

$$e_{n+1}(0) = p_{00} e_n(0) + p_{01} e_n(1) \delta_0, \quad e_{n+1}(1) = p_{10} e_n(0) + p_{11} e_n(1) \delta_1, \quad e_{n+1} = \begin{cases} p_{00} \delta_0 P_{00}, \\ p_{10} \delta_0 P_{10} \end{cases} e_n \quad (4) \text{a}$$

$$= \frac{(\delta_0 p - p^2)}{\delta_0(p-1)} e_n, \quad \mathbb{E} \delta_0 \delta_1 = \frac{1}{2} (\delta_0 + \delta_1), \quad \mathbb{E} \delta_1 \delta_2 = \mathbb{E} \delta_2 (\delta_1 + \bar{p} \delta_1) = p \mathbb{E} \delta_1^2 + \bar{p} \delta_0 \delta_1,$$

$$= \frac{p}{2} (\delta_0^2 + \delta_1^2) + \bar{p} \delta_0 \delta_1, \quad \mathbb{E} \delta_1 \delta_2 \delta_3 = \frac{\delta_0}{2} \mathbb{E} (\delta_2 \delta_3 | L_1=0) + \frac{\delta_1}{2} \mathbb{E} (\delta_2 \delta_3 | L_1=1), \quad e_2 = \frac{p}{2} P \left( \frac{\delta_3(0)}{\delta_3(1)} \right)$$

$$= \frac{p}{2} \left( \frac{p \delta_0 + \bar{p} \delta_1}{p \delta_0 + \bar{p} \delta_0} \right) = \frac{p^2 \delta_0 + 2p\bar{p} \delta_1 + \bar{p}^2 \delta_0}{2p\bar{p} \delta_0 + \bar{p}^2 \delta_1 + p^2 \delta_0} = 2p(1-p)\delta_0 + (2p^2 - 2p + 1)\delta_0, \quad \mathbb{E} \delta_1 \delta_2 = \frac{1}{2} (\mathbb{E}_{L_1=0} + \mathbb{E}_{L_1=1}) = p + \bar{p} \delta_0 \frac{1}{2} (\delta_0 \mathbb{E}_{L_1=0} + \delta_1 \mathbb{E}_{L_1=1})$$

$$= \frac{p}{2} (p^2 - p + \frac{1}{2}) (\delta_0^2 + \delta_1^2) + 2p(1-p) \delta_0 \delta_1, \quad = \frac{\delta_0}{2} (p \delta_0 \mathbb{E} (\delta_3 | L_2=0) + \bar{p} \delta_1 \mathbb{E} (\delta_3 | L_2=1)) + \frac{\delta_1}{2} (p \delta_1 \mathbb{E} (\delta_3 | L_2=1) + \bar{p} \delta_0 \mathbb{E} (\delta_3 | L_2=0))$$

$$+ \bar{p} \delta_0 \mathbb{E} (\delta_3 | L_2=0) = \frac{\delta_0}{2} (p \delta_0 p^2 \delta_0^2 + p \bar{p} \delta_0 \delta_1 + p \bar{p} \delta_0^2 + p \bar{p} \delta_1^2) + \frac{\delta_1}{2} (p \bar{p} \delta_0 \delta_1 + p^2 \delta_1^2 + p \bar{p} \delta_0^2 + p^2 \delta_1 \delta_0) \quad (4) \text{b}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{p}{2} \left( \delta_0 \delta_0 p^2 + \delta_0^2 \delta_1 (2p\bar{p} + \bar{p}^2) + \delta_0 \delta_1^2 (2p\bar{p} + \bar{p}^2) + \delta_1 \delta_1 p^2 \right), \quad e_2 = \frac{p}{2} \left( \frac{p \delta_0 + \bar{p} \delta_1}{p \delta_1 + \bar{p} \delta_0} \right) = \frac{\delta_0^2 p^2 + p \bar{p} \delta_0 \delta_1 + p \bar{p} \delta_0^2 + p^2 \delta_1 \delta_0}{p \bar{p} \delta_0^2 + \bar{p}^2 \delta_0 \delta_1 + \delta_0^2 p^2 + \delta_0 \delta_1 \bar{p} \bar{p}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} (\mathbb{E}_{L_1=0} + \mathbb{E}_{L_1=1}) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} (\delta_0 \mathbb{E}_{L_1=0} + \delta_1 \mathbb{E}_{L_1=1}) = \frac{1}{2} (\delta_0 p^2 + p \bar{p} \delta_0^2 + p \bar{p} \delta_0 \delta_1 + \bar{p}^2 \delta_0^2 + \delta_0 \delta_1^2 + \delta_1 \bar{p} \bar{p}) \quad (4) \text{c}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (\delta_0 p^2 + \delta_0^2 \delta_1 (2p\bar{p} + \bar{p}^2) + \delta_0 \delta_1^2 (2p\bar{p} + \bar{p}^2) + \delta_1 \delta_1 p^2), \quad \mathbb{P}(L_{t+1} \neq L_t | L_t = l_t) = \sum_a \mathbb{P}(L_{t+1} = l_{t+1} | A_{t+1} = a).$$

$$\mathbb{P}(A_{t+1} = a | L_t = l_t) = \sum_a p^{a-l_{t+1}} (1-p)^{l_{t+1}-a} p^{a-l_t} (1-p)^{l_t-a} = \frac{p}{2} (1-p)^2 \sum_a \left( \frac{p}{1-p} \right)^{a-l_{t+1}+a-l_t} = (1-p)^2 \left\{ \left( \frac{p}{1-p} \right)^{2l_t} + 1 \right\}^{l_{t+1}-l_t}$$

$$\left\{ 2 \frac{p}{1-p} \right\}^{l_{t+1}-l_t}, \quad \left( \frac{p}{1-p} \right)^{l_{t+1}}, \quad \left( \frac{p}{1-p} \right)^{l_t}, \quad \left( \frac{p}{1-p} \right)^{l_{t+1}-l_t}, \quad \left( \frac{p}{1-p} \right)^{l_t}, \quad \left( \frac{p}{1-p} \right)^{l_{t+1}-l_t} = p + \sqrt{p^2 - 2p + 1} = p \pm (p-1), \quad \lambda_1 = 2p-1, \quad \lambda_2 = 1,$$

$$\text{and } \left( \frac{p}{1-p} \right)^{l_{t+1}-l_t}, \quad P = \begin{pmatrix} \delta_0 p & \delta_1 (1-p) \\ \delta_0 (1-p) & \delta_1 p \end{pmatrix}, \quad T = p(\delta_0 + \delta_1), \quad D = p^2 \delta_0 \delta_1 - \delta_0 \delta_1 (1-p)^2 = \delta_0 \delta_1 (2p-1),$$

$$\lambda = \frac{1}{2} p (\delta_0 + \delta_1) \pm \sqrt{\frac{p^2}{4} (\delta_0 + \delta_1)^2 - \delta_0 \delta_1 (2p-1)} = \frac{1}{2} p (T \pm \sqrt{\frac{p^2}{4} (\delta_0 + \delta_1)^2 + \frac{p^2}{2} \delta_0 \delta_1 - \frac{p^2}{4} \delta_0^2 \delta_1^2 - \delta_0^2 \delta_1^2}) = \frac{1}{2} (T \pm \sqrt{\delta_0 + \delta_1}),$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (\delta_0 + \delta_1) \pm \sqrt{\left( \frac{p^2}{4} (\delta_0 + \delta_1)^2 + \frac{p^2}{2} \delta_0 \delta_1 - 2p \delta_0 \delta_1 + \delta_0 \delta_1 \right)}, \quad \frac{p^2}{2} - 2p + 1 = \frac{1}{2} (p^2 - 4p + 2) = \frac{1}{2} (p^2 - 2p + 2)(p - 2 - \sqrt{2}),$$

$$\sqrt{\left( \frac{p^2}{4} (\delta_0 - \delta_1)^2 + (p^2 - 2p + 1) \delta_0 \delta_1 \right)} = \sqrt{\frac{p^2}{4} (\delta_0 - \delta_1)^2 + \delta_0 \delta_1 (p-1)^2}, \quad \mathbb{E} \pi_{L_t} = \left[ \frac{1}{2} \delta_0, \frac{1}{2} \delta_1 \right] \frac{p}{p \delta_0 + \bar{p} \delta_1} P \left( \frac{p \delta_0 + \bar{p} \delta_1}{p \delta_0 + \bar{p} \delta_1} \right)$$

$$(\delta_0 = \delta_1) \quad \lambda = p \delta \pm \sqrt{(p^2 \delta^2 - \delta^2 (2p-1))} = p \delta \pm \delta (1-p) = \delta, \quad (2p-1) \delta, \quad \nu = \left( \frac{\delta}{p \delta}, \frac{\delta - \delta p}{p \delta}, \frac{(p-1) \delta}{p \delta} \right),$$

$$\text{and } A = \delta \begin{pmatrix} 1-p & p-1 \\ 1-p & 1-p \end{pmatrix} = \delta (1-p) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad A^{-1} = \frac{1}{2\delta(1-p)} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \mathbb{E} \left[ \frac{\delta}{\delta_{t+1}} \right] \left( \frac{\delta_{t+1}}{\delta_{t+1}} \right) \left( \frac{\delta_{t+1}}{(2p-1)^2} \right) \left( \frac{1}{1} \right) \left( \frac{1-p}{2p-1} \right)^2 = \delta^{\frac{1}{2}} \left( \frac{1}{1} \right) \left( \frac{1-p}{2p-1} \right)^2,$$

$$\therefore \delta^{\frac{1}{2}} \left( \frac{1}{1} \right) \left( \frac{1-p}{2p-1} \right)^2$$

$$\mathbb{E} e_{t+1} \left( \frac{\delta}{\delta_{t+1}} \right) = \mathbb{E} \left[ \frac{\delta}{\delta_{t+1}} \mid \frac{A_{t+1}=g}{L_{t+1}} \right] = p \mathbb{E} \left[ \frac{\delta}{\delta_{t+1}} \mid L_{t+1}=g \right] + (1-p) \frac{\delta_g}{\delta_{t+1}} \mathbb{E} \left( \frac{\delta}{\delta_{t+1}} \mid L_{t+1}=\bar{g} \right)$$

$$\mathbb{E} e_{t+1} \left( \frac{\delta}{\delta_{t+1}} \right) = \mathbb{E} \left[ \frac{\delta}{\delta_{t+1}} \mid \frac{S_{A_{t+1}}=g}{L_{t+1}} \right] = p^2 \mathbb{E} \left( \frac{\delta}{\delta_{t+1}} \mid L_{t+1}=g \right) + p(1-p) \frac{\delta_g}{\delta_{t+1}} \mathbb{E} \left( \frac{\delta}{\delta_{t+1}} \mid L_{t+1}=\bar{g} \right)$$

$$+ (1-p) p \frac{\delta_g}{\delta_{t+1}} \mathbb{E} \left( \dots \mid L_{t+1}=\bar{g} \right) + (1-p)^2 \frac{\delta_{\bar{g}}}{\delta_{t+1}} \mathbb{E} \left( \dots \mid L_{t+1}=\bar{g} \right) = (p^2 + (1-p)^2) \frac{\delta_{\bar{g}}}{\delta_{t+1}} e_{t+1}(\bar{g}) + p(1-p) \left( \frac{\delta_g}{\delta_{t+1}} \right)^2$$

$$\mathbb{E} e_{t+1} \left( \frac{\delta}{\delta_{t+1}} \right), \quad \left( \begin{array}{c} e_{t+1}(0) \\ e_{t+1}(1) \end{array} \right) = \begin{pmatrix} p^2 + (1-p)^2 \delta_0 & p(1-p) \left( \frac{\delta_0}{\delta_{t+1}} + \frac{\delta_1}{\delta_{t+1}} \right) \\ p(1-p) \left( \frac{\delta_1}{\delta_{t+1}} \right) & p^2 + (1-p)^2 \delta_1 \end{pmatrix} \left( \begin{array}{c} e_{t+1}(0) \\ e_{t+1}(1) \end{array} \right), \quad \mathbb{E} \pi \frac{\delta_{A_{t+1}}}{\delta_{t+1}} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \delta_0 e_2(0) + \delta_1 e_2(1) \right)$$



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$$\textcircled{21} \quad e_1(0) = e_1(1) = 1$$

$$e_T(\delta_{L_{T-1}}) = \mathbb{E}\left(\frac{\delta_{A_{T-1}}}{\delta_{L_T}} \mid L_{T-1} = l_{T-1}\right) = \mathbb{E}(S_{A_{T-1}} \mid L_{T-1} = l_{T-1}) = p S_{l_{T-1}} + (1-p) S_{\bar{l}_{T-1}}, \quad (T=1) \quad \frac{\delta_{A_0}}{\delta_{L_1}} = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{\delta_0} + \frac{1}{\delta_1} \right)$$

$$(T=2) \quad \frac{\delta_{A_1}}{\delta_{L_2}} = \frac{1}{2} \delta_1^{-1} \mathbb{E}\left(\frac{\delta_{A_1}}{\delta_{L_2}} \mid \delta_{L_1} = 1\right) + \frac{1}{2} \delta_0^{-1} \mathbb{E}\left(\frac{\delta_{A_1}}{\delta_{L_2}} \mid \delta_{L_1} = 0\right) = \frac{1}{2} \delta_1^{-1} e_2(1) + \frac{1}{2} \delta_0^{-1} e_2(0)$$

$$e_{T=2}(1) = e_{T=2}(0) = \left( \left( \frac{1}{2\delta_0} + \frac{1}{2\delta_1} \right) \mathbb{P}\left(e_2(0) \mid e_2(1)\right), \quad \frac{1}{2\delta_1} \left( p^2 + p(1-p) \frac{\delta_1}{\delta_0} + (1-p)p \right) \right)$$

$$T = 2p^2 + (1-p)^2 \left( \frac{\delta_1}{\delta_0} + \frac{\delta_0}{\delta_1} \right), \quad \Delta = p^4 + p^2(1-p)^2 \left( \frac{\delta_0}{\delta_1} + \frac{\delta_1}{\delta_0} \right) + (1-p)^4 - p^2(1-p)^2 \left( 2 + \frac{\delta_0}{\delta_1} + \frac{\delta_1}{\delta_0} \right)$$

$$= p^4 + (1-p)^4 - p^2(1-p)^2 = (p^2 - (1-p)^2)^2, \quad \delta_T = p^2 + \frac{(1-p)^2}{2} \left( \frac{\delta_1}{\delta_0} + \frac{\delta_0}{\delta_1} \right) \pm \sqrt{\frac{T^2}{4} - \Delta}, \quad \frac{T^2}{4} - \Delta = 4p$$

$$f(A_{t+1} \mid A_t) = \sum_{\ell} f(A_{t+1} \mid L_{t+1} = \ell) \mathbb{P}(L_{t+1} = \ell \mid A_t) = \sum_{\ell} \frac{p_i^{\ell = A_{t+1}}}{\ell + 1} \frac{(1-p_1)^{\ell \neq A_{t+1}}}{p_2} \frac{p_1^{\ell = A_t}}{(1-p_2)^{\ell \neq A_t}}$$

$$= (1-p_1)(1-p_2) \sum_{\ell} \frac{(p_1^{\ell})}{(1-p_1)^{\ell+1}} \frac{(p_2^{\ell})}{(1-p_2)^{\ell+1}} = (1-p_1)(1-p_2) \left( \frac{(p_1^{\ell})}{(1-p_1)} \left( \frac{(p_2^{\ell})}{(1-p_2)} \right) \right)^{A_t = A_{t+1}} \left( \frac{p_1^{\ell}}{1-p_1} + \frac{p_2^{\ell}}{1-p_2} \right)^{A_t \neq A_{t+1}}$$

$$= (p_1(1-p_2) + p_2(1-p_1)) \left( \left( \frac{p_1 p_2}{(1-p_1)(1-p_2)} \right) \cdot \frac{(1-p_1)(1-p_2)}{p_1 + p_2 - 2p_1 p_2} \right)^{A_t = A_{t+1}} = (p_1 + p_2 - 2p_1 p_2) \left( \frac{\frac{p_1 p_2}{(1-p_1)(1-p_2)}}{p_1 + p_2 - 2p_1 p_2} \right)^{A_t = A_{t+1}},$$

$$d \frac{A_{t+1}}{A_t} = \frac{1}{c} \mathbb{P}(A_t = l_t) \mathbb{E}(d^{A_{t+1}-A_t} \mid A_t = l_t) = \frac{p_1}{c} \left( d \mathbb{P}(A_{t+1} = A_t) + \mathbb{P}(A_{t+1} \neq A_t) \right) = \frac{p_1}{c} \left( 1 + (d-1) \frac{\mathbb{P}(A_{t+1} \neq A_t)}{c} \right) = \frac{p_1}{c} \left( 1 - p_1 + \frac{p_1}{c} \right) = (1-p_1 + \frac{p_1}{c}) \left( 1 + (d-1) \frac{\mathbb{P}(A_{t+1} \neq A_t)}{c} \right)$$

$$f(A_{t+1} \mid L_{t+1}) = (p_1 p_2 + (1-p_1)(1-p_2))^{A_t = A_{t+1}} \cdot \frac{d^{A_{t+1}-A_t}}{c^{A_t = l_t}} = p_1 p_2 \frac{d}{c} + p_1(1-p_2) p_1 (1-p_1) + (1-p_2) p_1 \frac{d}{c}$$

$$+ (1-p_1)(1-p_2) d, \quad d := (p_1 + p_2 - 2p_1 p_2) \left( \frac{1}{p_1 + p_2 - 2p_1 p_2} - 1 \right)^2, \quad c := (p_1 p_2)^2 \left( \frac{p_1}{1-p_1} \right)^2, \quad \mathbb{E}\left(\prod \frac{f(A_t \mid A_{t+1})}{f(A_t \mid l_t)}\right)^2 =$$

$$\left( \mathbb{E}\left(\frac{f(A_t \mid A_{t+1})}{f(A_t \mid l_t)}\right)^2 \right)^T = \left( \frac{p_1 + p_2 - 2p_1 p_2}{1-p_1} \right)^{2T} \left( \mathbb{E} \frac{c^{A_t = A_{t+1}}}{d^{A_t = l_t}} \right)^T = \left( \frac{p_1 + p_2 - 2p_1 p_2}{1-p_1} \right)^{2T} \left( p_1 p_2 \frac{d}{c} + p_2 (1-p_1) + (1-p_2) p_1 \frac{1}{c} + (p_1 p_2)(1-p_1 p_2) d \right),$$

$$a = p_1 + p_2 - 2p_1 p_2 = p_1(1-p_2) + p_2(1-p_1) \cancel{+ (p_1 p_2)(1-p_1 p_2)}$$

$$\frac{p_1}{c} \left( 1 - p_2 + p_2 d \right) + p_2 d \cancel{+ p_2 d \left( \frac{p_1}{c} - d \right)} (1-p_1)(p_2 + (1-p_2)d) = \frac{p_1}{c} \left\{ 1 + p_2 \left( -\frac{1}{\alpha^2} - \frac{2}{\alpha} \right) \right\} + (1-p_1) \left\{ p_2 + (1-p_2) \left( \frac{1}{\alpha^2} - \frac{2}{\alpha} \right) \right\},$$

$$= \frac{p_1}{c} \left\{ 1 + p_2 \left( -\frac{1}{\alpha^2} - \frac{2}{\alpha} - 2 \right) \right\} + (1-p_1) \left\{ p_2 + (1-p_2) \frac{(1-\alpha)^2}{\alpha^2} \right\} = \frac{p_1}{c} \left( \frac{p_1 p_2}{c} + (1-p_1)(1-p_2) \right) \left( \frac{1}{\alpha^2} - \frac{2}{\alpha} \right) + \frac{p_1}{c} + p_2(1-p_1)$$

$$= \left( \frac{p_2}{p_1} (1-p_1)^2 + (1-p_1)(1-p_2) \right) \frac{1}{\alpha} \left( \frac{1}{\alpha} - 2 \right) + p_1 \left( \frac{1}{\alpha} - 1 \right) + 1 = \frac{1-p_1}{\alpha} \left( \frac{1}{\alpha} - 2 \right) \left( \frac{p_1}{p_1} + p_2 + 1 - p_2 \right) + \frac{(1-p_1)^2}{p_1} + 1 - p_1,$$

$$= \frac{1-p_1}{\alpha} \left( \frac{1}{\alpha} - 2 \right) \left( \frac{p_2}{p_1} + 1 - 2p_2 \right) + (1-p_1) \frac{1}{\alpha} = \frac{1-p_1}{\alpha} \left( \frac{1}{\alpha} - 2 \right) + \frac{1-p_1}{\alpha} = \frac{1-p_1}{\alpha} \left( \frac{1}{\alpha} - 1 \right), \quad \left( \frac{\alpha}{1-p_1} \right)^T \left( \left( \frac{1-p_1}{\alpha} \right) \left( \frac{1}{\alpha} - 1 \right) \right)^T$$

$$= \left( \frac{1}{p_1(1-p_1)} \left( \alpha - \alpha^2 \right) \right)^T, \quad \cancel{p_1(1-p_1) \alpha^2 - p_1(1-p_1)^2 - 2p_1^2 + 2p_1^2} \quad 1 - \alpha = 1 - p_1 - p_2 + 2p_1 p_2 = (1-p_1)(1-p_2) + p_1 p_2, \quad \cancel{\frac{p_1(1-p_2) + p_2(1-p_1)}{p_1(1-p_1)} - \left( (1-p_1)(1-p_2) \right)}$$

$$+ p_1 p_2) = \cancel{d} \left( \frac{1-p_2}{p_1} + \frac{p_2}{1-p_1} \right) = (1-p_2)^2 + \frac{p_2}{p_1} (1-p_1)(1-p_2) + \frac{p_1 p_2 (1-p_2)}{1-p_1} + \frac{p_2^2}{1-p_1} + p_1^2 = 1 + 3p_2^2 - 2p_2 + \frac{p_2}{p_1} - p_2 - \frac{p_2^2}{p_1} + \frac{p_1 p_2 (1-p_2)}{1-p_1}$$

$$= (1-p_2) \left( 1 - p_2 + \frac{p_2}{p_1} (1-p_1) + \frac{p_1 p_2}{1-p_1} \right) + p_2^2 = (1-p_2) \left( 1 - 2p_2 + p_2 \left( \frac{1}{p_1} + \frac{p_1}{1-p_1} \right) \right) + p_2^2 = (3p_2^2 - 3p_2 + 1) + \frac{p_2(1-p_2)}{p_1(1-p_1)} (p_1^2 - p_1 + 1)$$

$$4p^2 - 4p + 2 = 4(p^2 + p^2 - 2p + 1) = 2(p^2 + (1-p)^2), \quad (1-p_2)(1-p_2) + p_2^2 = (1-p_2)^2 + p_2(2p_2 - 1)$$



