

# Knowledge v2.0

A general approach to write a 2.0 version of a module

- ✓ From Legacy to Module v2.0
- ✓ From SQL to SQLAlchemy Model.
- ✓ How to write upgrade's recipes.
- ✓ Refactoring API: re-implement and deprecate.
- ✓ Write REST API.
- ✓ Write forms with WTForms.
- ✓ The Admin interface with Flask-Admin.
- ✓ User's web interface with Jinja templates.
- ✓ Write documentations.
- ✓ Test the new code.
- ✓ Tips & Tricks

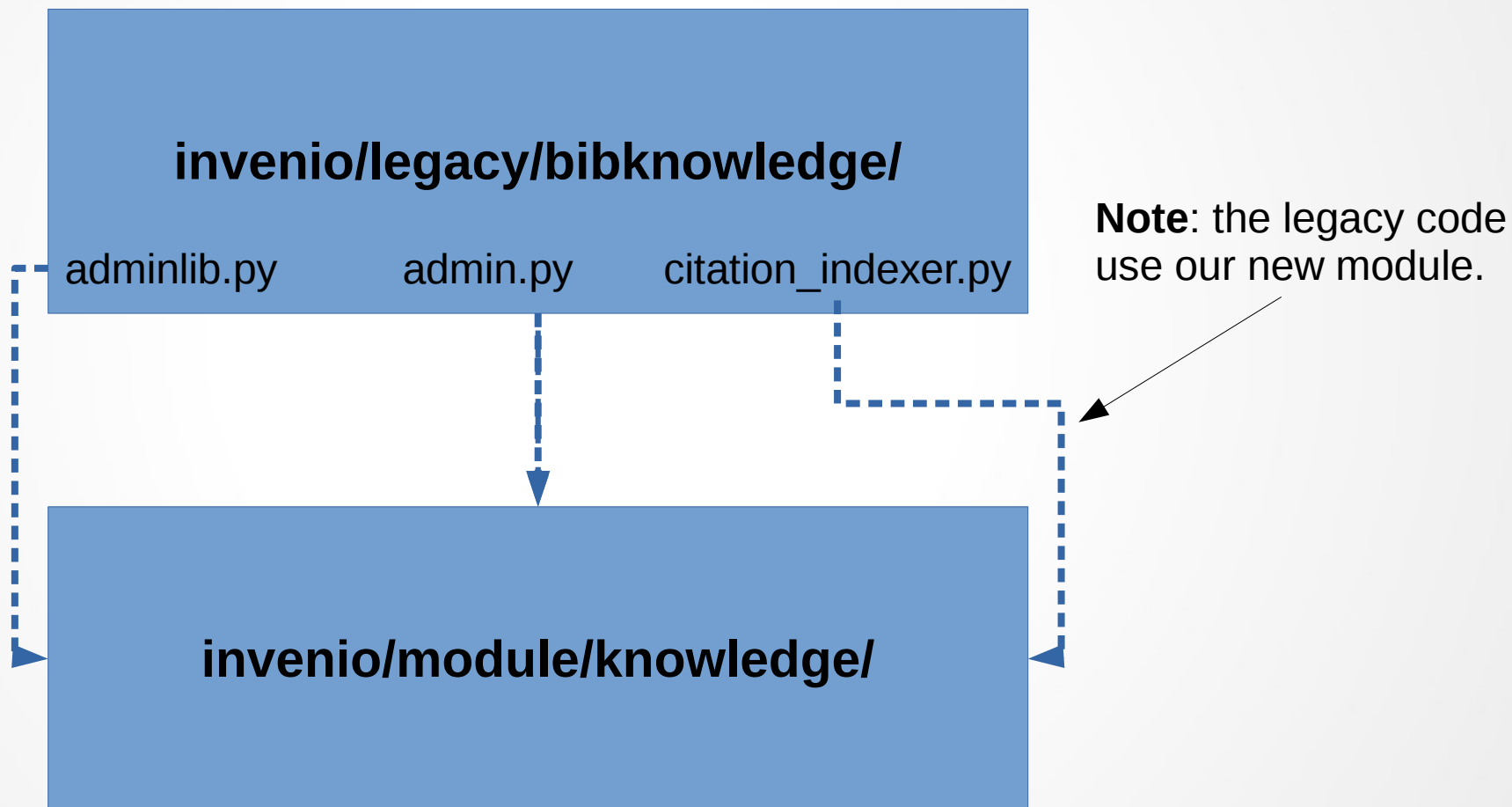
# From Legacy to Module v2.0

In the beginning was the legacy code

**invenio/legacy/bibknowledge/**

# From Legacy to Module v2.0

Then, Legacy transition to “module v2.0”



