

# Basic's of Privacy and Security

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# Topics Covered

- .Basic Threat Modeling
- .Bad Passwords & Password Advice
- .Social Engineering
- .Building a Secure Foundation
- .Helping Others
- .Sources and Resources
- .Q&A

This talk isn't a memory test, you  
can get a copy of the slides if you  
want to take more of the talk on  
board

You don't have to use all or any of  
the tips, it's up to you to take  
appropriate measures to protect  
yourself

# Privacy != Security

They are co-dependent on each other

Privacy helps Security  
Security helps Privacy

I don't distinguish between benefits as  
they are so linked for the purpose of  
this talk

This talk will not help you hide from the NSA  
or whoever

If they want into your devices, no matter the  
precautions you take, as soon as you make  
a mistake, you will loose to them

You will make that mistake sooner or later

I absolutely guarantee that you will

# Basic Threat Modeling

# What is Threat Modeling?

We do instinctively, when we cross the road etc

In it's simplest form, it allows us to anticipate the threats that could affect you

# How to Threat Model

Know what you want to protect

Know the bad things that could happen

Figure out how likely it is that bad things could happen

Mitigate the bad things happening



What threats are there to a  
house?

What defensive measures  
do you take?

# Your house has...?

## Assets

You have valuable items you'd like to keep

## Threats

Burglary is a thing

## Risks

There is a non zero chance that threats could succeed

## Mitigations

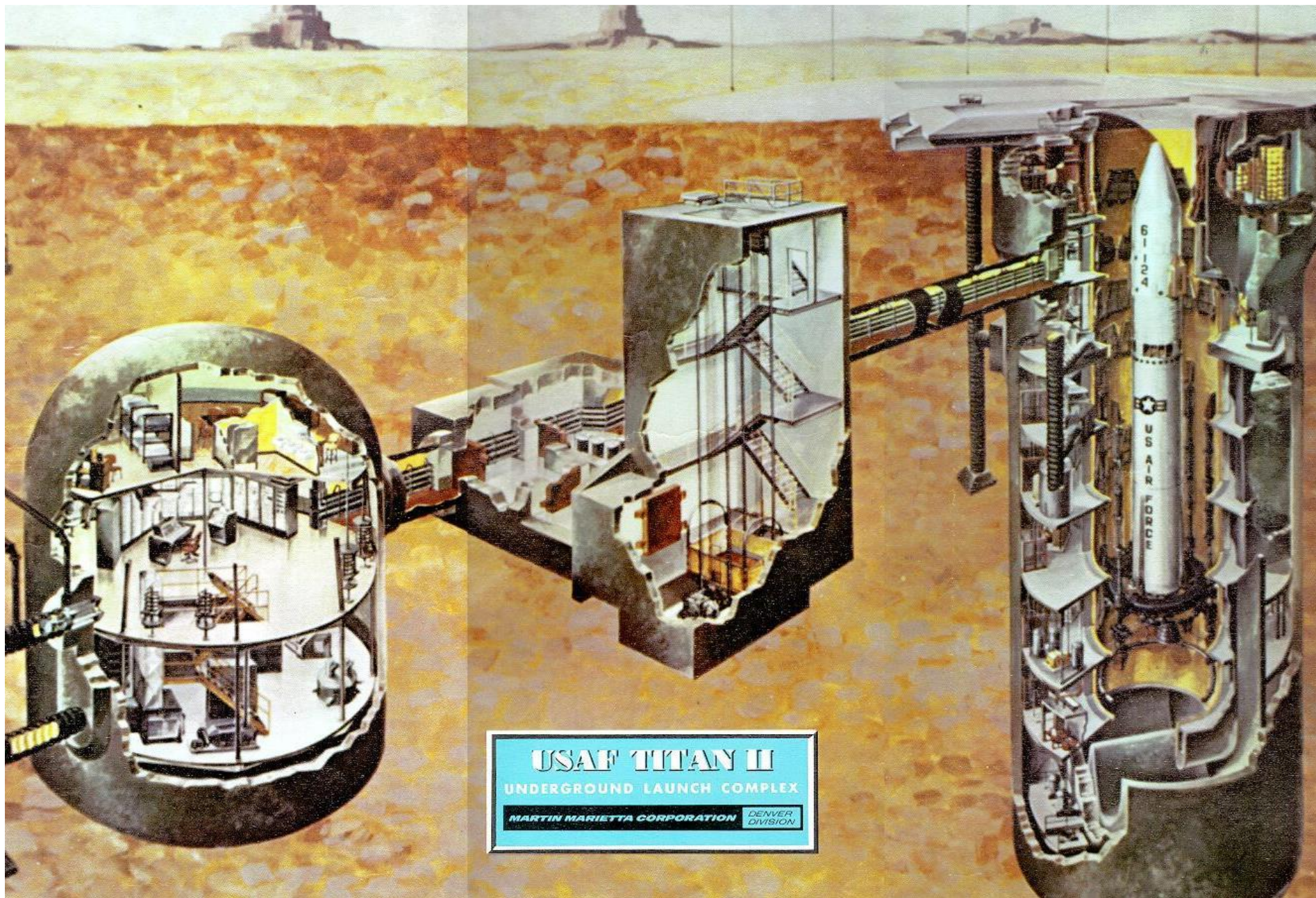
Locks, camera's, alarms, dogs etc

# Improving our defences!

So obviously what we need is

1. Key card access on all doors and entry points, including for pets and your armed guards
2. Air tight rooms where Oxygen/CO<sub>2</sub> consumption and motion is monitored
3. The only entrance being blast proof doors





**USAF TITAN II**  
UNDERGROUND LAUNCH COMPLEX  
MARTIN MARIETTA CORPORATION DENVER DIVISION



Can everyone but me  
live in a bunker?

# So how does the threat act?

There are two types of Burglars, Opportunistic & Targeted

Targeted are like they NSA.

They can defeat and undermine your defences

They will do surveillance and know your movements

If they want what you have, they get it.

# Opportunistic Burglary

The most common form of attacker

Will break in quickly, for short periods of time in broad daylight

Looks for valuable but quickly fencible or launderable items

They go for the least visibly secured target

# Not being at the bottom

Locked doors, in theory stops people

External letterbox/no keys near the front door

Privacy blinds to hide/obscure assets

CCTV camera's real or fake

Gate and fenced front garden slow them down



# Threat Modeling Us and Others

What are we worried about?