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$$(2\pi\sigma_1^2)^{-1/2} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2\sigma_1^2}\right) = (2\pi\sigma_2^2)^{-1/2} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2\sigma_2^2}\right), \quad \text{if } \frac{\sigma_2^2 - \sigma_1^2}{\sigma_2^2 + \sigma_1^2} > 0,$$

$$\log\left(\sqrt{\frac{\sigma_2^2 - \sigma_1^2}{\sigma_2^2 + \sigma_1^2}}\right) = \frac{\sigma_2^2 - \sigma_1^2}{\sigma_2^2 + \sigma_1^2} \cdot \frac{\sigma_1^2 \sigma_2^2}{\sigma_2^2 - \sigma_1^2} \log\left(\frac{\sigma_2}{\sigma_1}\right), \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma_2^2}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2\sigma_2^2}\right) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma_3^2}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2\sigma_3^2}\right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma_1^2}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2\sigma_1^2}\right) \right) = -x \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{\sigma_2^2} \frac{x^2}{\sigma_2^2} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2\sigma_2^2}\right) - \frac{x}{\sigma_3^2} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2\sigma_3^2}\right) = -x \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) \left\{ 1 - \frac{\sigma_3^{-3}}{\sigma_2^{-3}} \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\left(\frac{1}{\sigma_3^2} - \frac{1}{\sigma_2^2}\right)\right) + \sigma_3^{-3} \right\},$$

$$\exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\left(1 - \frac{1}{\sigma_3^2}\right)\right) = 0, \quad 1 = \sigma_2^{-3} \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\left(1 - \frac{1}{\sigma_2^2}\right)\right) \left\{ 1 - \left(\frac{\sigma_2}{\sigma_3}\right)^3 \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\left(\frac{1}{\sigma_2^2} - \frac{1}{\sigma_3^2}\right)\right) \right\}, \quad \text{sup inf } \{ \text{diam } \varphi(x) - \varphi(\frac{x}{\sigma_2})/\sigma_2 + \varphi(\frac{x}{\sigma_3})/\sigma_3 : 2 \frac{\sigma_2^2}{\sigma_2^2 - 1} \log \sigma_2 < x < \frac{\sigma_2^2 c^2}{c^2 - \sigma_2^2} \log\left(\frac{c}{\sigma_2}\right) \} > 0, \quad \sigma_3^{-3} \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\left(1 - \frac{1}{\sigma_3^2}\right)\right) > \sigma_2^{-3}.$$

$$\exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\left(1 - \frac{1}{\sigma_2^2}\right)\right), \quad \left(\frac{\sigma_2}{\sigma_3}\right)^3 > \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\left(\frac{1}{\sigma_3^2} - \frac{1}{\sigma_2^2}\right)\right), \quad x^2 < \left(\frac{\sigma_2^2 \sigma_3^2}{\sigma_2^2 - \sigma_3^2}\right) \log\left(\frac{\sigma_2}{\sigma_3}\right)$$

$$Y_t = \sum_{t=1}^T (L_t - \mathbb{E}(L_t | \bar{A}_{t-1}, \bar{A}_t)) + \sum_{t=1}^T (U_t - \mathbb{E}(U_t | \bar{U}_{t-1}, \bar{A}_{t-1})) + p_B(\bar{A}) + \varepsilon,$$

$$\mathbb{E}\left[\frac{g(Y, \bar{A})}{w}\right] = \sum_{\bar{a}} \mathbb{E}\left\{\bar{a} = \bar{a} \mid \frac{g(Y, \bar{a})}{w}\right\} = \sum_{\bar{a}} \mathbb{E}\left\{\bar{a} = \bar{a} \mid \frac{g(Y, \bar{a})}{w}, f_{\bar{a}|Y, \bar{A}}, f_{\bar{a}|Y, \bar{A}, \bar{U}}, f_{\bar{a}|Y, \bar{A}, \bar{U}, \bar{V}}, \dots, f_{\bar{a}|Y, \bar{A}, \bar{U}, \bar{V}, \dots, \bar{U}}, P(\bar{A}|\bar{a})\right\}$$

$$Y_n, \bar{U}_{T+1}, \bar{V}_{T+1}) \} = \sum_{\bar{a}} \mathbb{E}\left\{\frac{g(Y_n, \bar{a})}{w} \mid P(\bar{A}_n = \bar{a}, \bar{U}_{T+1} = \bar{U}_{T+1}, \bar{V}_{T+1}) P(\bar{A}_{T+1} = \bar{a}_{T+1} \mid \bar{U}_{T+1}, Y_n)\right\},$$

$$= \sum_{\bar{a}} \mathbb{E}\left\{\{\bar{a} = \bar{a}\} \bar{w}^{-1} \mathbb{E}(g(Y_n, \bar{a}) \mid \bar{A} \bar{U} \bar{V})\right\} = \sum_{\bar{a}} \mathbb{E}\left\{\bar{w}^{-1} \mathbb{E}(g(Y_n, \bar{a}) \mid \bar{A} \bar{U} \bar{V})\right\} P(\bar{A} \mid \bar{a}), \quad \int \bar{w}^{-1} \mathbb{E}(g(\bar{A}_{T+1}, \bar{U}_{T+1}, \bar{V}_{T+1}) \mid \bar{A}_{T+1}, \bar{U}_{T+1}, \bar{V}_{T+1}) \mu(\bar{a})$$

$$\int \bar{w}^{-1} \mathbb{E}(g(\bar{A}_{T+1}, \bar{U}_{T+1}, \bar{V}_{T+1}) \mid \bar{A}_{T+1}, \bar{U}_{T+1}, \bar{V}_{T+1}) \mu(\bar{a}) = \int \bar{w}(\bar{a}_{T+1}, \bar{U}_{T+1})^{-1} \mathbb{E} g(\bar{a}_{T+1}, \bar{U}_{T+1}) \mu(\bar{a}) = \int \bar{w}(\bar{a}_{T+1}, \bar{U}_{T+1})^{-1} \mathbb{E} g(\bar{a}_{T+1}, \bar{U}_{T+1}) \mu(\bar{a})$$

$$\left( \sum_{\bar{a}_{T+1}} f_{A_{T+1} \mid \bar{A}_{T+1}, \bar{U}_{T+1}}(\bar{a}_{T+1}, \bar{U}_{T+1}) \bar{a}_{T+1}^{-1} \right) \frac{f_{\bar{A}_{T+1} \mid \bar{U}_{T+1}}}{f_{\bar{A}_{T+1} \mid \bar{U}_{T+1}}} \mu(\bar{a}) = \int \bar{w}_{T+1}^{-1} \mathbb{E} g(\bar{a}_{T+1}, \bar{U}_{T+1}) f_{\bar{U}_{T+1} \mid \bar{A}_{T+1}, \bar{V}_{T+1}} f_{\bar{V}_{T+1} \mid \bar{A}_{T+1}, \bar{U}_{T+1}} \mu(\bar{a})$$

$$\int \bar{w}_{T+1}^{-1} \mathbb{E} g(\bar{a}_{T+1}, \bar{U}_{T+1}) f_{\bar{U}_{T+1} \mid \bar{A}_{T+1}, \bar{V}_{T+1}} \mu(\bar{a}) = \int \bar{w}_{T+1}^{-1} \mathbb{E} g(\bar{a}_{T+1}, \bar{U}_{T+1}) f_{\bar{U}_{T+1} \mid \bar{A}_{T+1}, \bar{V}_{T+1}} \mu(\bar{a})$$

$$\int \bar{w}_{T+1}^{-1} \mathbb{E} g(\bar{a}_{T+1}, \bar{U}_{T+1}) f_{\bar{U}_{T+1} \mid \bar{A}_{T+1}, \bar{V}_{T+1}} \mu(\bar{a})$$

$$\varphi(x) \left\{ 1 - c^{-1} \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}(1 - c^{-2})\right) + d^{-1} \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}(1 - d^{-2})\right) \right\} = \varphi(a) \left\{ 1 + d^{-1} \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}(1 - d^{-2})\right) \right\} \\ - \frac{d}{c} \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\left(\frac{1}{d^2} - \frac{1}{c^2}\right)\right) \right\}, \quad \text{if } x \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \left\{ \frac{c}{d} \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\left(\frac{1}{d^2} - \frac{1}{c^2}\right)\right) \right\}, \quad c^{-1} > -\frac{c}{d}, \quad d < \frac{c}{c-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow -d \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}(d^{-2}-1)\right), \quad 1 > d \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}(d^{-2}-c^{-2})\right) (1 - c \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}(c^{-2}-1)\right)), \quad \frac{c}{d} \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}(c^{-2}-d^{-2})\right) +$$

$$c \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}(c^{-2}-1)\right) > 1, \quad c < 1, \quad \text{if } \frac{d+1}{d} > 1, \quad \frac{c^2}{d^2} > \left(\frac{d+1}{d}\right)^2, \quad d > c > \frac{d}{d+1}, \quad 1 > d > 0, \quad c < d < \frac{c}{1-c}, \quad c = c, \quad n = d$$



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(23)  $\hat{\beta} = h^T(Y - \mu) = 0$ ,  $h^T w^{-1} Y = h^T w^{-1} D \beta$ ,  $\hat{\beta} = (h^T w^{-1} D)^{-1} h^T w^{-1} Y$ ,  $\text{thus } Y = D \beta + L + U + \varepsilon$ ,  $\hat{\beta} = h^T w^{-1} D^{-1} h^T w^{-1} (L + U + \varepsilon)$

$$\hat{\beta} - \beta = (h^T w^{-1} D)^{-1} h^T w^{-1} (L + U + \varepsilon), \quad E(\hat{\beta} - \beta) = E((h^T w^{-1} D)^{-1} h^T w^{-1} (L + U + \varepsilon)), \quad E h^T \frac{L - E(L_{t-1} | \bar{A}_{t-1})}{f(A_t | \bar{L}_{t-1}, \bar{A}_{t-1})}$$

$$= E(E(\dots | \bar{L}_{t-1}, \bar{A}_{t-1})) = E\left(\sum_{\bar{A}_t} h(\bar{A}_{t-1}, \bar{A}_t) \frac{L_t - E(L_t | \bar{L}_{t-1}, \bar{A}_{t-1})}{f(A_t | \bar{L}_{t-1}, \bar{A}_{t-1})}\right) = E(\dots | \bar{A}_{t-1}, \bar{A}_{t-1}) = 0.$$

$$E \frac{h^T \frac{L_t - E(L_t | \bar{L}_{t-1}, \bar{A}_{t-1})}{w_{t-1} \Delta_{t-1}^{1-\alpha} f_{\bar{L}_{t-1}}}}{w_{t-1} \Delta_{t-1}^{1-\alpha} f_{\bar{L}_{t-1}}} = \sum_{\bar{A}_t} E\left(h^T(\bar{A}_t) \frac{L_t - E(L_t | \bar{L}_{t-1}, \bar{A}_{t-1})}{w_{t-1} \Delta_{t-1}^{1-\alpha} f_{\bar{L}_{t-1}}}\right) = \sum_{\bar{A}_t} E(- | \bar{A}_{t-1}, \bar{L}_{t-1})$$

$$= \sum_{\bar{A}_t} E\left(h^T(\bar{A}_t) \frac{L_t - E(L_t | \bar{L}_{t-1}, \bar{A}_{t-1})}{w_{t-1}}\right) = \sum_{\bar{A}_t} E\left(h^T(\bar{A}_t) \frac{L_t - E(L_t | \bar{L}_{t-1}, \bar{A}_{t-1})}{w_{t-1}}\right) = 0$$

$$(h^T(\bar{A}_t) \frac{L_t - E(L_t | \bar{L}_{t-1}, \bar{A}_{t-1})}{w_{t-1}}) = E(- | \bar{A}_{t-1}, \bar{L}_{t-1}) = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( \binom{T}{2} + T \right) \left( T \gamma^{1-T} + \sigma^2 \gamma^{-T} \right) = \frac{(T+1)(\gamma^{1-T} + \sigma^2 \gamma^{-T})}{\left\{ 2^{T-2} T (T+1) \right\}^2} = \frac{1}{T+1} \frac{1}{(4\gamma)^{T-1}} (1 + \frac{\sigma^2}{T\gamma})$$

$$P_2(1-p_2) = (\frac{1}{2} - p_2)(\frac{1}{2} + p_2) = \frac{1}{4} - p_2^2 = \frac{1}{4} - (\frac{1}{2} - p_1)^2, \quad (1-p_1)^2 + p_1 = p_1^2 - p_1 + 1, \quad (1-3p_2(1-p_2)) + \frac{P_2(1-p_2)}{p_1(1-p_1)} (1-p_1(1-p_1))$$

$$= 1 - p_2(1-p_2) \left( \frac{1}{p_1(1-p_1)} \right) = 1 + \frac{P_2(1-p_2)}{p_1(1-p_1)} (p_1 - \frac{1}{2})^2 = 1 + 4p_2(1-p_2) \left( \frac{p_1(1-p_1)}{(p_1 - \frac{1}{2})^2} \right)^{-1} = 1 + 4p_2(1-p_2) \left( \frac{1}{4(p_1 - \frac{1}{2})^2} - 1 \right)^{-1}$$

$$= 1 + 4p_2(1-p_2) \left( \frac{1}{4p_1(1-p_1)} - 1 \right)$$

$$E \frac{\prod_{t=1}^T \frac{Y_{A_{t-1}}}{\delta_{L_t}}}{\delta_{L_T}}, \quad \varphi_t(p_{t-1}) := E \left[ \prod_{j=t}^T \frac{Y_{A_{j-1}}}{\delta_{L_j}} \mid L_{t-1} = l_{t-1} \right] = \frac{P_2 P_1}{\delta_{L_{t-1}}} E \left[ \prod_{j=t+1}^T \frac{Y_{A_{j-1}}}{\delta_{L_j}} \mid L_{t-1} = l_{t-1} \right]$$

$$+ P_1(1-p_2) \frac{Y_{l_{t-1}}}{\delta_{L_{t-1}}} \varphi_{t+1}(\bar{l}_{t-1}) + (1-p_1)p_2 \frac{Y_{l_{t-1}}}{\delta_{L_{t-1}}} \varphi_{t+1}(\bar{l}_{t-1}) + (1-p_1)(1-p_2) \frac{Y_{l_{t-1}}}{\delta_{L_{t-1}}} \varphi_{t+1}(l_{t-1})$$

$$= \left( p_1 p_2 \frac{Y_{l_{t-1}}}{\delta_{L_{t-1}}} + (1-p_1)(1-p_2) \frac{Y_{l_{t-1}}}{\delta_{L_{t-1}}} \right) \varphi_{t+1}(l_{t-1}) + \left( p_1(1-p_2) \frac{Y_{l_{t-1}}}{\delta_{L_{t-1}}} + (1-p_1)p_2 \frac{Y_{l_{t-1}}}{\delta_{L_{t-1}}} \right) \varphi_{t+1}(\bar{l}_{t-1})$$

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} p_1 p_2 \frac{Y_0}{\delta_0} + (1-p_1)(1-p_2) \frac{Y_1}{\delta_0} & p_1(1-p_2) \frac{Y_0}{\delta_1} + (1-p_1)p_2 \frac{Y_1}{\delta_1} \\ p_1(1-p_2) \frac{Y_1}{\delta_0} + (1-p_1)p_2 \frac{Y_0}{\delta_1} & p_1 p_2 \frac{Y_1}{\delta_1} + (1-p_1)(1-p_2) \frac{Y_0}{\delta_1} \end{pmatrix}, \quad (p_1 = p_2), P = \begin{pmatrix} p^2 \frac{Y_0}{\delta_0} + (1-p)^2 \frac{Y_1}{\delta_0} & p_1(1-p_2) \\ \frac{p_1(1-p)}{\delta_0} (Y_0 + Y_1) & p^2 \frac{Y_1}{\delta_1} + (1-p)^2 \frac{Y_0}{\delta_1} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{thus } \frac{Y_0}{\delta_0} = p_2 + (1-p_2) \frac{\delta_1}{\delta_0}, \quad \frac{Y_1}{\delta_0} = p_2 \frac{\delta_1}{\delta_0} + (1-p_2), \quad \frac{Y_1}{\delta_1} = p_2 + (1-p_2) \frac{\delta_0}{\delta_1}, \quad p^2 \frac{Y_0}{\delta_0} + (1-p)^2 \frac{Y_1}{\delta_0} = p^3 + p^2(1-p) \frac{\delta_1}{\delta_0} + p(1-p)^2 + (1-p)^3 \frac{\delta_0}{\delta_1},$$

$$\Delta = (p^4 + (1-p)^4) \frac{Y_0 Y_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + p^2(1-p)^2 \left( \frac{Y_0^2}{\delta_0^2} + \frac{Y_1^2}{\delta_1^2} \right) - p^2(1-p)^2 (Y_0 + Y_1)^2 \frac{1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} = (p^2 - (1-p)^2)^2 \frac{Y_0 Y_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + p^2(1-p)^2 \left( \frac{Y_0^2}{\delta_0^2} + \frac{Y_1^2}{\delta_1^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} = (p^2 + (1-p)^2)^2 \frac{Y_0 Y_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + p^2(1-p)^2 \left( \frac{Y_0^2}{\delta_0^2} + \frac{Y_1^2}{\delta_1^2} \right), \quad AT = (p^2 + (1-p)^2) \left( \frac{Y_0}{\delta_0} + \frac{Y_1}{\delta_1} \right) - \frac{1}{\delta_0 \delta_1}$$

~~Ex~~  $E(Y| \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L}_{T-1}) = E(E(Y|\bar{A}, \bar{L}) - \mu(\bar{A}) | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L}_{T-1}) = \left\{ E(Y_{\bar{a}}|\bar{a}, \bar{L}) + (E(L_1|\bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L}_{T-1}) - \mu(\bar{a})) \right.$   
~~Ex~~  $E(Y|A, L) = \mu(A) + L, \quad E(L=0) = E(Y_{00}|0, 0, \bar{L}_2) = \mu(\bar{A}_2) + L_1 + L_2, \quad E(L_1)=0, \quad E(L_2|a_1=0, L_1)=0$   
~~Ex~~  $E(Y_1|1, L) = \mu(1) + L$   
~~Ex~~  $E(Y_1|0, L) = ?$

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$$\mathbb{E} \left[ \prod_{t=1}^T \frac{N_{A_t t}}{\delta_{L_t}} \right] = \frac{1}{2} (\varphi_1(0) + \varphi_2(1)), \quad \mathbb{E} \left[ \prod_{t=1}^{2\Delta} \frac{Y_{A_t t}}{\delta_{L_t}} \right] = \mathbb{E}(\varphi_1) \mathbb{E} \left( \frac{1}{\delta_{L_1}} \frac{Y_{A_1}}{\delta_{L_2}} \right) = \mathbb{E}(\varphi_1) \left( \frac{1}{2\delta_0} \mathbb{E} \left( \frac{Y_{A_1}}{\delta_{L_2}} \mid L_1=0 \right) \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2\delta_1} \mathbb{E} \left( \frac{Y_{A_1}}{\delta_{L_2}} \mid L_1=1 \right) = \mathbb{E} \left( \frac{Y_{A_1}}{\delta_{L_2}} \right) + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\ell_1} \frac{1}{\delta_{\ell_1}} \mathbb{E} \left( \frac{Y_{A_1}}{\delta_{L_2}} \mid L_1=\ell_1 \right) = \mathbb{E} \left( \frac{Y_{A_1}}{\delta_{L_2}} \right) \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\ell_1} \sum_{\ell_2} \varphi_2(\ell_1)$$

$$T = p^2 \frac{N_0 \delta_1 + N_1 \delta_0}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + (1-p)^2 \frac{N_1 \delta_1 + N_0 \delta_0}{\delta_0 \delta_1} = (1-2p) \frac{N_0 \delta_0 + N_1 \delta_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + p^2 \frac{(N_0 - N_1)(\delta_1 - \delta_0)}{\delta_0 \delta_1} = p^2 \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_0} + \frac{N_1}{\delta_1} \right) + (1-p)^2 \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_1} + \frac{N_1}{\delta_0} \right)$$

$$T^2 - \Delta = \frac{p^4}{4} \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_0} + \frac{N_1}{\delta_1} \right)^2 + \frac{(1-p)^4}{4} \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_1} + \frac{N_1}{\delta_0} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} p^2 (1-p)^2 \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_0} + \frac{N_1}{\delta_1} \right) \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_1} + \frac{N_1}{\delta_0} \right) - (p^2 - (1-p)^2)^2 \frac{N_0 N_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1}$$

$$= \left[ \frac{1}{2} (p^4 + (1-p)^4) - (p^2 - (1-p)^2)^2 \right] \frac{N_0 N_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + \frac{p^4}{4} \left( \frac{N_0^2}{\delta_0^2} + \frac{N_1^2}{\delta_1^2} \right) + \frac{(1-p)^4}{4} \left( \frac{N_0^2}{\delta_1^2} + \frac{N_1^2}{\delta_0^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} p^2 (1-p)^2 \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_0} + \frac{N_1}{\delta_1} \right) \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_1} + \frac{N_1}{\delta_0} \right)$$

$$= \left[ -\frac{1}{2} p^4 - \frac{1}{2} (1-p)^4 + 2p^2 (1-p)^2 \right] \dots = p^2 (1-p)^2 \frac{N_0 N_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} - \frac{1}{2} (p^2 - (1-p)^2)^2 \frac{N_0 N_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} \dots = 2p^2 (1-p)^2 \frac{N_0 N_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + \frac{p^4}{4} \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_0} - \frac{N_1}{\delta_1} \right)^2 + \frac{(1-p)^4}{4}$$

$$\left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_1} - \frac{N_1}{\delta_0} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} p^2 (1-p)^2 \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_0} + \frac{N_1}{\delta_1} \right) \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_1} + \frac{N_1}{\delta_0} \right) = \frac{1}{4} \left( p^2 \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_0} - \frac{N_1}{\delta_1} \right) + (1-p)^2 \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_1} - \frac{N_1}{\delta_0} \right) \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} p^2 (1-p)^2 \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_0} - \frac{N_1}{\delta_1} \right) \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_1} - \frac{N_1}{\delta_0} \right)$$

$$+ 2p^2 (1-p)^2 \frac{N_0 N_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + \frac{1}{2} p^2 (1-p)^2 \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_0} + \frac{N_1}{\delta_1} \right) \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_1} + \frac{N_1}{\delta_0} \right) = \frac{1}{4} \left( - \pm \dots \right)^2 + 2p^2 (1-p)^2 \frac{N_0 N_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + \frac{1}{2} p^2 (1-p)^2 \left( \frac{N_0^2}{\delta_0^2} + \frac{N_0 N_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + \frac{N_0 N_1}{\delta_1 \delta_0} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{N_1^2}{\delta_0 \delta_1} \mp \frac{N_0^2}{\delta_0 \delta_1} \pm \frac{N_0 N_1}{\delta_0^2} \pm \frac{N_0 N_1}{\delta_1^2} \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_0} - \frac{N_1}{\delta_1} \right) \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_1} - \frac{N_1}{\delta_0} \right) = \frac{1}{4} \left( - \pm \dots \right)^2 + 2p^2 (1-p)^2 \frac{N_0 N_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + \frac{1}{2} p^2 (1-p)^2 \left( N_0^2 + N_1^2 \right) \frac{1}{\delta_0 \delta_1},$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left( p^2 \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_0} - \frac{N_1}{\delta_1} \right) - (1-p)^2 \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_1} - \frac{N_1}{\delta_0} \right) \right)^2 + \frac{p^2 (1-p)^2}{\delta_0 \delta_1} (N_0 + N_1)^2 \frac{N_0 N_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1}, \quad p^2 (1-p)^2 \frac{(N_0 + N_1)^2}{\delta_0 \delta_1} - \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_0} - \frac{N_1}{\delta_1} \right) \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_1} - \frac{N_1}{\delta_0} \right)$$

$$= p^2 (1-p)^2 \left( \frac{N_0^2}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + \frac{N_1^2}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + \frac{2N_0 N_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{N_0 N_1}{\delta_0^2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{N_0 N_1}{\delta_1^2} \right) = p^2 (1-p)^2 \left( \frac{2N_0 N_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_0} + \frac{N_1}{\delta_1} \right) \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_1} + \frac{N_1}{\delta_0} \right) \right),$$

