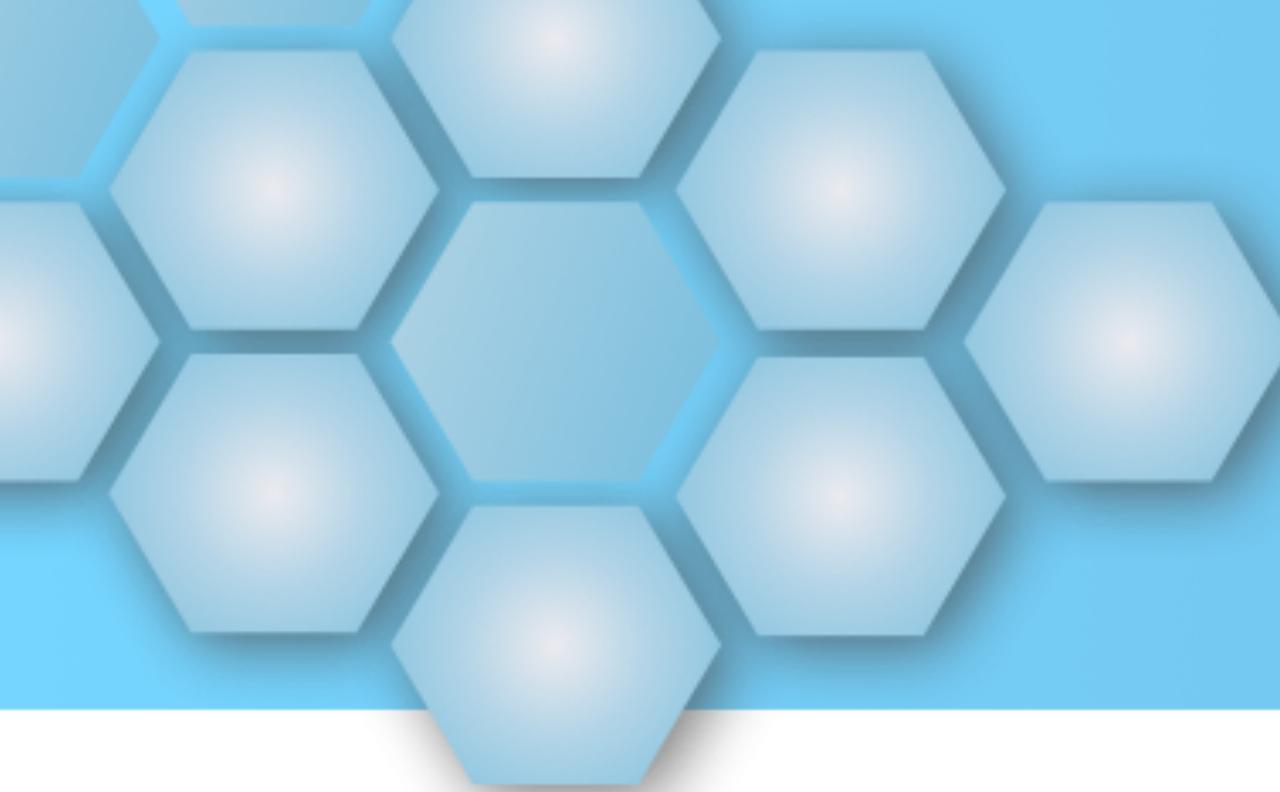


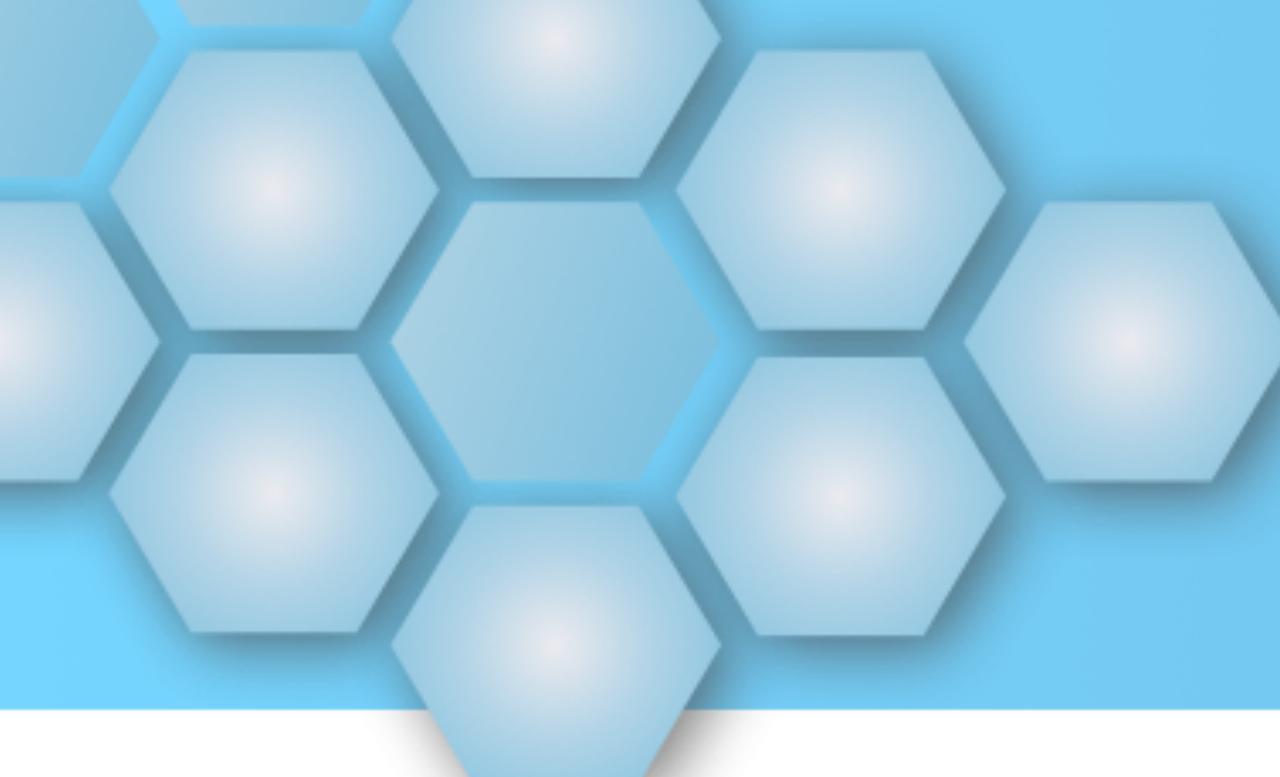
# Event-Driven Spring

Craig Walls  
[craig@habuma.com](mailto:craig@habuma.com)  
Twitter: @habuma



# What to expect...

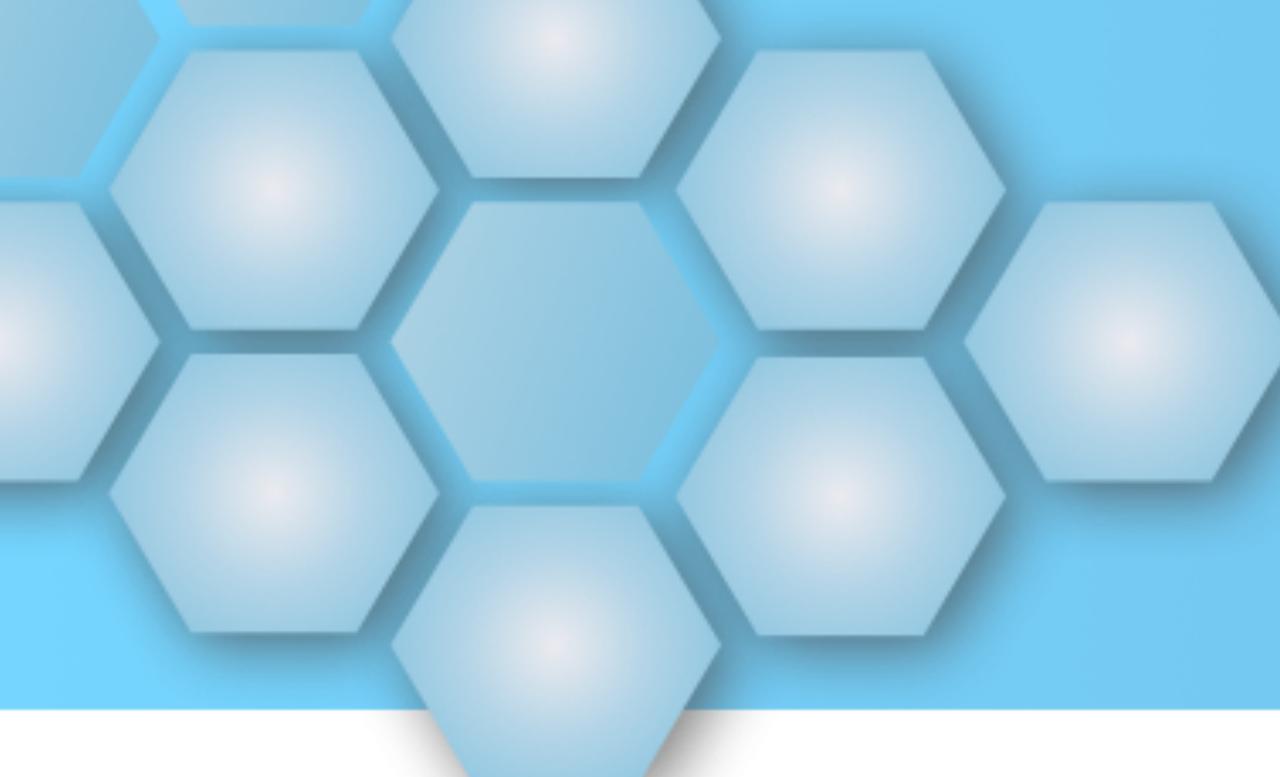
**Event-Driven vs. Imperative Processing**  
**Handling Events in Spring**



