



Bank Account Application Fraud Detection

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Meet the Team

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Agenda

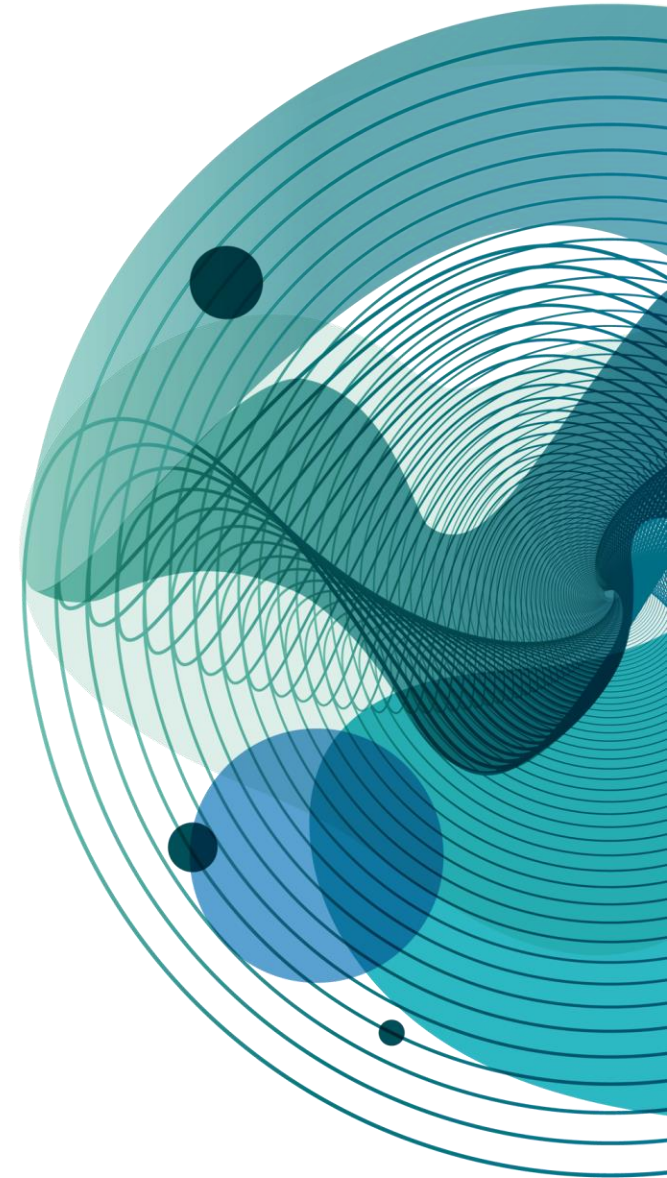
Business Mission

Representation and Range of Data

Overview of Process and Techniques

Supporting Visualizations

Next Steps and Continued Development



Business Mission

Imbalanced Fraud Detection

Increase **visibility** & **efficiency**

Understand **key predictors** of bank account application fraud

How will our clients benefit?

Positive impacts of the Bank Account Application Fraud Detection ML model



Baseline Model

Employers can utilize our solution as a **baseline model** for specific use cases.



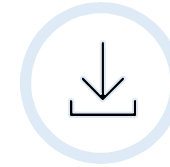
Intelligence

Employing our Bank Account Application Fraud model will **increase visibility** and understanding of **driving factors of fraud** specific to the business needs.



Cost Savings

Identifying high-risk bank account application features decreases the chances of fraud and ultimately **remediation costs** and **financial loss**.



Efficiency

Supervised learning models **reduce administrative burden** by **automating detection processes** and allowing time for growth in additional areas.

Data Understanding

A glimpse into the data used for training, testing, and model building

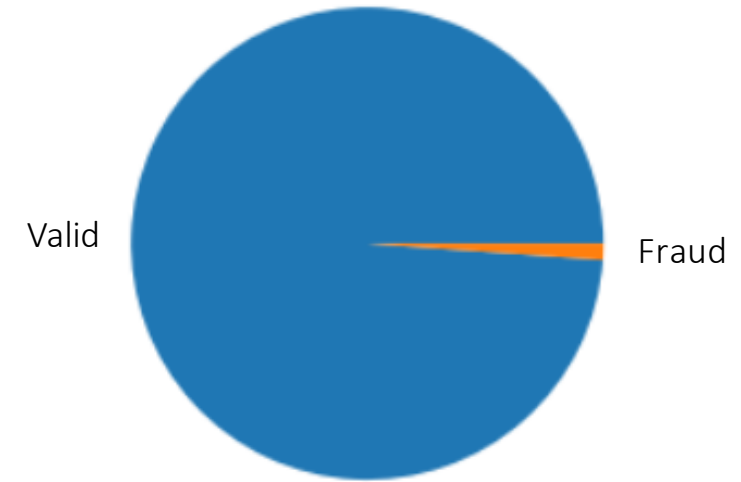
30 Variables | 25 Numerical | 5 Categorical

All user, device, and application data used

1 Million Bank Account Applications Analyzed

Highly Imbalanced Target Label

Proportion of Fraudulent vs Valid Observations



Data Overview

```
0 fraud_bool
1 income
2 name_email_similarity
3 prev_address_months_count
4 current_address_months_count
5 customer_age
6 days_since_request
7 intended_balcon_amount
8 payment_type
9 zip_count_4w
10 velocity_6h
```

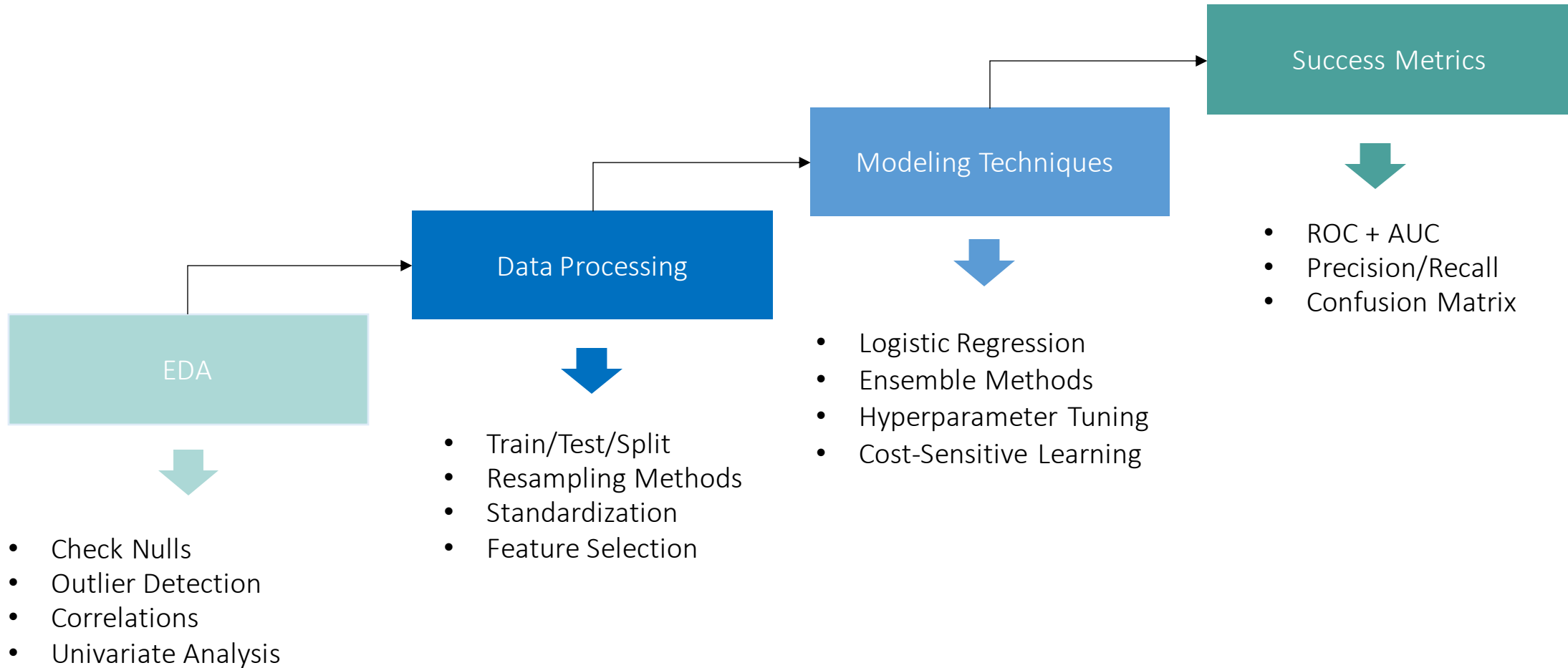
```
11 velocity_24h
12 velocity_4w
13 bank_branch_count_8w
14 date_of_birth_distinct_emails_4w
15 employment_status
16 credit_risk_score
17 email_is_free
18 housing_status
19 phone_home_valid
20 phone_mobile_valid
21 bank months count
```

```
22 has_other_cards
23 proposed_credit_limit
24 foreign_request
25 source
26 session_length_in_minutes
27 device_os
28 keep_alive_session
29 device_distinct_emails_8w
30 device_fraud_count
31 month
```

