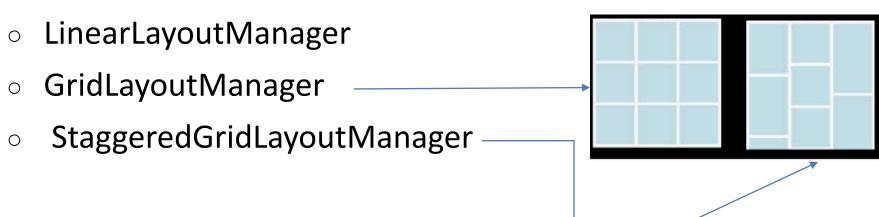
Lesson-6 – User Input Controls Advanced UI – RecyclerView and CardView – Day 2

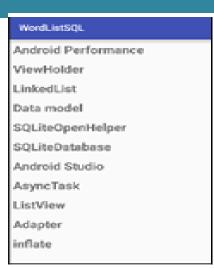
Contents

- What is a Recycler View?
- RecyclerView Components Overview
- Implementing RecyclerView Steps
- Hands on Example 1 using RecyclerView to show the Book List
- CardView
- Hands on Example 2 using RecyclerView,
 CardView and Listener Implementation

What is a Recycler View?

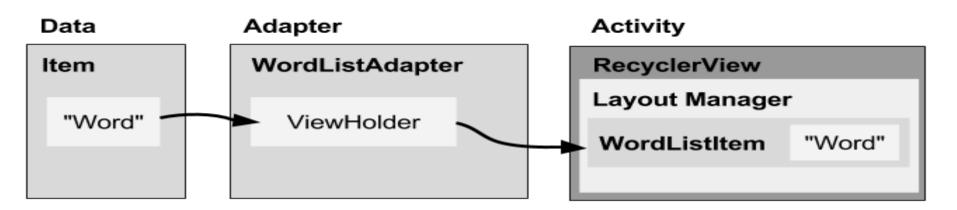
- Scrollable container for large data sets
- Efficient
 - uses and reuses limited number of views
 - Updates changing data fast
- RecyclerView also provides a choice of three built-in layout managers to control the way in which the list items are presented to the user





RecyclerView Components Overview

- Data
- RecyclerView scrolling list —<u>RecyclerView</u>
- Layout for one item of data—XML file
- Layout manager handles the organization of UI components in a view— <u>Recyclerview.LayoutManager</u>
- Adapter connects data to the RecyclerView—<u>RecyclerView.Adapter</u>
- View holder has view information for displaying one item— <u>RecyclerView.ViewHolder</u>



Implementing RecyclerView Steps

- Add the RecyclerView dependency to app/build.gradle file
- 2. Add RecyclerView to layout
- 3. Create XML layout for item
- 4. Extend RecyclerView.Adapter
- 5. Extend RecyclerView.ViewHolder
- 6. In onCreate of activity, create a RecyclerView with adapter and layout manager

Refer step by step implementation and Demo codes from Lesson6 Day2

Hands on Example - 1

Problem: Show the

RecyclerView with the

list of Books.

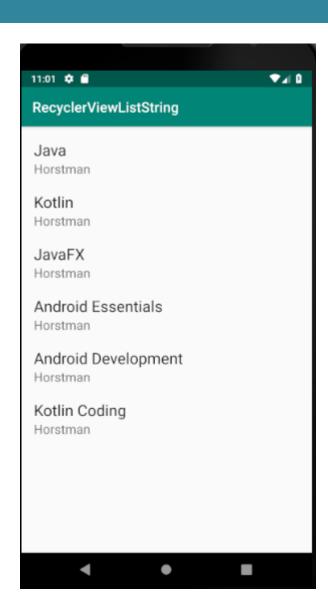
Book is data class with

the attributes book name

and author.

