

(20) $e_{n-1}(0) = p_{00}e_n(0)\delta_0 + p_{01}e_n(1)\delta_1, e_{n-1}(1) = p_{10}e_n(0) + p_{11}e_n(1)\delta_1, e_n = \begin{pmatrix} p_{00}\delta_0 + p_{01}\delta_1 \\ p_{10}\delta_0 + p_{11}\delta_1 \end{pmatrix} e_n$ (41)

$= \begin{pmatrix} p_{00} & p_{01} \\ p_{10} & p_{11} \end{pmatrix} e_n, E \delta_{L_1} = \frac{1}{2}(\delta_0 + \delta_1), E \delta_{L_2} = \frac{1}{2}(\delta_0 + \delta_1), E \delta_{L_1} \delta_{L_2} = E \delta_{L_1} (p \delta_{L_1} + \bar{p} \delta_{L_2}) = p E \delta_{L_1}^2 + \bar{p} \delta_0 \delta_1,$
 $= \frac{p}{2}(\delta_0^2 + \delta_1^2) + \bar{p} \delta_0 \delta_1, E \delta_{L_1} \delta_{L_2} \delta_{L_3} = \frac{\delta_0}{2} E(\delta_{L_1} \delta_{L_2} | L_1=0) + \frac{\delta_1}{2} E(\delta_{L_1} \delta_{L_2} | L_1=1), e_2 = \frac{1}{2} P \begin{pmatrix} e_2(0) \\ e_2(1) \end{pmatrix}$

$= \frac{1}{2} P \begin{pmatrix} p \delta_0 + \bar{p} \delta_1 \\ p \delta_1 + \bar{p} \delta_0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} p^2 \delta_0 + 2p\bar{p} \delta_1 + \bar{p}^2 \delta_0 \\ 2p\bar{p} \delta_0 + \bar{p}^2 \delta_1 + p^2 \delta_1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} (p^2 - 2p + 1) \delta_0 + (2p^2 - 2p + 1) \delta_1 \\ 2p(1-p) \delta_0 + (2p^2 - 2p + 1) \delta_1 \end{pmatrix}$

$= \frac{\delta_0}{2} (p^2 - p + \frac{1}{2})(\delta_0^2 + \delta_1^2) + 2p(1-p) \delta_0 \delta_1, = \frac{\delta_0}{2} (p \delta_0 E(\delta_{L_3} | L_2=0) + \bar{p} \delta_1 E(\delta_{L_3} | L_2=1)) + \frac{\delta_1}{2} (p \delta_1 E(\delta_{L_3} | L_2=1) + \bar{p} \delta_0 E(\delta_{L_3} | L_2=0))$

$= \frac{\delta_0}{2} (p \delta_0 p^2 \delta_0^2 + p \bar{p} \delta_0 \delta_1 + p \bar{p}^2 \delta_0 \delta_1 + p \bar{p} \delta_1^2) + \frac{\delta_1}{2} (p \bar{p} \delta_0 \delta_1 + p^2 \delta_1^2 + p \bar{p} \delta_0^2 + \bar{p}^2 \delta_1 \delta_0)$

$= \frac{\delta_0}{2} (p^3 \delta_0^3 + \delta_0^2 \delta_1 (2p\bar{p} + \bar{p}^2) + \delta_0 \delta_1^2 (2p\bar{p} + \bar{p}^2) + \delta_1^3 p^2) + \frac{\delta_1}{2} (p \bar{p} \delta_0 \delta_1 + p^2 \delta_1^2 + p \bar{p} \delta_0^2 + \bar{p}^2 \delta_1 \delta_0)$

$= \frac{1}{2} (\delta_0^3 p^2 + \delta_0^2 \delta_1 (2p\bar{p} + \bar{p}^2) + \delta_0 \delta_1^2 (2p\bar{p} + \bar{p}^2) + \delta_1^3 p^2), P(L_{k+1} = l_{k+1} | L_k = l_k) = \sum_n P(L_{k+1} = l_{k+1} | A_{k+1} = a)$

$P(A_{k+1} = a | L_k = l_k) = \sum_n P^{a=l_{k+1}} (1-p)^{a+l_{k+1}} P^{a=l_k} (1-p)^{a+l_k} = \frac{1}{2} (1-p)^2 \sum_n \left(\frac{p}{1-p} \right)^{a+l_{k+1}+a+l_k} = (1-p)^2 \left\{ \left(\frac{p}{1-p} \right)^{2l_{k+1}+2l_k} + 1 \right\}$

$\left\{ 2 \frac{p}{1-p} \right\}^{l_{k+1}+l_k}, \lambda_1 = p + \sqrt{p^2 - 2p + 1} = p + (1-p), \lambda_2 = 1,$

$P = \begin{pmatrix} p_{00} & p_{01} \\ p_{10} & p_{11} \end{pmatrix}, T = p(\delta_0 + \delta_1), D = p^2 \delta_0 \delta_1 - \delta_0 \delta_1 (1-p)^2 = \delta_0 \delta_1 (2p-1),$

$\lambda = \frac{1}{2} p (\delta_0 + \delta_1) \pm \sqrt{\frac{p^2}{4} (\delta_0 + \delta_1)^2 - \delta_0 \delta_1 (2p-1)^2} = \frac{1}{2} p (\delta_0 + \delta_1) \pm \sqrt{\frac{p^2}{4} (\delta_0^2 + \delta_1^2) + \frac{p^2}{2} \delta_0 \delta_1 - 4p^2 \delta_0^2 \delta_1^2 - \delta_0^2 \delta_1^2 + 4p \delta_0^2 \delta_1^2} = \frac{p}{2} (\delta_0 + \delta_1)$

$= \frac{p}{2} (\delta_0 + \delta_1) \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{p^2}{4} (\delta_0^2 + \delta_1^2) + \frac{p^2}{2} \delta_0 \delta_1 - 2p \delta_0 \delta_1 + \delta_0 \delta_1 \right)}, \frac{p^2}{2} - 2p + 1 = \frac{1}{2} (p^2 - 4p + 2) = \frac{1}{2} (p^2 - 2 + \sqrt{2})(p - 2 - \sqrt{2}),$

$\sqrt{\left(\frac{p^2}{4} (\delta_0 - \delta_1)^2 + (p^2 - 2p + 1) \delta_0 \delta_1 \right)} = \sqrt{\left(\frac{p^2}{4} (\delta_0 - \delta_1)^2 + \delta_0 \delta_1 (p-1)^2 \right)}, E \Pi \delta_{L_k} = \left(\frac{1}{2} \delta_0, \frac{1}{2} \delta_1 \right) P^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1^{T-2} & \\ & \lambda_2^{T-2} \end{pmatrix} P \begin{pmatrix} p \delta_0 + \bar{p} \delta_1 \\ p \delta_1 + \bar{p} \delta_0 \end{pmatrix}$

$(\delta_0 = \delta_1) \lambda = p \delta \pm \sqrt{(p^2 \delta^2 - \delta^2 (2p-1))} = p \delta \pm \delta (1-p) = \delta, (2p-1) \delta, \gamma = \begin{pmatrix} \delta - p \\ \delta - p \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} (1-p) \delta \\ \delta - p \end{pmatrix},$

$A = \delta \begin{pmatrix} 1-p & p-1 \\ 1-p & 1-p \end{pmatrix} = \delta (1-p) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}, A^{-1} = \frac{1}{2\delta(1-p)} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \delta^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} \delta & \delta \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \delta^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$\delta^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$E e_t | L_{t-1} = l_{t-1} = E \left(\prod_{j=t}^T \frac{\delta_{A_{j-1}}}{\delta_{L_j}} \mid L_{t-1} = l_{t-1} \right) = p E \left(\prod_{j=t+1}^T \frac{\delta_{A_{j-1}}}{\delta_{L_j}} \mid L_t = a \right) + (1-p) \frac{\delta_n}{\delta_a} E \left(\prod_{j=t+1}^T \frac{\delta_{A_{j-1}}}{\delta_{L_j}} \mid L_t = \bar{a} \right)$

$p_{t+1} | L_{t-1} = l_{t-1} = E \left(\prod_{j=t}^T \frac{\delta_{A_{j-1}}}{\delta_{L_j}} \mid L_{t-1} = l_{t-1} \right) = p^2 E \left(\prod_{j=t+1}^T \frac{\delta_{A_{j-1}}}{\delta_{L_j}} \mid L_t = l_{t-1} \right) + p(1-p) \frac{\delta_{l_{t+1}}}{\delta_{l_{t-1}}} E \left(\prod_{j=t+1}^T \frac{\delta_{A_{j-1}}}{\delta_{L_j}} \mid L_t = l_{t-1} \right)$

$(1-p)p \frac{\delta_{l_{t+1}}}{\delta_{l_{t-1}}} E \left(\prod_{j=t+1}^T \frac{\delta_{A_{j-1}}}{\delta_{L_j}} \mid L_t = l_{t-1} \right) + (1-p)^2 \frac{\delta_{l_{t-1}}}{\delta_{l_{t-1}}} E \left(\prod_{j=t+1}^T \frac{\delta_{A_{j-1}}}{\delta_{L_j}} \mid L_t = l_{t-1} \right) = \left(p^2 + (1-p)^2 \frac{\delta_{l_{t-1}}}{\delta_{l_{t+1}}} \right) e_{t+1} | L_{t-1} + \left\{ p(1-p) \left(\frac{\delta_{l_{t+1}}}{\delta_{l_{t-1}}} + \frac{\delta_{l_{t-1}}}{\delta_{l_{t+1}}} \right) \right\}$

$e_{t+1} | L_{t-1}, \begin{pmatrix} e_t(0) \\ e_t(1) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} p^2 + (1-p)^2 \frac{\delta_{l_{t-1}}}{\delta_{l_{t+1}}} & p(1-p) \left(\frac{\delta_{l_{t-1}}}{\delta_{l_{t+1}}} + \frac{\delta_{l_{t+1}}}{\delta_{l_{t-1}}} \right) \\ p(1-p) \left(\frac{\delta_{l_{t-1}}}{\delta_{l_{t+1}}} + \frac{\delta_{l_{t+1}}}{\delta_{l_{t-1}}} \right) & p^2 + (1-p)^2 \frac{\delta_{l_{t-1}}}{\delta_{l_{t+1}}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} e_{t+1}(0) \\ e_{t+1}(1) \end{pmatrix}, E \Pi \frac{\delta_{A_{t-1}}}{\delta_{L_t}} = \frac{1}{2} (\delta_0^2 e_2(0) + \delta_1^2 e_2(1))$



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$$(2) \quad e_1(0) = e_1(1) = 1$$

$$e_T(\frac{1}{\delta_{L_1}}) = E\left(\frac{\delta_{A_{t-1}}}{\delta_{L_1}} \mid L_{t-1} = l_{t-1}\right) = E\left(\delta_{A_{t-1}} \mid L_{t-1} = l_{t-1}\right) = p \delta_{l_{t-1}}^1 + (1-p) \delta_{l_{t-1}}^0, \quad (T=1) \quad \frac{1}{\delta_{L_1}} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{\delta_0} + \frac{1}{\delta_1} \right)$$

$$(T=2) \quad \frac{1}{\delta_{L_1}} \xrightarrow{A_1} \frac{1}{\delta_{L_2}} \quad E\left(\frac{1}{\delta_{L_2}}\right) = \frac{1}{2} \delta_1^{-1} E\left(\frac{\delta_{A_1}}{\delta_{L_2}} \mid \delta_{L_1} = 1\right) + \frac{1}{2} \delta_0^{-1} E\left(\frac{\delta_{A_1}}{\delta_{L_2}} \mid \delta_{L_1} = 0\right) = \frac{1}{2} \delta_1^{-1} e_{A_1}(1) + \frac{1}{2} \delta_0^{-1} e_{A_1}(0)$$

$$e_{T+1}(1) = e_{T+1}(0) = 1, \quad \left(\frac{1}{2\delta_0}, \frac{1}{2\delta_1}\right) \frac{1}{2} P\left(\frac{e_2(0)}{e_2(1)}\right), \quad \frac{1}{2\delta_1} \left(p^2 + p(1-p) \frac{\delta_1}{\delta_0} + (1-p)p \dots\right)$$

$$T = 2p^2 + (1-p)^2 \left(\frac{\delta_1}{\delta_0} + \frac{\delta_0}{\delta_1}\right), \quad \Delta = p^4 + p^2(1-p)^2 \left(\frac{\delta_0}{\delta_1} + \frac{\delta_1}{\delta_0}\right) + (1-p)^4 - p^2(1-p)^2 \left(2 + \frac{\delta_0}{\delta_1} + \frac{\delta_1}{\delta_0}\right)$$

$$= p^4 + (1-p)^4 - 2p^2(1-p)^2 = (p^2 - (1-p)^2)^2, \quad \delta_4 = p^2 + \frac{(1-p)^2}{2} \left(\frac{\delta_1}{\delta_0} + \frac{\delta_0}{\delta_1}\right) \pm \sqrt{\frac{T^2}{4} - \Delta}, \quad \frac{T^2}{4} - \Delta = 4p$$

$$f(A_{t+1} | A_t) = \sum_l f(A_{t+1} | L_{t+1} = l) P(L_{t+1} = l | A_t) = \sum_{l \neq A_{t+1}} p_1^{A_{t+1}} (1-p_1) p_2^{A_{t+1}} (1-p_2) + p_1^{A_{t+1}} p_2^{A_{t+1}}$$

$$= (1-p_1)(1-p_2) \sum_l \left(\frac{p_1}{1-p_1}\right)^{l=A_{t+1}} \left(\frac{p_2}{1-p_2}\right)^{l=A_t} = (1-p_1)(1-p_2) \left(\frac{p_1}{1-p_1}\right)^{A_t=A_{t+1}} \left(\frac{p_2}{1-p_2}\right)^{A_t \neq A_{t+1}}$$

$$= (p_1(1-p_2) + p_2(1-p_1)) \left(\frac{p_1 p_2}{(1-p_1)(1-p_2)}\right)^{A_t=A_{t+1}} = (p_1 + p_2 - 2p_1 p_2) \left(\frac{p_1 p_2}{p_1 + p_2 - 2p_1 p_2}\right)^{A_t=A_{t+1}}$$

$$E \frac{d^{A_t=A_{t+1}}}{c^{A_t=L_t}}, \quad \frac{1}{c} P(A_t=L_t) E(d^{A_t=L_t} | A_t=L_t) = \frac{p_1}{c} (d P(A_{t+1}=A_t) + P(A_{t+1} \neq A_t)) = \frac{p_1}{c} (1 + (d-1) P(A_{t+1}=A_t))$$

$$f(A_{t+1} | A_t) = (p_1 p_2 + (1-p_1)(1-p_2))^{A_t=A_{t+1}} \cdot E \frac{d^{A_{t+1}=A_t}}{c^{A_t=L_t}} = p_1 p_2 \frac{d}{c} + p_2(1-p_1) + (1-p_2) p_1 \frac{1}{c}$$

$$+ (1-p_1)(1-p_2) d, \quad d = \frac{p_1 + p_2 - 2p_1 p_2}{p_1 + p_2 - 2p_1 p_2 - 1}, \quad c = p_1 p_2 \left(\frac{p_1}{1-p_1}\right)^2, \quad E\left(\frac{f(A_t | A_{t-1})}{f(A_t | L_t)}\right)^2 =$$

$$E\left(\frac{f(A_t | A_{t-1})}{f(A_t | L_t)}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{p_1 + p_2 - 2p_1 p_2}{1-p_1}\right)^{2T} \left(E \frac{c^{A_t=A_{t-1}}}{d^{A_t=L_t}}\right)^T = \left(\frac{p_1 + p_2 - 2p_1 p_2}{1-p_1}\right)^{2T} \left(p_1 p_2 \frac{d}{c} + p_2(1-p_1) + (1-p_2) p_1 \frac{1}{c} + (1-p_1)(1-p_2) d\right)^T$$

$$p_1 p_2 \frac{p_1}{c} (1-p_2 + p_2 d) + p_2(1-p_1) \frac{1}{c} + (1-p_2) p_1 \frac{1}{c} + (1-p_1)(1-p_2) d = \frac{p_1}{c} \left\{1 + p_2 \left(\frac{1}{\alpha^2} - \frac{2}{\alpha}\right)\right\} + (1-p_1) \left\{p_2 + (1-p_2) \left(\frac{1}{\alpha} - \frac{1}{\alpha^2}\right)\right\}$$

$$= \frac{p_1}{c} \left\{1 + \frac{p_2}{\alpha} \left(\frac{1}{1-p_2-2p_1 p_2} - 2\right)\right\} + (1-p_1) \left\{p_2 + (1-p_2) \frac{(1-\alpha)^2}{\alpha^2}\right\} = \frac{p_1 p_2}{c} + (1-p_1)(1-p_2) \left(\frac{1}{\alpha^2} - \frac{2}{\alpha}\right) + \frac{p_1}{c} + p_2(1-p_1)$$

$$= \left(\frac{p_2}{p_1} (1-p_1)^2 + (1-p_1)(1-p_2)\right) \frac{1}{\alpha} \left(\frac{1}{\alpha} - 2\right) + p_1 \left(\frac{1}{c} - 1\right) + 1 = \frac{1-p_1}{\alpha} \left(\frac{1}{\alpha} - 2\right) \left(\frac{p_1}{p_1} p_2 + 1-p_2\right) + \frac{(1-p_1)^2}{p_1} + 1-p_1$$

$$= \frac{1-p_1}{\alpha} \left(\frac{1}{\alpha} - 2\right) \left(\frac{p_2}{p_1} + 1-2p_2\right) + (1-p_1) \frac{1}{p_1} = \frac{1-p_1}{p_1} \left(\frac{1}{\alpha} - 2\right) + \frac{1-p_1}{p_1} = \frac{1-p_1}{p_1} \left(\frac{1}{\alpha} - 1\right), \quad \left(\frac{\alpha}{1-p_1}\right)^{2T} \left(\frac{1-p_1}{p_1}\right) \left(\frac{1}{\alpha} - 1\right)^T$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{p_1(1-p_1)} (\alpha - \alpha^2)\right)^T, \quad 1-\alpha = 1-p_1-p_2+2p_1 p_2 = (1-p_1)(1-p_2) + p_1 p_2, \quad \frac{p_1(1-p_2) + p_2(1-p_1)}{p_1(1-p_1)} = \frac{(1-p_1)(1-p_2)}{p_1(1-p_1)}$$

$$+ p_1 p_2 = \alpha \left(\frac{1-p_2}{p_1} + \frac{p_2}{1-p_1}\right) = (1-p_2)^2 + \frac{p_2}{p_1} (1-p_1)(1-p_2) + \frac{p_1 p_2 (1-p_2)}{1-p_1} + p_2^2 = 1 + 3p_2^2 - 2p_2 + \frac{p_2}{p_1} - p_2 - \frac{p_2^2}{p_1} + \frac{p_1 p_2 (1-p_2)}{1-p_1}$$

$$= (1-p_2) \left(1-p_2 + \frac{p_2}{p_1} (1-p_1) + \frac{p_1 p_2}{1-p_1}\right) + p_2^2 = (1-p_2) \left(1-2p_2 + p_2 \left(\frac{1}{p_1} + \frac{p_1}{1-p_1}\right)\right) + p_2^2 = (3p_2^2 - 3p_2 + 1) + \frac{p_2(1-p_2)}{p_1(1-p_1)} (p_1^2 - p_1 + 1)$$

$$4p^2 = 4p + 2 = 4(p^2 + p^3 - 2p + 1) = 2(p^2 + (1-p)^2), \quad (1-p_2)(1-2p_2) + p_2^2 = (1-p_2)^2 + p_2(2p_2-1)$$