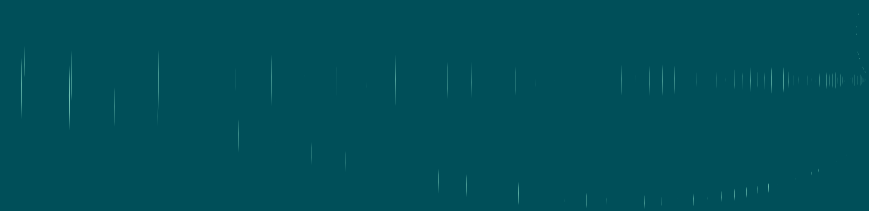
	fraud_bool	income	name_email_similarity	prev_address_months_count	current_address_months_count	customer_age
count	1000000.000000	1000000.000000	1000000.000000	1000000.000000	1000000.000000	1000000.000000
mean	0.011029	0.562696	0.493694	16.718568	86.587867	33.689080
std	0.104438	0.290343	0.289125	44.046230	88.406599	12.025799
min	0.000000	0.100000	0.000001	-1.000000	-1.000000	10.000000
25%	0.000000	0.300000	0.225216	-1.000000	19.000000	20.000000
50%	0.000000	0.600000	0.492153	-1.000000	52.000000	30.000000
75%	0.000000	0.800000	0.755567	12.000000	130.000000	40.000000
max	1.000000	0.900000	0.999999	383.000000	428.000000	90.000000

Building a Successful Model

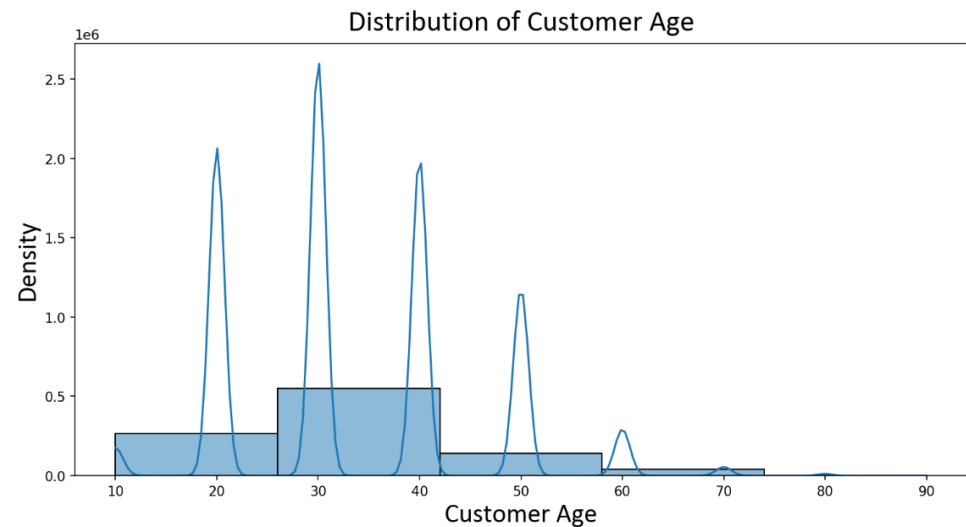
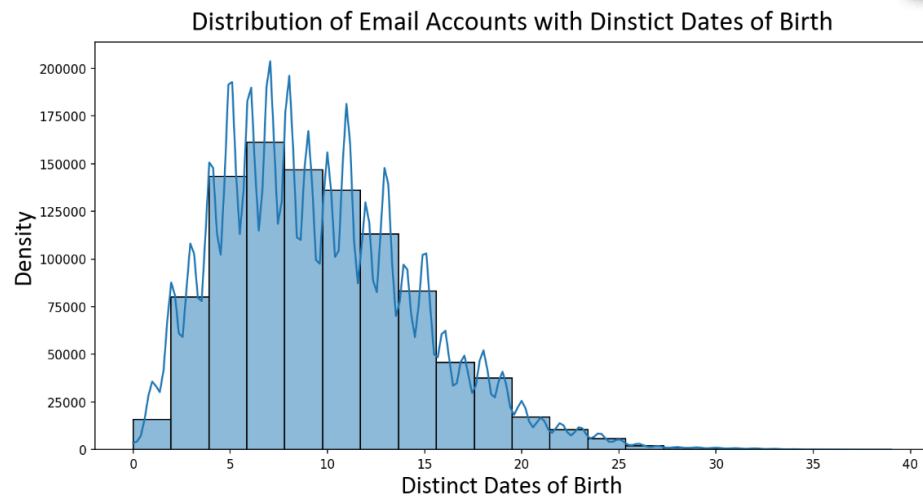
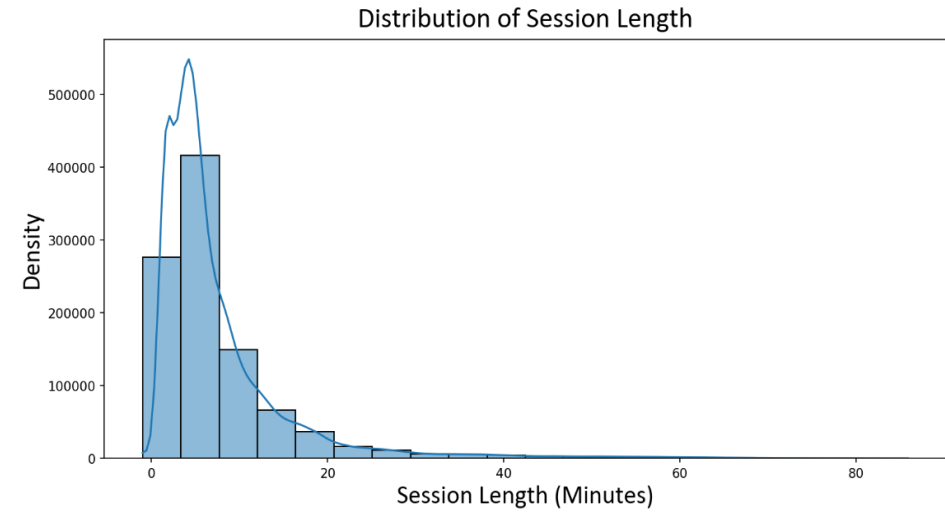
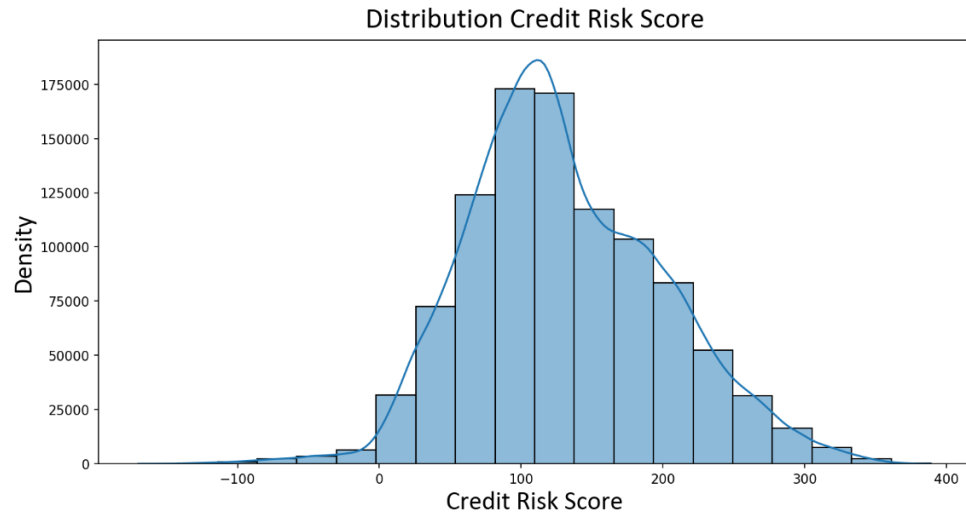
Steps taken to create the Bank Account Application Fraud ML model from data analysis to measuring success.



