]

def isPalindrome(s):

```
# Base case: The empty string is a
palindrome. So is a string containing only 1
character.
       if len(s) <= 1:
           return True
       elif s[0] == s[-1] and isPalindrome(s[1:-
1]):
           return True
       el se:
           return False
       # Recursive case: The string is a
palindrome only if the first and last characters
match, and
       # the rest of the string is a palindrome
# Check whether or not a string entered by the
user is a palindrome
# Read the string from the user
line=input()
# Check its status and display the result
if isPalindrome(line):
    print("That was a palindrome!")
el se:
    print("That is not a palindrome.")
```

# Feedback

	Input	Expected	Got	
	mal ayal am	That was a palindrome!	That was a palindrome!	
	madan	That is not a palindrome.	That is not a palindrome.	

Passed all tests!

Correct

Ouestion 2

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

#### **Ouestion text**

Euclid was a Greek mathematician who lived approximately 2,300 years ago. His algorithm for computing the greatest common divisor of two

positive integers, a and

b, is both efficient and recursive. It is outlined below:

If b is 0 then

return a

Else

Set c equal to the remainder when a is divided by b Return the greatest common divisor of b and c

Write a Recursive funtion that implements Euclid's algorithm and uses it to determine the

greatest common divisor of two integers entered by the user. Test your program with some very large integers. The result will be computed quickly, even for huge numbers consisting of hundreds of digits, because Euclid's algorithm is extremely efficient.

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

#### [Reset answer]

1
2
3
4
5

```
def gcd(a, b):
    if b==0:
        return a
    el se:
        return gcd(b, a%b)
```

# Feedback

Test	Expected	Got
print(gcd(8, 12))	4	4
print(gcd(720, 1000))	40	40

#### Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 3

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

# Question text

Complete the recursive function to return Binary Equivalent of an Integer using Recursion.

Sample Test Cases

Test Case 1

Input

10

Output

1010

Test Case 2

Input

257

Output

100000001

For example:

Test	Result
print(binayNumber(10))	1010
print(binayNumber(257))	100000001

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

[Reset answer]

1 2 3

def binayNumber(n):
 return bin(n)[2:]

ı

# Feedback

Test	Expecte d	Got
print(binayNumber(10))	1010	1010
print(binayNumber(257)	10000000 1	10000000

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 4

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

# Question text

Complete a Recursive Function to find if a given number N can be expressed as a sum of two prime numbers.

Note: YOU MUST OPTIMIZE the logic to find whether a number is prime or not, as very large prime numbers are provided as input. If the logic is not optimized your program will NOT get executed within the given time limit.
Input Format:
First line contains number N.
Output Format: Return either yes or no.
Boundary Conditions / Constraints:
3 <= N <= 10^9
Example Input/Output 1:
Input:
20
Output:
yes
Input:
23
Ouput:
no
Explanation:
20 1 17 2

20 can be expressed as 17+3

#### 23 cannot be expressed as sum of two primes

#### For example:

Test	Result
<pre>print(checkPrimeSum(20))</pre>	yes
<pre>print(checkPrimeSum(23))</pre>	no

### Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

#### [Reset answer]

```
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
11
12
13
14
```

```
def checkPrimeSum(n):
    def prime(num):
        if num<2:
            return False
        for i in range(2,int(num**0.5)+1):
            if num%i ==0:
                return False
        return True
    for i in range(2, n):
        if prime(i) and prime(n-i):
            return 'yes'
    for i in range(2, n//2+1):
        if prime(i) and prime(n-i):
            return 'yes'
    return 'no'</pre>
```

## Feedback

Test	Expected	Got	
print(checkPrimeSum(20))	yes	yes	

#### Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Question 5

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

#### **Ouestion text**

Given an integer number and you have to count the digits using recursion using Python program. In this program, you will be reading an integer number and counting the total digits, using a function countDigits() which will take a number as an

function countDigits() which will take a number as an argument and return the count after recursion process.

Input Format: The first and only line of the input contains a single integer n

Output Format: Output a single line denoting the number of digits in n.

#### For example:

Test	Result
print(countDigits(800))	3

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

[Reset answer]

2

```
def countDigits(n):
    n=str(n)
    return len(n)
```

# Feedback

Test	Expected	Got	
print(countDigits(12345))	5	5	
print(countDigits(800))	3	3	

#### Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

[Finish review]

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