

# How LocalStack is recreating AWS with Python

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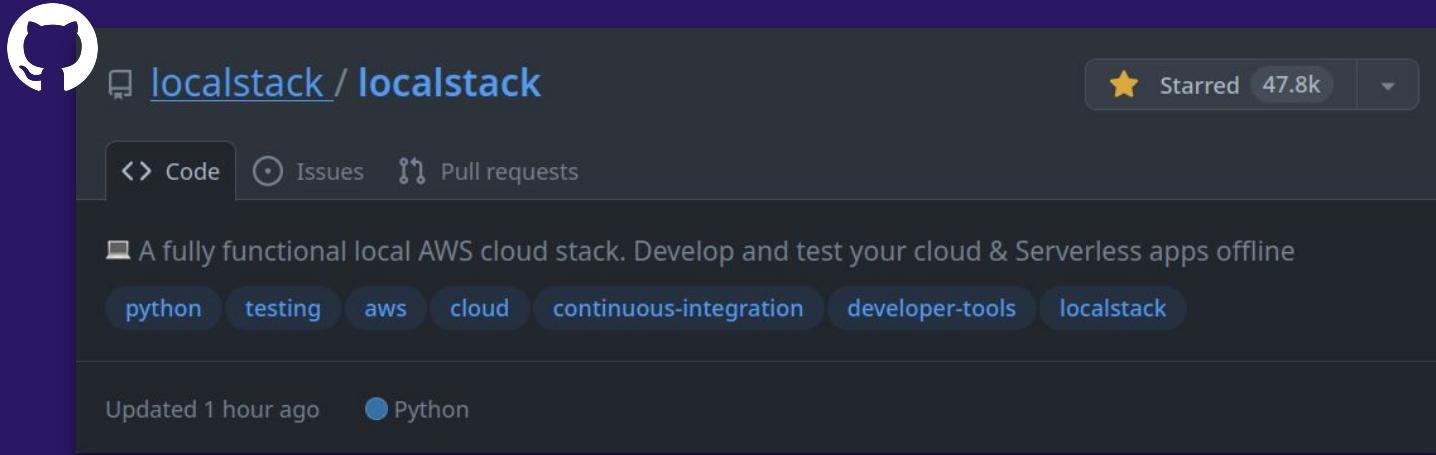
 @thrauat





LocalStack is  
a platform for cloud application  
development and testing

# LocalStack is an AWS emulator



A screenshot of a GitHub repository page for "localstack / localstack". The page has a dark theme. At the top, there's a navigation bar with a GitHub icon, the repository name "localstack / localstack", a star icon indicating it's starred by 47.8k users, and dropdown menus. Below the navigation, there are three tabs: "Code" (selected), "Issues", and "Pull requests". A brief description of the repository follows: "A fully functional local AWS cloud stack. Develop and test your cloud & Serverless apps offline". Below the description is a horizontal row of blue circular tags with white text: "python", "testing", "aws", "cloud", "continuous-integration", "developer-tools", and "localstack". At the bottom of the screenshot, it says "Updated 1 hour ago" and "Python".



LocalStack is  
a drop-in replacement for AWS  
that runs on your local machine



```
main.tf ×

1 provider "aws" {
2   region = "us-east-1"
3 }

4

5 resource "aws_s3_bucket" "bucket" {
6   bucket = "your-bucket-name"
7 }

8

9 resource "aws_s3_bucket_notification" "bucket_notification" {
10   bucket = aws_s3_bucket.bucket.id

11

12   queue {
13     queue_arn = aws_sqs_queue.queue.arn
14     events    = ["s3:ObjectCreated:*"]
15   }
16 }

17

18 resource "aws_sqs_queue" "queue" {
19   name = "s3-event-notification-queue"
20

21   policy = <>POLICY
22 {
23     "Version": "2012-10-17",
24     "Statement": [
25       {
26         "Effect": "Allow",
27         "Principal": "*",
28         "Action": "sqs:SendMessage",
29         "Resource": "arn:aws:sqs:us-east-1:123456789012:s3-event-notification-queue"
30       }
31     ]
32   }
33 }
```



```
thomas@om ~/localstack % █

I

thomas@om ~/localstack % █
```

## Documentation

- Overview
- Getting Started
- User Guides
- References
- Contributing

## Developer Hub

- Overview
- Tutorials
- Applications



**Serverless Container-based APIs with Amazon ECS & API Gateway**  
serverless-containers, security, identity, compliance, Pro

Deploy a Full-Stack Serverless Web application, and deploy it with Terraform & CloudFormation on LocalStack



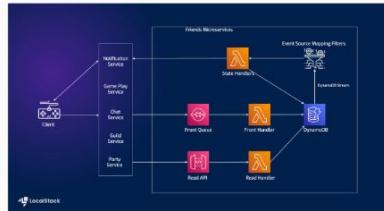
**Full-Stack application with AWS Lambda, DynamoDB & S3 for shipment validation**  
spring-boot, lambda-trigger, Pro

Configure a CRUD web application for shipment validation & listing, and deploy it with Terraform on LocalStack



**Step-up Authentication using Amazon Cognito**  
Pro, step-up-auth, rule-based-authentication, localstack

Setup a Step-up Authentication workflow for a higher level of security, deployed using Cloud Development Kit on LocalStack



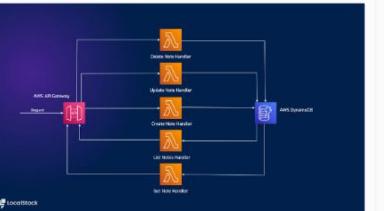
**Serverless microservices with Amazon API Gateway, DynamoDB, SQS, and Lambda**  
serverless, microservices, Pro

Serverless microservices for managing friend state in gaming services asynchronously deployed using Cloud Development Kit on LocalStack



**Event-driven architecture with Amazon SNS FIFO, DynamoDB, Lambda, and SQS**  
serverless, event-driven-architecture, Pro

Event-driven architecture demonstrating a recruiting agency application deployed using Serverless Application Model on LocalStack



**Note-Taking application using AWS SDK for JavaScript**  
serverless, Pro

Serverless Note-Taking application demonstrating a Web Application built using Lambda, API Gateway, and DynamoDB deployed using CDK on LocalStack



**Serverless image resizer**



**LocalStack ML App**



**Amazon Data Insights**

## Filters

### Services

- API Gateway
- AppSync
- Athena
- CloudFront
- Cognito
- CloudFormation
- CloudWatch Logs
- Dynamo DB
- EventBridge
- ECR
- ECS
- fargate
- Glue
- IAM
- Kinesis
- Lambda
- RDS
- S3
- Secrets Manager
- SES
- SageMaker
- SNS
- SQS
- Systems Manager
- Step Functions
- Transcribe

### Infrastructure Provisioned

- AWS CLI
- CDK
- Cloudformation
- SAM
- Serverless
- Terraform

### Programming language

# How do we do it?

# How do we do it?

- Use Python!

## Examples using the Docker Engine SDKs and Docker API

After you install Docker, you can [install the Go or Python SDK](#) and also try out the Docker Engine API.

Each of these examples show how to perform a given Docker operation using the Go and Python SDKs and the HTTP API using `curl`.

### Run a container

This first example shows how to run a container using the Docker API. On the command line, you just as easy to do from your own apps too.

This is the equivalent of typing `docker run alpine echo hello world` at the command prompt.

