# Série d'exercices 2

Mars 2020

# Unconstrained and constrained optimization

# Exercice 1

Find the maximum and minimum values of f in the following cases:

- 1.  $f(x,y) = 81 x^2 + y^2$  s.t.  $4x^2 + y^2 = 9$ .
- 2.  $f(x,y) = 8x^2 2y$  s.t.  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ .
- 3.  $f(x, y, z) = y^2 10z$  s.t.  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 36$ .
- 4. f(x, y, z) = xyz s.t.  $x + 9y^2 + z^2 = 4$ . Assume that  $x \ge$  for this problem. Why is this assumption needed?
- 5.  $f(x, y, z) = 3x^2 + y$  s.t. 4x 3y = 9 and  $x^2 + z^2 = 9$ .
- 6. f(x, y, z) = 4y 2z s.t. 2x y z = 2 and  $x^2 + y^2 = 1$ .

#### Exercice 2

Find the maximum and minimum values of  $f(x,y) = 4x^2 + 10y^2$  on the disk  $x^2 + y^2 \le 4$ .

#### Exercice 3

Given  $(n_i)_{i=1,\ldots,N} \in \mathbb{N}^*$  and P > 0, solve the following problem

$$\begin{array}{ll} \underset{(p_1,\ldots,p_n)}{\operatorname{maximize}} & \sum_{i=1}^N \ln\left(1+\frac{p_i}{n_i}\right) \\ \text{subject to} & \sum_{i=1}^N p_i \leq P, \\ & p_i > 0, \forall \, i = 1, ... N \end{array}$$

#### Exercice 4

Given A, b, and m, use the SVD algorithm to find a vector x with  $||x||_2 < m$  minimizing  $||Ax - b||_2$ .

#### Exercice 5

We want to find a normal  $n \times 1$  vector h satisfying Ah = 0, where A is  $m \times n$  matrix,  $m \ge n$ , and rank(A) = n. We consider the following problem:

1. Using Lagrange multipliers, derive a characteristic equation. Derive h in terms of eigenvector of  $(A^TA)$ .

- 2. Let  $A = USV^T$  the SVD decomposition.
  - a. Show that  $\|USV^Th\| = \|SV^Th\|$  and  $\|Vh\| = \|h\|$ .
  - b. Express the minimization problem in terms of  $y = V^T h$ .
  - c. Deduce that  $y = [0, 0, ..., 1]^T$  and the corresponding vector h.

### Exercice 6

Find the solution x to the least squares problem:

$$\underset{x}{\operatorname{argmin}} \|\mathbf{y} - A\mathbf{x}\|_{2}^{2} + \lambda \|\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{x}\|_{2}^{2}$$

# Exercice 7 Problem

Find a circle that approximates given m points  $\mathbf{a}_1, \dots, \mathbf{a}_m$  of  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .

#### Exercice 8 Problem

Consider a noisy image  $Y \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$  and its associated vectorial representation  $\boldsymbol{y}$ . As in the previous section, we express the denoising of  $\boldsymbol{y}$  as the following least squares problem:

$$\min_{\boldsymbol{x} \in \mathbb{R}^N} \|\boldsymbol{x} - \boldsymbol{y}\|^2 + \lambda R(\boldsymbol{x}), \tag{II.13}$$

where  $\lambda$  is a given regularization parameter,  $N=n^2$ , and  $R(\boldsymbol{x})$  is a regularization term.

- 1. Express R in terms of the Frobenius nor mof the gradient norm matrix.
- 2. Write the denoising problem as a least squres problem.
- 3. Grive the explicit solution of the minimization problem.