Mostly just cyber crime

- We or family members are hacked

- Attacked by malware

- Victims of phishing or scams

# So what threats do we face?

Bad passwords/password advice

Social Engineering

Not having a secure foundation to  
work from

# Bad Passwords & Password Advice

Does anyone know who Bill Burr is or what  
NIST Special Publication 800-63  
Appendix A is?

A minimum of 8 character passwords

Include at least one upper case letter, one lower case letter, one number and one special character

Used a dictionary to prevent subscribers from including common words and prevented permutations of the username as a password

Change it every 90 days.

Bill was a manager at NIST

He had no knowledge of security

His entire set of recommendations was based off of one paper, from the 1980's when there was no internet and the threat landscape was very different

In short;

"Much of what I did, I regret"

Bill Burr

Aug. 7, 2017

<https://www.wsj.com/articles/the-man-who-wrote-those-password-rules-has-a-new-tip-n3v-r-m1-d-1502124118>

# Password Best Practices

Be sure to use a different passphrase for every account or device you have.

Never share a passphrase or your strategy for creating them with anyone else, including coworkers/family etc

Avoid easy-to-guess or commonly used passphrases

Be careful of websites that require you to answer personal questions

Mobile devices often require a PIN to protect access to them and  
Pin == Password

Do not use public computers

<https://www.sans.org/security-awareness-training/resources/passphrases>



# Password Managers

Encrypted database of your passwords

It should be simple for you to use

It should work on all devices you need to use passwords on

Only use well-known and trusted password managers

Lastpass, Dashlane, KeyPass

It should automatically generate strong passwords

It should be able to store other data too

Make sure your choice patches regularly

<https://www.sans.org/security-awareness-training/ouch-newsletter/2017/password-managers>

# Two Factor Auth

aka Two Step Verification/2FA

Even bad passwords are saved by 2FA

Protects against phishing

Imperfect solution sometimes if not FIDO Certified

SMS messages

Yubikey with U2F and NFC is good enough

Google Titan Key's are the gold standard

<https://www.sans.org/security-awareness-training/resources/two-step-verification>

# A note on bad passwords & 2FA

Mark Risher, Google's account security guy @00:26:30;

*"Some bad advice we've given for years and years and years, which is you should never write down your passwords, and that comes from a bygone era where people had a workstation or a mainframe that was in their office and their threat model was the cleaning crew or people coming through the building, who might see a postit note stuck on your monitor and use that to login. That advice no longer works in global threats and remote login scenarios"*