Go    Python    HTTP

```
package main

import (
    "context"
    "io"
    "os"

    "github.com/docker/docker/api/types"
    "github.com/docker/docker/api/types/container"
    "github.com/docker/docker/client"
    "github.com/docker/docker/pkg/stdcopy"
)

func main() {
    ctx := context.Background()
    cli, err := client.NewClientWithOpts(client.FromEnv, client.WithAPI("https://api.docker.io"))
    if err != nil {
        panic(err)
    }
    defer cli.Close()

    reader, err := cli.ImagePull(ctx, "docker.io/library/alpine", types.ImagePullOptions{})
    if err != nil {
        panic(err)
    }

    defer reader.Close()
    io.Copy(os.Stdout, reader)

    resp, err := cli.ContainerCreate(ctx, &container.Config{
        Image: "alpine",
        Cmd:   []string{"echo", "hello world"},
        Tty:   false,
        }, nil, nil, nil, "")
    if err != nil {
        panic(err)
    }

    if err := cli.ContainerStart(ctx, resp.ID, types.ContainerStartOptions{}); err != nil {
        panic(err)
    }

    statusCh, errCh := cli.ContainerWait(ctx, resp.ID, container.WaitContainerStatus)
    select {
    case err := <-errCh:
        if err != nil {
            panic(err)
        }
    case <-statusCh:
    }

    out, err := cli.ContainerLogs(ctx, resp.ID, types.ContainerLogsOptions{ShowStdout: true})
    if err != nil {
        panic(err)
    }

    stdcopy.StdCopy(os.Stdout, os.Stderr, out)
}
```



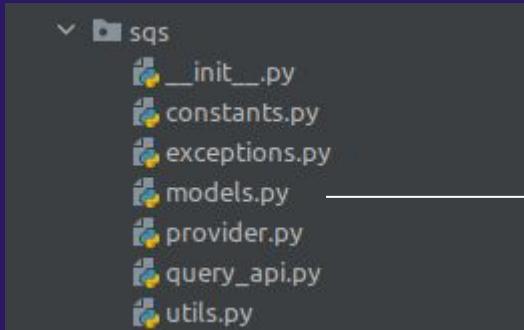
```
n("alpine", ["echo", "hello", "world"]))
```

# How do we do it?

- Use Python!
- Reduce complexity

# We can reduce complexity

- Everything runs locally!
- Fewer distributed system challenges
- Example: full Python SQS implementation in ~2k LoC



```
class SqQueue:  
    name: str  
    region: str  
    account_id: str  
  
    attributes: QueueAttributeMap  
    tags: TagMap  
  
    purge_in_progress: bool  
    purge_timestamp: Optional[ float ]  
  
    delayed: Set[SqsMessage]  
    inflight: Set[SqsMessage]  
    receipts: Dict[ str, SqsMessage ]
```

# How do we do it?

- Use Python!
- Reduce complexity
- Leverage the open source AWS ecosystem
- Standardize the repeatable parts (service emulators)
  - Development
  - Testing
  - Maintenance
- Embrace pluggability

# Service emulators

# Service emulators (how it used to be)

```
class ProxyListenerKinesis (ProxyListener):

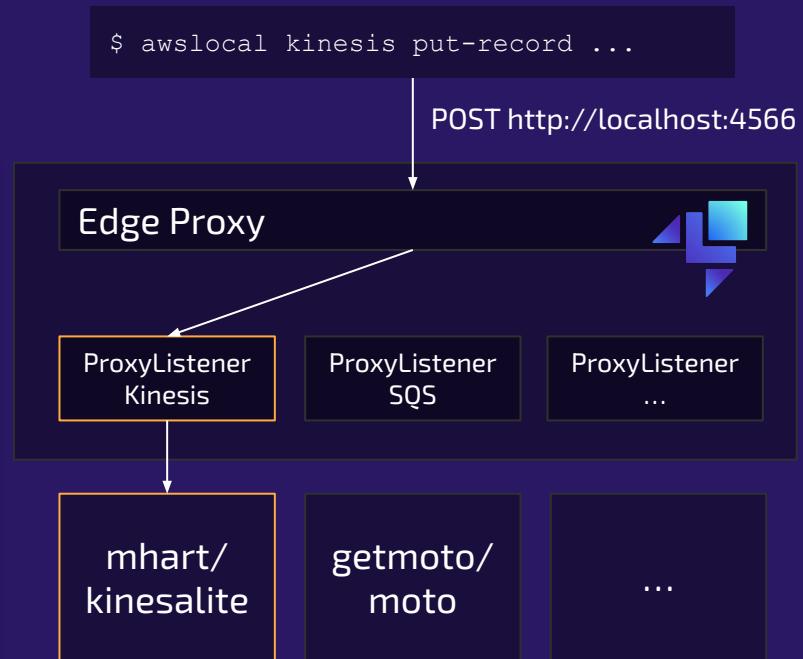
    def forward_request (self, method, path, data, headers):
        data, encoding_type = self.decode_content(data or "{}", True)
        action = headers.get("X-Amz-Target", "").split(".")[-1]

        if action == "SubscribeToShard":
            result = subscribe_to_shard(data, headers)
            return result

        if random.random() < config.KINESIS_ERROR_PROBABILITY:
            if action in ["PutRecord", "PutRecords"]:
                return kinesis_error_response(data, action, encoding_type)

        if config.KINESIS_PROVIDER == "kinesalite":
            return self.forward_request_kinesalite(
                method, path, data, headers, action, encoding_type,
            )

    return True
```