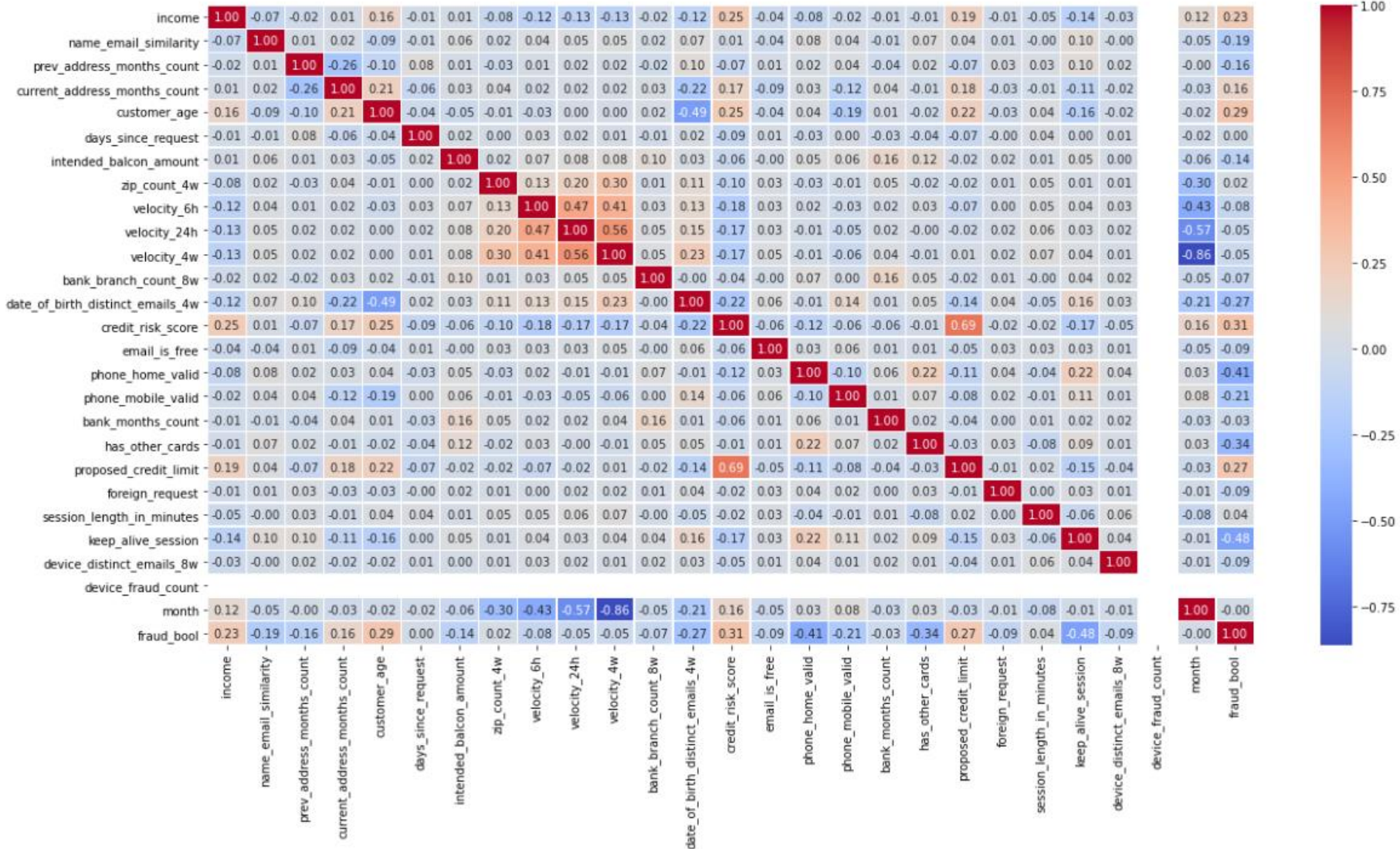
Supporting Visualizations



EDA: Key Distributions



Scaled Heat Map

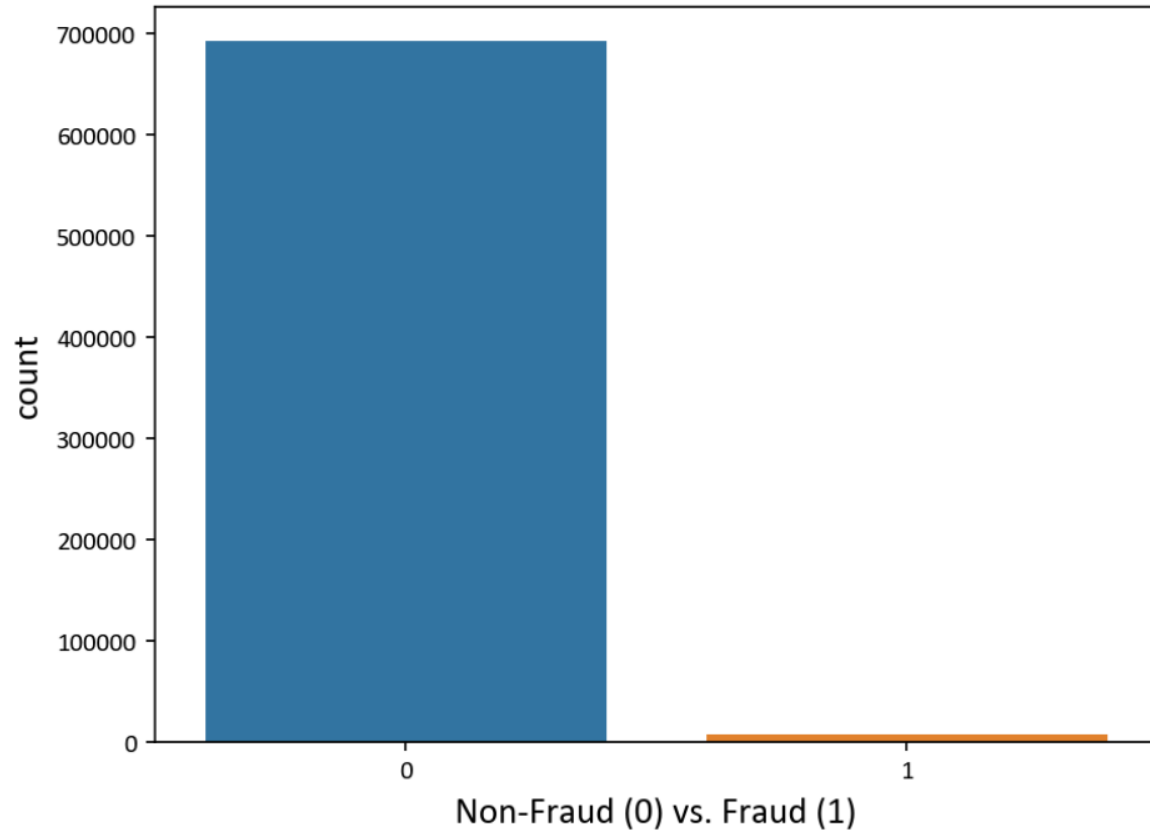


Highly Correlated Numeric Features

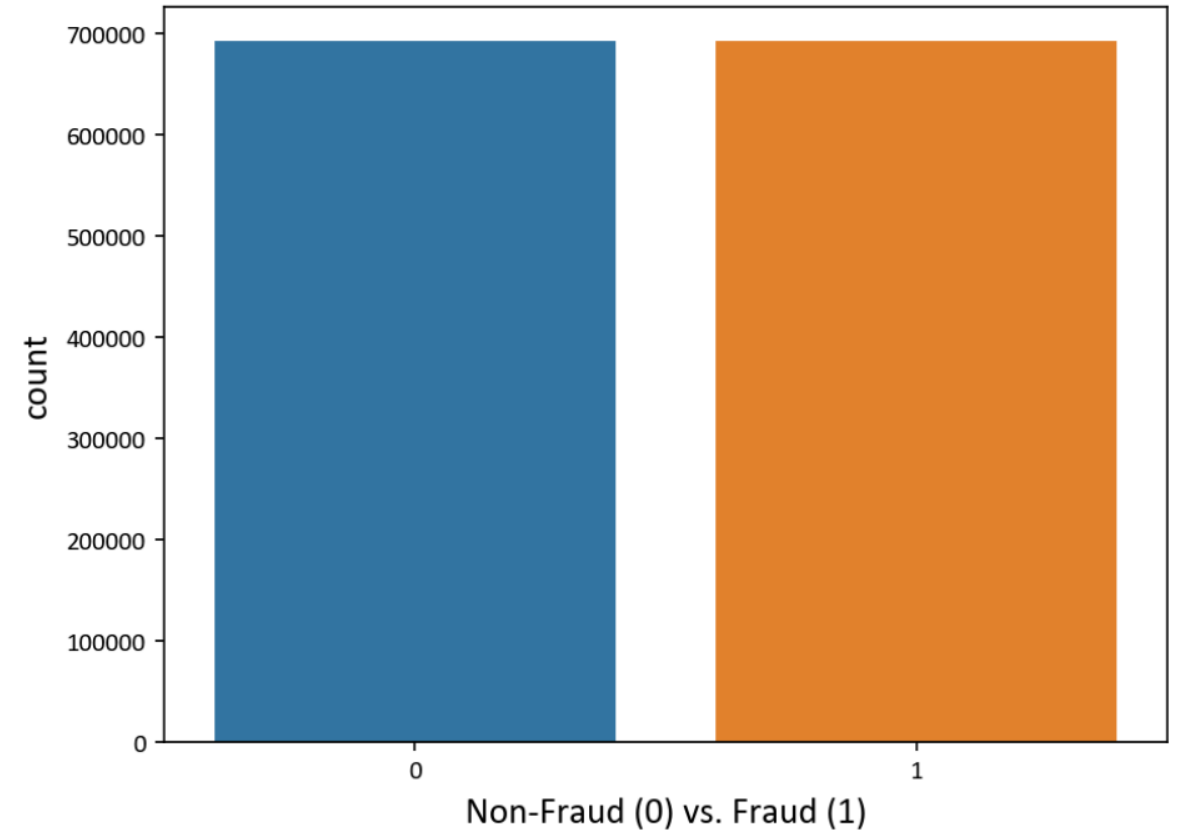
- Income
- Customer Age
