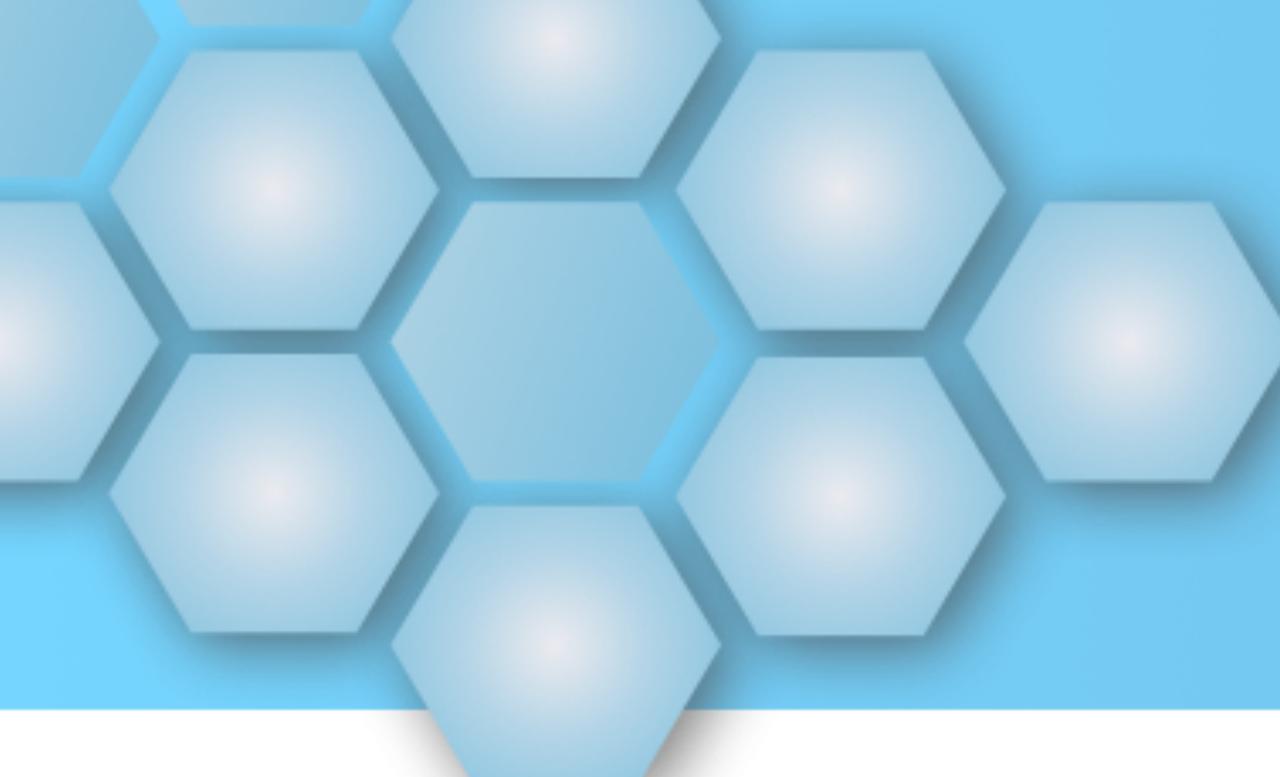


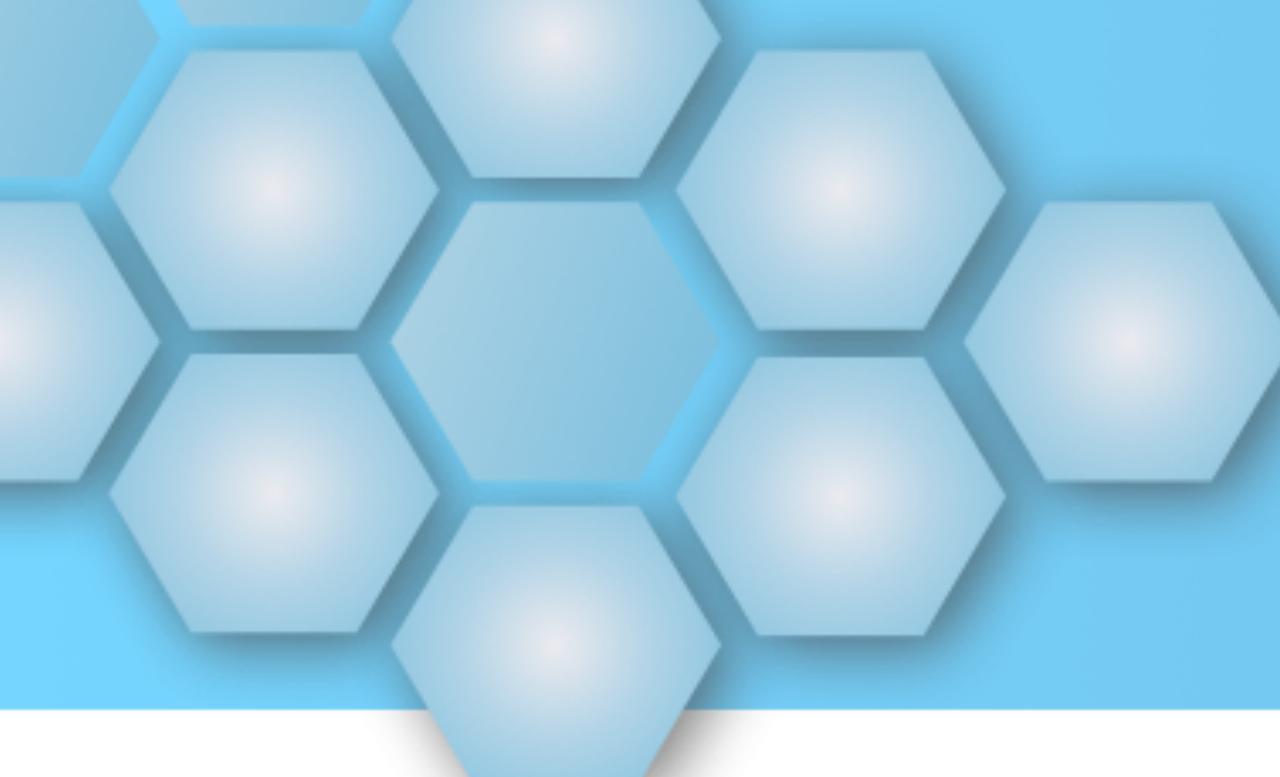
# Event-Driven Spring

Craig Walls  
[craig@habuma.com](mailto:craig@habuma.com)  
Twitter: @habuma



# What to expect...

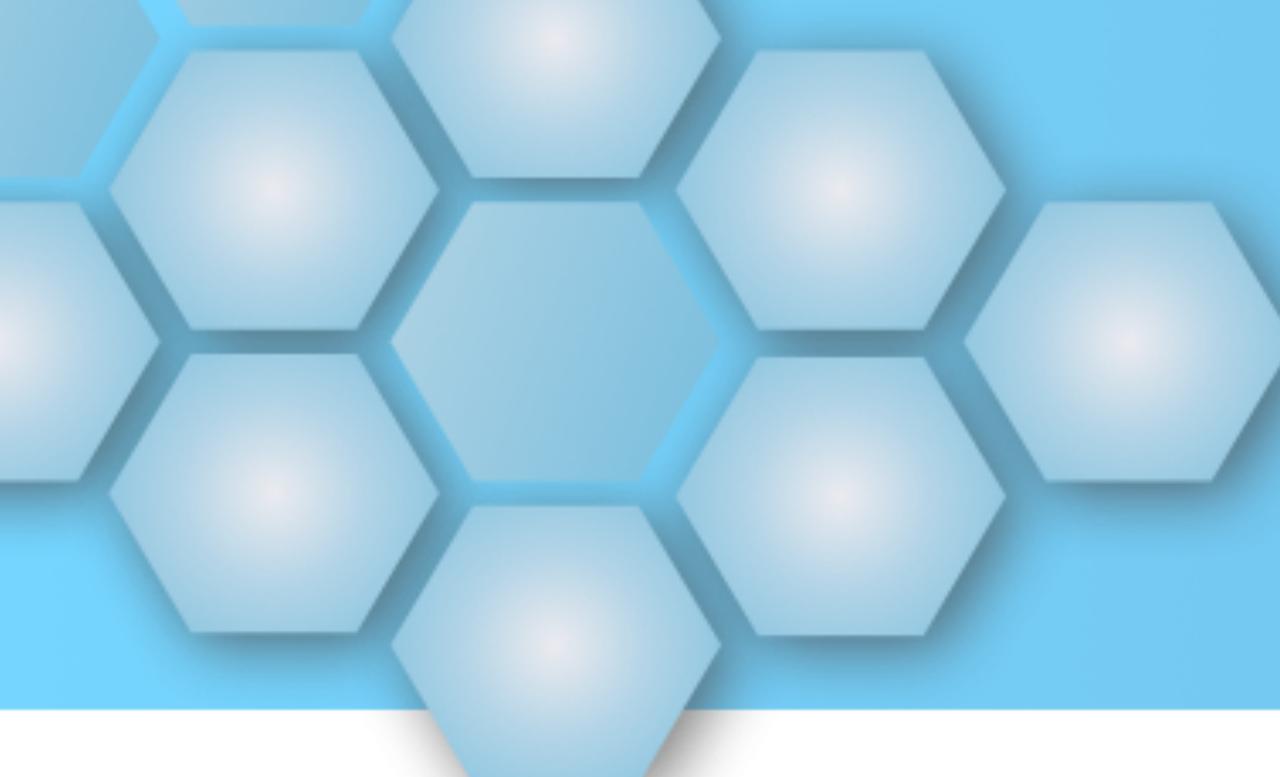
**Event-Driven vs. Request-Driven Processing**  
**Handling and Producing Events in Spring**



# What to expect...

Some live coding

Misteaks will be maid



# What we'll (try to) do...

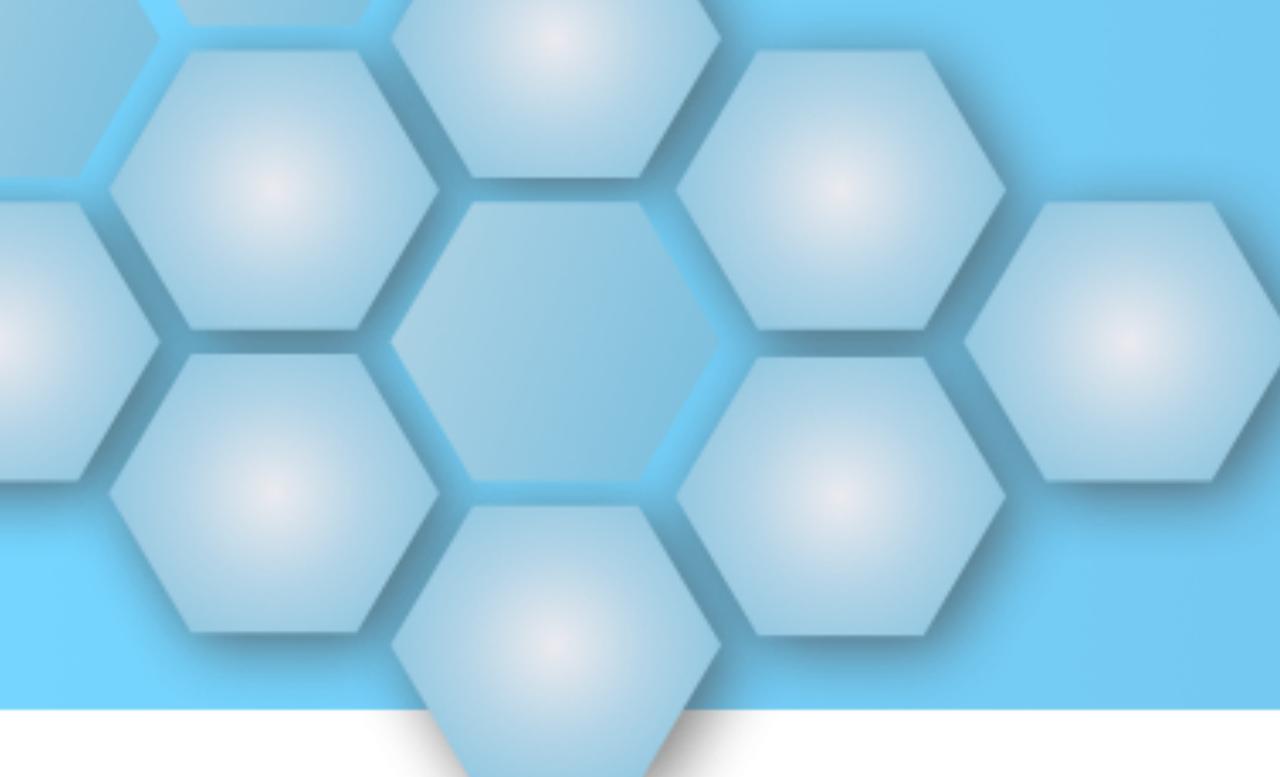
## 11:00 - 12:30 :: Foundations

Introduction, Setting Up, Templates, Message-Driven Beans

## 1:00 - 2:30 :: Going Higher

Spring Integration, Spring Cloud Stream, Spring Cloud DataFlow

All of this is tentative and flexible

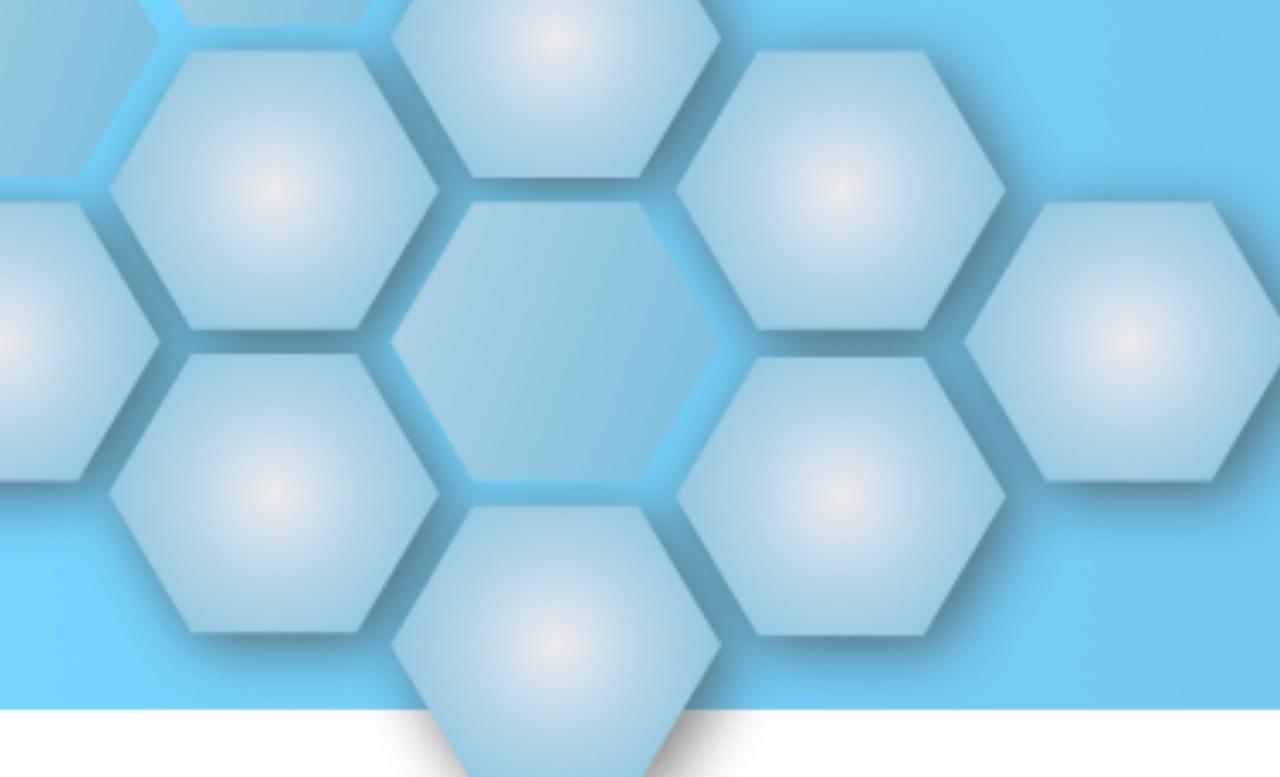


# The code and slides?

All code will be at...