Adding dev tool  
functionality

```

class ProxyListenerSQS(PersistingProxyListener):

    def forward_request(self, method, path, data, headers):
        if method == "OPTIONS":
            return 200

        req_data = parse_request_data(method, path, data)

        if req_data:
            action = req_data.get("Action")

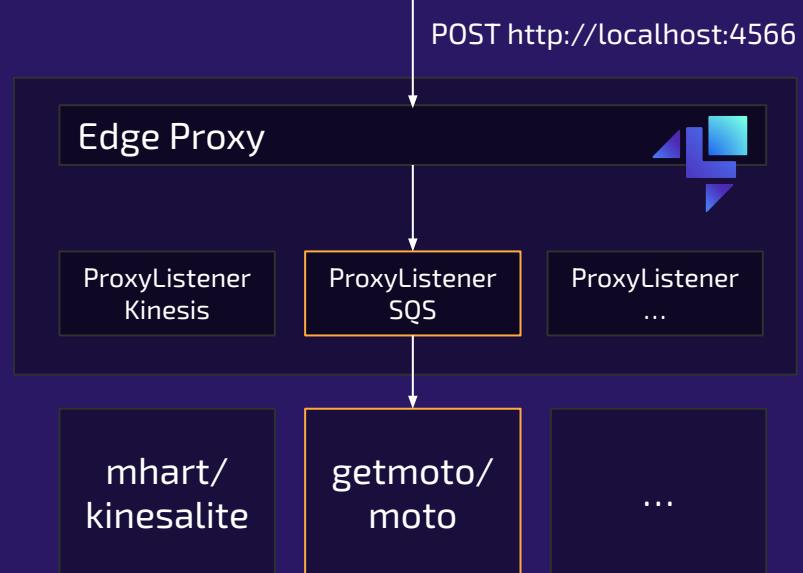
            if action == "CreateQueue":
                req_data = self.fix_missing_tag_values(req_data)
                changedAttrs = _fix_dlq_arn_in_attributes(req_data)
                if changedAttrs:
                    return _get_attributes_forward_request(
                        method, path, headers, req_data,
                    )

            elif action == "DeleteQueue":
                queueUrl = _queueUrl(path, req_data, headers)
                QUEUE_ATTRIBUTES.pop(queueUrl, None)
                sns_listener.unsubscribe_sqs_queue(queueUrl)

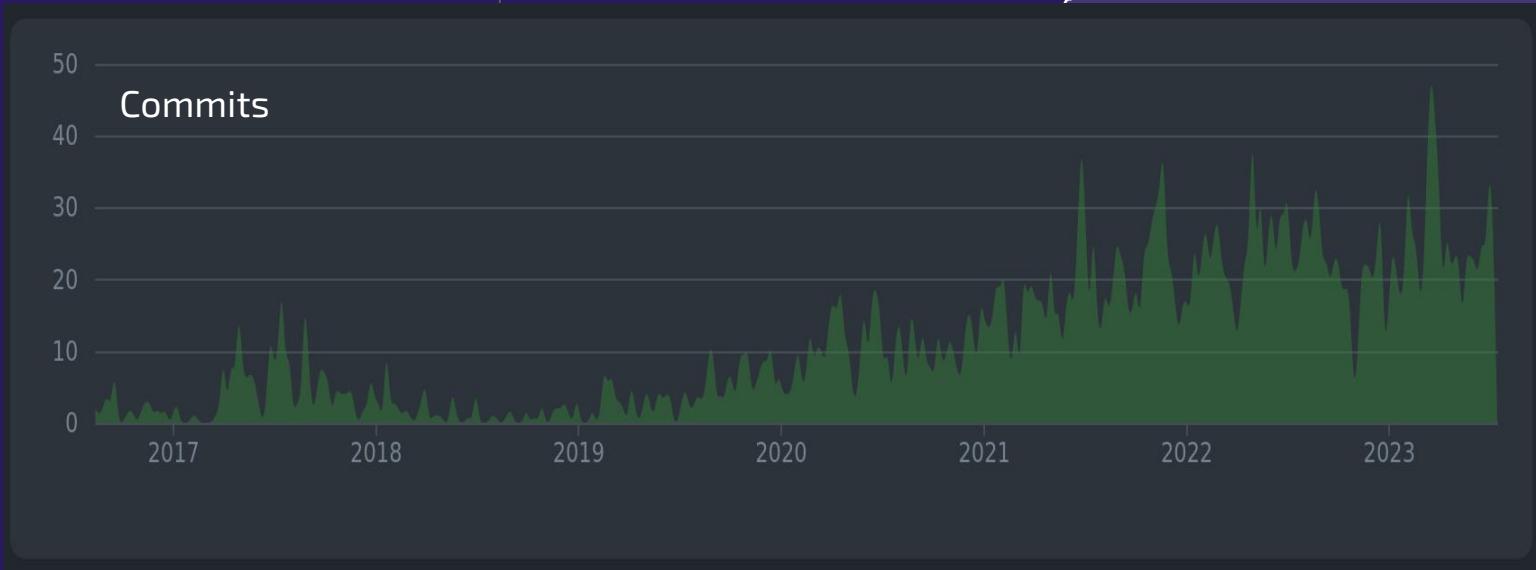
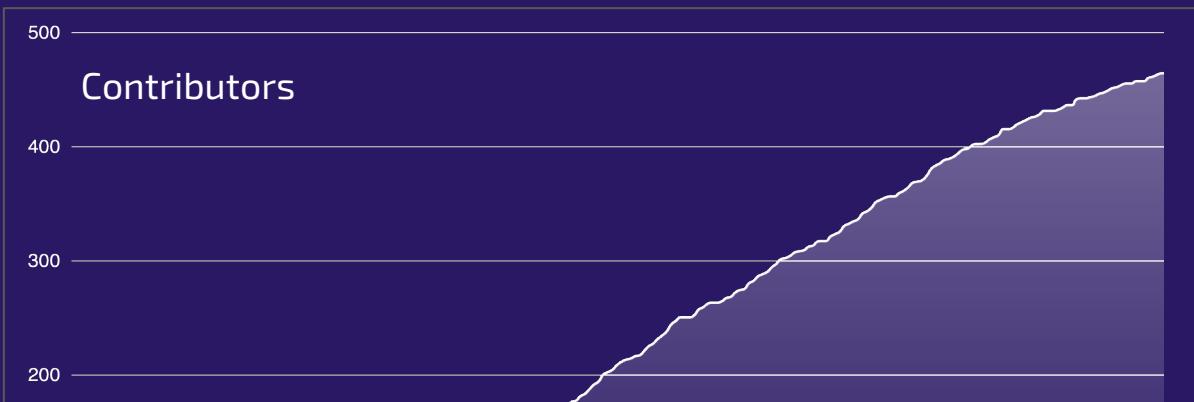
            elif action == "SetQueueAttributes":
                queueUrl = _queueUrl(path, req_data, headers)
                if SQS_BACKEND_IMPL == "elasticmq":

```

\$ awslocal sqs create-queue ...



Growing number of  
service integrations



# Service emulators (how it's now)

# Leveraging AWS open source tools

```
{  
  "version": "2.0",  
  "metadata": {  
    "apiVersion": "2012-11-05",  
    "endpointPrefix": "sns",  
    "protocol": "query",  
    "serviceAbbreviation": "Amazon SNS",  
    ...  
  },  
  "operations": {  
    "AddPermission": {"name": "AddPermission", ...},  
    "CreateTopic": {  
      "name": "CreateTopic",  
      "http": {  
        "method": "POST",  
        "requestUri": "/"  
      },  
      "input": {"shape": "CreateTopicRequest"},  
      "output": {  
        "shape": "CreateTopicResult",  
        "resultWrapper": "CreateTopicResult"  
      },  
      "errors": [  
        {"shape": "QueueDeletedRecently"},  
        {"shape": "QueueNameExists"}  
      ],  
      ...  
    }  
  }  
}
```



```
from botocore.model import ServiceModel, OperationModel  
  
from localstack.aws.spec import load_service  
  
def print_sns_operations():  
    service: ServiceModel = load_service("sns")  
  
    for operation_name in service.operation_names:  
        operation: OperationModel  
        operation = service.operation_model(operation_name)  
  
        print(  
            operation.name,  
            operation.input_shape.name,  
            operation.output_shape.name,  
        )
```



```
def generate_code(service_name: str) -> str:
    model: ServiceModel = load_service(service_name)

    output = io.StringIO()

    generate_service_types(output, model)
    generate_service_api(output, model)

    code = output.getvalue()

    import autoflake
    import isort
    import black

    # try to remove unused imports
    code = autoflake.fix_code(code, remove_all_unused_imports=True)

    # try to format with black
    code = black.format_str(code, mode=black.FileMode(line_length=100))

    # try to sort imports
    code = isort.code(code, config=isort.Config(profile="black",
line_length=100))

    return code
```

/bin/zsh

thomas@ninox ~/workspace/localstack/localstack  
%

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localstack / localstack

<> Code Issues 310 Pull requests 44 Actions Projects 1 W

# Update ASF APIs #8571

Merged alexrashed merged 1 commit into master from asf-auto-updates 3 weeks ago

Conversation 2 Commits 1 Checks 20 Files changed 6

localstack-bot commented 3 weeks ago Member ...

## ASF Update Report

This PR has been automatically generated to update the generated API stubs for our ASF services.

It uses the latest code-generator from the `master` branch (`scaffold.py`) and the latest *published* version of `botocore` to re-generate all API stubs which are already present in the `localstack.aws.api` module of the `master` branch.