# What to expect...

Some live coding

Misteaks will be maid



# What we'll (try to) do...

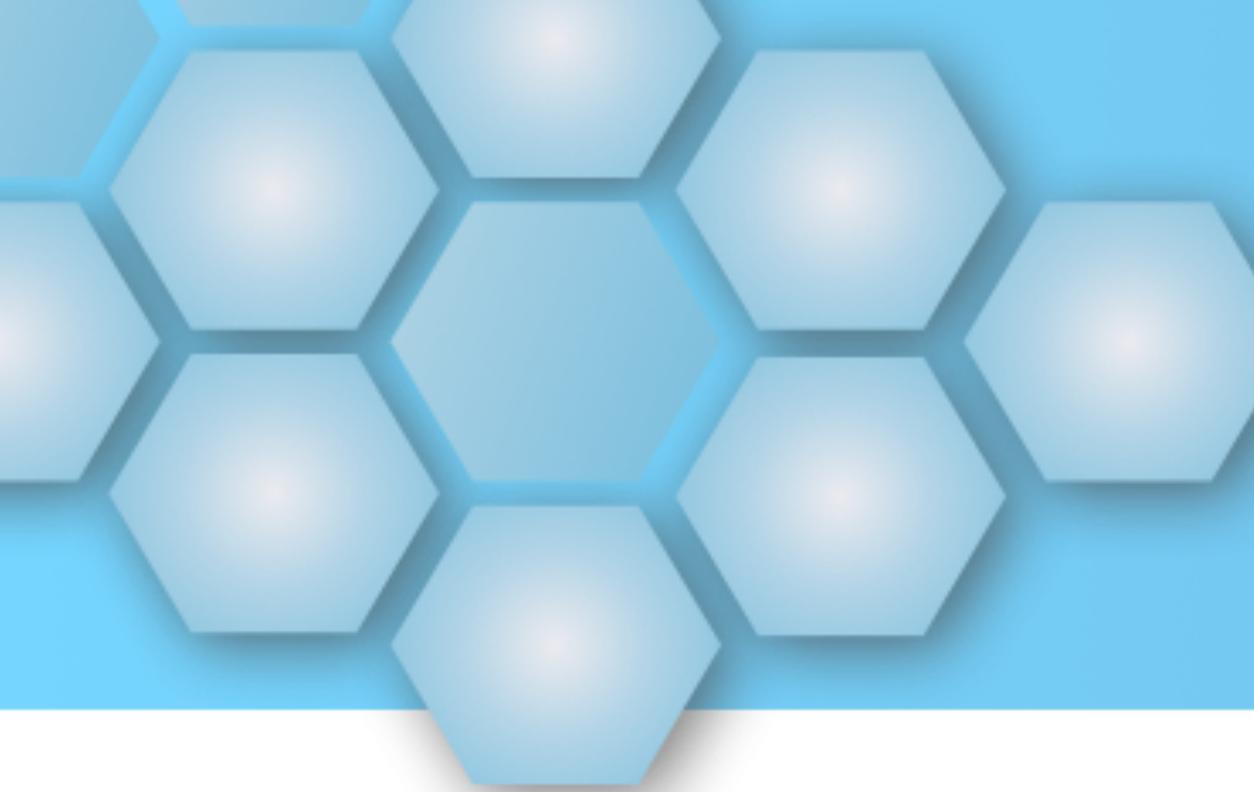
## 11:00 - 12:30 :: Foundations

Introduction, Setting Up, Templates, Message-Driven Beans

## 1:00 - 2:30 :: Going Higher

Spring Integration, Spring Cloud Stream, Spring Cloud DataFlow

All of this is tentative and flexible



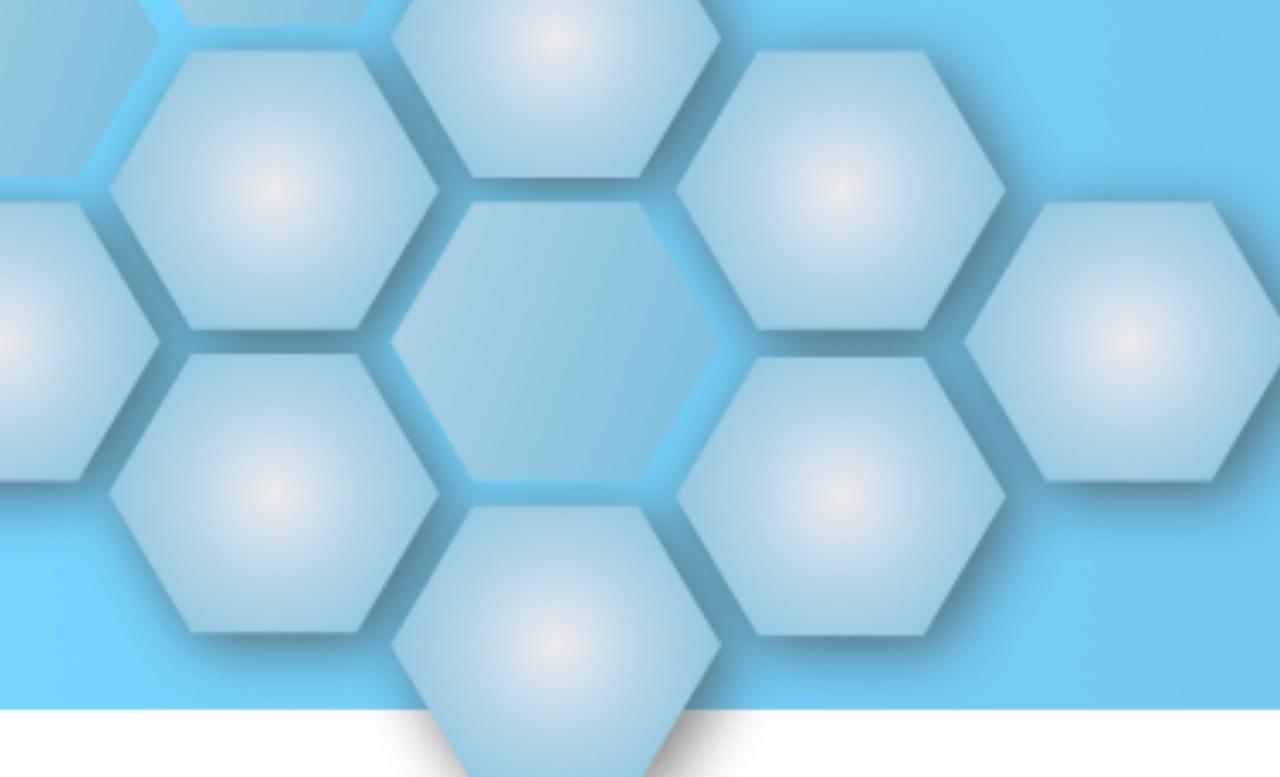
# What you'll need

## Rabbit (or Kafka) running locally The easy way:

```
$ docker run -d --name my-rabbit -p 5672:5672 -p 15672:15672 rabbitmq:3-management
```

Other ways:  
<https://www.rabbitmq.com/download.html>

Your IDE of choice  
(ideally, Spring ToolSuite or IntelliJ IDEA)

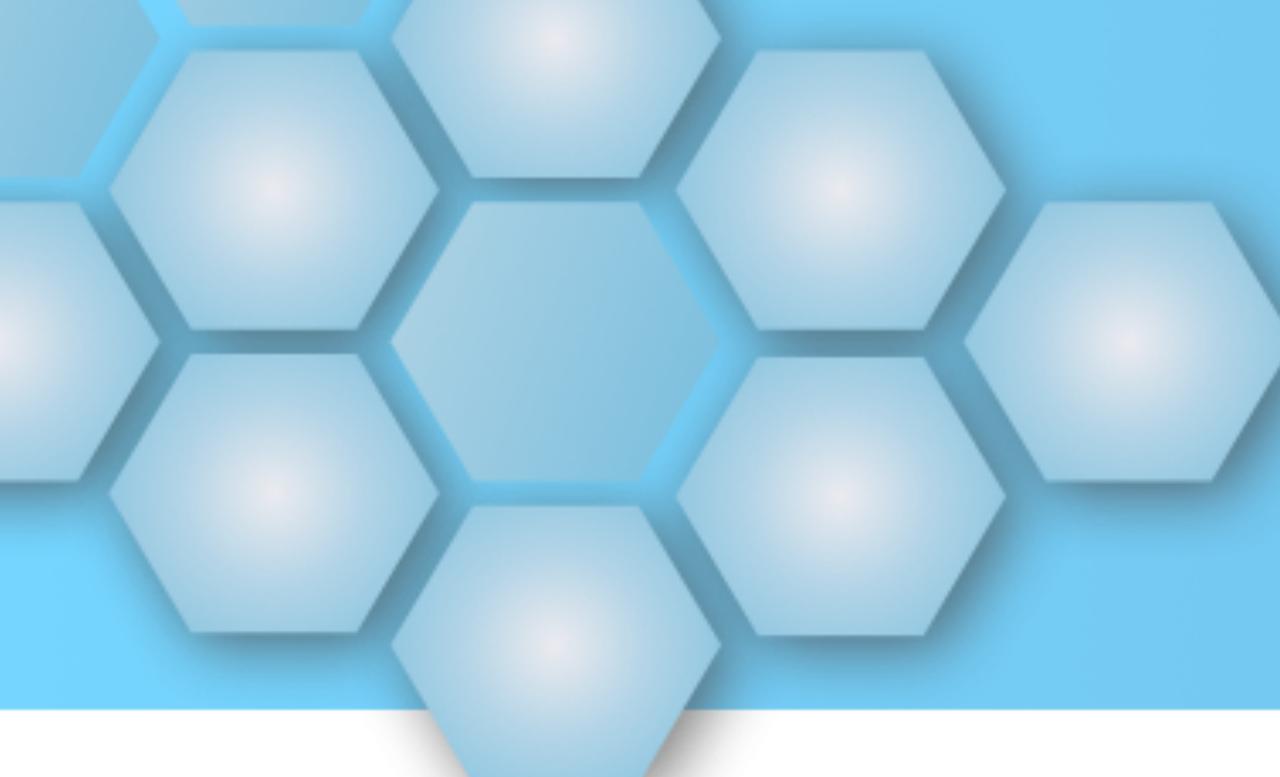


# The code and slides?

All code and these slides will be at...

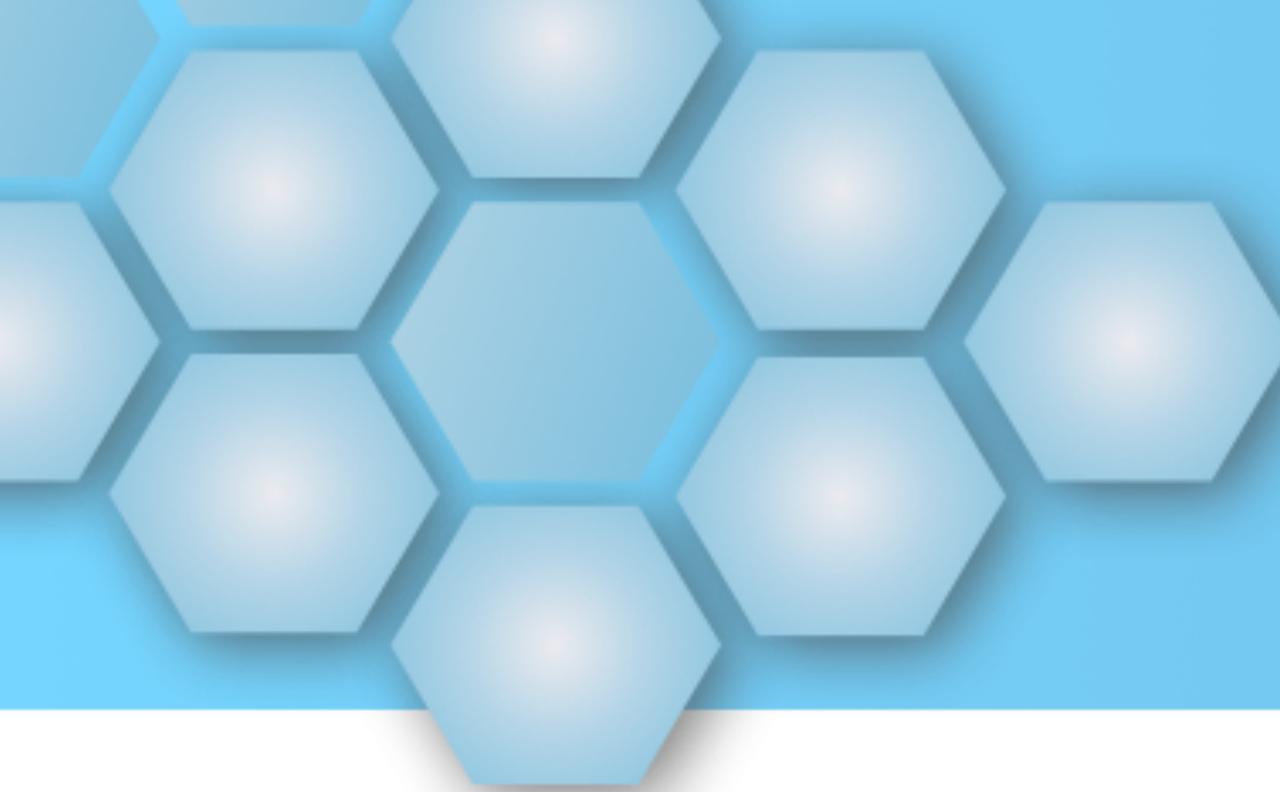
[https://github.com/habuma/nfjs-samples/tree/master/  
EventDrivenSpring-Workshop-Apr-2021](https://github.com/habuma/nfjs-samples/tree/master/EventDrivenSpring-Workshop-Apr-2021)

...after the workshop concludes



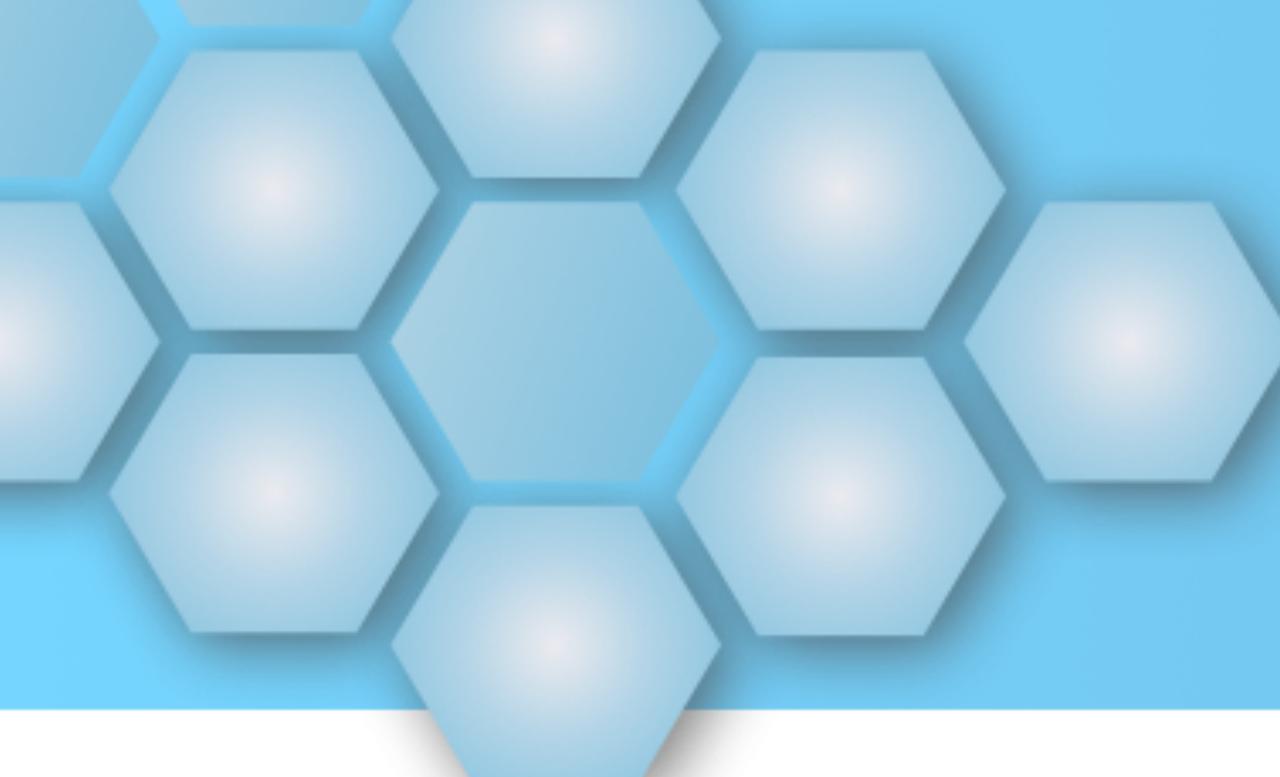
# What is event-driven?

**Models the real world**



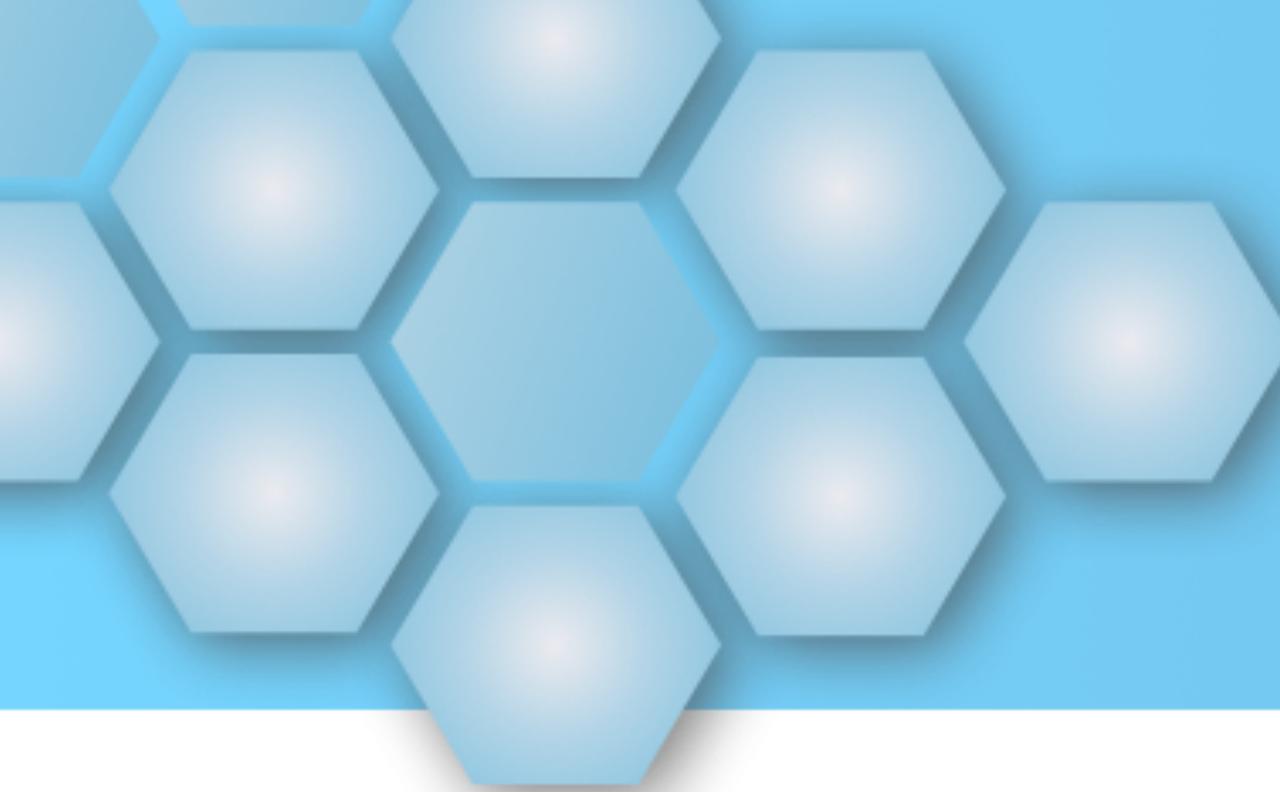
# What is event-driven?