Refer : Lesson5/

RecyclerViewListString



Implementing RecyclerView

Step 1 : Add dependency to app/build.gradle Click Gradle Scripts from Android Explorer

```
Android ▼

Image: App

Image: Gradle Scripts

Image: Build.gradle (Project: RecyclerViewListString)

Image: Build.gradle (Module: app)
```

```
dependencies {
 implementation 'androidx.recyclerview:recyclerview:1.0.0'
     dependencies 4
         implementation fileTree(dir: 'libs', include: ['*.jar'])
         implementation"org.jetbrains.kotlin:kotlin-stdlib-jdk7:$kotlin version"
         implementation 'androidx.appcompat:appcompat:1.1.0'
         implementation 'androidx.core:core-ktx:1.1.0'
         implementation 'androidx.constraintlayout:constraintlayout:1.1.3'
         testImplementation 'junit:junit:4.12'
         androidTestImplementation 'androidx.test.ext:junit:1.1.1'
         androidTestImplementation 'androidx.test.espresso:espresso-core:3.2.0'
         implementation 'androidx.recyclerview:recyclerview:1.0.0'
```

Adding RecyclerView in the layout

```
Step:2 In your activity_main.xml layout add the RecyclerView as below
```

Add RecyclerView to XML Layout

<androidx.recyclerview.widget.RecyclerView</pre>

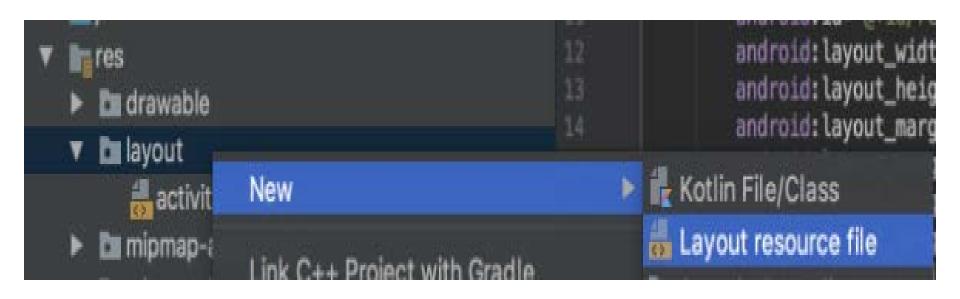
```
android:id="@+id/recyclerview"
```

android:layout_width="match_parent"

android:layout_height="match_parent"/>

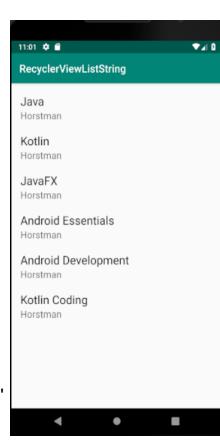
Creating new layout to display the list item

Step 3. Create layout to show the Book item as per the screenshot and give a name as item_layout.xml



item_layout.xml

```
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
    android:orientation="vertical"
    android:layout width="match parent"
    android:layout height="wrap content"
    android:padding="10dp">
    <TextView
        android:textAppearance="@style/Base.TextAppearance.AppCompat.Large"
        android:id="@+id/name"
        android:text="Book Name"
        android:layout width="match parent"
        android:layout height="wrap content" />
    <TextView
        android:textAppearance="@style/Base.TextAppearance.AppCompat.Medium"
        android:text="Author"
        android:id="@+id/author"
        android:layout width="match parent"
        android:layout height="wrap content" />
</LinearLayout>
```



Create a Data Class for Book

Create Book.kt file as per the screenshot.



Book.kt file code

data class Book(val name: String, val author: String)

Implementing RecyclerView

4. Implement the adapter by creating CustomAdapter.kt

Adapter has 3 required methods need to implement

- onCreateViewHolder()
 - This method creates and returns a ViewHolder object initialized with the view that is to be used to display the data. This view is typically created by inflating the XML layout file.
- onBindViewHolder()
 - This method is passed the ViewHolder object created by the onCreateViewHolder() method together with an integer value indicating the list item that is about to be displayed. Contained within the ViewHolder object is the layout assigned by the onCreateViewHolder() method. It is the responsibility of the onBindViewHolder() method to populate the views in the layout with the text and graphics corresponding to the specified item and to return the object to the RecyclerView where it will be presented to the user.
- getItemCount()
 - This method must return a count of the number of items that are to be displayed in the list.