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(12) $p_1 = \frac{p_2}{p_1}, 1 - p_1 = 1 - p_2, \frac{1 - p_1}{1 - p_1} \cdot p$

$$(2\pi\sigma_1^2)^{-1/2} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2\sigma_1^2}\right) = (2\pi\sigma_2^2)^{-1/2} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2\sigma_2^2}\right), \quad \sqrt{\frac{2\pi\sigma_2^2}{2\pi\sigma_1^2}} \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\left(\frac{1}{\sigma_1^2} - \frac{1}{\sigma_2^2}\right)\right), \quad x^2 \geq 2\left(\frac{1}{\sigma_1^2} - \frac{1}{\sigma_2^2}\right)$$

$$\log\left(\sqrt{\frac{2\pi\sigma_2^2}{2\pi\sigma_1^2}}\right) = 2\left(\frac{\sigma_2^2 - \sigma_1^2}{\sigma_2^2 - \sigma_1^2}\right) \log\left(\frac{\sigma_2}{\sigma_1}\right), \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_1} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2\sigma_1^2}\right) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_2} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2\sigma_2^2}\right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma_3} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2\sigma_3^2}\right) \right)$$

$$= -x \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{\sigma_2} \frac{x^2}{\sigma_2^2} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2\sigma_2^2}\right) - \frac{x}{\sigma_3^3} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2\sigma_3^2}\right) = -x \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right) \left\{ 1 - \sigma_2^{-3} \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\left(\frac{1}{\sigma_2^2} - \frac{1}{\sigma_3^2}\right)\right) + \sigma_3^{-3} \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\left(1 - \frac{1}{\sigma_3^2}\right)\right) \right\} = 0$$

$$1 = \sigma_2^{-3} \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\left(1 - \frac{1}{\sigma_2^2}\right)\right) \left\{ 1 - \left(\frac{\sigma_2}{\sigma_3}\right)^3 \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\left(\frac{1}{\sigma_2^2} - \frac{1}{\sigma_3^2}\right)\right) \right\}, \quad \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\left(1 - \frac{1}{\sigma_3^2}\right)\right) > 0$$

$$\phi(x) = \phi\left(\frac{x}{\sigma_2}\right)/\sigma_2 + \phi\left(\frac{x}{\sigma_3}\right)/\sigma_3 = 2 \frac{\sigma_2^2}{\sigma_2^2 - 1} \log \sigma_2 < x < \frac{\sigma_2^2 c^2}{c^2 - \sigma_2^2} \log\left(\frac{c}{\sigma_2}\right) > 0, \quad \sigma_3^{-3} \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\left(1 - \frac{1}{\sigma_3^2}\right)\right) > \sigma_2^{-3}$$

$$\exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\left(1 - \frac{1}{\sigma_2^2}\right)\right), \quad \left(\frac{\sigma_2}{\sigma_3}\right)^3 \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\left(\frac{1}{\sigma_3^2} - \frac{1}{\sigma_2^2}\right)\right), \quad x^2 < 2\left(\frac{\sigma_1^2 \sigma_2^2}{\sigma_2^2 - \sigma_3^2}\right) \log\left(\frac{\sigma_2}{\sigma_3}\right)$$

$$Y_t = \sum_t (L_t - E(L_t | \bar{L}_{t-1}, \bar{A}_{t-1})) + \sum_t (U_t - E(U_t | \bar{U}_{t-1}, \bar{A}_{t-1})) + \mu_B(\bar{A}) + \varepsilon_t$$

$$E\left[\frac{g(Y, \bar{A})}{\bar{W}}\right] = \sum_{\bar{A}} E\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} \frac{g(Y, \bar{a})}{\bar{W}} = \sum_{\bar{A}} E\left\{ \frac{g(Y, \bar{a})}{f_{\bar{A}}(\bar{a})} \frac{f_{\bar{A}}(\bar{a})}{\bar{W}} \right\} = \sum_{\bar{A}} E\left\{ \frac{g(Y, \bar{a})}{f_{\bar{A}}(\bar{a})} \frac{f_{\bar{A}}(\bar{a})}{\bar{W}} P(\bar{A} = \bar{a}) \right\}$$

$$Y, \bar{L}(\bar{U}_T, \bar{A}_T) \} = \sum_{\bar{A}} E\left\{ \frac{g(Y, \bar{a})}{f_{\bar{A}}(\bar{a})} P(\bar{A}_{T-1} = \bar{a}_{T-1} | \bar{A}_{T-1} = \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L}(\bar{U}_T)) P(\bar{A}_{T-1} = \bar{a}_{T-1} | \bar{L}(\bar{U}_T, Y, \bar{A}_T)) \right\}$$

$$= \sum_{\bar{A}} E\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} \bar{W}^{-1} E(g(Y, \bar{a}) | \bar{A} = \bar{a}, \bar{L}(\bar{U})) = \sum_{\bar{A}} E\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} \bar{W}^{-1} E(g | \bar{A} = \bar{a}, \bar{L}(\bar{U})) P(\bar{A} = \bar{a}) = \int \bar{W}^{-1} E(g | \bar{A} = \bar{a}, \bar{L}(\bar{U})) f_{\bar{A}}(\bar{a}) d\bar{a}$$

$$\int \bar{W}^{-1} E(g | \bar{A} = \bar{a}, \bar{L}(\bar{U})) f_{\bar{A}}(\bar{a}) d\bar{a} = \int \bar{W}(\bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L}(\bar{U}))^{-1} E(g | \bar{A} = \bar{a}, \bar{L}(\bar{U})) f_{\bar{A}}(\bar{a}) d\bar{a} = \int \bar{W}(\bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L}(\bar{U}))^{-1} E(g | \bar{A} = \bar{a}, \bar{L}(\bar{U})) f_{\bar{A}}(\bar{a}) d\bar{a}$$

$$= \int \bar{W}(\bar{a}_{T-2}, \bar{L}(\bar{U}_{T-1}))^{-1} E(g | \bar{A} = \bar{a}, \bar{L}(\bar{U})) f_{\bar{A}}(\bar{a}) d\bar{a} = \int \bar{W}(\bar{a}_{T-2}, \bar{L}(\bar{U}_{T-1}))^{-1} E(g | \bar{A} = \bar{a}, \bar{L}(\bar{U})) f_{\bar{A}}(\bar{a}) d\bar{a}$$

$$\left(\sum_{\bar{A}_{T-2}, \bar{L}(\bar{U}_{T-1})} f_{\bar{A}_{T-2}, \bar{L}(\bar{U}_{T-1})}(\bar{a}_{T-2}, \bar{L}(\bar{U}_{T-1})) \Delta_T^{-1} \right) f_{\bar{A}_{T-1}, \bar{L}(\bar{U})}(\bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L}(\bar{U})) P(\bar{A}_{T-1} = \bar{a}_{T-1} | \bar{L}(\bar{U}_{T-1})) = \int \bar{W}(\bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L}(\bar{U}))^{-1} E(g | \bar{A} = \bar{a}, \bar{L}(\bar{U})) f_{\bar{A}}(\bar{a}) d\bar{a}$$

$$= \int \bar{W}(\bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L}(\bar{U}))^{-1} E(g | \bar{A} = \bar{a}, \bar{L}(\bar{U})) f_{\bar{A}}(\bar{a}) d\bar{a} = \int \bar{W}(\bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L}(\bar{U}))^{-1} E(g | \bar{A} = \bar{a}, \bar{L}(\bar{U})) f_{\bar{A}}(\bar{a}) d\bar{a}$$

$$\phi(x) \left\{ 1 - c^{-1} \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}(1 - c^{-2})\right) + d^{-1} \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}(1 - d^{-2})\right) \right\} = \phi(x) \left\{ 1 + d^{-1} \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}(1 - d^{-2})\right) \left(1 - \frac{d}{c} \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\left(\frac{1}{d^2} - \frac{1}{c^2}\right)\right) \right) \right\}$$

$$= \frac{d}{c} \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}\left(\frac{1}{d^2} - \frac{1}{c^2}\right)\right) \left\{ c \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}(c^{-2} - 1)\right) + \frac{c}{d} \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}(c^{-2} - d^{-2})\right) - 1 \right\}, \quad c > 1, \quad d > 1, \quad c > d$$

$$> -d \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}(d^{-2} - 1)\right), \quad 1 > \frac{d}{c} \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}(d^{-2} - c^{-2})\right) (1 - c \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}(c^{-2} - 1)\right)), \quad \frac{c}{d} \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}(c^{-2} - d^{-2})\right) + c \exp\left(\frac{x^2}{2}(c^{-2} - 1)\right) > 1, \quad c < 1, \quad c > \frac{d+1}{d}, \quad 1 > c > \frac{d}{d+1}, \quad d > c > \frac{d}{d+1}, \quad 1 > d > 0, \quad 0 < d < \frac{c}{1-c}, \quad c = c, \quad d = d$$



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$$h(Y - \hat{Y}) = 0, \quad h W^{-1} Y = h W^{-1} D \beta, \quad \hat{\beta} = (h^T W^{-1} D)^{-1} h^T W^{-1} Y, \quad Y = D \beta + L + U + \varepsilon, \quad \hat{\beta} = \beta$$

$$\hat{\beta} - \beta = (h^T W^{-1} D)^{-1} h^T W^{-1} (L + U + \varepsilon), \quad E(\hat{\beta} - \beta) = E((h^T W^{-1} D)^{-1} h^T W^{-1} (L + U)), \quad E h^T \frac{L - E(L | \bar{L}_{T-1}, \bar{A}_{T-1})}{\prod_t f(A_t | \bar{L}_t, \bar{A}_{t-1})}$$

$$= E(E(\dots | \bar{L}_{T-1}, \bar{A}_{T-1})) = E\left(\sum_{a_T} h(\bar{A}_{T-1}, a_T) \frac{L_T - E(L_T | \bar{L}_{T-1}, \bar{A}_{T-1})}{\prod_t f(A_t | \bar{L}_t, \bar{A}_{t-1})}\right) = E(\dots | \bar{L}_{T-1}, \bar{A}_{T-1}) = 0.$$

$$E h^T \frac{L_T - E(L_T | \bar{L}_{T-1}, \bar{A}_{T-1})}{\bar{W}_{T-1} \Delta_T (-1)^{1-z_T} f_{z_T}} = \sum_z E\left(h^T(\bar{z}) \{\bar{A}_{T-1} = \bar{z}_{T-1}\} \frac{L_T - E(L_T | \bar{L}_{T-1}, \bar{A}_{T-1})}{\bar{W}_{T-1} \Delta_T (-1)^{1-z_T} f_{z_T}}\right) = \sum_z E(\dots | \bar{A}_{T-1}, \bar{L}_{T-1})$$

$$= \sum_z E\left(h^T(\bar{z}) \{\bar{A}_{T-1} = \bar{z}_{T-1}\} \frac{L_T - E(L_T | \bar{L}_{T-1}, \bar{A}_{T-1})}{\bar{W}_{T-1}}\right) = \sum_z E\left(h^T(\bar{z}) \{\bar{A}_{T-1} = \bar{z}_{T-1}\} \frac{L_T - E(L_T | \bar{L}_{T-1}, \bar{A}_{T-1})}{\bar{W}_{T-1}}\right)$$

$$(h^T(\bar{z}) \{\bar{A}_{T-1} = \bar{z}_{T-1}\} \frac{L_T - E(L_T | \bar{L}_{T-1}, \bar{A}_{T-1})}{\bar{W}_{T-1}} | \bar{A}_{T-1}, \bar{L}_{T-1}) = \sum_z E(h^T(\bar{z}) \{\bar{A}_{T-1} = \bar{z}_{T-1}\} E(\dots | \bar{L}_{T-1}, \bar{A}_{T-1}, \bar{z}_{T-1})) = 0$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2} \left(\binom{T}{2} + T \right) (T \gamma^{1-T} + \sigma^2 \gamma^{-T})}{\{2^{T-2} T (T+1)\}^2} = \frac{(T+1) (\gamma^{1-T} + \sigma^2 \gamma^{-T})}{\{2^{T-1} (T+1)\}^2} = \frac{1}{T+1} \frac{1}{(4\gamma)^{T-1}} \left(1 + \frac{\sigma^2}{T\gamma}\right)$$

$$p_2(1-p_2) = \left(\frac{1}{2} - u_2\right) \left(\frac{1}{2} + u_2\right) = \frac{1}{4} - u_2^2 = \frac{1}{4} - \left(\frac{1}{2} - p_2\right)^2$$

$$= 1 - p_2(1-p_2) \left(\frac{1}{p_1(1-p_1)}\right) = 1 + 4 p_2(1-p_2) \left(\frac{p_1(1-p_1)}{(p_1 - \frac{1}{2})^2}\right)^{-1} = 1 + 4 p_2(1-p_2) \left(\frac{1}{4(p_1 - \frac{1}{2})^2} - 1\right)^{-1}$$

$$= 1 + 4 p_2(1-p_2) \left(\frac{1}{4(p_1(1-p_1))} - 1\right)$$

$$A_{t+1} \xrightarrow{p_2} L_t \xrightarrow{p_1} A_t$$

$$E \frac{1}{\prod_{j=t}^T \frac{\gamma_{A_{j+1}}}{\delta_{L_j}}} \mid \varphi_t \mid L_{t-1} := E \left(\prod_{j=t}^T \frac{\gamma_{A_{j+1}}}{\delta_{L_j}} \mid L_{t-1} = L_{t-1} \right) = \frac{p_1 p_2 \gamma_{L_{t-1}}}{\delta_{L_{t-1}}} E \left(\prod_{j=t+1}^T \frac{\gamma_{A_{j+1}}}{\delta_{L_j}} \mid L_{t-1} = L_{t-1} \right)$$

$$+ p_1(1-p_2) \frac{\gamma_{L_{t-1}}}{\delta_{L_{t-1}}} \varphi_{t+1}(\bar{L}_{t-1}) + (1-p_1)p_2 \frac{\gamma_{L_{t-1}}}{\delta_{L_{t-1}}} \varphi_{t+1}(\bar{L}_{t-1}) + (1-p_1)(1-p_2) \frac{\gamma_{L_{t-1}}}{\delta_{L_{t-1}}} \varphi_{t+1}(L_{t-1})$$

$$= \left(p_1 p_2 \frac{\gamma_{L_{t-1}}}{\delta_{L_{t-1}}} + (1-p_1)(1-p_2) \frac{\gamma_{L_{t-1}}}{\delta_{L_{t-1}}} \right) \varphi_{t+1}(L_{t-1}) + \left(p_1(1-p_2) \frac{\gamma_{L_{t-1}}}{\delta_{L_{t-1}}} + (1-p_1)p_2 \frac{\gamma_{L_{t-1}}}{\delta_{L_{t-1}}} \right) \varphi_{t+1}(\bar{L}_{t-1})$$

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} p_1 p_2 \frac{\gamma_0}{\delta_0} + (1-p_1)(1-p_2) \frac{\gamma_1}{\delta_0} & p_1(1-p_2) \frac{\gamma_0}{\delta_1} + (1-p_1)p_2 \frac{\gamma_1}{\delta_1} \\ p_1(1-p_2) \frac{\gamma_1}{\delta_0} + (1-p_1)p_2 \frac{\gamma_0}{\delta_0} & p_1 p_2 \frac{\gamma_1}{\delta_1} + (1-p_1)(1-p_2) \frac{\gamma_0}{\delta_1} \end{pmatrix}, \quad (p_1 = p_2), \quad \bar{P} = \begin{pmatrix} p^2 \frac{\gamma_0}{\delta_0} + (1-p)^2 \frac{\gamma_1}{\delta_0} & p \frac{\gamma_1}{\delta_1} + (1-p) \frac{\gamma_0}{\delta_1} \\ p \frac{\gamma_1}{\delta_0} + (1-p) \frac{\gamma_0}{\delta_0} & p^2 \frac{\gamma_1}{\delta_1} + (1-p)^2 \frac{\gamma_0}{\delta_1} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Delta = (p^4 + (1-p)^4) \frac{\gamma_0 \gamma_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + p^2(1-p)^2 \left(\frac{\gamma_0^2}{\delta_0^2} + \frac{\gamma_1^2}{\delta_0^2} \right) - p^2(1-p)^2 (\gamma_0 + \gamma_1)^2 \frac{1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} = (p^4 + (1-p)^2) \frac{\gamma_0 \gamma_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + p^2(1-p)^2 \left(\frac{\gamma_0^2}{\delta_0^2} + \frac{\gamma_1^2}{\delta_0^2} \right) + \frac{\gamma_1^2}{\delta_1^2}$$

$$\Delta = (p^4 + (1-p)^4) \frac{\gamma_0 \gamma_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + p^2(1-p)^2 \left(\frac{\gamma_0^2}{\delta_0^2} + \frac{\gamma_1^2}{\delta_0^2} \right) + p^2(1-p)^2 \left(\frac{\gamma_0^2}{\delta_0^2} + \frac{\gamma_1^2}{\delta_1^2} \right) + \frac{\gamma_1^2}{\delta_1^2}$$

$$\text{claims mail map free usa. com p-t claim} \neq \varphi_T = (p^2 \frac{\gamma_0}{\delta_0} +$$

$$\mathbb{E}(Y | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L}_{T-1}) = \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(Y | \bar{a}, \bar{L}) - \mu(\bar{a}) | \bar{a}_T, \bar{L}_{T-1}) = \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(Y | \bar{a}, \bar{L}) | \bar{a}_T, \bar{L}_{T-1}) - \mu(\bar{a})$$

$$\mathbb{E}(Y | A, L) = \mu(A) + L, \quad \mathbb{E}L = 0$$

$$\mathbb{E}(Y, | 1, L) = \mu(1) + L$$

$$\mathbb{E}(Y, | 0, L) = ?$$

$$\mathbb{E}(Y_{00} | 0, 0, \bar{L}_2) = \mu(\bar{A}_2) + L_1 + L_2, \quad \mathbb{E}(L_1) = 0, \quad \mathbb{E}(L_2 | a_1 = 0, L_1) = 0$$

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$$E \prod_{t=1}^T \frac{Y_{A_t-1}}{\delta_{L_t}} = \frac{1}{2} (\varphi_2(0) + \varphi_2(1)), \quad E \prod_{t=1}^T \frac{Y_{A_t-1}}{\delta_{L_t}} = E \left(\frac{1}{\delta_{L_1}} \frac{Y_{A_1}}{\delta_{L_2}} \right) = E \left(\frac{Y_{A_1}}{\delta_{L_2}} \mid L_1=0 \right) + \frac{1}{2\delta_0} E \left(\frac{Y_{A_1}}{\delta_{L_2}} \mid L_1=0 \right)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2\delta_1} E \left(\frac{Y_{A_1}}{\delta_{L_2}} \mid L_1=1 \right) = E \left(\frac{Y_{A_1}}{\delta_{L_2}} \right) \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\ell_1} \frac{1}{\delta_{\ell_1}} E \left(\frac{Y_{A_1}}{\delta_{L_2}} \mid L_1=\ell_1 \right) = E \left(\frac{Y_{A_1}}{\delta_{L_2}} \right) \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\ell_1} \varphi_2(\ell_1)$$

$$T = p^2 \frac{Y_0 \delta_1 + Y_1 \delta_0}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + (1-p)^2 \frac{Y_0 \delta_1 + Y_1 \delta_0}{\delta_0 \delta_1} = (1-2p) \frac{Y_0 \delta_0 + Y_1 \delta_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + p^2 \frac{(Y_0 - Y_1)(\delta_1 - \delta_0)}{\delta_0 \delta_1} = p^2 \left(\frac{Y_0}{\delta_0} + \frac{Y_1}{\delta_1} \right) + (1-p)^2 \left(\frac{Y_0}{\delta_0} + \frac{Y_1}{\delta_0} \right)$$

$$T^2/4 - \Delta = \frac{p^4}{4} \left(\frac{Y_0}{\delta_0} + \frac{Y_1}{\delta_1} \right)^2 + \frac{(1-p)^4}{4} \left(\frac{Y_0}{\delta_0} + \frac{Y_1}{\delta_0} \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} p^2 (1-p)^2 \left(\frac{Y_0}{\delta_0} + \frac{Y_1}{\delta_1} \right) \left(\frac{Y_0}{\delta_1} + \frac{Y_1}{\delta_0} \right) - \left(p^2 - (1-p)^2 \right)^2 \frac{Y_0 Y_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1}$$

$$= \left[\frac{1}{2} (p^4 + (1-p)^4) - (p^2 - (1-p)^2)^2 \right] \frac{Y_0 Y_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + \frac{p^4}{4} \left(\frac{Y_0^2}{\delta_0^2} + \frac{Y_1^2}{\delta_1^2} \right) + \frac{(1-p)^4}{4} \left(\frac{Y_0^2}{\delta_0^2} + \frac{Y_1^2}{\delta_0^2} \right) + \frac{1}{2} p^2 (1-p)^2 \left(\frac{Y_0}{\delta_0} + \frac{Y_1}{\delta_1} \right) \left(\frac{Y_0}{\delta_1} + \frac{Y_1}{\delta_0} \right)$$

$$= \left[-\frac{1}{2} p^4 - \frac{1}{2} (1-p)^4 + 2 p^2 (1-p)^2 \right] \dots = p^2 (1-p)^2 \frac{Y_0 Y_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} - \frac{1}{2} (p^2 - (1-p)^2)^2 \frac{Y_0 Y_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} \dots = 2 p^2 (1-p)^2 \frac{Y_0 Y_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + \frac{p^4}{4} \left(\frac{Y_0}{\delta_0} - \frac{Y_1}{\delta_0} \right)^2 + \frac{(1-p)^4}{4} \left(\frac{Y_0}{\delta_1} - \frac{Y_1}{\delta_1} \right)^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} p^2 (1-p)^2 \left(\frac{Y_0}{\delta_0} + \frac{Y_1}{\delta_1} \right) \left(\frac{Y_0}{\delta_1} + \frac{Y_1}{\delta_0} \right) = \frac{1}{4} \left(\dots \right)^2 + 2 p^2 (1-p)^2 \frac{Y_0 Y_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + \frac{1}{2} p^2 (1-p)^2 \left(\frac{Y_0^2}{\delta_0^2} + \frac{Y_0 Y_1}{\delta_0^2} + \frac{Y_1^2}{\delta_1^2} \right)$$