**Deals in state**



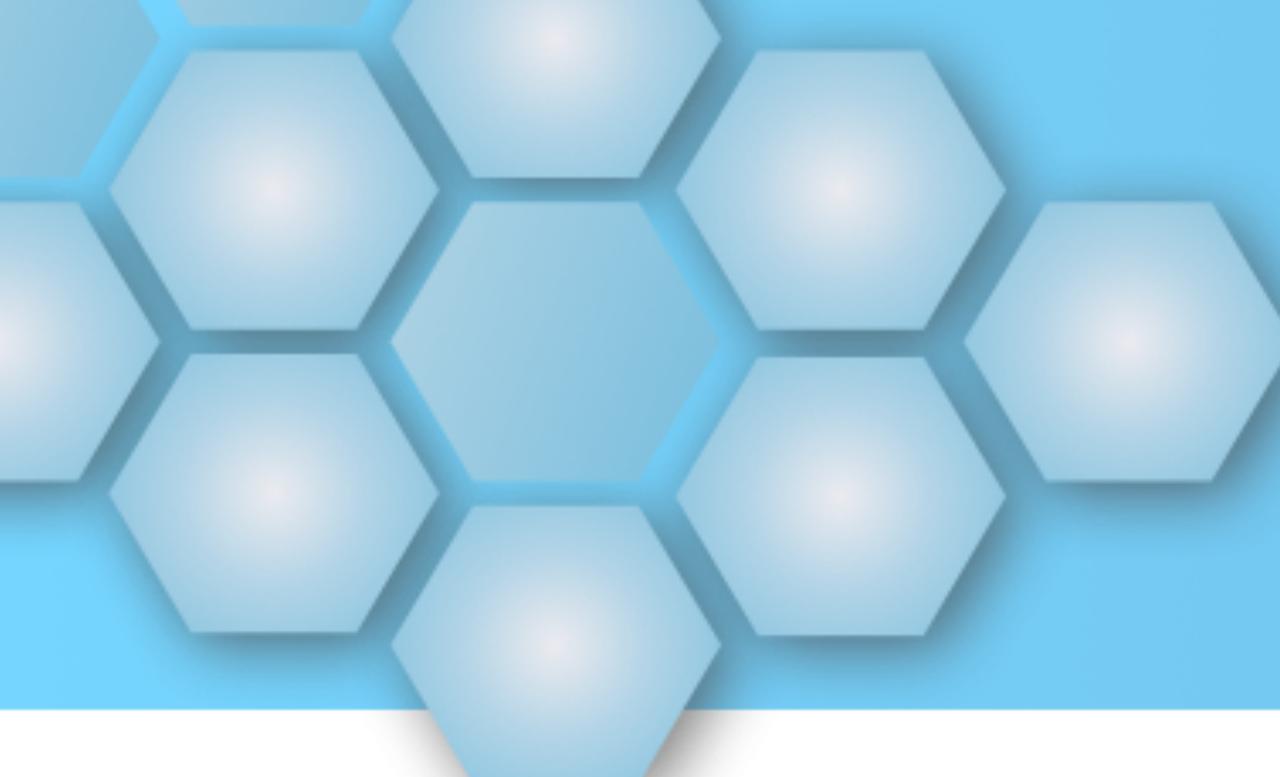
# What is event-driven?

**Lots of small changes to that state every day**



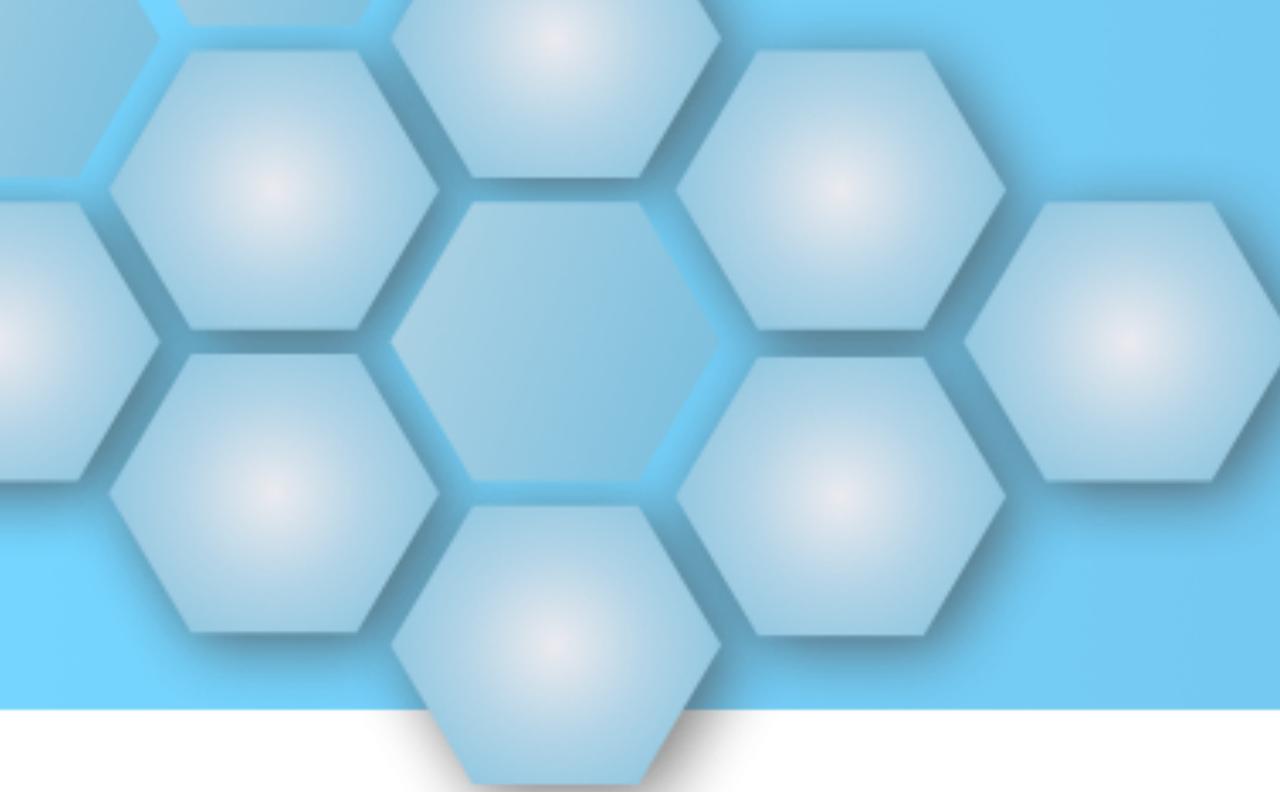
# What is event-driven?

**These small changes are events**



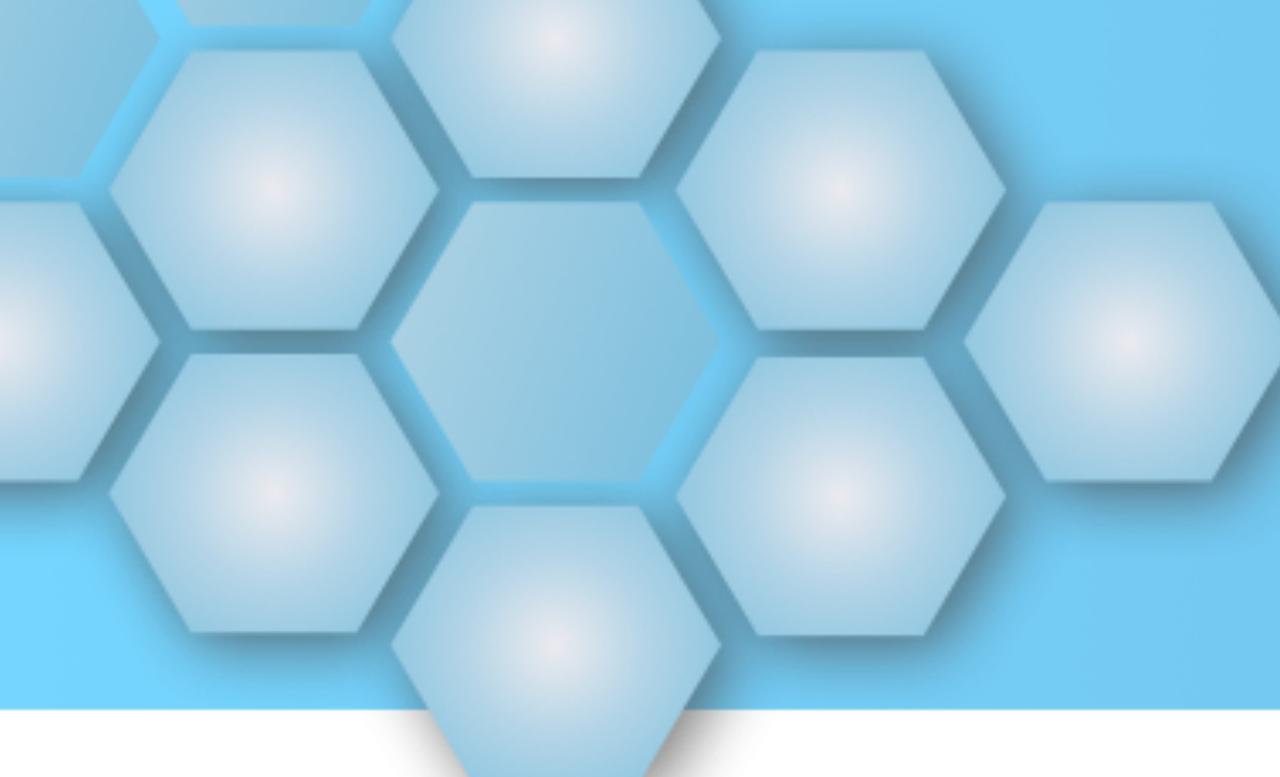
# What is event-driven?

## Event driven architecture (EDA)



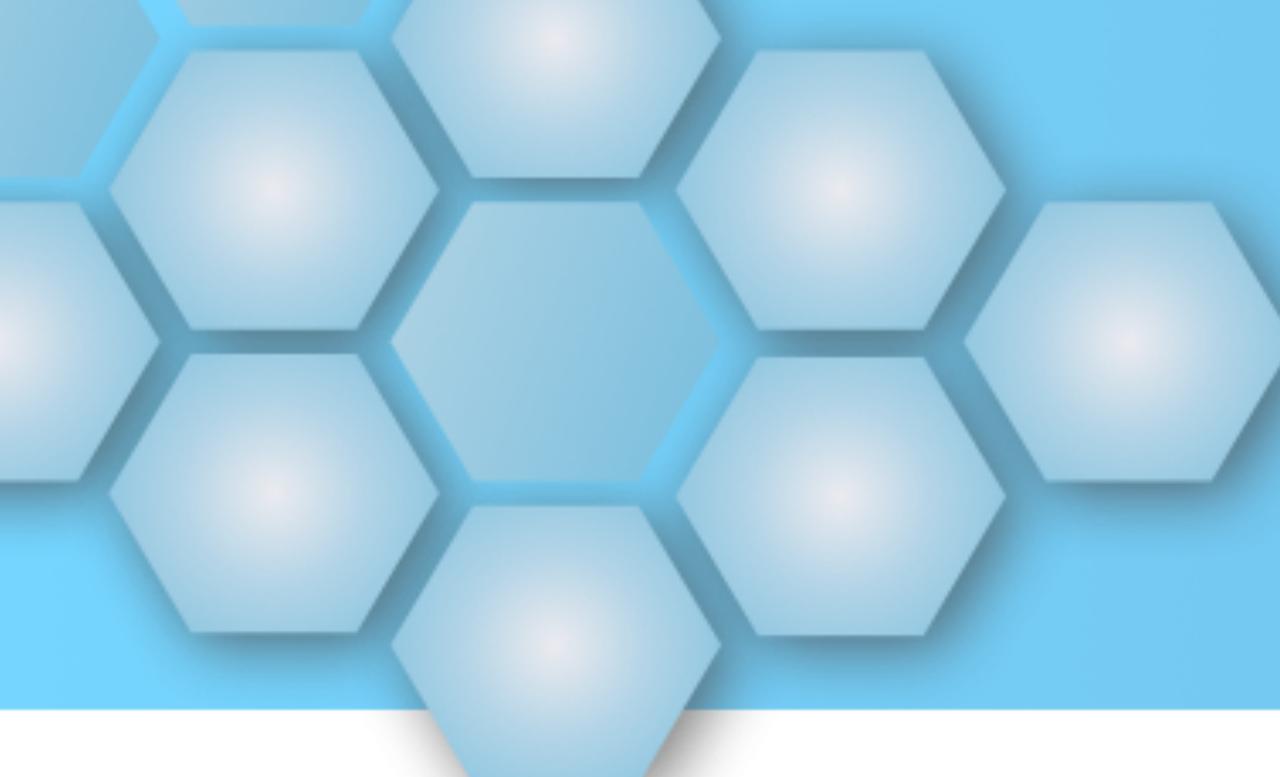
# What is event-driven?

Patterns for handling events...