- Proposed Credit Limit
- Credit Risk Score

Target Class Proportions

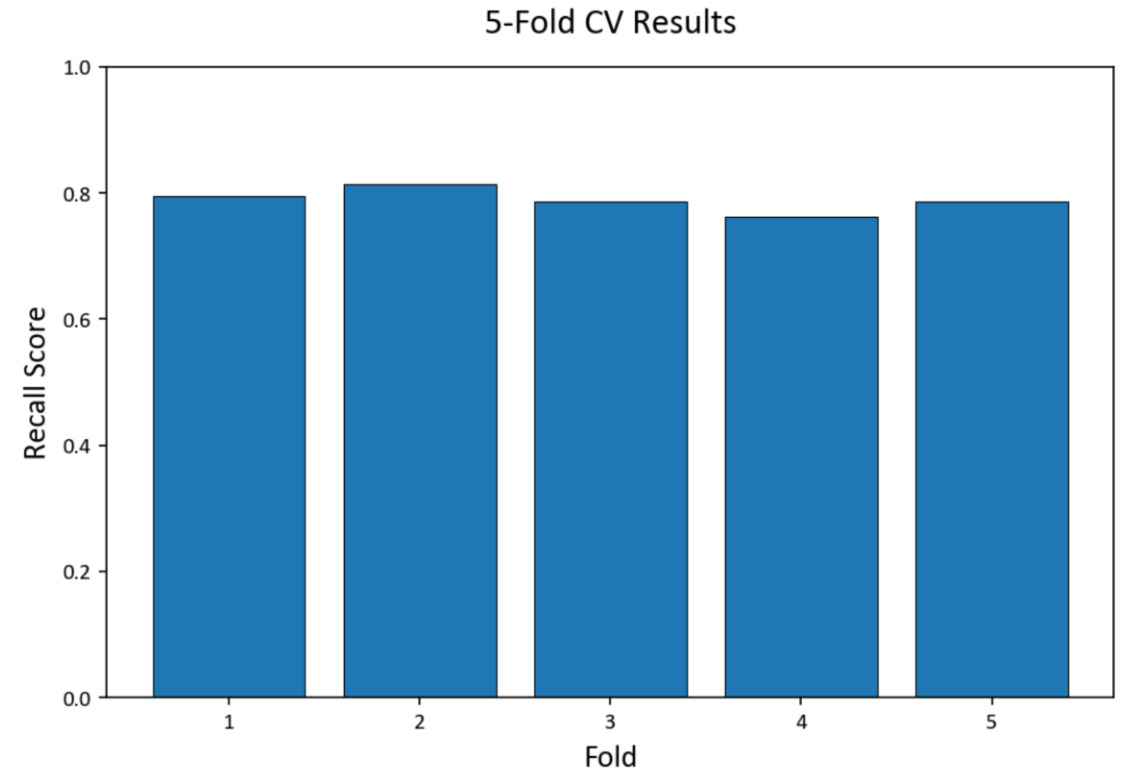
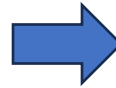
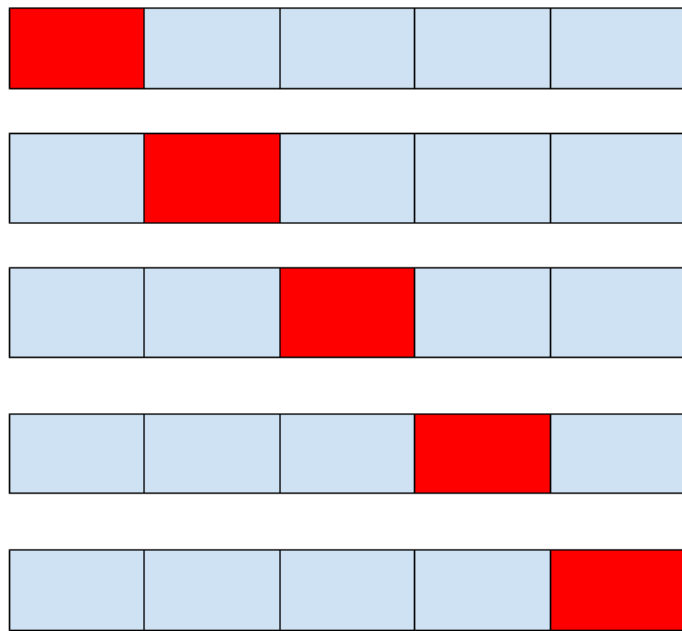
Class Distribution in Train Before SMOTE (Oversampling)