[https://github.com/habuma/nfjs-samples/tree/master/  
EventDrivenSpring-Workshop-Dec-2021](https://github.com/habuma/nfjs-samples/tree/master/EventDrivenSpring-Workshop-Dec-2021)

...after the conference concludes



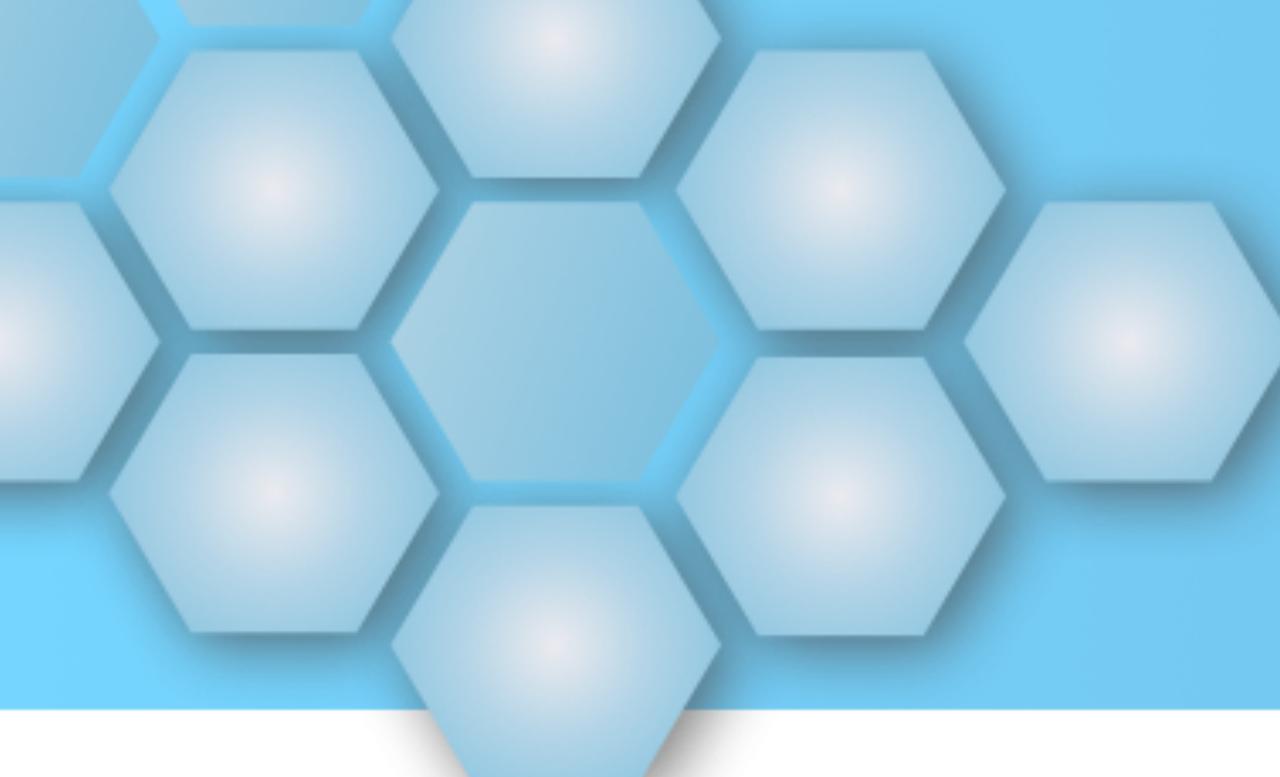
# What you'll need

## Rabbit (or Kafka) running locally The easy way:

```
$ docker run -d --name my-rabbit -p 5672:5672 -p 15672:15672 rabbitmq:3-management
```

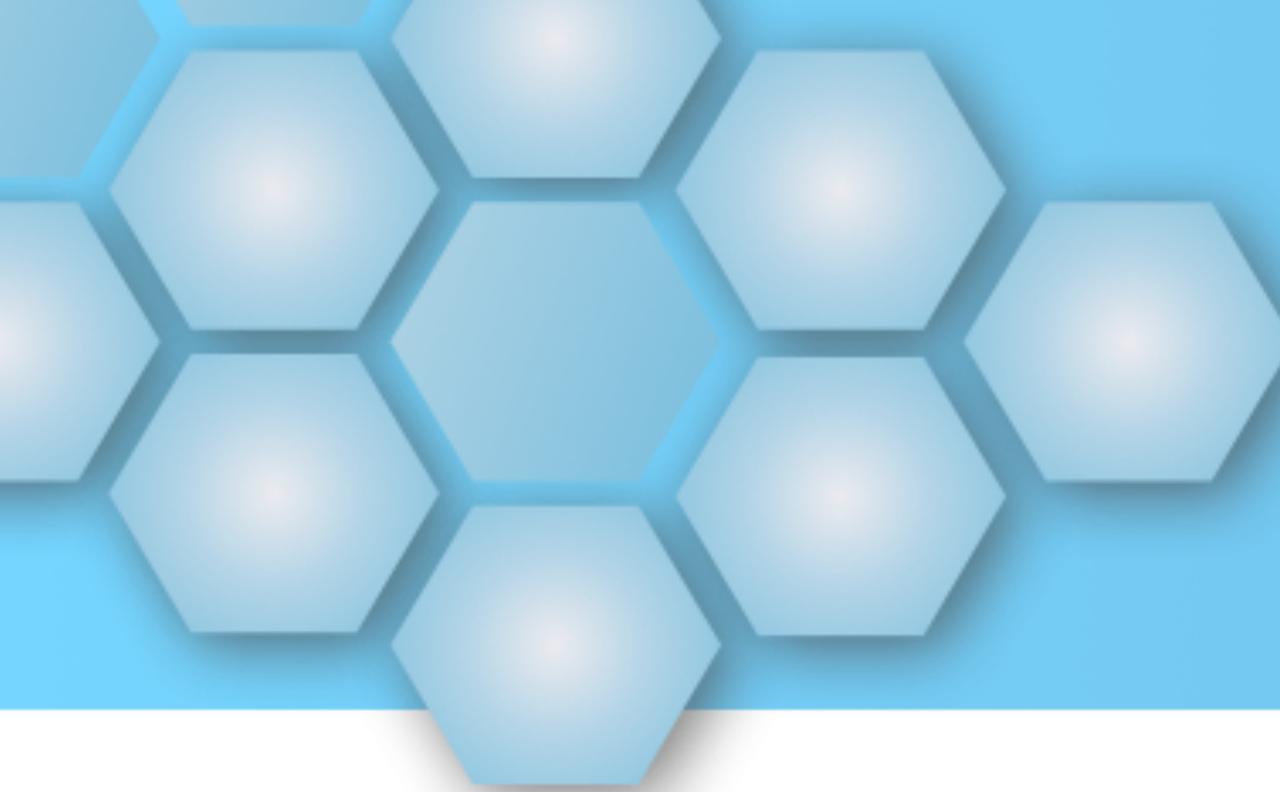
Other ways:  
<https://www.rabbitmq.com/download.html>

Your IDE of choice  
(ideally, Spring ToolSuite or IntelliJ IDEA)



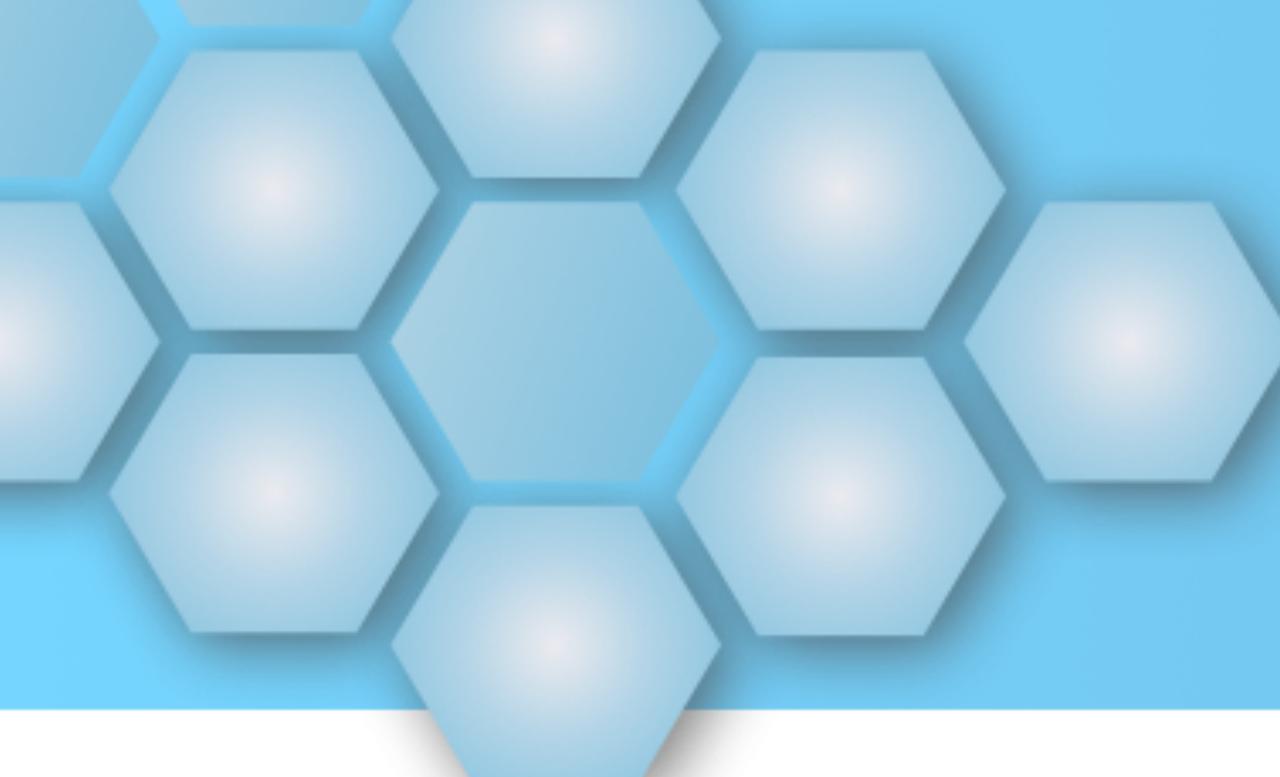
# What is event-driven?

**Models the real world**



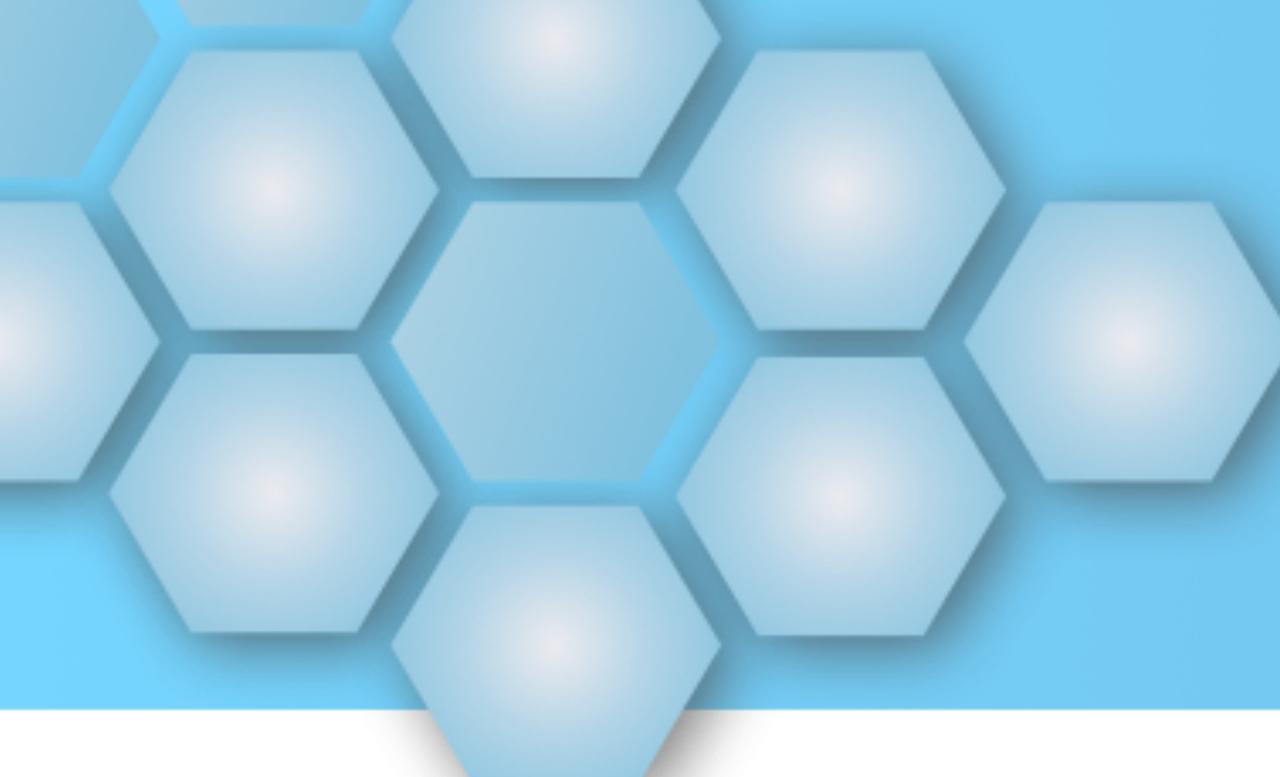
# What is event-driven?

**Deals in state**



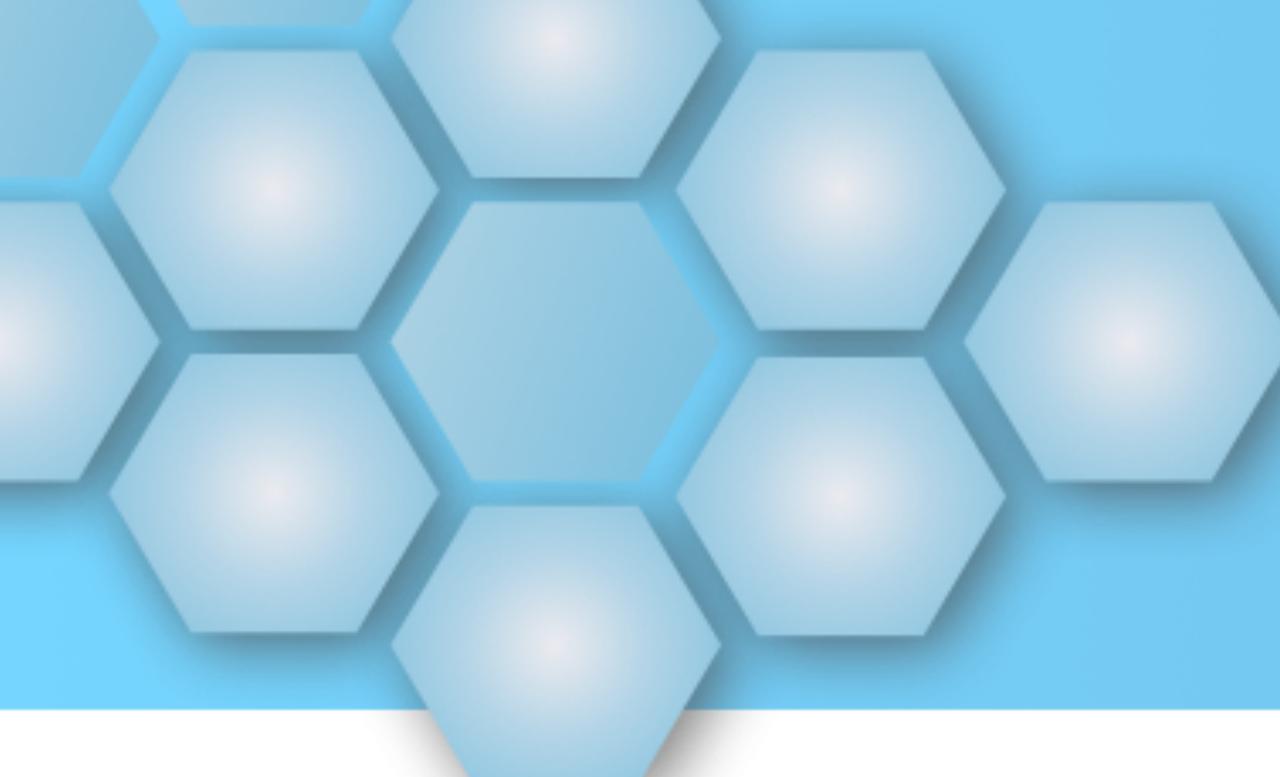
# What is event-driven?

**Lots of small changes to that state every day**



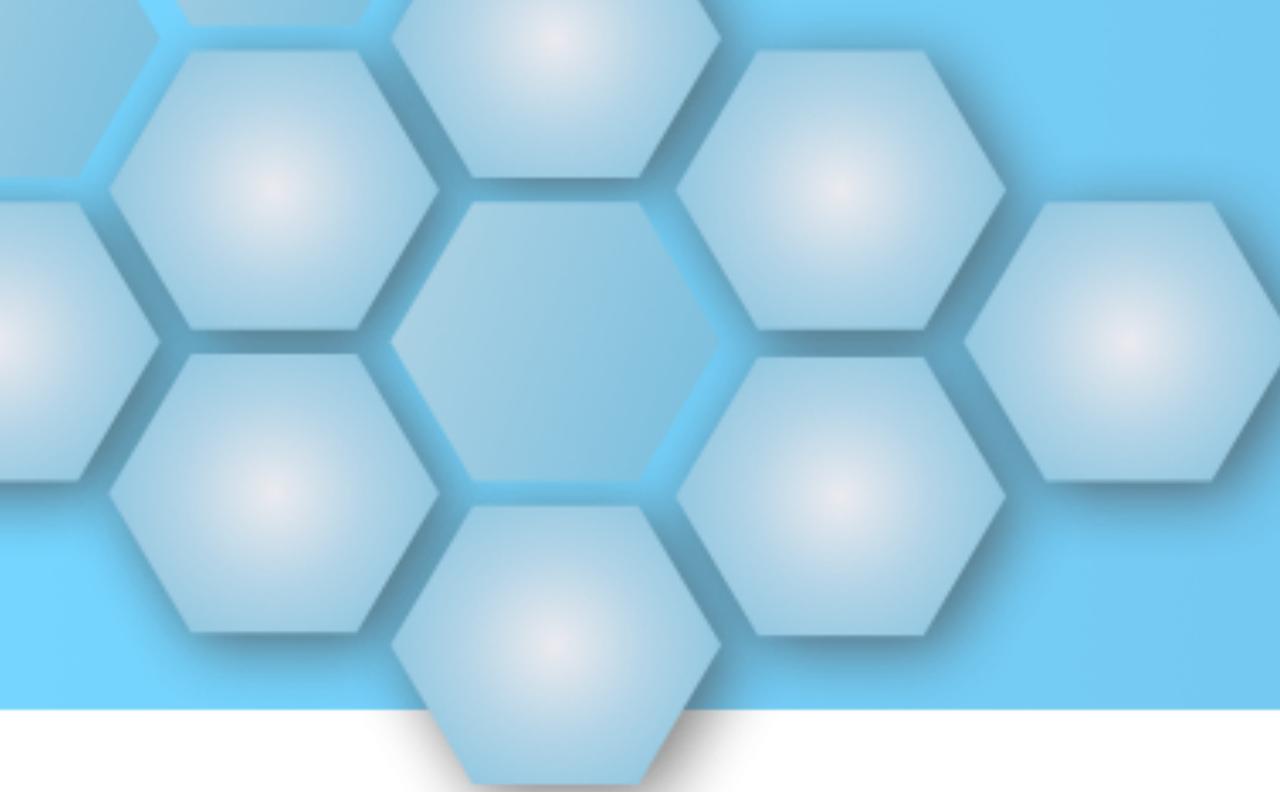
# What is event-driven?

**These small changes are events**



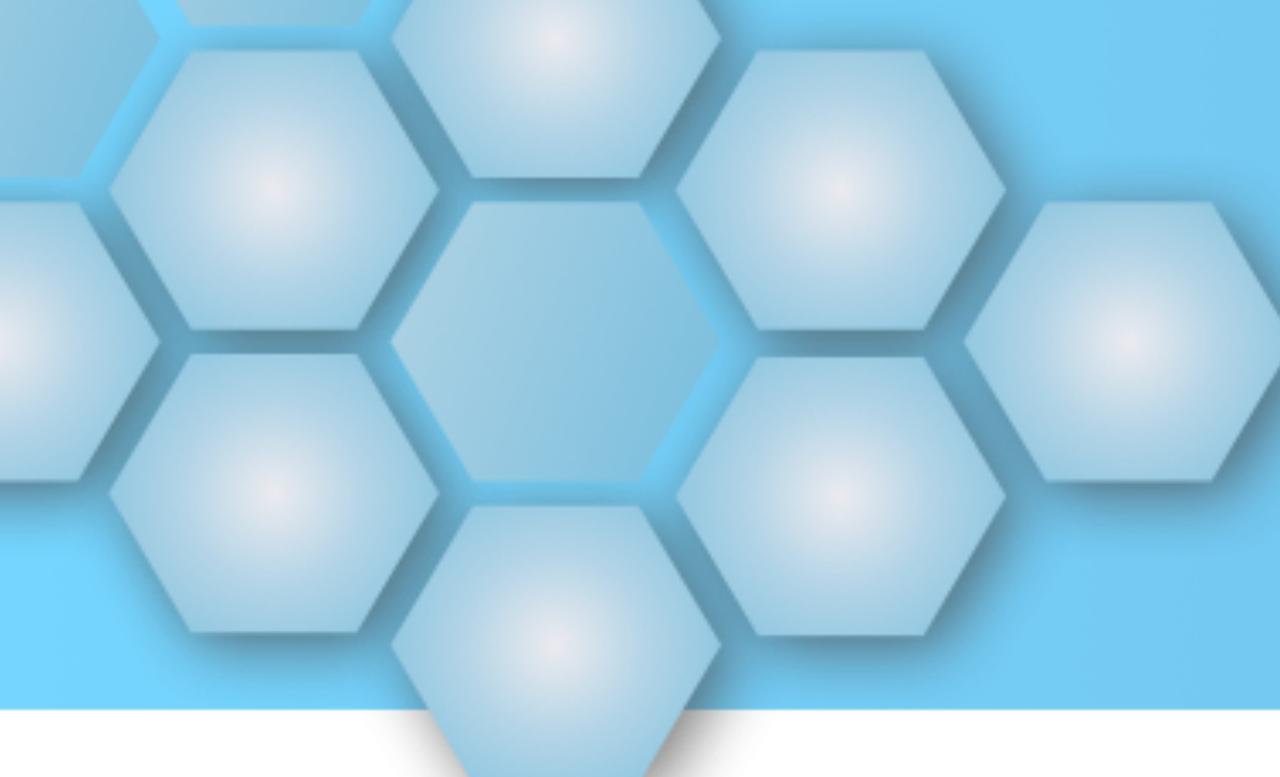
# What is event-driven?

