

Übung 4 - Mathe 40

Häusel ~~Haus~~

$$1) \quad a) \quad (f, g) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) \overline{g(x)} dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} (1, \sin(nx)) &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 1 \cdot \sin(nx) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[-\frac{1}{n} \cos nx \right]_{-\pi}^{\pi} \\ &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \left(-\frac{1}{n} \cos \pi n - \left(-\frac{1}{n} \cos \pi n \right) \right) \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$(\sin nx, \cos mx) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \sin(nx) \cos(mx) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{1}{2} (\sin(n+m)x + \sin(m-n)x) dx \\ &= \frac{1}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \sin(n+m)x dx + \frac{1}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \sin(m-n)x dx \\ &= \frac{1}{4\pi} \left[-\frac{1}{n+m} \cos(n+m)x \right]_{-\pi}^{\pi} + \frac{1}{4\pi} \left[-\frac{1}{n-m} \cos(n-m)x \right]_{-\pi}^{\pi} \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$b) \quad (\sin mx, \sin nx) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \sin mx \sin nx dx$$

$$\sin mx \cdot \sin nx = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(m-n) - \cos(m+n)]$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{4\pi} \cdot \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos(m-n)x dx - \frac{1}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos(m+n)x dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{4\pi} \left[\frac{1}{m-n} \sin(m-n)x \right]_{-\pi}^{\pi} - \frac{1}{4\pi} \left[\frac{1}{m+n} \sin(m+n)x \right]_{-\pi}^{\pi}$$

$$= 0$$

For \cos :

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos(m-n)x \, dx + \frac{1}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos(m+n)x \, dx \\ &= \frac{1}{4\pi} \left[\frac{1}{m-n} \cos(m-n)x \right]_{-\pi}^{\pi} + \left[\frac{1}{m+n} \cos(m+n)x \right]_{-\pi}^{\pi} \\ &= \frac{1}{4\pi} \left(\frac{1}{m-n} \cos(m-n)\pi - \frac{1}{m-n} \cos(m-n)\pi + \frac{1}{m+n} \cos(m+n)\pi - \frac{1}{m+n} \cos(m+n)\pi \right) \\ &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

Nur $n=m$ hat vi:

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \sin^2 nx \, dx \\ &= \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \frac{1}{2} (1 - \cos(2nx)) \, dx \\ &= \frac{1}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} 1 \, dx - \frac{1}{4\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} \cos(2nx) \, dx \\ &= \frac{1}{4\pi} \left[x \right]_{-\pi}^{\pi} - \frac{1}{4\pi} \left[\frac{1}{2n} \sin(2nx) \right]_{-\pi}^{\pi} \\ &= \frac{1}{4\pi} (\pi + \pi) - \frac{1}{4\pi} \left(\frac{1}{2n} \sin(2n\pi) - \frac{1}{2n} \sin(-2n\pi) \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{4\pi} (\pi + \pi) - \frac{1}{4\pi} (0) \\ &= \underline{\underline{\frac{1}{2}}} \end{aligned}$$

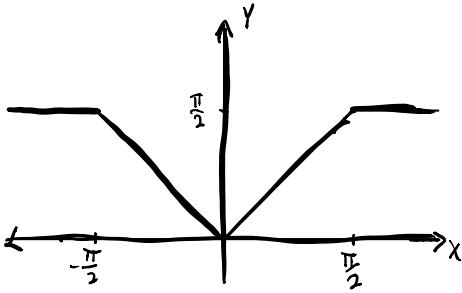
c) Assume that:

$$f = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx)$$

2)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & 0 < x \leq \frac{\pi}{2} \\ \frac{\pi}{2}, & \frac{\pi}{2} < x < \pi \end{cases}$$

$$f_e(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\pi}{2} & -\pi \leq x < -\frac{\pi}{2} \\ -x & -\frac{\pi}{2} \leq x < 0 \\ x & 0 \leq x < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ \frac{\pi}{2} & \frac{\pi}{2} \leq x \leq \pi \end{cases}$$



$$f_o(x) = \begin{cases} -\frac{\pi}{2} & -\pi \leq x < -\frac{\pi}{2} \\ x & -\frac{\pi}{2} \leq x < \frac{\pi}{2} \\ \frac{\pi}{2} & \frac{\pi}{2} \leq x \leq \pi \end{cases}$$