$$\text{类似地 } (\oplus) : = \frac{1}{4} \left( - \pm \dots \right)^2 + 2p^2 (1-p)^2 \frac{N_0 N_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + p^2 (1-p)^2 N_0 N_1 \left( \frac{1}{\delta_0^2} + \frac{1}{\delta_1^2} \right) = \frac{1}{4} \left( p^2 \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_0} - \frac{N_1}{\delta_1} \right) + (1-p)^2 \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_1} - \frac{N_1}{\delta_0} \right) \right)^2$$

$$+ p^2 (1-p)^2 N_0 N_1 \left( \frac{1}{\delta_0^2} + \frac{1}{\delta_1^2} \right)^2 \quad \text{类似地 } N_0 = p \delta_0 a + (1-p) \delta_1 a, \quad \frac{N_0^2}{\delta_0^2} + \frac{N_1^2}{\delta_1^2} = 2p^2 + 2p(1-p) \left( \frac{\delta_1}{\delta_0} + \frac{\delta_0}{\delta_1} \right) + (1-p)^2 \left( \frac{\delta_1^2}{\delta_0^2} + \frac{\delta_0^2}{\delta_1^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{N_0^2}{\delta_0^2} - \frac{N_1^2}{\delta_1^2} = 2p(1-p) \left( \frac{\delta_1}{\delta_0} - \frac{\delta_0}{\delta_1} \right) + (1-p)^2 \left( \frac{\delta_1^2}{\delta_0^2} - \frac{\delta_0^2}{\delta_1^2} \right) = (1-p) \left( \frac{\delta_1}{\delta_0} - \frac{\delta_0}{\delta_1} \right) \left( 2p + (1-p) \left( \frac{\delta_1}{\delta_0} + \frac{\delta_0}{\delta_1} \right) \right), \quad (p_1 \neq p_2)$$

$$\Delta = p_1 p_2 \frac{N_0 N_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} (p_1^2 p_2^2 - p_1^2 (1-p_2)^2) + \frac{N_0^2}{\delta_0 \delta_1} \left( p_1 p_2 (1-p_1)(1-p_2) - p_1 p_2 (1-p_1)(1-p_2) \right) + \frac{N_1^2}{\delta_0 \delta_1} \left( (1-p_1)(1-p_2) \right) \xrightarrow{O} 0 \quad \text{类似地 } (\oplus)$$

$$+ \frac{N_0 N_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} \left( (1-p_1)^2 (1-p_2)^2 - (1-p_1)^2 p_2^2 \right) = \frac{N_0 N_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} \left( -p_1^2 + 2p_1^2 p_2 + (1-p_1)^2 (1-2p_2) \right) + \frac{N_0 N_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} \left( -p_1^2 + 2p_1^2 p_2 + (1-p_1)^2 (1-2p_2) \right) = \frac{N_0 N_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} (2p_2 - 1) \left( p_1^2 - (1-p_1)^2 \right),$$

$$T = p_1 p_2 \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_0} + \frac{N_1}{\delta_1} \right) + (1-p_1)(1-p_2) \left( \frac{N_1}{\delta_0} + \frac{N_0}{\delta_1} \right), \quad T \xrightarrow{O} 0 \quad \text{类似地 } T_2 = \frac{1}{2} \tilde{T} \pm \frac{1}{2} \frac{\tilde{T}^2 - \Delta}{(\tilde{T}^2 - \Delta)^{1/2}},$$

$$0 = \frac{1}{2} (\tilde{T}^2 - \Delta)^{1/2} \pm (\tilde{T}^2 - \Delta)^{1/2}, \quad \tilde{T} = p_1 p_2 \left( \frac{1}{\delta_0} - \frac{1}{\delta_1} \right) + (1-p_1)(1-p_2) \left( \frac{1}{\delta_0} - \frac{1}{\delta_1} \right) = \left( \frac{1}{\delta_0} - \frac{1}{\delta_1} \right) (-1 + p_1 + p_2), \quad \Delta = (1-2p_1)(1-2p_2)$$

$$\frac{1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} (1-2N_0), \quad \tilde{T}^2 - \Delta = \frac{1}{\delta_0^2} - 2\Delta \tilde{T} + \Delta^2 \xrightarrow{O} \frac{N_0 N_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} (2p-1)^2 \frac{N_0 N_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} = 2p(1-p)^2 \frac{(1-2N_0)^2}{\delta_0^2 \delta_1^2} \left\{ p^2 \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_0} - \frac{1}{\delta_1} \right) + (1-p)^2 \left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_1} - \frac{1}{\delta_0} \right) \right\}$$

$$\left( \frac{N_0}{\delta_0} + \frac{N_1}{\delta_1} \right)^2 - \frac{(1-2N_0)^2}{\delta_0^2 \delta_1^2} (2p-1)^2 \frac{N_0 N_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1}, \quad N_0 N_1 = (1-2N_0) \left\{ p^2 \left( N_0 \left( \frac{1}{\delta_0} - \frac{1}{\delta_1} \right) + \frac{1}{\delta_1} \right) + (1-p)^2 \left( \frac{1}{\delta_0} + N_0 \left( \frac{1}{\delta_1} - \frac{1}{\delta_0} \right) \right) \right\}$$

$$- \frac{(2p-1)(1-2N_0)^2}{\delta_0 \delta_1}, \quad \tilde{T}^2 = N_0^2 \left\{ - \frac{(2p-1)^2}{\delta_1 \delta_0} - 2p^2 \left( \frac{1}{\delta_0} - \frac{1}{\delta_1} \right) - 2(1-p)^2 \left( \frac{1}{\delta_0} - \frac{1}{\delta_1} \right) + 1 \right\}$$



✓

$$\cancel{\text{Let } \alpha_0 (z+a_0) > |1+2a_0| - |a_0|}$$

$$|e^{i\theta} + 2a_0 e^{i\theta} + a_0| > |1+2a_0| - |a_0|$$

$$|1+2a_0| > 2|a_0|$$

$$|1+3a_0| \quad \cancel{|1+2a_0|} \quad |1+2a_0| + a_0 e^{-i\theta} |$$

$$|1+2a_0| + a_0 | > |1+a_0| > |a_0|$$

$$z^2 + a_1 z + a_0, \quad r = |1+a_1| + 2|a_0|$$

$$|z^2 + a_1 z + a_0| + 2|a_1| |a_0| + |a_0|^2$$

$$|z^2 + a_1 z + a_0|$$

$$1 + |a_1|^2 + 4|a_0|^2 + 2|a_1| + 4|a_0| + 4|a_0||a_1| + a_1 + a_1|a_1| + 2a_1(a_0) + |a_0|$$

$$\mathbb{E}(\bar{w}^{-1} g(Y, \bar{A})) = \cancel{\mathbb{E}} \mathbb{E}(\bar{w}^{-1} \mathbb{E}(g(Y, \bar{A}) | \bar{A}\bar{z}\bar{u}))$$

product measure on state spaces

$$= \int \bar{w}^{-1} \mathbb{E}(g(Y_{\bar{a}}, \bar{a}) | \bar{a}\bar{z}\bar{u}) f_{\bar{A}\bar{z}\bar{u}}(\bar{a}\bar{z}\bar{u}) \mu_{\bar{A}\bar{z}\bar{u}}(\bar{a}\bar{z}\bar{u})$$

$$= \int \bar{w}^{-1} \mathbb{E}(g(Y_{\bar{a}}, \bar{a}) | \bar{a}\bar{u}) f_{\bar{A}\bar{z}\bar{u}}(\bar{a}\bar{u}) \mu_{\bar{A}\bar{z}\bar{u}}(\bar{a}\bar{u})$$

$$= \int \bar{w}_{T-1}^{-1} \mathbb{E}(g(Y_{\bar{a}}, \bar{a}) | \bar{a}\bar{u}) (-1)^{1-z_T} f_{z_T | \bar{A}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{L}_T}(z_T, \bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{L}_T) \Delta_T^{-1} f_{\bar{A}\bar{z}\bar{u}}(\bar{a}\bar{u}) \mu_{\bar{A}\bar{z}\bar{u}}(\bar{a}\bar{u})$$

$$= f_{A_T | \bar{A}_{T-1}, \bar{z}\bar{u}} \cdot f_{z_T | \bar{A}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{L}_T} \cdot f_{\bar{A}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{L}_T}$$

$$= f_{A_T | \bar{A}_{T-1}, \bar{z}\bar{u}} \cdot f_{z_T | \bar{A}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{L}_T} \cdot f_{\bar{A}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{L}_T}$$

$$= \int \bar{w}_{T-1}^{-1} \mathbb{E}(g(Y_{\bar{a}}, \bar{a}) | \bar{a}\bar{u}) (-1)^{1-z_T} \Delta_T^{-1} f_{A_T | \bar{A}_{T-1}, \bar{z}\bar{u}}(a_T, \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{z}\bar{u}) \mu_{\bar{A}\bar{z}\bar{u}}(\bar{a}\bar{z}\bar{u})$$

$$= \int \bar{w}_{T-1}^{-1} \mathbb{E}(g(Y_{\bar{a}}, \bar{a}) | \bar{a}\bar{u}) \cancel{\sum_{z_T \in \mathcal{S}_T, \bar{L}_T}} \left( \sum_{z_T \in \mathcal{S}_T} (-1)^{1-z_T} f_{A_T | \bar{A}_{T-1}, \bar{z}\bar{u}}(a_T, \bar{a}_{T-1}, z_T, \bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{L}_T) \right) f_{\bar{A}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{L}_T} \cdot M_{\bar{A}, \bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{L}_T}$$

$$= \int \bar{w}_{T-1}^{-1} \mathbb{E}(g(Y_{\bar{a}}, \bar{a}) | \bar{a}\bar{u}) f_{\bar{A}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{L}_T} \cdot M_{\bar{A}, \bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{L}_T}$$

$$= \int \bar{w}_{T-1}^{-1} \mathbb{E}(g(Y_{\bar{a}}, \bar{a}) | \bar{a}\bar{u}) f_{\bar{L}_T | \bar{A}\bar{z}\bar{u}_{T-1}} f_{\bar{A}\bar{z}\bar{u}_{T-1}} \cdot M_{\bar{A}, \bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{L}_T}$$

$$= \int \bar{w}_{T-1}^{-1} \mathbb{E}(g(Y_{\bar{a}}, \bar{a}) | \bar{a}\bar{u}) f_{\bar{L}_T | \bar{A}\bar{z}\bar{u}_{T-1}} f_{\bar{A}\bar{z}\bar{u}_{T-1}} \cdot M_{\bar{A}, \bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{L}_T}$$

$$= \int \bar{w}_{T-1}^{-1} \mathbb{E}(g(Y_{\bar{a}}, \bar{a}) | \bar{a}\bar{u}_{T-1}) f_{\bar{A}\bar{z}\bar{u}_{T-1}} \cdot M_{\bar{A}, \bar{z}\bar{u}_{T-1}}$$

$$= \int \mathbb{E}(\bar{w}_{T-1}^{-1} g(Y_{\bar{a}}, Y_{\bar{A}_{T-1}, \bar{a}_T}, (\bar{A}_{T-1}, a_T))) \mu_{A_T}(a_T)$$

$$\left| \frac{a_i - \epsilon}{b_i} \right| > \frac{\left| (a_i - \epsilon) \wedge 0 \right|}{\left| b_i \right| + \epsilon} \geq \frac{\left| (a_i - \epsilon) \wedge 0 \right|}{1 + \frac{\epsilon}{\left| b_i \right|}}$$

$$\frac{1}{1-\frac{\epsilon}{b_i}} = \frac{1}{1+\frac{\epsilon}{b_i}}$$

$$\frac{p^2}{q_2} - 2p + 1 = (p-1)^2 - \frac{p^2}{2}$$

$$4((1-\frac{p}{q})^2 - \frac{1}{2}) = 4\left(\frac{1}{2} - 2\frac{p}{q} + \frac{1}{p^2}\right) = 2\left(1 - 4\frac{p}{q} + \frac{2}{p^2}\right)$$

$$\frac{p^2}{4} \left( \delta_0^2 + \left( \left( 2 - \frac{p}{q} \right)^2 - \frac{1}{2} \right) \delta_0 \delta_1 + \delta_1^2 \right)$$

$$\frac{(p-1)^2}{4k(p-1)} < \frac{\delta_0 \delta_1}{(\delta_0 + \delta_1)^2} < \frac{2 \frac{\delta_0 \delta_1}{(\delta_0 + \delta_1)^2}}{(\delta_0 + \delta_1)^2} < \frac{1}{2} < \frac{\frac{p^2}{2}}{2(2p-1)}$$

$$p^2 \leq 4p-2, -p^2+2(p-1)^2 < 0, \left(1 - \frac{1}{p}\right)^2 < 2, \frac{1-p}{p} < \frac{1}{2}, p > \left(1 + \frac{1}{4p}\right)^{-1} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{1+4p}$$

$$P(L_{t+1} = q | L_t = p) = \sum_n P(L_{t+1} = q | A_t = n) P(A_t = n | L_t = p) = \sum_n P_{\text{PAI}}^{n=p} (1-P_{\text{PAI}}) P_{\text{PLA}}^{n=p} (1-P_{\text{PLA}}) = \sum_n (P_{\text{PAI}} P_{\text{PLA}})^{n=p} ((1-P_{\text{PAI}})(1-P_{\text{PLA}}))^{n \neq p}.$$

$$= P_{\text{PAI}} P_{\text{PLA}} + ((1-P_{\text{PAI}})(1-P_{\text{PLA}}))$$

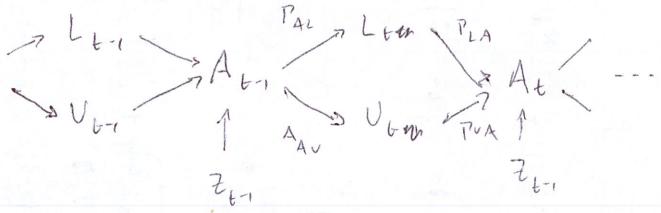
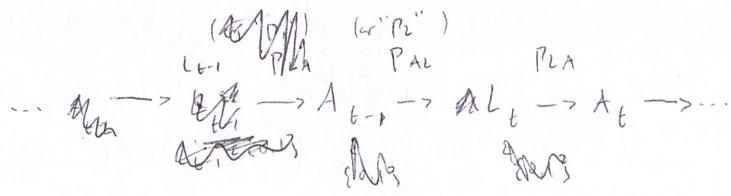
$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbb{E} \left( \dots | \mathbb{E} \left( \mathbb{E} (\eta | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{l}_{t-1}) | \bar{a}_{t-2}, \bar{l}_{t-2} \right) \dots \right) = 0, \quad \mathbb{E} \left( \frac{1}{f(A_2 | A_1, \bar{a}_2)} f(A_1, l_1) \right) = \mathbb{E} \left( \frac{1}{f(A_1)} \mathbb{E} \left( \frac{1}{f(A_2 | A_1, \bar{a}_2)} | a_1, \bar{l}_2 \right) \right) = \sum \mathbb{E} \left( \{A = a_1\} \frac{1}{f(A_2 | l_1)} \eta(a_2) \right) \\ & = \sum \mathbb{E} \left( \{A = a_1\} \frac{1}{f(A_2 | l_1)} \frac{\eta(\bar{a}_1, \bar{l}_1)}{\pi_f(\bar{a}_1 | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{l}_1)} \right) = \sum_n \mathbb{E} \left( \mathbb{E} \left( \{A = a_1\} \frac{\eta(\bar{a}_1, \bar{l}_1)}{\pi_f(\bar{a}_1 | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{l}_1)} | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{l}_1 \right) \right) = \sum_n \mathbb{E} \left( \mathbb{E} \left( \{A = a_1\} \frac{\eta(\bar{a}_1, \bar{l}_1)}{\pi_f(\bar{a}_1 | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{l}_1)} | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{l}_1 \right) \right) = \sum_n \mathbb{E} \left( \mathbb{E} \left( \{A = a_1\} \frac{\eta(\bar{a}_1, \bar{l}_1)}{\pi_f(\bar{a}_1 | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{l}_1)} | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{l}_1 \right) \right) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$= \sum_n \mathbb{E} \left( \mathbb{E} \left( \dots | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{l}_{t-1}, \bar{u}_t \right) \right) = \sum_n \mathbb{E} \left( \mathbb{E} \left( \{A = a_1\} \frac{\eta(\bar{a}_1, \bar{l}_1)}{\pi_f(\bar{a}_1 | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{l}_1)} | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{l}_{t-1}, \bar{u}_t \right) \right) = \sum_n \mathbb{E} \left( \mathbb{E} \left( \{A = a_1\} \frac{\eta(\bar{a}_1, \bar{l}_1)}{\pi_f(\bar{a}_1 | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{l}_1)} | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{l}_{t-1}, \bar{u}_t \right) \right) = \sum_n \mathbb{E} \left( \mathbb{E} \left( \{A = a_1\} \frac{\eta(\bar{a}_1, \bar{l}_1)}{\pi_f(\bar{a}_1 | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{l}_1)} | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{l}_{t-1}, \bar{u}_t \right) \right) = 0$$

$$\boxed{R^2 = 1 - \frac{\sum (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2}{\sum (y_i - \bar{y})^2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2 = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \bar{y})^2 + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n (\bar{y} - \hat{y}_i)^2 \\ & = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \bar{y})^2 + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n (\bar{y} - \bar{y})^2 = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \bar{y})^2 \end{aligned}$$



params  $\overbrace{P_{L1}, P_{A1}, P_{L2}, P_{A2}, \delta_0, \delta_1}$

$L=1$      $P_{L1} \pm \delta_0$      $\overline{P_{L1}} \mp \delta_0$      $P_{A1} \pm \delta_1$      $\overline{P_{A1}} \mp \delta_1$      $f(\text{all}, v_{12=1}) > 0 : \delta_0 < \min(P_{L1}, P_{A1}, \overline{P_{L1}}, \overline{P_{A1}}) = \min(\frac{1}{2}|P_{L1} - \overline{P_{L1}}|, \frac{1}{2}|P_{A1} - \overline{P_{A1}}|)$

$\overline{P_{L1}} = \frac{1}{2}(P_{L1} + \overline{P_{L1}})$      $\overline{P_{A1}} = \frac{1}{2}(P_{A1} + \overline{P_{A1}})$

$\delta_1 < \frac{1}{2}\max(|P_{A1} - \overline{P_{A1}}|, |P_{L1} - \overline{P_{L1}}|)$

$V=0$      $P_{L0} \pm \delta_0$      $\overline{P_{L0}} \mp \delta_0$      $P_{A0} \pm \delta_1$      $\overline{P_{A0}} \mp \delta_1$

$A=0 \quad A=1$

$L=0 \quad L=1$

$\sum_k f(a_l | l, u_k) = 1 \quad (\text{horizontal sum})$

ICF:  $\Delta(a_l | l, u_k) = \Delta(a_l | l, u_k=1) - f(a_l | l, u_k=0) = \begin{cases} \delta_0, & l=0 \\ 0, & l=1 \end{cases}$

(25)

$$\frac{\delta_0^2 - \delta_1^2}{\delta_0 \delta_1 (\delta_0 - \delta_1)} =$$

$$+ \gamma \left\{ \frac{4(2p-1)}{\delta_1 - \delta_0} - 2p^2 \frac{1}{\delta_1} - 2(-p)^2 \frac{1}{\delta_0} + p^2 \left( \frac{1}{\delta_0} - \frac{1}{\delta_1} \right) + ((-p)^2 \left( \frac{1}{\delta_1} - \frac{1}{\delta_0} \right)) \neq -1 \right\} + \\ \left\{ - \frac{2p-1}{\delta_1 - \delta_0} + p^2 \frac{1}{\delta_1} + ((-p)^2 \frac{1}{\delta_0}) \right\} = \gamma^2 \left\{ - \frac{4(2p-1)}{\delta_1 - \delta_0} - 2(1-2p) \frac{p}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + 1 \right\} + \gamma \left\{ \frac{4(2p-1)}{\delta_1 - \delta_0} - 1 \right. \\ \left. - \frac{2p-1}{\delta_1 - \delta_0} - 2p^2 \left( \frac{1}{\delta_1} + \frac{1}{\delta_0} \right) - 2(1-2p) \frac{1}{\delta_0} + ((-2p) \left( \frac{1}{\delta_1} - \frac{1}{\delta_0} \right)) + \left. p^2 \left( \frac{1}{\delta_0} + \frac{1}{\delta_1} \right) + ((-2p) \left( \frac{1}{\delta_0} + \frac{1}{\delta_1} \right)) \right\} \\ \left. \frac{1}{\delta_1 - \delta_0} \right\} = \gamma^2 \left\{ 2(2p-1) \left( \frac{\delta_0 - \delta_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} - \frac{2}{\delta_1 - \delta_0} \right) + 1 \right\} + \gamma \left\{ 2(2p-1) \left( \frac{2}{\delta_1 - \delta_0} + \frac{1}{\delta_0} + \frac{1}{2\delta_0} - \frac{1}{2\delta_1} \right) - 1 - 2p^2 \left( \frac{1}{\delta_0} + \frac{1}{\delta_1} \right) \right\} \\ + \left\{ \dots \right\}$$

$$\mathbb{E}(Y_A) = \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(Y_A | L, A=a)) = \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(Y_A | L, A=a)) = m(a), \quad \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(Y_A | L, A=a) - m(a)) = 0, \quad g(L, \lambda) = \mathbb{E}g(L, a) \\ = 0, \text{ and}, \quad Y := m(A) + g(L, A), \quad \mathbb{E}(Y_A | A=a, L) = \mathbb{E}(m(a) + g(L, a) | A=a, L) = m(a) + g(L, a), \quad g(L, a) = g(L) - m(a),$$

~~$$\text{and } Y := m(\bar{A}) + g(\bar{L}, \bar{A}), \quad \mathbb{E}(Y_{a_1, a_2} | a_1, a_2, \bar{L}_2) = \mathbb{E}(m(a_1, a_2) + g(\bar{L}_2, a_1, a_2) | \bar{L}_2, a_1, a_2) = m(\bar{A}, a_2) + g(\bar{L}_2, a_1, a_2)$$~~

$$\text{and } g(\bar{L}_2, a_1, a_2) = g(\bar{L}_2, a_1) + m(a_1, 0) - m(a_1, a_2), \quad \mathbb{E}(Y_{a_1, a_2} | a_1, \bar{L}_2) = \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(Y_{a_1, a_2} | \bar{L}_2) | L, a_1, a_2) \\ = \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(Y_{a_1, a_2} | L, a_1, a_2) | L, a_1, a_2) = \mathbb{E}(g_1(\bar{L}_2, a_1) + m(a_1, 0) | L, a_1, a_2) = m(a_1, 0) + \mathbb{E}(g_1(\bar{L}_2, a_1) | L, a_1, a_2), \\ \mathbb{E}(g_1(\bar{L}_2, a_1) | L, a_1) = g_2(L_1) + m(0, 0) - m_2(a_1, 0), \quad \mathbb{E}(Y_A | A=a, L) = \mathbb{E}(Y | A=a, L) = \mathbb{E}(Y | A=a, L) = \mathbb{E}(Y | A=a, L), \\ L = h(L), \quad \mathbb{E}(u(A, L) - h(L) | A=a, L) = 0, \quad \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(Y | A, L) - h(L) | A=a, L) = 0,$$

~~$$\mathbb{E}(m(a, L)) = \int m(a, l) f(l) d\ell, \quad \mathbb{E}(Y | A=a, L) = m_a(L), \quad Y | A, L = m_A(L), \quad Y = \frac{m(A, L)}{m_A(L)} + \varepsilon,$$~~