# From Legacy to Module v2.0

In the end, only “module v2.0” survive



~~invenio/legacy/knowledge/~~

invenio/module/knowledge/

# From Legacy to Module v2.0

## How a module is composed?

```
~/virtualenvs/invenio2/src/invenio> tree invenio/modules/knowledge/  
invenio/modules/knowledge/  
├── admin.py  
├── api.py  
├── forms.py  
├── __init__.py  
├── models.py  
├── restful.py  
├── templates  
│   ├── knowledge  
│   │   └── list.html  
├── testsuite  
│   ├── __init__.py  
│   ├── __pycache__  
│   ├── test_knowledge.py  
│   └── test_knowledge_restful.py  
├── upgrades  
│   ├── __init__.py  
│   ├── knowledge_2014_10_30_knwKBRVAL_id_column_removal.py  
│   └── knowledge_2015_01_22_add_slug_and_is_api_accessible_fields.py  
└── views.py
```

Admin UI with Flask-Admin  
API accessible from outside  
All your defined WTForms  
SQLAlchemy models  
REST API implementation  
Jinja2 templates  
Testsuites  
Upgrade recipes  
User UI

# From SQL to SQLAlchemy Model

From  
`run_sql()`  
To  
`models.py`

Where in legacy code is  
used `run_sql()`,  
now it'll be replaced with the  
usage of **SQLAlchemy**  
(better if incapsulate the use  
of the model inside your api)

```
class KnwKBDEF(db.Model):

    """Represent a KnwKBDEF record."""

    __tablename__ = 'knwKBDEF'
    id_knwKB = db.Column(db.MediumInteger(8, unsigned=True),
                        db.ForeignKey(KnwKB.id), nullable=False,
                        primary_key=True)
    id_collection = db.Column(db.MediumInteger(unsigned=True),
                        db.ForeignKey(Collection.id),
                        nullable=True)
    output_tag = db.Column(db.Text, nullable=True)
    search_expression = db.Column(db.Text, nullable=True)
    kb = db.relationship(
        KnwKB,
        backref=db.backref('kbdefs', uselist=False,
                           cascade="all, delete-orphan"),
        single_parent=True)
    collection = db.relationship(
        Collection,
        backref=db.backref('kbdefs'))

    def to_dict(self): -----

class KnwKBRVAL(db.Model):

    """Represent a KnwKBRVAL record."""

    __tablename__ = 'knwKBRVAL'
    m_key = db.Column(db.String(255), nullable=False, primary_key=True,
                    index=True)
    m_value = db.Column(db.Text(30), nullable=False, index=True)
    id_knwKB = db.Column(db.MediumInteger(8), db.ForeignKey(KnwKB.id),
                        nullable=False, server_default='0',
                        primary_key=True)
    kb = db.relationship(
        KnwKB,
        backref=db.backref(
            'kbrvals',
            cascade="all, delete-orphan",
            collection_class=attribute_mapped_collection("m_key")))

    def query kb mappings(kbid, sortby="to", key="", value="", -----
```

# How to write upgrade's recipes (1/2)

Old data model vs New data model:  
how to upgrade your database in production  
environment without break all?