$$+ \frac{Y_1^2}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + \frac{Y_0^2}{\delta_0 \delta_1} \pm \frac{Y_0 Y_1}{\delta_0^2} \pm \frac{Y_0 Y_1}{\delta_1^2} + \frac{Y_1^2}{\delta_0 \delta_1} \Bigg) \left(\frac{1}{4} \right) = \frac{1}{4} \left(\dots \right)^2 + 2 p^2 (1-p)^2 \frac{Y_0 Y_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + \frac{1}{2} p^2 (1-p)^2 \left(Y_0^2 + Y_1^2 \right) \frac{1}{\delta_0 \delta_1}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left(p^2 \left(\frac{Y_0}{\delta_0} - \frac{Y_1}{\delta_1} \right) - (1-p)^2 \left(\frac{Y_0}{\delta_1} - \frac{Y_1}{\delta_0} \right) \right)^2 + \frac{p^2 (1-p)^2}{\delta_0 \delta_1} (Y_0 + Y_1)^2 + p^2 (1-p)^2 \left(\frac{Y_0 + Y_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} - \frac{1}{2} \left| \frac{Y_0}{\delta_0} - \frac{Y_1}{\delta_1} \right| \left| \frac{Y_1}{\delta_1} - \frac{Y_0}{\delta_0} \right| \right)$$

$$= p^2 (1-p)^2 \left(2 \frac{1}{2} \frac{Y_0^2}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{Y_1^2}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + \frac{2 Y_0 Y_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{Y_0 Y_1}{\delta_0^2} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{Y_0 Y_1}{\delta_1^2} \right) = p^2 (1-p)^2 \left(\frac{2 Y_0 Y_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{Y_0}{\delta_0} + \frac{Y_1}{\delta_1} \right) \left(\frac{Y_0}{\delta_1} + \frac{Y_1}{\delta_0} \right) \right)$$

$$+ p^2 (1-p)^2 Y_0 Y_1 \left(\frac{1}{\delta_0^2} + \frac{1}{\delta_1^2} \right) \quad Y_a = p \delta_a + (1-p) \delta_{1-a}, \quad \frac{Y_0^2}{\delta_0^2} + \frac{Y_1^2}{\delta_1^2} = 2 p^2 + 2 p (1-p) \left(\frac{\delta_1}{\delta_0} + \frac{\delta_0}{\delta_1} \right) + (1-p)^2 \left(\frac{\delta_1^2}{\delta_0^2} + \frac{\delta_0^2}{\delta_1^2} \right)$$

$$\frac{Y_0^2}{\delta_0^2} - \frac{Y_1^2}{\delta_1^2} = 2 p (1-p) \left(\frac{\delta_1}{\delta_0} - \frac{\delta_0}{\delta_1} \right) + (1-p)^2 \left(\frac{\delta_1^2}{\delta_0^2} - \frac{\delta_0^2}{\delta_1^2} \right) = (1-p) \left(\frac{\delta_1}{\delta_0} - \frac{\delta_0}{\delta_1} \right) \left(2 p + (1-p) \left(\frac{\delta_1}{\delta_0} + \frac{\delta_0}{\delta_1} \right) \right), \quad (p_1 \neq p_2)$$

$$\Delta = \frac{Y_0 Y_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} (p_1^2 p_2^2 - p_1^2 (1-p_2)^2) + \frac{Y_0^2}{\delta_0 \delta_1} (p_1 p_2 (1-p_1)(1-p_2) - p_1 p_2 (1-p_1)(1-p_2)) + \frac{Y_1^2}{\delta_0 \delta_1} ((1-p_1)(1-p_2) - p_1 p_2)$$

$$+ \frac{Y_1 Y_0}{\delta_1 \delta_0} ((1-p_1)^2 (1-p_2)^2 - (1-p_1)^2 p_2^2) = \frac{Y_0 Y_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} (-p_1^2 + 2 p_1^2 p_2 + (1-p_1)^2 (1-2 p_2)) + \frac{Y_0^2}{\delta_0 \delta_1} (2 p_2 - 1) (p_1^2 - (1-p_1)^2)$$

$$T = p_1 p_2 \left(\frac{Y_1}{\delta_0} + \frac{Y_1}{\delta_1} \right) + (1-p_1)(1-p_2) \left(\frac{Y_1}{\delta_0} + \frac{Y_0}{\delta_1} \right), \quad \frac{d}{dY_0} (T_2 \pm (T_1^2 - \Delta)^{1/2}) = \frac{1}{2} \dot{T} \pm \frac{1}{2} \frac{T_2 - \Delta}{(T_1^2 - \Delta)^{1/2}}$$

$$0 = \dot{T} (T_1^2 - \Delta)^{1/2} \pm (T_2 - \Delta), \quad \dot{T} = p_1 p_2 \left(\frac{1}{\delta_0} - \frac{1}{\delta_1} \right) + (1-p_1)(1-p_2) \left(\frac{1}{\delta_1} - \frac{1}{\delta_0} \right) = \left(\frac{1}{\delta_0} - \frac{1}{\delta_1} \right) (-1 + p_1 + p_2), \quad \Delta = (1-2 p_1)(1-2 p_2)$$

$$\frac{1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} (1-2 p_1), \quad \dot{T}^2 T_1^2 - \dot{T} \Delta = T_1^2 \frac{T_2}{4} - 2 \Delta \dot{T} T + \Delta^2, \quad \frac{Y_0 Y_1}{\delta_0 \delta_1} (2 p_1 - 1)^2 = 2 p_1 (2 p_1 - 1)^2 \frac{(1-2 p_1)}{\delta_0^2 \delta_1^2} \left\{ p_1^2 \left(\frac{Y_0}{\delta_0} + \frac{Y_1}{\delta_1} \right) + (1-p)^2 \left(\frac{Y_1}{\delta_0} + \frac{Y_0}{\delta_1} \right) \right\}$$

$$- \frac{(2 p_1 - 1)(1-2 p_2)^2}{\delta_1 - \delta_0}, \quad \frac{Y_0^2}{\delta_0^2} = \frac{(2 p_1 - 1) \cdot 4}{\delta_1 - \delta_0} - 2 p^2 \left(\frac{1}{\delta_0} - \frac{1}{\delta_1} \right) - 2 (1-p)^2 \left(\frac{1}{\delta_1} - \frac{1}{\delta_0} \right) + 1 \Bigg\}$$

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$$\cancel{1+z} + a_1 |z+a_0| > |1+z_0| - |a_0|$$

$$|e^{i\theta} + 2a_0 e^{i\theta} + a_0| > |1+2a_0| - |a_0|$$

$$|1+2a_0| > 2|a_0|$$

$$|1+3a_0|$$

~~1+2a_0~~

$$|1+2a_0 + a_0 e^{-i\theta}|$$

$$|1+2|a_0|+a_0| > |1+|a_0|| \geq |a_0|$$

$$z^2 + a_1 z + a_0, \quad r = |1+|a_1|+2|a_0||$$

$$|z^2 + a_1 + a_1|a_1| + 2a_1|a_0| + a_0|$$

$$|z^2 + a_1 z + a_0|$$

$$1+|a_1|^2 + 4|a_0|^2 + 2|a_1| + 4|a_0| + 4|a_0||a_1| + a_1 + a_1|a_1| + 2a_1|a_0| + |a_0|$$

$$E(\bar{W}^{-1} g(Y, \bar{A})) = \cancel{f} E(\bar{W}^{-1} E(g(Y, \bar{A}) | \overline{AZLU}))$$

product measure on state spaces

$$= \int \bar{W}^{-1} E(g(Y_{\bar{a}}, \bar{a}) | \overline{aZLU}) f_{\overline{AZLU}}(\overline{aZLU}) \mu_{\overline{AZLU}}(\overline{aZLU})$$

$$= \int \bar{W}^{-1} E(g(Y_{\bar{a}}, \bar{a}) | \overline{aLU}) f_{\overline{AZLU}}(\overline{aZLU}) \mu_{\overline{AZLU}}(\overline{aZLU})$$

$$= \int \bar{W}_{T-1}^{-1} E(g(Y_{\bar{a}}, \bar{a}) | \overline{aLU}) (-1)^{1-z_T} f_{z_T | \overline{AZ}_{T-1}, \overline{LU}_T}^{-1}(z_T, \bar{a}_{T-1}, \overline{LU}_T) \Delta_T^{-1} f_{\overline{AZLU}}(\overline{aZLU}) \mu_{\overline{AZLU}}(\overline{aZLU})$$

~~cancel~~

$$= f_{A_T | \overline{A}_{T-1}, \overline{ZLU}} \cdot f_{z_T | \overline{AZ}_{T-1}, \overline{LU}} \cdot f_{\overline{AZ}_{T-1}, \overline{LU}_T}$$

$$= f_{A_T | \overline{A}_{T-1}, \overline{ZLU}} \cdot f_{z_T | \overline{AZ}_{T-1}, \overline{LU}} \cdot f_{\overline{AZ}_{T-1}, \overline{LU}_T}$$

~~cancel~~

$$= \int \bar{W}_{T-1}^{-1} E(g(Y_{\bar{a}}, \bar{a}) | \overline{aLU}) (-1)^{1-z_T} \Delta_T^{-1} f_{A_T | \overline{A}_{T-1}, \overline{ZLU}}(a_T, \bar{a}_{T-1}, \overline{ZLU}) \frac{f_{\overline{AZ}_{T-1}, \overline{LU}_T} \cdot \mu_{\overline{AZLU}}}{\mu_{\overline{AZLU}}(\overline{aZLU})}$$

$$= \int \bar{W}_{T-1}^{-1} E(g(Y_{\bar{a}}, \bar{a}) | \overline{aLU}) \Delta_T^{-1} \left(\sum_{z_T \in \{0,1\}} (-1)^{1-z_T} f_{A_T | \overline{A}_{T-1}, \overline{ZLU}}(a_T, \bar{a}_{T-1}, z_T, \overline{Z}_{T-1}, \overline{LU}) \right) f_{\overline{AZ}_{T-1}, \overline{LU}} \cdot \mu_{\overline{AZ}_{T-1}, \overline{LU}}$$

$$= \int \bar{W}_{T-1}^{-1} E(g(Y_{\bar{a}}, \bar{a}) | \overline{aLU}) f_{\overline{AZ}_{T-1}, \overline{LU}} \mu_{\overline{A}, \overline{Z}_{T-1}, \overline{LU}}$$

$$= \int \bar{W}_{T-1}^{-1} E(g(Y_{\bar{a}}, \bar{a}) | \overline{aLU}) f_{LU | \overline{AZLU}_{T-1}} f_{\overline{AZLU}_{T-1}} \mu_{\overline{A}, \overline{Z}_{T-1}, \overline{LU}}$$

$$= \int \bar{W}_{T-1}^{-1} E(g(Y_{\bar{a}}, \bar{a}) | \overline{a}_{T-1}, \overline{LU}) \cdot f_{LU | \overline{AZLU}_{T-1}} f_{\overline{AZLU}_{T-1}} \mu_{\overline{A}, \overline{Z}_{T-1}, \overline{LU}}$$

$$= \int \bar{W}_{T-1}^{-1} E(g(Y_{\bar{a}}, \bar{a}) | \overline{aLU}_{T-1}) f_{\overline{AZLU}_{T-1}} \mu_{\overline{A}, \overline{ZLU}_{T-1}}$$

$$= \int E(\bar{W}_{T-1}^{-1} g(Y_{\bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{a}_T}(\bar{A}_{T-1}, a_T))) \mu_{A_T}(a_T)$$

*

$$| \frac{a'}{b'} | > \frac{|(a'-\epsilon) \Delta O|}{|b'| + \epsilon} > \frac{(|\gamma| - \frac{\epsilon}{|\gamma|}) \Delta O}{1 + \frac{\epsilon}{|\gamma|}}$$

$$\frac{|\gamma \delta - \epsilon|}{|\gamma \delta + \epsilon|}$$

$$\frac{\gamma - \epsilon}{\gamma + \epsilon}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \gamma &= \gamma, \quad \delta = \frac{\epsilon}{\gamma} \\ a' &= \gamma \delta - \epsilon \\ b' &= \gamma + \epsilon \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{a' - \epsilon}{b' + \epsilon} = \frac{\gamma \delta - \epsilon}{\gamma + \epsilon}$$

$$= \frac{0}{\epsilon(1 + \frac{1}{\gamma})}$$

$$\frac{p^2}{4} - 2p + 1 = (p-1)^2 - \frac{p^2}{2}$$

$$\frac{p^2}{4} (\delta_0^2 + ((2 - \frac{2}{p})^2 - 2) \delta_0 \delta_1 + \delta_1^2)$$

$$\frac{p^2}{4(p-1)^2} < \frac{\delta_0 \delta_1}{(\delta_0 + \delta_1)^2}, \quad \frac{\delta_0 \delta_1}{(\delta_0 + \delta_1)^2} < \frac{1}{2} < \frac{p^2}{2(2p-1)}$$

$$p^2 \leq 4p-2, \quad -p^2 + 2(2p-1)^2 < 0, \quad (1 + \frac{1}{p})^2 < \frac{1}{2}, \quad \frac{1-p}{p} < \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{p}}, \quad p > (1 + \frac{1}{p})^{-1} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{1 + \sqrt{2}}$$

$$P(L_{t+1} = q | L_t = q) = \sum_a P(L_{t+1} = q | A_t = a) P(A_t = a | L_t = q) = \sum_a P_{AL} \quad (1-P_{AL})^{a \neq q} P_{LA} \quad (1-P_{LA})^{a=q} = \sum_a (P_{AL} P_{LA})^{a=q} ((1-P_{AL})(1-P_{LA}))^{a \neq q}$$

$$= P_{AL} P_{LA} + (1-P_{AL})(1-P_{LA})$$

$$E(\dots E(E(\eta | \bar{a}_{t+1}, \bar{L}_{t+1}) | \bar{a}_t, \bar{L}_t) \dots) = 0, \quad E(\frac{1}{f(A_2 | A_1, \bar{L}_2)} f(A_1, L_1)) = E(\frac{1}{f(A_1 | L_1)} E(\frac{1}{f(A_2 | A_1, \bar{L}_2)} | a_1, L_1))$$

$$= \sum_a \left(\frac{1}{f(a_2 | a_1, \bar{L}_2)} f(a_1, L_1) \right) = \sum_a E(\{A_t = a_1\} \frac{1}{f(a_1 | L_1)} | a_1, \bar{L}_2) = \sum_a E(\{A_t = a_1\} \frac{1}{f(a_1 | L_1)} \eta(a_2))$$

$$\sum_a E(E(\{A_t = a_1\} \frac{1}{f(a_1 | L_1)} | \bar{a}_t, \bar{L}_t)) = \sum_a E(E(\{A_t = a_1\} \frac{1}{f(a_1 | L_1)} | \bar{a}_t, \bar{L}_t)) = \sum_a E(E(\{A_t = a_1\} \frac{1}{f(a_1 | L_1)} | \bar{a}_t, \bar{L}_t)) = \dots = 0$$

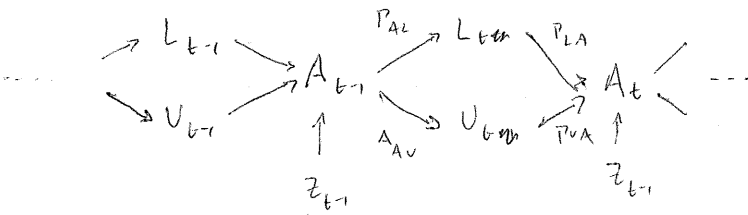
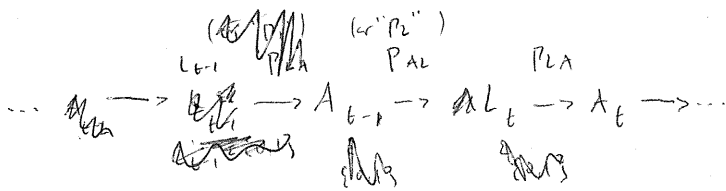
$$\sum_a E(E(\{A_t = a_1\} \frac{1}{f(a_1 | L_1)} | \bar{a}_t, \bar{L}_t)) = \sum_a E(E(\{A_t = a_1\} \frac{1}{f(a_1 | L_1)} | \bar{a}_t, \bar{L}_t)) = \sum_a E(E(\{A_t = a_1\} \frac{1}{f(a_1 | L_1)} | \bar{a}_t, \bar{L}_t)) = \dots$$

$$= \sum_a E(E(\{A_t = a_1\} \frac{1}{f(a_1 | L_1)} | \bar{a}_t, \bar{L}_t)) = \sum_a E(E(\{A_t = a_1\} \frac{1}{f(a_1 | L_1)} | \bar{a}_t, \bar{L}_t)) = \sum_a E(E(\{A_t = a_1\} \frac{1}{f(a_1 | L_1)} | \bar{a}_t, \bar{L}_t)) = \dots$$

$$\frac{1}{1-p} \left(\frac{1-p}{1-p} \right) = \frac{1-p}{1-p} = 1$$

$$= \frac{1-p}{1-p} = 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \gamma &= \gamma, \quad \delta = \frac{\epsilon}{\gamma} \\ a' &= \gamma \delta - \epsilon \\ b' &= \gamma + \epsilon \end{aligned}$$



$$U=1 \quad \begin{array}{cc} p_{01} \pm \delta_0 & \overline{p_{01}} \mp \delta_0 \\ p_{11} & \overline{p_{11}} \end{array}$$

$$U=0 \quad \begin{array}{cc} z_{t-1} p_{00} \pm \delta_0 & \overline{p_{00}} \mp \delta_0 \\ z_{t-0} p_{00} & \overline{p_{00}} \\ A=0 & A=1 \\ L=0 & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{cc} p_{11} \pm \delta_1 & \overline{p_{11}} \mp \delta_1 \\ p_{11} & \overline{p_{11}} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{cc} p_{10} \pm \delta_1 & \overline{p_{10}} \mp \delta_1 \\ p_{10} & \overline{p_{10}} \\ L=1 & \end{array}$$

params $p_{00}, p_{01}, p_{10}, p_{11}, \delta_e$

$$f(a|p, u, z=1) > 0: \quad \delta_0 < \min(p_{01}, p_{00}, \overline{p_{01}}, \overline{p_{00}}) = \min(\frac{1}{2} - |p_{01} - \frac{1}{2}|, \frac{1}{2} - |p_{00} - \frac{1}{2}|)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} - \max(|p_{01} - \frac{1}{2}|, |p_{00} - \frac{1}{2}|)$$

$$\delta_1 < \frac{1}{2} - \max(|p_{10} - \frac{1}{2}|, |p_{11} - \frac{1}{2}|)$$

$$\sum_n f(a|p, u, z) = 1 \quad (\text{horizontal sum})$$

$$ICT: \Delta(a|p, z) = \Delta(a|p, z=1) - \Delta(a|p, z=0) = \begin{cases} \delta_0, & p=0 \\ \delta_1, & p=1 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 \sigma_0^2 - \sigma_1^2}{\partial \sigma_0 \partial \sigma_1 (\sigma_1 - \sigma_0)}$$

$$+ \gamma \left\{ \frac{4(2p-1)}{\sigma_1 - \sigma_0} - 2p^2 \frac{1}{\sigma_0} - 2(1-p)^2 \frac{1}{\sigma_0} + p^2 \left(\frac{1}{\sigma_0} - \frac{1}{\sigma_1} \right) + (1-p)^2 \left(\frac{1}{\sigma_1} - \frac{1}{\sigma_0} \right) \right\} +$$

$$\left\{ -\frac{2p-1}{\sigma_1 - \sigma_0} + p^2 \frac{1}{\sigma_1} + (1-p)^2 \frac{1}{\sigma_0} \right\} = \gamma^2 \left\{ -\frac{4(2p-1)}{\sigma_1 - \sigma_0} - 2(1-2p) \frac{\sigma_0 - \sigma_0 1}{\sigma_0 \sigma_1} + 1 \right\} + \gamma \left\{ \frac{4(2p-1)}{\sigma_1 - \sigma_0} - 1 \right.$$

$$- \frac{1}{\sigma_1 - \sigma_0} - 2p^2 \left(\frac{1}{\sigma_1} + \frac{1}{\sigma_0} \right) - 2(1-2p) \frac{1}{\sigma_0} + (1-2p) \left(\frac{1}{\sigma_1} - \frac{1}{\sigma_0} \right) \left. \right\} + \left\{ p^2 \left(\frac{1}{\sigma_0} + \frac{1}{\sigma_1} \right) + (1-2p) \left(\frac{1}{\sigma_0} + \frac{1}{\sigma_1} \right) \right\}$$

$$= \gamma^2 \left\{ 2(2p-1) \left(\frac{\sigma_0 - \sigma_1}{\sigma_0 \sigma_1} - \frac{2}{\sigma_1 - \sigma_0} \right) + 1 \right\} + \gamma \left\{ 2(2p-1) \left(\frac{2}{\sigma_1 - \sigma_0} + \frac{1}{\sigma_0} + \frac{1}{2\sigma_0} - \frac{1}{2\sigma_1} \right) - 1 - 2p^2 \left(\frac{1}{\sigma_0} + \frac{1}{\sigma_1} \right) \right\}$$

$$+ \left\{ \dots \right\}$$

$$\mathbb{E}(Y_n) = \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(Y_n | L, A=a)) = \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(Y_n | L, A=a)) = m(a), \quad \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(Y | L, A=a) - m(a)) = 0, \quad g(L, A) = \mathbb{E}g(L, A)$$