~~$$\mathbb{E}(Y_{\bar{A}} | \bar{L}_2) = m(\bar{A}, \bar{L}_2) = \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(Y_{\bar{A}} | A_1=a_1, \bar{L}_2) | L_1, A_1=a_1) = m(\bar{A}, \bar{L}_2)$$~~

$$\int v(\bar{a}_2, \bar{L}_2) f(L_2 | L_1, a_1) = m_2(\bar{a}_2, L_1) = \mathbb{E}(m_2(\bar{a}_2, \bar{L}_2) | L_1, a_1), \quad m_2(\bar{a}_2, \bar{L}_2) = m_2(\bar{a}_2, L_1) + \mathbb{E}[v(\bar{a}_2, \bar{L}_2) - \\ \mathbb{E}[v(\bar{a}_2, \bar{L}_2) | L_1, a_1]], \quad \mathbb{E}(Y | \bar{A}, \bar{L}) = m(\bar{A}) + L = \mathbb{E}(Y | \bar{A}, \bar{L}), \quad \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(Y | A, L) | \mathbb{E}(Y | \bar{A}, \bar{L}) | a_1, \bar{L})$$

$$\approx \mathbb{E}(Y_{\bar{A}} | a_1, \bar{L}_1)$$

$$\mathbb{E}\left(\frac{\eta(\bar{A}, \bar{L})}{\prod_{t=1}^T f(A_t | \bar{A}_{t-1}, \bar{L}_{t-1})}\right) = \int \frac{\eta(\bar{A}, \bar{L})}{\prod_{t=1}^T f(a_t | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{l}_{t-1})} f(\bar{a}, \bar{l}) p(da) p(d\bar{l}) = \int \frac{1}{\prod_{t=1}^T} \prod_t f(a_t | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{l}_{t-1}) \prod_t f(l_t | \bar{l}_{t-1}, \bar{a}_{t-1})$$

$$= \int \eta \prod_t f(l_t | \bar{l}_{t-1}, \bar{a}_{t-1}) = 0$$

$$\mathbb{E}(\dots)$$

concept para

long term follow up of HCV patients

compliance percentage

outcome viral load

reproductive analysis assuming SVA

DAG

ix of treatment, outcome

viral controllers - Miguel's papers for ART conference

(26)  $\mathbb{E}(v|w) = \mathbb{E}(v)$   $\mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(v|w)) = \mathbb{E}(v)$

$\mathbb{E}(f(v)|w) = \mathbb{E}f(v) \quad \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(f(v)|w)) = \mathbb{E}(v f(v)) = \mathbb{E}(v) \mathbb{E}(f(v))$

$\mathbb{E}\left(\{\bar{A}_{t-1} = \bar{a}_{t-1}\} \eta(\bar{a}, \bar{L}v) w(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}_{t-1}) f(a_t | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{L}v, \bar{z}_{t-1})\right) = \mathbb{E}\left(\{\bar{A}_{t-1} = \bar{a}_{t-1}\} \mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{a}, \bar{L}v) w(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}_{t-1}) f(a_t | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{L}v, \bar{z}_{t-1}))\right)$

$\mathbb{E} = \mathbb{E}\left(\{\bar{A}_{t-1} = \bar{a}_{t-1}\} \mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{a}, \bar{L}v) w(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}_{t-1}) f(a_t | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{L}v, \bar{z}_{t-1}))\right) - \mathbb{E}\left(\mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{a}, \bar{L}v) w(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}_{t-1}) f(a_t | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{L}v, \bar{z}_{t-1}))\right)$

$\mathbb{E}(f(v)|w) = \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(f(v)|w) \mathbb{E}(v|w)) \Leftrightarrow \mathbb{E}(v|w) = \mathbb{E}(v|w), \quad \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(v|w) f(v|w)) = \mathbb{E}(v f(v|w)),$

$\mathbb{E}(f(v,w)|w) = \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(f(v,w)|w) \mathbb{E}(v|w)) \Leftrightarrow \mathbb{E}(v|w) = \mathbb{E}(v|w), \quad \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(v|w) f(v|w))$

$\mathbb{E}(v f(v,w)) = \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(v|w) f(v,w)), \quad v = \bar{L}v_{t-1}, \quad w = \bar{L}v_{t-1}, \quad v = \{\bar{A}_{t-1} = \bar{a}_{t-1}\} w(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}_t) f(a_t | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{L}v, \bar{z}_t)$

$\mathbb{E}(f(v,w)|w) = \mathbb{E}(\dots | \bar{L}v_{t-1}), \quad \sum_{\bar{z}} \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}_{t-1} = \bar{a}_{t-1}\} w(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}_t) f(a_t | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{L}v, \bar{z}_t))$

$\bar{L}v_{t-1}, \quad w = \prod_t f_{z_t}(\bar{z}_t | \bar{L}v_{t-1}), \quad \sum_{\bar{z}_{t-1}} \sum_{\bar{z}_t} w f_{z_t}(\bar{z}_t | \dots) f_{z_{t-1}}(\dots | \dots)$

$= \sum_{\bar{z}_{t-1}} \frac{f(z_t | \dots)}{w_{t-1}(f(z_t | \dots) - f(z_t | \dots)) / \Delta_t} f_{z_{t-1}}(\dots | \dots) = \dots = 1$

$\mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{L}v) \{\bar{A}_{t-1} = \bar{a}_{t-1}\} w(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z})) = \mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{L}v) \cdot \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}_{t-1} = \bar{a}_{t-1}\} w(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}) | \bar{L}v_{t-1}))$

$\mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}_{t-1} = \bar{a}_{t-1}\} w(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}) | \bar{L}v_{t-1}) \rightarrow \sum_{\bar{z}} w(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}) f(a_t | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{L}v, \bar{z}_{t-1}) f_{\bar{z}}(\bar{z} | \bar{L}v) \in \bar{L}v_{t-1}$

$f_{\bar{z}}(\bar{z} | \bar{L}v) = \prod_t f(z_t | \bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}v) = \prod_t f(z_t | \bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}v_t) = \prod_t f(z_t | \bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}v_t)$

$\mathbb{E}\left(\{\bar{A}_{t-1} = \bar{a}_{t-1}\} \eta(\bar{a}, \bar{L}v) w(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}_{t-1}) f(a_t | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{L}v, \bar{z}_{t-1})\right) = \mathbb{E}\left(\{\bar{A}_{t-1} = \bar{a}_{t-1}\} \eta(\bar{a}, \bar{L}v) w(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}_{t-1}) f(a_t | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{L}v, \bar{z}_{t-1})\right)$

$w \perp f | \dots$

$\mathbb{E}\left(\{\bar{A}_{t-1} = \bar{a}_{t-1}\} \eta(\bar{a}, \bar{L}v) w(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}_{t-1}) f(a_t | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{L}v, \bar{z}_{t-1})\right)$

$\mathbb{E}\left(\{\bar{A}_{t-1} = \bar{a}_{t-1}\} \eta(\bar{a}, \bar{L}v) \sum_{\bar{z}_t} \{w(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{z}_t) f(a_t | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{L}v, \bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{z}_t)\} f_{z_t}(z_t | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L})\right)$

$\mathbb{E}\left(\{\bar{A}_{t-1} = \bar{a}_{t-1}\} \eta(\bar{a}, \bar{L}v) \sum_{\bar{z}_t} \{w(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{z}_t) f(a_t | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{L}v, \bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{z}_t)\}\right)$

$\eta = \mathbb{E}(Y|\bar{L}v) - m(\bar{a}) = \sum_{\bar{a}} (\mathbb{E}(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{L}v) - m(\bar{a})) \{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}, \quad \int \eta(\bar{a} | \bar{L}v) f(Lv_{t-1} | \bar{L}v_{t-1}) = 0$

$\eta = m(\bar{a}) + \eta(\bar{L}v) + \varepsilon \Rightarrow \mathbb{E}(Y_{\bar{a}}) = m(\bar{a}), \quad \eta = \sum_{\bar{a}} \{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} \sum_{t=1}^T (\mathbb{E}(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{L}v_{t-1}) - \mathbb{E}(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{L}v_{t-1}))$

$\sum_{\bar{a}} \{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} \sum_{t=1}^T \{\mathbb{E}(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{L}v_{t-1}) - \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{L}v_{t-1}) | \bar{L}v_{t-1})\} = \sum_{\bar{a}} \{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} \sum_{t=1}^T \{\eta_t(\bar{L}v_{t-1}) - \mathbb{E}(\eta_t | \bar{L}v_{t-1})\}$

$\mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} \eta(\bar{L}v) w(\bar{a}, \bar{L})) = \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} \mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{L}v) w(\bar{a}, \bar{L})) = \mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{L}v) \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} w(\bar{a}, \bar{L})))$

$\mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} w(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}_{t-1})) = \sum_{\bar{z}} f(w(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}_{t-1})) = \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} f(a_t | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{L}v, \bar{z}_{t-1}))$



(27)

$$\begin{aligned}
& \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} \eta(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{U}_t) w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t)) = \mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{U}_t) \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{U}_{t-1})), \quad \bar{U}_t \perp \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\}) \\
& w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{U}_t) \stackrel{\text{symmetric}}{=} \sum_{z_t} f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}) w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t)(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{U}_t) = \sum_{z_t} f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{U}_t, z_t) w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{U}_t, z_t) \\
& f_{z_t}(z_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{U}_t), \quad = \sum_{z_t} w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t, \bar{z}_{t-1}, z_t) f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{U}_t, z_t) f_{z_t}(z_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{U}_t), \quad \bar{U}_{t-1} \perp \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\}) \\
& w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{U}_{t-1}), \quad \bar{U}_{t-1} \perp \mathbb{E}(w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{U}_{t-1}) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{U}_{t-1}) \\
& = \mathbb{E}(w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{U}_{t-1}) f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{U}_{t-1}) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{U}_{t-1}), \quad \bar{U}_{t-1} \perp \mathbb{E}(w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) | \bar{A}_{T-1}=\bar{a}_{T-1}) \\
& \{\bar{A}_{T-1}=\bar{a}_{T-1}\} | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{U}_{t-1}) = \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) | \bar{A}_{T-1}=\bar{a}_{T-1}) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{U}_{t-1}) \\
& = \mathbb{E}(w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}) | \bar{A}_{T-1}=\bar{a}_{T-1}) = \mathbb{E}(w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}) f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{U}_{t-1}) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{U}_{t-1}) \\
& = w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}) f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{U}_{t-1}) = \mathbb{E}(w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) | \bar{A}_{T-1}=\bar{a}_{T-1}) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{U}_t) f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{U}_{t-1}) \stackrel{\text{symmetric}}{=} w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{U}_{t-1}) \\
& \mathbb{E}\left\{ \{\bar{A}_{T-1}=\bar{a}_{T-1}\} \sum_{z_t} w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t, \bar{z}_{t-1}, z_t) f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{U}_t, z_t) f_{z_t}(z_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{U}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{U}_{t-1} \right\} \\
& \sum_{z_t} w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t, \bar{z}_{t-1}, z_t) \prod_t f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{U}_{t-1}) f_{z_t}(z_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{U}_t), \\
& \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{U}_t) \stackrel{\text{symmetric}}{=} \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}_{T-1}=\bar{a}_{T-1}\} f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_t) \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}_{T-1}=\bar{a}_{T-1}\} \eta(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{U}_T) f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_t, \bar{U}_T)) \\
& w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) = \mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}_{T-1}=\bar{a}_{T-1}\} f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_t, \bar{U}_T) w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{U}_{T-1})), \quad \sum_z \{\bar{A}_{T-1}=\bar{a}_{T-1}\} f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{z}_t, \bar{U}_T) \\
& w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) \stackrel{\text{symmetric}}{=} \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}_{T-1}=\bar{a}_{T-1}\} \eta(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{U}_T) \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{U}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{U}_{T-1}), \\
& \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{U}_t) \stackrel{\text{symmetric}}{=} \sum_z w(z_t) f(a_t | z_t) f_{z_t}(z_t) \perp \bar{U}_t, \quad \mathbb{E}\left( \prod_{t=1}^T f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{U}_t) \bar{U}_t \right) \\
& \{\bar{A}_{T-1}=\bar{a}_{T-1}\} \eta(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{U}_T) w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) = \mathbb{E}\{\eta(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{U}_T) \mathbb{E}(\prod_{t=1}^T f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{U}_t) \bar{U}_t) w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{U}_{T-1}), \\
& \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} \eta(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{U}_T) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{U}_T) = \mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{U}_T) \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{U}_{T-1}) | \bar{a}\bar{U}_{T-1}), \\
& \mathbb{E}\left( \prod_{t=1}^T f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{U}_t) w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{U}_T \right) \stackrel{\text{symmetric}}{=} \mathbb{E}\left( \prod_{t=1}^T f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{z}_t, \bar{U}_t) \prod_{t=1}^T w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{U}_T \right) \\
& \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} (\bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{U}_T) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-2}, \bar{U}_{T-1}) = \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}_{T-1}=\bar{a}_{T-1}\} \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{U}_{T-1}) | \bar{a}\bar{U}_{T-1}) \\
& \mathbb{E}\left( \prod_{t=1}^T f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{U}_t) w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{U}_T \right) \stackrel{\text{symmetric}}{=} \mathbb{E}\left( \prod_{t=1}^T f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{z}_t, \bar{U}_t) \prod_{t=1}^T w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{U}_T \right) \\
& \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} (\bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{U}_T) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-2}, \bar{U}_{T-1}) = \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}_{T-1}=\bar{a}_{T-1}\} \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{U}_{T-1}) | \bar{a}\bar{U}_{T-1}), \\
& \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} \eta(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{U}_T) \stackrel{\text{symmetric}}{=} \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}_{T-1}=\bar{a}_{T-1}\} f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{U}_T) \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} w(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{U}_{T-1}) | \bar{a}\bar{U}_{T-1}), \\
& \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} \bar{w}(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{U}_T) = \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}_{T-1}=\bar{a}_{T-1}\} f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{U}_T) \bar{w}(\bar{a}\bar{z}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{U}_T) = \{\bar{A}_{T-1}=\bar{a}_{T-1}\} \sum_{z_T} f(a_t | z_t) f_{z_T}(z_T | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{U}_T)
\end{aligned}$$

(22)

$$\frac{W_{01}}{W_{01}W_{10}} = 1 - \frac{1}{W_{01}} + \frac{W_{00}}{W_{01}}, \frac{1}{W_{10}} = \frac{W_{00}}{W_{01}} - \frac{1}{W_{01}} + 1, \quad \textcircled{a} \quad W_{01} = \frac{W_{00}}{W_{10}} + 1 - W_{00}, \quad \textcircled{b} \quad \frac{W_{11}}{W_{10}} = \frac{W_{01}}{W_{00}}$$

$$h_0 w_{01} (P_{00} \frac{W_{00}}{W_{01}} + h_1 P_{10}) + h_1 w_{11} (P_{10} \frac{W_{00}}{W_{01}} + P_{11}) = c_h$$

$$h_0 \left( 1 + W_{00} \left( \frac{1}{W_{10}} - 1 \right) \right) (P_{00} \frac{W_{00}}{W_{01}} + P_{01}) + h_1 w_{11} (P_{10} \frac{W_{00}}{W_{01}} + P_{11}) = P_{00} \frac{W_{00}}{W_{01}} \left( -h_1 w_{11} + h_0 + h_0 W_{00} \left( \frac{1}{W_{10}} - 1 \right) \right)$$

$$+ \{ h_0 \left( 1 + W_{00} \left( \frac{1}{W_{10}} - 1 \right) \right) / P_{01} + h_1 w_{11} \frac{W_{00}}{W_{01}} + h_1 w_{11} f = P_{01} \}, \quad \frac{W_{00}}{W_{10}} + 1 - W_{00} = W_{00} \frac{W_{11}}{W_{10}}, \frac{1}{W_{10}} + \frac{1}{W_{00}} - 1 = \frac{W_{11}}{W_{10}}$$

$$\frac{W_{00}}{W_{01}} (h_0 w_{01} P_{00} + h_1 w_{11} P_{10}) + P_{01} (h_0 w_{01} - h_1 w_{11}) + h_1 w_{11} = c_h$$

$$W_{10} + W_{11} = 1 + \frac{W_{10}}{W_{00}}$$

$$P_{00} (h_0 w_{00} - h_1 w_{10}) + P_{01} (h_0 w_{01} - h_1 w_{11}) + h_1 w_{10} + h_1 w_{11} = c_h$$

$$h_0 (P_{00} h_0 w_{00} + P_{01} h_0 w_{01}) \left( 1 - \frac{h_1}{h_0} \frac{W_{10}}{W_{00}} \right) + h_1 (w_{10} + w_{11}) = c_h, \quad (P_{00} W_{00} + P_{01} W_{01}) \left( 1 - \frac{h_1}{h_0} \frac{W_{10}}{W_{00}} \right) + \frac{h_1}{h_0} \left( 1 + \frac{W_{10}}{W_{00}} \right) = \frac{c_h}{h_0}$$

$$P_{00} W_{00} + P_{01} W_{01} + \frac{h_1}{h_0} \left\{ 1 + \frac{W_{10}}{W_{00}} \left( 1 - P_{00} W_{00} - P_{01} W_{01} \right) \right\} = \frac{c_h}{h_0}$$

$$B_{010} = \frac{P_{01} - P_{00}}{P_{01} - P_{00}} \left( \frac{B_{011}}{B_{010}} - \frac{B_{011} B_{100}}{B_{010}} \right) + \frac{B_{011} B_{100}}{B_{010}} = \frac{B_{100}}{B_{010}} + P_{01} \left\{ \frac{\frac{B_{111}}{B_{100}} - \frac{B_{011} B_{100}}{B_{010}}}{P_{01} - P_{00}} - \frac{B_{100}}{B_{010}} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{P_{00}}{P_{01} - P_{00}} (\dots), \quad P_{110} = \left( \frac{P_{01} - P_{00}}{P_{00}} \right) \left( \frac{P_{01} - P_{00}}{P_{01} - P_{00}} \right) \frac{P_{01} - P_{00}}{P_{00} - P_{01}} + \frac{P_{01} - P_{00}}{P_{00} - P_{01}}$$

$$= \frac{P_{00} - P_{01}}{P_{00} - P_{01}} \left( P_{111} - \frac{P_{01} P_{100}}{P_{00}} \right) + \frac{P_{01} P_{100}}{P_{00}} = \frac{B_{100}}{P_{00}} \left\{ \frac{P_{100}}{P_{00}} - \frac{P_{111} - \frac{P_{01} P_{100}}{P_{00}}}{P_{00} - P_{01}} \right\}$$

$$+ \frac{P_{00}}{P_{00} - P_{01}} \left( P_{111} - \frac{P_{01} P_{100}}{P_{00}} \right), \quad P_{010} \left\{ \frac{B_{111} - \frac{B_{011} B_{100}}{B_{010}}}{P_{01} - P_{00}} - \frac{B_{100}}{B_{010}} + \frac{P_{100}}{P_{00}} - \frac{P_{111} - \frac{P_{01} P_{100}}{P_{00}}}{P_{00} - P_{01}} \right\}$$

$$= - \frac{B_{100}}{B_{010}} + \frac{P_{00}}{P_{01} - P_{00}} \left( \frac{B_{111} - \frac{B_{011} B_{100}}{B_{010}}}{B_{010}} + P_{111} - \frac{P_{01} P_{100}}{P_{00}} \right) + 1 = \frac{P_{100} - P_{00}}{1 - P_{00}} + \frac{P_{00}}{P_{01} - P_{00}}$$

$$\left( 1 - \frac{(1 - P_{01})(1 - P_{00})}{1 - P_{00}} - \frac{P_{01} P_{100}}{P_{00}} \right) \frac{1 - P_{00} - 1 + P_{01} + P_{100} - P_{01} P_{100}}{1 - P_{00}} =$$

$$\frac{P_{100} - P_{00}}{1 - P_{00}} + \frac{P_{00}}{1 - P_{00}} + \frac{P_{00}}{P_{01} - P_{00}} \left( \frac{P_{100} - P_{01} P_{100}}{1 - P_{00}} \right) - \frac{P_{01} P_{100}}{P_{01} - P_{00}} = \frac{P_{100}}{1 - P_{00}} \cdot \frac{P_{01}}{P_{01} - P_{00}}$$

$$- \frac{P_{00} P_{01} P_{100}}{(P_{01} - P_{00})(1 - P_{00})} - \frac{P_{01} P_{100}}{P_{01} - P_{00}} = P_{01} P_{00} \left( \frac{1}{(1 - P_{00})(P_{01} - P_{00})} - \frac{P_{00}}{(P_{01} - P_{00})(1 - P_{00})} - \frac{1}{P_{01} - P_{00}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{P_{100} P_{01}}{(1 - P_{01} - P_{00})(1 - P_{00})} \left( \frac{1}{1 - P_{00}} - \frac{P_{00}}{1 - P_{00}} - 1 \right) = 0 \quad \text{if } W_{00} P_0 + W_{01} P_1 = 1, \quad W_{10} = W_{01} + W_{00}, \quad \frac{W_{11}}{W_{10}} = \frac{W_{11}}{W_{01}} + \frac{1}{W_{00}}$$

$$\frac{W_{01}}{W_{00}} + \frac{W_{11}}{W_{10}} = \frac{W_{11}}{W_{00}} + 1 - \frac{1}{W_{00}}$$

$$\therefore \frac{W_{00}}{W_{00}} = W_{11} + W_{00} - 1; \quad W_{10} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{W_{00}} \right) = W_{11} - 1$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
& \eta(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t) = \mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}), \quad \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} \eta(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t) \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U})) = \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} \mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}) \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U})) \\
& = \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} \eta(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t) \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1})), \quad \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t) = \mathbb{E}(\dots | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}), \\
& \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t) = \text{REP } \{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}_{t-1}, \quad \mathbb{E}(f(a_1 | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t) = \{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}_{t-1} \sum_{\bar{z}} \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) f(a_1 | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}, \bar{z}) \\
& \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) f_{\bar{z}}(\bar{z} | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) \in m(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}), \dots, m(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_0), \quad \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}) = \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(\dots | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_m) \\
& = \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}_{t-1} \sum_{\bar{z}} \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) f(a_1 | \bar{z}) f_{\bar{z}}(\bar{z} | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}) = \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}_{t-1} \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}, \bar{z}_{t-1}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}), \quad \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}_{t-1} \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U})) \\
& \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1} | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t) = \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}_{t-1} \bar{W}_{t-1} | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}), \quad \mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) - \mathbb{E}(\bar{A} \bar{L}_t | \bar{A} \bar{L}_{t-1}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t) = \eta(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t) - \mathbb{E}(\bar{A} \bar{L}_t | \bar{A} \bar{L}_{t-1}) \\
& \mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t) | \bar{A} \bar{L}_{t-1}), \quad \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}_{t-1} \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) \eta(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1})) = \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}_{t-1} \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) \mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1})) = \\
& \mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}), \quad \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}_{t-1} \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}) = \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}_{t-1} \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}) \in m(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}), \\
& \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}_{t-1} f(a_1 | \bar{A} \bar{L}_{t-1}, \bar{L} \bar{U} \bar{z}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}) = \{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}_{t-1} \sum_{\bar{z}} f(a_1 | \bar{A} \bar{L}_{t-1}, \bar{L} \bar{U}, \bar{z}) \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) \in m(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}), \quad m(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}) \geq 1 \\
& \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}_{t-1} \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}) = \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}_{t-1} \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}) = \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}_{t-1} \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}) \\
& \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(f(\bar{A}_0, \bar{L}_2) | \bar{L}_1, \bar{A}_1) | \bar{L}_0 A_2) \neq, \quad \mathbb{E}(f(\bar{A}_0, \bar{L}_2) | \bar{L}_1, \bar{A}_1) = \mathbb{E}(f(\bar{A}_0, \bar{L}_2) | \bar{L}_1) + \mathbb{E}(f(\bar{A}_0, \bar{L}_2) | \bar{A}_1) \\
& \mathbb{E}(f(x, y) g(z) | x) = \mathbb{E}(f(x, y) | x) \mathbb{E}(g(z) | x) \\
& \mathbb{E}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t) = \mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t, \bar{W}_t) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}), \quad \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t, \bar{W}_t) \in m(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}), \quad m(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t) \geq 1 \\
& \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}_{t-1} \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t, \bar{W}_t) = \bar{W}_{t-1} \{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}_{t-1} \sum_{\bar{z}} f(a_1 | \bar{A} \bar{L}_{t-1}, \bar{z}, \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}, \bar{L} \bar{U}_t) \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}, \bar{z}, \bar{L} \bar{U}_t) \\
& \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}, \bar{L} \bar{U}_t) f_{\bar{z}}(\bar{z} | \bar{A} \bar{L}_{t-1}, \bar{z}, \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}, \bar{L} \bar{U}_t) \neq, \quad \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}_{t-1} \bar{W}_t | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}, \bar{L} \bar{U}_t) \in m(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}), \\
& \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}_{t-1} \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t, \bar{W}_t) = \sum_{\bar{a}_t} \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}_{t-1} \eta(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t, \bar{W}_t) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}), \quad \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}_{t-1} \eta(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t, \bar{W}_t) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}) = \sum_{\bar{a}_t} \mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t, \bar{W}_t) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}) \\
& = \sum_{\bar{a}_t} \mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t, \bar{W}_t) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}), \quad \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}_{t-1} \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t) = \sum_{\bar{a}_t} \mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t, \bar{W}_t) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}), \quad \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}_{t-1} \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t) = \mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t, \bar{W}_t) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}) \\
& \mathbb{E}(h(\bar{A}) \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}), \quad \mathbb{E}(h(\bar{A}) \eta(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t, \bar{W}_t) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}) = \mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t, \bar{W}_t) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}), \\
& \mathbb{E}(h(\bar{A}) \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t) = \mathbb{E}(h(\bar{A}) \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}), \quad \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}_{t-1} \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}) | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t) = \sum_{\bar{a}_t} f(a_1 | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t, \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}) \bar{W}(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t, \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}) \\
& \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t, \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}) f_{\bar{L}}(\bar{L} | \bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_t, \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}) \in m(\bar{A} \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t-1}), \\
& \mathbb{E}(x | y, z) = \mathbb{E}(x | y), \quad \mathbb{E}(x | y) = \mathbb{E}(x | y) \mathbb{E}(h(z) | y), \quad \mathbb{E}(g(u) v | x, y) = \mathbb{E}(g(u) v | x), \quad \mathbb{E}(g(u) v h(y) | x) = \\
& \mathbb{E}(g(u) v | x) \mathbb{E}(h(y) | x)
\end{aligned}$$

