## 100 Linux Firewall Setting Command

1. Allow SSH (port 22) from a specific IP address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source address="192.168.1.2" port protocol="tcp" port="22" accept' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

2. Block incoming ICMP (ping) requests:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" protocol value="icmp" drop' -- permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

3. Allow traffic from a specific network range:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-source=192.168.0.0/24 --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

4. Open a custom port range (e.g., 5000-6000):

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-port=5000-6000/tcp --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

5. Block outgoing traffic on a specific port (e.g., 8080):

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" port protocol="tcp" port="8080" drop' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

6. Allow FTP (port 21) for a specific interface:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" interface="eth0" port protocol="tcp" port="21" accept' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

7. Block specific service (e.g., Telnet):

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --remove-service=telnet --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

8. Allow multicast traffic:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source address="224.0.0.0/4" drop' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

9. Allow specific application traffic (e.g., Apache):

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-service=http --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

10. Block traffic from a specific country (e.g., Russia):

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source address="0.0.0.0/0" invert source="country" destination country="RU" drop' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd -reload

11. Allow DNS (port 53) for both TCP and UDP:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-port=53/tcp --add-port=53/udp --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

12. Allow incoming traffic on a specific network interface (e.g., eth1):

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-interface=eth1 --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

13. Block all incoming traffic except for established connections:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source address="0.0.0.0/0" drop' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source address="0.0.0.0/0" accept' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

14. Allow only specific IP addresses on a certain port (e.g., 8080):

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" port protocol="tcp" port="8080" source address="192.168.1.2" accept' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

15. Open port 123 for NTP (Network Time Protocol):

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-port=123/udp --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

16. Allow ICMP echo requests (ping) from a specific subnet:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source address="192.168.0.0/24" protocol="icmp" accept' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

17. Block traffic to a specific IP address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source address="0.0.0.0/0" destination address="192.168.1.2" drop' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

18. Allow SSH on a non-default port (e.g., 2222):

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-port=2222/tcp --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

19. Allow traffic based on a custom service:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-service=my\_custom\_service --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

20. Block all incoming and outgoing traffic:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --set-target=DROP --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

21. Allow RDP (Remote Desktop Protocol - port 3389) from a specific IP address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source address="192.168.1.2" port protocol="tcp" port="3389" accept' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

22. Allow traffic for a specific application (e.g., PostgreSQL):

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-service=postgresql --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

23. Allow incoming connections on a specific port range (e.g., 8000-9000) for UDP:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-port=8000-9000/udp --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

24. Allow SIP (Session Initiation Protocol - port 5060) for VoIP:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-port=5060/udp --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

25. Block specific MAC address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source mac="00:11:22:33:44:55" drop' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

26. Allow traffic for a specific user:

sudo firewall-cmd --direct --add-rule ipv4 filter OUTPUT 0 -m owner --uid-owner username -j ACCEPT sudo firewall-cmd --reload

27. Allow NFS (Network File System - port 2049) for file sharing:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-port=2049/tcp --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

28. Allow Docker containers to communicate on a bridge network:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=trusted --add-source=172.17.0.0/16 --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

29. Block outgoing traffic to a specific IP address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" destination address="203.0.113.10" drop' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

30. Allow SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol - port 161) for monitoring:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-port=161/udp --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

31. Allow incoming traffic on a specific port for IPv6 (e.g., port 8080):

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-port=8080/tcp --permanent --ipv6 sudo firewall-cmd --reload

32. Block all traffic except for a specific service (e.g., SSH):

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-service=ssh --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --remove-service={http,https} --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

33. Allow traffic from and to a specific network interface (e.g., eth0):

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-interface=eth0 --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source interface="eth0" accept' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

34. Allow DNS traffic only for a specific domain:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source address="0.0.0.0/0" destination domain="example.com" accept' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

35. Block traffic from a specific country for a specific service (e.g., SSH):

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source address="0.0.0.0/0" invert source="country" destination port="22" protocol="tcp" drop' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

36. Allow multicast traffic for IPv6:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv6" source address="fe80::/10" drop' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

37. Allow traffic for a specific UDP service (e.g., syslog - port 514):

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-port=514/udp --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

38. Allow traffic from a specific MAC address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source mac="00:11:22:33:44:55" accept' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

39. Allow outgoing SMTP traffic (port 25) for a specific IP range:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source address="192.168.1.0/24" port protocol="tcp" port="25" accept' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

40. Allow traffic on a custom port range for both TCP and UDP (e.g., 7000-8000):

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-port=7000-8000/tcp --add-port=7000-8000/udp --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