If you can't remember long passwords OR use password managers, there's no issues using bad and/or written down passwords and 2FA given the assumed threat model of cyber crime etc

<https://www.lawfareblog.com/lawfare-podcast-mark-risher-google-advanced-protection>

# Social Engineering

# Social Engineering

The art or better yet, science, of skilfully manoeuvring human beings to take action in some aspect of their lives

Has a valid place in Security and society

But tends only to be used by criminal, con men and magicians

Scammers will attempt to maneuver or engineer you into giving up some detail about you in order to complete a scam

# Scams

## Nigerian Princes

You pay '*legal fees*' get money

## Tech Support Scams

Microsoft doesn't take such personal care to call you about your problems

Used to take control of PC's and deploy banking malware etc

## Bank impersonations

If banks call you, stop and you call them back

Do not give the caller any confidential information

# Building a Secure Foundation



# The Secure Foundation

Choosing the right devices

Choosing the right tools

Securing your devices

# Choosing the Right Devices

# Device Selection

You need to go beyond the spec's and look at the supply chain as many devices come with bloatware

Can be to *improve* user experience or also as a way to monetize devices

But can also be Malware such as Spyware and Rootkits

Good devices should allow you to do a clean OS install without add-ons OR come without bloatware

Device has Linux support or buy Win 10 Pro

# Lenovo

Ship devices with:

Rootkits preinstalled

Spyware

SuperFish MITM tool

1. <https://boingboing.net/2015/08/12/lenovo-preloaded-laptops-with.html>
2. <https://www.computerworld.com/article/2984889/lenovo-collects-usage-data-on-thinkpad-thinkcentre-and-thinkstation-pcs.html>
3. <https://www.theguardian.com/technology/2015/feb/19/lenovo-accused-compromising-user-security-installing-adware-pcs-superfish>
3. <https://www.pcworld.com/article/2886827/bravo-windows-defender-update-fully-removes-lenovos-dangerous-superfish-malware.html>

# Huawei

Ship devices with:

Drivers that mimic DoublePulsar

Has API's with undocumented  
root API privileges

1. <https://arstechnica.com/gadgets/2019/03/how-microsoft-found-a-huawei-driver-that-opened-systems-up-to-attack/>
2. <https://medium.com/@topjohnwu/huaweis-undocumented-apis-a-backdoor-to-reinstall-google-services-c3a5dd71a7cd>

# OnePlus

Ship devices with:

Software that collects data you copy that contains keywords

Software that extensively monitors your device usage and calls home

1.

[https://twitter.com/fs0c131y/status/956628910308982785?ref\\_src=twsrc%5Etfw%7Ctwcamp%5Etweetembed%7Ctwterm%5E956628910308982785&ref\\_url=https%3A%2F%2Fbgr.com%2F2018%2F01%2F26%2Foneplus-data-collection-clipboard-app%2F2](https://twitter.com/fs0c131y/status/956628910308982785?ref_src=twsrc%5Etfw%7Ctwcamp%5Etweetembed%7Ctwterm%5E956628910308982785&ref_url=https%3A%2F%2Fbgr.com%2F2018%2F01%2F26%2Foneplus-data-collection-clipboard-app%2F2).

2.

[https://www.reddit.com/r/oneplus/comments/4t20ri/oxygenos\\_reports\\_back\\_tons\\_of\\_data\\_with/](https://www.reddit.com/r/oneplus/comments/4t20ri/oxygenos_reports_back_tons_of_data_with/)

# Samsung

Ship devices with:

A storage system that sends data  
back to an Anti Virus company  
that you should not trust

[https://www.reddit.com/r/Android/comments/ektg8u/chinese\\_spyware\\_preinstalled\\_on\\_all\\_samsung/](https://www.reddit.com/r/Android/comments/ektg8u/chinese_spyware_preinstalled_on_all_samsung/)

# Useful Privacy & Security Tools



I can't tell you what the best tool is. I can only tell you that tools exist and that they can defend you against certain threats

No tool will defend you against all threats

You need to look at the threats to you and to choose the best tool for you to defend against the threats you worry about

# Firefox

Give you full control of what you want your browser to do even enabling and disabling security features

Fully sandboxed with strict same origin policy and forces HTTPS with DNS over HTTPS

Blocks trackers, pixels and malicious content

Containerizes sites like Facebook with exceptionally excessive tracking

Provides guides on securing yourself how you want

1. <https://support.mozilla.org/en-US/products/firefox/privacy-and-security>
2. <https://support.mozilla.org/en-US/products/firefox/protect-your-privacy>

