Input/Output redirection

What will you learn:	
☐ Different types of I/O Types	
☐ I/O Redirection	

Types of I/O

Name	Abbreviation	File descriptor
Standard Input	stdin	0
Standard Output	stdout	1
Standard Error	stderr	2

- > Redirects Standard output to a file. Overwrites existing contents.
- >> Redirects standard output to a file. Appends to any existing contents in the file
- Redirects input from a file to a command

- & signals to file descriptor is being used
- 2> file Redirect stderr to a file
- 2>&1 combine stderr and stdout

## Pipe

" | " -> to send the output of one program to another program for further processing \$cat testfile | less

\$head -> display the head of a file. By default 10 lines

example: \$head test.txt

Options:

-'n' -> where 'n' is number of lines

example: \$head -4 test.txt -> display first 4 lines of test.txt

\$tail -> display the tail of a file . By default 10 lines

example: \$tail test.txt

**Options:** 

-'n' -> where 'n' is number of lines example: \$tail -4 test.txt -> display last 4 lines of test.txt

-f -> hang on file after displaying the lines

example: \$tail -f test.txt -> display last 10 lines and hangs on file.

```
Summary:
stdin - 0
stdout - 1
stderr - 2
     - Redirects input from a file to a command
         $cat < test.txt - redirects stdin from a file
     - Redirects Standard output to a file with file descriptor 1. Overwrites existing contents
     - Redirects Standard error to a file with file descriptor 2. Overwrites existing contents
                    $ cat test.txt > output.txt - redirects stdout to a file
         $ cat test.txt 1> output.txt - redirects stdout to a file
         $ cat test.txt 2> output.txt - Redirects Stderr to a file
     - Redirects Stdout to a file with file descriptor 1. Appends to file
     - Redirects Stderr to a file with file descriptor 2. Appends to file
         $ cat test.txt >> output.txt - redirects and append stdout to a file
         $ cat test.txt 1>> output.txt - redirects and append stdout to a file
         $ cat no exist file 2>> output.txt - append Stderr to a file (no exist file doesn't exist)
```

& - signals to file descriptor is being used

\$ cat test.txt no\_exist\_file > both.txt 2&1 - Redirects stdout and stderr to the same file \$ cat test.txt no\_exist\_file > both.txt 2&1 - appends stdout and stderr to the same file

## **Pipe**

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