W<sub>AZL</sub>

P<sub>ZL</sub>

$$\cancel{W_{OL}} \text{ WOOL POLU} + W_{OL} P_{ILU} = 1$$

$$W_{OL} g_{OLU} + W_{ILU} g_{ILU} = 1$$

$$WOOL = P_{OLU} (1 - W_{OL} P_{ILU})$$

$$P_{OLU} (1 - W_{OL} P_{ILU}) = P_{OLU} (1 - W_{OL} P_{ILU})$$

$$W_{OL} = \left( \frac{P_{ILU}}{P_{OLU}} - \frac{P_{ILU}}{P_{OLU}} \right)^{-1} \left( \frac{1}{P_{OLU}} - \frac{1}{P_{OLU}} \right) = \frac{P_{OLU} - P_{ILU}}{P_{OLU} P_{ILU} - P_{OLU} P_{ILU}}, \quad W_{OL} = \frac{1}{P_{OLU}} \cdot \frac{P_{ILU} P_{OLU} - P_{ILU} P_{OLU}}{P_{OLU}}$$

~~P<sub>OLU</sub> = P<sub>ILU</sub>~~

$$= \frac{P_{ILU} - P_{ILU}}{P_{OLU} P_{ILU} - P_{OLU} P_{ILU}}, \quad W_{ILU} = \frac{g_{OLU} - g_{OLU}}{g_{OLU} g_{ILU} - g_{OLU} g_{ILU}}, \quad W_{ILU} = \frac{g_{ILU} - g_{ILU}}{g_{OLU} g_{ILU} - g_{OLU} g_{ILU}}$$

$$(1 - P_{OLU})(1 - P_{ILU}) - (1 - g_{OLU})(1 - P_{ILU}) = P_{OLU} P_{ILU} - P_{OLU} P_{ILU} - P_{OLU} P_{ILU} + P_{OLU} P_{ILU},$$

$$\frac{1}{W_{OL}} = \frac{P_{OLU} P_{ILU} - P_{OLU} P_{ILU}}{P_{OLU} - P_{ILU}} = P_{OLU} - P_{ILU} + P_{ILU} + P_{OLU} = 1 - \frac{1}{W_{OL}} + \frac{P_{ILU} - P_{ILU}}{P_{ILU} - P_{OLU}} = 1 - \frac{1}{W_{OL}} + \frac{W_{OL}}{W_{ILU}}$$

$$\frac{1}{W_{ILU}} = \frac{P_{OLU} P_{ILU} - P_{OLU} P_{ILU}}{P_{ILU} - P_{OLU}} = 1 - \frac{1}{W_{ILU}} + \frac{P_{OLU} - P_{OLU}}{P_{OLU} - P_{ILU}} = 1 - \frac{1}{W_{ILU}} + \frac{W_{OLU}}{W_{OLU}}, \quad \cancel{W_{OLU}} \frac{W_{ILU}}{W_{OLU}} = \frac{W_{ILU}}{W_{ILU}}$$

$$\frac{W_{OLU}}{W_{ILU}} = -1 + W_{OLU} + W_{OLU} = \frac{W_{OLU}}{W_{ILU}}, \quad W_{OLU} = (W_{OLU} - 1) \left( \frac{1}{W_{ILU}} - 1 \right)^{-1}, \quad \frac{W_{OLU}}{W_{ILU}} = W_{OLU} - 1 + W_{OLU}$$
$$= W_{OLU} - 1 + \frac{W_{ILU}(W_{OLU} - 1)}{1 - W_{ILU}}, \quad \frac{W_{OLU}}{W_{ILU}} = W_{OLU} - 1 + W_{OLU} \frac{W_{ILU}}{W_{ILU}}, \quad W_{OLU} = \left( \frac{1}{W_{ILU}} - 1 - \frac{W_{ILU}}{1 - W_{ILU}} \right)^{-1} (-1)$$

$$\cancel{\left( \frac{W_{ILU}}{1 - W_{ILU}} \right)} = \left( \frac{1}{W_{ILU}} - \frac{1}{1 - W_{ILU}} \right)^{-1} \left( -\frac{1}{1 - W_{ILU}} \right) = \left( 1 - \frac{1 - W_{ILU}}{W_{ILU}} \right)^{-1}, = \left( \frac{1}{W_{ILU}} - 1 - \frac{W_{ILU}}{W_{ILU}} \right)^{-1} \cancel{\frac{1}{W_{ILU}}} = \left( 1 + \frac{W_{ILU}}{W_{ILU}} \right)^{-1}, \quad W_{ILU} = 1, \quad P_{ZL} = g_{ZL} = \frac{1}{2}, \quad P_{ZL} = P(A=0|ZL) = P_{LU} + (-1)^{1-u} S_{LU}, \quad \cancel{W_{OLU} P_{LU}}$$

$$\text{follow } \cancel{W_{OLU} P_{LU} + W_{OLU} (P_{LU} + \delta_{LU}) + h_i W_{OLU} (1 - P_{LU}) + h_i W_{ILU} (1 - P_{LU} - \delta_{LU})} = \cancel{\frac{e}{h_0}}$$

$$P_{LU} (W_{OLU} + W_{ILU}) + W_{OLU} \delta_{LU} + \frac{h_i}{h_0} \{ P_{LU} (-W_{OLU} - W_{ILU}) + W_{OLU} + W_{ILU} (1 - \delta_{LU}) \} = \cancel{\frac{e}{h_0}}$$

$$P_{LU} (W_{OLU} + W_{ILU} - \frac{h_i}{h_0} (W_{OLU} + W_{ILU})) + \delta_{LU} (W_{OLU} - \frac{h_i}{h_0} W_{ILU}) + \frac{h_i}{h_0} (W_{OLU} + W_{ILU}) = \cancel{\frac{e}{h_0}},$$

$$P_{LU} (W_{OLU} + W_{ILU}) + \delta_{LU} W_{OLU} = W_{OLU} (P_{LU} + \delta_{LU}) + P_{LU} W_{OLU} = \frac{e_{h_0, 0}}{h_0}, \quad e_{h_0, 0} \cancel{\frac{1}{h_0}} = e,$$

$$\cancel{P_{LU} \left( \frac{h_i}{h_0} (W_{OLU} + W_{ILU}) \right) + \delta_{LU} \left( W_{OLU} - \frac{h_i}{h_0} W_{ILU} \right) - \frac{h_i}{h_0} (W_{OLU} + W_{ILU}) - W_{OLU} - W_{ILU}} + \frac{h_i}{h_0} (W_{OLU} + W_{ILU}) + \frac{h_i}{h_0} (W_{OLU} + W_{ILU}) - \frac{h_i}{h_0} (W_{OLU} + W_{ILU}) + \frac{h_i}{h_0} \{ (W_{OLU} - 1), = (1 - \frac{h_i}{h_0})^{-1} \left\{ (\frac{1}{2} + (-1)^{1-u} \delta_{LU})^{-1} \frac{h_i}{h_0} - 2 \frac{h_i}{h_0} + \frac{e_{h_0, 0}}{h_0} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{2}{(-1)^{1-u} \delta_{LU} - \frac{1}{2}} + \frac{\frac{e_{h_0, 0}}{h_0} - 2 \frac{h_i}{h_0}}{\frac{h_i}{h_0} - h_0} \quad P_{OLU} (1 - W_{OLU} P_{LU}) = P_{OLU} (1 - W_{OLU} P_{LU}), \quad \frac{P_{OLU} - P_{OLU}}{P_{OLU} P_{ILU} - P_{OLU} P_{ILU}} =$$

$$\frac{P_{OLU} - P_{OLU}}{P_{OLU} P_{ILU} - P_{OLU} P_{ILU}} = \frac{P_{OLU} - P_{OLU}}{g_{OLU} g_{ILU} - g_{OLU} g_{ILU}}, \quad g_{ILU} = \left( \frac{P_{OLU} - P_{OLU}}{g_{OLU}} \right) \left( \frac{g_{OLU} g_{ILU} - g_{OLU} g_{ILU}}{P_{OLU} - P_{OLU}} \right) + \frac{P_{OLU} - P_{OLU}}{P_{OLU} - P_{OLU}}$$

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$$\mathbb{E}(\{A_i=a_i\} w(\bar{ALZ}), \mathbb{E}(h(\bar{A}) w(\bar{ALZ}) | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}) = \mathbb{E}(h(\bar{A}) w(\bar{ALZ})) \mathbb{E}(h(\bar{ALU}_{t-1})) = \mathbb{E}(h(\bar{ALU}_{t-1}) \bar{ALV}_t)$$

$$\mathbb{E}(h(\bar{A}) w(\bar{ALZ}) | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}), \mathbb{E}(h(\bar{A}) w(\bar{ALZ}) | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}, \bar{ALV}_t) = \mathbb{E}(h(\bar{A}) w(\bar{ALZ}) | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}), \cancel{\mathbb{E}(h(\bar{A}) w(\bar{ALZ}) | \bar{ALV}_t)}$$

$$\bar{W}_{t-1} \mathbb{E}(\{A_i=a_i\} w_i | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}, \bar{ALV}_t) = \bar{W}_{t-1} \mathbb{E}(f(a_i | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}, \bar{ALV}_t) w_i | \dots) = \bar{W}_{t-1} \sum_{z_i} f(a_i | z_i, \dots) w_i(z_i) f(z_i | \dots),$$

$$\sum_{z_i} f(a_i | z_i, \dots) w_i(z_i) f(z_i | \dots) \in m(\bar{ALU}_{t-1}),$$

$$P_{00}w_{00} + P_{01}w_{01} = \alpha, P_{10}w_{10} + P_{11}w_{11} = \beta, \text{ by } w_{00} = P_{10}w_{00} + w_{01} - P_{11}w_{01} = \alpha, P_{10} = \\ \frac{w_{01}}{w_{00}} = \frac{w_{00}}{w_{10}}, \cancel{\text{by } w_{01} = \frac{w_{10}}{w_{11}}}, (\alpha=0) \frac{P_{10}}{P_{01}} = -\frac{w_{01}}{w_{00}} = -\frac{w_{11}}{w_{10}}, (1-P_{00}) = -$$

$$P_{11} = \left( w_{11} - \frac{w_{10}}{w_{10}} w_{01} \right)^{-1} \left( \beta - \frac{w_{10}}{w_{10}} (w_{00} - \alpha + w_{01}) \right) \in m(ALZ), \\ (1-P_{01}) \frac{P_{10}}{P_{01}} = \frac{\beta}{w_{10}} = 1 - \frac{P_{00}}{P_{01}} = \frac{\beta}{w_{10}}, P_{00} - P_{01} = -\frac{\beta}{w_{10}} P_{01}, P_{00} = \frac{P_{00}}{P_{01}} = 1 - \frac{\beta}{w_{10}},$$

$$\alpha = \frac{P_{00}}{P_{00}+P_{01}} (w_{00} + w_{01} - \frac{\beta}{w_{10}}), \beta = \frac{w_{10}}{w_{00}} w_{01} + w_{10} = w_{11} + w_{10}, \text{ by } \frac{1-P_{10}}{1-P_{11}} = -\frac{w_{11}}{w_{10}},$$

$$\beta = w_{10} \left( 1 + (1-P_{11}) \frac{w_{11}}{w_{10}} \right) + P_{11}w_{11} = w_{10} + w_{11} (1-P_{11}) + P_{11}w_{11} = w_{10} + w_{11}, \text{ by } P_{00} = \frac{w_{00}}{w_{00}+w_{01}} = \frac{\alpha}{w_{10}}$$

$$\# P_{00} + P_{01}w = P_{10} + P_{11}w = 1 - P_{00} + w = w_{00}, w = \frac{P_{00} - P_{10}}{P_{11} - P_{01}} = \frac{2P_{00} - 1}{2P_{11} - 1}$$

$$P_{00} + P_{01}w = \alpha, P_{10} + P_{11}w = \beta, 1 - P_{00} + (1-P_{01})w = \beta, \cancel{\text{by } w = \frac{1+\beta}{2}}, \cancel{\text{by } w = \frac{\alpha+\beta}{2}}$$

$$\mathbb{E}(Y_{\bar{A}} | A=\bar{a}, \bar{ALV}) = \mathbb{E}(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}, \bar{ALV}) = \mathbb{E}(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}, \bar{ALV}), \mathbb{E}(- | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}) = \mathbb{E}(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{ALU}_{t-1})$$

$$= \mathbb{E}(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}), \text{ set } t, \bar{z}_s \perp\!\!\!\perp (Y_{\bar{a}}, L_{t+1}, U_{t+1}) | \cancel{\bar{ALU}_{t-1}, \bar{ALV}_t}, \bar{z}_s \perp\!\!\!\perp Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{a}_t, \bar{ALU}_{t+1},$$

$$\mathbb{E}(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}) = \mathbb{E}(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}, \bar{z}_s), \mathbb{E}(\bar{ALU}_{t-1}) - \mathbb{E}(z_s | ALU_{t-1}, \bar{z}_s), \mathbb{E}(h(\bar{A}) w(\bar{ALZ}) | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}, \bar{z}_s)$$

$$= \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(h(\bar{A}) w(\bar{ALZ}) | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}, \bar{z}_s) | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}, \bar{z}_s), \mathbb{E}(h(\bar{A}) w(\bar{ALZ}) | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}, \bar{z}_s) = \mathbb{E}(h(\bar{A}) w(\bar{ALZ}) | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}, \bar{z}_s)$$

$$\leq \sum_{z_t} f(a_t | a_{t-1}, z_t, \bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{ALV}) w(\bar{ALZ}) f(z_t | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}, \bar{ALV}) \in m(\bar{ALU}_{t-1}, \bar{z}_s), \in m(\bar{ALV}_{t-1}),$$

$$\mathbb{E}(h(\bar{A}) w(\bar{ALZ}) | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}) \mathbb{E}(P_{\bar{A}=3} w | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}, \bar{ALV}) \in m(\bar{ALV}_{t-1}), \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(P_{\bar{A}=3} w | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}, \bar{ALV}) | \bar{ALU}_{t-2}, \bar{ALV}_{t-2}) \in$$

$$\in m(\bar{ALV}_{t-2}), \mathbb{E}(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}) \mathbb{E}(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}, \bar{ALV}) = \mathbb{E}(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}) = \mathbb{E}(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}), \eta(\bar{ALZ})$$

$$= \sum_{\bar{a}} \{ \bar{a} = \bar{a} \} \left( \mathbb{E}(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{ALV}) - m(\bar{a}) \right) = \sum_{\bar{a}} \bar{a} \sum_{t=1}^T \left( \mathbb{E}(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{ALU}_t) - \mathbb{E}(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{ALU}_{t-1}) \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \mathbb{E} (h(A_{t-1}, A_t) | A_{t-2}, L_{t-1}) = \mathbb{E} (h(A_{t-1}, A_t) | A_{t-2}, L_{t-1}) \cdot \mathbb{P}(A_{t-1} = a_{t-1} | A_{t-2}, L_{t-1}) \\
 & = \mathbb{E} (h(A_{t-1}, A_t) | A_{t-2}, L_{t-1}) \cdot \mathbb{E} (h(A_{t-1}, A_t) | A_{t-2}, L_{t-1}) \\
 & = \mathbb{E} (h(A_{t-1}, A_t) | A_{t-2}, L_{t-1}) \cdot \mathbb{E} (h(A_{t-1}, A_t) | A_{t-2}, L_{t-1}) \\
 & = \mathbb{E} (h(A_{t-1}, A_t) | A_{t-2}, L_{t-1}) \cdot \mathbb{E} (h(A_{t-1}, A_t) | A_{t-2}, L_{t-1}) \\
 & = \mathbb{E} (h(A_{t-1}, A_t) | A_{t-2}, L_{t-1}) \cdot \mathbb{E} (h(A_{t-1}, A_t) | A_{t-2}, L_{t-1}) \\
 & = \mathbb{E} (h(A_{t-1}, A_t) | A_{t-2}, L_{t-1}) \cdot \mathbb{E} (h(A_{t-1}, A_t) | A_{t-2}, L_{t-1}) \\
 & = \mathbb{E} (h(A_{t-1}, A_t) | A_{t-2}, L_{t-1}) \cdot \mathbb{E} (h(A_{t-1}, A_t) | A_{t-2}, L_{t-1}) \\
 & = \mathbb{E} (h(A_{t-1}, A_t) | A_{t-2}, L_{t-1}) \cdot \mathbb{E} (h(A_{t-1}, A_t) | A_{t-2}, L_{t-1}) \\
 & = \mathbb{E} (h(A_{t-1}, A_t) | A_{t-2}, L_{t-1}) \cdot \mathbb{E} (h(A_{t-1}, A_t) | A_{t-2}, L_{t-1}) \\
 & = \mathbb{E} (h(A_{t-1}, A_t) | A_{t-2}, L_{t-1}) \cdot \mathbb{E} (h(A_{t-1}, A_t) | A_{t-2}, L_{t-1})
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \int h(a_t, A_{t-1}) W(A_{t-1}, A_t) f_{A_{t-1}}(a_{t-1}, L_{t-1}) f_{A_t}(a_t | A_{t-1}, L_{t-1}) d\mu_t da_t \\
 & = \int \mathbb{E} (h(w | A_{t-1}, L_{t-1}) f(a_{t-1} | A_{t-2}, L_{t-1}) f(a_{t-2} | A_{t-3}, L_{t-2}) \dots f(a_1 | L_{t-1}) d\mu_{t-1} = C
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\mathbb{E} (h(w | A_{t-1}, L_{t-1}) | A_{t-2}, L_{t-1}, A_{t-3}, L_{t-2}, \dots) = e$$

(33)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{w_{01}}{w_{00}} &= \frac{\frac{w_{01}}{w_{00}} w_{10} - w_{10} - 1}{w_{00}}, \quad \frac{1}{w_{00}} + \frac{1}{w_{10}} = \frac{w_{01}}{w_{00}} - 1, \quad 1 + \frac{w_{01}}{w_{10}} = w_{01} - w_{00}, \quad w_{01} - w_{00} - 1 = \frac{1}{w_{11} - w_{10} - 1}, \quad 1 = \frac{1}{w_{01} - w_{00}} \\
 + \frac{1}{w_{11} - w_{10}}, \quad 1 &= \frac{1}{w_{01} - w_{00}} + \frac{1}{w_{11} - w_{10}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{w_{00}} + \frac{1}{w_{10}} = \frac{1}{w_{01} - w_{00}} + \frac{1}{w_{11} - w_{10}} = r(\ell), \quad w_{00} = w_{10} - \frac{2}{\ell}, \quad r = 2, \quad w_{01} = w_{11} = \frac{4}{\ell} \\
 p_1 &= w_{01}^{-1} (1 - w_{00} p_0) = \frac{\ell}{4} (1 - \frac{2}{\ell} p_0), \quad h_0 w_{00} p_0 + h_1 (w_{00} p_0 + w_{10} p_1) = h_0 (w_{00} p_0 + w_{01} p_1) + h_1 (w_{10} p_0 + w_{11} p_1) = c_n - h_1 (w_{11} \\
 + w_{10}) &= h_0 (\frac{2}{\ell} p_0 + 1 - \frac{2}{\ell} p_0) - h_1 (\frac{2}{\ell} p_0 + 1 - \frac{2}{\ell} p_0) = c_n - h_1 \cdot \frac{6}{\ell}, \quad w_{11} - w_{10} = \frac{w_{11} - w_{10}}{w_{01} - w_{00} - 1} \\
 \frac{w_{10}}{w_{00}} &= \frac{1}{w_{01} - w_{00} - 1}, \quad w_{01} - w_{00} - 1 = \frac{w_{00}}{w_{10}}, \quad w_{01} = w_{00} r(\ell), \quad w_{11} = w_{10} r(\ell), \quad \frac{w_{10}}{w_{00}} = w_{10} r(\ell) + w_{10} - 1, \\
 \frac{1}{w_{10}} &= r(\ell) + 1 - \frac{1}{w_{00}}, \quad w_{00} = \frac{4}{\ell}, \quad r(\ell) = 2, \quad w_{10} = (3 - \frac{\ell}{2})^{-1} = \frac{2}{6-\ell}, \quad p_1 = \frac{\ell}{4} (1 - \frac{2}{\ell} p_0 (r(\ell))) = h_0 (\frac{2}{\ell} p_0 + \\
 1 - \frac{2}{\ell} p_0) + h_1 (\frac{2}{\ell} p_0 + 1 - \frac{2}{\ell} p_0) + \frac{4}{6-\ell} (1 - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} p_0) &= h_0 + \frac{h_1}{6-\ell} (2 - 2p_0 + 4 - \ell + 2p_0), \quad \frac{6}{6-\ell} = \frac{4}{2-\ell} - \\
 \cancel{\frac{2}{2-\ell} - 1}, \quad \cancel{\frac{2}{2-\ell} (1-p_0)} + \cancel{\frac{4}{2-\ell} (1 - \frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} p_0)} &= \cancel{\frac{p_0}{2-\ell} (1-p_0)} - \cancel{\frac{w_{10}}{w_{11}} (p_0 + \frac{1}{w_{10}} + 1 - \frac{w_{11}}{w_{10}})}, \\
 = -\frac{w_{10}}{w_{11}} p_0 - \frac{1}{w_{11}} - \frac{w_{10}}{w_{11}} + 1, \quad p_0 &= \frac{(w_{10} - w_{00})^2}{w_{11} w_{01}} = \frac{1}{w_{01}} = -\frac{1}{w_{11}} - \frac{w_{10}}{w_{11}} + 1, \quad \frac{w_{11}}{w_{01}} = -1 - w_{10} + w_{11}, \\
 -\frac{1}{2} p_0 - \frac{2-\ell}{4} + \frac{1}{2} &= -\frac{1}{2} p_0 + \frac{\ell}{4} = \frac{\ell - 2p_0}{4}, \quad p_1 + \frac{p_0}{2} + \frac{2-p}{4} + \frac{1}{2} \cancel{+ 2}, \quad \frac{2}{2-\ell} (1-p_0) + \cancel{\frac{p_0}{2-\ell} (1 - \frac{2p_0}{\ell})} = \cancel{\frac{1}{2-\ell} (1 - 2p_0 + p)}, \\
 \cancel{p_0} &\cancel{= 2 \frac{\ell}{4} (1 - \frac{2p_0}{\ell}) - \frac{2-p}{2} + 2} = -\frac{\ell}{2} + p_0 - 1 + \frac{1}{2} + 2 = p_0, \\
 h_0 ((w_{00} p_0 + w_{01}) p_0 + w_{01} \delta) &= c, \quad \frac{w_{10}}{w_{11}} = \frac{\beta}{\alpha}, \quad w_{10} (\frac{1}{\alpha} - 1) = w_{11} - 1 \Rightarrow \frac{\beta}{\alpha} w_{10} + \frac{\beta}{\alpha} w_{10} - 1, \\
 w_{10} &= (\frac{1}{\alpha} - 1 - \frac{1}{\alpha})^{-1} = \frac{\alpha}{1-\beta-\alpha}, \quad w_{11} = \frac{\beta}{1-\beta-\alpha}, \quad \alpha p_0 + \beta p_1 = 1, \quad \frac{\alpha}{1-\beta-\alpha} (1-p_0) + \frac{\beta}{1-\beta-\alpha} (1-p_1) = \frac{\alpha+\beta-1}{1-\beta-\alpha}
 \end{aligned}$$