### Updated Services

This PR updates the following services:

- cloudformation
- config
- ec2
- lambda-
- redshift
- stepfunctions

### Handle this PR

The following options describe how to interact with this PR / the auto-update:

Accept Changes

### Update ASF APIs #8571

Merged Changes from all commits File filter Conversations Review changes 0 / 6 files viewed Viewed

```
212 localstack/aws/api/stepfunctions/_init_.py
```

982 1124  
983 1125  
984 1126 class StepfunctionsApi:  
985 1127 @@ -998,6 +1140,16 @@ def create\_state\_machine(  
986 1128 ) -> CreateStateMachineOutput:  
987 1129 raise NotImplementedError  
988 1130 1141  
989 1131 + @handler("CreateStateMachineAlias")  
990 1132 + def create\_state\_machine\_alias(  
991 1133 + self,  
992 1134 + context: RequestContext,  
993 1135 + name: CharacterRestrictedName,  
994 1136 + routing\_configuration: RoutingConfigurationList,  
995 1137 + description: AliasDescription = None,  
996 1138 + ) -> CreateStateMachineAliasOutput:  
997 1139 + raise NotImplementedError  
998 1140 1142  
999 1141 + @handler("DeleteActivity")  
1000 1142 + def delete\_activity(self, context: RequestContext, activity\_arn: Arn) -> DeleteActivityOutput:  
1001 1143 + raise NotImplementedError  
1002 1144 1155  
1003 1145 + @handler("DeleteStateMachine")  
1004 1146 + def delete\_state\_machine(  
1005 1147 + ) -> DeleteStateMachineOutput:  
1006 1148 + raise NotImplementedError  
1007 1149 1162  
1008 1150 + @handler("DeleteStateMachineAlias")  
1009 1151 + def delete\_state\_machine\_alias(  
1010 1152 + self, context: RequestContext, state\_machine\_alias\_arn: Arn  
1011 1153 + ) -> DeleteStateMachineAliasOutput:  
1012 1154 + raise NotImplementedError  
1013 1155 1168

350 services

13,708 API operations

80 MB JSON specs

LocalStack:

93 services (and growing)

```
/bin/zsh
23878     ) -> UnmonitorInstancesResult:
23879         raise NotImplementedError
23880
23881     @handler("UpdateSecurityGroupRuleDescriptionsEgress")
23882     def update_security_group_rule_descriptions_egress(
23883         self,
23884         context: RequestContext,
23885         dry_run: Boolean = None,
23886         group_id: SecurityGroupId = None,
23887         group_name: SecurityGroupName = None,
23888         ip_permissions: IpPermissionList = None,
23889         security_group_rule_descriptions: SecurityGroupRuleDescriptionList
23890         = None,
23891     ) -> UpdateSecurityGroupRuleDescriptionsEgressResult:
23892         raise NotImplementedError
23893
23894     @handler("UpdateSecurityGroupRuleDescriptionsIngress")
23895     def update_security_group_rule_descriptions_ingress(
23896         self,
23897         context: RequestContext,
23898         dry_run: Boolean = None,
23899         group_id: SecurityGroupId = None,
23900         group_name: SecurityGroupName = None,
23901         ip_permissions: IpPermissionList = None,
23902         security_group_rule_descriptions: SecurityGroupRuleDescriptionList
23903         = None,
23904     ) -> UpdateSecurityGroupRuleDescriptionsIngressResult:
23905
23906     @handler("WithdrawByoipCidr")
23907     def withdraw_byoip_cidr(
23908         self,
23909         context: RequestContext,
23910         cidr: String,
23911         dry_run: Boolean = Non
```

(END)

23909  
lines

```
class SqSApi:

    service = "sqS"
    version = "2012-11-05"

    @handler("CreateQueue")
    def create_queue(
        self,
        context: RequestContext,
        queue_name: String,
        attributes: QueueAttributeMap = None,
        tags: TagMap = None,
    ) -> CreateQueueResult:
        raise NotImplementedError
```

*API Stub*

```
class SqSProvider(SqSApi):

    @handler("CreateQueue")
    def create_queue(
        self,
        context: RequestContext,
        queue_name: String,
        attributes: QueueAttributeMap = None,
        tags: TagMap = None,
    ) -> CreateQueueResult:
        fifo =
            attributes.get(QueueAttributeName.FifoQueue)
        queue = SqSQueue(...)
        #
        # ...
```

*Implementation*

*implements*

## Examples:

```
class ActiveMQPackage(Package):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__("ActiveMQ", "5.16.6")

    def get_versions(self) -> List[str]:
        return ["5.16.6"]

    def _get_installer(self, version: str) -> PackageInstaller:
        return ActiveMQPackageInstaller("active-mq", version)
```