## Event driven architecture (EDA)



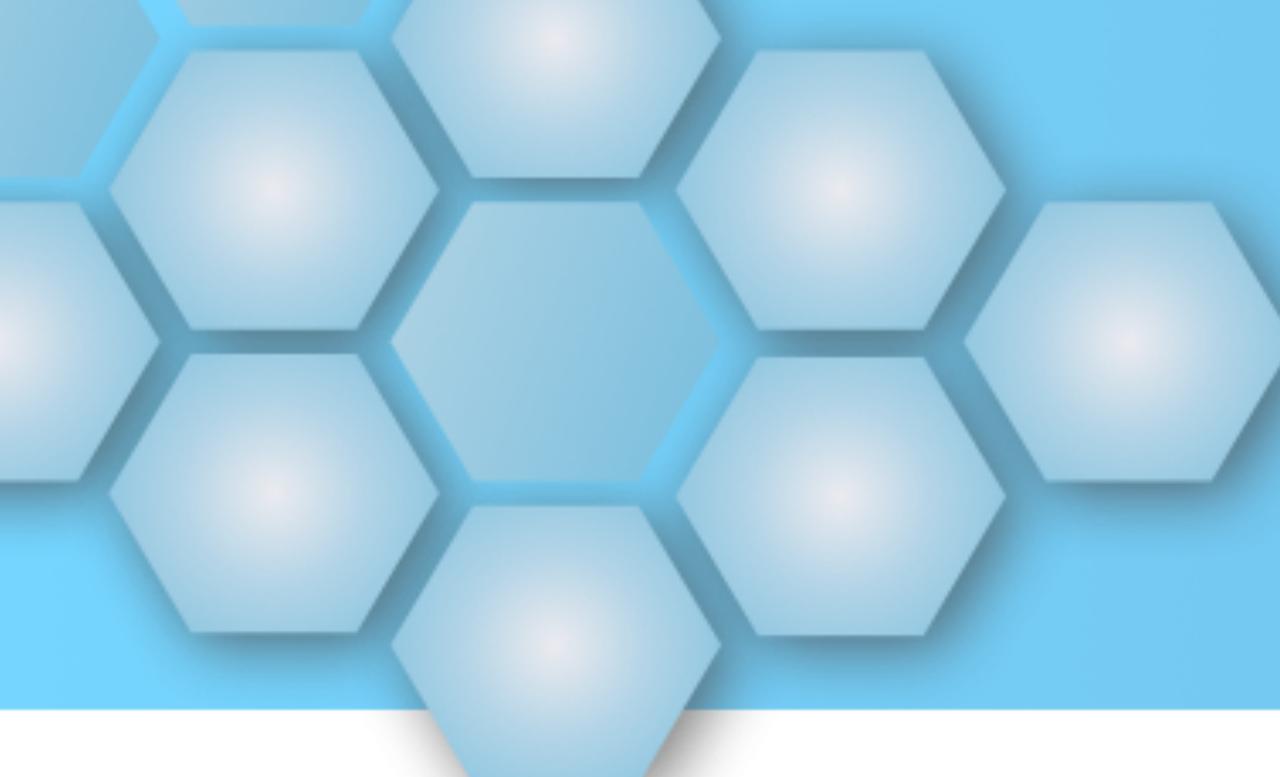
# What is event-driven?

Patterns for handling events...



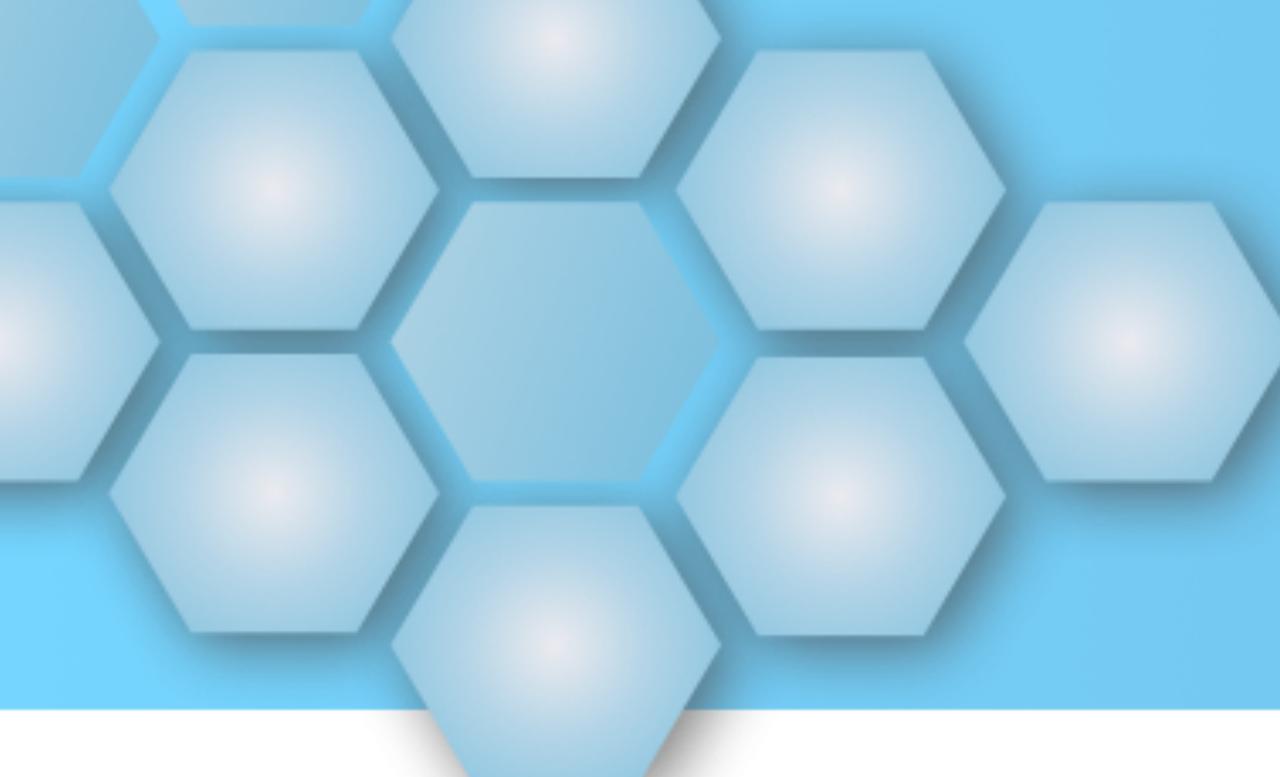
# What is event-driven?

**...and possibly creating new events.**



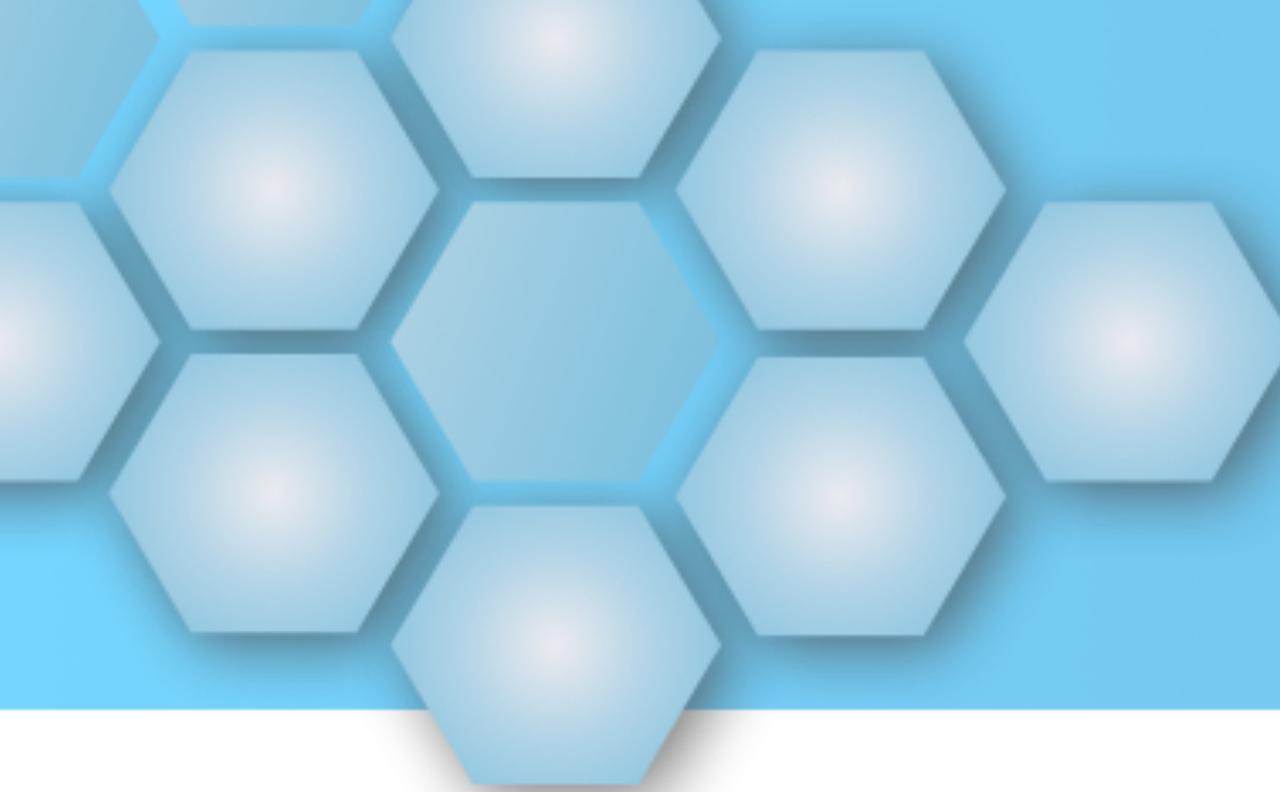
# What is event-driven?

Achieves loose coupling



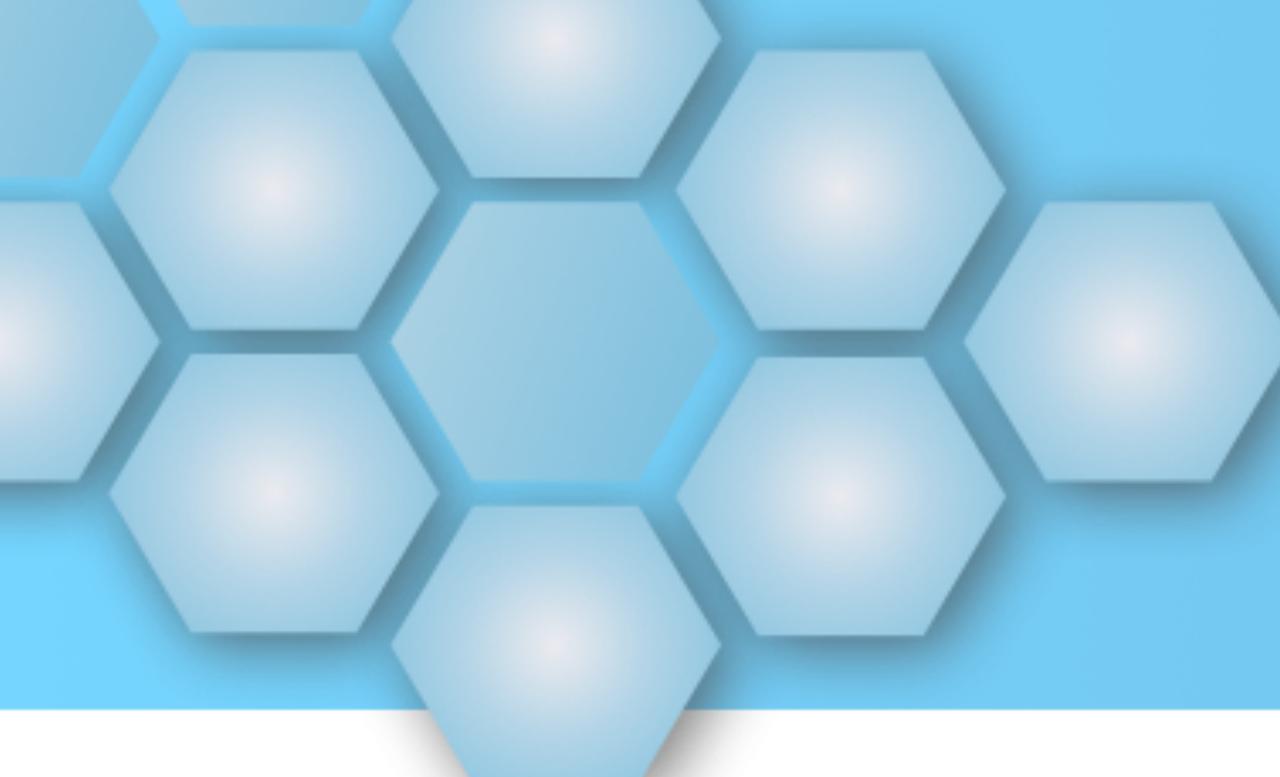
# What is event-driven?

Fault tolerant



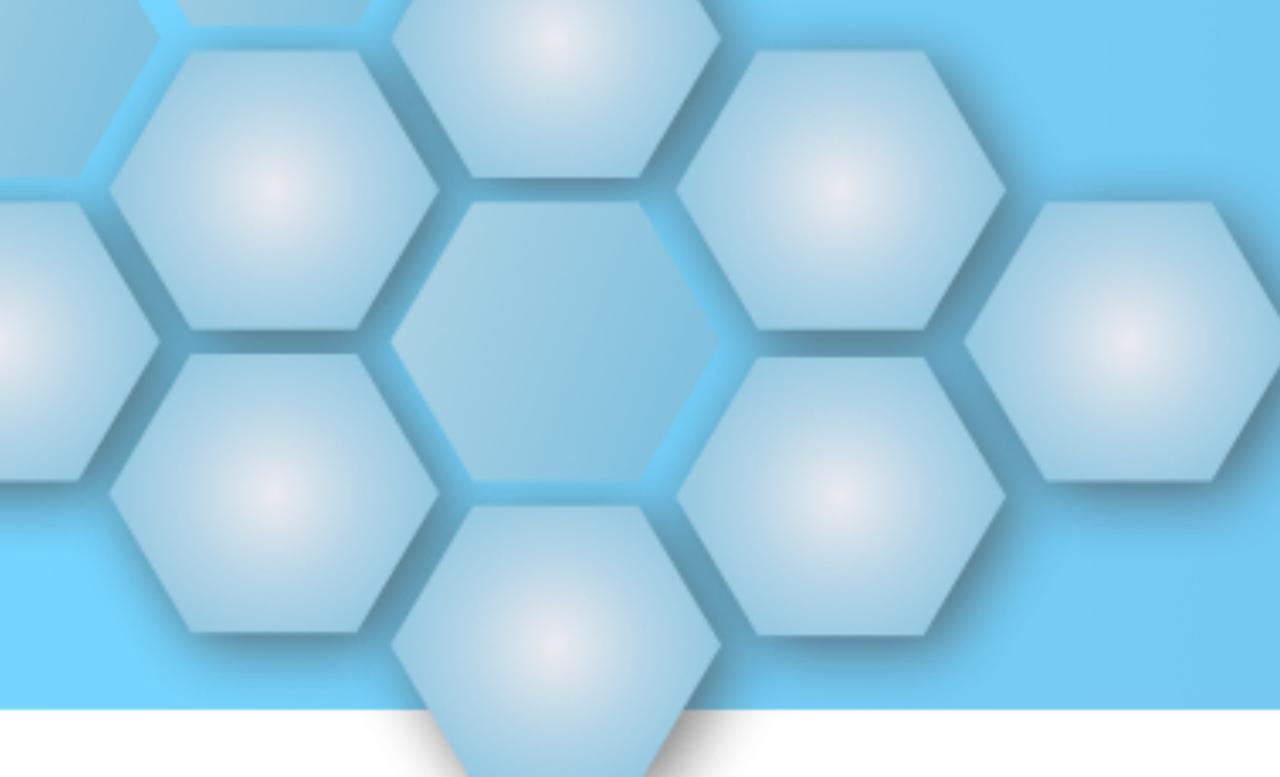
# What is event-driven?

**Facilitates auditing**



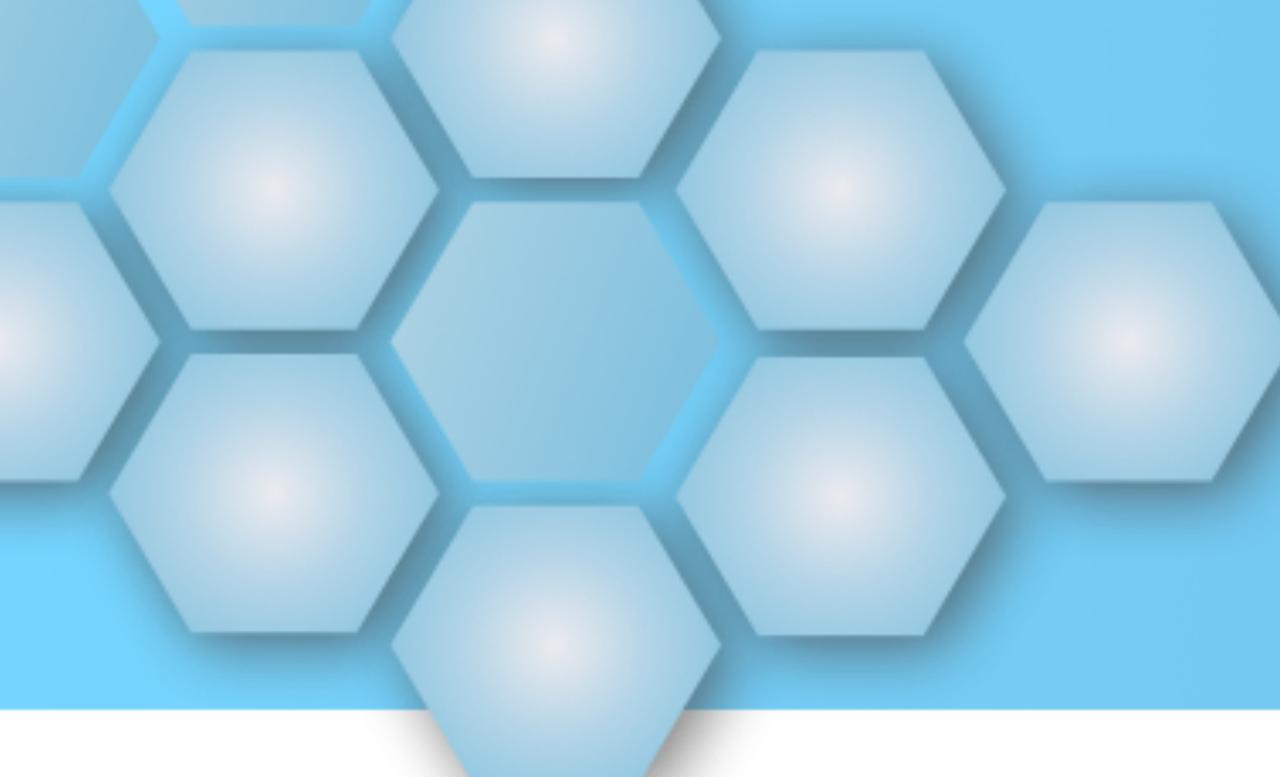
# What is event-driven?