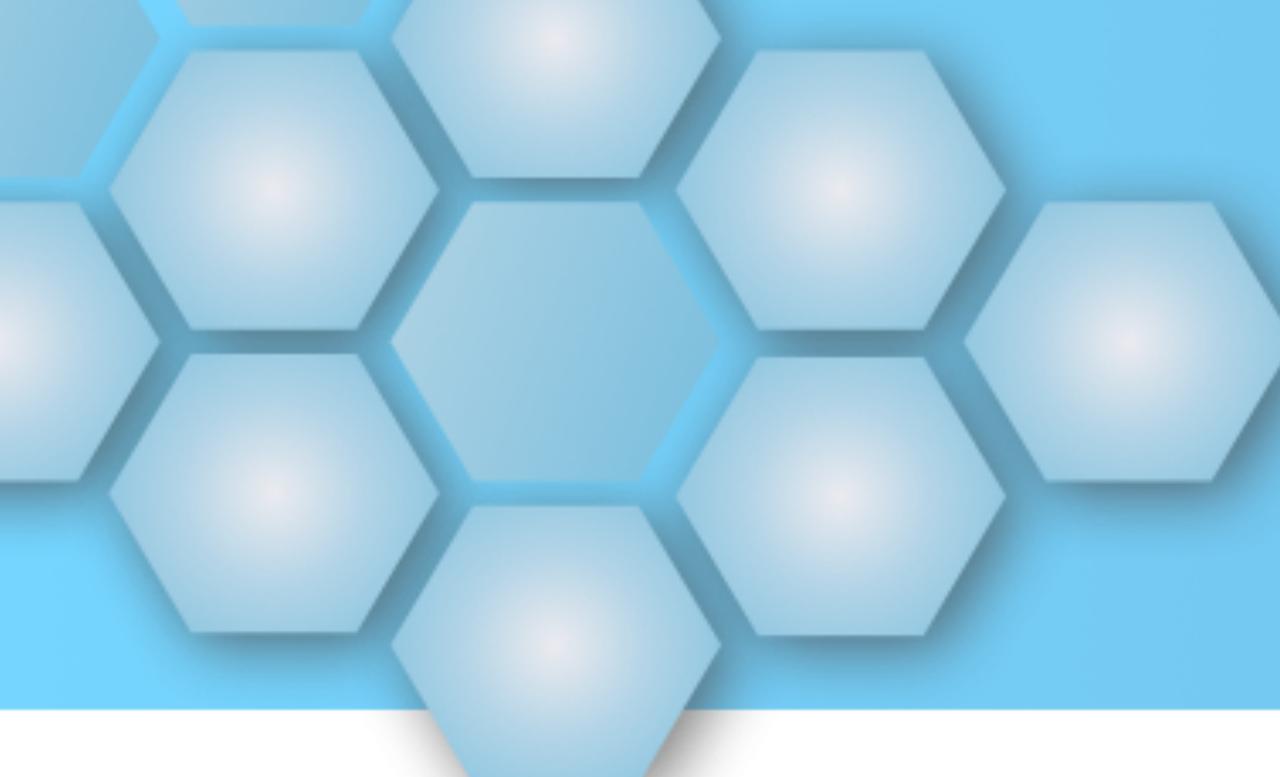
# What is event-driven?

**...and possibly creating new events.**



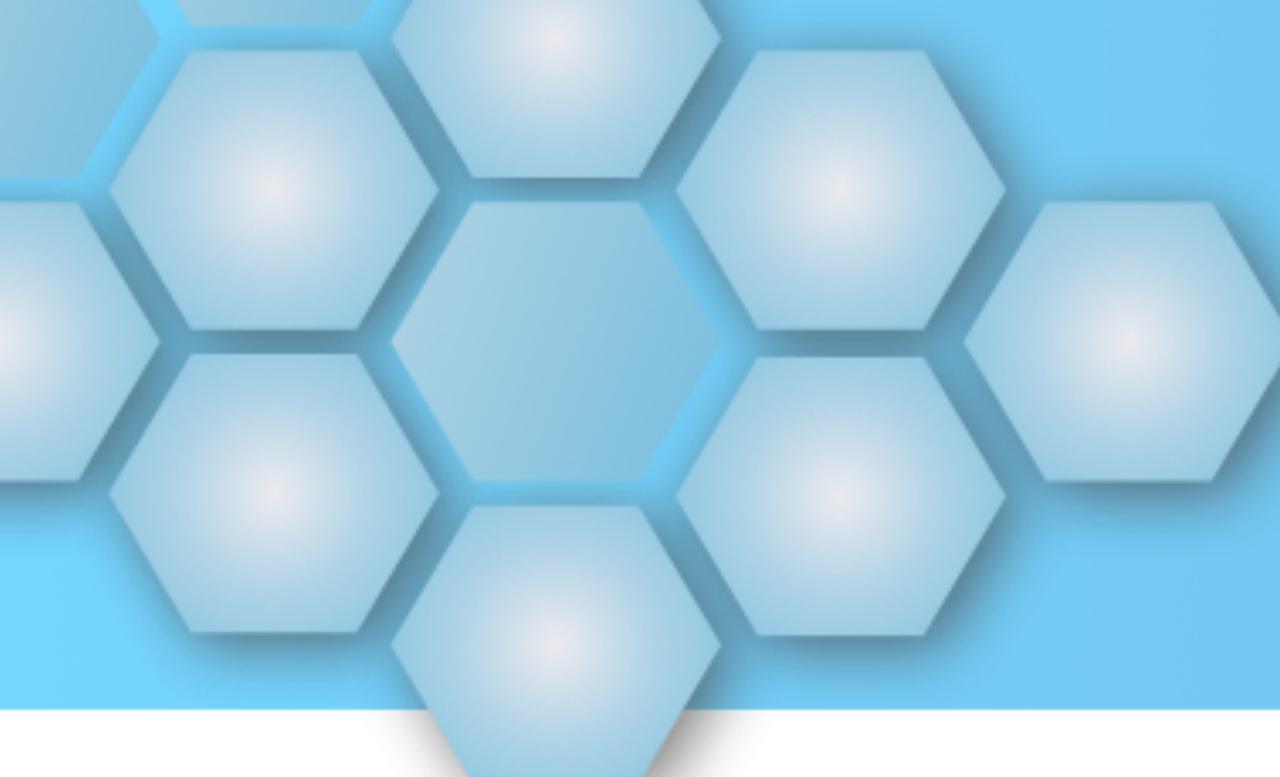
# What is event-driven?

Achieves loose coupling



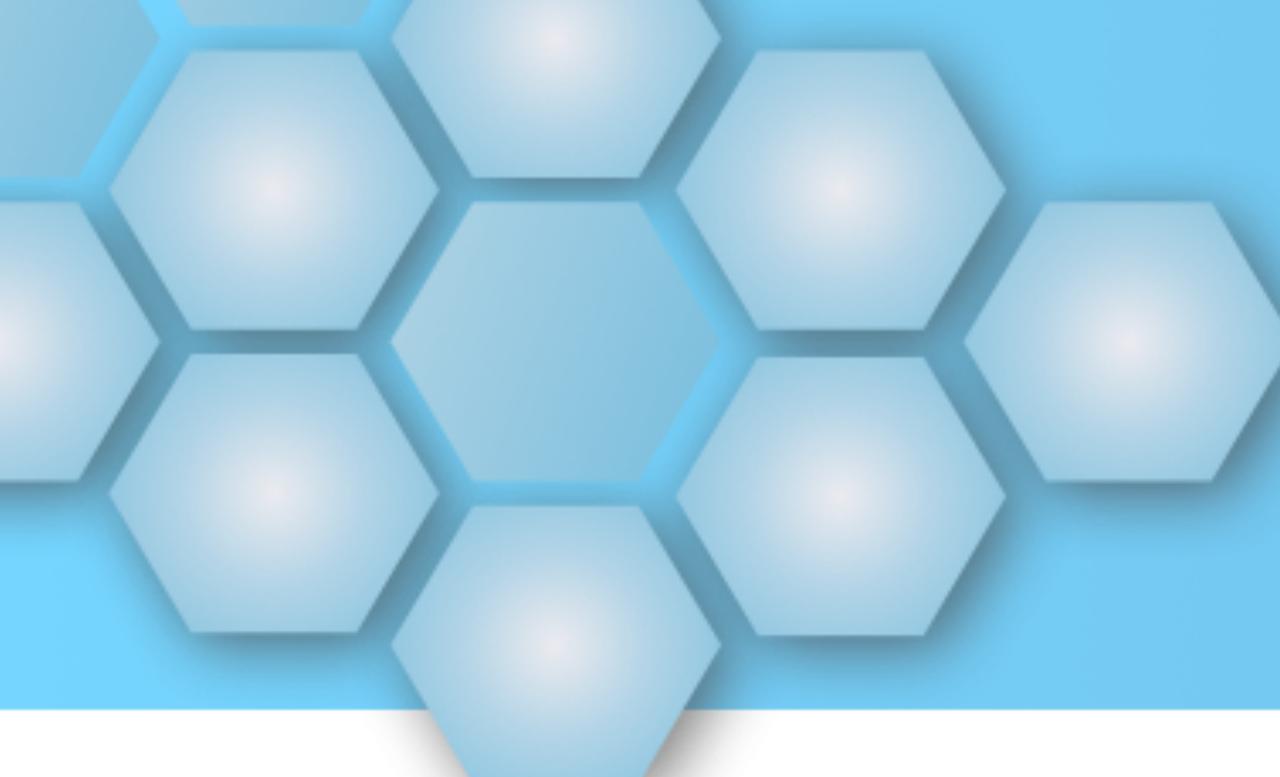
# What is event-driven?

**Especially in the context of microservices**



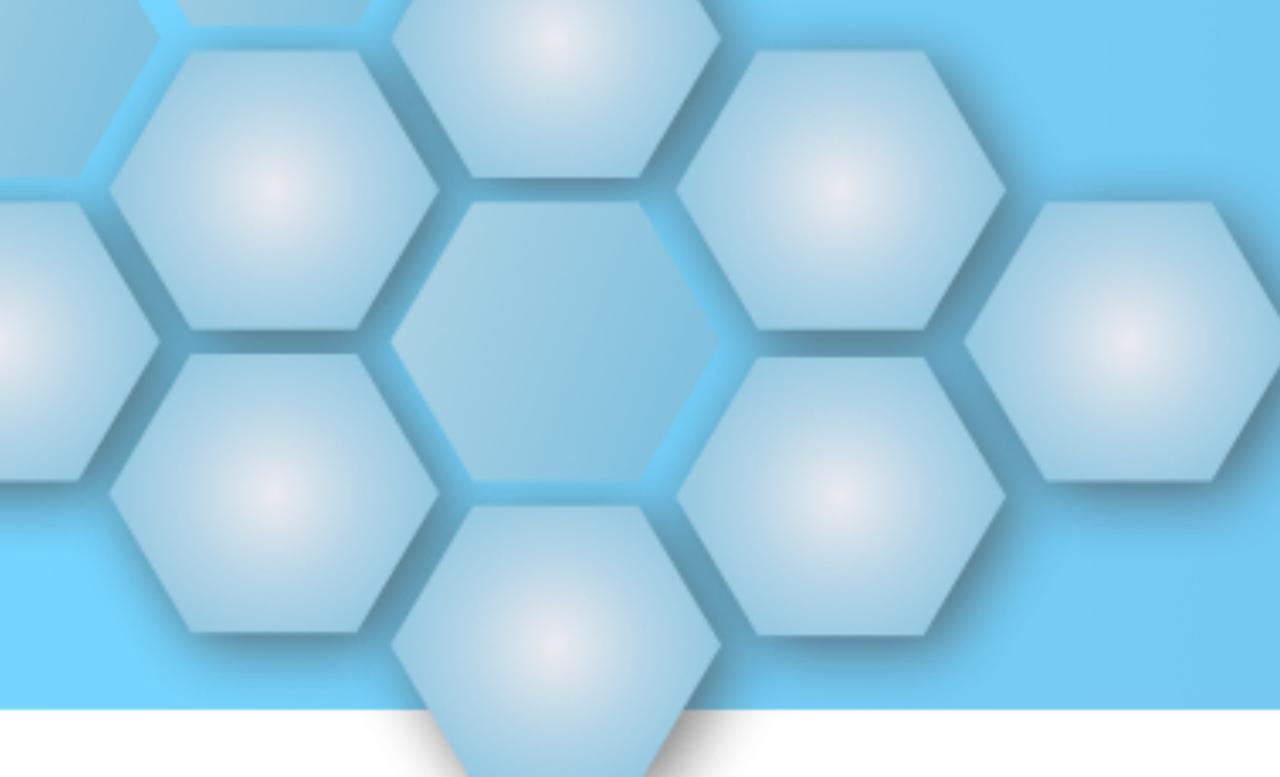
# Microservices?