$$= 0, \quad a \in A, \quad Y = m(A) + \eta(L, A), \quad \mathbb{E}(Y_n | A=a, L) = \mathbb{E}(m(a) + \eta(L, a) | A=a, L) = m(a) + \eta(L, a), \quad \eta(L, a) = g(L, a) - m(a),$$

$$\mathbb{E}(Y_n) = m(\bar{A}) + \eta(\bar{L}, \bar{A}), \quad \mathbb{E}(Y_{n_1, n_2} | a_1, a_2, \bar{L}_2) = \mathbb{E}(m(a_1, a_2) + \eta(\bar{L}_2, a_1, a_2) | \bar{L}_2, a_1, a_2) = m(a_1, a_2) + \eta(\bar{L}_2, a_1, a_2)$$

$$\text{and } \eta(\bar{L}_2, a_1, a_2) = \eta_1(\bar{L}_2, a_1) + m(a_1, 0) - m(a_1, a_2), \quad \mathbb{E}(Y_{n_1, n_2} | a_1, L_1) = \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(Y_{n_1, n_2} | a_1, \bar{L}_2) | L_1, a_1)$$

$$= \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(Y_{n_1, n_2} | a_1, \bar{L}_2) | L_1, a_1) = \mathbb{E}(\eta_1(\bar{L}_2, a_1) + m(a_1, 0) | L_1, a_1) = m(a_1, 0) + \mathbb{E}(\eta_1(\bar{L}_2, a_1) | L_1, a_1),$$

$$\mathbb{E}(\eta_1(\bar{L}_2, a_1) | L_1, a_1) = \eta_2(L_1) + m(0, 0) - m_y(a_1, 0), \quad \mathbb{E}(Y_n | A=a, L) = \mathbb{E}(Y | A=a, L) = \mathbb{E}(u(A, L) | A=a, L) = u(L),$$

$$\mathbb{E}(u(A, L) - h(L) | A=a, L) = 0, \quad \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(Y | A, L) - h(L) | A=a, L) = 0, \quad \mathbb{E}(Y | A=a, L) = m(a, L),$$

$$\mathbb{E}(m(a_1, L)) = \int m(a_1, l) f(l) dl, \quad \mathbb{E}(Y | A=a, L) = m_a(L), \quad Y \neq A, L = m_A(L), \quad Y = \frac{m(A, L)}{A} + \varepsilon,$$

$$\mathbb{E}(Y_{n_1} | \bar{L}_2) = m(a_1, \bar{L}_2) = \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(Y_{n_1} | A_1=a_1, \bar{L}_2) | L_1, A_1, \bar{L}_2) = m(\bar{a}_1, L_1)$$

$$\int v(\bar{a}_2, \bar{L}_2) f(L_2 | L_1, a_1) = m_1(\bar{a}_2, L_1) = \mathbb{E}(m_2(\bar{a}_2, \bar{L}_2) | L_1, a_1), \quad m_2(\bar{a}_2, \bar{L}_2) = m_1(\bar{a}_2, L_1) + \mathbb{E}[\phi(\bar{a}_2, \bar{L}_2) | a_1, L_1],$$

$$\mathbb{E}(Y_{n_1} | \bar{L}_2, L) = m(1) + L = \mathbb{E}(Y_{n_1} | \bar{a}_2, L), \quad \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(Y | \bar{A}, \bar{L}) | \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(Y | \bar{a}_2, \bar{L}_2) | a_1, L_1))$$

$$= \mathbb{E}(Y_{n_1} | a_1, \bar{L}_1)$$

$$\mathbb{E} \left(\frac{\eta(\bar{A}, \bar{L})}{\prod_{t=1}^T f(\bar{A}_t | \bar{A}_{t-1}, \bar{L}_t)} \right) = \int \frac{\eta(\bar{a}_1, \bar{L})}{\prod_{t=1}^T f(\bar{a}_t | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{L}_t)} f(\bar{a}, \bar{L}) p(d\bar{a}) p(d\bar{L}) = \int \frac{\eta}{\prod_{t=1}^T f(\bar{a}_t | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{L}_t)} \prod_{t=1}^T f(\bar{a}_t | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{L}_t) = 0$$

$$\mathbb{E}(\dots)$$

concept para

long term followup of HIV patients

compliance percentage

outcome viral load

replicate analysis assuming SRA

DA9

ix of treatment, outcome

viral confounders - Miguel's papers for ART confounders

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$$E(V|U) = E(V)$$

$$E(E(V|U)) = E(V)$$

$$E(f(V)|V) = E(f(V)) E(V), \quad E(f(V) E(V|U)) = E(V f(V)) = E(V) E(f(V))$$

$$E(\{\bar{A}_{T-1} = \bar{a}_{T-1}\} \eta(\bar{a}, \bar{L}U) W(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}_{T-1}) f(a_T | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L}U, \bar{z}_{T-1})) = E(\{\bar{A}_{T-1} = \bar{a}_{T-1}\} E(\eta(\bar{a}, \bar{L}U) W(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}_{T-1}) f(a_T | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L}U, \bar{z}_{T-1}) | \bar{a} \bar{L} U_{T-1}))$$

$$= E(\{\bar{A}_{T-1} = \bar{a}_{T-1}\} E(\eta | \bar{a} \bar{L} U_{T-1}) E(W f | \bar{a} \bar{L} U_{T-1})) = E(E(\eta | \bar{a} \bar{L} U_{T-1}) E(\{\bar{A}_{T-1} = \bar{a}_{T-1}\} \cdot W \cdot f | \bar{a} \bar{L} U_{T-1}))$$

$$= E(f(V) E(V|W))$$

$$E(f(V)|V) = E(E(f(V)|W) E(V|W)), \quad E(V|U, W) = E(V|W), \quad E(E(V|U, W) f(V, W)) = E(V f(V, W)),$$

$$E(f(V, W)|V) = E(E(f(V, W)|W) E(V|W)) \Rightarrow E(V|U, W) = E(V|W), \quad E(E(V|U, W) f(V, W))$$

$$= E(V f(V, W)) = E(E(V|W) f(V, W)), \quad U = \bar{A} \bar{L} U_T, \quad W = \bar{A} \bar{L} U_{T-1}, \quad V = \{\bar{A}_{T-1} = \bar{a}_{T-1}\} W(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}_T) f(a_T | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} U_{T-1})$$

$$E(f(V, W)|U) = E(f(V, W)), \quad E(\{\bar{A}_{T-1} = \bar{a}_{T-1}\} W f | \bar{A} \bar{L} U_T) = E(\dots | \bar{A} \bar{L} U_{T-1}), \quad \sum_{\bar{z}_T} E(\{\bar{A}_{T-1} = \bar{a}_{T-1}\} W(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}_T) f(a_T | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} U_{T-1}) | \bar{a} \bar{L} U_{T-1})$$

$$\bar{A} \bar{L} U_{T-1}, \bar{z}_T) f_{\bar{z}_T}(\bar{z}_T | \bar{A} \bar{L} U_{T-1}) \perp U_T, \quad \sum_{\bar{z}_T} W(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}_T) f(a_T | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} U_{T-1}) f_{\bar{z}_T}(\bar{z}_T | \bar{A} \bar{L} U_{T-1})$$

$$\perp U_T, \quad (W = \frac{1}{\prod_{t=1}^T f_{z_t}(-1)^{1-z_t}}), \quad \sum_{\bar{z}_{T-1}} \sum_{\bar{z}_T} W f \cdot f_{\bar{z}_T}(\bar{z}_T | \dots) f_{\bar{z}_{T-1}}(\dots | \dots)$$

$$= \sum_{\bar{z}_{T-1}} \frac{f(a_T | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} U_{T-1})}{W_{T-1} (f(a_T | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} U_{T-1}) - f(a_T | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} U_{T-1})) / \Delta_T} f_{\bar{z}_{T-1}}(\dots | \dots) = \dots = 1$$

$$E(\eta(\bar{a}_t, \bar{L} U_t) \{\bar{A}_t = \bar{a}\} W(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z})) = E(\eta(\bar{a}_t, \bar{L} U_t) \cdot E(\{\bar{A}_t = \bar{a}\} W(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}) | \bar{a} \bar{L} U_{t-1}))$$

$$E(\{\bar{A}_t = \bar{a}\} W(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}) | \bar{a} \bar{L} U_t) \perp U_t, \quad \sum_{\bar{z}_T} W(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}) f(a_T | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} U_{T-1}) f_{\bar{z}_T}(\bar{z}_T | \bar{a} \bar{L} U_{T-1})$$

$$f_{\bar{z}}(\bar{z} | \bar{a} \bar{L} U) = \prod_{t=1}^T f(z_t | \bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{a} \bar{L} U) = \prod_{t=1}^T f(z_t | \bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{a} \bar{L} U_t) = \prod_{t=1}^T f(z_t | \bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{a} \bar{L} t)$$

$$E(\{\bar{A}_t = \bar{a}\} \eta(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{U}) \cdot W(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z})) = E(\{\bar{A}_{T-1} = \bar{a}_{T-1}\} \eta(\bar{a}, \bar{L} U) W(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}) f(a_T | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} U, \bar{z}))$$

$$E(\{\bar{A}_{T-1} = \bar{a}_{T-1}\} \eta(a, \bar{L} U) W(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}_{T-1}) f(a_T | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} U, \bar{z}_{T-1}))$$

$$E(\{\bar{A}_{T-1} = \bar{a}_{T-1}\} \eta(\bar{a}, \bar{L} U) \sum_{\bar{z}_T} \{W(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{z}_T) f(a_T | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} U, \bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{z}_T) f_{\bar{z}_T}(\bar{z}_T | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{L})\})$$

$$E(\{\bar{A}_{T-1} = \bar{a}_{T-1}\} \eta(\bar{a}, \bar{L} U) \sum_{\bar{z}_T} \{W(\bar{a}, \bar{L}, \bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{z}_T) f(a_T | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} U, \bar{z}_{T-1}, \bar{z}_T)\})$$

$$\eta = E(Y | \bar{a} \bar{L} U) - m_{\bar{a}}(\bar{a}) = \sum_{\bar{a}} (E(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{a} \bar{L} U) - m(\bar{a})) \{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\}, \quad \int \eta(\bar{a} \bar{L} U) f(\bar{L} U_t | \bar{a} \bar{L} U_{t-1}) = 0$$

$$Y = m_{\bar{a}}(\bar{a}) + \eta(\bar{a} \bar{L} U) + \varepsilon \Rightarrow E(Y_{\bar{a}}) = m(\bar{a}), \quad \eta = \sum_{\bar{a}} \{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} \sum_{t=1}^T (E(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{a} \bar{L} U_t) - E(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{a} \bar{L} U_{t-1}))$$

$$= \sum_{\bar{a}} \{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} \sum_{t=1}^T \{E(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{a} \bar{L} U_t) - E(E(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{a} \bar{L} U_t) | \bar{a} \bar{L} U_{t-1})\} = \sum_{\bar{a}} \{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} \sum_{t=1}^T \{\eta_t(\bar{a} \bar{L} U_t) - E(\eta_t | \bar{a} \bar{L} U_{t-1})\},$$

$$E(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} \eta(\bar{a} \bar{L} U_t) W(\bar{a} \bar{L} U_t)) = E(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} E(\eta | \bar{a} \bar{L} U_{t-1}) W(\bar{a} \bar{L} U_t)) = E(\eta(\bar{a} \bar{L} U_t) E(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} W(\bar{a} \bar{L} U_t) | \bar{a} \bar{L} U_{t-1}))$$

$$E(\{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} W | \bar{a} \bar{L} U_{t-1}, \bar{z}_{t-1}) = \{\bar{A} = \bar{a}\} \bar{z}_{t-1} = \sum_{\bar{z}_{t-1}} \bar{z}_{t-1} f(\bar{z}_{t-1}) f(\bar{z}_t), \quad E(\{\bar{A}_t = \bar{a}_t\} f(\bar{a}_{t-1}))$$

(27)

$$\begin{aligned}
& \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} \eta(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L)) = \mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) | \bar{a}\bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1})), \quad U_t \perp \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} \\
& W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t), \quad U_t \perp \mathbb{E}(f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) = \sum_{z_t} f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t, z_t) W(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, z_t) \\
& f_{z_t}(z_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t), \quad = \sum_{z_t} W(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, z_t) f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t, z_t) f_{z_t}(z_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t), \quad U_{t-1} \perp \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} \\
& W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}), \quad U_{t-1} \perp \mathbb{E}(W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t, z_t) f_{z_t}(z_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}) \\
& = \mathbb{E}(W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}) f(a_{t-1} | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}), \quad U_{t-1} \perp \mathbb{E}(W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) \{\bar{A}_{t-1}=\bar{a}_{t-1}\} \\
& \{\bar{A}_{t-1}=\bar{a}_{t-1}\} | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}) = \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) \{\bar{A}_t=\bar{a}_t\} | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) \{\bar{A}_{t-1}=\bar{a}_{t-1}\} | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}) \\
& = \mathbb{E}(W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) \{\bar{A}_{t-1}=\bar{a}_{t-1}\} | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}) = \mathbb{E}(W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) f(a_{t-1} | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}) f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}) \\
& = W(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}) f(a_{t-1} | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}) = \mathbb{E}(W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) \{\bar{A}_t=\bar{a}_t\} | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) f(a_{t-1} | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}) \in m \bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-2}, \\
& \mathbb{E}\left\{ \{\bar{A}_t=\bar{a}_t\} \sum_{z_t} W(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, z_t) f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t, z_t) f_{z_t}(z_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) \right\} \\
& \sum_{z_t} W(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, z_t) \prod_t f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t, z_t) f_{z_t}(z_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t), \\
& \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) | \bar{a}\bar{L}\bar{U}_t) \in m(\bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}), \quad \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}_{t-1}=\bar{a}_{t-1}\} f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}_{t-1}=\bar{a}_{t-1}\} \eta(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) \\
& W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L)) = \mathbb{E}(\eta_t(\bar{a}\bar{L}\bar{U}_t) \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}_{t-1}=\bar{a}_{t-1}\} f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) | \bar{a}\bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1})), \quad \sum_{z_t} \{\bar{A}_{t-1}=\bar{a}_{t-1}\} f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) \\
& W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) f_{z_t}(z_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) \in m \bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}, \quad \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}_{t-1}=\bar{a}_{t-1}\} \eta_t(\bar{a}\bar{L}\bar{U}_t) \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) | \bar{a}\bar{L}\bar{U}_t) \in m \bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}), \\
& \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) \in m \bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}, \quad \sum_{z_t} W(z_t) f(a_t | z_t) f_{z_t}(z_t) \perp \bar{U}, \quad \mathbb{E}\left(\prod_t f(a_t | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{z}_t, \bar{U}_t)\right) \\
& \{\bar{A}_{t-1}=\bar{a}_{t-1}\} \eta(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) = \mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}_{t-1}=\bar{a}_{t-1}\} \mathbb{E}(\prod_t f(a_t | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{z}_t, \bar{U}_t) W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) | \\
& \bar{a}\bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}))), \quad m \bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1} \ni \mathbb{E}(\prod_t f(a_t | \bar{a}_{t-1}, \bar{z}_t, \bar{U}_t) W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t), \quad \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} \eta(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) \mathbb{E}(W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) \\
& \mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t)) = \mathbb{E}(\eta(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}) | \bar{a}\bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}), \\
& \mathbb{E}(\prod_{t'=t}^T f(a_{t'} | \bar{a}_{t'-1}, \bar{z}_{t'}, \bar{U}_{t'}) W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) \in m \bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}, \quad (t=T-1), \quad \mathbb{E}(\prod_{t'=1}^T f(a_{t'} | \bar{a}_{t'-1}, \bar{z}_{t'}, \bar{U}_{t'}) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}) \\
& \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(\dots | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}) = \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(f(a_{t-1} | \bar{a}_{t-2}, \bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{U}_{t-1}) \mathbb{E}(\prod_{t'=t}^T f(a_{t'} | \bar{a}_{t'-1}, \bar{z}_{t'}, \bar{U}_{t'}) \prod_{t'=t-1}^T W(\bar{a}\bar{z}_{t'}) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) \\
& \in m \bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}), \quad \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(f(a_{t-1} | \bar{a}_{t-2}, \bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{U}_{t-1}) f(a_{t-2} | \bar{a}_{t-3}, \bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{U}_{t-2}) \mathbb{E}(\prod_{t'=t}^T f(a_{t'} | \bar{a}_{t'-1}, \bar{z}_{t'}, \bar{U}_{t'}) W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}), \\
& \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) \in m(\bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}), \quad \mathbb{E}(\mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-2}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_{t-1}) \\
& = \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}=\bar{a}\} W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) = \mathbb{E}(\{\bar{A}_{t-1}=\bar{a}_{t-1}\} f(a_t | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) W(\bar{a}\bar{z}L) | \bar{a}\bar{z}_{t-1}, \bar{L}\bar{U}_t) = \{\bar{A}_{t-1}=\bar{a}_{t-1}\} \sum_{z_t} f(a_t | z_t) W(z_t) f_{z_t}(z_t)
\end{aligned}$$

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$$\frac{w_{00}}{w_{01} w_{10}} = 1 - \frac{1}{w_{01}} + \frac{w_{00}}{w_{01}} \quad \frac{1}{w_{10}} = \frac{w_{00}}{w_{01}} - \frac{1}{w_{01}} + 1 \quad \text{③} \quad w_{01} = \frac{w_{00}}{w_{10}} + 1 - w_{00} \quad \text{④} \quad \frac{w_{11}}{w_{10}} = \frac{w_{01}}{w_{00}}$$

$$h_0 w_{01} (p_{00} \frac{w_{00}}{w_{01}} + p_{01}) + h_1 w_{11} (p_{10} \frac{w_{00}}{w_{01}} + p_{11}) = c_h$$

$$h_0 (1 + w_{00} (\frac{1}{w_{10}} - 1)) (p_{00} \frac{w_{00}}{w_{01}} + p_{01}) + h_1 w_{11} (p_{10} \frac{w_{00}}{w_{01}} + p_{11}) = p_{00} \frac{w_{00}}{w_{01}} (-h_1 w_{11} + h_0 + h_0 w_{00} (\frac{1}{w_{10}} - 1))$$

$$+ \{ h_0 (1 + w_{00} (\frac{1}{w_{10}} - 1)) p_{01} + h_1 w_{11} \frac{w_{00}}{w_{01}} + h_1 w_{11} (1 - p_{01}) \} \quad \frac{w_{00}}{w_{10}} + 1 - w_{00} = w_{00} \frac{w_{11}}{w_{10}} \quad \frac{1}{w_{10}} + \frac{1}{w_{00}} - 1 = \frac{w_{11}}{w_{10}}$$

$$\frac{w_{00}}{w_{01}} (h_0 w_{01} p_{00} + h_1 w_{11} p_{10}) + p_{01} (h_0 w_{01} - h_1 w_{11}) + h_1 w_{11} = c_h$$

$$p_{00} (h_0 w_{00} - h_1 w_{10}) + p_{01} (h_0 w_{01} - h_1 w_{11}) + h_1 w_{10} + h_1 w_{11} = c_h$$

$$h_0 (p_{00} h_0 w_{00} + p_{01} h_0 w_{01}) (1 - \frac{h_1 w_{10}}{h_0 w_{00}}) + h_1 (w_{10} + w_{11}) = c_h \quad (p_{00} w_{00} + p_{01} w_{01}) (1 - \frac{h_1 w_{10}}{h_0 w_{00}}) + \frac{h_1}{h_0} (1 + \frac{w_{10}}{w_{00}}) = \frac{c_h}{h_0}$$

$$p_{00} w_{00} + p_{01} w_{01} + \frac{h_1}{h_0} \{ 1 + \frac{w_{10}}{w_{00}} (1 - p_{00} w_{00} - p_{01} w_{01}) \} = \frac{c_h}{h_0}$$

$$q_{110} = \frac{p_{010} - p_{000}}{p_{011} - p_{001}} (q_{111} - \frac{q_{011} q_{110}}{q_{010}}) + \frac{q_{010} q_{110}}{q_{010}} = \frac{q_{110}}{q_{010}} + p_{010} \left\{ \frac{q_{111} - \frac{q_{011} q_{110}}{q_{010}}}{p_{011} - p_{001}} - \frac{q_{110}}{q_{010}} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{p_{010} - p_{000}}{p_{011} - p_{001}} (p_{111} - \frac{p_{011} p_{110}}{p_{010}}) + \frac{p_{010} p_{110}}{p_{010}} = \frac{p_{110} - p_{010}}{p_{011} - p_{001}} \left\{ \frac{p_{110}}{p_{010}} - \frac{p_{111} - \frac{p_{011} p_{110}}{p_{010}}}{p_{011} - p_{001}} \right\}$$

$$+ \frac{p_{010}}{p_{011} - p_{001}} (p_{111} - \frac{p_{011} p_{110}}{p_{010}}) \quad p_{010} \left\{ \frac{q_{111} - \frac{q_{011} q_{110}}{q_{010}}}{p_{011} - p_{001}} - \frac{q_{110}}{q_{010}} + \frac{p_{110}}{p_{010}} - \frac{p_{111} - \frac{p_{011} p_{110}}{p_{010}}}{p_{011} - p_{001}} \right\}$$

$$= - \frac{q_{110}}{q_{010}} + \frac{p_{010}}{p_{011} - p_{001}} \left(\frac{q_{111} - \frac{q_{011} q_{110}}{q_{010}}}{p_{011} - p_{001}} + p_{111} - \frac{p_{011} p_{110}}{p_{010}} \right) + 1 = \frac{p_{110} - p_{010}}{1 - p_{010}} + \frac{p_{010}}{p_{011} - p_{001}}$$

$$\left(1 - \frac{(1 - p_{011})(1 - p_{110})}{1 - p_{010}} - \frac{p_{011} p_{110}}{p_{010}} \right) \frac{1 - p_{010} - 1 + p_{011} + p_{110} - p_{011} p_{110}}{1 - p_{010}} =$$

$$\frac{p_{110} - p_{010}}{1 - p_{010}} + \frac{p_{010}}{1 - p_{010}} + \frac{p_{010}}{p_{011} - p_{001}} \left(\frac{p_{110} - p_{011} p_{110}}{1 - p_{010}} - \frac{p_{011} p_{110}}{p_{011} - p_{001}} \right) = \frac{p_{110}}{1 - p_{010}} \cdot \frac{p_{011}}{p_{011} - p_{001}}$$

$$- \frac{p_{010} p_{011} p_{110}}{(p_{011} - p_{001})(1 - p_{010})} - \frac{p_{011} p_{110}}{p_{011} - p_{001}} = p_{110} p_{011} \left(\frac{1}{(1 - p_{010})(p_{011} - p_{001})} - \frac{p_{010}}{(p_{011} - p_{001})(1 - p_{010})} - \frac{1}{p_{011} - p_{001}} \right)$$

$$= \frac{p_{110} p_{011}}{p_{011} - p_{001}} \left(\frac{1}{1 - p_{010}} - \frac{p_{010}}{1 - p_{010}} - 1 \right) = 0$$

$$\frac{w_{01}}{w_{00}} = \frac{w_{11}}{w_{10}} \quad \frac{1}{w_{00}} = \frac{w_{11}}{w_{10}} + 1 - \frac{1}{w_{10}}$$

$$\frac{w_{01}}{w_{00}} = w_{11} + w_{10} - 1; \quad w_{10} (1 + \frac{1}{w_{00}}) = w_{11} - 1$$