*uses or provides*

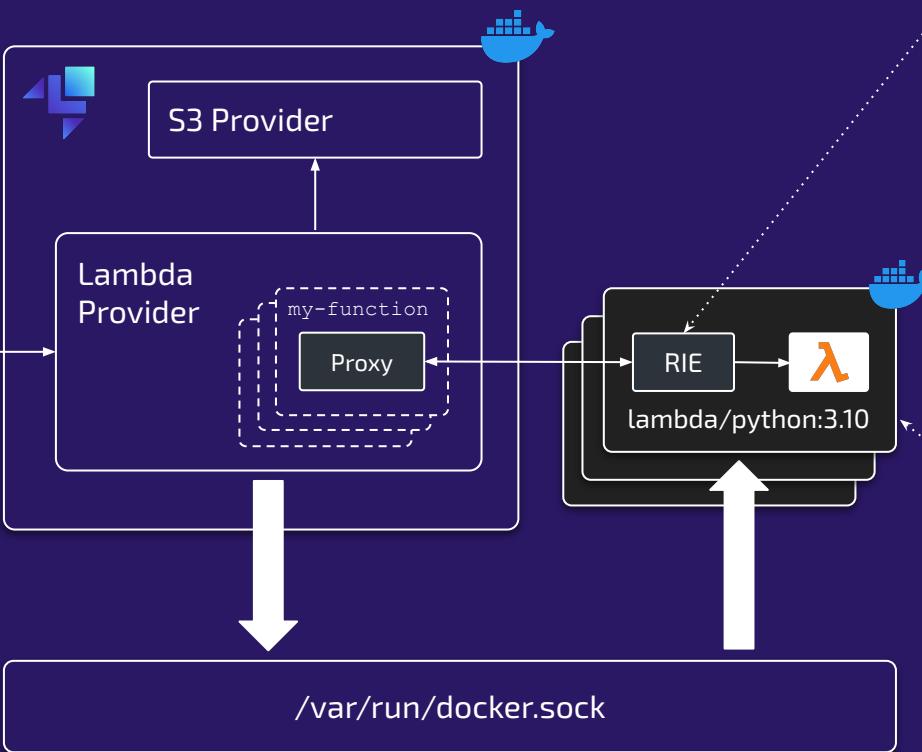
**Backend Service**

# Open AWS container tools

# Example: Lambda

```
$ awslocal lambda invoke \
--function-name my-function
```

POST /functions/  
my-function/invoke



**AWS Lambda Runtime Interface Emulator**

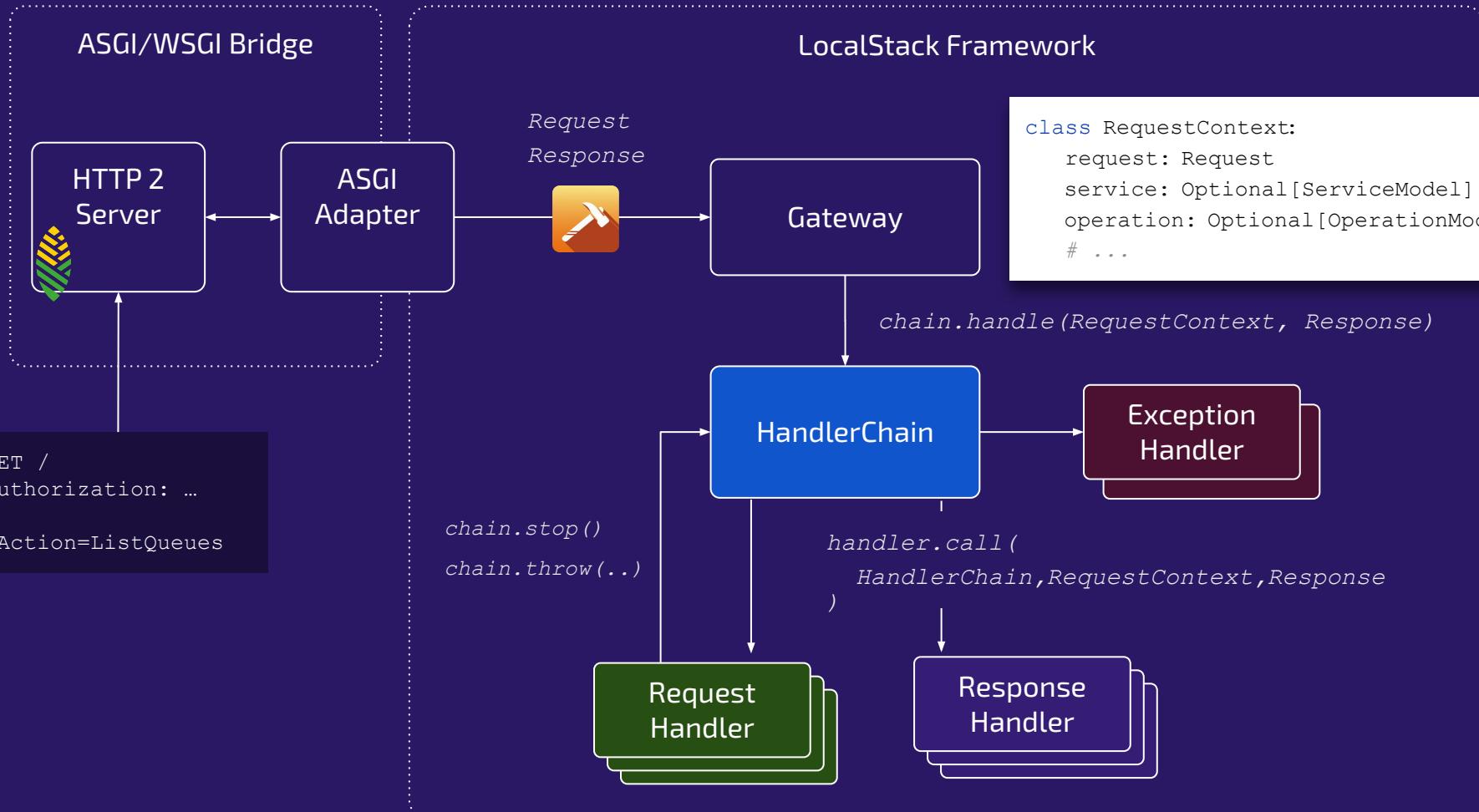
release v1.13 Go v1.19 license Apache-2.0

The Lambda Runtime Interface Emulator is a proxy for Lambda's Runtime and Extensions APIs, which allows customers to locally test their Lambda function packaged as a container image.

**AWS Lambda Base Container Images**

AWS provided base images for Lambda contain all the required components to run your functions packaged as container images on AWS Lambda. These base images contain the Amazon Linux Base operating system, the

# LocalStack's Web Application Framework



```
class ServiceNameParser(Handler):

    def __call__(self, chain: HandlerChain, context: RequestContext, response: Response):
        service = determine_aws_service_name(context.request)

        if not service:
            return

        context.service = self.get_service_model(service)

    def get_service_model(self, service: str) -> ServiceModel:
        return load_service(service)
```



```
class ServiceRequestParser(Handler):

    parsers: Dict[str, RequestParser]

    def __init__(self):
        self.parsers = dict()

    def call(self, chain: HandlerChain, context: RequestContext, response: Response):
        if not context.service:
            LOG.debug("no service set in context, skipping request parsing")
            return

        return self.parse_and_enrich(context)

    def get_parser(self, service: ServiceModel):
        name = service.service_name

        if name in self.parsers:
            return self.parsers[name]
```

