

CHAPTER FOUR

BRIGHT SPOTS ON THE DARKNET

The darknet is not all creepy, prohibited content. There is definitely no lack of criminal malware or forums marketplaces under the surface net, but there is also a few valid sites and communities.

To be clear, the darknet remains, well, dangerous and dark. You should not simply download a Tor browser and go digging for hazard intelligence. Not everybody who heads under the surface net, however, is hoping to purchase stolen passwords or lease a botnet for hire. Some Tor consumers are just hoping to read the information, get an ad-free search encounter or play a game of chess.

Bear in mind, the darknet isn't like the deep net. The deep net includes any services which are not available to the public, such as corporate intranet webpages or internet banking portals. The darknet is described as sites and services which are not found by major search engines or reachable by ordinary browsers. It is estimated that there are somewhere between 10,000 and 100,000 sites on the dark net, based on TechRepublic.

Globally, there are approximately two million users of this Tor browser. A number of these Tor users are up to no good. Others only wish to navigate the surface net anonymously, or sometimes contribute to healthy darknet content.

10 Bright Spots around the Darknet

While there is no shortage of dreadful content beneath the surface of this Net, in addition, there are some sites which have real value to the general attention. Others are enlightening or just entertaining. Listed below are 10 bright places to keep a look out for on the darknet.

Note: Prevent trying to get Onion websites from a surface net browser And

proceed with care.

1. The Chess

"The Chess" is a dark site devoted to completely anonymous games of chess, Played real time against a stranger. When you make an account, then you are able to take part in boundless gaming or discuss approach in committed forums. There is no cryptocurrency fee and also the principles are transparent. When there were any drawback, it could be the the UI of this site is much like gambling in Windows 95.

2. Academic Research

Darknet tools like Sci-Hub provide free access to thousands of Academic documents, but these solutions are not necessarily legal. You are better off sticking with routine net resources like Google Scholar to stop from breaking intellectual property legislation. Late last year, the American Journal of Freestanding Research Psychology (AJFRP) became the first open and free Darknet academic journal. All academic papers have to be filed by the original writers. It remains to be seen whether AJFRP will grow to be a successful job, or perhaps the very first of several darknet-based academic exchanges.

3. ProPublica

This American nonprofit news company has been the first Significant media outlet To make a dedicated presence on the darknet in 2016. ProPublica specializes in investigative public-interest journalism and has been the very first online-only source to win a Pulitzer Prize at 2010. The onion website provides anonymous access to people globally, such as readers in nations where journalism is closely censored.

"Everybody should Be Able to decide What Kinds of metadata that they Leave behind," ProPublica programmer Mike Tigas informed Wired. "We do not want anybody to know that you just came to us what you see."

4. SecureDrop

This open minded entry system is widely used by journalists . Anonymously communicate with resources. SecureDrop does not record a submitter's IP address or some other browser info, just storing the time and date of messages. Forbes, The New Yorker, The Washington Post and also Vice Media are only a few of many significant media outlets which use SecureDrop. A full record of embracing media outlets is available on the agency's surface site.

The U.S. government can also be experimentation with SecureDrop to possibly Accept anonymous vulnerability reports and collaborate with white hat hackers, per CyberScoop.

5. The CIA

Other agencies have embraced a presence on the darknet to promote anonymous Cooperation with resources. The U.S. Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) has an onion website using a "Contact Us" form. The website comprises a guarantee to "carefully safeguard all information you provide, including your individuality."

6. Tor Metrics

Tor Project Metrics includes a double presence around the surface net and darknet. It publishes anonymous information and analytics, providing insight to just how the Tor browser technology is currently utilized, and from whom. Academic study of Tor metrics demonstrated that 60 percent of Tor's use is for lawful purposes. Political censorship tops the list of why users download Tor for noncriminal purposes.

7. IIT Tunnels

The Illinois Institute of Technology campus at Chicago is Full of covert Tunnels, initially constructed for telecommunication access points, services entrances or steam vents. This elaborate underground community has inspired hundreds of student pranks and much more conspiracy theories. 1

darknet user committed to fully exploring these tunnels also has released his findings and photographs on the internet. While there is no guarantee the writer did not violate trespassing legislation, this darknet website is really clean entertainment.

8. Anonymous Email

There are lots of heavily encrypted email providers on the darknet. ProtonMail is one of the finest known. This end-to-end encrypted support was designed by MIT and CERN scientists also has an existence on the outside net. Like many other details of the darknet, entirely anonymized email is neither great nor bad by itself. It is neutral, and there are absolutely legitimate usage cases. By way of instance, an individual may install ProtonMail to make a darknet baseball account.