(34)

$$P(L=l | U=u) = \sum_{A \in \mathcal{A}_{L=1}} P(L=l | U=u, A_{\bar{A} \cap L=1}) P(A_{\bar{A} \cap L=1} | U=u) = \sum_{A} \frac{P(\bar{A} \cap L=l, U=u)}{P(U=u | \bar{A} \cap L=l) P(\bar{A} \cap L=l)} \cdot \frac{P(U=u | A_{\bar{A}})}{P(U=u | A_{\bar{A}})}$$

$$\cdot P(\bar{A} \cap L=l) = \sum_{A} \frac{\sum_{l'} P(A=a' | L=l', U=u)}{P(U=u | A=a)} \cdot \frac{P(U=u | A_{\bar{A}})}{P(U=u | A_{\bar{A}})} = \sum_{A} \sum_{l'} P(A=a' | L=l', U=u) P(A=a' | L=l')$$

$$\sum_u P(A=a | L=l, U=u) P(U=u | L=l) = \sum_u P(A=a | L=l, U=u) \cdot \frac{P(A=a | L=l)}{P(A=a | L=l)}, \quad \text{if } \frac{A(L - E(L | A))}{f(A | L)} =$$

$$E_2 \left( \frac{A(L - E(L | A))}{f(A | L)} \right) = E_2 \left( \frac{E(A + 1) - 1}{f(A | L)} \right) = E_2(L - E(L | A)) = E_2(L, E(L | A)), \quad E \left( \{A_i = a_i\} | A_i = a_i \right)$$

$$\frac{E(L_2 - E(L_2 | A_1))}{f(A_2 | L_2) f(A_1 | L_1)} = E \left( E(\dots | L_2, A_1) \right) = E \left( \{A_i = a_i\} \frac{L_2 - E(L_2 | A_1)}{f(A_2 | L_2)} \right) = E \left( E(\dots | L, A_1) \right)$$

$$= E \left( \{A_i = a_i\} \frac{E(L_2 | A_1) - E(L_2 | A_1)}{f(A_2 | L_2)} \right), \quad P(\text{not } E(L | A = a)) = \sum_b P(E(L | A = a, B = b)) P(B = b) = E_2 \left( E(L | A_1 = a, B = 0) \right)$$

$$P(\text{not } E(L | A_1 = a)) = P_B E(L | A_1 = a) = (1-P_B) P_L^{A_1=1} (1-P_L)^{A_1=0} + P_B \frac{1}{2},$$

$$N + N_1 = P_1 S_0 + (1-P_1) S_1 + P_2 S_1 + (1-P_2) S_0 = S_0 + S_1, \quad \frac{\gamma_0^2}{S_0^2} + \frac{\gamma_1^2}{S_1^2} = (\delta_0^2 + \delta_1^2 + \gamma_1^2 - 2\delta_0\delta_1 - 2\delta_0\gamma_1 - 2\delta_1\gamma_1) f_0^2 + \frac{\gamma_1^2}{S_1^2}$$

$$= 1 + \frac{2\delta_0^2 + \delta_1^2}{S_1^2} - 2\delta_0^{-2} (\delta_0\delta_1 + \delta_0\gamma_1 + \delta_1\gamma_1), \quad \frac{\gamma_0^2}{S_0^2} + \frac{\gamma_1^2}{S_1^2} = 1 + \frac{2\gamma_1^2}{S_0^2} \Rightarrow E \left( \frac{(E_A (-1)^{1-2x})}{P_A \Delta(a_t | \bar{A} \bar{z}_{t+1}) \bar{U}_t} f_0^2 (z_t | \bar{A} \bar{z}_{t+1} \bar{U}_t) \right)$$

$$= E \left( E(\dots | \bar{A} \bar{z}_{t+1}, \bar{U}_t) \right) =$$



$g: A \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ ,  $g: a \mapsto \inf_{b \in B} d(a, b)$ ,  $g \in C^0$ ,  $\inf(\text{Im } g) = 0 \Rightarrow \{a_n\} \subset A$ ,  $\{b_n\} \subset B$ ,  $d(a_n, b_n) \rightarrow 0$

$\Rightarrow a_n \in B = \bar{B}$ . ( $g \in C^0$ )  $b \in B: d(a, b) < g(a) + \varepsilon$ ,  $\exists R \ni |a-a'| < \delta \Rightarrow d(a', b) < \delta + g(a) + \varepsilon$ ,

$|g(a) - g(a')| < \delta + \varepsilon$   $\#1$  ~~and~~  $z_n := \{z \in \mathbb{C}: f^{(n)}(z) = 0\}$ ,  $|z_n| = \infty$ ,  $|V_n z_n| = \infty$ ,

$\Rightarrow n: z_n = \emptyset$   $\#2$   $g \neq 0 \Rightarrow f \equiv 0$ ,  $(g \neq 0) \wedge z \in \text{Z}(g) \Rightarrow r$ ,  $(D(z; r)/z) \cap \text{Z}(g) = \emptyset$ ,  $z \in D(z, r)$ ,  $z \neq z \Rightarrow |\frac{f(z)}{A+Bz}| \leq 1$ ,

~~so~~  $\exists n: f(z_n) = 0$   $\#3$   $f \in H(D(0, r))$ ,  $r > 0$ ,  $|f^{(n)}(0)| \leq \frac{n! (A+Bz_n)^k}{r^n}$

~~so~~  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n! A}{r^n} + B r^{k-n} \rightarrow 0$   $\#4$   $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n z^n$ ,  $f(z) = \sum_{j=0}^k c_j z^j$   $\#4$   $\int_D \frac{(f-f_n)(w)}{w-z} dw = 0$

$-f_n(z) \rightarrow 0$   $\#5$   $\text{Ind}_f(z) = (f-f_n)(z) \int_D \frac{1}{w-z} dw \rightarrow 0$ ,  $\int_D \frac{(f-f_n)(w)-(f-f_m)(z)}{w-z} dw$

$\rightarrow 0$ ,  $\frac{(f-f_n)(w)-(f-f_m)(z)}{w-z} \xrightarrow{w \rightarrow z} (f-f_n)'(z)$ ,  $\sup_{w \in D} \sup_{z \in D} \left| \frac{(f-f_n)(w)-(f-f_m)(z)}{w-z} \right| \leq M$ ,

$(f-f_m)(z) = \int_{z \rightarrow w} (f-f_n)(z) dz' = \int_0^1 (w-z)(f-f_n)(z'(t)) dt$ ,  $f-f_m(z) = f(z) + (z-t)$

$f(w) - f(z) = \int_{z \rightarrow w} f(z) dz = (w-z) \int_0^1 f(z(t)) dt$ ,  $\int_D \frac{f(w)}{w-z} dw = \int_D \left( \frac{f(z)}{w-z} + \int_0^1 f'(z(t)) dt \right) dw$

$= \text{Res}(f, z) + \int_D \int_0^1 f'(z(t)) dt dw$ ,  $\int_D \frac{f(w)}{w-z} = \int_D \frac{f(w)-f(z)}{w-z} + \int_D \frac{f(z)}{w-z}$

$D(1, 1) = \{1+re^{i\theta}: 0 \leq r \leq 1, 0 \leq \theta < 2\pi\}$ ,  $1+rcos\theta + i rsin\theta = (1+2rcos\theta + r^2)^{1/2} \exp(i \tan^{-1} \frac{rsin\theta}{1+rcos\theta})$ ,  $\Omega = \{x+iy:$

$x = \log(1+r^2+2rcos\theta)^{1/2}$ ,  $y = \tan^{-1} \frac{rsin\theta}{1+rcos\theta}$ ,  $0 \leq r \leq 1$ ,  $0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$ ,  $\frac{1}{1+rcos\theta + 2rcos\theta} = \frac{1}{1+r^2+2rcos\theta}$

$r_0 + 2rcos\theta_0 = r_1 + 2cos\theta_1$ ,  $\tan^{-1} \frac{r_0 sin\theta_0}{1+r_0 cos\theta_0} - \tan^{-1} \frac{r_1 sin\theta_1}{1+r_1 cos\theta_1} = 2\pi k$ ,  $-\pi/2 < \tan^{-1} \frac{r_0 sin\theta_0}{1+r_0 cos\theta_0} < \pi/2$ ,  $r_0 sin\theta_0 +$

$r_0 r_1 sin\theta_0 cos\theta_1 = r_1 sin\theta_1 + r_0 r_1 sin\theta_0 cos\theta_0$ ,  $e^{x+iy} = e^{x'+iy'} \Rightarrow x = x'$ ,  $y = y' + 2\pi k$ ,  $\text{sgn} \{y-y'\}$ ,

$x+iy, x'+iy' \in \Omega \Rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi}{2}$ .  $\Omega_k = \{x+i(y+2\pi k): x+iy \in \Omega\}$ ,  $\frac{\log(w) - \log(z)}{w-z} = \frac{\log w - \log z}{\exp(iy+2\pi k) - \exp(iy)}$

$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{w-z} \log z = \frac{1}{z} \Leftrightarrow \frac{\log w - \log z}{w-z} \approx \frac{1}{z}$ ,  $n! a_n = \frac{1}{z} \left( \frac{1}{z} \right)^{n-1} \Big|_{z=1} = (-1)^n n! z^{-n-1} \Big|_{z=1} = (-1)^n n!$ ,  $a_n = (-1)^n$

$\frac{1}{z} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n c_n (z-1)^{n-1} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (n+1) c_{n+1} (z-1)^n$ ,  $c_{n+1} = \frac{(-1)^n}{n+1}$ ,  $c_n = \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{n}$   $\#6$   $(n \geq 0)$ ,  $c_0 = \log 1 = 0$

$\frac{1}{z} \frac{1}{w-z} \int_D \frac{f(w)}{w-z} dw = \lim_{\xi \rightarrow z} \frac{1}{\xi-z} \int_D \left( \frac{f(w)}{w-\xi} - \frac{f(w)}{w-z} \right) dw = \lim_{\xi \rightarrow z} \int_D f(w) \left( \frac{\xi-z - w-z}{\xi-z} \right) dw$ ,  $\sup_{\xi \in D} |f(\xi)| = \infty$ ,

$\sup_{w \in D} \sup_{z \in D} \frac{|\xi-z - w-z|}{|\xi-z|} < \infty$



$$f(t) = \begin{cases} \pi, & |t| < 1 \\ 0, & |t| \geq 1 \end{cases}, \quad \int f(t) e^{itx} dt = 2 \int_0^\infty f(t) \cos(tx) dt = 2 \int_0^\infty \pi \cos(tx) dt = 2\pi \frac{\sin x}{x}.$$

$$|R(x)| \leq \frac{C}{x^2}, \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} R(x) = \lim_{A \rightarrow \infty} \int_{-A}^A R(x) \{ |x| < A \}, \quad \int_A^{\infty} R(x) = \int_{-A}^A R(x) + \int_A^{\infty} R(Ae^{it}) Aie^{it} dt,$$

$$|R(Ae^{it}) Aie^{it}| = A \left| \frac{P(z)}{A^2 e^{2it}} \right| = \frac{PC}{A^2}, \quad \int_A^{\infty} R(x) \rightarrow \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} R(x), \quad = 2\pi i \sum_{a: R(a)=0} \text{Res}(R; a).$$

$$z^4 + 1 = (z^2 + i)(z^2 - i) = (z + i\sqrt{2})(z - i\sqrt{2})(z + i)(z - i) = (z + ie^{i\pi/4})(z - ie^{i\pi/4})(z + i)(z - i), \quad \frac{P(z)}{(z - r_j)} = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} c_j (z - r_0)^{j-1} = \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} c_{j+1} (z - r_0)^j,$$

$$\frac{P(z)}{\prod_{j=1}^m (z - r_j)} = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} c_j (z - r_0)^{j-1} = \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} c_{j+1} (z - r_0)^j, \quad \text{Res}\left(\frac{P(z)}{\prod_{j=1}^m (z - r_j)}; r_0\right) = c_0 = \frac{P(r_0)}{\prod_{j=1}^m (r_0 - r_j)}, \quad \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{x^2 + 1} dx$$

$$\approx \frac{(ie^{i\pi/4})^2}{-2ie^{i\pi/4}(-ie^{i\pi/4}+i)(-ie^{i\pi/4}-i)} + \frac{(ie^{i\pi/4})^2}{2ie^{i\pi/4}(ie^{i\pi/4}+i)(ie^{i\pi/4}-i)} + \frac{-ie^{i\pi/4}}{(-i+ie^{i\pi/4})(-i-ie^{i\pi/4})(-2i)} + \frac{(ie^{i\pi/4})^2}{(ie^{i\pi/4})^3(i+1)(-1-i)(-1-i)}$$

$$+ \frac{(ie^{i\pi/4})^2}{(ie^{i\pi/4})^3((i+1)(-1-i)\cdot 2)} - \frac{ie^{i\pi/4}}{ie^{i\pi/4}}, \quad \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{x^2 + 1} dx = \frac{-e^{i\pi/2}}{2ie^{i\pi/4}^3(i+1)(i-1)}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{i\pi/2}}{2e^{i3\pi/4}(-i+1)(i+1)} = -\frac{1}{2e^{i3\pi/4}(-2)} + \frac{i}{2e^{i3\pi/4}} = \frac{1+i}{4e^{i3\pi/4}} = \frac{1+i}{4(-\sqrt{2}+i\sqrt{2})} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \frac{i+1}{i-1} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \cdot 2i = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} i$$

$$\text{Res}(f; i) = \frac{e^{-t}}{2i}, \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{e^{itx}}{1+x^2} dt = \pi i e^{-t}, \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) e^{itx} dt = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} ie^{-t+itx} dt = \frac{\pi}{ix-1} e^{t(ix-1)} \Big|_{-\infty}^{\infty}, \quad e^{itx} e^{itx}$$

$$= e^{-t\cos \theta - it\sin \theta} \Big|_{t \rightarrow 0} \quad \Rightarrow \quad z = 0 \Leftrightarrow \theta \in \pi, \quad t > 0, \quad \text{Res}(f; -i) = \frac{e^t}{-2i}, \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{e^{itx}}{1+x^2} dt = \frac{\pi}{ix+1} e^{t(ix+1)} \Big|_{-\infty}^{\infty}, \quad e^{itx} e^{itx}$$

$$\text{atan}(x) \Big|_{-\infty}^{\infty} = \frac{\pi}{2} \pi, \quad f(t) = \begin{cases} e^{-t/2} & (t \geq 0) \\ \frac{1}{2} & (t=0) \\ +e^{t/2} & (t < 0) \end{cases}, \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) e^{itx} dt = \int_{-\infty}^0 -\frac{1}{2} e^{t/2} + \frac{1}{2} e^{t/2} e^{itx} dt + \int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} e^{-t/2} e^{itx} dt =$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( + \int_{itx}^0 e^{t(1+ix)} dt \Big|_{-\infty}^0 + \int_{itx}^0 e^{t(ix-1)} dt \Big|_0^{\infty} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left( \cancel{\int_{itx}^0 e^{t(1+ix)}} + \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{1}{1+ix} - \frac{1}{ix-1} \right) \right) = \frac{\pi \tan x}{x^2 + 1} \quad \text{if } g(x) =$$

$$\sum_{j=0}^{\infty} c_j (z-a)^j, \quad f(x) = \frac{g(x)}{(z-a)^m} = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} c_j (z-a)^{j-m} = \sum_{j=-m}^{\infty} c_{j+m} (z-a)^j, \quad \text{Res}(f; a; i) = c_{m-1} = \frac{1}{(m-1)!} \cancel{g^{(m-1)}(0)},$$

$$\frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\gamma} \frac{e^z - e^{-z}}{z^4} dz = \text{Res}(e^z - e^{-z}; 0) = \frac{1}{3!} (e^z + e^{-z}) \Big|_{z=0} = \frac{1}{3} \quad \text{if } (z-\alpha)(z-\bar{\alpha}) = z^2 - z(\frac{1}{2} + \alpha) + 1, \quad \Big|_{z=e^{i\theta}}$$

$$= \cos 2\theta + i \sin 2\theta - (\cos \alpha + i \sin \alpha)(\frac{1}{2} + \alpha) + 1, \quad \int_{\gamma} \frac{1}{(z-\alpha)(z-\bar{\alpha})} dz = \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{ie^{i\theta}}{e^{2i\theta} - z(\frac{1}{2} + \alpha) + 1} d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{ia}{ae^{i\theta} - \frac{1}{4} - \alpha^2 + \alpha e^{i\theta}} d\theta$$

$$= \frac{-ia}{2\pi i \alpha} \frac{d\theta}{1 - \alpha^2}, \quad (|\alpha| < 1) \quad \int_{\gamma} \frac{1}{z-\alpha} dz = 2\pi i \text{Res}(-; \alpha) = \frac{2\pi i}{\alpha - \bar{\alpha}} = \frac{2\pi i \alpha}{\alpha^2 - 1}, \quad \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{1 + \alpha^2 - 2\alpha \cos \theta} = \frac{1}{\alpha^2 - 1} \quad (|\alpha| > 1)$$

$$\frac{1}{1-\alpha^2} (|\alpha| < 1) \quad \text{if } -4 \sin^2 \alpha = (e^{iz} - e^{-iz})^2 e^{i\alpha z} = (e^{(2+\alpha)iz} - e^{(2-\alpha)iz}) e^{iz} =$$



Rudin #3

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left( e^{tR(t+2)i} R e^{i\theta} - 2e^{itR e^{i\theta}} + e^{(t-2)i} R e^{i\theta} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} \left( e^{tiR(t+2) \cos \theta} e^{-(t+2)R \sin \theta} - 2e^{itR \cos \theta} e^{-tR \sin \theta} \right)$$

$$+ e^{i(t-2)R\cos\theta} e^{-i(t-2)R\sin\theta} \Big) = \frac{1}{2} \left( e^{itR\cos\theta} e^{-tR\sin\theta} \left( e^{i2R\cos\theta} e^{-2R\sin\theta} - 2 + e^{-i2R\cos\theta} e^{i2R\sin\theta} \right) \right),$$

$$\sin \theta > 0 \Rightarrow t^2 > 0, \quad \sin \theta < 0 \Rightarrow t^2 < 0, \quad (t=0) \left( \frac{\sin^2}{z} \right)^2 = -\frac{1}{4z^2} (e^{iz} - e^{-iz})^2 = -\frac{1}{4z^2} (e^{2iz} + e^{-2iz} - 2) = -\frac{1}{4z^2} (e^{2i(t+y)} + e^{-2i(t+y)} - 2)$$

$$+ e^{-2i(x+iy)} \cdot 2) = -\frac{1}{4} \left( e^{-2y} e^{ix} + e^{2y} e^{i(-2x)} - 2 \right) / ((x^2 - y^2) + i2xy),$$

$$t e^{-2iz} e^{i\theta A}) = -\frac{Ai}{4} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} e^{iA(t\cos\theta - \theta)} e^{-At\sin\theta} (e^{i2A\cos\theta} e^{-2Asin\theta} + e^{-i2A\cos\theta} e^{2Asin\theta} - 2),$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x = t \sin \theta > 0, t > 0, \\ A & x < 0, \\ -A & x = t \sin \theta < 0, t > 0, \\ 0 & x = t \sin \theta > 0, t < 0, \\ -A & x > 0, \\ A & x = t \sin \theta < 0, t < 0, \end{cases}$$

$$f(s) := \int_{\Gamma_A} z^{-2} e^{isz^2}, \quad f(s) = \int_{-\pi}^0 iA^{-1} e^{-i\theta} e^{isAe^{i\theta}} d\theta = \int_{-\pi}^0 iA^{-1} e^{isA(\cos\theta - sA\sin\theta)} d\theta \quad \text{as } A \rightarrow \infty$$

$$s = \sin \theta > 0, \quad s < 0, \quad \varphi(s) = - \int_0^{\pi} i A' e^{i(sA \cos \theta - \theta)} e^{-sA \sin \theta} d\theta + \text{Res}(z^{-2} e^{isz}; 0) \xrightarrow[A \rightarrow \infty]{} \text{Res}( )$$

