Esercizi su controllabilità e stabilizabilità

1)
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \emptyset \end{bmatrix}$

Per quali a sistema stabilizzabile?

$$\varphi(s) = \cot(sT-A) = \cot(s+1) = (s+1)(s-1)$$

$$(\lambda_2 = 1)$$

 $\lambda_1 = -1$ $\lambda_2 = 1$ = sisteme internamenta instabile

Per déterminere 4, (5) e 4, (5) colchiems (51-A)-1B

$$(sI-A)^{-1}B = \frac{1}{\varphi(s)}Adj(sI-A)B = \frac{1}{(s+1)(s-1)}\begin{bmatrix} s-1 & 1 \\ 0 & s+1 \end{bmatrix}\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$=\frac{1}{(s+1)(s-1)}\begin{bmatrix} s-1+d\\ d(s+1)\end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{s-1+d}{(s+1)(s-1)}\\ \frac{d}{s-1}\end{bmatrix}$$

Devo vedere per quali d i sono semplificarioni

$$(sI-A)^{-1}B = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{s-1+\alpha}{(s+1)(s-1)} \\ \frac{\alpha}{s-1} \end{bmatrix} \qquad \varphi(s) = \frac{1}{(s+1)}(s-1)$$

$$\alpha = 0 \qquad (sI-A)^{-1}B = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{s+1}{(s+1)(s-1)} \\ \frac{1}{(s+1)(s-1)} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{s+1} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \varphi_{c}(s) = \frac{s+1}{\sqrt{c}(s)} = \frac{(sA_1)(s-1)}{\sqrt{c}(s)} = \frac{s+1}{\sqrt{c}(s)}$$

$$A_1 = -1 \qquad \text{controllabile} \qquad \text{non notability as bite}$$

$$A_2 = 1 \qquad \text{non controllabile} \qquad \text{non notability as notice}$$

$$A_1 = -1 \qquad \text{non controllabile} \qquad \text{non notability as note}$$

$$A_2 = 1 \qquad \text{non controllabile} \qquad \text{non notability as note}$$

$$A_1 = -1 \qquad \text{non controllabile} \qquad \text{non notability as notability as no notability and nota$$

2)
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

studiere antrollabilité e stabilizzasilité

$$\varphi(s) = \text{oldt} \begin{bmatrix} s-1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & s+1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & s+2 \end{bmatrix} = (s-1) \text{oldt} \begin{bmatrix} s+1 & 0 \\ -1 & s+2 \end{bmatrix} = (s-1)(s+1)(s+2)$$

$$\lambda_1 = 1$$
 $\lambda_2 = -1$ $\lambda_3 = -2$

Per studiere untrollebilité e stabilizabilité colorliamo

$$(sI-A)^{T}B = \frac{1}{\varphi(s)} Auj(sI-A)B$$

Per colchère (EI-A) 1 spurto il forto le la metrie è diezonale e blocchi

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5-1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 5+1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 5+2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{5-1} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 5+1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 5+2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{5-1} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

* termine de calculare

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5-1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 5+1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 5+2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{5-1} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 5+1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 5+2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{5-1} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(sI-A)^{-1}B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ s-1 & * & * \\ 0 & * & * \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{s-1} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Psi_{nc}(s) = \frac{\varphi(s)}{\Psi_{c}(s)} = \frac{(s \neq 1)(s + 1)(s + 2)}{s_{7}1} = (s + 1)(s + 2)$$

2,= 1 controlletile

12=-1, 12=-2 now controllabili

tulti autovolvi non controlleti li con Re (0 => sisteme stebilitaetile

3)
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 $B = \begin{bmatrix} d \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$ Rer quali a sisteme stebilizzabile?

$$\lambda_1 = 0$$
 $\lambda_2 = 1$ sisteme internamente instabile

$$(sI-A)^{-1}B = \frac{1}{\varphi(s)} Adj (sI-A)B = \frac{1}{s(s-1)} \begin{bmatrix} s+1 & 1 \\ -2 & s-2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \alpha \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{s(s-1)} \begin{bmatrix} (s+1)\alpha - 1 \\ -2\alpha - s+2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{(s+1)\alpha - 1}{s(s-1)} \\ -\frac{(s+2\alpha - 2)}{s(s-1)} \end{bmatrix}$$

Devo vertere per quali a ho remplificarioni, ovvero per quali a i numeratori hemmo realici in 0 o in 1

$$(5+1)\alpha-1$$
 he radia in $0 \iff \alpha-1=0$ $\alpha=1$

$$(s+1)\alpha-1$$
 he redie in $1 \leftarrow 7$ $2\alpha-1=0$ $\alpha=\frac{1}{2}$

$$(sI-A)^{-1}B = \begin{bmatrix} (s+1)\alpha - 1 \\ \hline s(s-1) \\ \hline -(s+2\alpha-2) \\ \hline s(s-1) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\alpha = 1 \qquad (sI-A)^{-1}B = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{s+x-x}{s(s-1)} \\ -\frac{(s+x-x)}{s(s-1)} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{s-1} \\ -\frac{1}{s-1} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\varphi_{c}(s) = s - 1$$
 $\varphi_{mc}(s) = \frac{\varphi(s)}{\varphi_{c}(s)} = \frac{s(s/1)}{s/1} = s$

$$\lambda_1 = 0$$
 non controllebile $\lambda_2 = 1$ controllebile

I entovolve un controllebile con Re 70 => sisteme non stebilizzabile

$$(sT-A)^{-1}B = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{(s+1)\alpha-1}{s(s-1)} \\ -\frac{(s+2\alpha-2)}{s(s-1)} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{2} \quad (sI-A)^{-1}B = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{5}{2} + \frac{1}{2} - 1 \\ \frac{5}{3} (s-1) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} (s-1) \\ \frac{1}{2} (s-1) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} (s-1) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} (s-1) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\varphi_{c}(s) = 5$$
 $\varphi_{mc}(s) = \frac{\varphi(s)}{\varphi_{c}(s)} = s-1$

71=0 untrollabile

21=1 non controllesile

I entorolae non controllabile con RC 30 => sistema non itabilizabile $0 \neq 1$ c $0 \neq \frac{1}{2}$ non ho semplificationi $\varphi(5) = 5(5-1)$ $\varphi_{nc}(5) = 1$

sistème completemente controllesite =7 stabilissabile