**Enables policy enforcement**



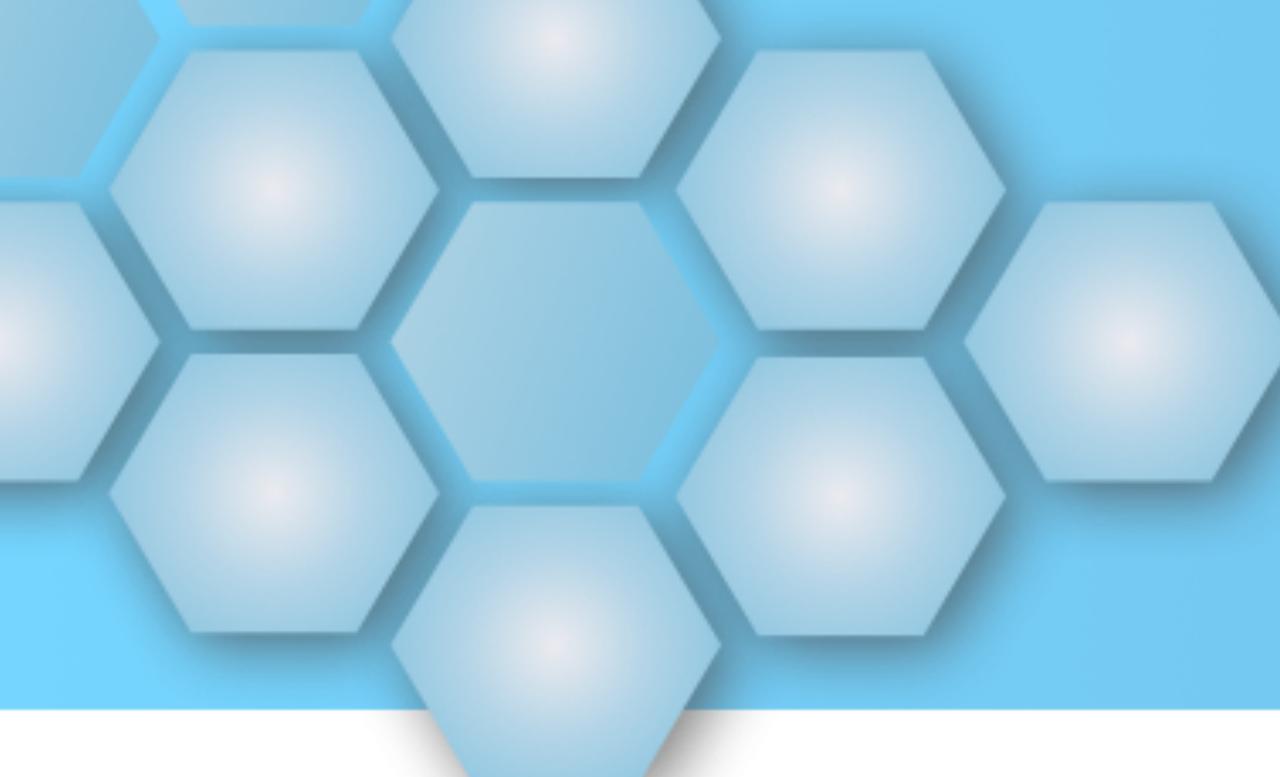
# What is event-driven?

**High horizontal scalability**



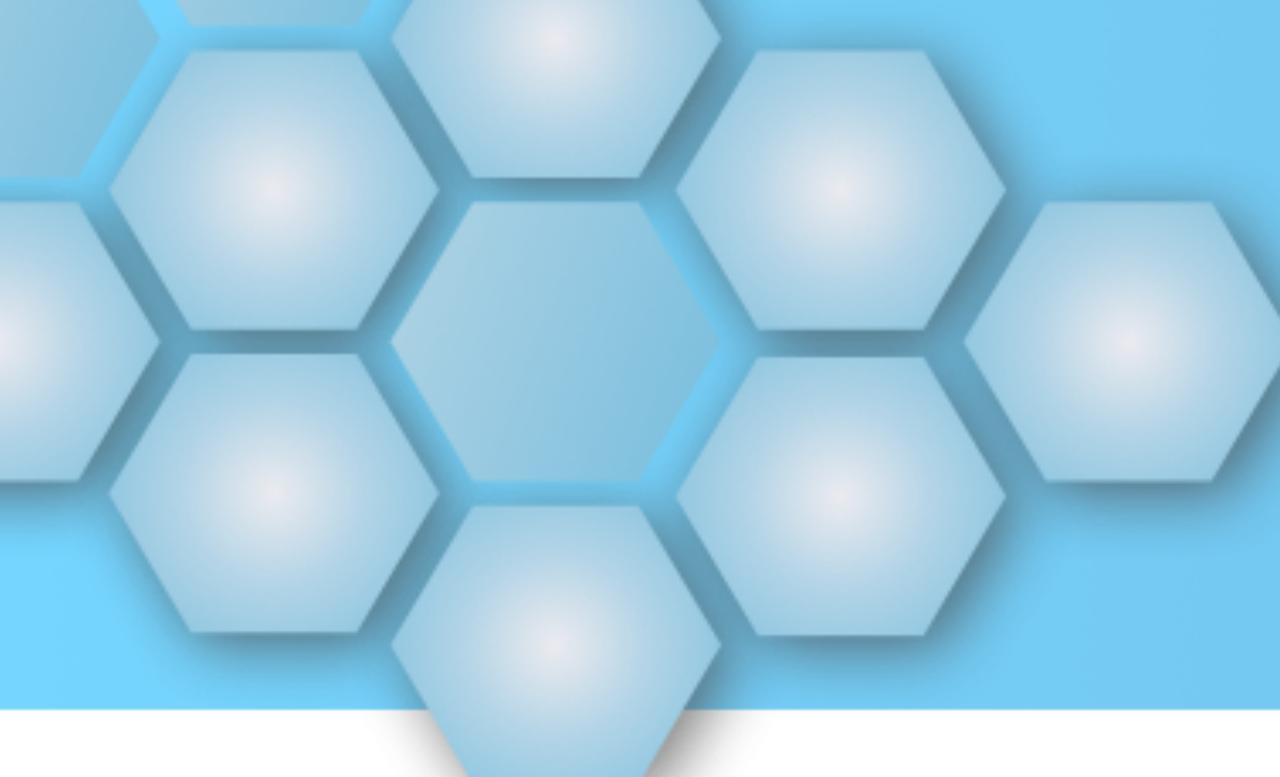
# What is event-driven?

**Perfect for micro services**



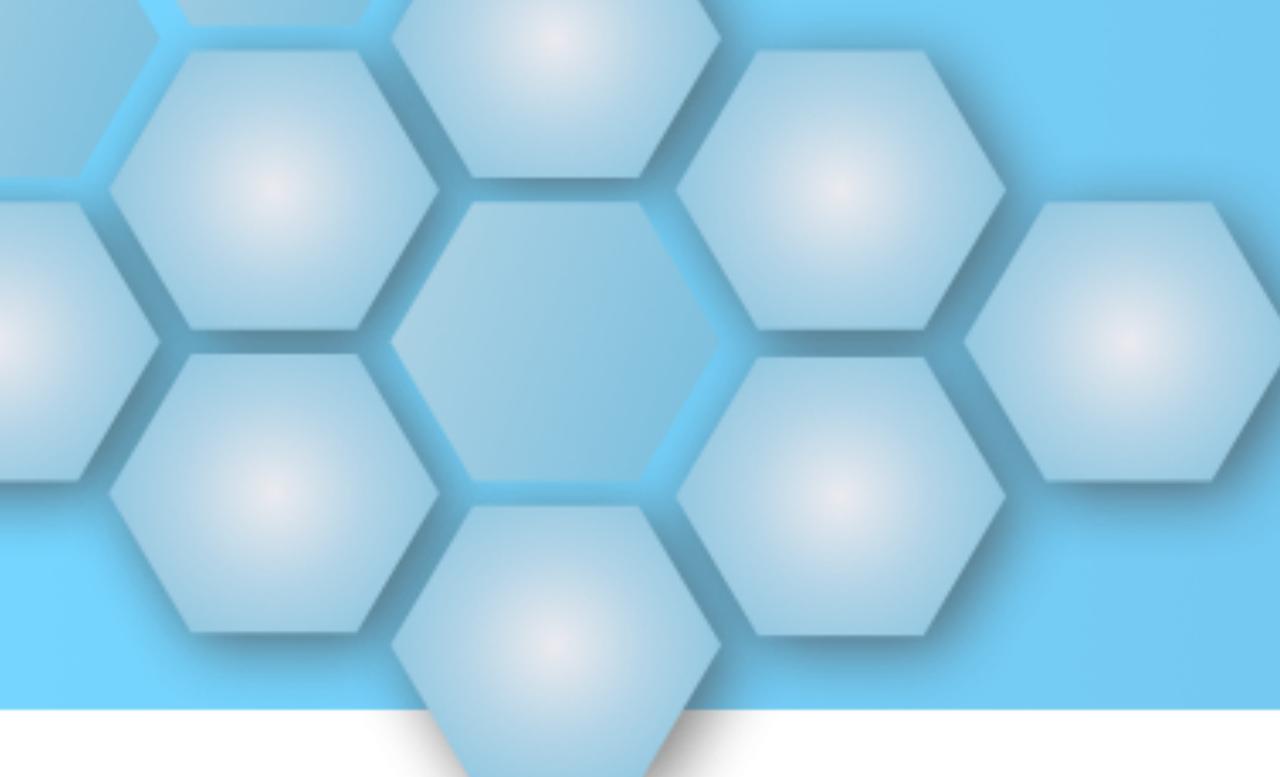
# Microservices?