**FACT: Microservices != REST**



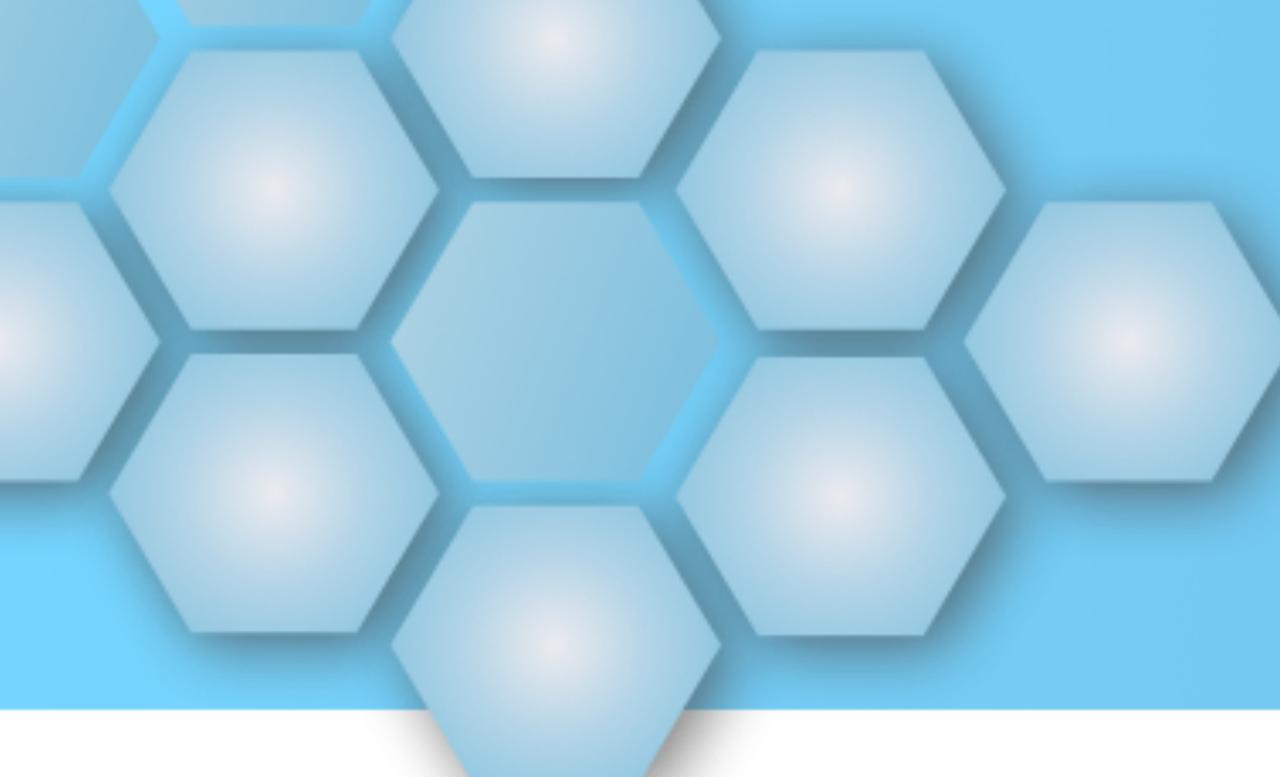
# Loose Coupling

**Services do not know where events come from**



# Loose Coupling

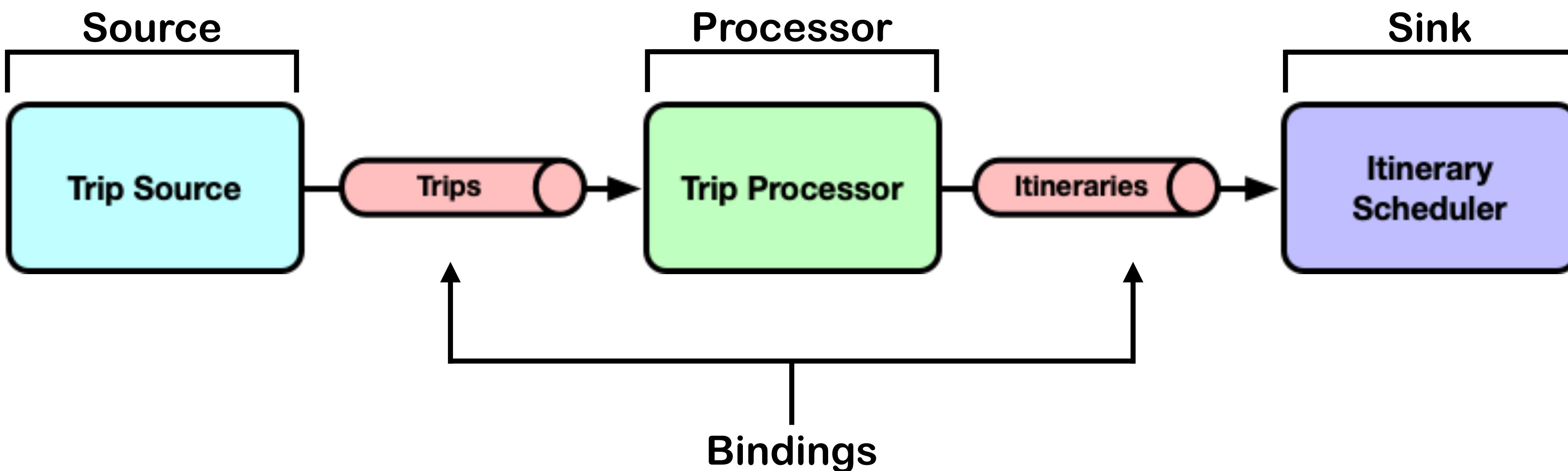
**Services do not know where events they create will go next**