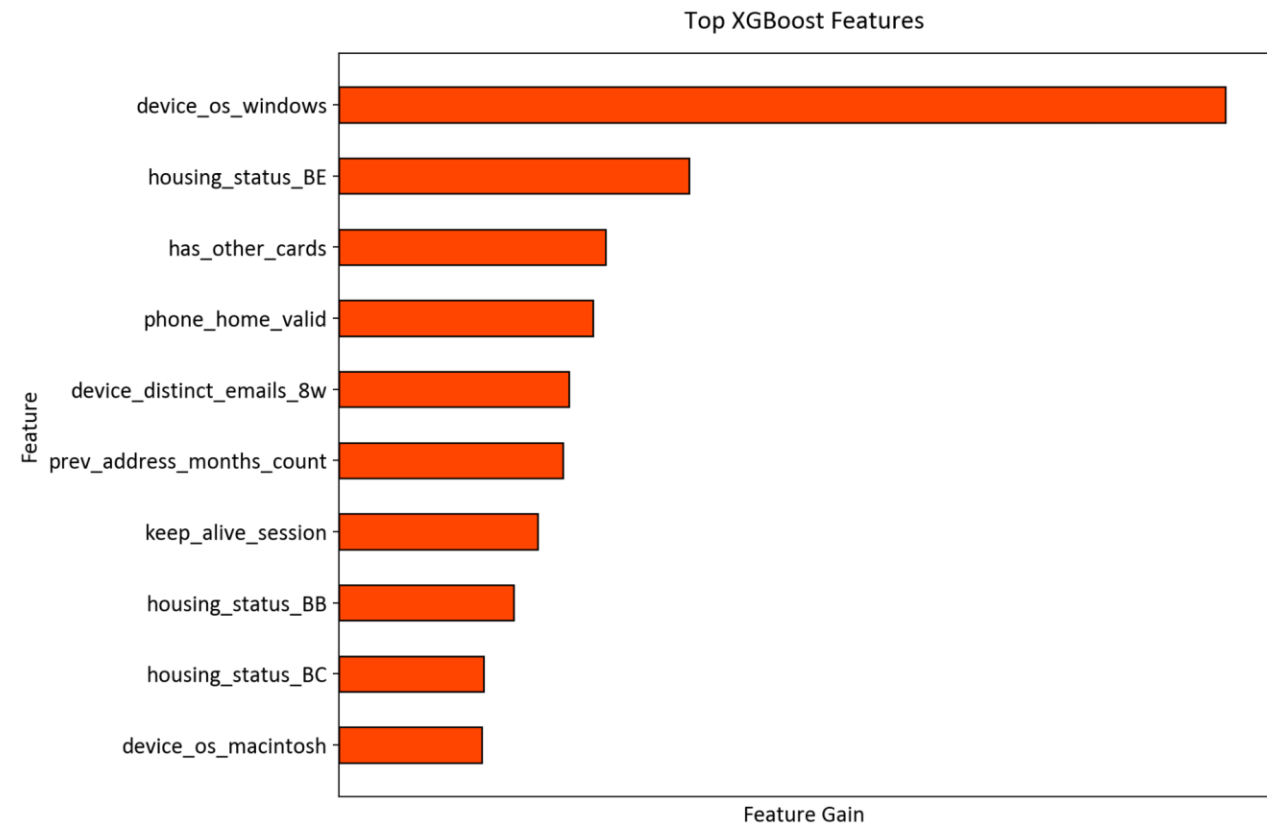
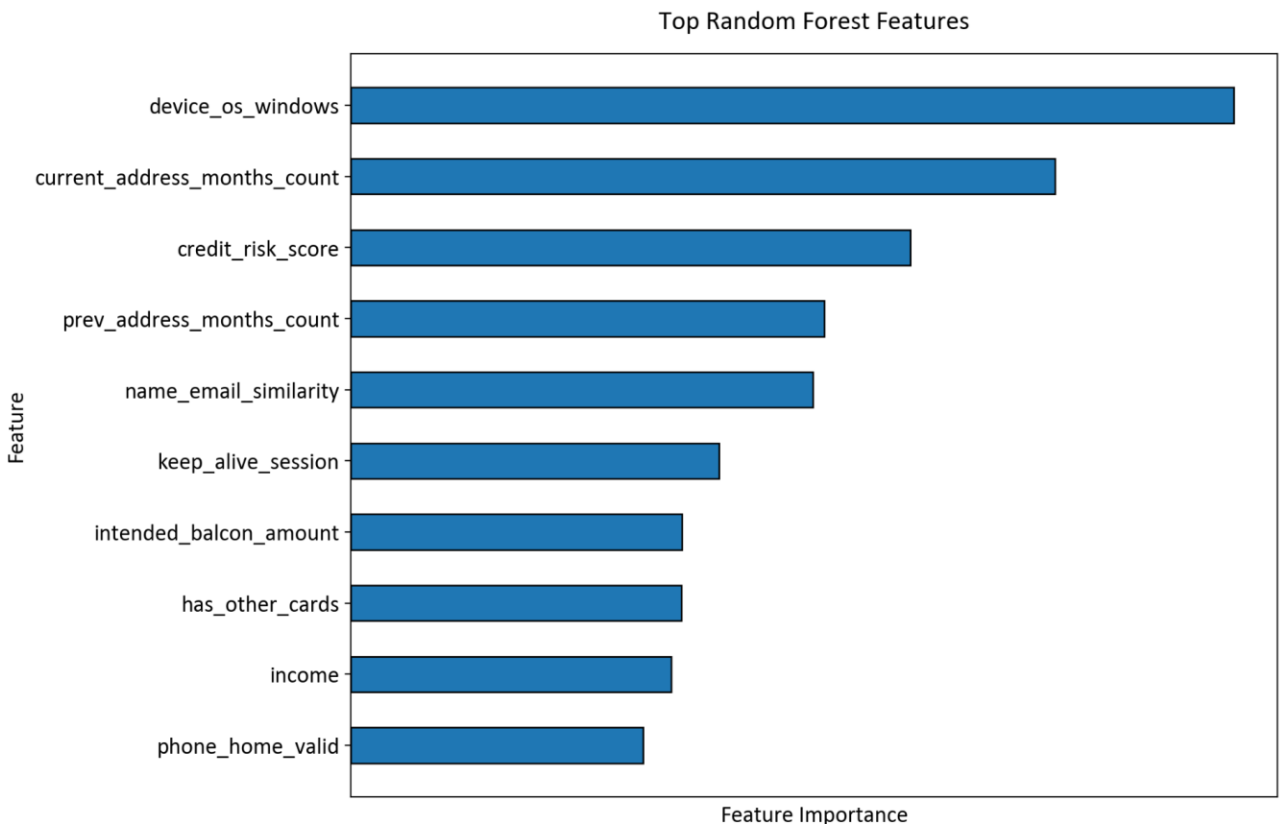
Class Distribution in Train After SMOTE (Oversampling)