**FACT: Microservices != REST**



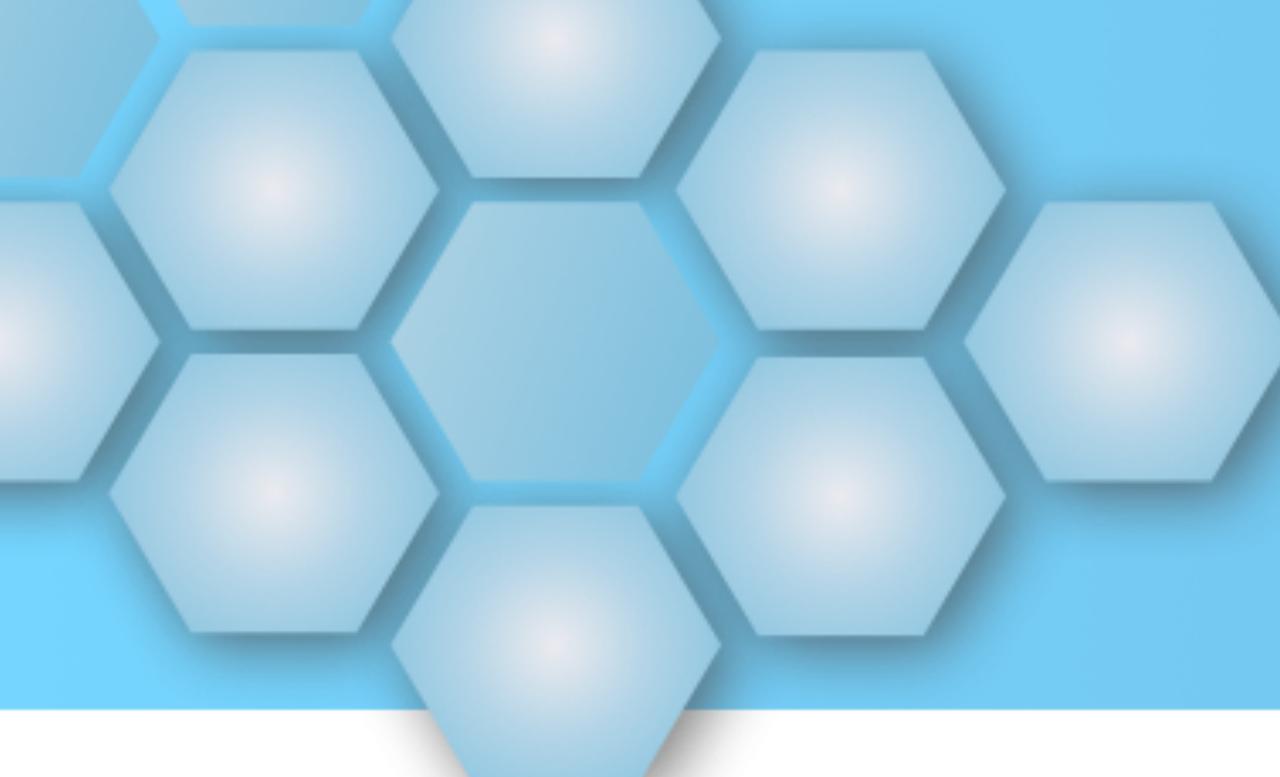
# Loose Coupling

**Services do not know where events come from**



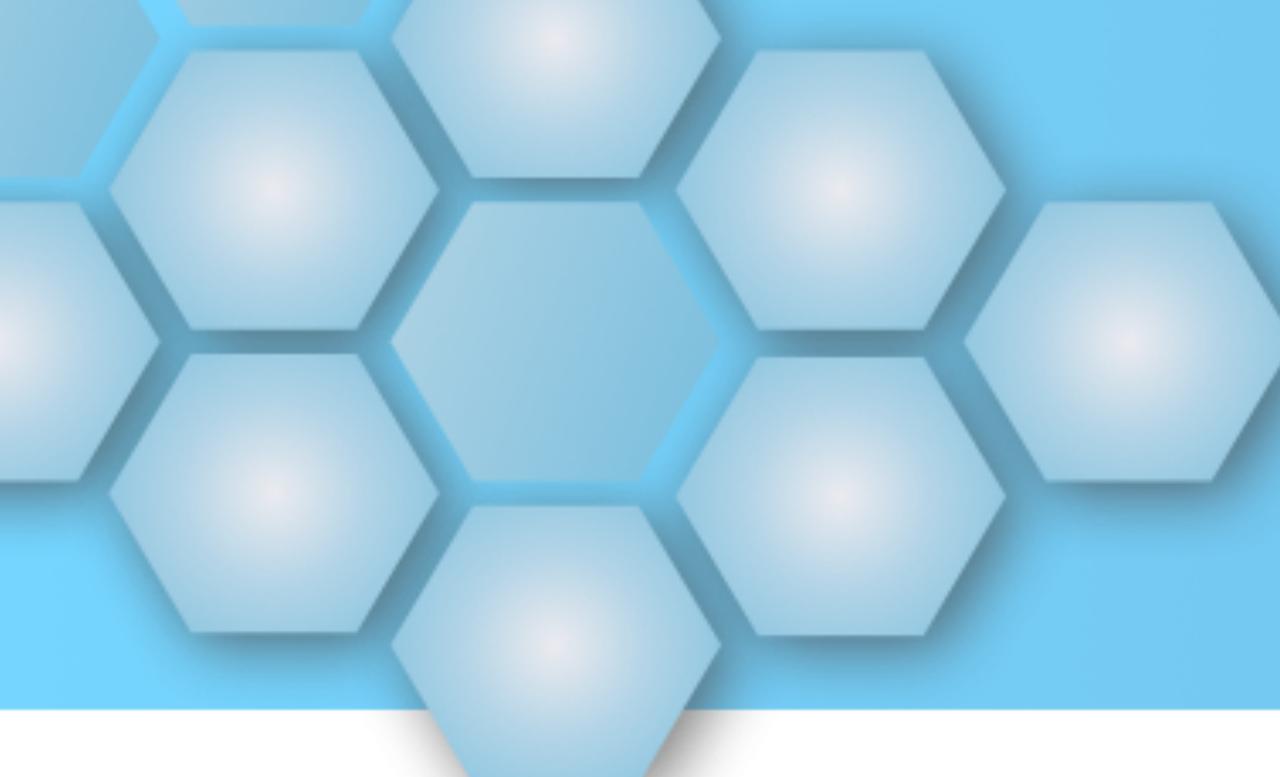
# Loose Coupling

**Services do not know where events they create will go next**



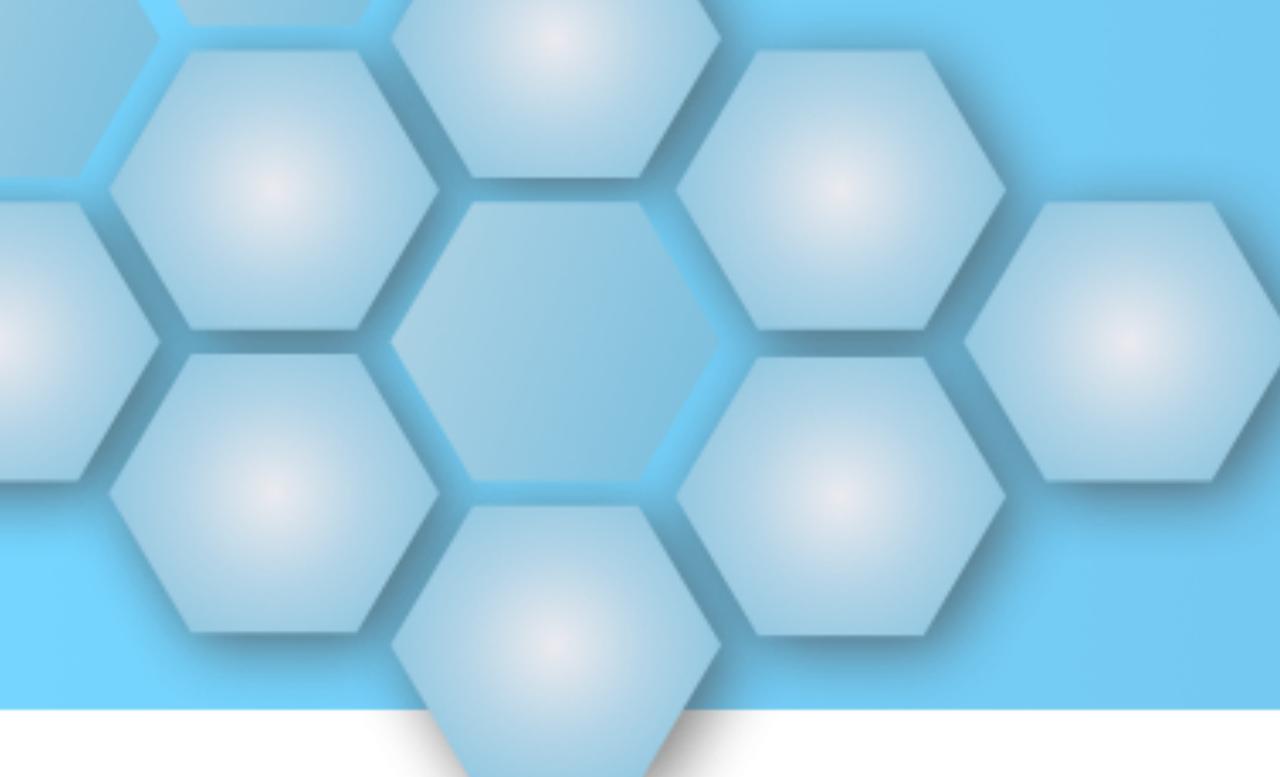
# Loose Coupling

**Event producers do not know where events they  
create will go**



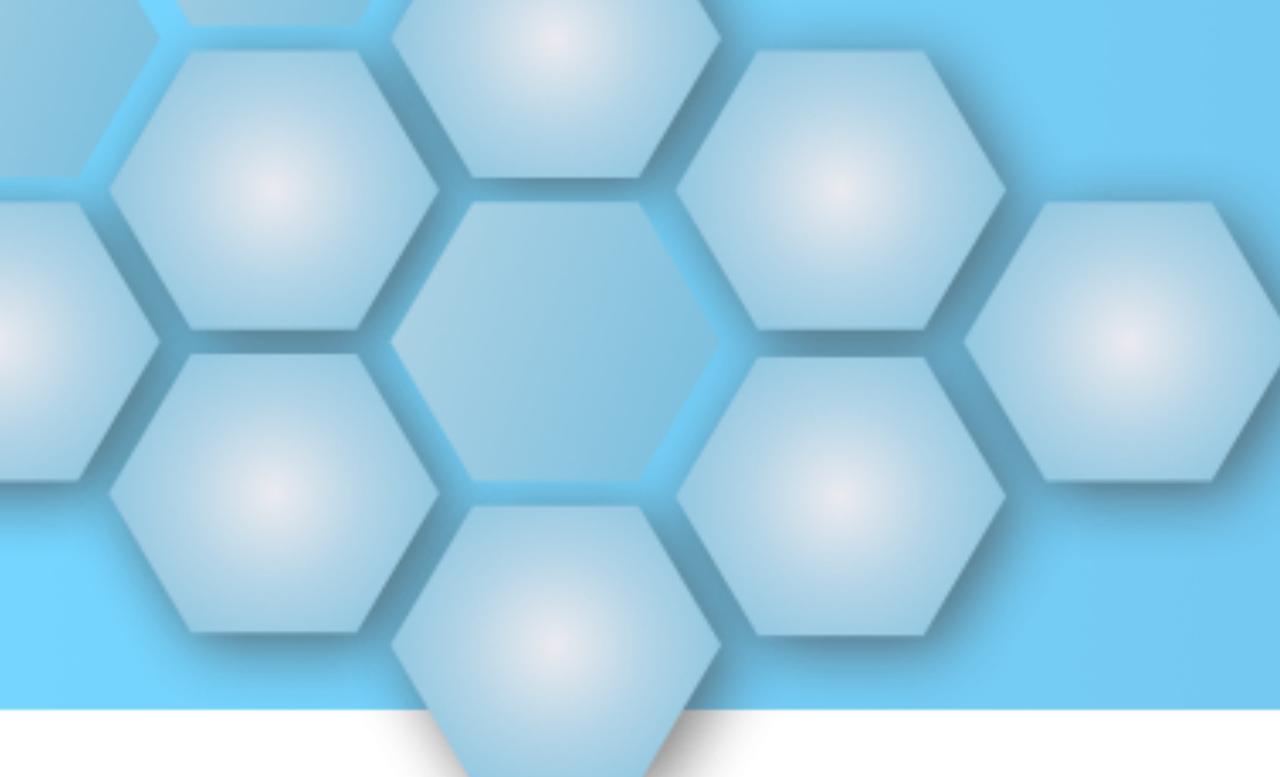
# Loose Coupling

**Event producers do not know (or even care) if their events are handled successfully**



# Loose Coupling

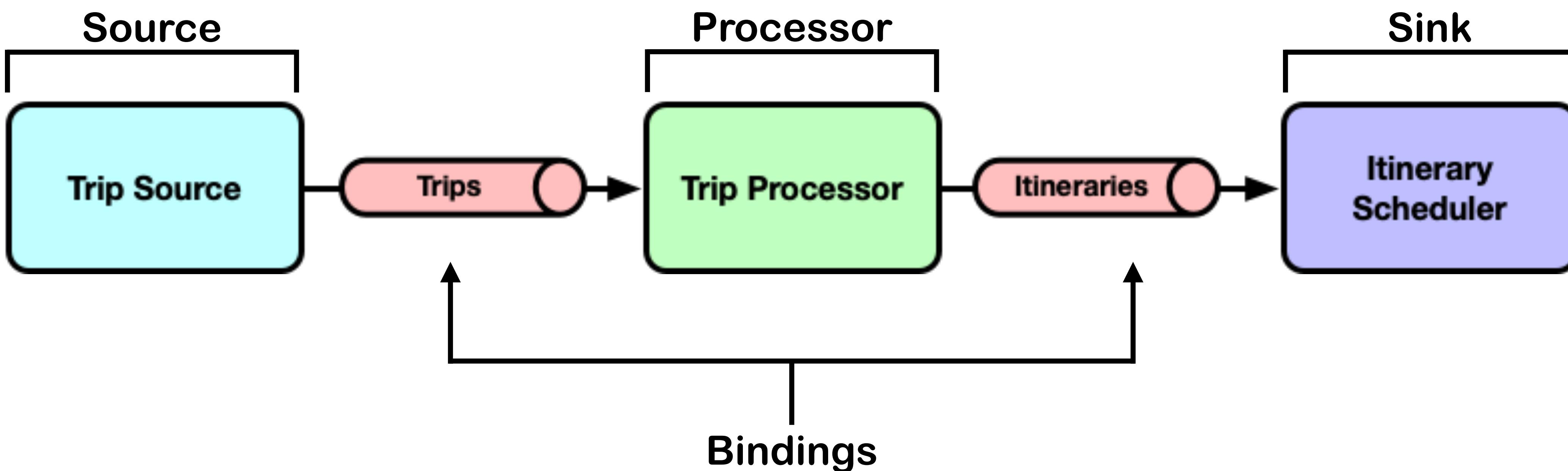
**Producers have one job : Send the event**

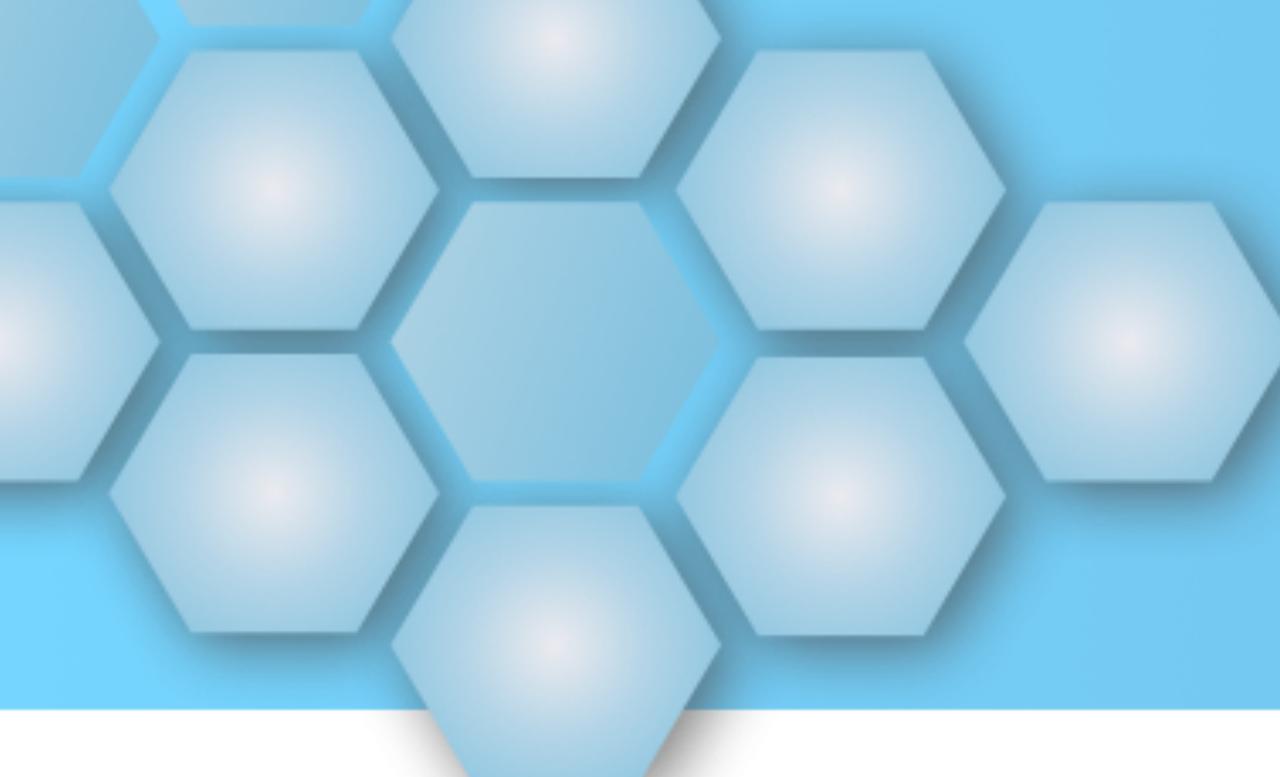


# Loose Coupling

**Services have one job : Process the event**

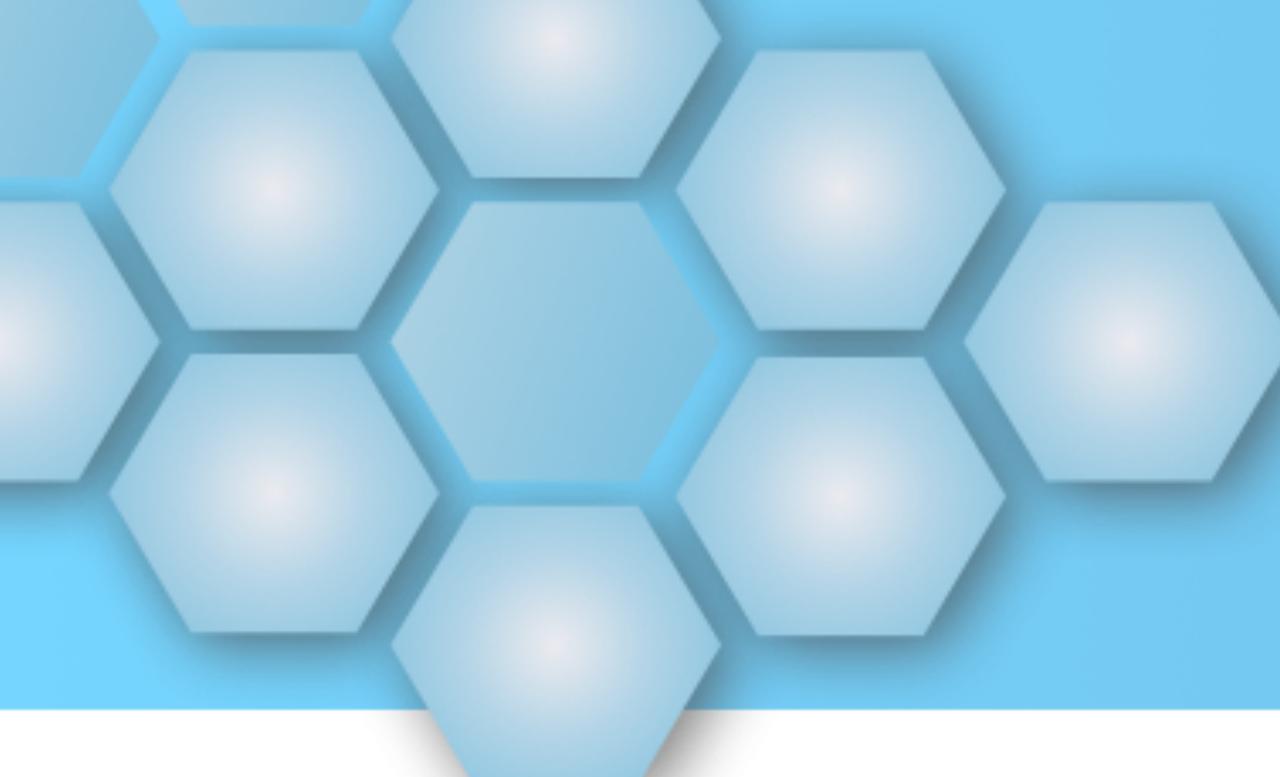
# EDA Illustrated





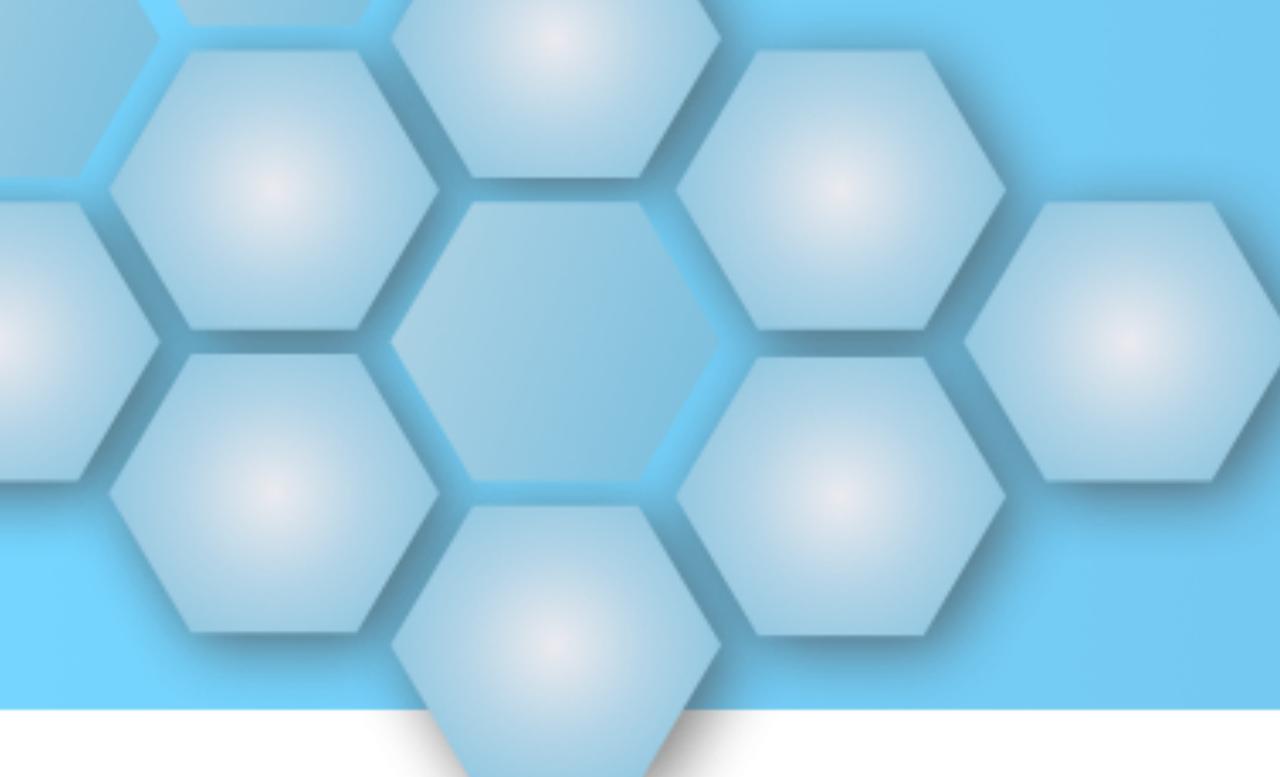
# Event-Driven Spring

This isn't a new idea...