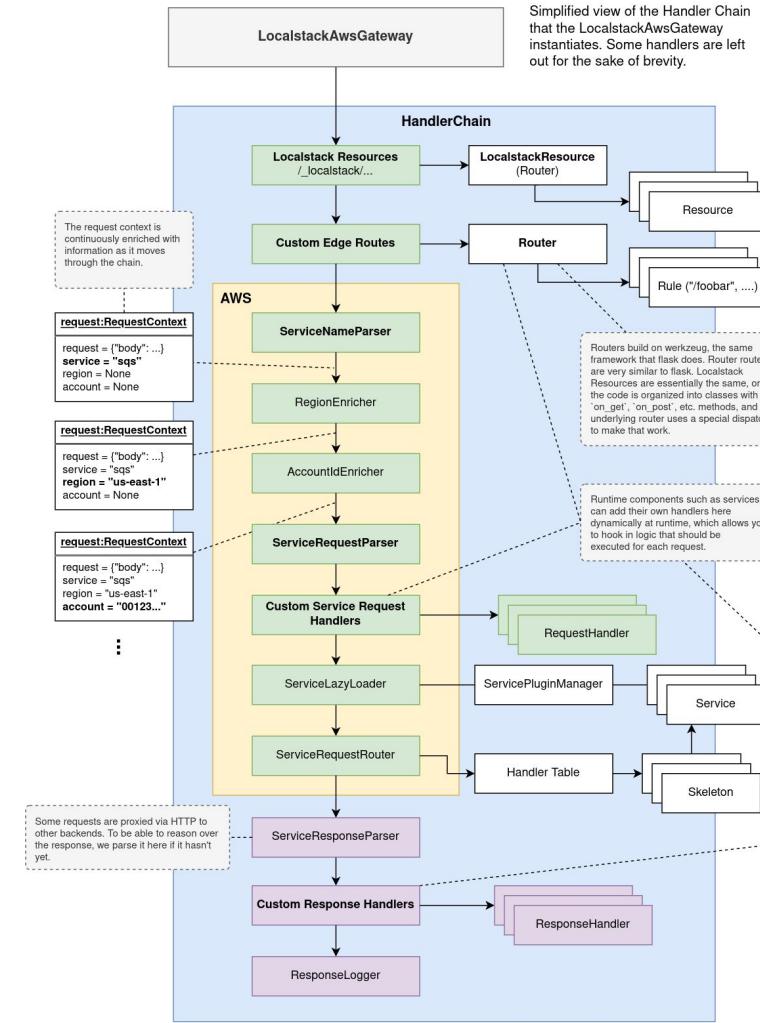
```

class LocalstackAwsGateway(Gateway):
    def __init__(self, service_manager: ServiceManager = None) -> None:
        super().__init__()

        self.service_manager = service_manager or ServicePluginManager()
        self.service_request_router = ServiceRequestRouter()
        # lazy-loads services into the router
        load_service = ServiceLoader()

        # the main request handler chain
        self.request_handlers.extend(
            [
                handlers.push_request_context,
                handlers.preprocess_request,
                handlers.parse_service_name,
                handlers.enforce_cors,
                handlers.content_decoder,
                handlers.serve_localstack_resources,
                handlers.serve_default_listeners,
                handlers.serve_edge_router_rules,
                # start aws handler chain
                handlers.inject_auth_header_if_missing,
                handlers.add_region_from_header,
                handlers.add_account_id,
                handlers.add_internal_request_params,
                handlers.parse_service_request,
                handlers.serve_custom_service_request_handlers,
                load_service,
                self.service_request_router,
                # if the chain is still running, set an empty response
                EmptyResponseHandler(404, b'{"message": "Not Found"}),
            ]
        )

        # exception handlers in the chain
        self.exception_handlers.extend(
            [
                handlers.log_exception,
                handlers.handle_service_exception,
                handlers.handle_all_exceptions
            ]
        )
    
```



```
class HandlerToListenerAdapter(ProxyListener):  
  
    chain: HandlerChain  
  
    def forward(self, context: RequestContext) -> Response:  
        return self._forward_to_listener(context)  
  
    def _forward_to_listener(self, context: RequestContext) -> Response:  
        if context.request.method == "GET":  
            return self._handle_get_request(context)  
        else:  
            return self._handle_other_requests(context)  
  
    def _handle_get_request(self, context: RequestContext) -> Response:  
        response = self._create_response_for_get_request(context)  
        self._log_get_request(context, response)  
        return response  
  
    def _handle_other_requests(self, context: RequestContext) -> Response:  
        response = self._create_response_for_other_requests(context)  
        self._log_other_request(context, response)  
        return response  
  
    def _create_response_for_get_request(self, context: RequestContext) -> Response:  
        if context.request.query_string:  
            return self._create_response_for_query_string(context)  
        else:  
            return self._create_response_for_path(context)  
  
    def _create_response_for_query_string(self, context: RequestContext) -> Response:  
        query_params = parse_qs(context.request.query_string)  
        if len(query_params) == 1:  
            return self._create_response_for_single_query_param(context, query_params)  
        else:  
            return self._create_response_for_multiple_query_params(context, query_params)  
  
    def _create_response_for_path(self, context: RequestContext) -> Response:  
        path = context.request.full_path  
        if path == "/":  
            return self._create_index_response()  
        else:  
            return self._create_file_response(path)  
  
    def _create_index_response(self) -> Response:  
        return Response(status_code=200, content_type="text/html")  
  
    def _create_file_response(self, path: str) -> Response:  
        file_content = self._read_file_content(path)  
        return Response(status_code=200, content_type="text/html", content=file_content)  
  
    def _read_file_content(self, path: str) -> bytes:  
        with open(path, "rb") as file:  
            return file.read()  
  
    def _log_get_request(self, context: RequestContext, response: Response):  
        log.info(f"GET {context.request.full_path} {response.status_code}")  
  
    def _log_other_request(self, context: RequestContext, response: Response):  
        log.info(f"{context.request.method} {context.request.full_path} {response.status_code}")  
  
    def _create_response_for_query_string(self, context: RequestContext, query_params: Dict[str, List[str]]) -> Response:  
        if len(query_params) == 1:  
            query_param_name, query_param_values = list(query_params.items())[0]  
            if len(query_param_values) == 1:  
                query_param_value = query_param_values[0]  
                if query_param_value == "index":  
                    return self._create_index_response()  
                else:  
                    return self._create_file_response(query_param_value)  
            else:  
                return self._create_response_for_multiple_query_param_values(context, query_param_name, query_param_values)  
        else:  
            return self._create_response_for_multiple_query_params(context, query_params)  
  
    def _create_response_for_multiple_query_params(self, context: RequestContext, query_params: Dict[str, List[str]]) -> Response:  
        query_params_items = list(query_params.items())  
        if len(query_params_items) == 1:  
            query_param_name, query_param_values = query_params_items[0]  
            if len(query_param_values) == 1:  
                query_param_value = query_param_values[0]  
                if query_param_value == "index":  
                    return self._create_index_response()  
                else:  
                    return self._create_file_response(query_param_value)  
            else:  
                return self._create_response_for_multiple_query_param_values(context, query_param_name, query_param_values)  
        else:  
            return self._create_response_for_multiple_query_params(context, query_params_items)  
  
    def _create_response_for_multiple_query_param_values(self, context: RequestContext, query_param_name: str, query_param_values: List[str]) -> Response:  
        if len(query_param_values) == 1:  
            query_param_value = query_param_values[0]  
            if query_param_value == "index":  
                return self._create_index_response()  
            else:  
                return self._create_file_response(query_param_value)  
        else:  
            return self._create_response_for_multiple_query_param_values(context, query_param_name, query_param_values)  
  
    def _create_response_for_file(self, path: str) -> Response:  
        file_content = self._read_file_content(path)  
        return Response(status_code=200, content_type="text/html", content=file_content)  
  
    def _create_index_response(self) -> Response:  
        return Response(status_code=200, content_type="text/html")  
  
    def _create_response_for_file(self, path: str) -> Response:  
        file_content = self._read_file_content(path)  
        return Response(status_code=200, content_type="text/html", content=file_content)  
  
    def _log_error(self, error: Exception):  
        log.error(f"Error: {error}")  
  
    def _create_response_for_error(self, error: Exception) -> Response:  
        return Response(status_code=500, content_type="text/html", content=f"Error: {error}")  
  
    def _create_response_for_other_requests(self, context: RequestContext) -> Response:  
        if context.request.method == "POST":  
            return self._create_response_for_post_request(context)  
        else:  
            return self._create_index_response()  
  
    def _create_response_for_post_request(self, context: RequestContext) -> Response:  
        if context.request.content_type == "application/json":  
            json_data = json.loads(context.request.data)  
            if "path" in json_data:  
                path = json_data["path"]  
                if path == "/":  
                    return self._create_index_response()  
                else:  
                    return self._create_file_response(path)  
            else:  
                return self._create_response_for_error(ValueError("Missing path parameter in JSON post request"))  
        else:  
            return self._create_index_response()  
  
    def _create_response_for_error(self, error: Exception) -> Response:  
        return Response(status_code=500, content_type="text/html", content=f"Error: {error}")  
  
    def _log_error(self, error: Exception):  
        log.error(f"Error: {error}")  
  
    def _create_response_for_error(self, error: Exception) -> Response:  
        return Response(status_code=500, content_type="text/html", content=f"Error: {error}")  
  
    def _create_response_for_error(self, error: Exception) -> Response:  
        return Response(status_code=500, content_type="text/html", content=f"Error: {error}")
```