9. Ad-Free Search

You will find darknet search engines, but they are mostly research jobs that Try to index onion websites. Nearly All the deep net remains inaccessible Through any way apart from wiki lists. Darknet search engines like DuckDuckGo exist to crawl the outside net when shielding Tor user anonymity. You wont find onion websites on DuckDuckGo, but you will Have the Ability to hunt without Advertisements.

10. Tor Kittenz

Tor Kittenz is a now-defunct Tor site that was literally Only a slideshow Of user-submitted cat images. The site looked just like a 1990s-style throwback, but it was a welcome respite from content that is darker on the deep net.

Is Your Darknet All Bad?

The darknet is not entirely prohibited action. There are some bright spots in Between offender marketplaces and hacker forums. Additionally, there are significant use cases for darknet solutions, like anonymously communication with intelligence bureaus or amusement. In the same way, the countless Tor users globally does not signify the darknet has hit the mainstream.

Oftentimes, users download Tor to prevent censorship legislation or to just protect private data while surfing the outside net.

While there are wikis, forums and sites dedicated to indexing darknet Links, it is difficult to pin down precisely what is under the surface. The hidden web is not indexed by major search engines. The nearest we could come to knowing good versus bad on the darknet is through jobs like Hyperion Gray's data visualization channels . Aside from occasional bright places and valid usage instances, the sub-surface net is cloudy place best left to danger intelligence specialists .

7 Ways that the Hidden World of the Darknet Is Evolving

The darknet Is not as concealed as it was. The seamy electronic underbelly of the world wide web, according to your sources, could be diminishing or entering the mainstream. All things considered, any savvy person can work out how to obtain a Tor browser and then utilize cryptocurrency.

Risks are definitely greater than for cybercriminals Using the darknet To publicly market narcotics, stolen illegal or data services. The first Silk Road creator, Ross Ulbricht, has dropped appeals against a dual life sentence and 40 years for offenses of drug trafficking and money laundering under the top layer of the internet. Plus it's easy to feel that the darknet is not as funny as it was based on media stories. Narcotics traffickers are banning sales of their synthetic opioid fentanyl because of security concerns. Actually Facebook has gone dim with an onion website obtained by 1 million Tor browser users every month.

Even though the darknet is much more heavily trafficked than ever, the conflict is not over. Authentic hazard intelligence found in hard-to-access corners of the internet, far away from important marketplaces and media reports. Hazards to the venture beneath the surface net are not shrinking. In reality, based on recent research, hidden dangers to your company are growing quickly.

7 Darknet Threat Trends to Keep an Eye On

Global law enforcement agencies are working with coordinated Ability to close down darknet marketplaces. According to Bitcoin Magazine, the current shutdown of the dark website Wall Street Marketplace involved the

concerted efforts of the German Federal Criminal Police, the Dutch National Police, Europol, Eurojust, and assorted U.S. government agencies, such as the FBI, IRS and DOJ. When these efforts are laudable, fresh marketplaces demonstrate criminal trade isn't so readily stopped.

"Instability is now kind of baked to the dark-web market encounter," Darknet specialist Emily Wilson told The New York Times. "People do not get quite as fearful by [raids] because they did the first couple of times."

Unpredictable chances and increased risks of prosecution aren't enough to dissuade cybercriminals. More to the point, the most crucial enterprise risks operate deep underneath the surface.

1. The Darknet Is Over Tor

There is a frequent misconception that the darknet is a phrase for sites available with a Tor browser. But, there is more under the surface compared to .onion extensions.

The 'darknet', in general, means it is a community or space online that is not readily available to ordinary folks," said Andrei Barysevich of Recorded Future.

Barysevich noted that numerous criminal websites, forums and communities predate the invention of Tor. Though a few of those hubs have proceeded into Tor, others stay online with different protocols like I2P, GNUNet or even Riffle.

2. Enterprise Threats Are Growing

It is a dangerous error to completely connect the darknet with well-known dangers, like the selling of narcotics or script kiddies buying dispersed denial-of-service (DDoS) attacks as an agency. Between 2016 and 2019, there was a 20 percent gain in the amount of darknet listings which have potential to cause injury to associations, as per a recent academic analysis using Bromium. Growing dangers include:

Targeted malware;

Enterprise-specific DDoS providers;
Corporate information available;
Brand-spoofing phishing tools.

The best cybercriminals will also be highly guarded. Seventy percent Of sellers that participated with academic investigators were just keen to communicate through personal channels.

3. Darknet Trends Mirror Enterprise Threats

Darknet hazard trends closely reflect the evolution of the enterprise hazard vector. 1 such example involves the recent development of whaling strikes. This past year, 13 percent of strikes examined by IBM X-Force Incident Response and Intelligence Services (IRIS) involved company email compromise (BEC) or whaling, based on this "2019 IBM X-Force Threat Intelligence Index Report." Access to company email accounts may be purchased if whalers can not purchase the credentials they want from credential retailers. The normal price of compromising a company email account is only \$150, based on Digital Shadows.