*# Use the old Database*

**\$> git** checkout pu

**\$> inveniomana**ge database recreate --yes-i-know

*# With the new Codebase*

**\$> git** checkout mybranch

**\$> inveniomana**ge upgrader create recipe -a -p invenio.modules.knowledge

*# Finish to prepare your recipe*

**\$> vim** invenio/modules/knowledge/upgrades/knowledge\_2015\_02\_16\_rename\_me.py

# How to write upgrade's recipes (2/2)

Alembic is a database migrations tool written

It help you to write python code to upgrade the database

```
depends_on = ['knowledge_2014_10_30_knwKBREAL_id_column_removal']

def generate_slug(name): -----

def info():
    """Return info about the upgrade."""
    return "Add is_api_accessible and slug in the knwKB table."

def do_upgrade():
    """Implement your upgrades here."""
    # modify the database
    op.add_column('knwKB',
                  db.Column('is_api_accessible',
                             db.Boolean(), nullable=False))
    op.add_column('knwKB',
                  db.Column('slug',
                             db.String(length=255),
                             nullable=False,
                             default=True))

    # update knwKB table values
    res = run_sql("SELECT name FROM knwKB")
    for record in res:
        name = record[0]
        slug = generate_slug(name)
        run_sql("UPDATE knwKB SET is_api_accessible = 1, slug = %s "
                "WHERE name = %s", (slug, name))

    # define unique constraint
    op.create_unique_constraint(None, 'knwKB', ['slug'])
```

```
def estimate():
    """Estimate running time of upgrade in seconds (optional)."""
    number_of_records = run_sql("SELECT count(*) FROM knwKB")
    return int(float(number_of_records[0][0]) / 1000) + 1

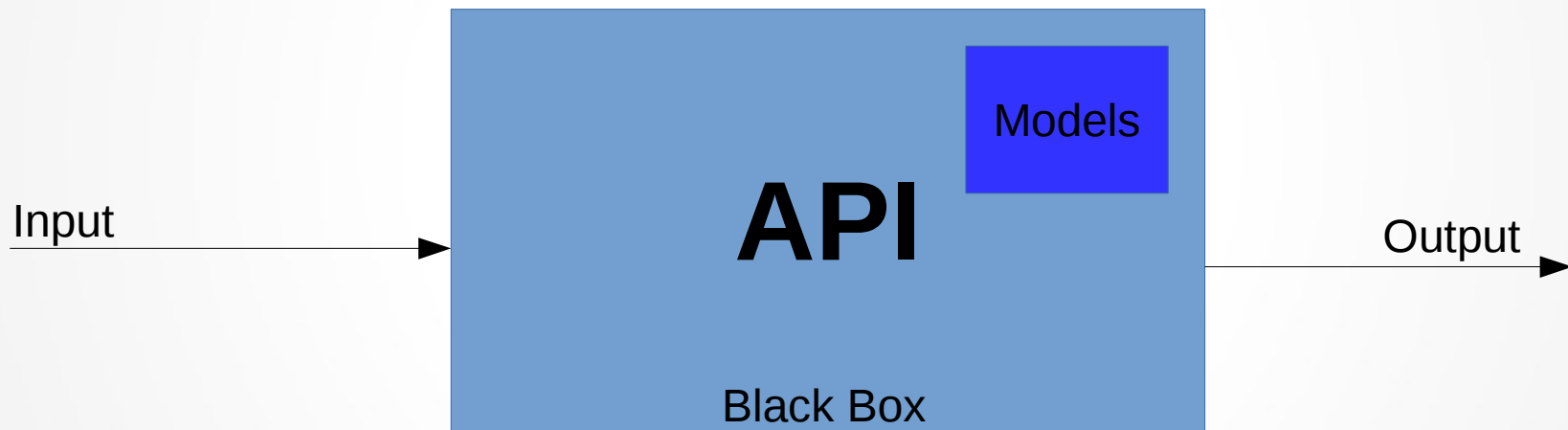
def pre_upgrade():
    """Run pre-upgrade checks (optional)."""
    pass

def post_upgrade():
    """Run post-upgrade checks (optional)."""
    pass
```



# Refactoring API: re-implement and deprecate.

- Each request have to pass from api (no direct access to models).
- Respect the old API (backward compatibility), meanwhile deprecate not useful code and implement a new cool API.



# Write REST API

## Define the object structure

```
knwkb_resource_fields = {
    'id': fields.Integer,
    'name': fields.String,
    'description': fields.String,
    'type': fields.String(attribute='kbtype'),
    'mappings': fields.Nested(knwkb_mappings_resource_fields),
}
```

## Define the endpoints

```
def setup_app(app, api):
    """setup the resources urls."""
    api.add_resource(
        KnwKBAllResource,
        '/api/knowledge'
    )
    api.add_resource(
        KnwKBResource,
        '/api/knowledge/<string:slug>'
    )
    api.add_resource(
        KnwKBMappingsResource,
        '/api/knowledge/<string:slug>/mappings'
    )
    api.add_resource(
        KnwKBMappingsToResource,
        '/api/knowledge/<string:slug>/mappings/to'
    )
    api.add_resource(
        KnwKBMappingsFromResource,
        '/api/knowledge/<string:slug>/mappings/from'
    )

    # for other urls, return "Method Not Allowed"
    api.add_resource(
        NotImplementedKnowledgeResource,
        '/api/knowledge/<string:slug>/<path:foo>'
    )
```