$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-itx} f(x) dx = \int_0^{\pi} e^{itx} f(x) dx + \int_{\pi}^{2\pi} e^{itx} f(x) dx + \int_{2\pi}^{\infty} e^{itx} f(x) dx$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\sin x}{x}\right)^2 e^{itx} dt = \begin{cases} \frac{\pi}{2}(t+2), & \text{if } t < -2 \\ 0, & \text{if } t > 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^{i \cos t x} + \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} i \sin t x = \left| \frac{1}{x} \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin t x \right|^2 + i \frac{\pi}{2} \left( t \left( -\frac{1}{x} \cos t x \right) \Big|_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} + \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1}{x} \cos t x \right) = \frac{\pi}{x} 2 \sin^2 x +$$

$$\int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left( 4 \cos 2x + \frac{1}{x} 2 \sin 2x \right) dx = \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{-2}^2 f(t) e^{itx} dt = \frac{2}{\pi} \left[ \int_{-2}^0 (t+2) e^{itx} dt + \int_0^2 (2-t) e^{itx} dt \right] = \left( \int_{-2}^0 + \int_0^2 \right) t e^{itx} dt$$

$$+ 2 \int_{-2}^2 e^{itx} dt = \left[ \frac{t}{ix} e^{itx} \right]_{-2}^0 + \left[ \frac{1}{ix} e^{itx} \right]_{-2}^0 - \frac{1}{ix} \int_{-2}^0 e^{itx} dx + 4 \int_0^2 \cos tx dx = \frac{2}{ix} e^{-i2x} - \frac{2}{ix} e^{i2x} + \frac{1}{x^2} e^{itx} \Big|_0^0$$

$$+ \frac{4}{x} \sin tx \Big|_0^2 = -\frac{2}{ix} (2i \sin 2x + \frac{4}{x} \sin 2x + \frac{1}{x^2} (1 - e^{-i2x} - e^{i2x})) = \frac{2 \cos 2x}{x^2} + \frac{2(0 - x - x^2)}{x^2} = \frac{2 - 4 \sin 2x}{x^2}$$

$$= \frac{2 - 2 \cos 2x}{x^2} = \frac{4 \sin x}{x^2} \quad \#12$$

$$= 2\pi i \operatorname{Res} \left( \frac{1}{1+z^n}; e^{i\frac{\pi}{n}} \right) \sim \left( \int_0^R \frac{1}{1+x^n} \right) \left( \overline{i} e^{i\frac{2\pi}{n}} \right), \quad \int_R^\infty \frac{1}{1+x^n} = \frac{2\pi i \operatorname{Res}((1+z^n)^{-1}; e^{i\frac{\pi}{n}})}{1-e^{i2\pi/n}}, \quad \text{as } (1+z^n)^{-1}$$

$$= \left( \prod_{j=1}^{n_2} \frac{1}{(z - e^{i\frac{\pi}{n_j}})(z - e^{-i\frac{\pi}{n_j}})} \right)^{-1} (2^n), \quad = \left( (z+1) \prod_{j=1}^{n_2} \frac{1}{(z - e^{i\frac{\pi}{n_j}})(z - e^{-i\frac{\pi}{n_j}})} \right)^{-1} (2^n), \quad \text{Res} = \left( 1 e^{i\frac{\pi}{n_1}} - e^{-i\frac{\pi}{n_1}} \right).$$

$$\prod_{j=2}^{N_2} \left( (e^{i\pi n_j} - e^{i\pi n_j}) (e^{i\pi n_j} + e^{-i\pi n_j}) \right)^{-1} = \left( (2i \sin(\pi n_j)) e^{i\pi n_j(N_2-1)} \prod_{j=1}^{N_2-1} ((1-e^{i\pi n_j})(1-e^{-i\pi n_j})) \right)^{-1} = \left( (2i \sin(\pi n_j)) \cdot i e^{-i\frac{\pi}{2}n_j} \prod_{j=1}^{N_2-1} \right)$$

$$+1\Big)^{-1} = e^{-i\frac{\pi}{n}} \left( 2 \sin \frac{\pi}{n} + 2^{2-1} \prod_{j=1}^{2^n-1} (1 - \cos \frac{\pi j}{n}) \right)^{-1}, \quad \text{Res} = \lim_{z \rightarrow e^{\frac{i\pi}{n}}} \frac{z - e^{\frac{i\pi}{n}}}{1 + z^n} = \lim_{z \rightarrow e^{\frac{i\pi}{n}}} (nz^{n-1})^{-1}$$



Rudin #4

$$\text{Res} = \frac{i}{n e^{i\pi n}} = -\frac{1}{n} e^{i\pi n}, \quad \left| \frac{1}{1+x^n} \right| = \frac{-2\pi i e^{i\pi n}}{n(1-e^{i2\pi n})} = \frac{-2\pi i}{n(e^{-i\pi n}-e^{i\pi n})} = \frac{\pi 2\pi i}{2\pi n \cos(\pi n)} = \frac{n\pi}{nsin(\pi n)} \quad \#13$$

$$f(z) - f(z_0) = \cancel{f'(z_0)}(z-z_0)(f(z_0) + g(z)), \quad h(z) - h(z_0) = \cancel{g(w)} - g(w_0) = (z-z_0)(h(z_0) + \eta(z_0)),$$

$$\frac{g(w)-g(w_0)}{w-w_0} = \frac{h'(z_0)+\eta(z)}{f'(z_0)+\varepsilon(z)} \underset{w \rightarrow w_0}{\rightarrow} \frac{h'}{f'}(z_0) \Leftarrow f' \in C_0(\text{Im } f). \quad f \notin H(\Omega), \quad g=c, \quad h=c. \quad \#14$$

$$f(w) = (w-w_0)^m \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} c_j (w-w_0)^j \Leftrightarrow (w-w_0)^m f_0(w), \quad f_0(w_0) \neq 0, \quad g(z) = (\varphi(z) - \varphi(z_0))^m f_0(\varphi(z)), \quad f_0(\varphi(z_0)) =$$

$$f_0(w_0) \neq 0, \quad = (\varphi'(z_0) + \varepsilon(z))^m (z-z_0)^m f_0(\varphi(z)) \underset{z \rightarrow z_0}{=} (z-z_0)^m f_0(\varphi(z)), \quad f_0(\varphi(z_0)) = (\varphi'(z_0))^m f_0(w) \neq 0,$$

$$\varphi'(z_0) + \varepsilon(z) = \frac{\varphi(z) - \varphi(z_0)}{z-z_0} \in H(\Omega). \quad \varphi'(z) = (z-z_0)^k \varphi(z), \quad \varphi(z_0) \neq 0, \quad \text{if } \varphi(z) = ((z-z_0)^k \varphi(z) + \varepsilon(z))^m$$

$$\cancel{(z-z_0)^m f_0(z)} \quad \cancel{f_0} = (z-z_0)^{km} \varphi(z)^m \left( 1 + \frac{\varepsilon(z)}{(z-z_0)^k \varphi(z)} \right)^m (z-z_0)^m f_0(z) = (z-z_0)^{(k+1)m} \left\{ \left( \varphi(z) + \frac{\varepsilon(z)}{(z-z_0)^k} \right)^m \right.$$

$$\cdot f_0(z) \} \underset{z \rightarrow z_0}{=} (z-z_0)^{(k+1)m} f_2(z), \quad f_2(z_0) \neq 0, \quad \text{if } \frac{\varepsilon(z)}{(z-z_0)^k} = \frac{\varphi(z) - \varphi(z_0)}{(z-z_0)^{k+1}} \text{ is analytic:} \quad \frac{\varphi'(z) + \varepsilon(z)}{(z-z_0)^k},$$

$$\varepsilon(z) = \frac{\varphi(z) - \varphi(z_0)}{z-z_0} - \varphi'(z_0), \quad (z-z_0)\varepsilon(z) = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} c_j (z-z_0)^j - c_0 - (z-z_0) \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} (j+1) c_{j+1} (z-z_0)^j = \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} (1-j) c_j (z-z_0)^j \text{ analytic,}$$

$$\varepsilon(z) = \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} (1-j) c_j (z-z_0)^{j-1} = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} (1-j) c_{j+1} (z-z_0)^j, \quad \cancel{\varphi(z) = \sum_{j=m}^{\infty} c_j (z-z_0)^j}, \quad c_0 = \dots = c_{m-1} = 0 \quad \varphi'(z) = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} (j+1) c_{j+1} \cdot$$

$$(z-z_0)^j, \quad \text{if } m-1 = \dots = c_m = 0, \quad \frac{\varepsilon(z)}{(z-z_0)^m} \in H(\Omega), \quad f_2 \in H(\Omega) \quad \#15 \quad g(z,w) := \frac{\varphi(z, w) - \varphi(w, w_0)}{z-w}$$

$$(z \neq w), \quad = \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial z}(z, w) \quad (z=w), \quad z_0 \in X, \quad g: \Omega \times \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{C}, \quad \Rightarrow \quad g \in C_0(\Omega \times \Omega), \quad \#16 \quad N :=$$

$$\sup_{w, t \in \mathbb{K} \times K} |g(z, w)|, \quad \left| \frac{\varphi(z, t) - \varphi(w, t)}{z-w} \right| \leq \left| \frac{\varphi(z, t_0) - \varphi(w, t_0)}{z-w} \right| + \left| \frac{\varphi(z, t) - \varphi(z, t_0) - \varphi(w, t) + \varphi(w, t_0)}{z-w} \right|$$

$$\leq \#N + \left| \frac{\varphi(z, t) - \varphi(w, t) - (\varphi(z, t_0) - \varphi(w, t_0))}{z-w} \right| \left( \#\{ |z-w| > \delta \} + \dots + \#\{ |z-w| < \delta \} \right) \leq N + \frac{2M}{\delta}$$

$$+ \dots + \left| \frac{\varphi(z, t) - \varphi(w, t)}{z-w} \right| = |\varphi'(w, t) + \varepsilon(z, t)| \leq \frac{M}{\delta} + \sup_{|z-w| < \delta} |\varepsilon(z, t)|,$$

$$\varepsilon(z, t) = \varphi(z, t) - \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} c_j^{(t)} (z-w)^j, \quad \cancel{\frac{\varphi(z, t) - \varphi(w, t)}{z-w}} = \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} c_j^{(t)} (z-w)^{j-1}, \quad \varepsilon(z, t) = \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} c_j^{(t)} (z-w)^{j-1}$$

$$- \sum_{j=2}^{\infty} j c_j^{(t)} (z-w)^{j-1} = \sum_{j=2}^{\infty} (1-j) c_j^{(t)} (z-w)^{j-1}, \quad \left| \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} c_j^{(t)} (z-w)^{j-1} \right| \leq \left| \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \frac{c_j^{(t)}}{j!} (z-w)^{j-1} \right| \leq$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \frac{M}{\delta^j} |(z-w)^{j-1}|, \quad \left| \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} c_j^{(t)} (z-w)^{j-1} \right| \leq \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} |j| c_j^{(t)} (z-w)^{j-1}, \quad \sum_{j=2}^{\infty} |(1-j) c_j^{(t)} (z-w)^{j-1}|$$

$$\leq \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} |(j+1) c_{j+2}^{(t)} (z-w)^j| \leq |z-w| \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} |(j+2)(j+1) c_{j+2}^{(t)} (z-w)^j| = |z-w| \sum_{j=2}^{\infty} |(j+1) c_{j+1}^{(t)} (z-w)^{j-1}|, \quad \sum_{j=2}^{\infty} |c_j| = \sum_j \left| \frac{\varphi^{(n)}(z, t)}{j!} \right|$$

$$\leq \sum_j \frac{\|\varphi(z, t)\|_{\infty}}{\delta^j} =: M_0 < \infty, \quad \sup_{|z-w| < \delta} \left| \frac{\varphi(z, t) - \varphi(w, t)}{z-w} \right| \leq \delta \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} c_j^{(t)} \leq \delta M_0 \quad \#16$$



Given  $t \geq -1$ ,  $\Omega_t := \mathbb{C} \setminus \bigcup_{y \leq -t} B(y; t)$ ,  $f \in H(\Omega_t)$ ,  $f \in H(\mathbb{C} \setminus (-\infty, -1])$ .  $e^{tx+iy} = e^{tx} e^{ity}$

$\Omega_\infty := \{z : \operatorname{Re} z \leq 0\}$ ,  $\left| \frac{e^{tz}}{1+t^2} \right| \leq e^{-\operatorname{Re} z}$ ,  $\Omega_M := \{z : |\operatorname{Re} z| < M\}$ ,  $\forall z \in H(\Omega_M)$ ,

$h \in H(\mathbb{C})$  //  $\frac{f'(z)}{f(z)} = \frac{m(a)}{z-a} z^p + \frac{h'(z)}{h(z)} z^p$ ,  $\frac{h'(z)}{h(z)} z^p \in H(\Omega_M \cap D(a, r))$ ,  $(z-a) \frac{m(z-a)^{m-1}}{(z-a)^m} z^p$

$\rightarrow m(a) = \operatorname{Res}_a \left( \frac{f'}{f} z^p \right)$ ,  $\text{Res}_a \int_Y \frac{f'}{f} z^p dz = \sum_a \operatorname{Res} \left( \frac{f'}{f} z^p, a \right) = \sum_a m(a) a^p$ ,  $\frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_Y \frac{f'}{f} \phi(z) dz$

$= \sum_a m(a) \phi(a)$  //  $\left( \frac{f'}{f} - \frac{g'}{g} \right) \left( \frac{1}{z} \right) = 0$ ,  $\left( \frac{f'}{f} - \frac{g'}{g} \right)' = 0$ ,  $f'g - fg' = 0$ ,  $f = c \cdot g$  //

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$$(u_x v + u v_x)_x + (u_y v + u v_y)_y = u_{xx} v + u_x v_x + u v_{xx} + u_{yy} v + 2 u_y v_y + u v_{yy} = 2(u_x v_x + u_y v_y) = 0, \quad u_x^2 + u_y^2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow u_x = u_y = 0, \quad u = c, \quad |f|^2 = u^2 + v^2 = 0, \quad 2(u_x u_x + v v_x)_x + 2(u_y v_y + v v_y)_y = 2(u_x^2 + u u_{xx} + v_x^2 + v v_{xx} + u_y^2 + u u_{yy} + v_y^2 + v v_{yy}) = 2(u(u_{xx} + u_{yy}) + v(v_{xx} + v_{yy}) + u_x^2 + v_x^2 + u_y^2 + v_y^2) = 2(u L(u) + v L(v) + |f_x|^2 + |f_y|^2) = 2(|f_x|^2 + |f_y|^2) = 0, \quad f_x = f_y = 0, \quad f = c // \quad f_x = f_y \Rightarrow u_{xx} + u_{yy} = v_{xx} + v_{yy} = 0$$

$$f^2 = u^2 - v^2 + i(2uv), \quad 2(u_x - v v_x)_x + 2(u_y - v v_y)_y = 2(u_x^2 + u u_{xx} - v_x^2 - v v_{xx} + u_y^2 + u u_{yy} - v_y^2 - v v_{yy}) = 2(u_x^2 + u_y^2 - v_x^2 - v_y^2) = 0, \quad u_x^2 + u_y^2 = v_x^2 + v_y^2, \quad (u_x v + u v_x)_x + (u_y v + u v_y)_y = u_x v_x + 2 u_y v_y = 0,$$

$$-\frac{u_x}{v_y} = \frac{v_y}{v_x}, \quad u_y \left( 1 + \frac{v_y^2}{v_x^2} \right) = v_x^2 + v_y^2, \quad u_y (v_x^2 + v_y^2) = v_x^2 (v_x^2 + v_y^2), \quad u_y = \pm v_x, \quad u_x = \mp v_y //$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} u_{xx} & u_{xy} \\ u_{yx} & u_{yy} \end{vmatrix} = -u_{xx}^2 - u_{xy}^2 < 0, \quad \text{sketch} // \quad u = \operatorname{Re} f, \quad u_{xxx} + u_{xyy} = 0, \quad u_{yyy}$$

$$\therefore u_{xy} = u_{yyx}, \quad L(u_x) = (u_{xx} + u_{yy})_x = 0 - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + r^2}}, \quad \theta_x = \tan^{-1} \frac{y}{x}, \quad \frac{y}{x} = \tan \theta, \quad -\frac{y}{x^2} = \sec^2 \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} = -\frac{y}{x^2} \cos^2 \theta = -\frac{1}{x} \tan \theta \sec^2 \theta, \quad \frac{1}{x} = \sec^2 \theta \frac{\partial}{\partial y}, \quad \theta_y = \frac{1}{x} \cos^2 \theta, \quad \text{if } f(u(r, \theta)) = (u_r, r_x + u_\theta \theta_x)_x$$

$$f(u_{rr} v_y + u_\theta \theta_y) = u_{rr} r_x^2 + u_r r_{xx} + u_\theta r_{x\theta}^2 + u_\theta \theta_{xx} + \dots, \quad \text{where } r_{xx} = \frac{r - r x}{r^2} = \frac{r - r^2/c}{c^2} = \frac{1}{c} - \frac{x^2}{c^2}$$

$$= u_{rr} \frac{q \sin^2 \theta}{c} + r_{yy} = \frac{c \sin^2 \theta}{r}, \quad \theta_{xx} = -\frac{-\cos \theta \cdot r + q \sin \theta \cdot r_x}{r^2} = r^{-2} \left( \frac{-\cos \theta + c \sin \theta}{r} + q \sin \theta \cos \theta \right) = 0, \quad \theta_{yy} = -\frac{q \sin \theta \cdot r - c \cos \theta \cdot r}{r^2}$$

$$= -\frac{q \sin \theta \cos \theta}{r^2} + q \sin \theta \cos \theta, \quad L(u(r, \theta)) = u_{rr} \cos^2 \theta + u_r \frac{q \sin^2 \theta}{r} + u_\theta \left( \frac{q \sin \theta \cos \theta}{r^2} \right) + u_{rr} \sin^2 \theta + u_r \frac{q \sin^2 \theta}{r} + u_\theta \frac{q \sin^2 \theta}{r^2} + u_\theta \left( -\frac{q \sin \theta \cos \theta}{r^2} \right) = u_{rr} + u_r/r + u_\theta \theta/r, \quad L(P_r(\theta - t))_r = \frac{\partial}{\partial r} = \frac{-2r(1 - 2r \cos(\theta - t) + r^2)(2r - 2 \cos(\theta - t))}{(1 - 2r \cos(\theta - t))^2}$$

$$(r^2 - \{r^2(4 \cos(\theta - t) - 2 \cos(\theta - t)) + r(-2 - 2) + 2 \cos(\theta - t)\})/(r^2 - (2(r^2 + 1) \cos(\theta - t) - 4r)/(1 - 2r \cos(\theta - t))^2,$$

$$u_\theta = -(1 - r^2) 2r \sin(\theta - t)/(r^2), \quad u_{\theta\theta} = -(1 - r^2) 2r \cos(\theta - t)/(r^2 + 2(1 - r^2) 4r^2 \sin^2(\theta - t)/(r^2)),$$



Rudin A6

$$P = \frac{1-r^2}{1-2r\cos(\theta-\phi)+r^2}$$

$$u_{\theta\theta} = \frac{-(1-r^2)2r\cos\phi \cdot (1+2(1-r^2)4r^2\sin^2\phi)}{(1-r^2)^3} = -2r(1-r^2)\{r\cos\phi - 2r\cos^2\phi + r^2\sin^2\phi\}/(1-r^2)^3$$

$$= -2r(1-r^2)\{\cancel{r\cos\phi}(1+r^2)\cos\phi - 2r - 2r\sin^2\phi\}/(1-r^2)^3, \quad u_{rr} = \frac{4r\cos\phi - 4}{(1-r^2)^2} - 2(2(r^2+1)\cos\phi - 4r)(-2r\cos\phi + 2r)/(1-r^2)^3$$

$$\begin{aligned} u_{\theta\theta} + u_{\theta\theta}/r &= \frac{4r\cos\phi - 4}{(1-r^2)^2} - 2 \left( \cancel{r\cos\phi} \cancel{(1+r^2)} \right) (1-r^2)\left\{ \left( \frac{1}{r} + r \right) \cos\phi - 2 - 2\sin^2\phi \right\} + (2(r^2+1)\cos\phi - 4r) \left( \cancel{r\cos\phi} \cancel{2(r^2+1)} \right) \\ - 2r\cos\phi + 2r &= \cancel{r\cos\phi} \left\{ (1-r^2)\left( \frac{1}{r} + r \right) + 2\cancel{(1+r^2)} \right\} - 2(1-r^2)(6r^2+1) - 8r^2 - 4(r^2+1)\cos^2\phi \in \left\{ \frac{1}{r} - r^3 + \cancel{4r^3} \right\} \\ 4(r^2+1)^2r &\cancel{8r^3+4r^3}\cos\phi - 2(1-r^2)(2+\cos^2\phi) - 8r^2 - 4(r^2+1)\cos^2\phi = \left( \frac{1}{r} - r^3 + 4(r^2+1)^2 \right) \cdot \cos\phi - 4 - 6r^2 + (-3-8r^2)\cos\phi \\ 4r\cos\phi - 4 + 2(r+\frac{1}{r})\cos\phi - 4 &= (6r^2+2r)\cos\phi - 8, \quad 0 = ? \quad ((6r^2+2r)\cos\phi - 8) \cdot (1-2r\cos\phi + r^2) - 2\left( \frac{1}{r} - r^3 \right) \\ 4r^2+3r^3+12r &+ 4(r^2+1)^2\cos\phi + 8 + 12r^2 + (6+12r^2)\cos^2\phi = \cos^2\phi(-12r^2 - 4 + 6+12r^2) + \cos\phi \cdot \{ 16r + (6r^2+2r)(1+r^2) - 3 \} \\ 6r^3+4(r^2+1)^2 &\cancel{+ 4(r^2+1)^2} + 8(1+r^2) \cancel{+ 4(r^2+1)^2} - 8(1+r^2) = \cos\phi \cos\phi \cdot \{ 16r + 8r + 6r^3 + 2r^2 - 6r^3 - 24r \} \\ - 6r^3 - 24r &= 0. \end{aligned}$$

$$\log|f| = \log\sqrt{u_x^2+v_x^2}, \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial x} = \frac{u u_x + v v_x}{u^2+v^2}, \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial y} = \frac{u u_y + v v_y}{u^2+v^2}, \quad \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} = (u_x^2 + u u_{xx} + v_x^2 + v v_{xx})/(u^2+v^2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} -2(uu_x+vv_x)/((u^2+v^2)^2), \quad f &= (u^2+v^2)^{-1}(u_x^2+v_x^2+u_y^2+v_y^2) - 2(u^2+v^2)^{-2}(u^2u_x^2+v^2v_x^2+2uvu_xv_x \\ &+ u^2u_y^2+v^2v_y^2+2uvu_yv_y), \quad (u^2+v^2)^2 \cdot f = 2u^2v^2(u^2+v^2)(u_x^2+v_x^2+u_y^2+v_y^2) - 2((uu_x+vv_x)^2 + (uuy+vvy)^2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= -u^2u_x^2 + u^2(v_x^2+v_y^2) - u^2u_y^2 + v^2(u_x^2+u_y^2) - v^2v_x^2 - v^2v_y^2 - 4uv(u_xv_x+u_yv_y) \\ &= -u^2u_x^2 + u^2(u_y^2+u_x^2-u_x^2) - u^2u_y^2 + v^2(u_x^2+u_y^2-u_y^2-u_x^2) - 4uv(u_xu_y+u_yu_x) = 0. \quad A_n := \end{aligned}$$

$$n \cap \{ \text{utiv } 2 \text{ C: } 2\pi n \leq \theta < 2\pi(n+1) \}, \quad f_n: A_n \rightarrow \mathbb{C}, \quad f_n: \text{utiv } \mapsto e^{i\theta} \in H(A_n), \quad f_n \in H(e^{A_n}),$$