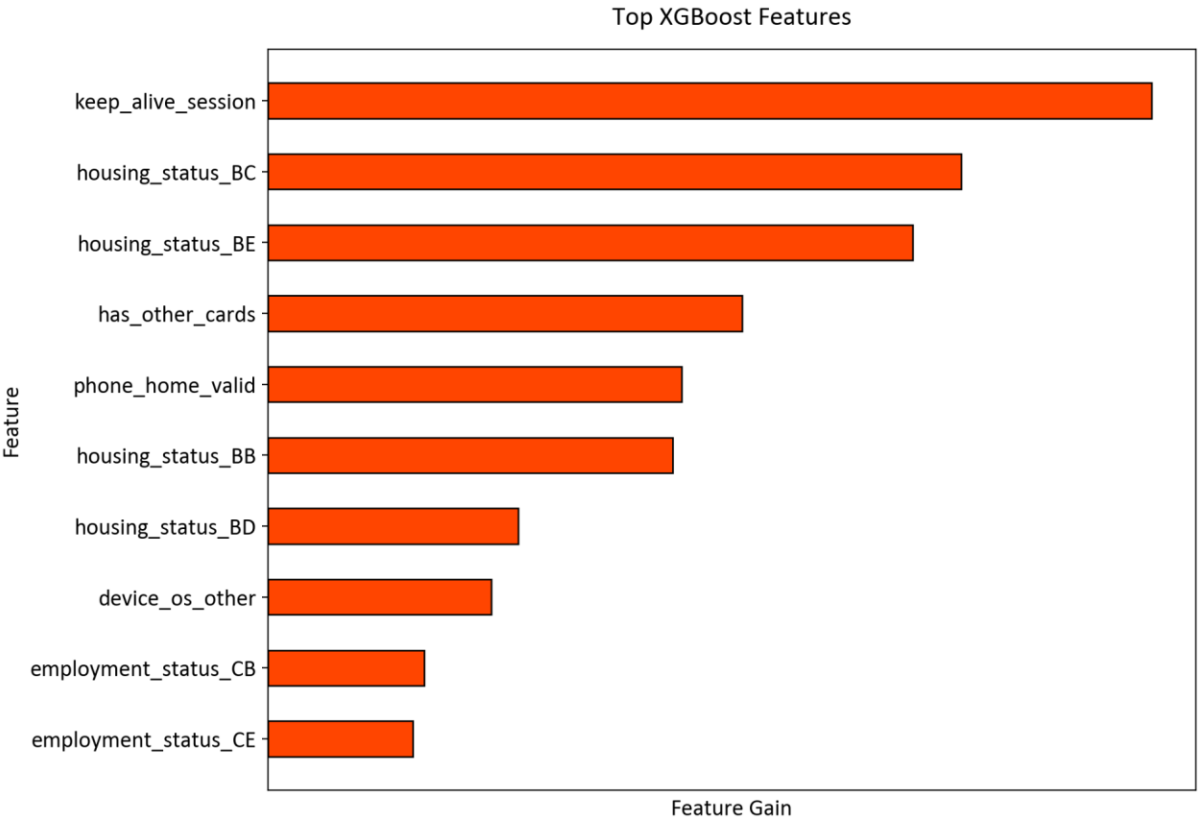
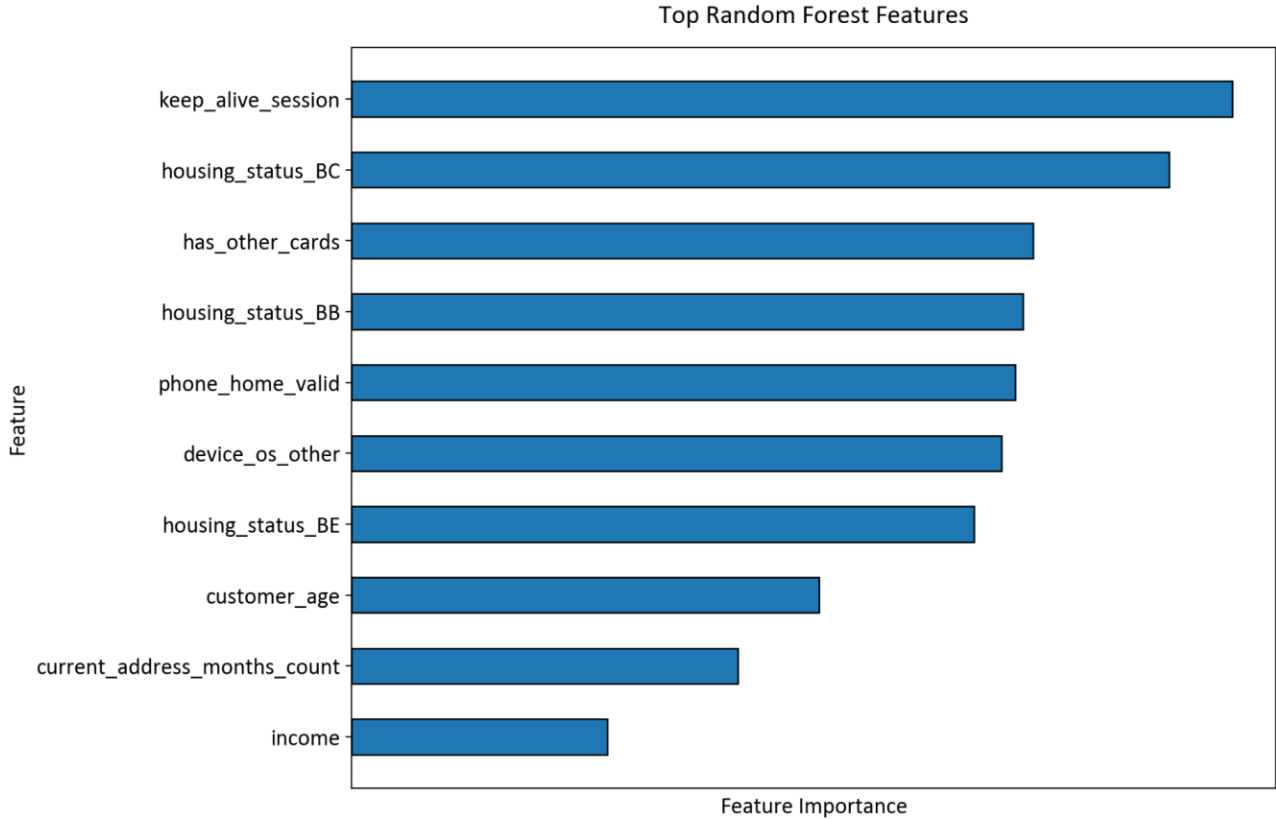
Cross Validation: Recall