## Define a resource

```
class KnwKBResource(Resource):

    """KnwKB resource."""

    method_decorators = [
        error_handler
    ]

    @marshal_with(knwkb_resource_fields)
    def get(self, slug):
        Get KnwKB. -----
        kb = api.get_kb_by_slug(slug)

        # check if is accessible from api
        check_knowledge_access(kb)

        parser = reqparse.RequestParser()
        parser.add_argument(
            'from', type=str,
            help="Return only entries where key matches this."
        )
        parser.add_argument(
            'to', type=str,
            help="Return only entries where value matches this."
        )
        parser.add_argument('page', type=int,
            help="Require a specific page")
        parser.add_argument('per_page', type=int,
            help="Set how much result per page")
        parser.add_argument('match_type', type=str,
            help="s=substring, e=exact, sw=startswith")
        parser.add_argument('sortby', type=str,
            help="the sorting criteria ('from' or 'to')")
        args = parser.parse_args()
        kb_dict = kb.to_dict()
        kb_dict['mappings'] = KnwKBMappingsResource \
            .search_mappings(kb=kb, key=args['from'], value=args['to'],
                match_type=args['match_type'],
                sortby=args['sortby'], page=args['page'],
                per_page=args['per_page'])

        return kb_dict

    def head(self, slug): -----
    def options(self, slug): -----
    def post(self, slug): -----
    def put(self, slug): -----
```

# Write forms with WTForms

```
class KnwKBRVALForm(Form):

    """KnwKBRVAL Form."""

    m_key = StringField(label="Map From")
    m_value = StringField(label="To")
    id_knwKB = SelectField(
        label=_('Knowledge'),
        choices=LocalProxy(lambda: [
            (k.id, k.name) for k in
            query_get_kb_by_type('written_as').all()
        ]),
        coerce=int,
    )

class KnowledgeForm(InvenioBaseForm):

    """Knowledge form."""

    name = StringField()
    description = TextAreaField()
    kbtype = HiddenField()
```

# The Admin interface with Flask-Admin

## Define endpoints

```
def register_admin(app, admin):
    """Called on app initialization to register administration interface."""
    category = 'Knowledge'
    admin.add_view(
        KnowledgeAdmin(app, KnwKB, db.session,
                       name='Knowledge Base', category=category,
                       endpoint="kb")
    )
    admin.add_view(
        KnwKBRVALAdmin(app, KnwKBRVAL, db.session,
                      name="Knowledge Mappings", category=category,
                      endpoint="kbrval")
    )
```

## Admin interface for Knowledge

```
class KnowledgeAdmin(ModelView):

    """Flask-Admin module to manage knowledge."""

    _can_create = True
    _can_edit = True
    # TODO check if multiple deletes of taxonomy type, also delete the
    # associated files.
    _can_delete = True

    acc_view_action = 'cfgbibknowledge'
    acc_edit_action = 'cfgbibknowledge'
    acc_delete_action = 'cfgbibknowledge'

    form = KnowledgeForm

    column_list = ('name', 'kbtype', 'description')
    column_formatters = dict(
        kbtype=Knowledge_kbtype_formatter
    )
    column_filters = ('kbtype',)
    # FIXME wait that Issue #2690 is fixed to finish the works
    # column_choices = {
    #     'kbtype': [(v, k) for (k, v) in KnwKB.KNWKB_TYPES.iteritems()]
    # }
    column_sortable_list = ('name', 'kbtype')

    list_template = 'knowledge/list.html'

    def after_model_change(self, form, model, is_created): -----
    def edit_form(self, obj=None): -----
    def create_form(self, obj=None): -----
    def get_query(self): -----
    def init(self, app, *args, **kwargs): -----
```

# The Admin interface with Flask-Admin

The screenshot shows a web browser at the address 0.0.0.0:8080/admin/kb/. The browser's address bar and tabs are visible at the top. Below the browser, there is a dark navigation bar with the INVENIO logo and links for Search, Deposit, Admin, and Help. The user is logged in as 'admin'. The main content area is titled 'Knowledge Base' and includes a sidebar with links to Home, Access, Indexes, Knowledge, Persistent Identifiers, Facets, and Legacy Admin. The main panel shows a 'List (0)' button and three 'Create KB' buttons: 'Taxonomy', 'Dynamic', and 'Writes As'. Below these are 'Add Filter' and 'With selected' buttons. A table with columns 'Name', 'Kbtype', and 'Description' is shown, but it is empty, with a message 'There are no items in the table.'