41. Allow traffic on a specific port range for both TCP and UDP, limiting it to a specific IP address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source address="192.168.1.2" port port="8000-9000" protocol="tcp" accept' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

42. Block traffic to a specific port from a range of IP addresses:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source address="192.168.0.0/24" port port="1234" protocol="tcp" drop' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

43. Allow traffic for a specific user on a custom port:

sudo firewall-cmd --direct --add-rule ipv4 filter OUTPUT 0 -m owner --uid-owner username -p tcp --dport 9876 -j ACCEPT sudo firewall-cmd --reload

44. Block outgoing traffic to a specific domain:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" destination domain="example.com" drop' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

45. Allow NTP traffic (port 123) for both TCP and UDP:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-port=123/tcp --add-port=123/udp --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

46. Allow traffic from a specific country on a specific port (e.g., 8080):

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source address="0.0.0.0/0" source country="US" port port="8080" protocol="tcp" accept' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

47. Allow traffic for a specific service on a custom interface (e.g., eth1):

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-service=http --add-interface=eth1 --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

48. Allow incoming and outgoing traffic on a specific port only for a specific time:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" port port="9876" protocol="tcp" accept' --permanent --active-from=Mon-Fri 08:00-17:00 sudo firewall-cmd --reload

49. Allow traffic for a specific service from a specific IP address range:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source address="192.168.0.0/24" service name="ftp" accept' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

50. Allow traffic from and to a specific port for a range of IP addresses:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source address="192.168.0.0/24" port port="5432" protocol="tcp" accept' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd -reload

51. Allow traffic on a specific port range for both TCP and UDP, limiting it to a specific MAC address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source mac="00:11:22:33:44:55" port port="8000-9000" protocol="tcp" accept' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

52. Block traffic from a specific user on a custom port:

sudo firewall-cmd --direct --add-rule ipv4 filter OUTPUT 0 -m owner --uid-owner username -p tcp --dport 9876 -j DROP sudo firewall-cmd --reload

53. Allow traffic on a specific port range from a specific country:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source country="US" port port="8000-9000" protocol="tcp" accept' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

54. Block traffic to a specific domain for a specific service (e.g., SSH):

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" destination domain="example.com" service name="ssh" drop' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

55. Allow traffic on a custom port range for a specific service (e.g., SNMP):

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-service=snmp --add-port=6000-7000/tcp --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

56. Allow traffic for a specific user and specific service:

sudo firewall-cmd --direct --add-rule ipv4 filter OUTPUT 0 -m owner --uid-owner username -p tcp --dport 1234 -j ACCEPT sudo firewall-cmd --reload

57. Block ICMP echo requests (ping) from a specific IP address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source address="192.168.1.2" protocol="icmp" icmp-type="8" drop' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

58. Allow traffic on a specific port range for a specific application:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" application="my\_custom\_app" port port="8000-9000" protocol="tcp" accept' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

59. Block traffic from a specific IP address range on a specific port:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source address="192.168.0.0/24" port port="9876" protocol="tcp" drop' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

60. Allow incoming traffic on a specific port for both TCP and UDP, limiting it to a specific user:

sudo firewall-cmd --direct --add-rule ipv4 filter INPUT 0 -m owner --uid-owner username -p tcp --dport 8080 -j ACCEPT sudo firewall-cmd --direct --add-rule ipv4 filter INPUT 0 -m owner --uid-owner username -p udp --dport 8080 -j ACCEPT sudo firewall-cmd --reload

61. Allow traffic on a specific port for a range of IP addresses during specific days and times:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source address="192.168.1.10-192.168.1.20" port port="8080" protocol="tcp" accept' --permanent --active-on=Mon,Tue,Wed,Thu,Fri --active-at="08:00-17:00" sudo firewall-cmd --reload

62. Allow traffic on a specific port range for both TCP and UDP, limiting it to a specific user and interface:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source address="192.168.1.2" port port="8000-9000" protocol="tcp" accept' --permanent --interface=eth0 sudo firewall-cmd --reload

63. Block traffic from a specific MAC address for a specific service:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source mac="00:11:22:33:44:55" service name="ftp" drop' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

64. Allow traffic on a custom port range for a specific application and user:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" application="my\_custom\_app" port port="8000-9000" protocol="tcp" accept' --permanent --direct --add-rule ipv4 filter OUTPUT 0 -m owner --uid-owner username -j ACCEPT sudo firewall-cmd --reload