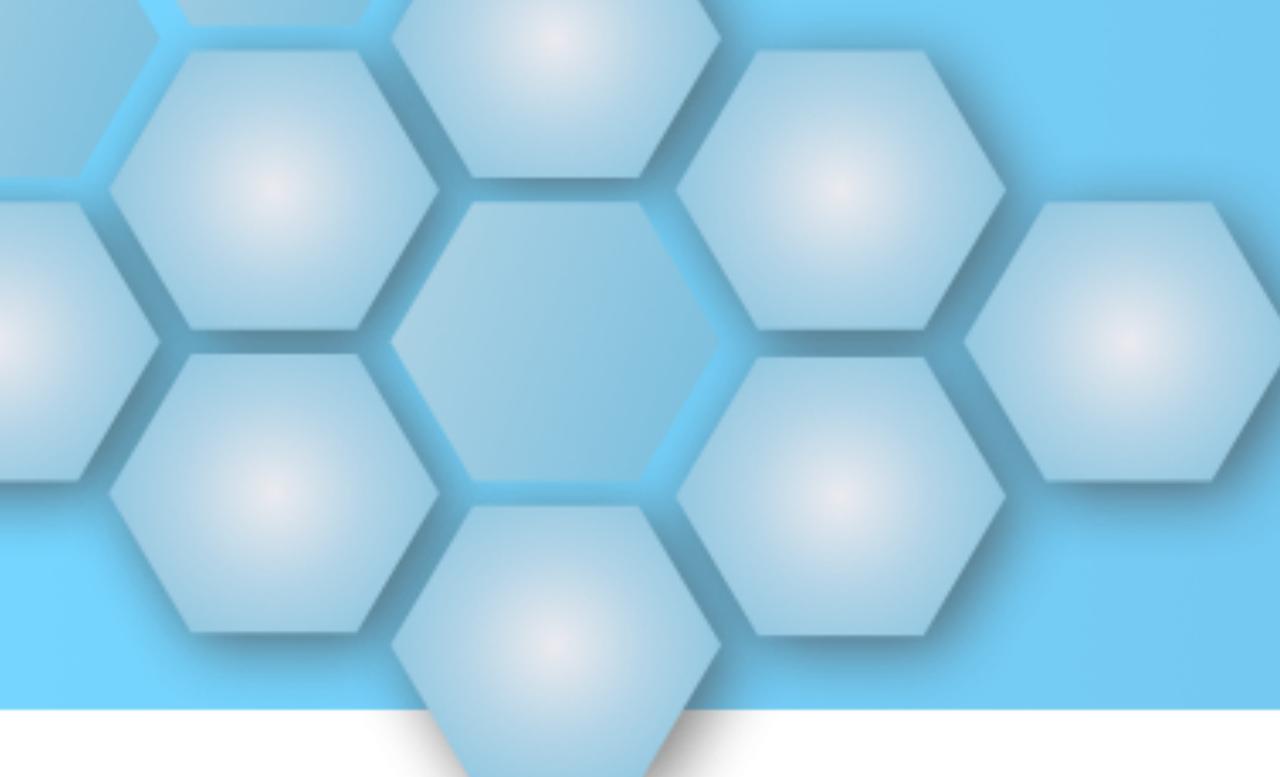
# Event-Driven Spring

**...but there are new options for implementation  
EDA**



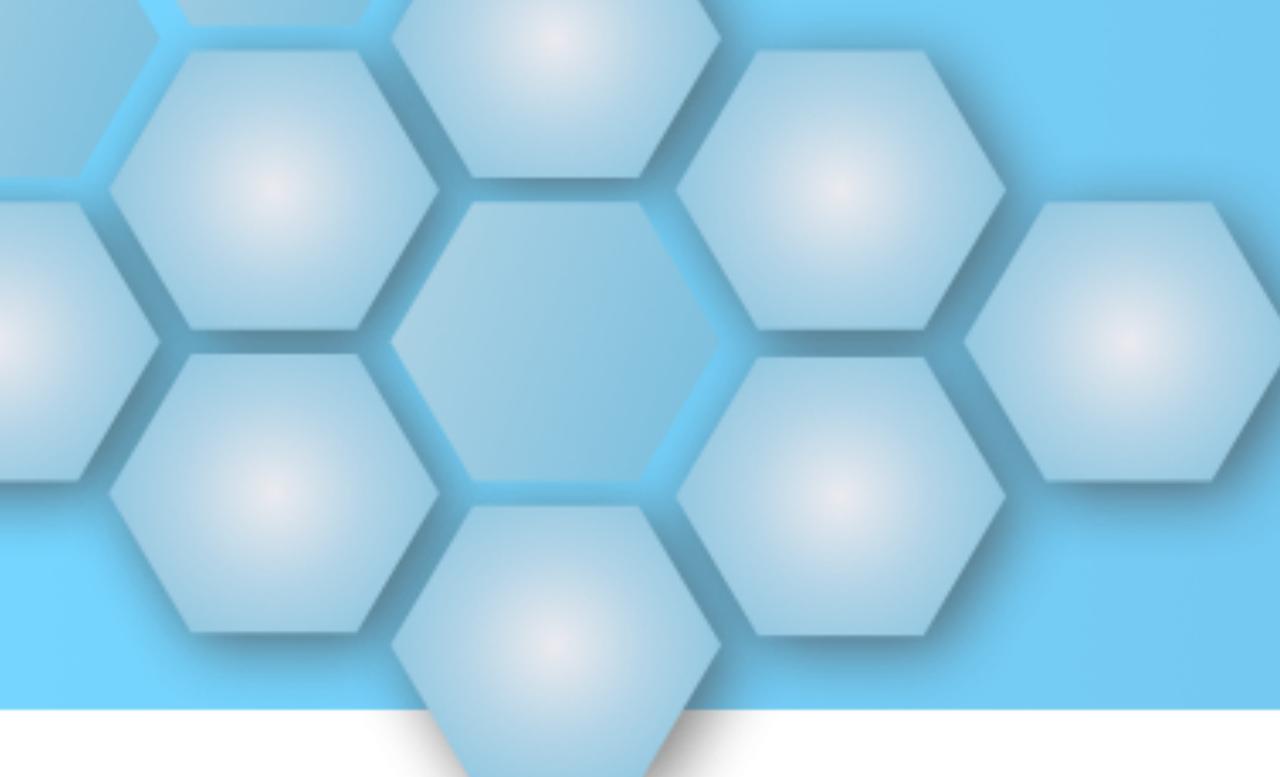
# Event-Driven Spring

**Spring offers several choices for EDA**



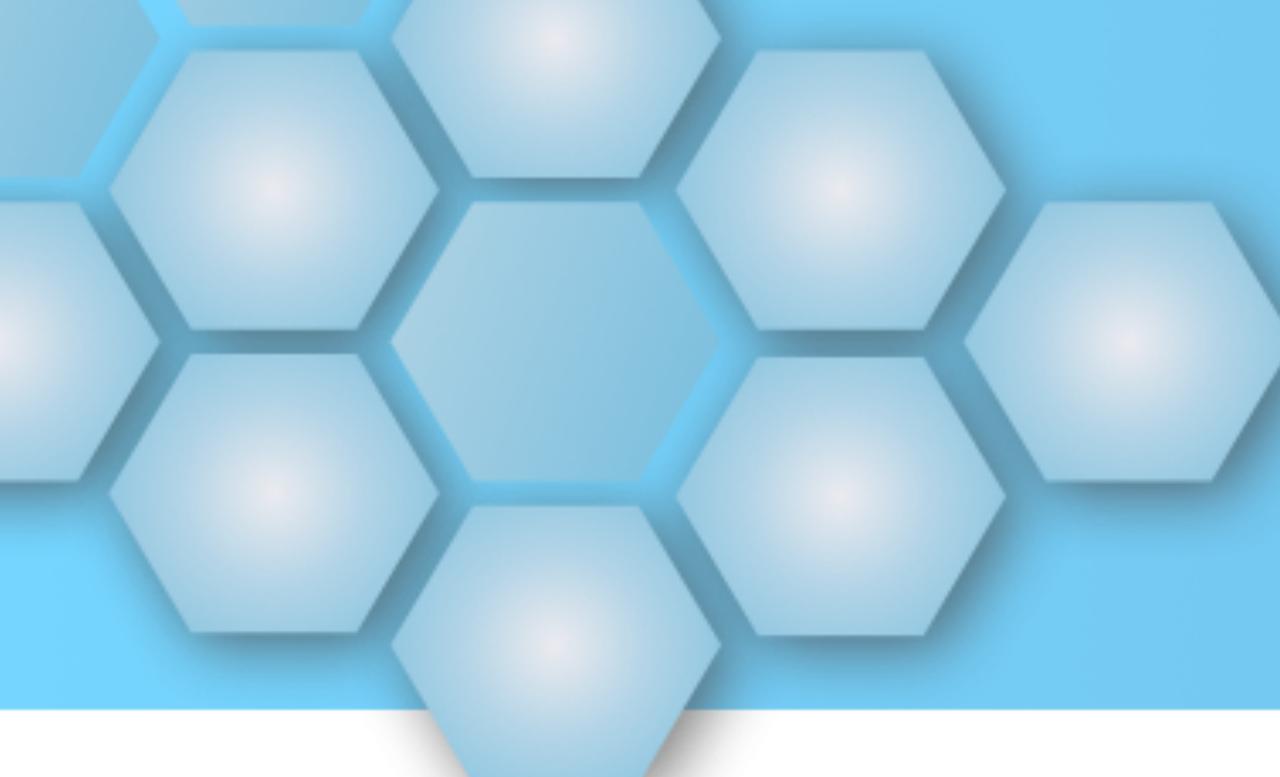
# Event-Driven Spring

## Message Templates



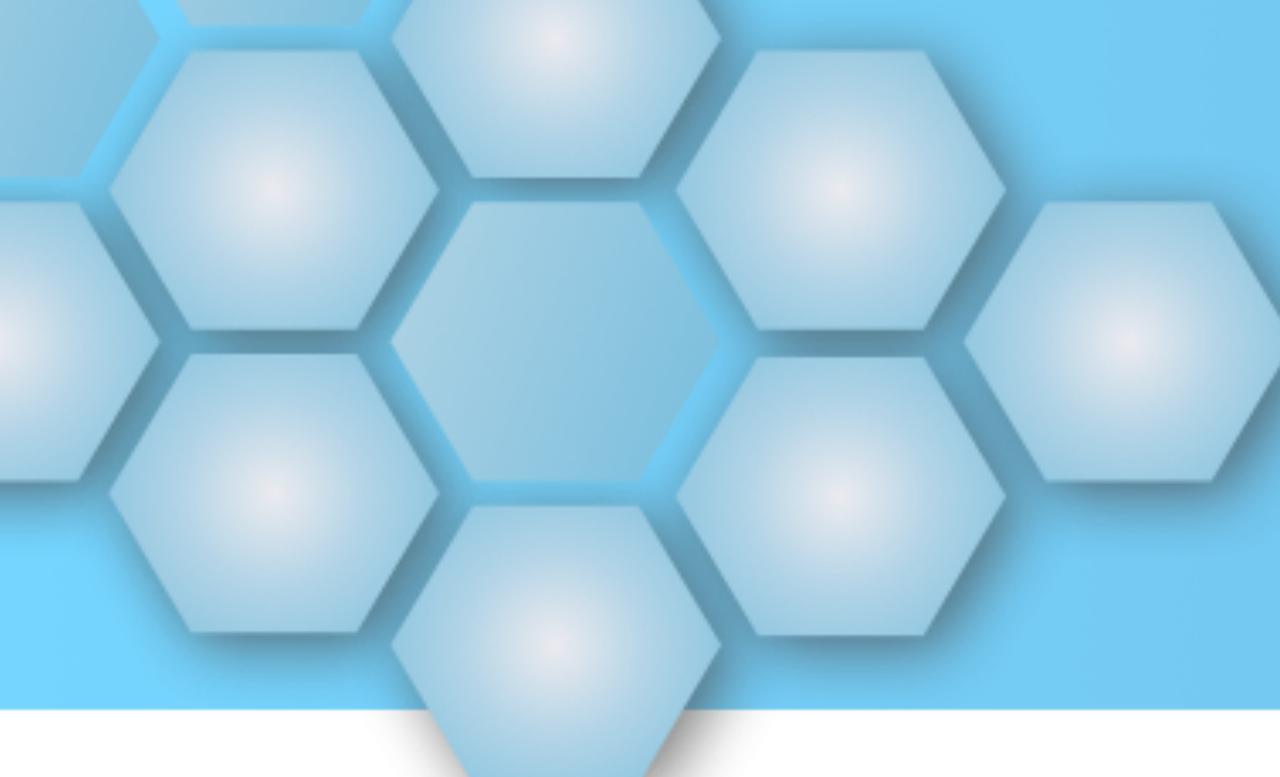
# Event-Driven Spring

## Message-driven beans



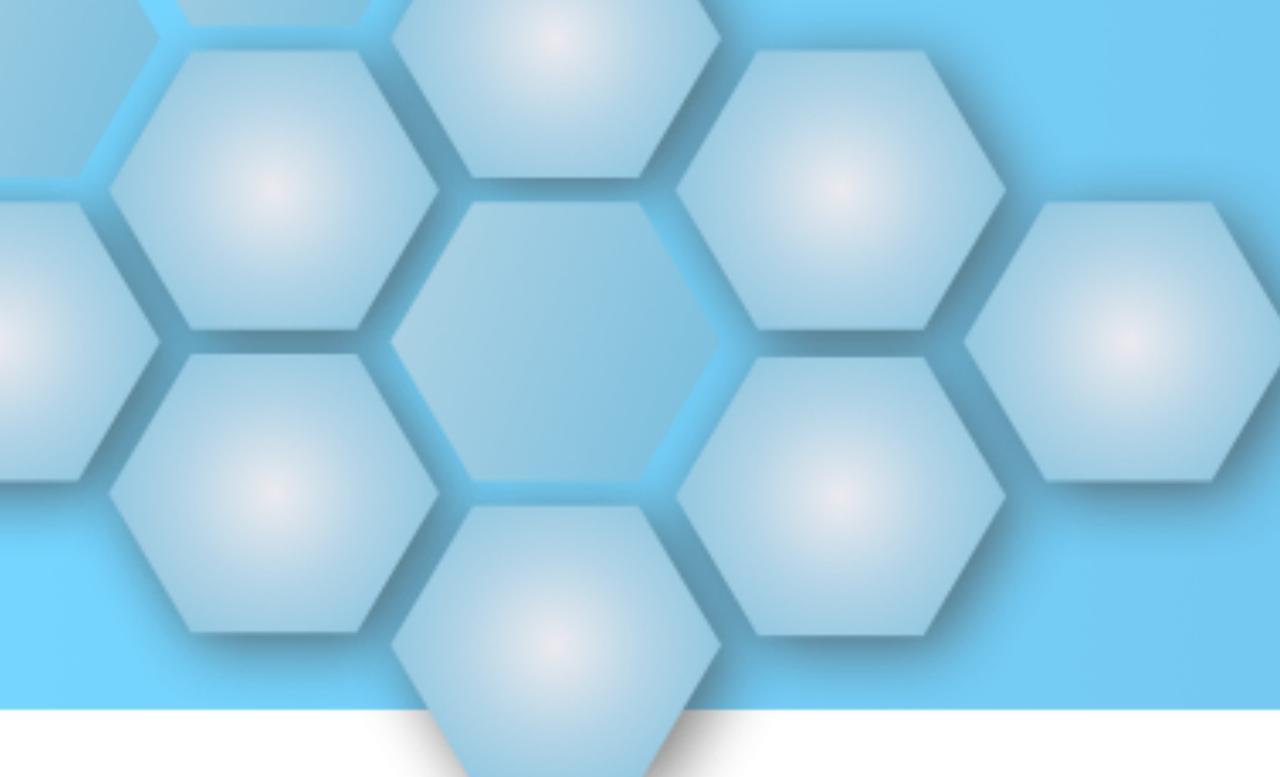
# Event-Driven Spring

## Spring Integration



# Event-Driven Spring

## Spring Cloud Stream

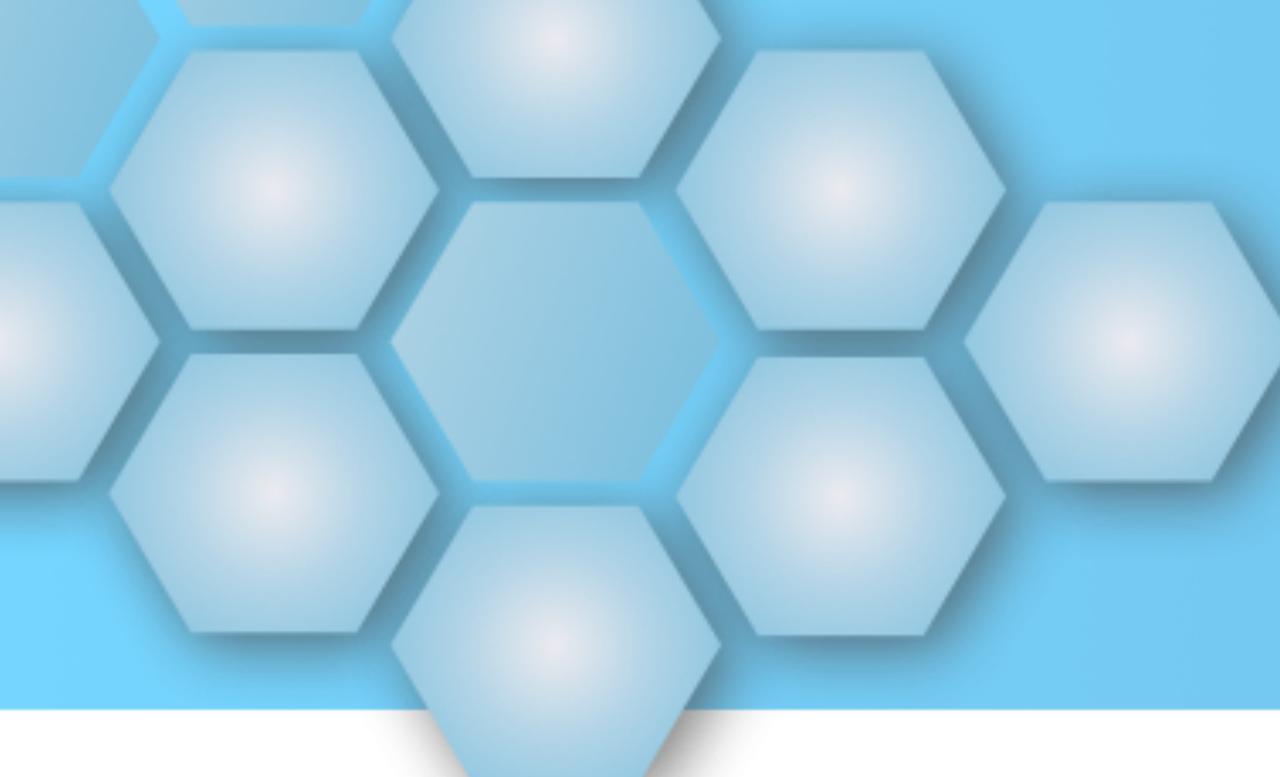


# Event-Driven Spring

## Spring Cloud Data Flow



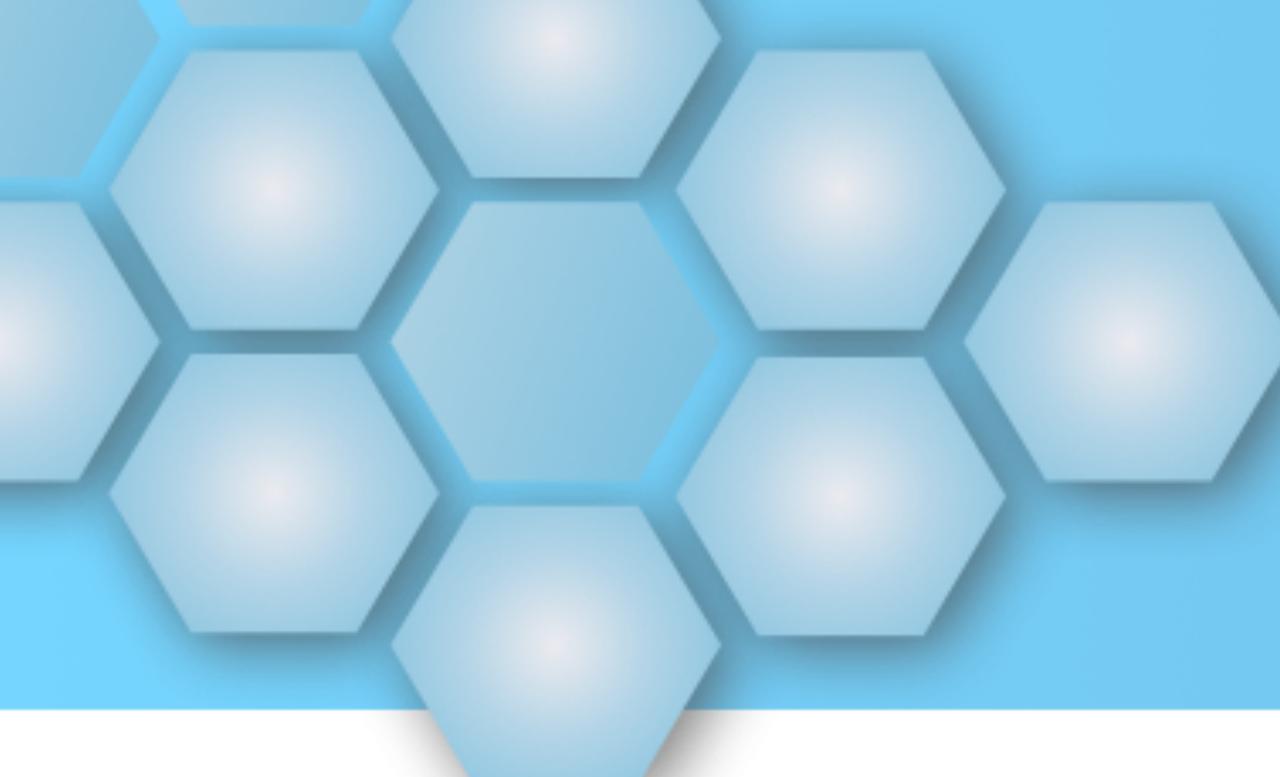
Let's see some code...