[illegible]

WAZL
PZLU

$$W_{00L} P_{00L} + W_{01L} P_{10L} = 1$$

$$W_{10L} P_{00L} + W_{11L} P_{10L} = 1$$

$$W_{00L} = P_{00L} (1 - W_{01L} P_{10L})$$

$$P_{00L} (1 - W_{01L} P_{10L}) = P_{01L} (1 - W_{01L} P_{10L})$$

$$W_{01L} = \left(\frac{P_{11L}}{P_{01L}} - \frac{P_{10L}}{P_{00L}} \right)^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{P_{01L}} - \frac{1}{P_{00L}} \right) = \frac{P_{00L} - P_{01L}}{P_{00L} P_{11L} - P_{01L} P_{10L}}, \quad W_{00L} = \frac{P_{11L} P_{01L} - P_{01L} P_{10L}}{P_{00L} P_{11L} - P_{01L} P_{10L}}$$

$$= \frac{P_{11L} - P_{10L}}{P_{00L} P_{11L} - P_{01L} P_{10L}}, \quad W_{11L} = \frac{P_{00L} - P_{01L}}{P_{00L} P_{11L} - P_{01L} P_{10L}}, \quad W_{10L} = \frac{P_{11L} - P_{10L}}{P_{00L} P_{11L} - P_{01L} P_{10L}}$$

$$(1 - P_{00L})(1 - P_{11L}) - (1 - P_{01L})(1 - P_{10L}) = P_{00L} P_{11L} - P_{00L} P_{10L} - P_{01L} P_{11L} + P_{01L} P_{10L},$$

$$\frac{1}{W_{11L}} = \frac{P_{00L} P_{11L} - P_{01L} P_{10L}}{P_{01L} - P_{00L}} = 1 - \frac{1}{W_{01L}} + \frac{P_{10L} - P_{11L}}{P_{01L} - P_{00L}} = 1 - \frac{1}{W_{01L}} + \frac{W_{00L}}{W_{01L}}$$

$$\frac{1}{W_{10L}} = \frac{P_{11L} - P_{10L}}{P_{10L} - P_{11L}} = 1 - \frac{1}{W_{00L}} + \frac{P_{10L} - P_{11L}}{P_{10L} - P_{11L}} = 1 - \frac{1}{W_{00L}} + \frac{W_{01L}}{W_{00L}}, \quad \frac{W_{01L}}{W_{00L}} = \frac{W_{11L}}{W_{10L}}$$

$$\frac{W_{01L}}{W_{11L}} = -1 + W_{01L} + W_{00L} = \frac{W_{00L}}{W_{10L}}, \quad W_{01L} = (W_{00L} - 1) \left(\frac{1}{W_{11L}} - 1 \right)^{-1}, \quad \frac{W_{00L}}{W_{10L}} = W_{00L} - 1 + W_{01L}$$

$$= W_{00L} - 1 + \frac{W_{11L} (W_{00L} - 1)}{1 - W_{11L}}, \quad \frac{W_{00L}}{W_{10L}} = W_{00L} - 1 + W_{00L} \frac{W_{11L}}{W_{10L}}, \quad W_{00L} = \left(\frac{1}{W_{10L}} - 1 - \frac{W_{11L}}{1 - W_{11L}} \right)^{-1} (-1$$

$$+ \frac{W_{11L}}{1 - W_{11L}}) = \left(\frac{1}{W_{10L}} - \frac{1}{1 - W_{11L}} \right)^{-1} \left(-\frac{1}{1 - W_{11L}} \right) = \left(1 - \frac{1 - W_{11L}}{W_{10L}} \right)^{-1} = \left(\frac{1}{W_{10L}} - 1 - \frac{W_{11L}}{W_{10L}} \right)^{-1} = \left(1 + \frac{W_{11L} - 1}{W_{10L}} \right)^{-1}$$

$$+ \frac{W_{11L} - 1}{W_{10L}})^{-1}, \quad W_{AZL} = 1, \quad P_{ZLU} = \frac{1}{2} \delta_{ZLU} = \frac{1}{2}. \quad P_{ZLU} = P(A=0|ZLU) = P_{ZLU} + (-1)^{1-Z} \delta_{ZLU}, \quad W_{00L} P_{ZLU}$$

$$+ W_{01L} P_{ZLU} + W_{10L} P_{ZLU} + W_{11L} P_{ZLU} = \frac{1}{2} \delta_{ZLU} + \frac{1}{2} \delta_{ZLU} + \frac{1}{2} \delta_{ZLU} + \frac{1}{2} \delta_{ZLU} = \delta_{ZLU}$$

$$P_{ZLU} (W_{00L} + W_{01L}) + W_{01L} \delta_{ZLU} + \frac{h_1}{h_0} \{ P_{ZLU} (-W_{10L} - W_{11L}) + W_{10L} + W_{11L} (1 - \delta_{ZLU}) \} = \frac{c_h}{h_0}$$

$$P_{ZLU} (W_{00L} + W_{01L} - \frac{h_1}{h_0} (W_{10L} + W_{11L})) + \delta_{ZLU} (W_{01L} - \frac{h_1}{h_0} W_{11L}) + \frac{h_1}{h_0} (W_{10L} + W_{11L}) = \frac{c_h}{h_0},$$

$$P_{ZLU} (W_{00L} + W_{01L}) + \delta_{ZLU} W_{01L} = W_{01L} (P_{ZLU} + \delta_{ZLU}) + P_{ZLU} W_{00L} = \frac{c_{h,0}}{h_0}, \quad c_{h,0} / h_0 = c,$$

$$P_{ZLU} (W_{00L} + W_{01L} - \frac{h_1}{h_0} (W_{10L} + W_{11L})) + \delta_{ZLU} (W_{01L} - \frac{h_1}{h_0} W_{11L}) + \frac{h_1}{h_0} (W_{10L} + W_{11L}) = \frac{c_h}{h_0}, \quad (W_{AZL} = 1), \quad = (1 - \frac{h_1}{h_0})^{-1} \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{2} + (-1)^{1-Z} u_0 \right)^{-1} \left(\frac{h_1}{h_0} (W_{10L} + W_{11L}) - W_{00L} - W_{01L} \right) - \frac{h_1}{h_0} (W_{10L} + W_{11L}) + \frac{c_h}{h_0} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{2}{(-1)^{1-Z} u_0 - \frac{1}{2}} + \frac{c_h - 2h_1}{h_1 - h_0} \left[P_{00L} (1 - W_{01L} P_{10L}) = P_{00L} (1 - W_{01L} P_{10L}), \quad \frac{P_{00L} - P_{01L}}{P_{00L} P_{11L} - P_{01L} P_{10L}} \right]$$

$$\frac{P_{00L} - P_{01L}}{P_{00L} P_{11L} - P_{01L} P_{10L}}, \quad \frac{P_{01L} - P_{00L}}{P_{00L} P_{11L} - P_{01L} P_{10L}} = \frac{P_{00L} - P_{01L}}{P_{00L} P_{11L} - P_{01L} P_{10L}}, \quad P_{10L} = \left(\frac{P_{00L} - P_{01L}}{P_{00L}} \right) \left(\frac{P_{00L} P_{11L} - P_{01L} P_{10L}}{P_{01L} - P_{00L}} + \frac{P_{00L} P_{11L} - P_{01L} P_{10L}}{P_{00L} - P_{01L}} \right)$$

(29)

$$E(\{A_t = a_t\} W(\overline{ALZ})) = E(h(\bar{A}) \eta(\overline{AZ_{t-1}, \bar{L}U_t}) W(\overline{ALZ})) = E(h(\bar{A}) W(\overline{ALZ})) E(\eta(\overline{AZ_{t-1}, \bar{L}U_t})) = E(h(\bar{A}) W(\overline{ALZ})) E(\eta(\overline{AZ_{t-1}, \bar{L}U_t}))$$

$$E(h(\bar{A}) W(\overline{ALZ}) | \overline{AZ_{t-1}, \bar{L}U_t}) = E(h(\bar{A}) W(\overline{ALZ}) | \overline{AZ_{t-1}, \bar{L}U_t}), \quad \text{cancel out } E$$

$$\bar{W}_{t-1} E(\{A_t = a_t\} W_t | \overline{AZ_{t-1}, \bar{L}U_t}) = \bar{W}_{t-1} E(f(a_t | \overline{AZ_{t-1}, \bar{L}U_t}) W_t | \dots) = \bar{W}_{t-1} \sum_{z_t} f(a_t | z_t, \dots) W_t(z_t) f(z_t | \dots),$$

$$\sum_{z_t} f(a_t | z_t, \dots) W_t(z_t) f(z_t | \dots) \in m(\overline{AZ_{t-1}, \bar{L}U_t}),$$

$$p_{00} w_{00} + p_{01} w_{01} = \alpha, \quad p_{10} w_{10} + p_{11} w_{11} = \beta, \quad w_{00} - p_{10} w_{00} + w_{01} - p_{11} w_{01} = \alpha, \quad p_{10} =$$

$$w_{00}^{-1} (w_{00} - \alpha + w_{01} - p_{11} w_{01}), \quad p_{11} = (w_{11} - \frac{w_{10}}{w_{00}} w_{01})^{-1} (\beta - \frac{w_{10}}{w_{00}} (w_{00} - \alpha + w_{01})) \in m(\overline{ALZ}),$$

$$\frac{w_{01}}{w_{11}} = \frac{w_{00}}{w_{10}}, \quad \text{cancel out } w_{01} \quad \frac{w_{00}}{w_{01}} = \frac{w_{10}}{w_{11}}, \quad (\alpha = 0) \quad \frac{p_{00}}{p_{01}} = -\frac{w_{01}}{w_{00}} = -\frac{w_{11}}{w_{10}}, \quad (1 - p_{00}) \in$$

$$(1 - p_{01}) \frac{p_{00}}{p_{01}} = \frac{\beta}{w_{10}} = 1 - \frac{p_{00}}{p_{01}} = \frac{\beta}{w_{10}}, \quad p_{00} - p_{01} = -\frac{\beta}{w_{10}} p_{01}, \quad \text{cancel out } \frac{p_{00}}{p_{01}} = 1 - \frac{\beta}{w_{10}},$$

$$\alpha = p_{00} (w_{00} - p_{01} (w_{01} + w_{00} - \beta \frac{w_{00}}{w_{10}})), \quad \beta = \frac{w_{10}}{w_{00}} w_{01} + w_{10} = w_{11} + w_{10}, \quad \text{cancel out } \frac{1 - p_{11}}{1 - p_{11}} = -\frac{w_{11}}{w_{10}},$$

$$\beta = w_{10} (1 + (1 - p_{11}) \frac{w_{11}}{w_{10}}) + p_{11} w_{11} = w_{10} + w_{11} (1 - p_{11}) + p_{11} w_{11} \in m_{11} + w_{10} 1, \quad \text{cancel out } \frac{w_{00}}{w_{00}} + p_{01} = \frac{\alpha}{w_{01}}$$

$$p_{00} + p_{01} w = p_{10} + p_{11} w = 1 - p_{00} + w - w p_{01}, \quad w = \frac{p_{00} - p_{10}}{p_{11} - p_{01}} = \frac{2p_{00} - 1}{2p_{11} - 1}$$

$$p_{00} + p_{01} w = \alpha, \quad p_{10} + p_{11} w = \beta, \quad 1 - p_{00} + (1 - p_{01}) w = \beta, \quad \text{cancel out } w = \alpha + \beta, \quad \text{cancel out } w$$

~~cancel out~~

$$E(Y_{\bar{a}} | A: \bar{a}, \bar{Z} \bar{L} \bar{U}) = E(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} \bar{U}) = E(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} \bar{U}), \quad E(- | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} \bar{U}_{T-1}) = E(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} \bar{U}_{T-1})$$

$$= E(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} \bar{U}_{T-1}), \quad s \leq t, \quad \bar{Z}_s \perp (Y_{\bar{a}}, \underline{L}_{t+1}, \underline{U}_{t+1}) | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} \bar{U}_t, \quad \bar{Z}_s \perp Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{a}_t, \bar{L} \bar{U}_{t+1}$$

$$E(\eta_{\bar{a}} | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} \bar{U}_{T-1}) = E(\eta_{\bar{a}} | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} \bar{U}_{T-1}, \bar{Z}_s), \quad \zeta(\overline{AZ_{t-1}, \bar{L}U_t}) = E(\zeta | \overline{AZ_{t-1}, \bar{L}U_t}, \bar{Z}_s), \quad E(h(\bar{A}) W(\overline{ALZ})) \zeta(\overline{AZ_{t-1}, \bar{L}U_t})$$

$$= E(E(h(\bar{A}) W(\overline{ALZ}) | \overline{AZ_{t-1}, \bar{L}U_t}, \bar{Z}_s) \zeta(\overline{AZ_{t-1}, \bar{L}U_t})), \quad E(h(\bar{A}) W(\overline{ALZ}) | \overline{AZ_{t-1}, \bar{L}U_t}) = E(h(\bar{A}) W(\overline{ALZ}) | \overline{AZ_{t-1}, \bar{L}U_t}, \bar{Z}_s)$$

$$\leq \text{cancel out } f(a_t | a_{T-1}, z_t, \bar{Z}_{T-1}, \bar{L} \bar{U}) W(\overline{AZ_{t-1}, \bar{L}U_t}) f_{\bar{Z}_T}(z_t | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} \bar{U}_{T-1}) \in m(\overline{AZ_{t-1}, \bar{L}U_t}, \bar{Z}_s), \quad \in m(\overline{AZ_{t-1}, \bar{L}U_t}),$$

$$E(h(\bar{A}) W(\overline{ALZ}) | \overline{AZ_{t-1}, \bar{L}U_t}) E(\{A_t = z_t\} W | \overline{AZ_{t-1}, \bar{L}U_t}) \in m(\overline{AZ_{t-1}, \bar{L}U_t}), \quad E(E(\{A_t = z_t\} W | \overline{AZ_{t-1}, \bar{L}U_t}) | \overline{AZ_{t-2}, \bar{L}U_{t-1}}) \in$$

$$m(\overline{AZ_{t-2}, \bar{L}U_{t-1}}), \quad E(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} \bar{U}_{T-1}) = E(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} \bar{U}_{T-1}), \quad E(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} \bar{U}_{T-1}) = E(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} \bar{U}_{T-1}), \quad \eta(\overline{AZ_{t-1}, \bar{L}U_t})$$

$$= \sum_{\bar{a}} \{ \bar{a} = \bar{a} \} (E(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} \bar{U}_{T-1}) - m(\bar{a})) = \sum_{\bar{a}} \bar{a} \sum_{t=1}^T (E(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} \bar{U}_{T-1}) - E(Y_{\bar{a}} | \bar{a}_{T-1}, \bar{L} \bar{U}_{T-1}))$$

$$\mathbb{E}(\{A^{n-1}Y|A\}) = \sum_{n=1}^N \{A^{n-1}\} \mathbb{E}(\{A^{n-1}Y|A\}) = \{A^{n-1}\} \mathbb{E}(Y|A) = \{A^{n-1}\} \mathbb{E}(Y|A)$$

$$\mathbb{E}(\overline{h(A)} | A z_{t-1}, L v_t) = \mathbb{E}(\overline{h(A)} | w(A z_t)) = \mathbb{E}(\overline{h(A)} | w(A z_t), z_s), s \leq t-1, = \mathbb{E}(\overline{h(A)} | w(A z_t), L v_{t+1})$$

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$$\frac{w_{10}}{w_{00}} = \frac{w_{01}}{w_{00}} w_{10} - w_{10} - 1, \quad \frac{1}{w_{00}} + \frac{1}{w_{10}} = \frac{w_{01}}{w_{00}} - 1, \quad 1 + \frac{w_{02}}{w_{10}} = w_{01} - w_{00}, \quad w_{01} - w_{00} - 1 = \frac{1}{w_{11} - w_{10} - 1}, \quad 1 = \frac{1}{w_{01} - w_{00}}$$

$$+ \frac{1}{w_{11} - w_{10}}, \quad 1 = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{4} w_{00}} + \frac{1}{\frac{1}{4} w_{10}}, \quad \frac{1}{w_{00}} + \frac{1}{w_{10}} = \frac{1}{4} r(l), \quad w_{00} - w_{10} = \frac{2}{4} p, \quad r=2, \quad w_{01} = w_{11} = \frac{4}{l}$$

$$p_1 = w_{01}^{-1} (1 - w_{00} p_0) = \frac{1}{4} (1 - \frac{2}{l} p_0), \quad h_0(w_{00} p_0 + w_{01} p_1) + h_1(w_{10} p_0 + w_{11} p_1) = h_0(w_{00} p_0 + w_{01} p_1) + h_1(w_{10} p_0 + w_{11} p_1) = c_h - h_1(w_{10} + w_{11})$$

$$= h_0(\frac{2}{l} p_0 + 1 - \frac{2}{l} p_0) - h_1(\frac{2}{l} p_0 + 1 - \frac{2}{l} p_0) = c_h - h_1 \cdot \frac{6}{l}, \quad w_{11} - w_{10} = \frac{w_{01} - w_{00}}{w_{01} - w_{00} - 1}$$

$$\frac{w_{10}}{w_{01}} = \frac{1}{w_{01} - w_{00} - 1}, \quad w_{01} - w_{00} - 1 = \frac{w_{00}}{w_{10}} = \frac{w_{01}}{w_{11}}, \quad w_{01} = w_{00} r(l), \quad w_{11} = w_{10} r(l), \quad \frac{w_{10}}{w_{00}} = w_{10} r(l) + w_{10} - 1,$$

$$\frac{1}{w_{10}} = r(l) + 1 - \frac{1}{w_{00}}, \quad w_{00} = \frac{2}{l}, \quad r(l) = 2, \quad w_{10} = (3 - \frac{l}{2})^{-1} = \frac{2}{6-l}, \quad p_1 = \frac{1}{4} (1 - \frac{2}{l} p_0(r, l)), \quad h_0(\frac{2}{l} p_0 + 1 - \frac{2}{l} p_0) + h_1(\frac{2}{6-l} p_0 + 1 - \frac{2}{6-l} p_0) = h_0 + \frac{h_1}{6-l} (2 - 2p_0 + 4 - p_0 + 2p_0)$$

$$= h_0 + \frac{h_1}{6-l} (2 - 2p_0 + 4 - p_0 + 2p_0) = h_0 + \frac{h_1}{6-l} (4 - p_0), \quad \frac{2}{2-l} p_0 + \frac{4}{2-l} (1 - p_0) + \frac{4}{2-l} (1 - \frac{l}{4} + \frac{p_0}{2})$$

$$= -\frac{w_{10}}{w_{11}} p_0 - \frac{1}{w_{11}} - \frac{w_{10}}{w_{11}} + 1, \quad p_0 = \frac{w_{10}}{w_{11}} \frac{w_{00}}{w_{01}} = \frac{1}{w_{01}} = \frac{1}{w_{11}} - \frac{w_{10}}{w_{11}} + 1, \quad \frac{w_{11}}{w_{01}} = -1 - w_{10} + w_{11}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} p_0 - \frac{2-l}{4} + \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{1}{2} p_0 + \frac{l}{4} = \frac{l - 2p_0}{4}, \quad p_1 + \frac{p_0}{2} + \frac{2-l}{4} + \frac{1}{2} = 2, \quad \frac{2}{2-l} (1 - p_0) + \frac{4}{2-l} (1 - \frac{2p_0}{l}) = \frac{1}{2-l} (2 - 2p_0 + 4 - \frac{4p_0}{l})$$

$$= \frac{1}{2-l} (2 - 2p_0 + 4 - \frac{4p_0}{l}) = \frac{1}{2-l} (6 - 2p_0 - \frac{4p_0}{l}) = \frac{1}{2-l} (6 - 2p_0 - \frac{4p_0}{l})$$

$$h_0((w_{00} p_0 + w_{01}) p_0 + w_{01} \delta) = c, \quad \frac{w_{11}}{w_{10}} = \frac{\beta}{\alpha}, \quad w_{10} (\frac{1}{\alpha} - 1) = w_{11} - 1 \Rightarrow \frac{\beta}{\alpha} w_{10} - w_{10} = \frac{\beta}{\alpha} w_{10} - 1$$

$$w_{10} = (\frac{1}{\alpha} - 1 - \frac{\beta}{\alpha})^{-1} = \frac{\alpha}{1-\beta-\alpha}, \quad w_{11} = \frac{\beta}{1-\beta-\alpha}, \quad \alpha p_0 + \beta p_1 = 1, \quad \frac{\alpha}{1-\beta-\alpha} (1-p_0) + \frac{\beta}{1-\beta-\alpha} (1-p_1) = \frac{\alpha+\beta-1}{1-\beta-\alpha}$$