65. Block incoming and outgoing traffic on a specific port for a specific user:

sudo firewall-cmd --direct --add-rule ipv4 filter INPUT 0 -m owner --uid-owner username -p tcp --dport 9876 -j DROP sudo firewall-cmd --direct --add-rule ipv4 filter OUTPUT 0 -m owner --uid-owner username -p tcp --dport 9876 -j DROP sudo firewall-cmd --reload

66. Allow traffic on a specific port for a specific service and network interface:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" service name="http" port port="8080" protocol="tcp" accept' --permanent --interface=eth1 sudo firewall-cmd --reload

67. Allow traffic on a specific port for a specific service and source IP address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" service name="ssh" port port="2222" protocol="tcp" source address="192.168.1.2" accept' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

68. Block traffic from a specific country on a specific port for a specific service:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source country="CN" port port="80" protocol="tcp" service name="http" drop' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

69. Allow traffic on a specific port range for a specific application and destination IP address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" application="my\_custom\_app" port port="8000-9000" protocol="tcp" destination address="192.168.1.2" accept' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

70. Block traffic from a specific MAC address for a specific service and interface:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source mac="00:11:22:33:44:55" service name="ftp" drop' --permanent --interface=eth0 sudo firewall-cmd --reload

71. Allow traffic on a specific port range for a specific application, user, and interface:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" application="my\_custom\_app" port port="8000-9000" protocol="tcp" accept' --permanent --direct --add-rule ipv4 filter OUTPUT 0 -m owner --uid-owner username -o eth1 -j ACCEPT sudo firewall-cmd --reload

72. Block incoming traffic on a specific port range for a specific country:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" source country="RU" port port="3000-4000" protocol="tcp" drop' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

73. Allow traffic on a specific port for a specific service, source IP address, and interface:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" service name="http" port port="8080" protocol="tcp" source address="192.168.1.2" accept' --permanent --interface=eth1 sudo firewall-cmd --reload

74. Allow traffic on a specific port range for a specific application, user, and source IP address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" application="my\_custom\_app" port port="8000-9000" protocol="tcp" accept' --permanent --direct --add-rule ipv4 filter OUTPUT 0 -m owner --uid-owner username -s 192.168.1.2 -j ACCEPT sudo firewall-cmd --reload

75. Block traffic on a specific port for a specific service and source IP address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" service name="http" port port="8080" protocol="tcp" source address="192.168.1.2" drop' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

76. Allow traffic on a specific port range for a specific application, user, and destination IP address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" application="my\_custom\_app" port port="8000-9000" protocol="tcp" accept' --permanent --direct --add-rule ipv4 filter OUTPUT 0 -m owner --uid-owner username -d 192.168.1.2 -j ACCEPT sudo firewall-cmd --reload

77. Allow traffic on a specific port for a specific service, source MAC address, and interface:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" service name="http" port port="8080" protocol="tcp" source mac="00:11:22:33:44:55" accept' --permanent --interface=eth0 sudo firewall-cmd --reload

78. Block incoming traffic on a specific port range for a specific application:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" application="my\_custom\_app" port port="8000-9000" protocol="tcp" drop' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

79. Allow traffic on a specific port for a specific service, source MAC address, and source IP address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" service name="http" port port="8080" protocol="tcp" source mac="00:11:22:33:44:55" source address="192.168.1.2" accept' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

80. Allow traffic on a specific port range for a specific application, user, source IP address, and interface:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" application="my\_custom\_app" port port="8000-9000" protocol="tcp" accept' --permanent --direct --add-rule ipv4 filter OUTPUT 0 -m owner --uid-owner username -s 192.168.1.2 -o eth1 -j ACCEPT sudo firewall-cmd --reload

81. Allow traffic on a specific port range for a specific application, user, source IP address, and interface:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" application="my\_custom\_app" port port="8000-9000" protocol="tcp" accept' --permanent --direct --add-rule ipv4 filter OUTPUT 0 -m owner --uid-owner username -s 192.168.1.2 -o eth1 -j ACCEPT sudo firewall-cmd --reload

82. Block incoming traffic on a specific port range for a specific application and source IP address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" application="my\_custom\_app" port port="8000-9000" protocol="tcp" source address="192.168.1.2" drop' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

83. Allow traffic on a specific port for a specific service, source MAC address, and interface:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" service name="http" port port="8080" protocol="tcp" source mac="00:11:22:33:44:55" accept' --permanent --interface=eth0 sudo firewall-cmd --reload

84. Block incoming traffic on a specific port range for a specific application and destination IP address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" application="my\_custom\_app" port port="8000-9000" protocol="tcp" destination address="192.168.1.2" drop' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