# Why not Chrome?!

1. Google is introducing Manifest V3 which doesn't have the `webRequest` API and without it, you can't request what URL's are loading to block tracking or prevent drive by malware
2. Google is actively blocking new builds of adblockers just beacuase

1. <https://www.forbes.com/sites/kateoflahertyuk/2019/05/30/google-just-gave-2-billion-chrome-users-a-reason-to-switch-to-firefox/#7a554fe6751f>

2. <https://github.com/uBlockOrigin/uBlock-issues/issues/745>

# uBlock Origin

## Security

Filters malicious URL's

Audits hyperlinks

Strict malicious domain blocking

Prevents most Drive-by attacks

## Privacy

Blocks ads and does cosmetic filtering to fill gaps for ads

Blocks link prefetching

Prevents IP address leaks

Blocks pop ups better than Chrome

Blocks remote fonts and JS requests

# Other Tools

## Privacy Badger

Prevents multisite trackers

Audits cookies

Blocks more hidden forms of tracking like super cookies and behavioural tracking

## HTTPS Everywhere

Chrome & Firefox force HTTPS but doesn't block non-HTTPS requests, this does.

Breaks trackers

# This isn't without it's flaws...

Some sites hate that you attempt to protect your privacy... Some of these add-ons to Firefox can break some sites

Privacy Badger causes the most issues but it's still once in a blue moon and easily fixed my moving sliders from red to green

VPN's

# Pros

Prevents Metadata leakage such as domains to network providers and ISP's

Pirate Content

Stream Content from the UK or US etc

Military Grade Encryption



# Cons

VPN's cause Choke Points and Choke Points are excellent for monitoring traffic and doing traffic analysis

Unprovable security claims

No logs

Good crypto is great but implementations can be poor (CVE-2020-0601)

# Trade Off's

While it does prevent metadata leakage to ISP's and network providers, it just changes who can see the metadata

Doesn't protect your data over open WIFI because HTTPS does since TLS

# Private Internet Access

Private Internet Access is now owned by Kape Technologies

Kape used to be Crossrider

Crossrider distributes AdWare and tracks everything you do in a browser

Your VPN might now work like HotSpot Shield Free

<https://telegra.ph/Private-Internet-Access-VPN-acquired-by-malware-business-founded-by-former-Israeli-spies-12-01>

Also if I was the NSA, the first thing I would have done post Snowden when VPN marketing exploded was pump billions into a global VPN with HUGE marketing and get everyone on board and collect metadata that way

# So What if you want a VPN?

Honestly, the only good one is one you control in a location you want to pirate content from or you want to stream content from

VPN's you set up can also block ads at the network level by blackholing

# Alternatives?

Using TLS 1.3 and DNS over HTTPS

End to end encrypted connections

Less Metadata leaks - Domains and  
Server Name Indication

Perfect Forward Secrecy guaranteed

You still have trade off's like IP's leaking  
and geo blocking.

<https://content.sciendo.com/view/journals/popets/2019/4/article-p190.xml?lang=en>

<https://support.mozilla.org/en-US/kb/firefox-dns-over-https>

Anti Virus

# Lets Talk about Anti Virus

Their basic function is as a kernel hooking engine, identically to how malware uses a hooking engine

Malware takes advantage of the fact that AV hooking engine and this is why AV products sometimes are flagged as malicious

BUT if you OS Provider has an AV system use it! Like say Windows Defender – Literally the top rate AV

Don't waste your money on garbage third party AV

<https://www.av-test.org/en/antivirus/home-windows/windows-10/october-2019/microsoft-windows-defender-4.18-194015/>



# Device Security and Privacy

# Device Security and Privacy

General Tips

iOS

Android

Windows

Mac

Linux

Securing Networks

# General Tips

Set login pin/passwords to more than 8 chars

Encrypt your devices

Don't use the admin account for everyday uses. Set up a standard user account

Review your installed apps/programs

Keep your system updated

Backups! Backups! Backups!