# ADAPTER WIN

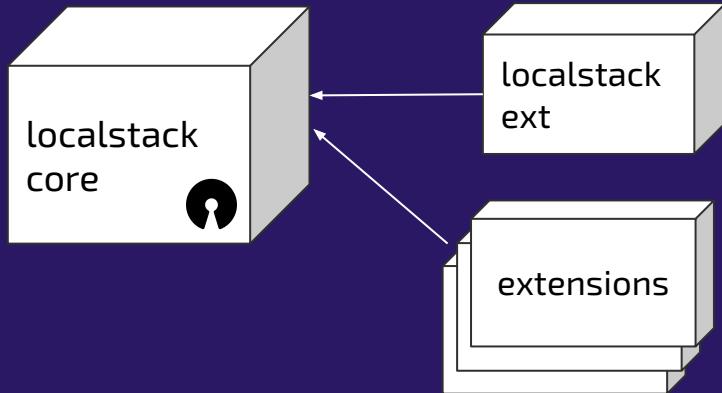


# Pluggability

```
plugins.py
29 def do_register_localstack_plugins():
30     # register default plugins
31     try:
32         from localstack.services import edge
33         from localstack.services.acm import acm_starter
34         from localstack.services.apigateway import apigateway_listener, apigateway_starter
35         from localstack.services.cloudwatch import cloudwatch_listener, cloudwatch_starter
36         from localstack.services.configservice import configservice_starter
37         from localstack.services.dynamodb import dynamodb_listener, dynamodb_starter
38         from localstack.services.ec2 import ec2_listener, ec2_starter
39         from localstack.services.es import es_starter
40         from localstack.services.events import events_listener, events_starter
41         from localstack.services.iam import iam_listener, iam_starter
42         from localstack.services.infra import (
43             start_cloudformation,
44             start_dynamodbstreams,
45             start_firehose,
46             start_lambda,
47             start_sns,
48             start_ssm,
49             start_sts,
50         )
51         from localstack.services.kinesis import kinesis_listener, kinesis_starter
52         from localstack.services.kms import kms_listener, kms_starter
53         from localstack.services.logs import logs_listener, logs_starter
54         from localstack.services.plugins import Plugin, register_plugin
55         from localstack.services.redshift import redshift_starter
56         from localstack.services.resourcegroups import rg_listener, rg_starter
57         from localstack.services.resourcegroupstaggingapi import rgta_listener, rgta_starter
58         from localstack.services.route53 import route53_listener, route53_starter
59         from localstack.services.s3 import s3_listener, s3_starter
60         from localstack.services.secretsmanager import (
61             secretsmanager_listener,
62             secretsmanager_starter,
63         )
64         from localstack.services.ses import ses_listener, ses_starter
65         from localstack.services sns import sns_listener
66         from localstack.services.sqs import sqs_listener, sqs_starter
67         from localstack.services.ssl import ssl_listener
68         from localstack.services.stepfunctions import stepfunctions_listener, stepfunctions_starter
69         from localstack.services.sts import sts_listener, sts_starter
70         from localstack.services.support import support_starter
71         from localstack.services.swf import swf_listener, swf_starter
72
73         register_plugin(Plugin("edge", start=edge.start_edge, active=True))
74
75         register_plugin(Plugin("acm", start=acm_starter.start_acm))
76
77         register_plugin(
78             Plugin(
```

# import

- Took 5+ seconds
  - No way to discover unknown packages
  - ... all the other obvious problems



```
from plugin import plugin

@plugin(namespace="localstack.configurators")
def configure_logging(runtime):
    logging.basicConfig(level=runtime.config.loglevel)

@plugin(namespace="localstack.configurators")
def configure_something(runtime):
    # defer imports to here and do something
```



plx builds egg-info/entry\_points.txt

```
[localstack.configurators]
configure_logging = localstack.plugins::configure_logging
configure_something = localstack.plugins::configure_something
```



plx loads entry points as plugins

```
from plugin import PluginManager

plugins = PluginManager("localstack.configurators")
runtime = LocalstackRuntime()

for configurator in plugins.load_all():
    configurator(runtime)
```

## localstack/plux

A dynamic code loading framework for building pluggable Python distributions

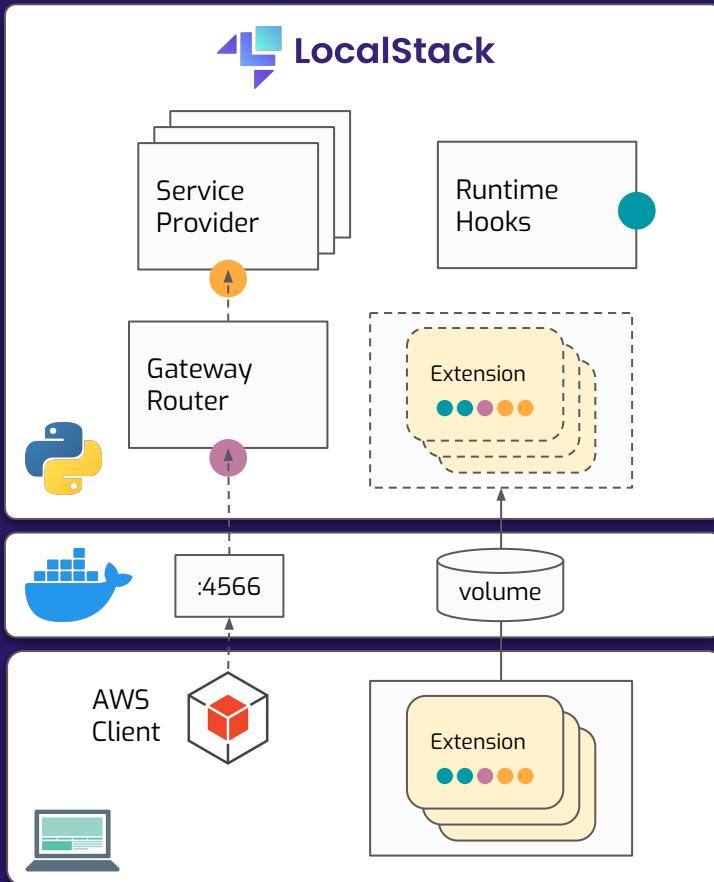


2  
Contributors

2  
Issues

68  
Stars

0  
Forks



```
from localstack.extensions.api import Extension

class MyExtension(Extension):

    name = "my-extension"

    def on_platform_start(self):
        # run when localstack starts up
        pass

    def on_platform_ready(self):
        # run when localstack runtime is ready
        pass

    def update_gateway_routes(self, router: Router):
        # add additional HTTP routes
        pass

    def update_request_handlers(self, handlers: ...):
        # add AWS request handlers
        pass

    def update_response_handlers(self, handlers: ...):
        # add AWS response handlers
        pass
```

## Runtime Code Patching

- LocalStack uses a variety of third-party libraries
- In some cases, we need to slightly modify the existing logic of a function
  - Applying “**monkey patching**” - calling the original function, then adding some additional logic
- Ended up being a very common pattern
- Introduced a `@patch` decorator
  - Works for module attributes, static class attributes, and instance attributes

```
1 import foo
2
3 def bar_new():
4     result = bar_original()
5     result.field = "updated field"
6     return result
7
8 bar_original = foo.bar
9 foo.bar = bar_new
```



```
1 import foo
2
3 @patch(foo.bar)
4 def bar_new(bar_original):
5     result = bar_original()
6     result.field = "updated field"
7     return result
```



# Parity

<https://localstack.cloud/blog/2022-08-04-parity-explained>

The screenshot shows a blog post from LocalStack. At the top right, there are two buttons: a purple one labeled "NEWS" and a white one with a red icon. Below the header, there's a dark blue sidebar containing the LocalStack logo and the AWS logo, followed by the text "Parity Explained!". The main content area features a large title "LocalStack and AWS Parity Explained!" in bold. Below the title, a paragraph reads: "At LocalStack we are committed to constantly improve the cloud dev experience. Here is how our AWS Server Framework and a new snapshot testing framework help us to stay on top of AWS changes." At the bottom of the post, there's a timestamp indicating an 8-minute read time and the date "POSTED AUGUST 4, 2022 BY STEFANIE AND DOMINIK AND THOMAS".

NEWS

Parity Explained!

## LocalStack and AWS Parity Explained!

At LocalStack we are committed to constantly improve the cloud dev experience. Here is how our AWS Server Framework and a new snapshot testing framework help us to stay on top of AWS changes.