0.0.0.0:8080/admin/kb/

Google Default

Most Visited U HRT EDH I P M T F Y G D D F C X L P P

INVENIO Search Deposit Admin Help admin

Home

Access

Indexes

Knowledge

Persistent Identifiers

Facets

Legacy Admin

### Knowledge Base

List (0) Create KB "Taxonomy" Create KB "Dynamic" Create KB "Writes As"

Add Filter With selected

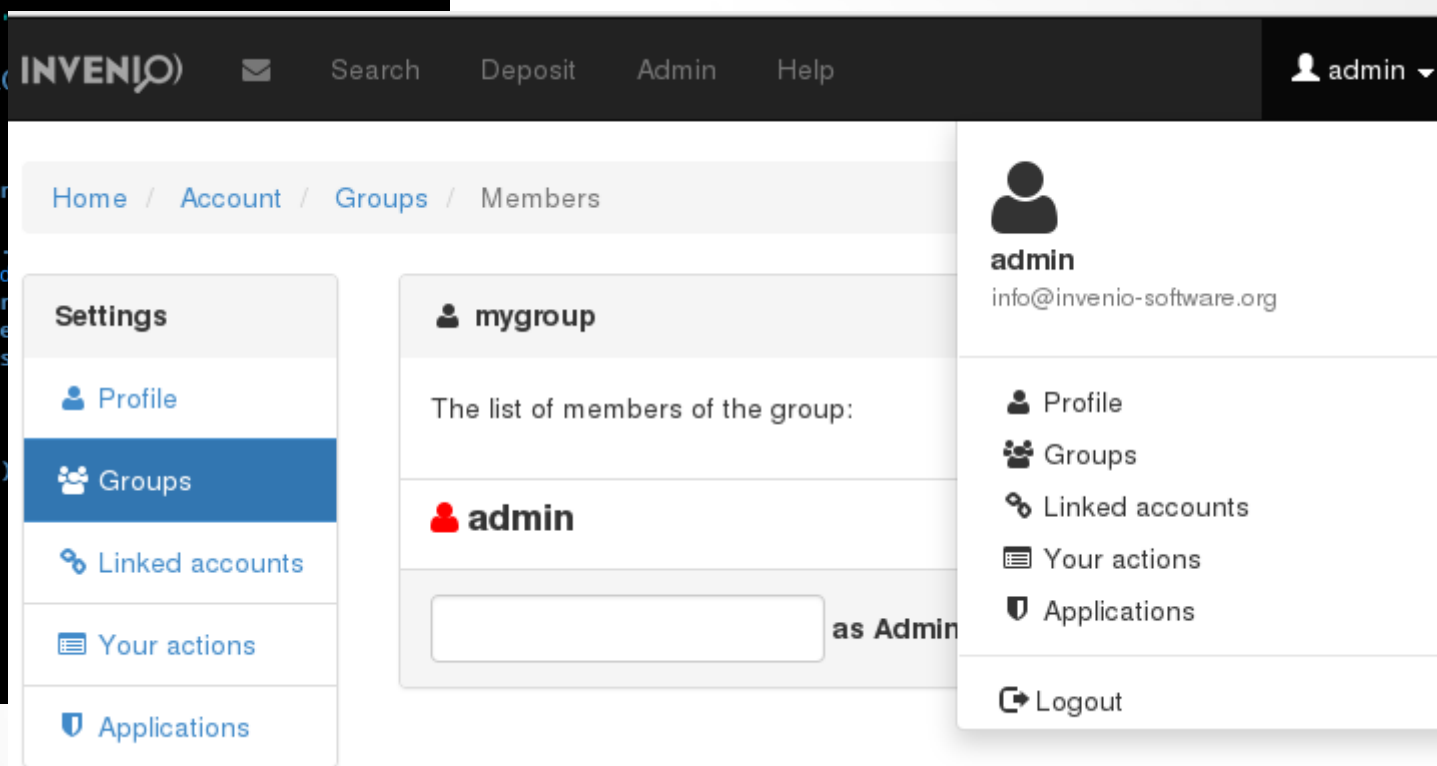
	Name	Kbtype	Description
There are no items in the table.			