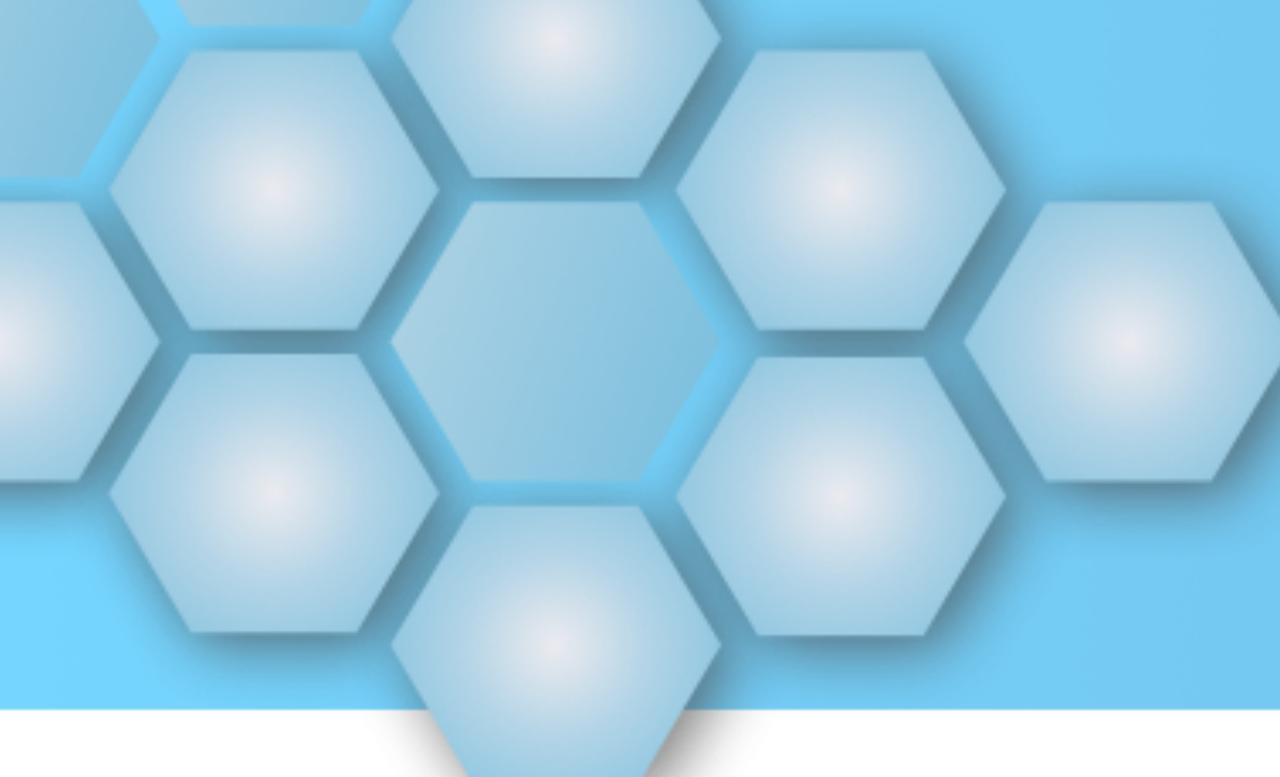


# Loose Coupling

**Services have one job : Process the event**

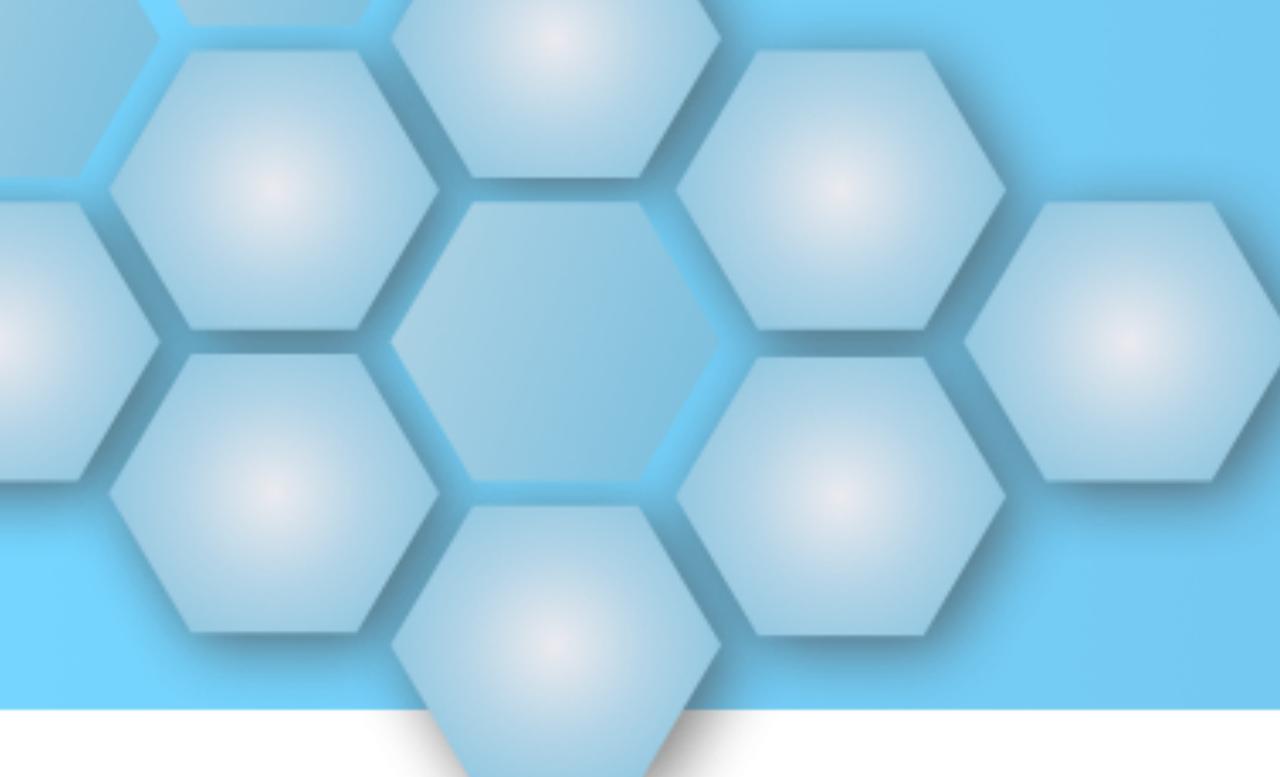
# EDA Illustrated





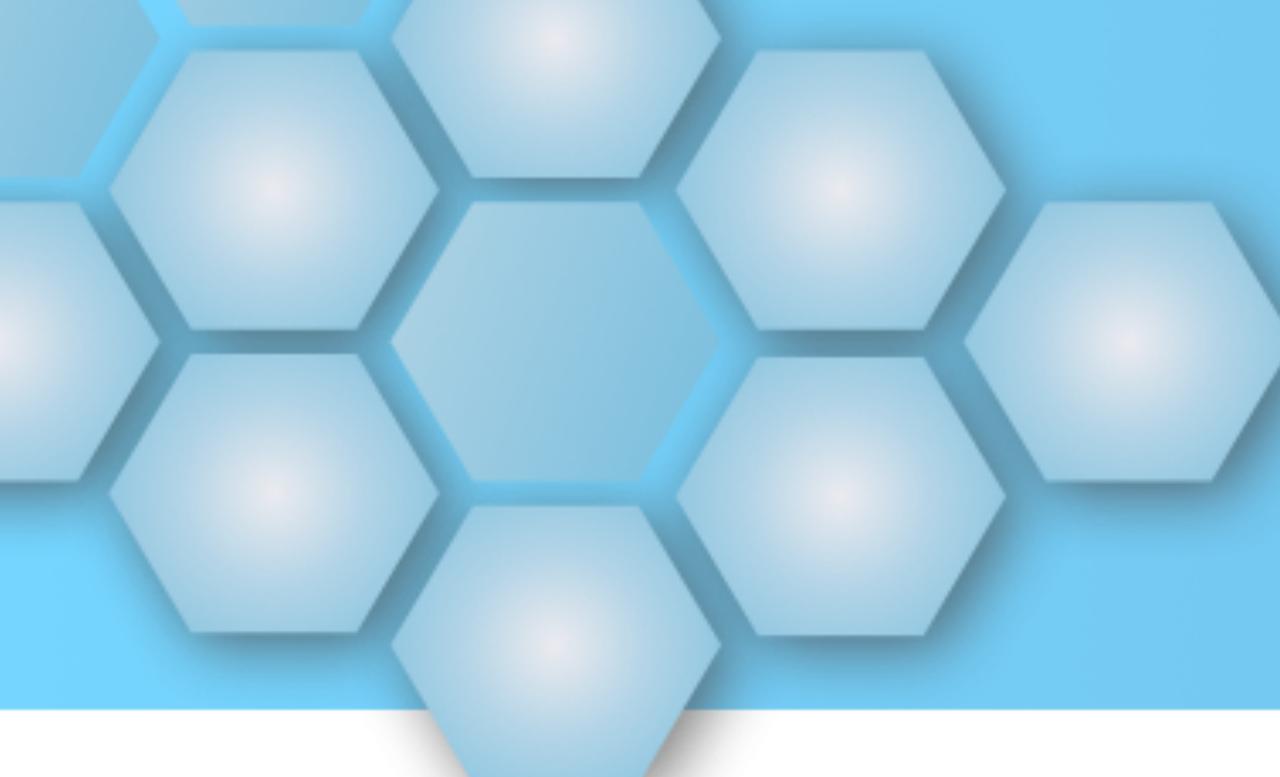
# Event-Driven Spring

**Spring offers several choices for EDA**



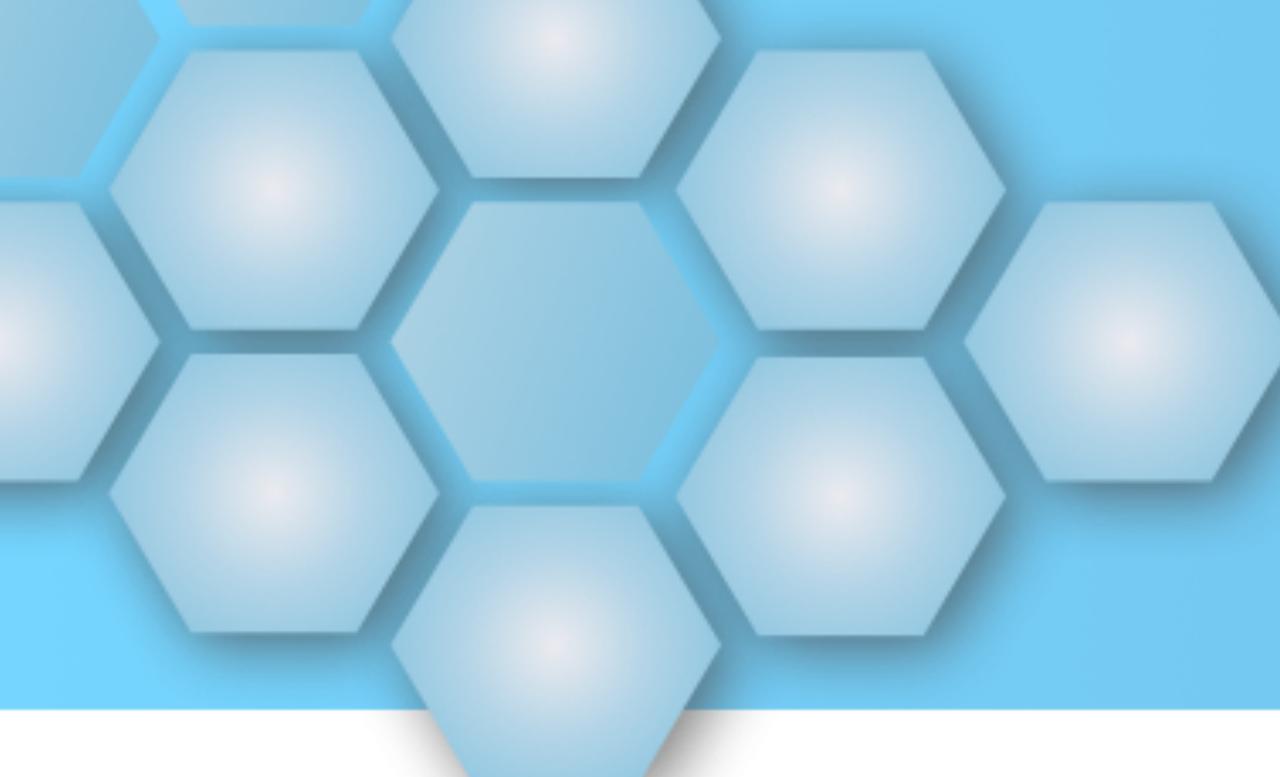
# Event-Driven Spring

## Message Templates



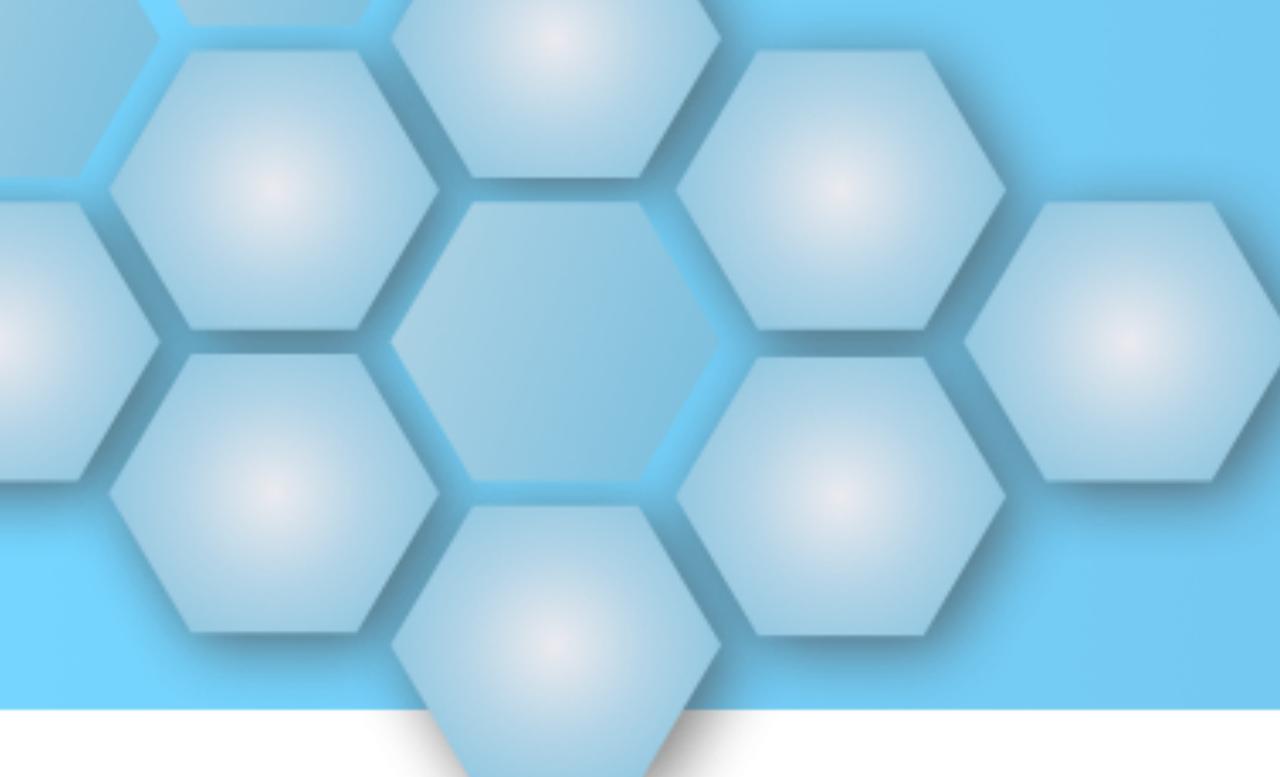
# Event-Driven Spring

## Message-driven beans



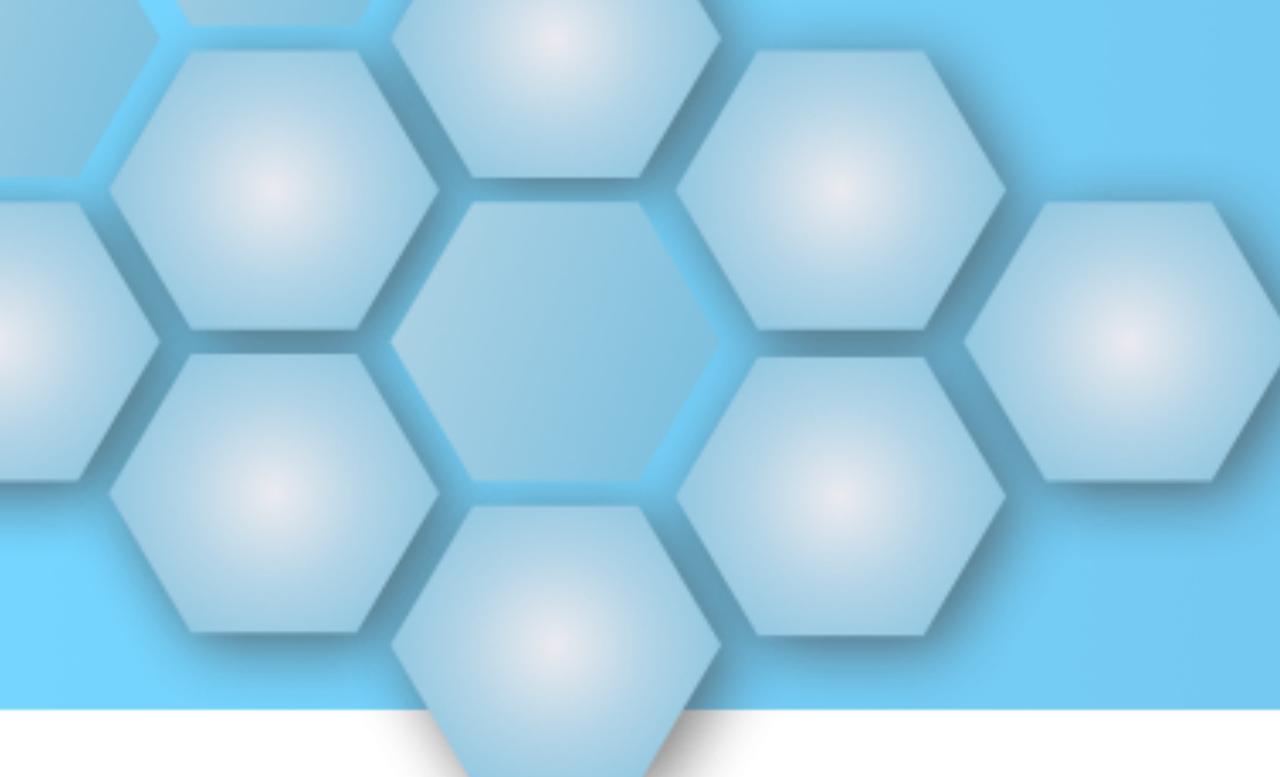
# Event-Driven Spring

## Spring Integration



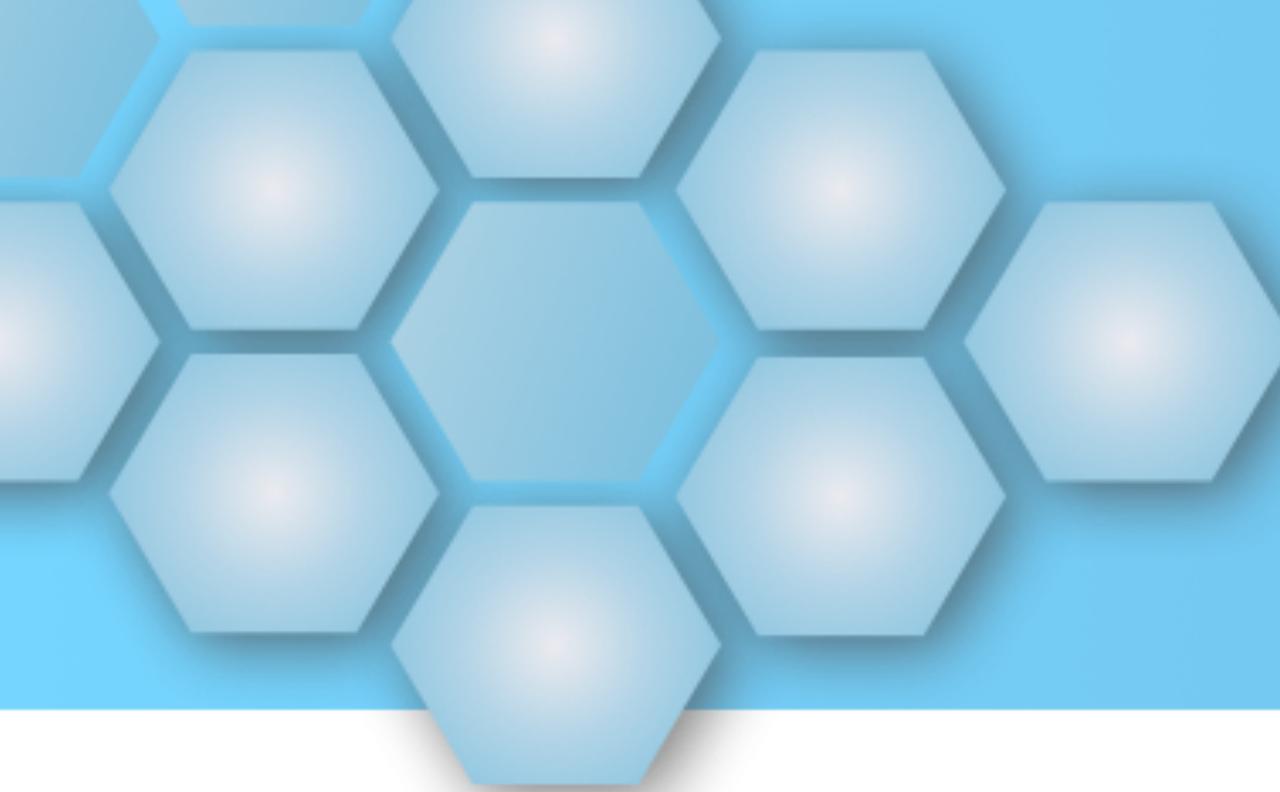
# Event-Driven Spring

## Spring Cloud Stream



# Event-Driven Spring

## Spring Cloud Data Flow

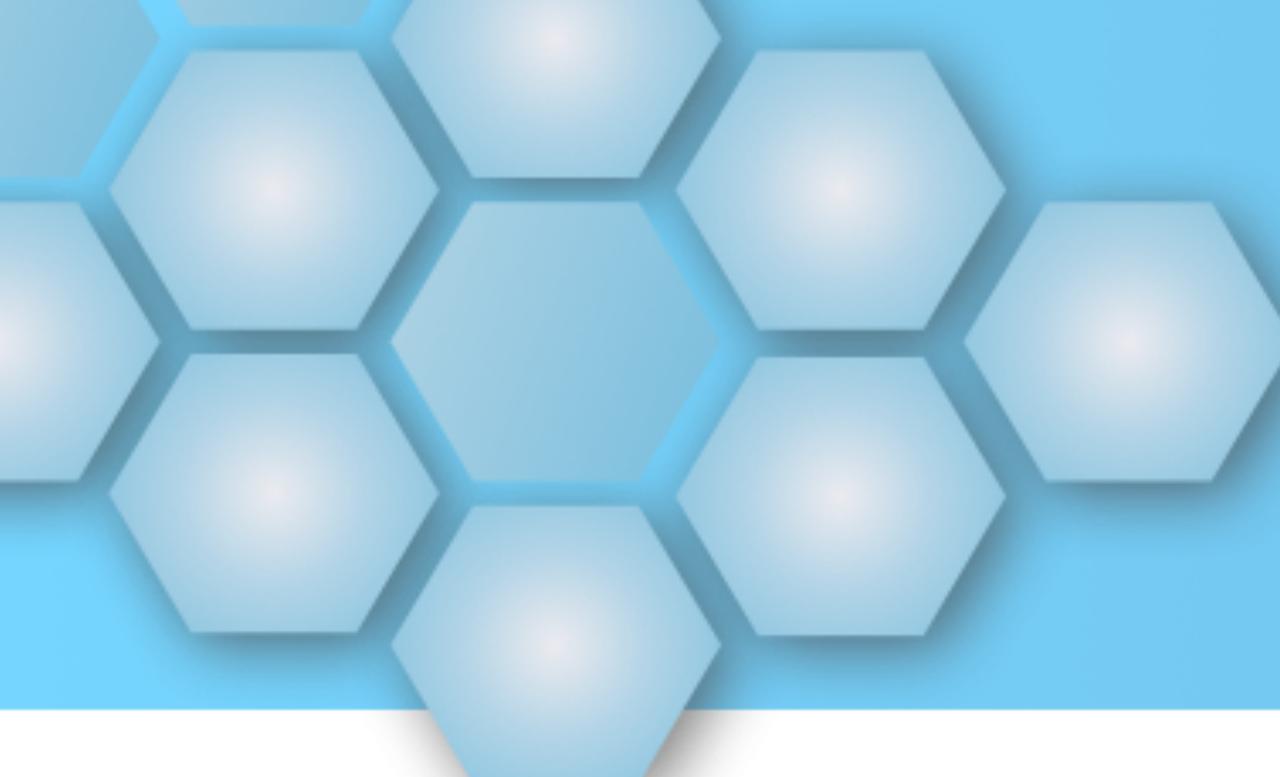


And then there's...