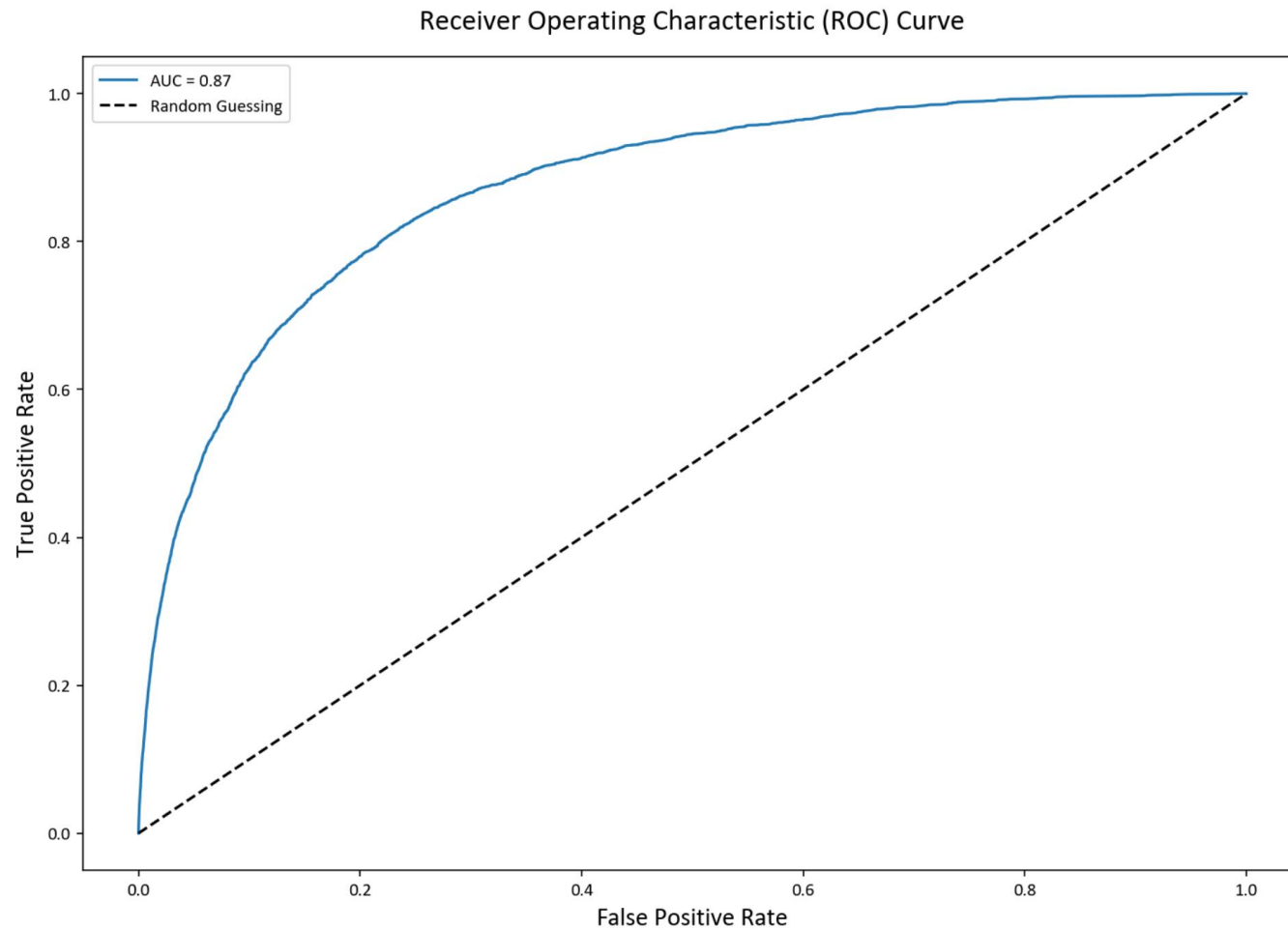
Feature Importance: Undersampling



Feature Importance: Oversampling

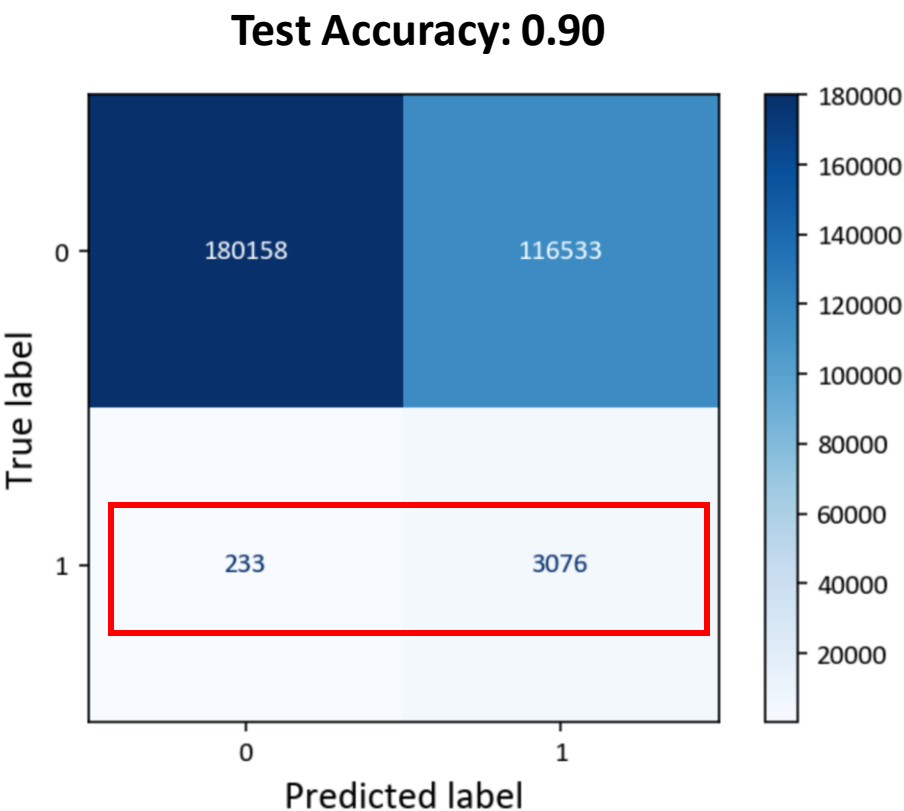
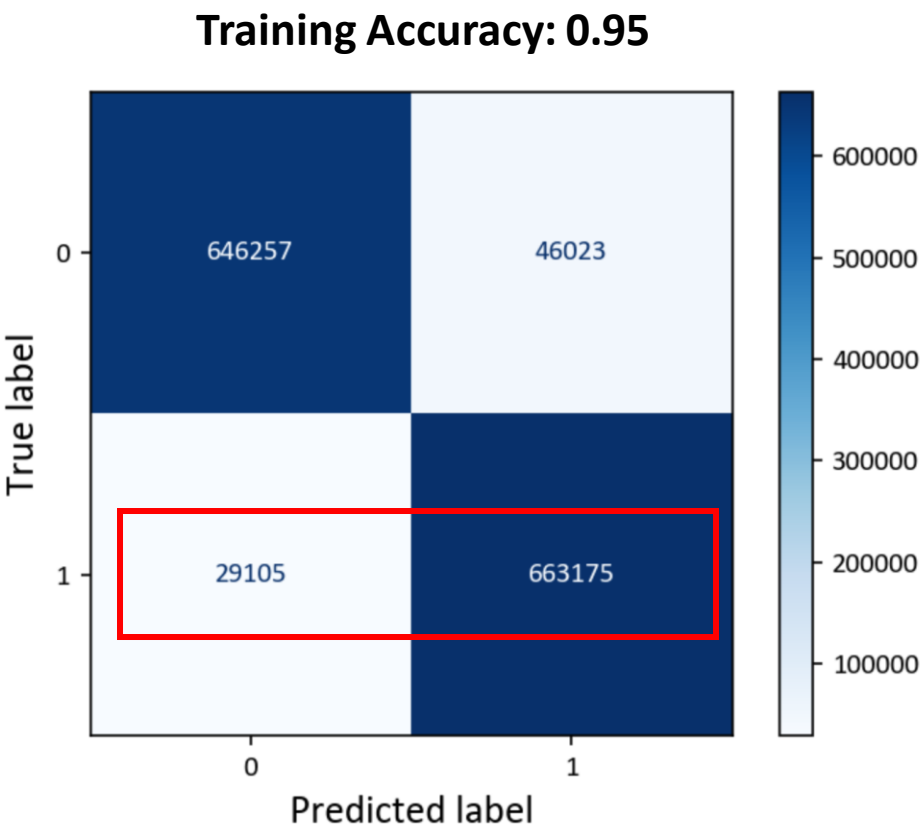