# User's web interface with Jinja templates

```
blueprint = Blueprint('webgroup', __name__, url_prefix="/yourgroups",  
                      template_folder='templates', static_folder='static')  
  
default_breadcrumb_root(blueprint, '.settings.groups')
```

Define where load the templates  
(in this case invenio/modules/groups/templates)

```
@blueprint.route('/members/<int:id_usergroup>')  
@login_required  
@register_breadcrumb(blueprint, 'members', _('Members'))  
@permission_required('usegroups')  
def members(id_usergroup):  
    """List user group members."""  
    group = Usergroup.query.get_or_404(id_usergroup)  
    current_uug = UserUsergroup.query.filter(  
        UserUsergroup.id_user == current_user.id,  
        UserUsergroup.id_usergroup == group.id).first()  
    users_not_in_this_group = UserJoinGroupForm.query.filter(  
        UserJoinGroupForm.id_user == current_user.id,  
        UserJoinGroupForm.id_usergroup != group.id).all()  
    url_for('webgroup.search_users', id_usergroup=id_usergroup,  
            + "?query=%QUERY")  
    users_not_in_this_group.id_usergroup.data = group.id  
    users_not_in_this_group.redirect_url.data = ".members", id_usergroup=id_usergroup)  
  
    return render_template(  
        "groups/members.html",  
        group=group,  
        current_uug=current_uug,  
        form=users_not_in_this_group,  
    )
```



Your template

The objects passed to the template

# Write documentations

E.g. docs/modules/redirector.rst

## Generate documentation

\$> sphinx-build -qnNW docs docs/\_build/html

```
Redirector
=====

.. automodule:: invenio.modules.redirector
   :members:

Model
-----

.. automodule:: invenio.modules.redirector.models
   :members:

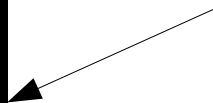
API
-----

.. automodule:: invenio.modules.redirector.api
   :members:

Manage
-----

.. automodule:: invenio.modules.redirector.manage
   :members:
```

E.g: Define where find the documentation for the section "Model"



# Test the new code

- Start your test:

```
$> cd invenio/modules/knowledge/testsuite  
$> py.test test_knowledge_restful.py
```

Load db interface

```
db = lazy_import('invenio.ext.sqlalchemy.db')  
  
class TestKnowledgeRestfulAPI(APITestCase):  
    """Test REST API of mappings."""  
  
    def setUp(self): -----  
    def tearDown(self): -----  
    def test_get_knwkb_ok(self):  
        """Test return a knowledge."""  
        per_page = 2  
        get_answer = self.get(  
            'knwkbresource',  
            urlargs={  
                'slug': self.kb_a.slug,  
                'page': 1,  
                'per_page': per_page,  
                'from': '2'  
            },  
            user_id=1  
        )  
  
        answer = get_answer.json  
  
        assert answer['name'] == 'example1'  
        assert answer['type'] == 'w'  
        assert answer['description'] == 'test description'  
        assert answer['mappings'][0]['from'] == 'testkey2'  
        assert answer['mappings'][0]['to'] == 'testvalue2'  
        assert len(answer['mappings']) == 1  
  
    def test_get_knwkb_search_key_return_empty(self): -----  
    def test_get_knwkb_search_key(self): -----  
    def test_get_knwkb_not_exist(self): -----  
    def test_get_knwkb_mappings(self): -----  
    def test_get_knwkb_mapping_to_unique_ok(self): -----  
    def test_get_knwkb_mapping_to_ok(self): -----  
    def test_not_allowed_url(self): -----  
    TEST_SUITE = make_test_suite(TestKnowledgeRestfulAPI)  
  
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    run_test_suite(TEST_SUITE)
```

```
class TestKnowledgeRestfulAPI(APITestCase):  
    """Test REST API of mappings."""  
    @session_manager  
    def setUp(self):  
        """Run before each test."""  
        from invenio.modules.knowledge.models import KnwKB, KnwKBRVAL  
  
        self.kb_a = KnwKB(name='example1', description='test description',  
                           kbtype='w')  
        db.session.add(self.kb_a)  
  
        # add kbrval
```

**Note:** import only when you need it (inside the function where you use it).



# Tips & Tricks

- **Use devscripts to install invenio2:**  
<https://github.com/tiborsimko/invenio-devscripts>
- **Database create/drop:**  
inveniomanage database create  
inveniomanage database drop --yes-i-know  
inveniomanage database recreate --yes-i-know
- **Start server:**  
inveniomanage runserver
- **Install all dependency:**  
pip install -e . --process-dependency-links
- **Install Kwalitee:**  
pip install kwalitee  
kwalitee githooks install
- **Debugging configuration:**  
SQLALCHEMY\_ECHO=True  
ASSETS\_DEBUG = True  
DEBUG = True  
TESTING = True
- **Configuration file:**  
cdvirtualenv var/invenio.base-instance/  
vim invenio.cfg
- **Jasmine tests:**  
<http://0.0.0.0:8080/jasmine/specrunner>
- **Python tests:**  
python setup.py test