

Strict Deadline: Friday, June 5, 2020

Yaşar University
Spring, 2019-2020
SE4406 – Mobile Robotics Programming
Asst. Prof. Dr. Deniz Özsoyeller

Final Project

Notes:

- ❖ Only Sakai Submissions will be accepted. Do not send your project via email!
- ❖ Late submissions (submissions after deadline) will not be accepted.
- ❖ This is an individual project (not a group project).
- ❖ The remaining part of the final project consists of 3 short tasks (Task-1: %10, Task-2: %5, Task-3: %15)

1. Call Gazebo simulator's `"/gazebo/set_model_state"` Service in a C++/Python code (named **gazeboservices.cpp/.py**) to change the default initial location of turtlebot3. Test your code in the world started with `"turtlebot3_stage_1.launch"` file.

I recommend you to check the following helper websites:

- http://docs.ros.org/jade/api/gazebo_msgs/html/srv/SetModelState.html
- http://docs.ros.org/jade/api/gazebo_msgs/html/msg/ModelStates.html
- http://gazebosim.org/tutorials/?tut=ros_comm#SetModelStateExample
- Do a web search with the keyword "Calling gazebo service set_model_state in C++ Code"

2. Modify the `"wallfollowing.cpp"` code in Sakai (SE4406_ DElecture6), so that it will work in a **ROS Stage Simulator** for an Erratic Robot equipped with a **Hokuyo** laser sensor. Name your modified file as **"wallfollowingstage.cpp"**. Use the `"world2.world"` file in SE4406_ DElecture3. Use the `closedenv.png` image file in Sakai in this world.

Some hints:

- The core wall following algorithm will be the same.
- But, since now you have a different sensor: Hokuyo 2D laser scanner, the size of the ranges data should be different. In other words, it is not 360 (See SE4406_ DElecture6). So, you have to do necessary changes in `MakeSmoothScan()` function.
- Also, the values set for speed, turn_rate, follow_distance, safe_distance should be different in Stage.
- You should subscribe to the topic `/base_scan` instead of `/scan`.

3. Combine the “movetogoal.py” and “wallfollowing.cpp” codes into a single “wallgoal.cpp” file. This node will make Turtlebot3 to first move to a goal point $x=0.5$ and $y=-0.2$, stop when it reaches this goal, and then continue with wall following starting from this reached point.

Subtasks:

- 3.1. You should start executing this node from a launch file named “wallgoallaunch.launch”.
- 3.2. **Create a Service** yourself which will receive 4 doubles representing the coordinates of two points and returns the euclidean distance between these points. Call this service in the “double euclidean_distance(geometry_msgs::Pose goal_pose)” function of your “wallgoal.cpp” node.
- 3.3. You should put the goal point’s **parameters** in a **yaml** file. Include this yaml file in your “wallgoallaunch.launch” file. Then get these parameters calling **getParam** function in “wallgoal.cpp” code and assign them to goal_pose.position.x and goal_pose.position.y, respectively.

Note: Study SE4406_DELecture4 for setting parameters, yaml files and services.

Sakai Submission Guidelines:

