

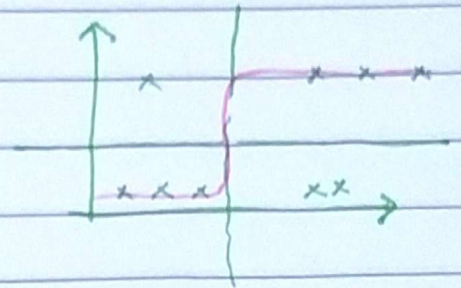
①

\* Classification → Binary Classification "2 classes"  
 \* multi class Classification "More than 2 classes"

\* Sigmoid function:

$$\text{sigmoid}(z) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-z}}$$

"converts inputs into Range 0 to 1"



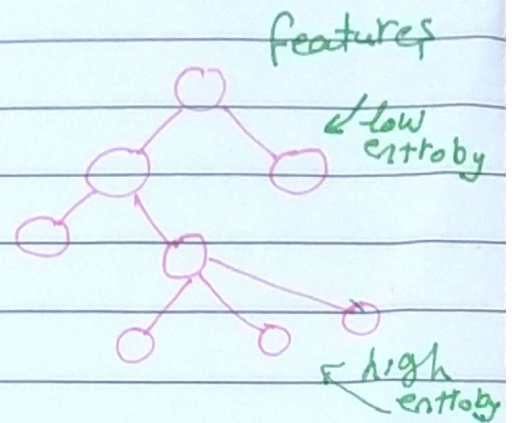
linear

$$y = mx + b \rightarrow y = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(mx + b)}}$$

\* Decision Trees

The less Knowledge the less entropy

$$H = -\sum P \log P$$

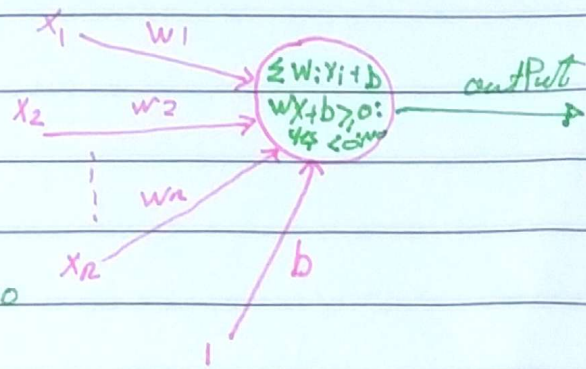


Perceptron

or n dimensional space:-

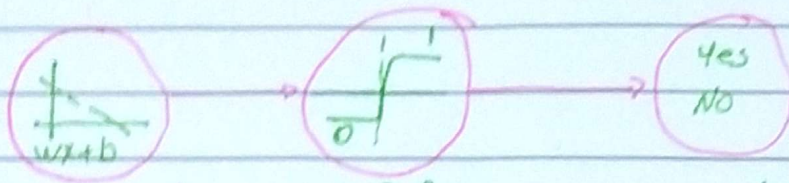
$$\text{boundary Plane} = w_1 x_1 + \dots + w_n x_n + b = 0$$

$$\rightarrow Wx + b = 0$$



$$\begin{cases} \rightarrow 1 & \text{if } wx + b \geq 0 \\ \rightarrow 0 & \text{if } wx + b < 0 \end{cases}$$

2



linear equation      step function      output

XOR → used for multilayer neural networks

Perceptron Trick: → subtraction

بنضرب القيم الكائنة بـ  $\eta$  (learning Rate) ونطرح أو نجمع ما كان له الإطاحة بناً على القيمة  $\hat{y} > 1$  ← جمع  $\hat{y} < 1$  ← طرح  
 دأبخل في الخط يقرب أكثر النقط (التي كانت تخطئ)