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$$P(L=l | U=u) = \sum_{a_1, a_2} P(L=l | U=u, A_1=a_1, A_2=a_2) P(A_1=a_1, A_2=a_2 | U=u) = \sum_a \frac{P(A=a, L=l, U=u)}{P(U=u | A=a) P(A=a)} \frac{P(U=u | A=a)}{P(U=u)}$$

$$P(A=a) = \sum_u \frac{\frac{1}{2} P(A=a | L=l, U=u)}{P(U=u | A=a) \cdot \frac{1}{2}} \cdot \frac{P(U=u | A=a)}{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_u P(A=a | L=l, U=u) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_u P(A=a | L=l, U=u) =$$

$$\sum_u P(A=a | L=l, U=u) P(U=u | L=l) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_u P(A=a | L=l, U=u) \cdot \cancel{P(U=u | L=l)}, \quad E \frac{A(L - E(L|A))}{f(A|L)} =$$

$$E \left(\frac{A(L - E(L|A))}{f(A|L)} \right) = E \left(\frac{E(A|L) - E(L|A)}{f(A|L)} \right) = E(L - E(L|A)) = E(L - E(L|A)), \quad E(\{A_1=a_1\} \{A_2=a_2\})$$

$$\frac{E(L_2 - E(L_2|A_1))}{f(A_2|L_2) f(A_1|L_1)} = E(E(\dots | L_2, A_1)) = E(\{A_1=a_1\} \frac{L_2 - E(L_2|A_1)}{f(A_1|L_1)}) = E(E(\dots | L_1, A_1))$$

$$= E(\{A_1=a_1\} \frac{E(L_2|A_1) - E(L_2|A_1)}{f(A_1|L_1)}), \quad P(U=0) E(L|A=0) = \sum_b E(E(L|A=0, B=b) P(B=b)) = \sum_b E(L|A=0, B=b) P(B=b)$$

$$P(B=1) E(L|A=0, B=1) = (1-P_B) P_L^{A_2=1} (1-P_L)^{A_2=0} + P_B \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$

$$Y_0 + Y_1 = P_L \delta_0 + (1-P_L) \delta_1 + P_L \delta_1 + (1-P_L) \delta_0 = \delta_0 + \delta_1, \quad \frac{Y_0^2}{\delta_0^2} + \frac{Y_1^2}{\delta_1^2} = (\delta_0^2 + \delta_1^2 + Y_1^2 - 2\delta_0\delta_1 - 2\delta_0Y_1 - 2\delta_1Y_1) / \delta_0^2 + \frac{Y_1^2}{\delta_1^2}$$

$$= 1 + \frac{2\delta_1^2 + \delta_0^2}{\delta_1^2} - 2\delta_0^2 (\delta_0\delta_1 + \delta_0Y_1 + \delta_1Y_1), \quad \frac{Y_0^2}{\delta_0^2} + \frac{Y_1^2}{\delta_1^2} = 1 + \frac{2Y_1^2}{\delta_0^2} \quad E \left(\frac{(1-P_B) \cdot 1 \cdot 2}{\Delta(a_k | A_2, L, U)} f_2(z_1 | A_2, L, U) \right)$$

$$= E(E(\dots | A_2, L, U)) =$$

#

$$g: A \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, \quad g: a \mapsto \inf_{b \in B} d(a, b), \quad g \in C^0, \quad \inf (lm g) = 0 \Rightarrow \{a_n\} \subset A, \{b_n\} \subset B, d(a_n, b_n) \rightarrow 0,$$

$$\Rightarrow a_n \in B = \bar{B}. \quad (g \in C^0) \quad b \in B: d(a, b) < g(a) + \varepsilon, \quad |a - a'| < \delta \Rightarrow d(a', b) < \delta + g(a) + \varepsilon,$$

$$|g(a) - g(a')| < \delta + \varepsilon \quad \#1 \quad \cancel{g(a) - g(a')} \quad z_n := \{z \in \mathbb{C} : f^{(n)}(z) = 0\}, \quad |z_n| = \infty, \quad |v_n z_n| = \infty,$$

$$\Rightarrow n: z_n = \infty \quad \#2 \quad g \equiv 0 \Rightarrow f \equiv 0, \quad (g \neq 0) \quad z \in Z(g) \Rightarrow r, (D(z, r)/z) \cap Z(g) = \emptyset, \quad z' \in$$

$$D(z, r), \quad z' \neq z \Rightarrow |f(z')| \leq 1, \quad g_0: f/g(z) = g_0, \quad f/g \in H(D(z, r)), \quad f/g = c \quad \#3$$

$$\text{Then } |f(z)| \leq 1, \quad f \in H(D(0, r)), \quad r > 0, \quad f^{(n)}(0) \leq \frac{n! (A + B r^{k-n})}{r^n}$$

$$= \frac{n! A}{r^n} + B r^{k-n} \xrightarrow{r \rightarrow \infty} 0 \quad k \leq k < n, \quad c_n = 0, \quad f(z) = \sum_{j=0}^k c_j z^j \quad \#4 \quad \int \frac{(f-f_n)(w)}{w-z} dw = f$$

$$-f_n(z) \quad \text{Then } \text{Ind}_\gamma(z) = (f-f_n)(z) \int_D \frac{1}{w-z} dw \xrightarrow{n \rightarrow \infty} 0, \quad \int_D \frac{(f-f_n)(w) - (f-f_n)(z)}{w-z} dw$$

$$\xrightarrow{n \rightarrow \infty} 0, \quad \frac{(f-f_n)(w) - (f-f_n)(z)}{w-z} \xrightarrow{z \rightarrow w} (f-f_n)'(w), \quad \sup_{w \in D} \sup_{z \in D} \left| \frac{(f-f_n)(w) - (f-f_n)(z)}{w-z} \right| < M,$$

$$(f-f_n)(z) = \int_{z \rightarrow w} (f-f_n)(\xi) d\xi = \int_0^1 (w-z) (f-f_n)(\xi(t)) dt, \quad \xi(t) = z + (w-z)t$$

$$f(w) - f(z) = \int_{z \rightarrow w} f'(\xi) d\xi = (w-z) \int_0^1 f'(\xi(t)) dt, \quad \int \frac{f(w)}{w-z} dw = \int \frac{f(z)}{w-z} + \int_0^1 f'(\xi(t)) dt dw$$

$$= \text{Ind}_\gamma(z) + \int \int_0^1 f'(\xi(t)) dt dw, \quad \int \frac{f(w)}{w-z} = \int \frac{f(w) - f(z)}{w-z} + \int \frac{f(z)}{w-z}$$

$$D(1) = \{1 + re^{i\theta} : 0 \leq r \leq 1, 0 \leq \theta < 2\pi\}, \quad 1 + re^{i\theta} = (1 + 2r \cos \theta + r^2)^{1/2} \exp(i \tan^{-1} \frac{r \sin \theta}{1 + r \cos \theta}), \quad \Omega = \{x + iy :$$

$$x = \log((1 + 2r \cos \theta)^{1/2}), \quad y = \tan^{-1} \frac{r \sin \theta}{1 + r \cos \theta}, \quad 0 \leq r \leq 1, \quad 0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi, \quad 1 + 2r \cos \theta + r^2 = r_1^2 + 2r_1 \cos \theta_1$$

$$r_0 + 2r_0 \cos \theta_0 = r_1 + 2r_1 \cos \theta_1, \quad \tan^{-1} \frac{r_0 \sin \theta_0}{1 + r_0 \cos \theta_0} - \tan^{-1} \frac{r_1 \sin \theta_1}{1 + r_1 \cos \theta_1} = 2\pi k, \quad -\pi/2 < \tan^{-1} \frac{r \sin \theta}{1 + r \cos \theta} < \pi/2, \quad r_0 \sin \theta_0 +$$

$$r_0 r_1 \sin \theta_0 \cos \theta_1 = r_1 \sin \theta_1 + r_0 r_1 \sin \theta_1 \cos \theta_0, \quad e^{x+iy} = e^{x'+iy'} \Rightarrow x = x', \quad y = y' + 2\pi k, \quad \#5 \quad \{ |y-y'| \} :$$

$$x+iy, \quad x'+iy' \in \Omega \} = \frac{\pi}{2} - \frac{\pi}{2}. \quad \Omega_k = \{x + i(y + 2\pi k) : x+iy \in \Omega\}, \quad \frac{\log(w) - \log(z)}{w-z} = \frac{\log w - \log z}{\exp \log w - \exp \log z}$$

$$\frac{1}{\exp \log z} = \frac{1}{z} \quad \Leftarrow \quad \log w \rightarrow \log z, \quad n! a_n = \left(\frac{1}{z} \right)^{(n)} \Big|_{z=1} = (-1)^n n! z^{-n-1} \Big|_{z=1} = (-1)^n n!, \quad a_n = (-1)^n,$$

$$\frac{1}{z} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n (z-1)^{n-1} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n+1) c_{n+1} (z-1)^n, \quad c_{n+1} = \frac{(-1)^n}{n+1}, \quad c_n = \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{n} \quad (n \geq 0), \quad c_0 = \log 1 = 0 \quad \#6$$

$$\frac{d}{dz} \int \frac{f(w)}{w-z} dw = \lim_{\xi \rightarrow z} \frac{1}{\xi-z} \int \left(\frac{f(w)}{w-\xi} - \frac{f(w)}{w-z} \right) dw = \lim_{\xi \rightarrow z} \int \frac{f(w)}{w-z} \left(\frac{\xi-z}{\xi-z} \right) dw, \quad \leq \sup |f(w)| < \infty,$$

$$\frac{1}{\xi-z} - \frac{1}{w-z} < \infty$$

$$\frac{1}{\xi-z} - \frac{1}{w-z} < \infty$$

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$$\hat{f}(t) = \begin{cases} \pi, & |t| < 1 \\ \frac{\pi}{2}, & |t| = 1 \\ 0, & |t| > 1 \end{cases}, \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{f}(t) e^{itx} dt = 2 \int_0^{\infty} \hat{f}(t) \cos(tx) dt = 2 \int_0^1 \pi \cos tx = 2\pi \frac{\sin x}{x}.$$

$$|R(x)| < \frac{C}{x^2}, \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} R(x) = \lim_{A \rightarrow \infty} \int_{-A}^A R(x) \{ |x| < A \}, \quad \int_{\Gamma_A} R(z) = \int_{-A}^A R(x) + \int_0^{\pi} R(Ae^{it}) Aie^{it} dt,$$

$$|R(Ae^{it}) Aie^{it}| = A \left| \frac{C}{A^2 e^{2it}} \right| = \frac{C}{A}, \quad \int_{\Gamma_A} R(z) \xrightarrow{A \rightarrow \infty} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} R(x) = 2\pi i \sum_{a: Q(a)=0} \text{Res}(R; a).$$

$$z^4 + 1 = (z^2 + i)(z^2 - i) = (z + i\sqrt{2}) (z - i\sqrt{2}) (z + i\sqrt{2}) (z - i\sqrt{2}) = (z + ie^{i\pi/4}) (z - ie^{i\pi/4}) (z + ie^{i5\pi/4}) (z - ie^{i5\pi/4}), \quad \frac{P(z)}{\prod (z - r_j)} = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} c_j (z - r_0)^j,$$

$$\frac{P(z)}{\prod (z - r_j)} = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} c_j (z - r_0)^{j-1} = \sum_{j=-1}^{\infty} c_{j+1} (z - r_0)^j, \quad \text{Res}\left(\frac{P(z)}{\prod (z - r_j)}; r_0\right) = c_0 = \frac{P'(r_0)}{\prod (r_0 - r_j)}, \quad \frac{1}{x^2+1}$$

$$\frac{(ie^{i\pi/4})^2}{-2ie^{i\pi/4}(-ie^{i\pi/4} + i)(-ie^{i\pi/4} - i)} + \frac{(ie^{i\pi/4})^2}{2ie^{i\pi/4}(ie^{i\pi/4} + i)(ie^{i\pi/4} - i)} + \frac{1}{(-1 + ie^{i\pi/4})(-1 - ie^{i\pi/4})(-2i)} + \frac{-1}{(1 + ie^{i\pi/4})(1 - ie^{i\pi/4})(2i)}$$

$$\frac{(e^{i\pi/4})^2}{(e^{i\pi/4})^3 (-1+i)(-1-i)(-1-i)} + \frac{(e^{i\pi/4})^2}{(e^{i\pi/4})^3 (1+i)(1-i) \cdot 2}, \quad \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{x^2+1} = \frac{-e^{i\pi/2}}{2ie^{i\pi/4} \cdot 3(i+1)(i-1)}$$

$$+ \frac{e^{i\pi/2}}{2e^{i3\pi/4} (1+i)(1+i)} = -\frac{1}{2e^{i3\pi/4}(-2)} + \frac{i}{4e^{i\pi/4}} = \frac{1+i}{4e^{i3\pi/4}} = \frac{1+i}{4(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} + i\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}})} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \frac{1+i}{i-1} = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \cdot 2i = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} i$$

$$\text{Res}(f; i) = \frac{e^{-t}}{2i}, \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{e^{itx}}{1+x^2} = \pi e^{-t}, \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{f}(t) e^{itx} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \pi e^{-t+itx} dt = \frac{\pi}{ix-1} e^{t(ix-1)} \Big|_{-\infty}^{\infty}, \quad e^{it\pi/2}$$

$$= e^{-tR^2 \sin \theta} e^{itR \cos \theta} \xrightarrow{R \rightarrow \infty} 0, \quad z = 0 \leq \theta \leq \pi, t > 0, \quad \text{Res}(f; -i) = \frac{e^t}{+2i}, \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{e^{itx}}{1+x^2} = +\pi e^t, \quad (t=0) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{1+x^2}$$

$$\arctan(x) \Big|_{-\infty}^{\infty} = \frac{\pi}{2}, \quad \hat{f}(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{e^t}{2} & (t > 0) \\ \frac{1}{2} & (t = 0) \\ \frac{e^t}{2} & (t < 0) \end{cases}, \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \hat{f}(t) e^{itx} = \int_{-\infty}^0 \frac{1}{2} e^{t+itx} dt + \int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{2} e^{t+itx} dt =$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(+ \frac{1}{1+ix} e^{t(1+ix)} \Big|_{-\infty}^0 + \frac{1}{ix-1} e^{t(ix-1)} \Big|_0^{\infty} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{1+ix} - \frac{1}{ix-1} \right) = \frac{1}{x^2+1}, \quad f(x) = g(x) =$$

$$\sum_{j=0}^{\infty} c_j (z-a)^j, \quad f(x) = \frac{g(x)}{(z-a)^n} = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} c_j (z-a)^{j-n} = \sum_{j=-n}^{\infty} c_{j+n} (z-a)^j, \quad \text{Res}(f; a) = c_{n-1} = \frac{1}{(n-1)!} g^{(n-1)}(a),$$

$$\frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{\gamma} \frac{e^z - e^{-z}}{z^4} = \text{Res}(e^z - e^{-z}; 0) = \frac{1}{3!} (e^z + e^{-z}) \Big|_{z=0} = \frac{1}{3}, \quad (z-\alpha)(z-\beta) = z^2 - z(\alpha+\beta) + 1, \quad z = e^{i\theta}$$

$$= \cos 2\theta + i \sin 2\theta - (\cos 2\theta + i \sin 2\theta)(\frac{1}{\alpha} + \beta) + 1, \quad \int_{\gamma} \frac{1}{(z-\alpha)(z-\beta)} = \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{ie^{i\theta}}{e^{2i\theta} - z(\frac{1}{\alpha} + \beta) + 1} d\theta = \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{i\alpha d\theta}{\alpha e^{i\theta} - (1+\alpha^2) + \alpha e^{-i\theta}}$$

$$= \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{i\alpha d\theta}{2\alpha \cos \theta - 1 - \alpha^2} = -i\alpha \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{1 + \alpha^2 - 2\alpha \cos \theta}, \quad (|\alpha| > 1) \quad \int_{\gamma} \frac{1}{(z-\alpha)(z-\beta)} = 2\pi i \text{Res}\left(\frac{1}{(z-\alpha)(z-\beta)}; \frac{1}{\alpha}\right) = \frac{2\pi i}{\frac{1}{\alpha} - \beta}$$

$$= \frac{2\pi i \alpha}{1 - \alpha^2}, \quad (|\alpha| < 1) \quad \int_{\gamma} \frac{1}{(z-\alpha)(z-\beta)} = 2\pi i \text{Res}\left(\frac{1}{(z-\alpha)(z-\beta)}; \alpha\right) = \frac{2\pi i}{\alpha - \beta} = \frac{2\pi i \alpha}{\alpha^2 - 1}, \quad \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{1 + \alpha^2 - 2\alpha \cos \theta} = \frac{1}{\alpha^2 - 1} \quad (|\alpha| > 1),$$

$$\frac{1}{1-\alpha^2} (|\alpha| < 1) \quad -4 \sin^2 z e^{itz} = (e^{iz} - e^{-iz})^2 e^{itz} = (e^{(z+t)iz} - 2e^{itz} + e^{(t-z)iz})$$