4. Implement the adapter in CustomAdapter.kt

```
class CustomAdapter(val booklist: ArrayList<Book>):
RecyclerView.Adapter<CustomAdapter.MyViewHolder>() {
   override fun onBindViewHolder(holder: MyViewHolder, position: Int) {
    holder?.bName?.text = booklist[position].name
    holder?.bAuthor.text = booklist[position].author
  override fun onCreateViewHolder(parent: ViewGroup, viewType: Int):
MyViewHolder {
    val v =
LayoutInflater.from(parent?.context).inflate(R.layout.item_layout,
          parent, false)
    return MyViewHolder(v);
  override fun getItemCount(): Int {
    return booklist.size
```

MyViewHolder.kt inner class

```
/*RecyclerView.Adapter accepts the generic type of your Adapter
inner class ViewHolder type.
In this example Adapter class name is CustomAdapter and the
MyViewHolder is the inner class */
  class MyViewHolder(itemView: View):
      RecyclerView.ViewHolder(itemView){
    val bName = itemView.findViewById<TextView>(R.id.name)
    val bAuthor = itemView.findViewById<TextView>(R.id.author)
```

Implementing RecyclerView in MainActivity.kt

5. Integrate adapter with Recyclerview

```
import android.os.Bundle
import androidx.recyclerview.widget.LinearLayoutManager
import androidx.recyclerview.widget.RecyclerView

class MainActivity : AppCompatActivity() {
   override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
      super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
   }
}
```

setContentView(R.layout.activity main)

import androidx.appcompat.app.AppCompatActivity

Implementing RecyclerView in MainActivity.kt

```
// get recycler view
    val rv = findViewById<RecyclerView>(R.id.recyclerView1)
    // Give the recycler view with Linear layout manager.
    rv?.layoutManager = LinearLayoutManager(this)
    // Populate Book data list
    val books = ArrayList<Book>()
    books.add(Book("Java","Horstman"))
    books.add(Book("Kotlin","Horstman"))
    books.add(Book("JavaFX","Horstman"))
    books.add(Book("Android Essentials", "Horstman"))
    books.add(Book("Android Development","Horstman"))
    books.add(Book("Kotlin Coding", "Horstman"))
    // Create an adapter and supply the data to be displayed.
    var adapter = CustomAdapter(books)
    // Connect the adapter with the recycler view.
    rv.adapter = adapter
```

CardView

- Android 7.0 introduces a new widget called CardView.
- CardView wraps a layout and will often be the container used in a layout for each item within a ListView or RecyclerView.
- Appeared with shadow effects and rounded corners.
- CardView API is an easy way for you to show information inside cards that have a consistent look across the platform.



Hands on Example - 2

- This example uses
 - Recyclerview displays the Fruit list
 - Each item displayed using CardView. Each row displayed with Fruit image, name of the fruit and small description about the fruit.
 - To display the image in circle shape needs third party library xml code as mentioned below.

<com.mikhaellopez.circularimageview.CircularImageView</p>

```
android:id="@+id/imageView"
```

android:layout width="90dp"

android:layout_height="90dp"

android:src="@mipmap/ic_launcher" />

Include the below line in build.gradle dependencies

implementation 'de.hdodenhof:circleimageview:3.0.1'



Hands on Example - 2

 Once clicking each item, opens another activity gives detail description about the fruit. Here is the screen after clicking Grapes.

Refer : Lesson5\RecyclerCardViewApp





Adding CardView dependency

```
Inside build.gradle dependencies add this line dependencies { implementation 'androidx.cardview:cardview:1.0.0' }
```

Adding CardView Layout

```
Add into below dependency in the Gradle Module.app to use cardview
implementation 'androidx.cardview:cardview:1.0.0'
XML Code for the CardView
<androidx.cardview.widget.CardView
  xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
  xmlns:app="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res-auto"
  android:layout_width="match_parent"
  android:layout_height="wrap content"
  android:padding="20dp"
  android:id="@+id/card view"
  app:cardBackgroundColor="#e4b9f1"
  app:cardCornerRadius="12dp"
  android:layout marginBottom="4dp">
```

Hands on Example - 2

ListView

ListView provides only one type of view i.e Vertical ListView,
 and there is no way to implement the others such as Horizontal
 ListView, GridView etc.

RecyclerView :

- RecyclerView, with faster performance, is the advanced version of ListView which can be used to implement Vertical List,
 Horizontal List and Gridview with the help of Layout Managers.
- RecyclerView is a container for displaying large data sets that can be scrolled very efficiently by maintaining a limited number of views.