$$\begin{aligned} \log|f| &= \Re f_n^{-1} \# \Psi_0(f\bar{f}) \quad \Psi_0(f\bar{f}) = \Psi(u(x)+v(x)), \quad \Im f = \Psi'(f\bar{f})(2u_{xx}+2vv_x+i2u_{xy}+i2v_{xy}), \\ 4\Im f &= \Psi''(f\bar{f})/(2u_{xx}+2vv_x+i2u_{xy}+i2v_{xy}) + 2\Psi'(f\bar{f})(u_x^2+u_{xx}+v_x^2+v_{xx}+i(u_y^2+u_{yy}+v_y^2+v_{yy})) \\ &- i\Psi''(f\bar{f})(2u_{xy}+2v_{xy})(2u_{xx}+2vv_x+i2u_{xy}+i2v_{xy}) - i2\Psi'(f\bar{f})(u_{xy}+u_{xx}+v_{xy}+v_{xx}+iu_y^2+iv_{yy} \\ &+ iv_y^2+iv_{yy}) = \Psi''(f\bar{f})/2(u_{xx}+vv_x+iu_{yy}+iv_{yy})/2(u_{xx}+vv_x-iu_{yy}-iv_{yy}) + 2\Psi'(f\bar{f})\{u_x^2+u_{xx} \\ &+ v_x^2+v_{xx}+u_y^2+u_{yy}+v_y^2+v_{yy}+i(u_{xy}+u_{xx}+v_{xy}+v_{xx}-u_{xy}-v_{xy}-v_{xx})\} = \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &4\Psi''(f\bar{f})|u_{xx}+vv_x+i(u_{yy}+iv_{yy})|^2 + 2\Psi'(f\bar{f})(u_x^2+u_{xx}+v_x^2+v_{xx}+u_y^2+u_{yy}+v_y^2+v_{yy}), \quad \Im \Psi_0(f\bar{f}) \\ &= \frac{1}{2}\Psi'(|f|^2)\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x}|f|^2 + i\frac{\partial}{\partial y}|f|^2\right) = \Psi'(|f|^2)\Im|f|^2, \quad \Im f(x)g(x) = \frac{1}{2}(f_xg + fg_x - if_yg - if_gy) \\ &= \Im f \cdot g + f \cdot \Im g, \quad \Im \Psi_0|f|^2 = \Im \Psi'(|f|^2)\Im|f|^2 + \Psi'(|f|^2)\Im|f|^2 = \Psi'(|f|^2)\Im|f|^2 + \Psi'(|f|^2)\Im|f|^2 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
& \bar{\partial} |\bar{f}|^2 = \Re(\bar{f} f) = (u u_x + v v_x + i u_y + i v y) = \frac{1}{2} (u_x^2 + u u_{xx} + v_x^2 + v v_{xx} + i(u_x u_y + u u_{xy} + v_x v_y + v v_{xy})) \\
& - i(u_y u_x + u u_{xy} + v_x v_y + v v_{xy}) + u_y^2 + u u_{yy} + v_y^2 + v v_{yy}) = \frac{1}{2} (u_x^2 + v_x^2 + u u_{xx} + v v_{xx} + u_y^2 + u u_{yy} + v_y^2 + v v_{yy}) \\
& = \frac{1}{2} (u_x^2 + u_y^2 + u u_{xx} + v u_{yy} + u_y^2 + u u_{yy} + u_x^2 + v u_{xy}) = \frac{1}{2} u_x^2 + u_y^2 + \frac{1}{2} (u_{xx} + u_{yy}) = u_x^2 + u_y^2 \\
& = u_x^2 + v_x^2 = |u_x + i v_x|^2 = |\bar{f}_x|^2, \quad |\bar{f}'|^2 = |\partial \bar{f}|^2 = \left| \frac{1}{2}(u_x + i v_x - i u_y + v y) \right|^2 = |u_x + i v_x|^2, \quad \bar{\partial} |\bar{f}|^2 = |\bar{f}'|^2 \\
& \bar{\partial} \Psi_0 |\bar{f}|^2 = \Psi''(1+|f|^2) \partial |\bar{f}|^2 \bar{\partial} |\bar{f}|^2 + \Psi'(1+|f|^2) |\bar{f}'|^2 = (\Psi''(1+|f|^2) \bar{\partial} |\bar{f}|^2 \bar{\partial} |\bar{f}|^2 / |\bar{f}'|^2 + \Psi'(1+|f|^2)) |\bar{f}'|^2, \\
& |\bar{f}|^2 = ? \quad \frac{\partial |\bar{f}|^2 \bar{\partial} |\bar{f}|^2}{|\bar{f}'|^2} = |\bar{f}'|^2 \cdot \cancel{\left| \partial |\bar{f}|^2 \right|^2} = \cancel{|\bar{f}|^2} \cancel{\left| \partial |\bar{f}|^2 \right|^2} (1+|\bar{f}|^2)^2 = (|\bar{f}|^2)^2 \cancel{\left| \partial |\bar{f}|^2 \right|^2}, \quad |\bar{f}'|^2 = ? \quad |\bar{f}|^2 = ? \quad |\bar{f}|^2 \\
& \cancel{\partial} |\bar{f}|^2 = ? \quad |\bar{f}'|^2 = ? \quad |u u_x + v v_x - i v v_y - i u u_y|^2 = |\bar{f}'|^2 |u u_x - v v_y - i v u_x + i u u_y|^2, \\
& |\bar{f}'|^2 |2 |\bar{f}| \partial |\bar{f}||^2 = 4(|\bar{f}|/|\bar{f}'|)^2 |\partial |\bar{f}||^2 = \frac{|\bar{f}'|^2}{4} = ? \quad |\partial |\bar{f}||^2 = 1, \quad |\bar{f}'|^2 |u^2 u_x^2 + v^2 u_y^2 - \\
& 2 u v u_x u_y + v^2 u_x^2 + u^2 u_y^2 + 2 u v u_x u_y|^2 = |\bar{f}'|^2 |u_x^2 |\bar{f}|^2 + u_y^2 |\bar{f}|^2| = |\bar{f}|^2. \quad \frac{1}{4} \Delta(1+|f|^2) = \frac{1}{4} \bar{\partial} (f \bar{f})^{\frac{\alpha}{2}} \\
& = |\bar{f}'|^2 \left( \frac{\alpha}{2} |\bar{f}|^{2(\frac{\alpha}{2}-1)} + 18 |\bar{f}|^2 \frac{\alpha}{2} \left( \frac{\alpha}{2}-1 \right) |\bar{f}|^{2(\frac{\alpha}{2}-2)} \right) = |\bar{f}'|^2 \left( \frac{\alpha}{2} |\bar{f}|^{\alpha-2} + \left( \frac{\alpha}{2}-1 \right) |\bar{f}|^{\alpha-\frac{3}{2}} \right) = |\bar{f}'|^2 \frac{\alpha}{2} |\bar{f}|^{\alpha-2} \left( 1 + \left( \frac{\alpha}{2}-1 \right) |\bar{f}|^{\frac{1}{2}} \right) \\
& = |\bar{f}'|^2 \frac{\alpha}{2} |\bar{f}|^{\alpha-2} \frac{\alpha}{2}. \quad \Delta(g \circ h) = (g(h) h_x)_x + (g(h) h_y)_y = g''(h) h_x^2 + g'(h) h_{xx} + g'(h) h_y^2 + g'(h) h_{xy} \\
& = g''(h) \frac{h_x^2 + h_y^2}{h_x^2 + h_y^2} + g'(h) \Delta h, \quad \text{if } h \in C^2(\Omega), \quad h_x^2 + h_y^2 = (u_x + i u_y)^2 + (u_y + i u_x)^2 = \\
& u_x^2 + u_y^2 - u_x^2 - u_y^2 = 0, \quad \Delta(g \circ \bar{f}) = (g_u(f) \frac{u}{u_x} + g_v(f) \frac{v}{v_x})_x + (g_u(f) \frac{u}{u_y} + g_v(f) \frac{v}{v_y})_y = \\
& (g_{uu}(f) \frac{u}{u_x} + g_{uv}(f) \frac{v}{u_x}) u_x + g_u(f) u_{xx} + (g_{vu}(f) u_x + g_{vv}(f) v_x) v_x + g_v(f) v_{xx} \\
& + (g_{uu}(f) u_y + g_{uv}(f) v_y) u_y + g_u(f) u_{yy} + (g_{vu}(f) u_y + g_{vv}(f) v_y) v_y + g_v(f) v_{yy} \\
& = g_{uu}(f) (u_x^2 + u_y^2) + g_{uv}(f) (2 u_x v_x + 2 u_y v_y) + g_{vu}(f) (v_x^2 + v_y^2) + g_v(f) (u_{xx} + u_{yy}) \\
& + g_v(f) (v_{xx} + v_{yy}) = \cancel{g_{uu}(f) \cancel{(u_x^2 + u_y^2)}} ((\Delta g) \circ f) (u_x^2 + u_y^2) + 2 g_{uv}(f) (-u_x u_y + u_y v_x) \\
& = ((\Delta g) \circ f) |\bar{f}'|^2 \quad \pi_{r^2} u(\theta) = \iint_{D(0,r)} u(r,y) dy dy = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^r u(r,\theta) r dr d\theta, \quad 2\pi r u(0) = \\
& \int_0^{2\pi} u(r,\theta) r d\theta, \quad u(0) = \frac{1}{2\pi r} \int_0^{2\pi} u(r,\theta) d\theta \quad \cancel{\int \frac{1}{t+i\varepsilon} - \int \frac{1}{t-i\varepsilon}} = - \int \frac{2i\varepsilon}{t^2 + \varepsilon^2} = \frac{-2i}{\varepsilon} \int \frac{dt}{1 + (\frac{t}{\varepsilon})^2} \\
& = -2i \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{t}{\varepsilon}\right) \Big|_{\varepsilon=1}^{\varepsilon}, \quad \int_a^b \frac{\phi(t)}{t-(x+i\varepsilon)} - \int_a^b \frac{\phi(t)}{t-(x-i\varepsilon)} = \int_a^b \frac{2i\varepsilon}{(t-x)^2 + \varepsilon^2} dt = \frac{2i}{\varepsilon} \int_a^b \frac{\phi(t)}{1 + (\frac{t-x}{\varepsilon})^2} dt, \quad \dots \\
& \leq \frac{2}{\varepsilon} \|\phi\|_\infty \int_a^b \frac{dt}{1 + (\frac{t-x}{\varepsilon})^2} = \frac{2}{\varepsilon} \|\phi\|_\infty \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{b-x}{\varepsilon}\right) \Big|_a^b = \frac{2}{\varepsilon} \|\phi\|_\infty \left( \tan^{-1}\frac{b-x}{\varepsilon} - \tan^{-1}\frac{a-x}{\varepsilon} \right) \rightarrow \begin{cases} 0, & x \in [a,b] \\ 2\pi \|\phi\|_\infty, & x \notin [a,b] \end{cases}
\end{aligned}$$



Rudin #6

$$\int_a^b \frac{\varphi(t) \varepsilon}{(t-x)^2 + \varepsilon^2} dt = \int_{x-\delta}^{x+\delta} \frac{\varphi(t+x) \varepsilon}{t^2 + \varepsilon^2}, \quad \text{for } -\delta < t < \delta \Rightarrow \varphi(x)-\eta \leq \varphi(t+x) \leq \varphi(x)+\eta,$$
$$< \frac{1}{\varepsilon} (\varphi(x)\eta + \int_{-\delta}^{\delta} \frac{1}{1+(t/\varepsilon)^2} dt) = (\varphi(x)+\eta) \left( \tan^{-1}(\frac{\delta}{\varepsilon}) - \tan^{-1}(-\frac{\delta}{\varepsilon}) \right) \xrightarrow{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \pi(\varphi(x)+\eta),$$

$$(\varphi \in L^1) \quad 0 < t < \delta \Rightarrow R-\eta < \varphi(t+x) < R+\eta, \quad R := \lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} \varphi(t+x), \quad \int_0^\delta \frac{\varphi(t+x) \varepsilon}{t^2 + \varepsilon^2} dt < (R+\eta) \left( \tan^{-1}(\frac{\delta}{\varepsilon}) \right)$$

$$- \tan^{-1}(0) = (R+\eta) \tan^{-1}(\frac{\delta}{\varepsilon}) \xrightarrow{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{\pi}{2}(R+\eta), \quad \int_{-\delta}^0 \frac{\varphi(t+x) \varepsilon}{t^2 + \varepsilon^2} dt \xrightarrow{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{\pi}{2}(L+\eta), \quad \int_{-\delta}^\delta \frac{\varphi(t+x) \varepsilon}{t^2 + \varepsilon^2} dt \xrightarrow{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \pi(\frac{L+R}{2} + \eta),$$

$$\boxed{\int_a^b \frac{\varphi(t)}{(t-x)^2 + \varepsilon^2} dt \xrightarrow{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \int_a^b \frac{\varphi(t)}{(t-x)^2} dt} \quad [\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0}] = \begin{cases} \frac{L+R}{2} & x \in [a,b] \\ \infty & x \notin [a,b] \end{cases} \quad \#10 \quad f(x) = u(x) + i v(x),$$

$$\mathbb{P}(B=0|A=a) = \frac{\mathbb{P}(A^L=a, B=0)}{\mathbb{P}(A=a)} = \frac{(1-g)\mathbb{P}(A^L=a)}{\mathbb{P}(A=a)} = 1-g$$

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$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbb{P}(U_{t+1}=u, L_{t+1}=l, z_{t+1}=z | A_t=a) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_b \mathbb{P}(\dots | A_t=a, B_t=b) = \frac{1}{2} \\ & = (1-g) \mathbb{P}(U_{t+1}=u) \mathbb{P}(Z_{t+1}=z) \mathbb{P}(L_{t+1}=l | A_t^L=a) + g \mathbb{P}(L_{t+1}=l) \mathbb{P}(Z_{t+1}=z) \mathbb{P}(U_{t+1}=u | A_t^U=a) \\ & = (1-g) \frac{1}{4} \mathbb{P}(A=a | L=l, U=u) \end{aligned}$$

$$|v+w| = 2 \cos \frac{\theta_{vw}}{2} = 2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} (\cos \theta_{vw} + 1)} = \sqrt{2 \cos \theta_{vw} + 2} \geq \sqrt{2+2\sqrt{3}}, \quad \cos \theta \geq \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \quad -2 \cos \theta - 2 \leq -2 - \sqrt{3}, \quad -\frac{\pi}{6} \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{6},$$

$$-\frac{\pi}{6} \leq \frac{2\pi}{1997} \frac{j}{1997} \leq \frac{\pi}{6}, \quad -\frac{1997}{12} \leq j \leq \frac{1997}{12} = 166 \frac{5}{12}, \quad |j_v - j_w| \leq 166, \quad \frac{1997 \cdot 332}{2} / \binom{1997}{2} = \frac{1997 \cdot 332 \cdot 2! \cdot 1995!}{1997!}$$

$$= \frac{332 \cdot 2}{1996} = \frac{166}{499} = \frac{2 \cdot 83}{499} \cancel{+ 706} \quad 1 - \frac{365 \dots (365-n+1)}{365^n} \quad \cancel{\#907} \quad \sum_{j=0}^3 (2j+2)! (2(3-j)+3)! \cancel{\#908} \quad \binom{6}{3} \cdot 3 \cdot \sum_{j=0}^3 -$$

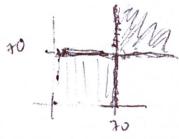
$$= \binom{6}{3} \cdot 3 \cdot (2 \cdot 9! + 4 \cdot 7! + 6 \cdot 5! + 8 \cdot 3!) = 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \left( \cancel{\#908} + 4 \cdot 7! + 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 + 8 \cdot 3! \right), \quad \frac{1}{12!} (-) = 360 \left( \frac{1}{12 \cdot 11 \cdot 10 \cdot 9} + \frac{4}{12 \cdot 8} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{5 \cdot 4}{12 \cdot 11 \cdot 10 \cdot 9} + \frac{1}{12 \cdot 8} \right) = \frac{1}{11} + \frac{4}{11 \cdot 3 \cdot 8} + \frac{5 \cdot 4}{11 \cdot 3 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6} + \frac{1}{11 \cdot 3} = \frac{1}{11} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{5}{252} \right) = \frac{1}{11} \cdot \frac{126 \cdot 3 + 5}{252} = \frac{363}{11 \cdot 252} \cancel{\#908}$$

$$\frac{(m-1)(n-m)}{(m-1)^2} \cancel{\#909} \quad \left( \cancel{\#908} \right) \cancel{\#909} \quad \binom{m-1}{2} \cancel{\#909} + 2^{-3} \cdot \binom{n}{3} = 2^3 \cancel{\#908} \left( \frac{n(n-1)}{2} + \frac{n(n-m)(n-1)}{6} \right) = 2^4 \cancel{\#908} \frac{n(n-1)}{3} = \frac{n(n-1)}{48} \quad \binom{3}{2} 2^3 + \binom{3}{3} 2^{-3} = \frac{1}{2} \cancel{\#908}$$

$$P(C \mid \cancel{\#909}) = \frac{P(P \mid C)P(C)}{P(P \mid C)P(C) + P(P \mid \bar{C})P(\bar{C})} = \frac{\cancel{\#909}}{\cancel{\#909} + \cancel{\#909}} = \frac{6}{6+6 \cdot 3} = \frac{6}{12} = \frac{1}{2} \cancel{\#909} \quad P(S, 2) = \frac{1}{2} P(4, 2) + \frac{1}{2} \cancel{\#909}$$

$\cancel{\#909} \quad p(S, 2) =$



$$P(x \wedge y = 70) = P((x > 70) \cup (y > 70)) \setminus ((x > y = 70)) + P(x > y = 70) = P(x = 70 \vee y = 70) + P(x = y = 70) - 0 = a + b - c \cancel{\#908}$$

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$$1875 \sum_{j=0}^{n-1} (n)_j 5^{n-j} (-1)^j = 4^n - (-1)^n = 4^n + 1, \quad \alpha = \frac{1}{5}(4^n + 1) \quad \sum_{j=0}^{n-1} 4^j, \quad \sum_{j=0}^{2k} 4^j$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{5} (4 \cdot 16^k + 1), \quad k \in \mathbb{N}, \quad 4 \cdot 5 \equiv -1, \quad 2^k \not\equiv 5 \pmod{3}, \quad \alpha \equiv 1 \pmod{3}$$

$$1+4^{2k+1} = 1 - (-4)^{2k+1} = (-5) \sum_{j=0}^{2k} (-4)^j, \quad \alpha = \sum_{j=0}^{2k} (-4)^j, \quad k \geq 2, \quad = 205 + \sum_{j=0}^{5+2k+1} (-4)^j$$

$$= 205 - 64 \sum_{j=0}^{2k+1} (-4)^j = 205 + 64 \times (4^{2(k+1)} - 1), \quad \# \not\equiv 2 + 3(2^{k+1} - 1) \not\equiv 0, \quad \# \not\equiv 1, \quad \#(k=0) \Rightarrow 97 = 205 - 1024$$

$$+ 4^{2k+1} = 205 - 1024 \sum_{j=0}^{2k+1} (-4)^j = 205 + 1024 \cdot \frac{1}{5} (16^{k+1} - 1), \quad k \geq 0, \quad 3277, \quad 205 \cdot 16^{k+1} - \frac{1}{5} (16^{k+1} - 1), \quad \frac{1}{5} (1024 \cdot 16^{k+1} - 1)$$

$$+ 1 = \frac{1}{5} (2^{14+4k} + 1) =$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left| \begin{array}{l} \prod_{i=1}^{k+1} (x-r_i)^2 + \prod_{i=1}^{k+1} (x-\bar{r}_i)^2 = -2P(x) + Q_2(x) \\ \quad = 2P(x) + Q_1(x), \quad \# \end{array} \right| \\ & \quad -4P(x) = Q_1(x) - Q_2(x) = -(Q_1(x))^2 - (Q_2(x))^2 // \end{aligned}$$

$$\prod_{i=1}^{k+1} (x-r_i) + \prod_{i=1}^{k+1} (x-\bar{r}_i) = Q_2(x)$$

$$\prod_{i=1}^{k+1} (x-r_i) - \prod_{i=1}^{k+1} (x-\bar{r}_i) = 2i \operatorname{Im}(r_1 - \bar{r}_2) + 2i \operatorname{Im}(\bar{r}_1 - r_2) = c \quad \# = Q_1(x)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \prod_{i=1}^{k+1} (x-r_i)^2 + \prod_{i=1}^{k+1} (x-\bar{r}_i)^2 = 2P(x) + c^2 \\ & \quad = 2P(x) + d^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\operatorname{Re} Q_1 = 0$$

$$x^4 - 2(R_{r_1} + R_{r_2})x^3 + (|r_1|^2 + |r_2|^2 + 4R_{r_1}R_{r_2})x^2 + -2(|r_1|R_{r_2} + |r_2|R_{r_1})x + |r_1r_2|^2$$

$$(ax^2 + bx + c)^2 + (dx^2 + ex + f)^2$$

$$= (a^2 + d^2)x^4 + (b^2 + e^2)x^2 + c^2 + f^2 + 2(ab + de)x^3 + 2(ac + df)x^2 + 2(bc + ef)x$$

$$= (a^2 + d^2)x^4 + 2(ab + de)x^3 + (b^2 + e^2 + 2(ac + df))x^2 + 2(bc + ef)x + c^2 + f^2$$

$$(P=1, \#=2) (A+B), \quad 1+2B$$

$$C+BC=B, \quad C=0 \Rightarrow B=0$$

$$B^{\#-1}C=B^{\#-1} \quad CAB=C, \quad B=0$$

$$B^{\#-1}C=B^{\#-1}, \quad \#=1, \quad B=0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\# \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$AC+BC=I$$

$$C+A^{P^{-1}}BC=A^{P^{-1}}$$

$$B^{P^{-1}}C=B^{P^{-1}}A^{P^{-1}}$$

$$B^{P^{-1}}CA=B^{P^{-1}}$$

$$A^PB - B^PA = (A-B)(A^{P^{-1}} + A^{P^{-2}}B + \dots + AB^{P^{-2}} + B^{P^{-1}})$$

$$= (A-B)(A^{-1} + A^{-2}B + \dots + A^{P^{-1}-(P-1)}B^{P-1})$$

$$= (A-B)(A^{-1} + A^{-2}B + \dots + A^{-P}B^{P-1})$$

$$A^PB - (-B)^PB = (A+B)(A^{-1} - A^{-2}B + \dots + (-i)^{P-1}A^{-P}B^{P-1})$$

$$I =$$

$$\begin{aligned} & b^2 - a^2 + b - a^2 = (a+b)(b-a) = -1, \quad \# = (a+\frac{b}{2})^2 - \frac{b^2}{4} = 0, \quad // \\ & b^2 + a^2 > 0, \quad b < a^2, \quad (a+b)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + 2ab, \quad b^2 > a^2 \\ & \# = (2ab + \frac{b^2}{4}) > -\frac{5}{4}a^2, \quad b^2 + a^2 > (a^2 + \frac{b^2}{4})^2 = \min((a^2 + \frac{b^2}{4})^2) = \min((a^2 + \frac{b^2}{4})(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{4})) = \min(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{4})^2 = \min(a^2 + \frac{b^2}{4}) = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & 2^x + 3x + 2^2x + 3^2x + (2 \cdot 3)x \\ & (2^x + 3x - 1)_2^2 = 2^2 + 3^2x + 1^2 + 1^2 + 2^2(2 \cdot 3)x - 2^2 - 3^2 \\ & 2^2x + 3^2x - 2^2 - 3^2 = 2^2(2 \cdot 3)x - 2^2 - 3^2 \\ & X \leq 0 \Rightarrow 2^2x + 3^2x - 2^2 - 3^2 \leq 0 \\ & X \leq 0 \wedge 4/(2y) \leq 0 \\ & 6x \leq 1 \quad (\#) \end{aligned}$$