**Spring Cloud Function**



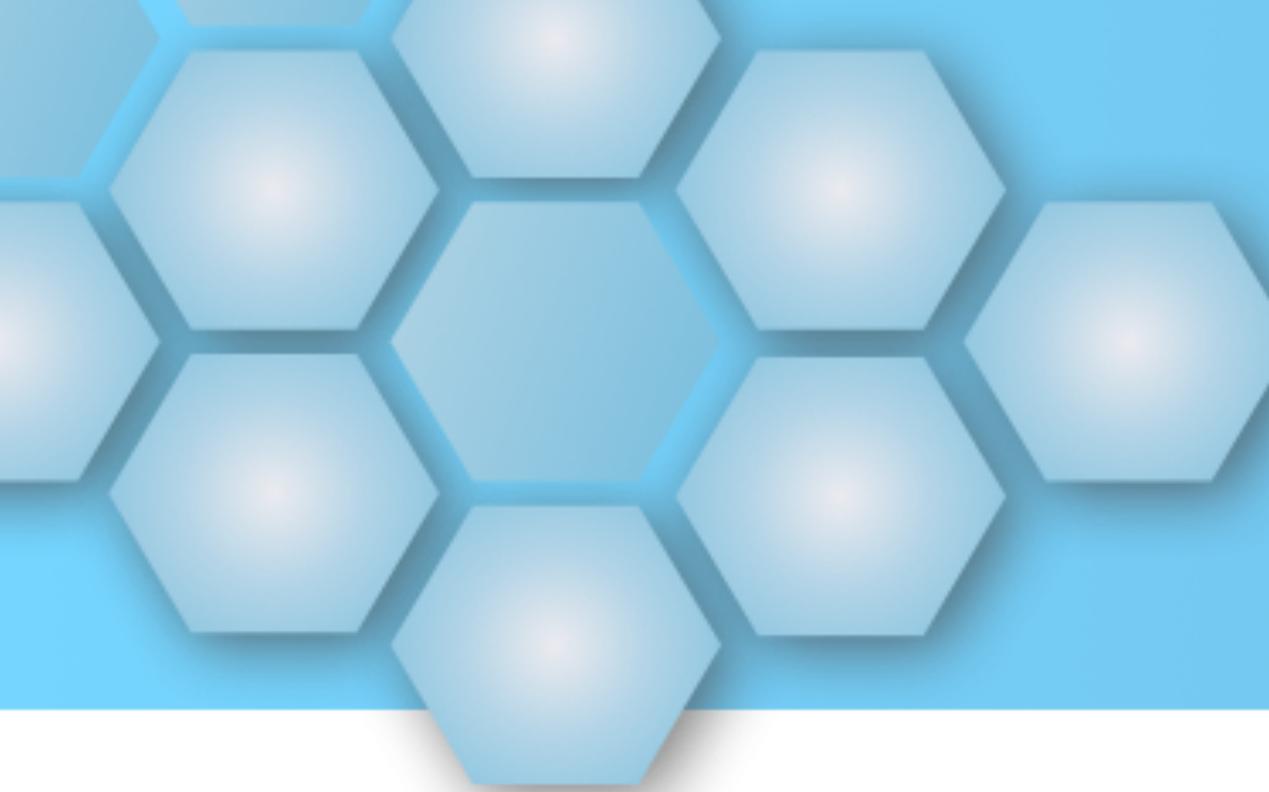
Let's see some code...



# Message Driven Beans

```
@RabbitListener(queues = "trips")
@SendTo("itineraries")
public Itinerary handleMessage(TripBooking trip) {
    // ... process trip ...
    return itinerary;
}
```

```
@RabbitListener(queues = "itineraries")
public void handleMessage(Itinerary itinerary) {
    // ... process itinerary ...
}
```



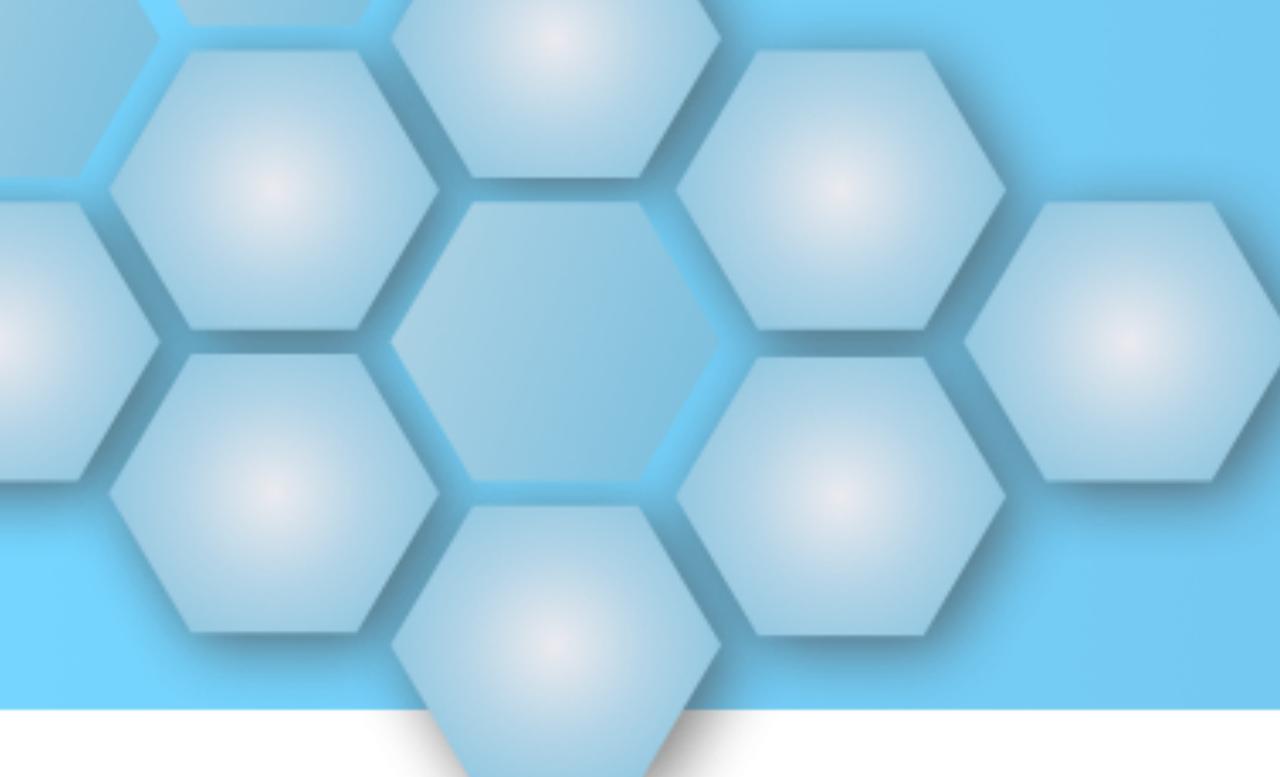
# Message Driven Beans

Reactive; queue-watching is handled by framework

No clear way to break processing into distinct operations

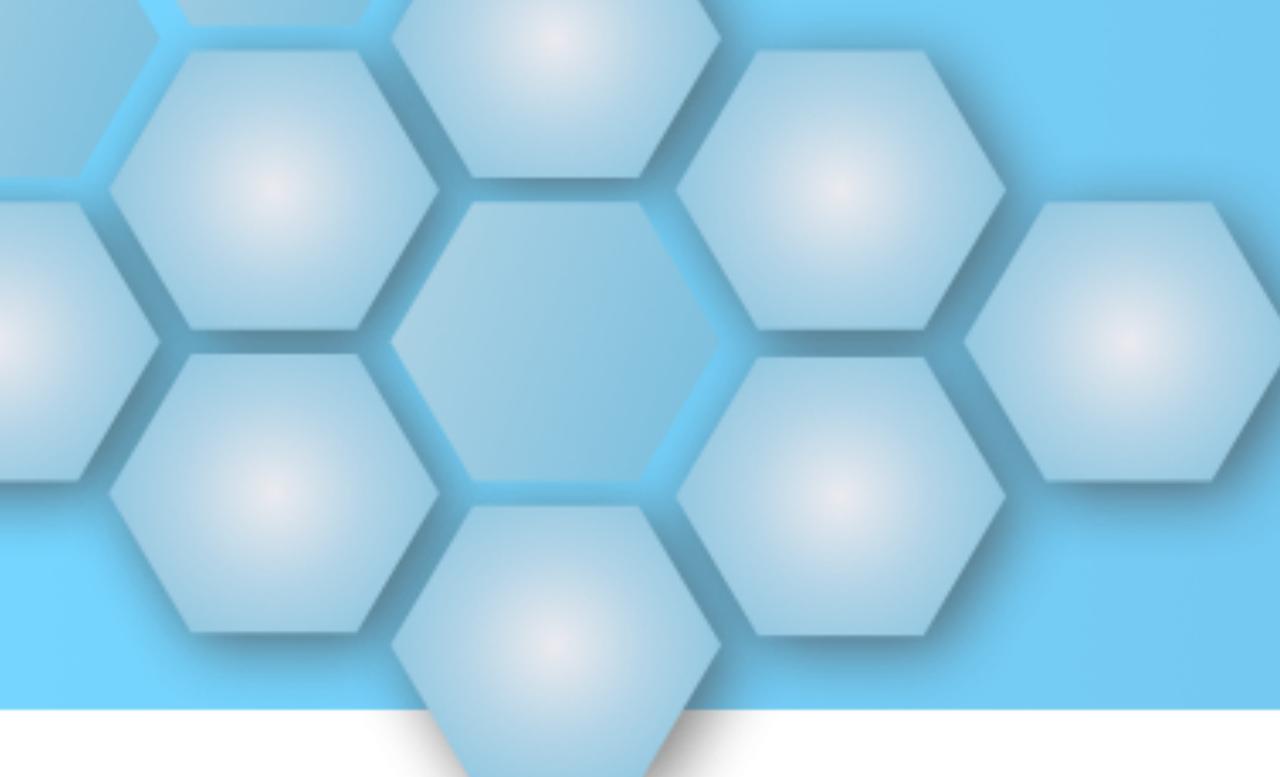
Coupled to message broker; Both consumer and producer must agree on broker

JMS, RabbitMQ, or Kafka



# Spring Integration

```
@Bean
public IntegrationFlow flow(
    ConnectionFactory connectionFactory,
    AmqpTemplate amqpTemplate,
    TripProcessor processor) {
    return IntegrationFlows
        .from(new AmqpMessageSource(connectionFactory, "trips"),
              c->c.poller(Pollers.fixedRate(1000)))
        .<TripBooking, Itinerary>transform(trip -> processor.process(trip))
        .handle(Amqp.outboundGateway(amqpTemplate).routingKey("itineraries"))
        .get();
}
```



# Spring Integration

Reactive

Processing can be split into distinct operations

Loosely coupled to message broker

Events are not necessarily sourced from a  
Message broker

# Spring Cloud Stream

```
@Bean  
public Function<TripBooking, Itinerary> processTrip() {  
    return trip -> {  
        // ... process trip ...  
        return trip.getItinerary();  
    };  
}
```

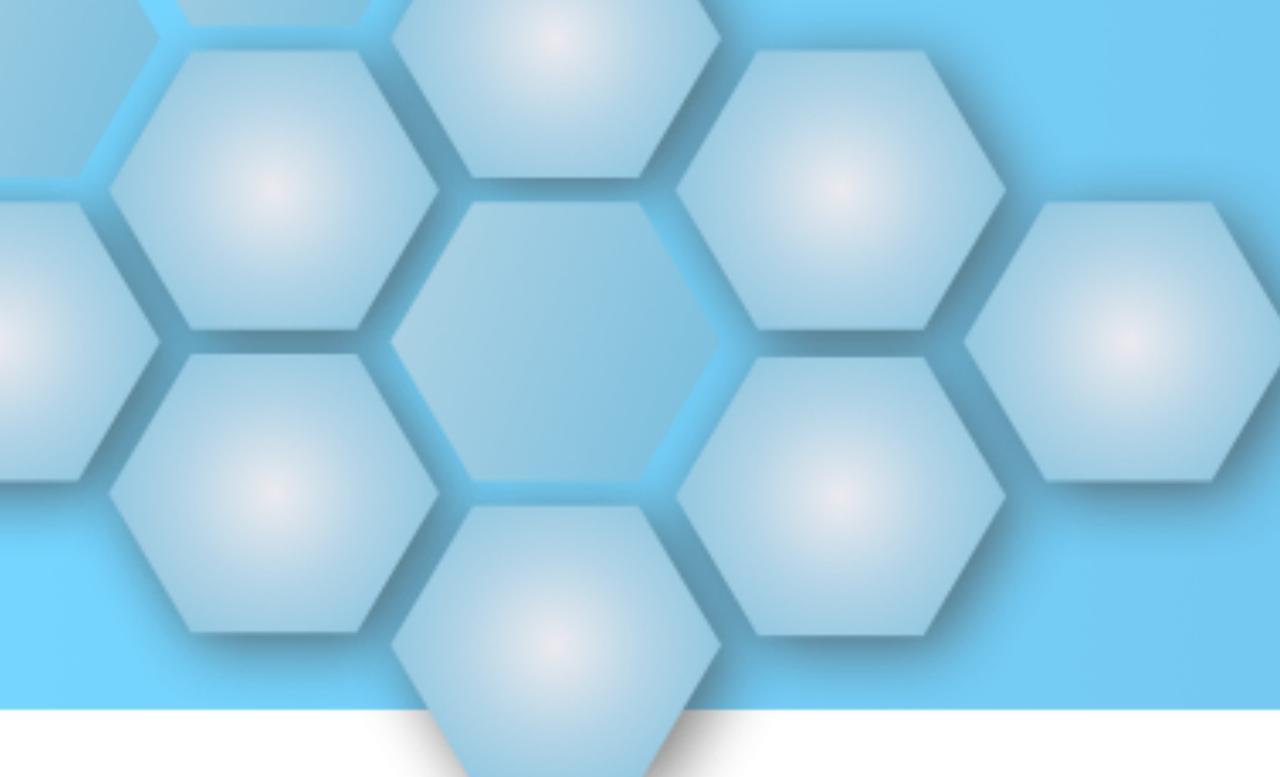
```
spring:  
cloud:  
stream:  
bindings:  
processTrip-in-0:  
    destination: trips  
    group: starport75  
processTrip-out-0:  
    destination: itineraries  
    group: starport75
```