Radin #3

$$\frac{1}{2\pi i} \left(e^{i(t+2)\theta} Re^{i\theta} - 2e^{it\theta} Re^{i\theta} + e^{i(t-2)\theta} Re^{i\theta} \right) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \left(e^{i(t+2)\theta} \cos\theta - (t+2)R\sin\theta - 2e^{it\theta} \cos\theta - tR\sin\theta + e^{i(t-2)\theta} \cos\theta - (t-2)R\sin\theta \right)$$

$$+ e^{i(t-2)\theta} \cos\theta - (t-2)R\sin\theta \Big) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \left(e^{i2\theta} \cos\theta - 2\cos\theta - 2 + e^{-i2\theta} \cos\theta + 2R\sin\theta \right),$$

$$\sin\theta > 0 \Rightarrow t+2 > 0, \quad \sin\theta < 0 \Rightarrow t+2 < 0, \quad (t+2) \left(\frac{\sin^2\theta}{2} \right) = -\frac{1}{4\pi i} (e^{i2\theta} - e^{-i2\theta})^2 = -\frac{1}{4\pi i} (e^{i2\theta} + e^{-i2\theta} - 2) = -\frac{1}{4\pi i} (e^{2i\theta} + e^{-2i\theta} - 2)$$

$$+ e^{-2i\theta} - 2) = -\frac{1}{4\pi i} (e^{-2i\theta} e^{i2\theta} + e^{2i\theta} e^{-i2\theta} - 2) / ((x^2 - y^2) + i2xy), \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\sin x}{x} \right)^2 e^{itx} = 2 \int_0^{\infty} \left(\frac{\sin x}{x} \right)^2 \cos(tx) dx,$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\sin x}{x} \right)^2 e^{itx} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} z^{-2} (e^{i2\theta} - 2e^{it\theta} + e^{i(t-2)\theta}) / -4 dz = -\frac{1}{4} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (e^{i2\theta} - 2e^{it\theta} + e^{i(t-2)\theta}) dz$$

$$+ e^{-2i\theta} e^{i\theta} A) = -\frac{1}{4} \int_{-\pi}^0 e^{iA(t\cos\theta - \theta)} e^{-At\sin\theta} (e^{i2A\cos\theta} e^{-2A\sin\theta} + e^{-i2A\cos\theta} e^{2A\sin\theta} - 2) d\theta,$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\sin x}{x} \right)^2 e^{itx} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} z^{-2} (e^{i2\theta} - 2e^{it\theta} + e^{i(t-2)\theta}) / -4 dz = \frac{1}{4} \int_{-\pi}^0 e^{iA(t\cos\theta - \theta)} e^{-At\sin\theta} (e^{i2A\cos\theta} e^{-2A\sin\theta} + e^{-i2A\cos\theta} e^{2A\sin\theta} - 2) d\theta,$$

$$\phi(s) := \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} z^{-2} e^{isz} dz, \quad \phi(s) = \int_{-\pi}^0 iA^{-1} e^{-i\theta} e^{isA\cos\theta} e^{-sA\sin\theta} d\theta = \int_{-\pi}^0 iA^{-1} e^{i(sA\cos\theta - \theta) - sA\sin\theta} d\theta \xrightarrow{A \rightarrow \infty} 0$$

$$\leftarrow sA\sin\theta > 0, \quad s < 0, \quad \phi(s) = -\int_0^{\pi} iA^{-1} e^{i(sA\cos\theta - \theta) - sA\sin\theta} d\theta + \text{Res}(z^{-2} e^{isz}; 0) \xrightarrow{A \rightarrow \infty} \text{Res}(z^{-2})$$

$$= \frac{-2\pi i}{4} = -\frac{\pi i}{2}, \quad -4 \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\sin x}{x} \right)^2 e^{itx} = \begin{cases} \pi/2 (t+2), & t < -2 \\ 0, & -2 < t < 0 \\ \pi/2 (2-t), & 0 < t < 2 \\ 0, & t > 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(\frac{\sin x}{x} \right)^2 e^{itx} = \begin{cases} \pi/2 (t+2), & t < -2 \\ 0, & -2 < t < 0 \\ \pi/2 (2-t), & 0 < t < 2 \\ 0, & t > 2 \end{cases}, \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) e^{itx} = \frac{\pi}{2} \int_{-2}^2 (t+2) \cos tx + i \sin tx = \frac{\pi}{2} \int_{-2}^2 (t+2) \cos tx$$

$$\frac{\pi}{2} \int_{-2}^2 t \cos tx + \frac{\pi}{2} \int_{-2}^2 2 \cos tx = \frac{\pi}{2} \left[\frac{1}{x} \sin tx \right]_{-2}^2 + i \frac{\pi}{2} \left(t \left[-\frac{1}{x} \sin tx \right] + \int_{-2}^2 \frac{1}{x} \cos tx \right) = \frac{\pi}{x} 2 \sin 2x +$$

$$i \frac{\pi}{2} \left(4 \cos 2x + \frac{1}{x} 2 \sin 2x \right), \quad \frac{2}{\pi} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(t) e^{itx} = \int_{-2}^0 (t+2) e^{itx} dt + \int_0^2 (2-t) e^{itx} dt = \left(\int_{-2}^0 + \int_0^2 \right) t e^{itx} dt$$

$$+ 2 \int_{-2}^2 e^{itx} dt = \left[\frac{t}{ix} e^{itx} \right]_{-2}^0 + \left[\frac{1}{ix} e^{itx} \right]_{-2}^0 - \frac{1}{ix} \int_{-2}^0 e^{itx} + \int_0^2 e^{itx} + 4 \int_0^2 \cos tx = \frac{2}{ix} e^{-i2x} - \frac{2}{ix} e^{i2x} + \frac{1}{x} e^{itx} \Big|_{-2}^2$$

$$+ \frac{4}{x} \sin tx \Big|_0^2 = -\frac{2}{ix} 2i \sin 2x + \frac{4}{x} \sin 2x + \frac{1}{x^2} (1 - e^{-i2x} - e^{i2x}) = \frac{2 \cos 2x}{x^2} - \frac{2(\cos 2x - \sin^2 2x)}{x^2} = \frac{2 - 4 \sin^2 2x}{x^2}$$

$$= \frac{2 - 2 \cos 2x}{x^2} = \frac{4 \sin^2 x}{x^2} \quad \int_{-1}^0 \frac{dx}{1+x^2} = -\int_0^1 \frac{dx}{1-x^2}, \quad \int_0^R e^{i\pi n} (1+r^n)^{-1} dr = \frac{1}{1+e^{i\pi n}}, \quad \int_{\Gamma} \frac{1}{1+z^n}$$

$$= 2\pi i \text{Res} \left(\frac{1}{1+z^n} ; e^{i\pi/n} \right) = \left(\int_0^R \frac{1}{1+x^n} \right) (1 - e^{i2\pi/n}), \quad \int_0^{\infty} \frac{1}{1+x^n} = \frac{2\pi i \text{Res}((1+z^n)^{-1}; e^{i\pi/n})}{1 - e^{i2\pi/n}}, \quad (1+e^{i\pi/n})^{-1}$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{2} \prod_{j=1}^{n/2} (z - e^{i\pi j/n}) (z - e^{-i\pi j/n})^{-1} (2/n), \quad = \left((z+1) \prod_{j=1}^{n/2} (z - e^{i\pi j/n}) (z - e^{-i\pi j/n}) \right)^{-1} (2/n), \quad \text{Res} = (1 - e^{i\pi/n})^{-1}$$

$$\prod_{j=1}^{n/2} (e^{i\pi j/n} - e^{-i\pi j/n}) (e^{i\pi j/n} - e^{-i\pi j/n})^{-1} = \left((2i \sin \pi/n) e^{i\pi j/n} \prod_{j=1}^{n/2} (1 - e^{-i\pi j/n}) (1 - e^{i\pi j/n}) \right)^{-1} = (2i \sin \pi/n) \cdot e^{-i\pi/n} \prod_{j=1}^{n/2} (1 - 2 \cos \pi j/n)$$

$$+ 1) = \frac{1}{2} \left(e^{i\pi/n} - e^{-i\pi/n} \right) \left(2 \sin \pi/n \right)^{-1} 2^{n/2-1} \prod_{j=1}^{n/2} (1 - \cos \pi j/n)^{-1}, \quad \text{Res} = \lim_{z \rightarrow e^{i\pi/n}} \frac{z - e^{i\pi/n}}{1 + z^n} = \lim_{z \rightarrow e^{i\pi/n}} (nz^{n-1})^{-1}$$

Rudin #4

$$\text{Res} = \frac{1}{n} e^{i\pi/n} = \frac{1}{n} e^{i\pi/n}, \quad \left| \frac{1}{1+x^n} = \frac{-2\pi i e^{i\pi/n}}{n(1 - e^{i2\pi/n})} = \frac{-2\pi i}{n(e^{-i\pi/n} - e^{i\pi/n})} = \frac{-2\pi i}{2i \sin(\pi/n)} = \frac{-\pi}{\sin(\pi/n)} \quad \#13$$

$$f(z) - f(z_0) = (z - z_0)(f'(z_0) + \varepsilon(z)), \quad h(z) - h(z_0) = g(w) - g(w_0) = (z - z_0)(h'(z_0) + \eta(z_0)),$$

$$\frac{g(w) - g(w_0)}{w - w_0} = \frac{h'(z_0) + \eta(z)}{f'(z_0) + \varepsilon(z)} \xrightarrow{w \rightarrow w_0} \left(\frac{h'}{f} \right)'(z_0) \leq f^{-1} \varepsilon \circ (|f|). \quad f \notin H(\Omega), \quad g = c, \quad h = c. \quad \#14$$

$$f(w) = (w - w_0)^n \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} c_j (w - w_0)^j =: (w - w_0)^n f_0(w), \quad f_0(w_0) \neq 0, \quad g(z) = (\varphi(z) - \varphi(z_0))^m f_0(\varphi(z)), \quad f_0(\varphi(z_0)) =$$

$$f_0(w_0) \neq 0, \quad = (\varphi'(z_0) + \varepsilon(z))^m (z - z_0)^m f_0(\varphi(z)) =: (z - z_0)^m f_1(\varphi(z)), \quad f_1(\varphi(z_0)) = (\varphi'(z_0))^m f_0(w) \neq 0,$$

$$\varphi'(z_0) + \varepsilon(z) = \frac{\varphi(z) - \varphi(z_0)}{z - z_0} \in H(\Omega_1), \quad \varphi'(z) = (z - z_0)^k \psi(z), \quad \psi(z_0) \neq 0, \quad \varphi(z) = g(z) = ((z - z_0)^k \psi(z) + \varepsilon(z))^m$$

$$\cdot (z - z_0)^m f_0(z) = (z - z_0)^{km} \psi(z)^m \left(1 + \frac{\varepsilon(z)}{(z - z_0)^k \psi(z)} \right)^m (z - z_0)^m f_0(z) = (z - z_0)^{(k+1)m} \left\{ \psi(z) + \frac{\varepsilon(z)}{(z - z_0)^k} \right\}^m$$

$$\cdot f_0(z) \} =: (z - z_0)^{(k+1)m} f_2(z), \quad f_2(z_0) \neq 0, \quad \psi + \frac{\varepsilon(z)}{(z - z_0)^k} = \frac{\varphi(z) - \varphi(z_0)}{(z - z_0)^{k+1}} = \frac{\varphi'(z) + \varepsilon(z)}{(z - z_0)^k},$$

$$\varepsilon(z) = \frac{\varphi(z) - \varphi(z_0)}{z - z_0} - \varphi'(z_0), \quad (z - z_0) \varepsilon(z) = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} c_j (z - z_0)^j - c_0 - (z - z_0) \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} (j+1) c_{j+1} (z - z_0)^j = \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} (1-j) c_j (z - z_0)^j \quad \#15$$

$$\varepsilon(z) = \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} (1-j) c_j (z - z_0)^{j-1} = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} (1-j) c_{j+1} (z - z_0)^j, \quad \varphi(z) = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} c_j (z - z_0)^j, \quad c_0 = \dots = c_{m-1} = 0, \quad \varphi'(z) = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} (j+1) c_{j+1} (z - z_0)^j$$

$$(z - z_0)^j, \quad c_1 = \dots = c_m = 0, \quad \frac{\varepsilon(z)}{(z - z_0)^m} \in H(\Omega_1), \quad f_2 \in H(\Omega_1) \quad \#15 \quad g(z, w) =: \frac{\varphi(z, w) - \varphi(w, w_0)}{z - w}$$

$$(z + w), \quad = \frac{\partial \varphi}{\partial z}(z, w) (z + w), \quad t_0 \in X, \quad g: \Omega \times \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{C}, \quad \Rightarrow g \in C_0(-\Omega \times \Omega), \quad N :=$$

$$\sup_{w, z \in K \times K} |g(z, w)|, \quad \left| \frac{\varphi(z, t) - \varphi(w, t)}{z - w} \right| \leq \left| \frac{\varphi(z, t_0) - \varphi(w, t_0)}{z - w} \right| + \left| \frac{\varphi(z, t) - \varphi(z, t_0) - \varphi(w, t) + \varphi(w, t_0)}{z - w} \right|$$

$$\leq N + \left| \frac{\varphi(z, t) - \varphi(w, t) - (\varphi(z, t_0) - \varphi(w, t_0))}{z - w} \right| \left| \{ |z - w| > \delta \} \right| + \left| \{ |z - w| < \delta \} \right| \leq N + \frac{2M}{\delta}$$

$$+ \left| \{ |z - w| < \delta \} \right|, \quad \left| \frac{\varphi(z, t) - \varphi(w, t)}{z - w} \right| = \left| \varphi'(w, t) + \varepsilon(z, t) \right| \leq \frac{M}{\delta} + \sup_{|z - w| < \delta} |\varepsilon(z, t)|,$$

$$\varphi(z, t) = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} c_j^{(t)} (z - w)^j, \quad \frac{\varphi(z, t) - \varphi(w, t)}{z - w} = \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} c_j^{(t)} (z - w)^{j-1}, \quad \varepsilon(z, t) = \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \{ c_j^{(t)} - (j+1) c_{j+1}^{(t)} \} (z - w)^{j-1}$$

$$- j c_j^{(t)} (z - w)^{j-1} \} = \sum_{j=2}^{\infty} (1-j) c_j^{(t)} (z - w)^{j-1}, \quad \left| \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} c_j^{(t)} (z - w)^{j-1} \right| = \left| \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \frac{\varphi_j^{(t)}(w, t)}{j!} (z - w)^{j-1} \right| \leq$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^{\infty} \frac{M}{\delta^j} |z - w|^{j-1}, \quad \left| \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} c_j^{(t)} (z - w)^{j-1} \right| \leq \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} j |c_j^{(t)}| |z - w|^{j-1}, \quad \sum_{j=2}^{\infty} |(1-j) c_j^{(t)}| |z - w|^{j-1}$$

$$\leq |z - w| \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} |(j+1) c_{j+2}^{(t)}| |z - w|^j \leq |z - w| \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} (j+2)(j+1) |c_{j+2}^{(t)}| |z - w|^j = |z - w| \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} (j+1)(j) |c_{j+1}^{(t)}|$$

$$(z - w)^{j-1}, \quad |z - w| \sum_{j=2}^{\infty} |(j-1) c_j^{(t)}| |z - w|^{j-2} = |z - w| \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} j |c_{j+1}^{(t)}| |z - w|^{j-1}, \quad \sum_j |c_j| = \sum_j \left| \frac{\varphi^{(n)}(z_1, t)}{j!} \right|$$

$$\leq \sum_j \frac{\|\varphi(z_1, t)\|_0}{j!} =: M_0 < \infty, \quad \sup_{|z - w| < \delta} \left| \frac{\varphi(z, t) - \varphi(w, t)}{z - w} \right| \leq \delta \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} c_j^{(t)} \leq \delta M_0 \quad \#16$$

Rudin #5

Let $tz = -1$, $\Omega_\delta := \mathbb{C} \setminus \bigcup_{y \leq -1} B(y; \delta)$, $f \in \mathcal{H}(\Omega_\delta)$, $f \in \mathcal{H}(\mathbb{C} \setminus [-\infty, -1])$. $e^{t(x+iy)} = e^{tx} e^{ity}$,

$\Omega_\delta := \{z: \operatorname{Re} z \leq 0\}$, $\left| \frac{e^{tz}}{1+t^2} \right| \leq e^{|\operatorname{Re} z|}$, $\Omega_M := \{z: |\operatorname{Re} z| < M\}$, $\forall h \in \mathcal{H}(\Omega_M)$,

$h \in \mathcal{H}(\mathbb{C})$ $\frac{f'(z)}{f(z)} = \frac{m(a)}{z-a} z^p + \frac{h'(z)}{h(z)} z^p$, $\frac{h'}{h} z^p \in \mathcal{H}(\mathbb{C} \setminus D(a, r))$, $(z-a) \frac{m(z-a)^{m-1}}{(z-a)^m} z^p$

$\rightarrow m a^p = \operatorname{Res}_a \left(\frac{f'}{f} z^p \right)$, $\frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_\gamma \frac{f'}{f} z^p dz = \sum_a \operatorname{Res} \left(\frac{f'}{f} z^p, a \right) = \sum_a m(a) a^p$. $\frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_\gamma \frac{f'}{f} \phi(z) dz$

$= \sum_a m(a) \phi(a)$ $\left(\frac{f'}{f} - \frac{g'}{g} \right) \left(\frac{1}{z} \right) = 0$, $\left(\frac{f'}{f} - \frac{g'}{g} \right) \equiv 0$, $f'g = fg'$, $\left(\frac{f}{g} \right)' = 0$, $f = c \cdot g$

ch 11

$(u_x v + u v_x)_x + (u_y v + u v_y)_y = u_{xx} v + u_x v_x + u v_{xx} + u_{yy} v + 2u_y v_y + u v_{yy} = 2(u_x v_x + u_y v_y) = 0$, $u_x^2 + u_y^2$

$= 0$, $u_x = u_y = 0$, $u = c$. $|f|^2 = u^2 + v^2$, $2(u u_x + v v_x)_x + 2(u u_y + v v_y)_y = 2(u_x^2 + u u_{xx} + v_x^2 +$

$v v_{xx} + u_y^2 + u u_{yy} + v_y^2 + v v_{yy}) = 2(u(u_{xx} + u_{yy}) + v(v_{xx} + v_{yy}) + u_x^2 + v_x^2 + u_y^2 + v_y^2) = 2(u \Delta(u) + v \Delta(v) + |f_x|^2$

$+ |f_y|^2) = 2(|f_x|^2 + |f_y|^2) = 0$, $f_x = f_y = 0$, $f = c$ $u_{xx} + u_{yy} = v_{xx} + v_{yy} = 0$

$f^2 = u^2 - v^2 + i(2uv)$, $2(u u_x - v v_x)_x + 2(u u_y - v v_y)_y = 2(u_x^2 + u u_{xx} - v_x^2 - v v_{xx} + u_y^2 + u u_{yy} - v_y^2 - v v_{yy})$

$= 2(u_x^2 + u_y^2 - v_x^2 - v_y^2) = 0$, $u_x^2 + u_y^2 = v_x^2 + v_y^2$, $(u_x v + u v_x)_x + (u_y v + u v_y)_y = 2u_x v_x + 2u_y v_y = 0$,

$-\frac{u_x}{u_y} = \frac{v_y}{v_x}$, $u_y^2 \left(1 + \frac{v_y^2}{v_x^2} \right) = v_x^2 + v_y^2$, $u_y^2 (v_x^2 + v_y^2) = v_x^2 (v_x^2 + v_y^2)$, $u_y^2 = \pm v_x$, $u_x = \mp v_y$

$\begin{pmatrix} u_{xx} & u_{xy} \\ u_{yx} & u_{yy} \end{pmatrix} = -\begin{pmatrix} u_{xx} & u_{xy} \\ u_{yx} & u_{yy} \end{pmatrix} \leq 0$, $u = \operatorname{Re} f$, $u_{xxx} + u_{xyy} = u_{yxx} + u_{xyy}$

$\therefore u_{yxy} = u_{yyx}$, $\Delta(u_x) = (u_{xx} + u_{yy})_x = 0$. $\frac{\partial r}{\partial x} = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} = \frac{x}{r}$, $\theta = \tan^{-1} \frac{y}{x}$, $\frac{y}{x} = \tan \theta$, $-\frac{y}{x^2} = \sec^2 \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial x}$

$\frac{\partial \theta}{\partial x} = -\frac{y}{x^2} \cos^2 \theta = -\frac{1}{x} \tan \theta \cos^2 \theta$, $\frac{1}{x} = \sec^2 \theta \frac{\partial \theta}{\partial y}$, $\theta_y = \frac{1}{x} \cos^2 \theta$, $\Delta(u(r, \theta)) = (u_r r_x + u_\theta \theta_x)_x$

$+ (u_r r_y + u_\theta \theta_y)_y = u_{rr} r_x^2 + u_r r_{xx} + u_{\theta\theta} \theta_x^2 + u_\theta \theta_{xx} + \dots$, $r_{xx} = \frac{r - x r_x}{r^2} = \frac{r - \frac{x^2}{r}}{r^2} = \frac{1}{r} - \frac{x^2}{r^3}$

$= \frac{9 \sin^2 \theta}{r}$, $r_{yy} = \frac{\cos^2 \theta}{r}$, $\theta_{xx} = \frac{-\cos \theta \theta_x r + \sin \theta r_x}{r^2} = r^{-2} \left(\frac{\sin \theta \cos \theta}{r} + \sin \theta \cos \theta \right) = \frac{\sin 2\theta}{r^2}$, $\theta_{yy} = \frac{-\sin \theta \theta_y r - \cos \theta r_y}{r^2}$

$= -\frac{\sin 2\theta}{r^2}$, $\Delta(u(r, \theta)) = u_{rr} \cos^2 \theta + u_r \frac{\cos^2 \theta}{r} + u_{\theta\theta} \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{r^2} + u_\theta \left(\frac{2 \sin \theta \cos \theta}{r^2} \right) + u_{rr} \sin^2 \theta + u_r \frac{\sin^2 \theta}{r} + u_{\theta\theta} \frac{\cos^2 \theta}{r^2}$

$+ u_\theta \left(-\frac{2 \sin \theta \cos \theta}{r^2} \right) = u_{rr} + u_r/r + u_{\theta\theta}/r^2$, $\Delta(P_r(\theta-t)) = \frac{\partial}{\partial r} = \frac{-2r(1-2r \cos(\theta-t)r^2) - (1-r^2)(2r-2 \cos(\theta-t))}{r^3}$

$(\cdot)^2 = \{r^2(4 \cos(\theta-t) - 2 \cos(\theta-t)) + r(-2-2) + 2 \cos(\theta-t)\} / (\cdot)^2 = (2(r^2+1) \cos(\theta-t) - 4r) / (1-2r \cos(\theta-t))^2$,

$u_\theta = -(1-r^2) 2r \sin(\theta-t) / (\cdot)^2$, $u_{\theta\theta} = -(1-r^2) 2r \cos(\theta-t) / (\cdot)^2 + 2(1-r^2) 4r^2 \sin^2(\theta-t) / (\cdot)^3$