# Message Driven Beans

```
@RabbitListener(queues = "trips")
@SendTo("itineraries")
public Itinerary handleMessage(TripBooking trip) {
    // ... process trip ...
    return itinerary;
}
```

```
@RabbitListener(queues = "itineraries")
public void handleMessage(Itinerary itinerary) {
    // ... process itinerary ...
}
```

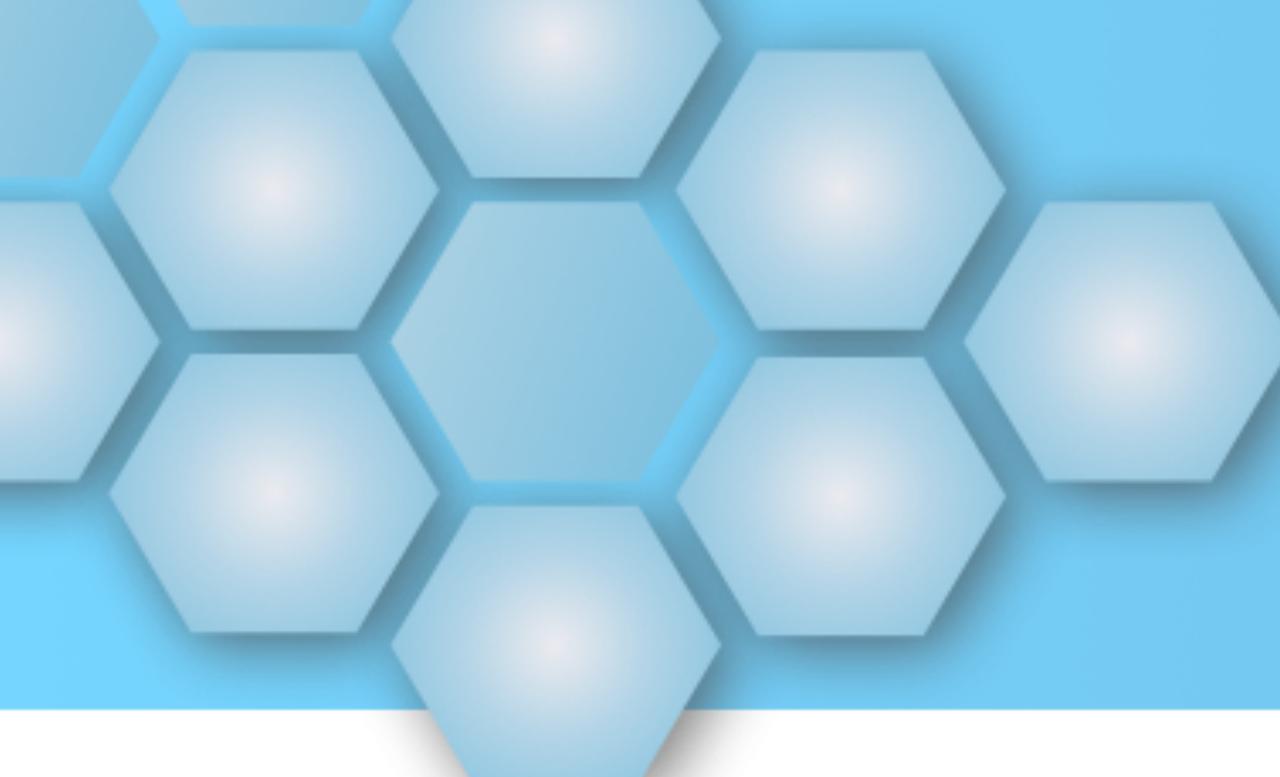


# Message Driven Beans

**Reactive; queue-watching is handled by framework**

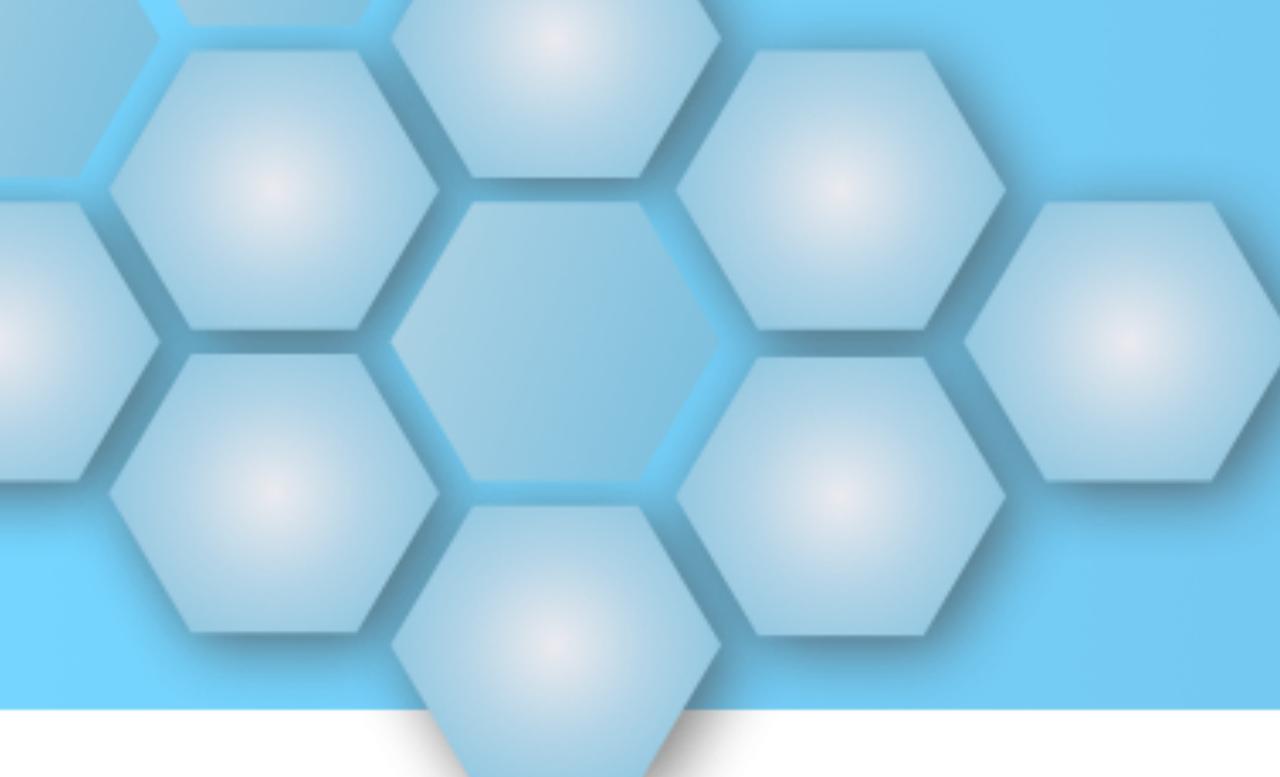
**Coupled to message broker; Both consumer and producer must agree on broker**

**JMS, RabbitMQ, or Kafka**



# Spring Integration

```
@Bean
public IntegrationFlow flow(
    ConnectionFactory connectionFactory,
    AmqpTemplate amqpTemplate,
    TripProcessor processor) {
    return IntegrationFlows
        .from(new AmqpMessageSource(connectionFactory, "trips"),
              c->c.poller(Pollers.fixedRate(1000)))
        .<TripBooking, Itinerary>transform(trip -> processor.process(trip))
        .handle(Amqp.outboundGateway(amqpTemplate).routingKey("itineraries"))
        .get();
}
```



# Spring Integration

Reactive

Processing can be split into distinct operations

Loosely coupled to message broker

Events are not necessarily sourced from a  
Message broker

# Spring Cloud Stream

```
@Bean  
public Function<TripBooking, Itinerary> processTrip() {  
    return trip -> {  
        // ... process trip ...  
        return trip.getItinerary();  
    };  
}
```

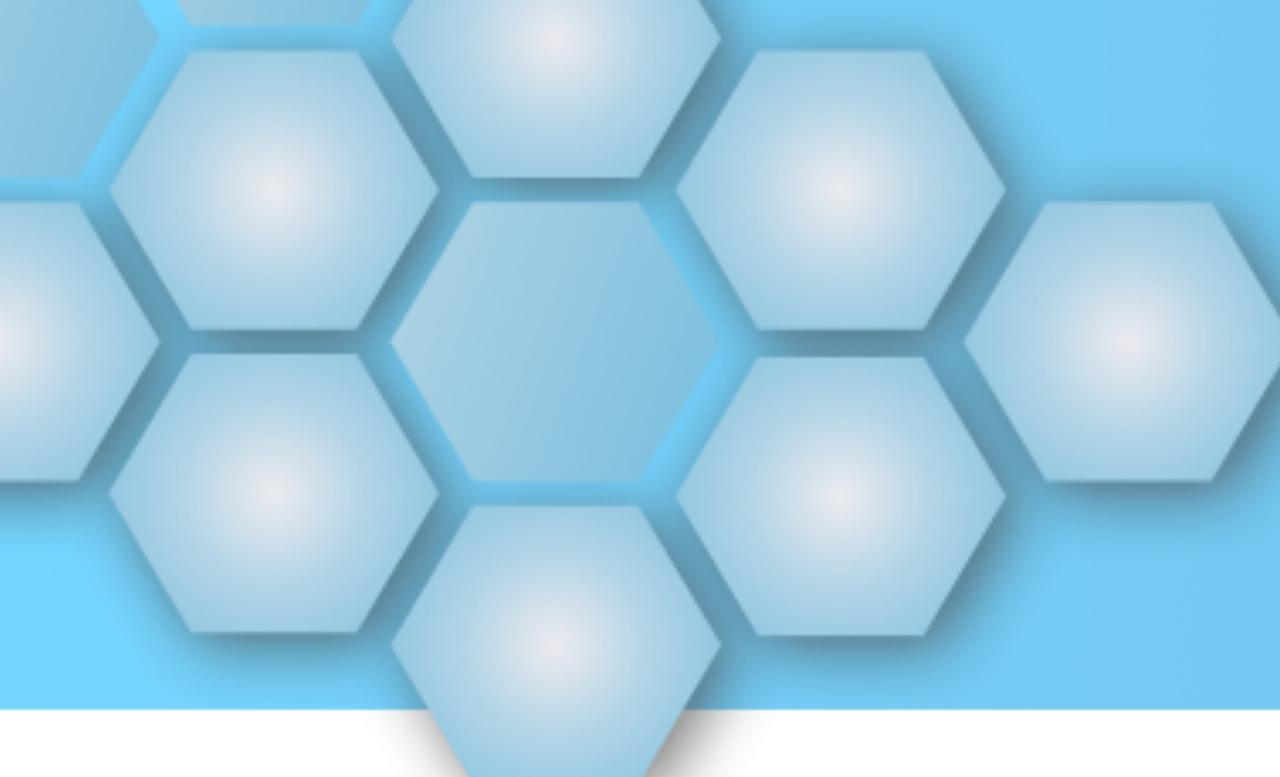
```
spring:  
cloud:  
stream:  
bindings:  
processTrip-in-0:  
    destination: trips  
    group: starport75  
processTrip-out-0:  
    destination: itineraries  
    group: starport75
```

# Spring Cloud Stream

```
@Bean  
public Func  
return tr  
// ... pr  
return  
};  
}
```

Function bean name  
**processTrip-in-0**  
Index  
Direction

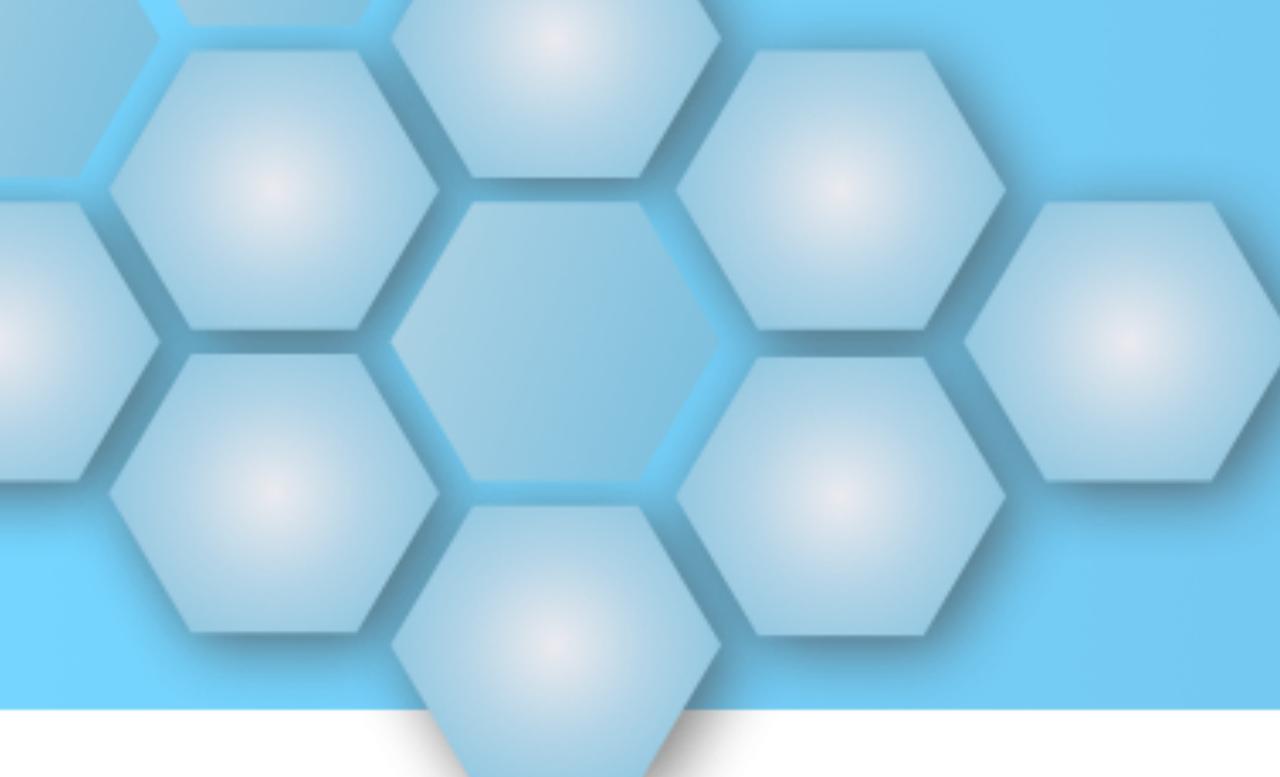
group: starport75  
processTrip-out-0:  
destination: itineraries  
group: starport75



# Spring Cloud Stream

```
@Bean  
public Consumer<Itinerary> scheduleItinerary() {  
    return itinerary -> {  
        // ... process itinerary ...  
    };  
}
```

```
spring:  
  cloud:  
    stream:  
      bindings:  
        scheduleItinerary-in-0:  
          destination: itineraries  
          group: starport75
```

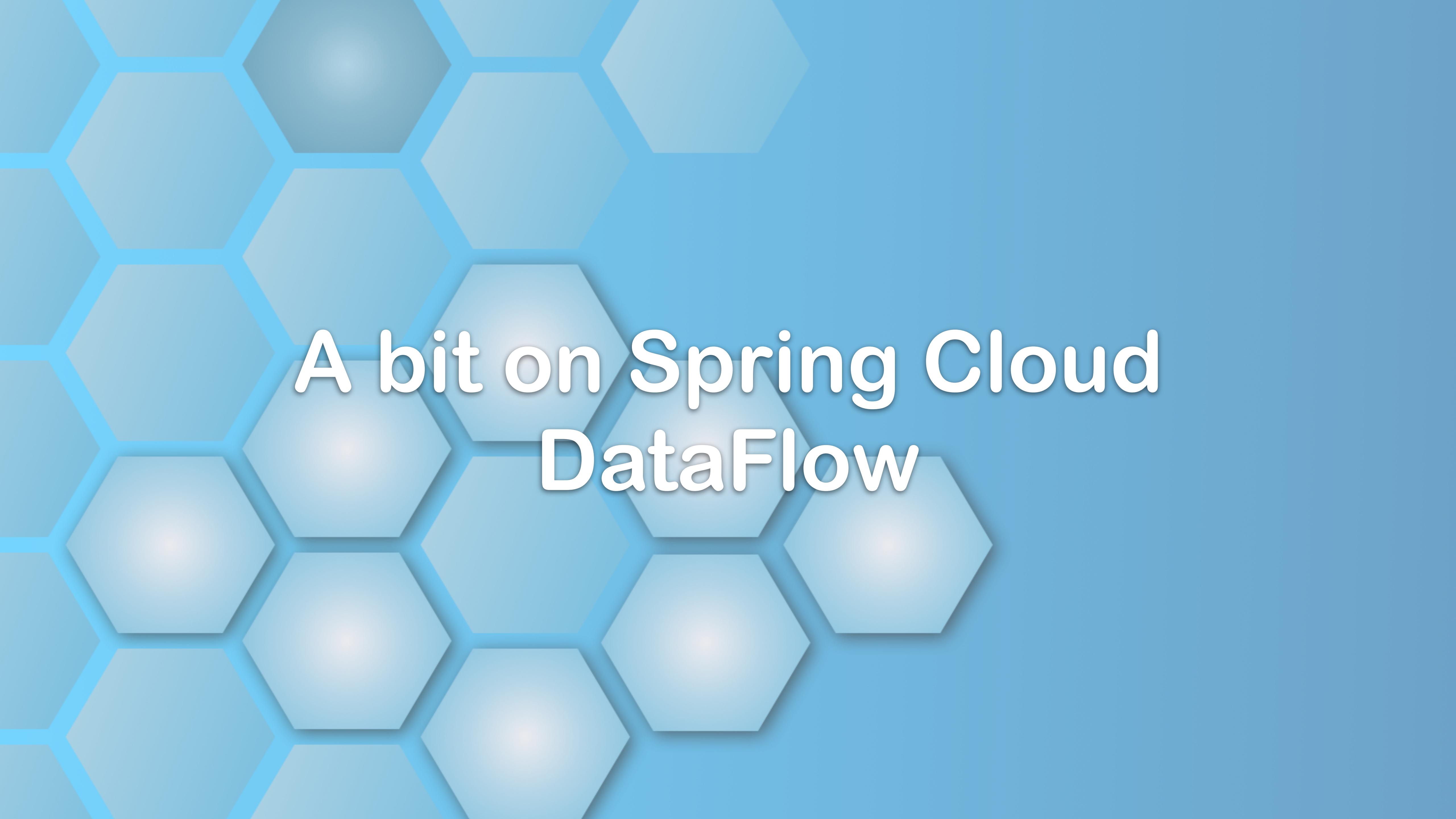


# Spring Cloud Stream

Processing can be easily split into distinct operations

Message-broker is the binding, but not in the implementation

Events are not necessarily sourced from a Message broker



# A bit on Spring Cloud DataFlow

# Spring Cloud DataFlow

## Out-of-the-box applications

### Sources

- file
- ftp
- gemfire
- gemfire-cq
- http
- jdbc
- jms
- load-generator
- loggregator
- mail
- mongodb
- mqtt
- rabbit
- s3
- sftp
- sftp-dataflow
- syslog
- tcp
- tcp-client
- time
- trigger
- twitterstream