# Spring Cloud Stream

```
@Bean  
public Func  
return tr  
// ... pr  
return  
};  
}
```

Function bean name  
**processTrip-in-0**  
Index  
Direction

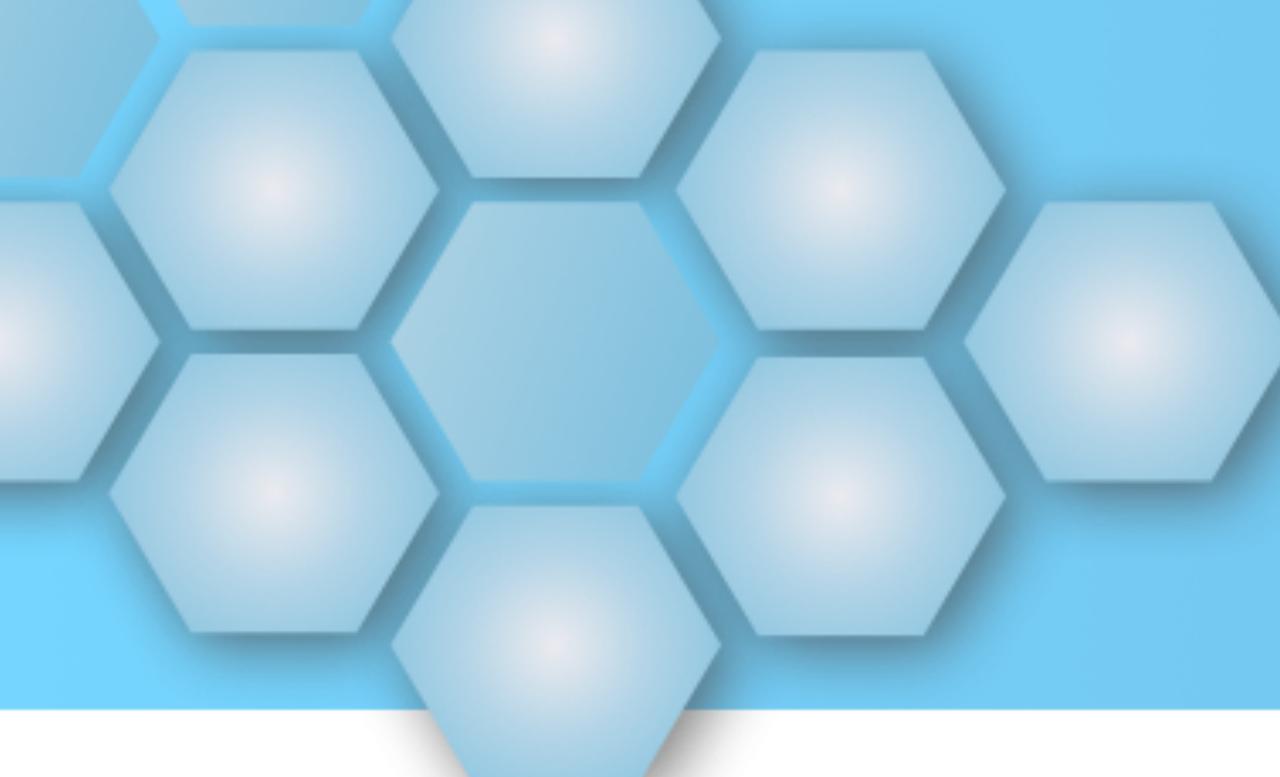
group: starport75  
processTrip-out-0:  
destination: itineraries  
group: starport75



# Spring Cloud Stream

```
@Bean  
public Consumer<Itinerary> scheduleItinerary() {  
    return itinerary -> {  
        // ... process itinerary ...  
    };  
}
```

```
spring:  
  cloud:  
    stream:  
      bindings:  
        scheduleItinerary-in-0:  
          destination: itineraries  
          group: starport75
```



# Spring Cloud Stream

**Processing can be easily split into distinct operations**

**Message-broker is the binding**

**Events are not necessarily sourced from a Message broker**

# A bit on Spring Cloud DataFlow

# Spring Cloud DataFlow

## Out-of-the-box applications

### Sources

file  
ftp  
gemfire  
gemfire-cq  
http  
jdbc  
jms  
load-generator  
loggregator  
mail  
mongodb  
mqtt  
rabbit  
s3  
sftp  
sftp-dataflow  
syslog  
tcp  
tcp-client  
time  
trigger  
twitterstream

### Processors

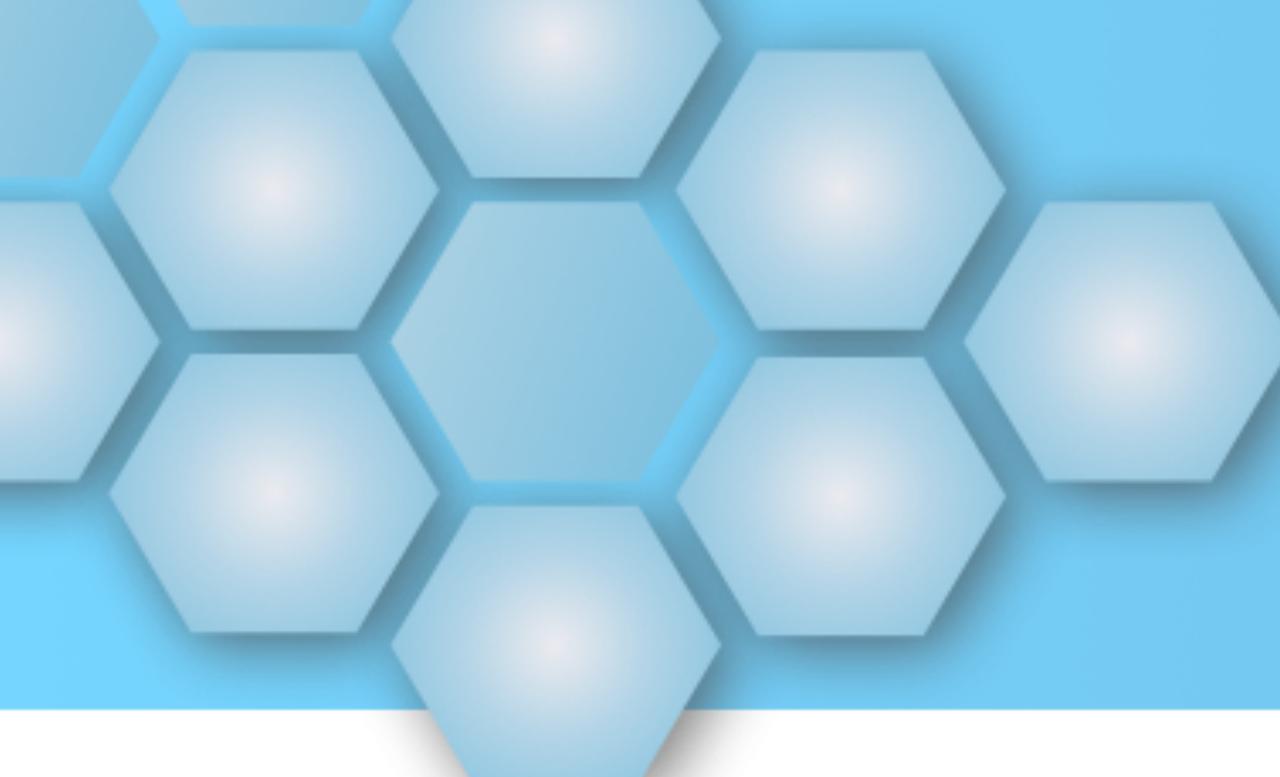
aggregator  
bridge  
counter  
filter  
groovy-filter  
groovy-transform  
grpc  
header-enricher  
httpclient  
image-recognition  
object-detection  
pmml  
pose-estimation  
python-http  
python-jython  
scriptable-transform  
splitter  
tcp-client  
tensorflow  
transform  
twitter-sentiment

### Sinks

cassandra  
counter  
file  
ftp  
gemfire  
gpfdist  
hdfs  
jdbc  
log  
mongodb  
mqtt  
pgcopy  
rabbit  
redis-pubsub  
router  
s3  
sftp  
task-launcher-dataflow  
tcp  
throughput  
websocket

### Tasks

compound-task-runner  
timestamp  
timestamp-batch



# Define streams with DSL

```
http --port=9000 | transform --expression 'hello-world' | log
```

# Using the Dashboard

 Data Flow Search for keywords (CTRL+SPACE)... ⚙️  ⓘ

Stream timer UNDEPLOYED

DEPLOY STREAM DESTROY STREAM

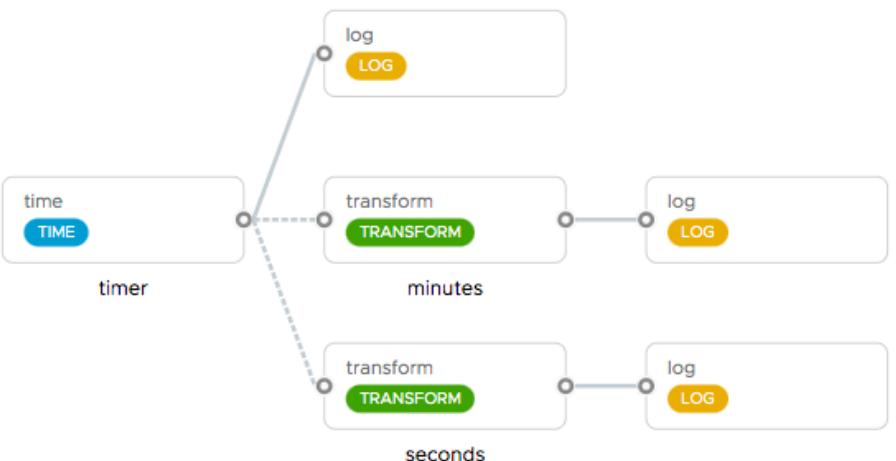
INFORMATION

Definition time | log  
Status UNDEPLOYED  
Applications time TIME log LOG

RELATED STREAM(S)

timer time | log UNDEPLOYED  
minutes :timer.time > transform | log UNDEPLOYED  
seconds :timer.time > transform | log UNDEPLOYED

SHOW DATA PIPELINE



# Using the Dashboard

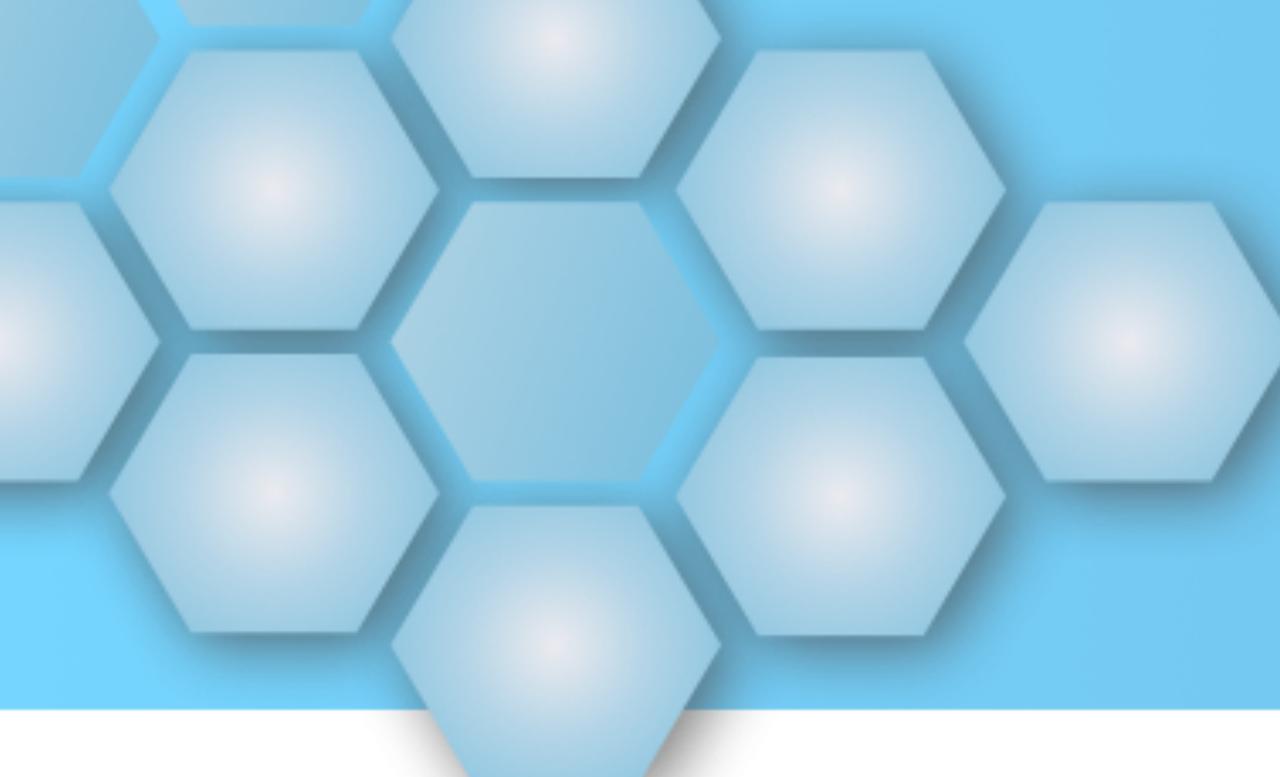
**SHOW DATA PIPELINE**

The diagram illustrates a data pipeline structure. It begins with a 'TIME' node (labeled 'time' and 'TIME'). A solid arrow points from 'TIME' to a 'transform' node (labeled 'transform' and 'TRANSFORM'). From this 'transform' node, a solid arrow points to a 'LOG' node (labeled 'log' and 'LOG'). Below this main path, a dashed arrow labeled 'seconds' points from 'TIME' to another 'transform' node. This second 'transform' node then has a solid arrow pointing to a second 'LOG' node. Above the first 'transform' node, a dashed arrow labeled 'minutes' points from 'TIME' to a third 'transform' node. This third 'transform' node also has a solid arrow pointing to a third 'LOG' node.

UNDEPLOYED

UNDEPLOYED

UNDEPLOYED



# Spring Cloud DataFlow

Processing can be easily split into distinct operations

Message-broker is the binding

Events are not necessarily sourced from a Message broker

A platform on which to build and deploy event-driven microservices

# Thank you!

Check out my books:  
[http://www.habuma.com/sia5\\_nfjs.html](http://www.habuma.com/sia5_nfjs.html)  
Discount code (50% off): tsspring