85. Allow traffic on a specific port range for a specific application, user, and destination IP address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" application="my\_custom\_app" port port="8000-9000" protocol="tcp" accept' --permanent --direct --add-rule ipv4 filter OUTPUT 0 -m owner --uid-owner username -d 192.168.1.2 -j ACCEPT sudo firewall-cmd --reload

86. Allow traffic on a specific port for a specific service, source MAC address, and source IP address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" service name="http" port port="8080" protocol="tcp" source mac="00:11:22:33:44:55" source address="192.168.1.2" accept' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

87. Block incoming traffic on a specific port range for a specific application and interface:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" application="my\_custom\_app" port port="8000-9000" protocol="tcp" drop' --permanent --interface=eth0 sudo firewall-cmd --reload

88. Allow traffic on a specific port for a specific service, source IP address, and interface:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" service name="http" port port="8080" protocol="tcp" source address="192.168.1.2" accept' --permanent --interface=eth1 sudo firewall-cmd --reload

89. Block incoming traffic on a specific port range for a specific application, user, and source IP address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" application="my\_custom\_app" port port="8000-9000" protocol="tcp" source address="192.168.1.2" drop' --permanent --direct --add-rule ipv4 filter OUTPUT 0 -m owner --uid-owner username -s 192.168.1.2 -j DROP sudo firewall-cmd --reload

90. Allow traffic on a specific port range for a specific application, user, and destination IP address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" application="my\_custom\_app" port port="8000-9000" protocol="tcp" accept' --permanent --direct --add-rule ipv4 filter OUTPUT 0 -m owner --uid-owner username -d 192.168.1.2 -j ACCEPT sudo firewall-cmd --reload

91. Allow traffic on a specific port range for a specific application, user, and source IP address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" application="my\_custom\_app" port port="8000-9000" protocol="tcp" accept' --permanent --direct --add-rule ipv4 filter OUTPUT 0 -m owner --uid-owner username -s 192.168.1.2 -j ACCEPT sudo firewall-cmd --reload

92. Block incoming traffic on a specific port range for a specific application and source IP address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" application="my\_custom\_app" port port="8000-9000" protocol="tcp" source address="192.168.1.2" drop' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

93. Allow traffic on a specific port for a specific service, source MAC address, and interface:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" service name="http" port port="8080" protocol="tcp" source mac="00:11:22:33:44:55" accept' --permanent --interface=eth0 sudo firewall-cmd --reload

94. Block incoming traffic on a specific port range for a specific application and destination IP address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" application="my\_custom\_app" port port="8000-9000" protocol="tcp" destination address="192.168.1.2" drop' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

95. Allow traffic on a specific port for a specific service, source MAC address, and source IP address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" service name="http" port port="8080" protocol="tcp" source mac="00:11:22:33:44:55" source address="192.168.1.2" accept' --permanent sudo firewall-cmd --reload

96. Block incoming traffic on a specific port range for a specific application and interface:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" application="my\_custom\_app" port port="8000-9000" protocol="tcp" drop' --permanent --interface=eth0 sudo firewall-cmd --reload

97. Allow traffic on a specific port for a specific service, source IP address, and interface:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" service name="http" port port="8080" protocol="tcp" source address="192.168.1.2" accept' --permanent --interface=eth1 sudo firewall-cmd --reload

98. Block incoming traffic on a specific port range for a specific application, user, and source IP address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" application="my\_custom\_app" port port="8000-9000" protocol="tcp" source address="192.168.1.2" drop' --permanent --direct --add-rule ipv4 filter OUTPUT 0 -m owner --uid-owner username -s 192.168.1.2 -j DROP sudo firewall-cmd --reload

99. Allow traffic on a specific port range for a specific application, user, and destination IP address:

sudo firewall-cmd --zone=public --add-rich-rule='rule family="ipv4" application="my\_custom\_app" port port="8000-9000" protocol="tcp" accept' --permanent --direct --add-rule ipv4 filter OUTPUT 0 -m owner --uid-owner username -d 192.168.1.2 -j ACCEPT sudo firewall-cmd --reload

100. Block incoming and outgoing traffic on a specific port for a specific user: bash sudo firewall-cmd --direct --add-rule ipv4 filter INPUT 0 -m owner --uid-owner username -p tcp --dport 9876 -j DROP sudo firewall-cmd --direct --add-rule ipv4 filter OUTPUT 0 -m owner --uid-owner username -p tcp --dport 9876 -j DROP sudo firewall-cmd --reload