### Processors

- aggregator
- bridge
- counter
- filter
- groovy-filter
- groovy-transform
- grpc
- header-enricher
- httpclient
- image-recognition
- object-detection
- pmml
- pose-estimation
- python-http
- python-jython
- scriptable-transform
- splitter
- tcp-client
- tensorflow
- transform
- twitter-sentiment

### Sinks

- cassandra
- counter
- file
- ftp
- gemfire
- gpfdist
- hdfs
- jdbc
- log
- mongodb
- mqtt
- pgcopy
- rabbit
- redis-pubsub
- router
- s3
- sftp
- task-launcher-dataflow
- tcp
- throughput
- websocket

### Tasks

- compound-task-runner
- timestamp
- timestamp-batch



# Data Flow Quick Start

## Using wget

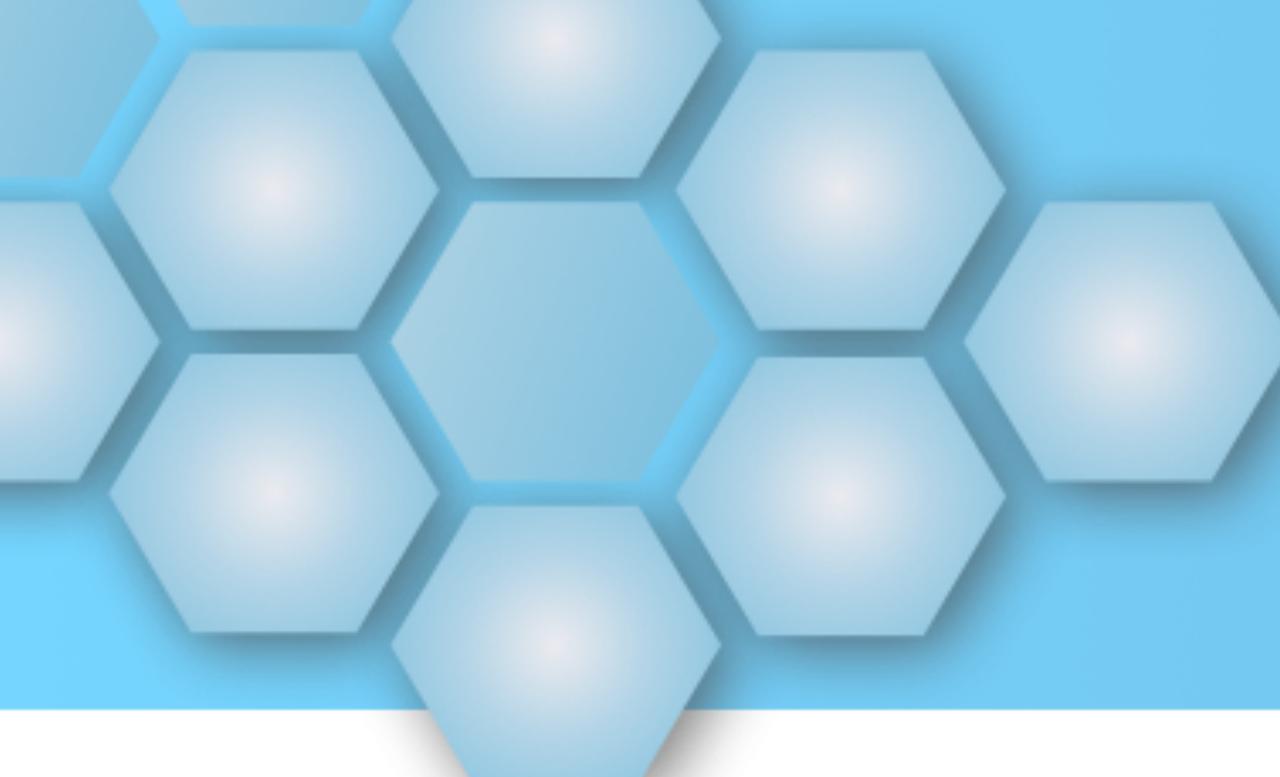
```
$ wget -O docker-compose.yml https://raw.githubusercontent.com/spring-cloud/spring-cloud-dataflow/v2.8.1/src/docker-compose/docker-compose.yml; \
DATAFLOW_VERSION=2.8.1 SKIPPER_VERSION=2.7.1
$ docker-compose up
```

## Using curl

```
$ curl https://raw.githubusercontent.com/spring-cloud/spring-cloud-dataflow/v2.8.1/src/
docker-compose/docker-compose.yml -o docker-compose.yml
$ docker-compose up
```

\* Challenging on ARM64 / Mac M1 hardware

More installation options at <https://dataflow.spring.io>



# For Mac M1 users...

## Download JARs

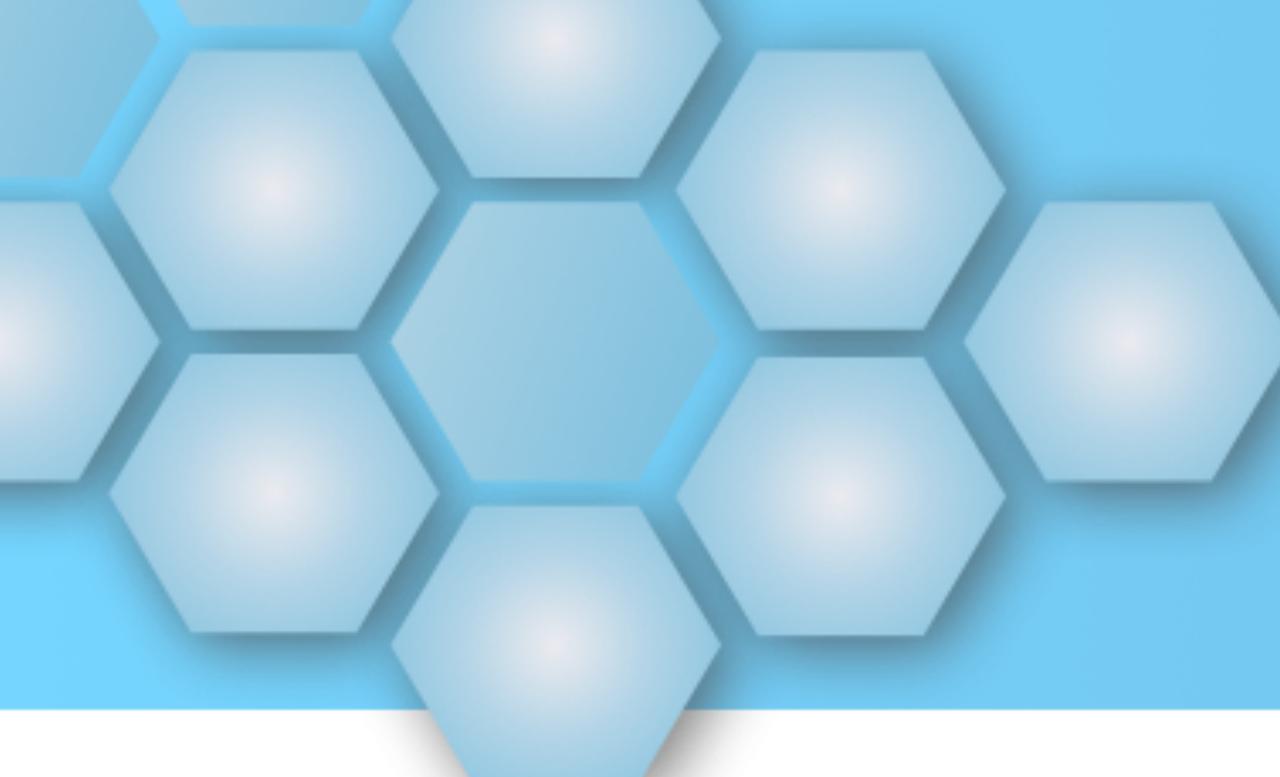
```
$ wget https://repo.spring.io/release/org/springframework/cloud/spring-cloud-dataflow-server/2.8.1/spring-cloud-dataflow-server-2.8.1.jar  
$ wget https://repo.spring.io/release/org/springframework/cloud/spring-cloud-dataflow-shell/2.8.1/spring-cloud-dataflow-shell-2.8.1.jar  
$ wget https://repo.spring.io/release/org/springframework/cloud/spring-cloud-skipper-server/2.7.1/spring-cloud-skipper-server-2.7.1.jar
```

## Start RabbitMQ (\* or Kafka)

```
$ docker run -d --name my-rabbit -p 5672:5672 -p 15672:15672 rabbitmq:3-management
```

## Start Skipper and DataFlow servers

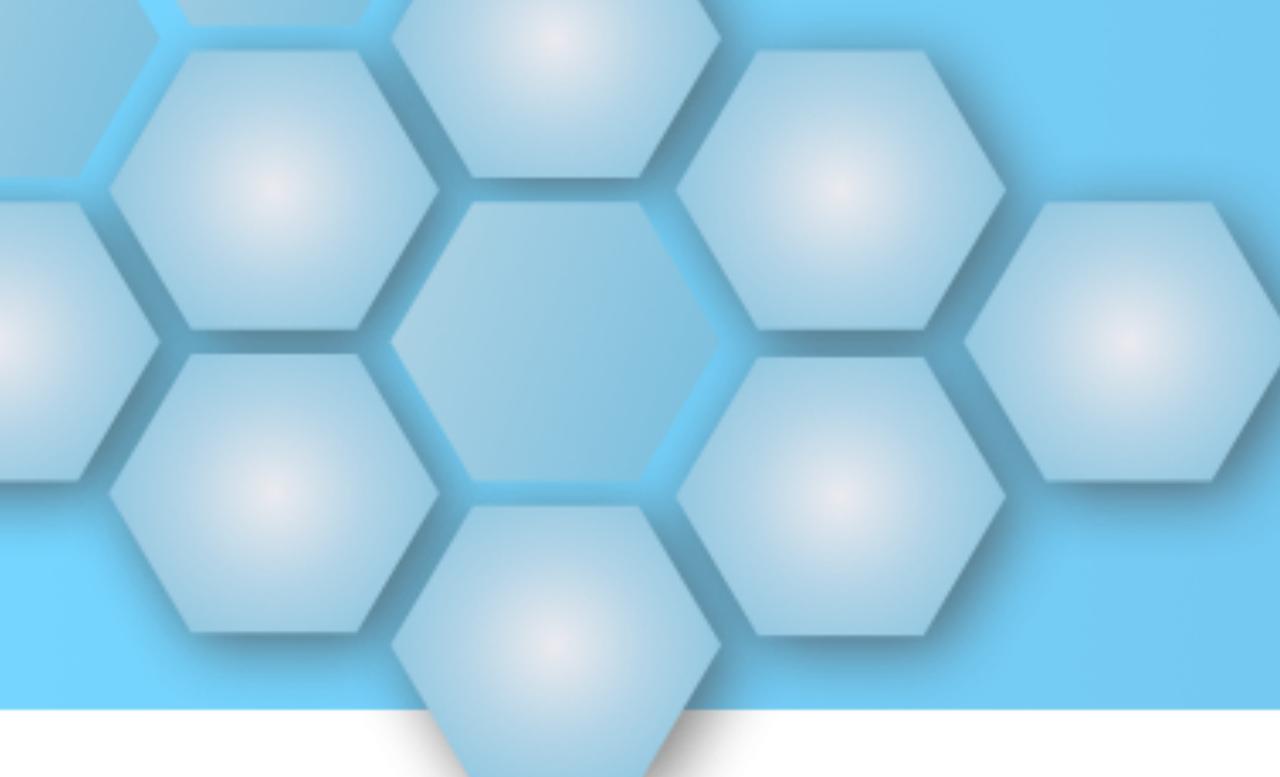
```
$ java -jar spring-cloud-skipper-server-2.7.1.jar  
$ java -jar spring-cloud-dataflow-server-2.8.1.jar
```



# Define streams with DSL

```
http --port=9000 | transform --expression 'hello-world' | log
```

```
file-in: file --directory=/Users/habuma/sc-dataflow/in |
file-out: file --directory=/Users/habuma/sc-dataflow/out --
name=stuff --mode=APPEND
```



# DataFlow Dashboard

<http://localhost:9393/dashboard>

# Using the Dashboard

 Data Flow Search for keywords (CTRL+SPACE)... ⚙️  ⓘ

Stream timer UNDEPLOYED

DEPLOY STREAM DESTROY STREAM

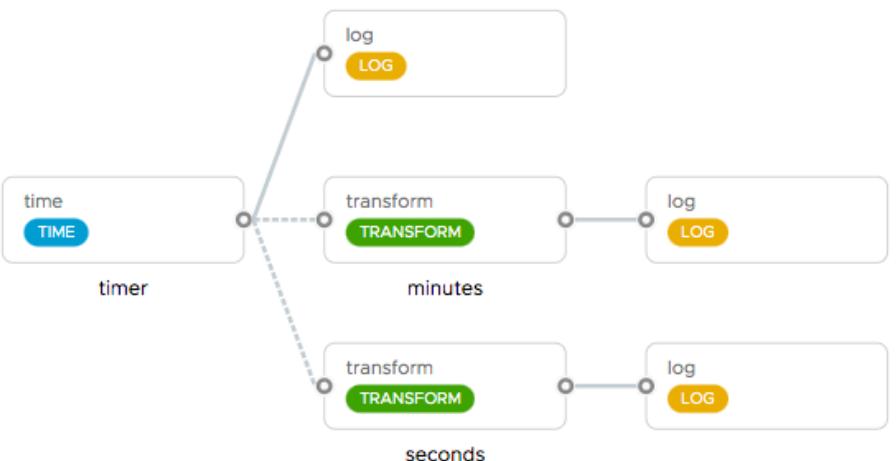
INFORMATION

Definition time | log  
Status UNDEPLOYED  
Applications time TIME log LOG

RELATED STREAM(S)

timer time | log UNDEPLOYED  
minutes :timer.time > transform | log UNDEPLOYED  
seconds :timer.time > transform | log UNDEPLOYED

SHOW DATA PIPELINE



# Using the Dashboard

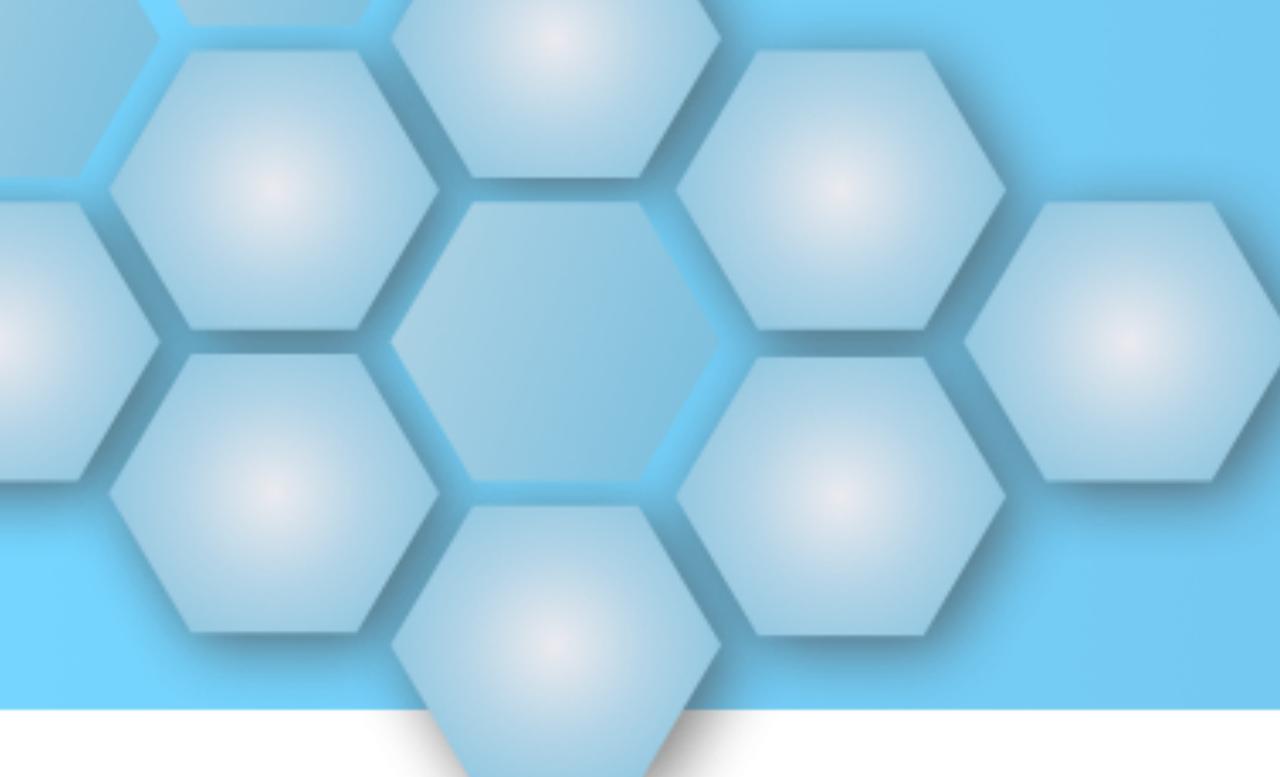
**SHOW DATA PIPELINE**

The diagram illustrates a data pipeline structure. It begins with a 'TIME' node (labeled 'time' and 'TIME'). A solid arrow points from 'TIME' to a 'transform' node (labeled 'transform' and 'TRANSFORM'). From this node, two solid arrows branch out: one to a 'log' node (labeled 'log' and 'LOG') and another to a second 'transform' node (labeled 'transform' and 'TRANSFORM'). This second 'transform' node has a solid arrow pointing to a final 'log' node (labeled 'log' and 'LOG'). Additionally, there is a dashed arrow originating from the 'TIME' node, pointing to the second 'transform' node. Below the nodes, labels indicate the flow: 'minutes' is positioned between the first and second 'transform' nodes, and 'seconds' is positioned below the second 'transform' node.

UNDEPLOYED

UNDEPLOYED

UNDEPLOYED



# Spring Cloud DataFlow

Processing can be easily split into distinct operations

Message-broker is the binding

Events are not necessarily sourced from a Message broker

A platform on which to build and deploy event-driven microservices

# Thank you!

Email: [craig@habuma.com](mailto:craig@habuma.com)  
Twitter: @habuma