8 MIN READ — POSTED AUGUST 4, 2022 BY STEFANIE AND DOMINIK AND THOMAS

# Parity testing



```
def test_basic_invoke (
    lambda_client, create_lambda, snapshot
):
    # custom transformers
    snapshot.add_transformer(snapshot.transform.regex("arn:aws:lambda:.*").replaced("arn:aws:lambda:<region>:111111111111:function:<function-name>"))

    # predefined name
    fn_name = f"ls-fn-{short_uid()}"
    response = create_lambda(FunctionName=fn_name)

    # record the response as part of the snapshot
    snapshot.match("lambda_create_fn", response)

    # invoke function
    invoke_result = lambda_client.invoke(
        FunctionName=fn_name,
        Payload=b"{}"
    )
    snapshot.match("lambda_invoke_result", invoke_result)
```

```
=====
 FAILURES =====
____ TestLambdaAsfApi.test_basic_invoke ____  
>> lambda_create_fn  
(-) /LastUpdateStatus  
(-) /Architectures  
(-) /VpcConfig  
(+) /MemorySize (128)  
(+) /EphemeralStorage ({'Size': 512})  
(+) /StateReasonCode (Creating)  
(+) /StateReason (The function is being created.)  
(~) /ResponseMetadata/HTTPStatusCode (200 → 201)  
(~) /State (Active → Pending)  
  
lambda_create_fn  
=====  
{"test_lambda_api.py::TestLambda::test_basic_invoke": {  
    "recorded-date": ...,  
    "recorded-content": {  
        "lambda_create_fn": {  
            "ResponseMetadata": {  
                "HTTPStatusCode": 201,  
                "HTTPHeaders": {}  
            },  
            "FunctionName": "<function-name:1>",  
            "ARN": "arn:aws:lambda:<region>:111111111111:function:<function-name>:1",  
            "Handler": "lambda_function.lambda_handler",  
            "CodeSha256": "J0J/jyyHt1fYZUuOqZ/Gc9Gm64Wp8fT6XNiXro=",  
            "CodeSize": 199,  
            "LastModified": "2023-07-10T14:45:09Z",  
            "LastUpdateStatus": "Success",  
            "Role": "arn:aws:iam::111111111111:role/<resource:1>",  
            "Runtime": "python3.9",  
            "Timeout": 3, "Version": "1",  
            "Description": "A new Lambda function.",  
            "StateReason": "The function is being created.",  
            "StateReasonCode": "Creating",  
            "PackageType": "Zip",  
            "Architectures": [  
                "x86_64"  
            ],  
            "EphemeralStorage": {  
                "Size": 512  
            }  
        },  
        "lambda_invoke_result": {  
            "ResponseMetadata": {  
                "HTTPStatusCode": 201,  
                "HTTPHeaders": {}  
            },  
            "FunctionName": "<function-name:1>",  
            "ARN": "arn:aws:lambda:<region>:111111111111:function:<function-name>:1",  
            "Payload": "{'status': 'success'}",  
            "LastModified": "2023-07-10T14:45:09Z",  
            "LastUpdateStatus": "Success",  
            "Role": "arn:aws:iam::111111111111:role/<resource:1>",  
            "Runtime": "python3.9",  
            "Timeout": 3, "Version": "1",  
            "Description": "A new Lambda function.",  
            "StateReason": "The function is being created.",  
            "StateReasonCode": "Creating",  
            "PackageType": "Zip",  
            "Architectures": [  
                "x86_64"  
            ],  
            "EphemeralStorage": {  
                "Size": 512  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Cloud Provider

# LocalStack Coverage

Overview of the implemented AWS APIs in LocalStack

 Search for Service Name ...

## ACM (AWS Certificate Manager)

Implementation details for API acm

## Amplify

Implementation details for API amplify

## API Gateway

Implementation details for API apigateway

## API Gateway Management API

Implementation details for API apigatewaymanagementapi

## API Gateway v2

Implementation details for API apigatewayv2

## AppConfig

Implementation details for API appconfig

## Application Auto Scaling

Implementation details for API application-autoscaling

## AppSync

Implementation details for API appsync

## Athena

Implementation details for API athena

## Auto Scaling

Implementation details for API autoscaling

## Backup

Implementation details for API backup

## Batch

Implementation details for API batch

## CE (Cost Explorer API)

Implementation details for API ce

## CloudFormation

Implementation details for API cloudformation

## CloudFront

Implementation details for API cloudfront

## CloudTrail

Implementation details for API cloudtrail

## CloudWatch

Implementation details for API cloudwatch

## CodeCommit

Implementation details for API codecommit

## Cognito Identity

Implementation details for API cognito-identity

## Cognito IDP (Cognito User Pools API)

Implementation details for API cognito-idp

## Config

Implementation details for API config

## DocumentDB

Implementation details for API docdb

## DynamoDB

Implementation details for API dynamodb

## DynamoDB Streams

Implementation details for API dynamodbstreams

# Lambda

Implementation details for API lambda

## Coverage Overview

Lambda is supported by LocalStack in the [community version](#).

Operation	Available	Implemented
AddLayerVersionPermission	✓	
AddPermission	✓	
CreateAlias	✓	
CreateCodeSigningConfig	✓	
CreateEventSourceMapping	✓	
CreateFunction	✓	
CreateFunctionUrlConfig	✓	
DeleteAlias	✓	
DeleteCodeSigningConfig	✓	
DeleteEventSourceMapping	✓	
DeleteFunction	✓	
DeleteFunctionCodeSigningConfig	✓	
PutFunctionCode	✓	

## CreateFunction

Parameters: Architectures, Code, Environment, FunctionName, Handler, Layers, Role, Runtime, Tags, Timeout

- LocalStack Pro
  - ✓ [test\\_external\\_layer\\_specific](#) HTTP Status Code: 201 AWS validated Snapshot Tested

Parameters: Architectures, Code, Environment, FunctionName, Handler, Role, Runtime, Tags, Timeout

- LocalStack Community
  - ✓ [test\\_ignore\\_architecture](#) HTTP Status Code: 201 AWS validated Snapshot Tested
  - ✓ [test\\_runtime\\_introspection\\_x86](#) HTTP Status Code: 201 AWS validated Snapshot Tested

Parameters: Architectures, Code, FunctionName, Handler, PackageType, Role, Runtime

- LocalStack Community
  - ✓ [test\\_create\\_lambda\\_exceptions](#) HTTP Status Code: 400 (ValidationException) AWS validated Snapshot Tested
  - ✓ [test\\_create\\_lambda\\_exceptions](#) HTTP Status Code: 400 (ValidationException) AWS validated Snapshot Tested

Parameters: Architectures, Code, FunctionName, Handler, Role, Runtime

- LocalStack Community
  - ✓ [test\\_sam\\_policies](#) HTTP Status Code: 201 AWS validated Snapshot Tested

Parameters: Code, DeadLetterConfig, Environment, FunctionName, Handler, Role, Runtime, Tags, Timeout

- LocalStack Community
  - ✓ [test\\_dead\\_letter\\_queue](#) HTTP Status Code: 201 AWS validated Snapshot Tested
  - ✓ [test\\_sqs\\_queue\\_as\\_lambda\\_dead\\_letter\\_queue](#) HTTP Status Code: 201 AWS validated Snapshot Tested
  - ✓ [test sns topic as lambda dead letter queue](#) HTTP Status Code: 201 AWS validated Snapshot Tested

Parameters: Code, Description, Environment, FunctionName, Handler, Role, Runtime, Tags, Timeout

- LocalStack Community
  - ✓ [test\\_delete\\_on\\_nonexisting\\_version](#) HTTP Status Code: 201 AWS validated Snapshot Tested
  - ✓ [test\\_get\\_function\\_wrong\\_region\(delete\\_function\)](#) HTTP Status Code: 201 AWS validated Snapshot Tested
  - ✓ [test\\_get\\_function\\_wrong\\_region\(get\\_function\)](#) HTTP Status Code: 201 AWS validated Snapshot Tested
  - ✓ [test get function wrong region\(get function code signing config\)](#) HTTP Status Code: 201 AWS validated Snapshot Tested

# Takeaways



Thank You! ❤

# Thomas Rausch

 @thrauat

 thrau

 /in/thrau



Get involved!