Radon #6

$$p = \frac{1-r^2}{1-2r\cos(\theta-\phi)+r^2}$$

$$u_{\theta\theta} = \frac{-(1-r^2)2r\cos\cdot(1+2(1-r^2)4r^2\sin^2)}{()^3} = -2(1-r^2)\{\cos-2r\cos^2+r^2\cos+4r^2\sin^2\}/()^3$$

$$2-2r(1-r^2)\{\cos(1+r^2)\cos-2r-2r\sin^2\}/()^3, \quad u_{rr} = \frac{4r\cos-4}{()^2} - 2(2(r^2+1)\cos-4r)(-2\cos+2r)/()^3$$

$$u_{r\theta} + u_{\theta r} = \frac{4r\cos-4}{()^2} - 2(1-r^2)\{\frac{1}{r}+r\}\cos-2-2\sin^2 + (2(r^2+1)\cos-4r)(\frac{1}{r}-r^3+4r^3)/3$$

$$-2\cos+2r = \cos\{(1-r^2)(\frac{1}{r}+r)+2(4r^3-1)\} - 2(1-r^2)(\sin^2+1) - 8r^2 - 4(r^2+1)\cos^2 = \{\frac{1}{r}-r^3+4r^3\}\cos$$

$$-2(1-r^2)(2-\cos^2) - 8r^2 - 4(r^2+1)\cos^2 = (\frac{1}{r}+3+4(r+1)^2)\cos - 4 - 6r^2 + (-3-5r^2)\cos$$

$$4r\cos-4+2(r+\frac{1}{r})\cos-4 = (6r+\frac{2}{r})\cos-8, \quad 0 = ? ((6r+\frac{2}{r})\cos-8)(1-2r\cos+r^2) - 2(\frac{1}{r}-r^3+4r^3)$$

$$+ 4r^3+12r + 8 + 12r^2 + (4+12r^2)\cos^2 = \cos^2(-12r^2-4+4+12r^2) + \cos\{16r+(6r+\frac{2}{r})(1+r^2)-\frac{2}{r}-6r^3-24r\}$$

$$-6r^3-24r\} + 8(1+r^2) - 8(1+r^2) = \cos\cdot\{16r+8r+6r^3+\frac{2}{r}-\frac{2}{r}-6r^3-24r\}$$

= 0.

$$\log|f| = \log\sqrt{u^2+v^2}, \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial x} = \frac{2uu_x+vv_x}{u^2+v^2}, \quad \frac{\partial}{\partial y} = \frac{4uy+vv_y}{u^2+v^2}, \quad \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} = (u_x^2+uu_{xx}+v_x^2+vv_{xx})/(u^2+v^2)$$

$$-2(uu_x+vv_x)^2/(u^2+v^2)^2, \quad \mathcal{L} = (u^2+v^2)^{-1}(u_x^2+v_x^2+u_y^2+v_y^2) - 2(u^2+v^2)^{-2}(u^2u_x^2+v^2v_x^2+2uvu_xv_x$$

$$+ u^2u_y^2+v^2v_y^2+2uvu_yv_y), \quad (u^2+v^2)^2 \cdot \mathcal{L} = 2(u^2+v^2)(u_x^2+v_x^2+u_y^2+v_y^2) - 2((uu_x+vv_x)^2 + (uu_y+vv_y)^2)$$

$$= -u^2u_x^2 + u^2(v_x^2+v_y^2) - u^2u_y^2 + v^2(u_x^2+u_y^2) - v^2v_x^2 - v^2v_y^2 - 4uv(u_xv_x+u_yv_y)$$

$$= -u^2u_x^2 + u^2(u_y^2+u_x^2-u_x^2) - u^2u_y^2 + v^2(u_x^2+u_y^2-u_y^2-u_x^2) - 4uv(u_xu_y+u_yu_x) = 0, \quad A_n :=$$

$$\mathbb{Z} \cap \{univ \in \mathbb{C} : 2\pi n \leq v < 2\pi(n+1)\}, \quad f_n: A_n \rightarrow \mathbb{C}, \quad f_n: univ \mapsto e^z \in \mathcal{H}(A_n), \quad f_n^{-1} \in \mathcal{H}(e^{A_n}),$$

$$\log|f| = \operatorname{Re} f_n^{-1} \# 5$$

$$\Psi_0(f\bar{f}) = \Psi(u^2(z)+v^2(\bar{z})), \quad 2\bar{\partial} = \Psi'(f\bar{f})(2uu_x+2vv_x+i2uu_y+i2vv_y)$$

$$4\bar{\partial} = \Psi''(f\bar{f})(2uu_x+2vv_x+i2uu_y+i2vv_y)^2 + 2\Psi'(f\bar{f})(u_x^2+uu_{xx}+v_x^2+vv_{xx}+i(u_yu_x+uu_{xy}+v_yv_x+vv_{xy}+i(u_y^2+uu_{yy}+v_y^2+vv_{yy}+i(u_xu_y+uu_{xy}+v_xv_y+vv_{xy}-u_xu_y-uu_{xy}-v_yv_x-vv_{xy})))$$

$$-i\Psi''(f\bar{f})(2uu_y+2vv_y)(2uu_x+2vv_x+i2uu_y+i2vv_y) - i2\Psi'(f\bar{f})(u_yu_x+uu_{xy}+v_yv_x+vv_{xy}+i(u_y^2+uu_{yy}+v_y^2+vv_{yy}+i(u_xu_y+uu_{xy}+v_xv_y+vv_{xy}-u_xu_y-uu_{xy}-v_yv_x-vv_{xy})))$$

$$+ i v_y^2 + i v v_{yy}) = \Psi''(f\bar{f})2(uu_x+vv_x+i2uu_y+i2vv_y)2(uu_x+vv_x-i2uu_y-i2vv_y) + 2\Psi'(f\bar{f})\{u_x^2+uu_{xx}+v_x^2+vv_{xx}+u_y^2+uu_{yy}+v_y^2+vv_{yy}+i(u_xu_y+uu_{xy}+v_xv_y+vv_{xy}-u_xu_y-uu_{xy}-v_yv_x-vv_{xy})\} =$$

$$4\Psi''(f\bar{f})|uu_x+vv_x+i(uu_y+vv_y)|^2 + 2\Psi'(f\bar{f})(u_x^2+uu_{xx}+v_x^2+vv_{xx}+u_y^2+uu_{yy}+v_y^2+vv_{yy}), \quad \bar{\partial}\Psi_0(f\bar{f})$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}\Psi'(|f|^2)(\frac{1}{\partial x}|f|^2+i\frac{\partial}{\partial y}|f|^2) = \Psi'(|f|^2)\bar{\partial}|f|^2, \quad \partial f(z)g(z) = \frac{1}{2}(f_xg+f_yg-i f_yg-i f_xg)$$

$$= \partial f \cdot g + f \partial g, \quad \bar{\partial}\bar{\partial}\Psi_0(f\bar{f}) = 2\Psi'(|f|^2)\bar{\partial}|f|^2 + \Psi''(|f|^2)\bar{\partial}\bar{\partial}|f|^2 = \Psi''(|f|^2)\bar{\partial}|f|^2\bar{\partial}|f|^2 + \Psi'(|f|^2)\bar{\partial}\bar{\partial}|f|^2$$

Rudin #7

$$\begin{aligned} \partial \bar{\partial} |f|^2 &= \partial \bar{\partial} (u u_x + v v_x + i u u_y + i v v_y) = \frac{1}{2} (u_x^2 + u u_{xx} + v_x^2 + v v_{xx} + i(u_x u_y + u u_{xy} + v_x v_y + v v_{xy}) \\ &\quad - i(u_y u_x + u u_{xy} + v_y v_x + v v_{xy}) + u_y^2 + u u_{yy} + v_y^2 + v v_{yy}) = \frac{1}{2} (u_x^2 + v_x^2 + u u_{xx} + v v_{xx} + u_y^2 + u u_{yy} + v_y^2 + v v_{yy}) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} (u_x^2 + u_y^2 + u u_{xx} + v v_{yy} + u_y^2 + u u_{yy} + u_x^2 + v u_{xx}) = \frac{1}{2} (u_x^2 + u_y^2) + \frac{1}{2} (u_{xx} + u_{yy}) = u_x^2 + u_y^2 \\ &= u_x^2 + v_x^2 = |u_x + i v_x|^2 = |f_x|^2, \quad |f'|^2 = |\partial f|^2 = \frac{1}{2} |u_x + i v_x - i u_y + v_y|^2 = |u_x + i v_x|^2, \quad \partial \bar{\partial} |f|^2 = |f'|^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\partial \bar{\partial} \psi_0 |f|^2 = \psi''(|f|^2) \partial |f|^2 \bar{\partial} |f|^2 + \psi'(|f|^2) |\partial f|^2 = (\psi''(|f|^2) \partial |f|^2 \bar{\partial} |f|^2 / |f|^2 + \psi'(|f|^2)) |f'|^2,$$

$$|f|^2 = ? \quad \frac{\partial |f|^2 \bar{\partial} |f|^2}{|f'|^2} = |f'|^{-2} \cdot \frac{1}{2} |\partial |f|^2|^2 = \frac{1}{2} |f'|^{-2} (|f_x|^2 + |f_y|^2)^2 = \frac{1}{2} (|f_x|^2 + |f_y|^2)^2 / |f'|^2, \quad |f'|^2 = ? \quad |\partial |f|^2|,$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2} |f'|^{-2} |f|^2 = ? \quad |f'|^{-2} |u u_x + v v_x - i v u_y - i u u_y|^2 &= |f'|^{-2} |u u_x - v u_y - i v u_x + i u u_y|^2, \\ |f'|^{-2} |2 |f| \partial |f|^2|^2 &= 4 (|f|/|f'|)^2 |\partial |f|^2|^2 = \frac{|f'|^2}{4} = ? \quad |\partial |f|^2|^2 = 1, \quad |f'|^{-2} |u^2 u_x^2 + v^2 u_y^2 - \\ &\quad 2 u v u_x u_y + v^2 u_x^2 + u^2 u_y^2 + 2 u v u_x u_y|^2 = |f'|^{-2} |u_x^2 |f|^2 + u_y^2 |f|^2| = |f|^2. \quad \frac{1}{4} \Delta(|f|^2) = \frac{1}{4} \partial \bar{\partial} (f \bar{f})^{\frac{\alpha}{2}} \\ &= |f'|^2 \left(\frac{\alpha}{2} |f|^{\frac{\alpha}{2}-1} \right) + |f|^2 \frac{\alpha}{2} \left(\frac{\alpha}{2} - 1 \right) |f|^{\frac{\alpha}{2}-2} = |f'|^2 \frac{\alpha}{2} |f|^{\frac{\alpha}{2}-2} \left(|f|^2 + \frac{\alpha}{2} - 1 \right) |f|^{\frac{\alpha}{2}-2} \end{aligned}$$

$$= |f'|^2 \frac{\alpha}{2} |f|^{\frac{\alpha}{2}-2} \cdot \Delta(g \circ h) = (g'(h) h_x)_x + (g'(h) h_y)_y = g''(h) (h_x^2 + h_y^2) + g'(h) h_{xx} + g'(h) h_{yy} + g'(h) h_{yy}$$

$$= g''(h) \frac{1}{h_x^2 + h_y^2} + g'(h) \Delta h, \quad \Delta(\bar{f} + f) = \bar{f}''(h) h_x^2 + h_y^2 = (u_x + i u_y)^2 + (u_y + i u_x)^2 =$$

$$u_x^2 + u_y^2 - u_y^2 - u_x^2 = 0, \quad \Delta(g \circ f) = (g_u(f) \frac{u}{f})_x + (g_v(f) \frac{v}{f})_x + (g_u(f) \frac{u}{f})_y + (g_v(f) \frac{v}{f})_y =$$

$$(g_{uu}(f) \frac{u}{f})_x + (g_{uv}(f) \frac{v}{f})_x u_x + g_u(f) u_{xx} + (g_{vu}(f) \frac{u}{f})_y + (g_{vv}(f) \frac{v}{f})_y v_x + g_v(f) v_{xx}$$

$$+ (g_{uu}(f) u_y + g_{uv}(f) v_y) u_y + g_u(f) u_{yy} + (g_{vu}(f) u_y + g_{vv}(f) v_y) v_y + g_v(f) v_{yy}$$

$$= g_{uu}(f) (u_x^2 + u_y^2) + g_{uv}(f) (2 u_x v_x + 2 u_y v_y) + g_{vv}(f) (v_x^2 + v_y^2) + g_u(f) (u_{xx} + u_{yy})$$

$$+ g_v(f) (v_{xx} + v_{yy}) = \frac{1}{2} (\Delta g) \circ f \cdot (u_x^2 + u_y^2) + 2 g_{uv}(f) (-u_x u_y + u_y v_x)$$

$$= ((\Delta g) \circ f) |f|^2 \quad \#7 \quad \pi r^2 u(0) = \iint_{D(0,r)} u(x,y) dx dy = \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^r u(\rho, \theta) \rho d\rho d\theta, \quad 2\pi r u(0) =$$

$$\int_0^{2\pi} u(r, \theta) r d\theta, \quad u(0) = \frac{1}{2\pi r} \int_0^{2\pi} u(r, \theta) d\theta \quad \#9 \quad \int \frac{1}{t+i\varepsilon} = \int \frac{1}{t-i\varepsilon} = - \int \frac{2i\varepsilon}{t^2 + \varepsilon^2} = \frac{-2i}{\varepsilon} \int \frac{dt}{1 + (t/\varepsilon)^2}$$

$$= -2i \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{t}{\varepsilon} \right) \Big|_a^b, \quad \int_a^b \frac{\phi(t)}{t - (x+i\varepsilon)} = \int_a^b \frac{\phi(t)}{t - (x-i\varepsilon)} = \int_a^b \phi(t) \frac{2i\varepsilon}{(t-x)^2 + \varepsilon^2} = \frac{2i}{\varepsilon} \int_a^b \frac{\phi(t)}{1 + \left(\frac{t-x}{\varepsilon} \right)^2}, \quad \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} =$$

$$\leq \frac{2}{\varepsilon} \|\phi\|_{\infty} \int_a^b \frac{dt}{1 + \left(\frac{t-x}{\varepsilon} \right)^2} = 2 \|\phi\|_{\infty} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{t-x}{\varepsilon} \right) \Big|_a^b = 2 \|\phi\|_{\infty} \left(\tan^{-1} \frac{b-x}{\varepsilon} - \tan^{-1} \frac{a-x}{\varepsilon} \right) \rightarrow \begin{cases} 0, & x \notin [a,b] \\ 2\pi \|\phi\|_{\infty}, & x \in (a,b) \end{cases}$$

Rudin #6

$$\int_a^b \frac{\varphi(t) \varepsilon}{(t-x)^2 + \varepsilon^2} = \int_{h-x}^{b-x} \frac{\varphi(t+x) \varepsilon}{t^2 + \varepsilon^2}, \quad \text{for } -\delta < t < \delta \Rightarrow \varphi(x) - \eta \leq \varphi(t+x) < \varphi(x) + \eta, \quad \int_{-\delta}^{\delta} \frac{\varphi(t+x) \varepsilon}{t^2 + \varepsilon^2} < \int_{-\delta}^{\delta} \frac{(\varphi(x) + \eta) \varepsilon}{t^2 + \varepsilon^2}$$

$$< \frac{1}{\varepsilon} (\varphi(x) + \eta) \int_{-\delta}^{\delta} \frac{1}{1 + (t/\varepsilon)^2} = (\varphi(x) + \eta) \left(\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\delta}{\varepsilon} \right) - \tan^{-1} \left(-\frac{\delta}{\varepsilon} \right) \right) \xrightarrow{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \pi (\varphi(x) + \eta), \quad \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{\varphi(t) \varepsilon}{t^2 + \varepsilon^2} = \begin{cases} 2\pi i \varphi(x), & x \in (a, b) \\ 0, & x \notin (a, b) \end{cases}$$

$$(\varphi \in L^1) \quad 0 < t < \delta \Rightarrow R - \eta < \varphi(t+x) < R + \eta, \quad R := \lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} \varphi(t+x), \quad \int_0^{\delta} \frac{\varphi(t+x) \varepsilon}{t^2 + \varepsilon^2} < (R + \eta) \left(\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\delta}{\varepsilon} \right) - \tan^{-1} 0 \right)$$

$$= (R + \eta) \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\delta}{\varepsilon} \right) \xrightarrow{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{\pi}{2} (R + \eta), \quad \int_{-\delta}^0 \frac{\varphi(t+x) \varepsilon}{t^2 + \varepsilon^2} \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2} (L + \eta), \quad \int_{-\delta}^{\delta} \frac{\varphi(t+x) \varepsilon}{t^2 + \varepsilon^2} \rightarrow \pi \left(\frac{L+R}{2} + \eta \right),$$

$$\lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \int_a^b \frac{\varphi(t) \varepsilon}{t^2 + \varepsilon^2} = \begin{cases} \frac{L+R}{2} & x \in (a, b) \\ 0 & x \notin (a, b) \end{cases} \quad \#10 \quad f(x) = u(x) + i v(x),$$

$$\mathbb{P}(B=0|A=a) = \mathbb{P}(A_t^L = a | B=0) \mathbb{P}(B=0) / \mathbb{P}(A=a) = (1-g) \mathbb{P}(A_t^L = a) / \mathbb{P}(A=a) = 1-g$$

#

$$\mathbb{P}(U_{t+1}=u, L_{t+1}=l, z_{t+1}=z | A_t=a) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_b \mathbb{P}(\dots | A_t=a, B_t=b) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$= (1-g) \mathbb{P}(U_{t+1}=u) \mathbb{P}(z_{t+1}=z) \mathbb{P}(L_{t+1}=l | A_t^L=a) + g \mathbb{P}(L_{t+1}=l) \mathbb{P}(z_{t+1}=z) \mathbb{P}(U_{t+1}=u | A_t^U=a)$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \mathbb{P}(A=a | L=l, U=u)$$

$$|v+w| = 2 \cos \frac{\theta_{vw}}{2} = 2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{2} (\cos \theta_{vw} + 1)} = \sqrt{2 \cos \theta + 2} \geq \sqrt{2+2\sqrt{3}}, \quad \cos \theta \geq \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \quad -2 \cos \theta - 2 \leq -2 - \sqrt{3}, \quad -\frac{\pi}{6} \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{6},$$

$$-\frac{\pi}{6} \leq 2\pi \frac{j}{1997} \leq \frac{\pi}{6}, \quad -\frac{1997}{12} \leq j \leq \frac{1997}{12} = 166 \frac{5}{12}, \quad |j_v - j_w| \leq 166, \quad \frac{1}{2} \frac{1997 \cdot 332}{1997} = \frac{199 + 332 \cdot 2! \cdot 1995!}{1997!}$$

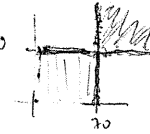
$$= \frac{332 \cdot 2}{1996} = \frac{166}{998} = \frac{2 \cdot 83}{998} \quad \#906 \quad 1 - \frac{365 \cdots (365-n+1)}{365^n} \quad \#907 \quad \sum_{j=0}^3 \binom{2}{j} \binom{2}{2-j} [2(3-j)+3]! \quad \#908 \quad \left(\frac{6}{3}\right) \cdot 3 \cdot \sum_{j=0}^3 -$$

$$= \left(\frac{6}{3}\right) \cdot 3 \cdot (2 \cdot 9! + 4 \cdot 7! + 6 \cdot 5! + 8 \cdot 3!) = 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 \cdot 3 \left(\frac{9!}{2} + 4 \cdot 7! + 6 \cdot 5 \cdot 4 + 8 \cdot 3! \right), \quad \frac{1}{12!} (\dots) = 360 \left(\frac{1}{12 \cdot 11 \cdot 10 \cdot 3} + \frac{4}{12 \cdots 8} \right.$$

$$+ \frac{5 \cdot 4}{12 \cdots 6} + \frac{1}{12 \cdots 9} \Big) = \frac{1}{11} + \frac{4}{11 \cdot 3 \cdot 8} + \frac{5 \cdot 4}{11 \cdot 3 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6} + \frac{1}{11 \cdot 3} = \frac{1}{11} \left(1 + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{5}{252} \right) = \frac{1}{11} \cdot \frac{12 \cdot 3 + 5}{252} = \frac{383}{11 \cdot 252} \quad \#908$$

$$\frac{(m-1)(n-m)}{(m-1)^2} \quad \#909 \quad \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^3 + \left(\frac{1}{3} \right)^3 = \frac{1}{8} + \frac{1}{27} = \frac{13}{216} \quad \#910 \quad \frac{n(n-1)}{2} + \frac{n(n-1)(n-2)}{6} = \frac{n(n-1)}{6} (3 + n-2) = \frac{n(n-1)(n+1)}{6} \quad \#911$$

$$P(C|A) = \frac{P(P|C)P(C)}{P(P|C)P(C) + P(P|\bar{C})P(\bar{C})} = \frac{\frac{6}{1000}}{\frac{6}{1000} + \frac{693}{1000}} = \frac{6}{6+693} = \frac{6}{753} = \frac{20}{251} \quad \#916 \quad p(5,2) = \frac{1}{2} p(4,2) + \frac{1}{2} p(6,2)$$

$$p(5,2) = \frac{1}{2} p(4,2) + \frac{1}{2} p(6,2)$$


$$P(x \wedge y = 70) = P((x > 70) \cup (y = 70)) \setminus (x > 70) + P(x = 70) = P(x > 70 \cup y = 70) + P(x = 70) - C = a + b - c \quad \#918$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a^2 - a + b - b^2 &= (a+b)(a-b) + (-a-b)(a-b) \\
 &= (a+b)(a-b) - (a+b)(a-b) \\
 &= 0
 \end{aligned}$$