Review which apps can access your personal data

Don't share your location with apps and audit location services

<https://spreadprivacy.com/device-privacy-protection/>

# iOS

Enable data erasure after 10 failed logins

Be careful if you don't have solid backups as you can lose everything

Enable "Limit ad tracking"

Periodically reset your advertising identifier

Don't show notifications in the lock screen for sensitive apps

# Android

Audit Google's data collection

<https://myactivity.google.com/myactivity>

Block apps from Unknown Sources

Check App Permissions when installing apps

Audit which apps you want syncing with the cloud

Review default apps

Don't show notifications in the lock screen for sensitive apps

<https://spreadprivacy.com/android-privacy-tips/>

# Mac

Make sure the firewall is turned on

Enable stealth mode

Set the computer to log out after a period of inactivity

Require an admin password for system-wide changes

Restrict which types of apps are allowed to run on your Mac

Stop sending diagnostics and usage data

# Linux

Don't think your immune because you're running Linux

Activate your screensaver when idle with screen lock

Lock down remote connection settings

Turn off listening services you don't need

Make sure you have a firewall running

Restrict privileged access with SELinux or AppArmor

<https://spreadprivacy.com/linux-privacy-tips/>

# Windows General Advice

Seriously! Don't use your admin account for daily usage

92% of all critical vulns are mitigated by standard accounts

Use EMET(EOL) on Win7/8/8.1 or Process Mitigation Management Tool on Win10

Prevent exploitation before they happen

<https://www.avecto.com/news-and-events/news/removing-admin-rights-mitigates-92-percent-of-critical-microsoft-vulnerabilities>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/security/threat-protection/windows-defender-exploit-guard/exploit-protection-exploit-guard>



# Windows 7

END OF LIFE IS 14/01/2020

You will no longer receive security updates and be able to adequately secure the platform unless a catastrophic wormable Zero Day such as Wannacry

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/4057281>

<https://www.wired.com/story/microsoft-windows-xp-patch-very-bad-sign/>

# Windows 7/8/8.1

Opt out of the Customer Experience Improvement Program

Turn off Remote Assistance and Remote Desktop

Remove tracking and data collection updates

If Sharing a device with others;

- Check the sharing options for your account profiles

- Keep certain files and folders private

<https://spreadprivacy.com/windows-7-privacy-tips/>

# Windows 10

You don't have to link your PC with a Microsoft account

Randomize your hardware address on WiFi

Don't automatically connect to open WiFi networks

Disable Cortana to keep voice data private

Watch out for system updates changing your privacy settings

Don't share your advertising ID with apps on your system

<https://spreadprivacy.com/windows-10-privacy-tips/>

# Windows 10

Stop your speaking and typing being sent to the cloud

Keep your account info private

Restrict the apps that can send or receive messages

Decide whether apps can control radios such as  
Bluetooth

Control apps' ability to sync with non-pairing devices

Limit the feedback and usage data that is sent to  
Microsoft

<https://spreadprivacy.com/windows-10-privacy-tips/>

# Securing Networks

Change the default admin password

Change the default name of your wireless network

Only use WPA2 or WPA3

If you use a guest network, secure it the same way

Disable WPS(Wi-Fi Protected Setup)

# Advanced Topics

# Preventative Measures

Have Signal Installed and ready to go

Verify keys with ICE individuals for emergency situations

Have internet tunnel installed and ready to go

Either Tor or a VPN

You can't always install it when you might need it

# Helping Others



# Expectations

My mam wants to take this seriously and I can help her!

Sets up;

- New email account

- On her new tablet

- Uses a password manager

- Uses ok-ish password 10 chars long

This is gona be great! She'll never get hacked!

# Reality

My mam;

Forgets the password to her email

Never stored any passwords in the  
password manager

Is essentially locked out of her shiny  
new tablet...



# Lessons learned?

Most people are completely technologically illiterate and as much as they try, they will fail

We need to give them simple advice and let technology handle the rest

# Keep it simple stupid

Do the heavy lifting

Give basic advice they will  
understand

# Advice to give

Patch! Patch! Patch!

Backup! Backup! Backup!

Social Engineering

Give some of the Password advice

Use some of the above protective measures

# Sources and Resources

# Sources

DuckDuckGo Privacy Blog

<https://spreadprivacy.com/>

SANS Ouch! Newsletter

<https://www.sans.org/security-awareness-training/ouch-newsletter/>

EFF Surveillance Self-Defense

<https://ssd.eff.org/>



# Good reading

Threat Modeling by Adam Shostack

<https://threatmodelingbook.com/>

Smart Girls Guide to Privacy by Violet Blue

<https://nostarch.com/smartgirlsguide>

Social Engineering by Christopher Hadnagy

<https://www.wiley.com/en-us/Social+Engineering%3A+The+Art+of+Human+Hacking-p-9781118029718>

Q&A