Success Metrics: ROC AUC



AUC in Test: 0.867

Success Metrics: Confusion Matrix

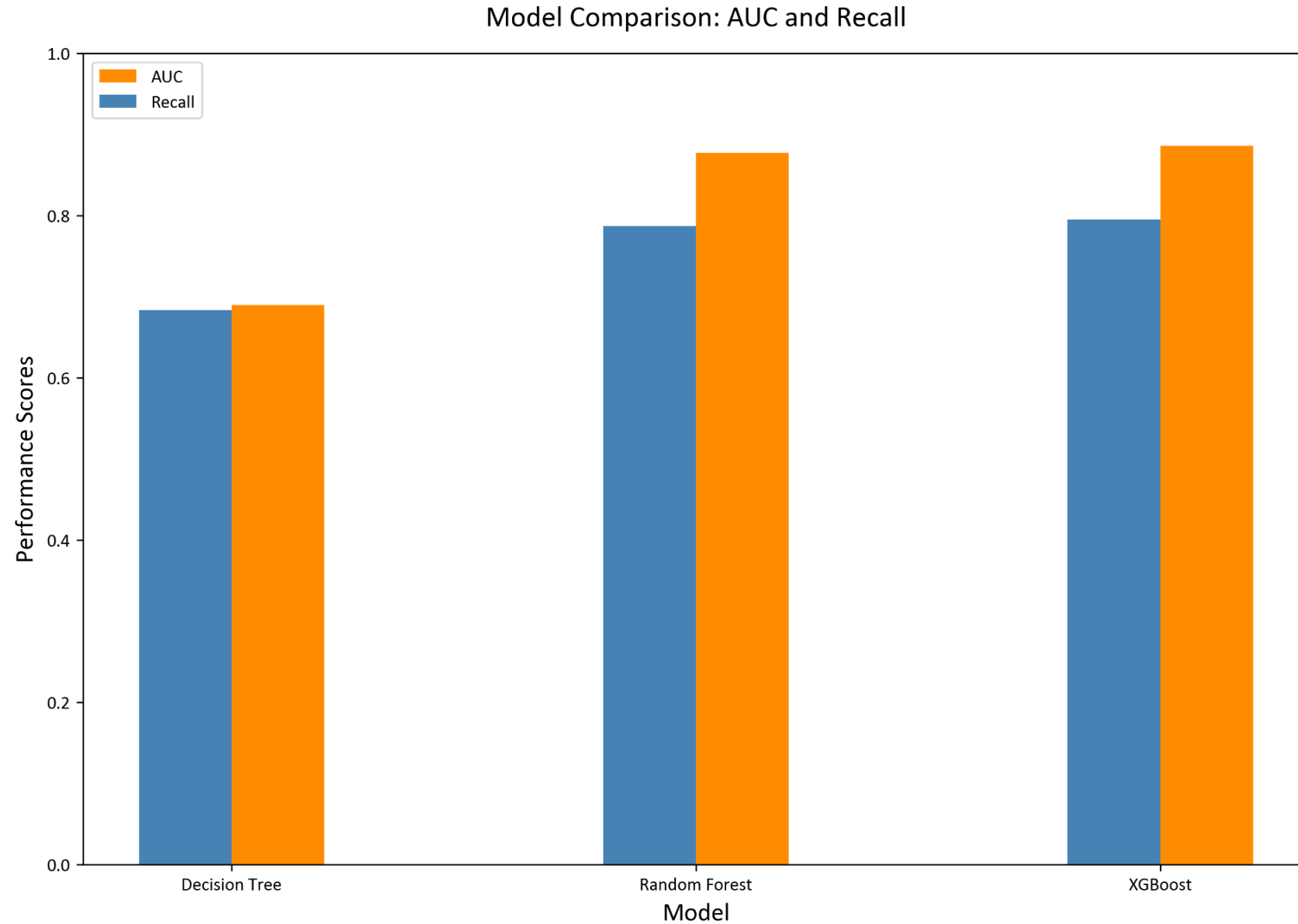


Threshold	Recall (FPR)
0.5	78%



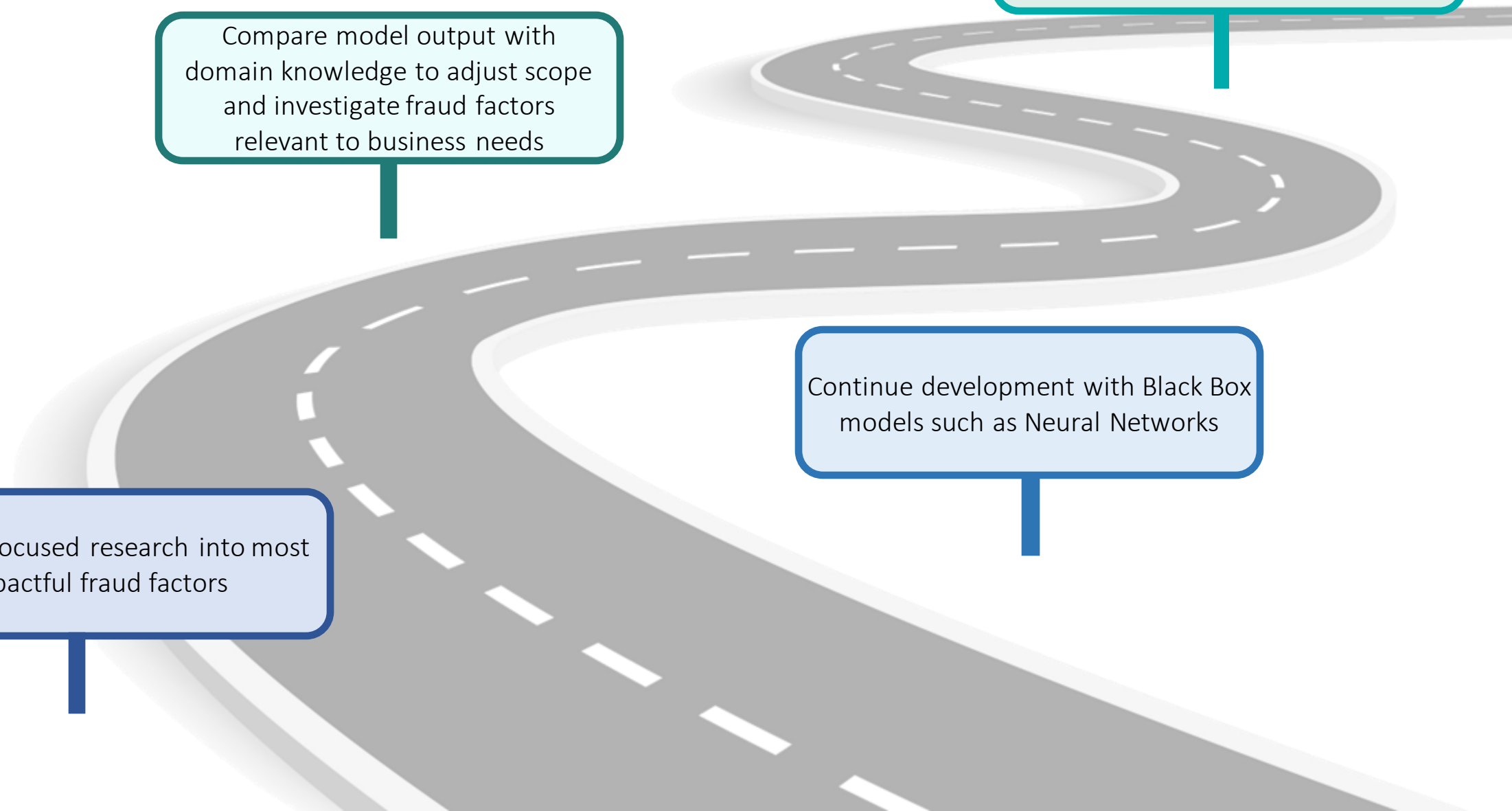
Threshold	Recall (FPR)
0.3	91%

Evaluation: Model Comparison



Continued Development

Recommended next steps for continued growth and success

A 3D-style illustration of a grey road with white dashed lines, winding from the bottom left towards the top right. Four callout boxes are connected to the road by vertical lines. The boxes are light blue with dark blue borders. The first box is at the bottom left, the second is further up and to the left, the third is in the middle right, and the fourth is at the top right.

Compare model output with domain knowledge to adjust scope and investigate fraud factors relevant to business needs

Perform focused research into most impactful fraud factors

Continue development with Black Box models such as Neural Networks

Compare Impact of Cost-Sensitive Learning vs. Resampling Methods

Questions?