4. Social Engineering Fodder Is Openly Exchanged

In 2019, there has been a disturbing tendency toward the sale of whole digital Identities belonging to people infected by malware, based on ZDNet. Each electronic profile comprises login credentials for internet banking, file sharing and social media. Web cookies, browser user-agent particulars, HTML5 canvas fingerprints and other information can also be included for a price ranging from \$5 to \$200.

Societal Engineering strikes are getting more concentrated. The most recent wave is immune to some kind of protection besides advanced behavioral analytics. This season has witnessed a rapid increase in direct extortion efforts against high-profile people, in addition to pretexting strikes where somebody assumes the identity of a trusted party. It is simple for threat celebrities to slide on a different likeness after buying a whole digital identity in 1 transaction.

5. Network Access Could Be Bought and Sold

The Array of services Which Can Be bought is wide, and hazard actors Prepared to cover immediate access can have it. According to the preceding academic analysis by Bromium, researchers have been provided backdoors into corporate networks -- though sellers refused to supply details on such backdoors with no significant upfront fee. At least 60 percentage of non sellers openly offered entry to over 10 high-profile company networks through remote access Trojans (RATs), exploits and keyloggers.

6. Your Intellectual Property May Be for Sale

The darknet is a sanctuary for the exchange of business trade secrets and intellectual property. Additionally, it is a hangout for malicious insiders that provide access to trade secrets. Forums even occasionally host talks about business workers likely to be exposed to extortion efforts. When the investigators supporting the Bromium report requested one seller about gaining community access to three major businesses, they found it was both economical and effortless. 1 darknet seller supplied "accessibility to the CEO" or to "get whatever we wanted out of their servers" for charges which varied from \$1,000--\$15,000.

In case your intellectual property has been compromised or you are employing a Malicious insider, it is difficult to tell because many strategies to darknet hazard tracking focus on key words or business alarms.

7. Risks Hide at the Recesses of the Darknet

Nearly All cybercriminals and the very sophisticated threat actors Operate outside perspective. The corners of this darknet contain criminal social networks, internet forums and password-protected communities. These haunts are probably even more vague than you believe.

The Amount of inbound hyperlinks to internet communities may be Utilized as one step of accessibility. Popular surface sites might have countless linking domain names. Recorded Future recently conducted an investigation of "top-tier criminal websites using significant barriers to entry and also a high amount of obscurity." These sites had a mean of 8.7 inbound hyperlinks, using a maximum number of 15 inbound hyperlinks. The strangest websites

contain the most precious threat intelligence.

The Darknet Is Simply Shrinking Away In The Surface

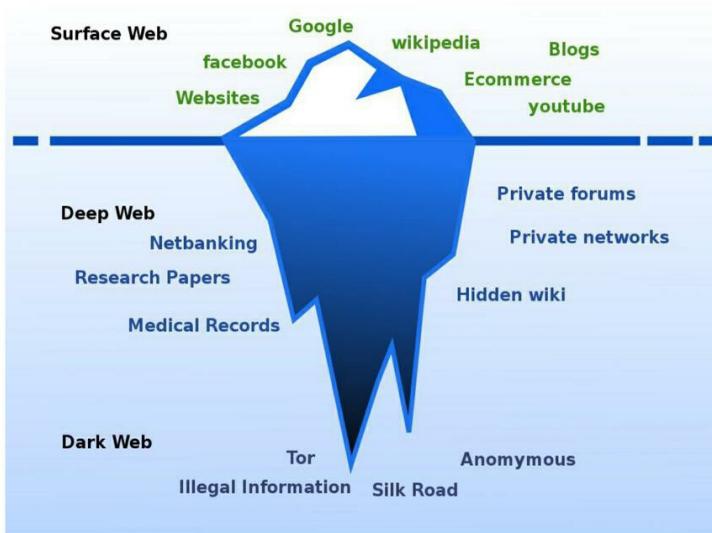
The Most Critical risks to the enterprise function from the hidden corners Of the internet. Cybercrime collectives and thoroughly skilled hackers discuss password-protected platforms, invitation-only forums and personal messaging programs. Digital communities with large barriers to entry are best for communicating between cybercrime collectives or even the open move of corporate intellectual property.

Since the darknet slides further beneath the surface, it is time for the Enterprise to appear deeper than surface-level cyberthreat intellect . The capacity to track, name and identify risks requires organizations to utilize hazard intelligence flows that reach to the corners of their hidden web. Darknet information is a workable intelligence resource, but only as long as your information accessibility is as wide-reaching and fast to evolve because cybercriminals.

The Darknet and Deep Web

In this Era of developing technologies, we hope the net. We hope it with making protected payments, keeping our health care history and sharing private photographs with family members and friends. We hope a site once it asserts our advice is protected from intruders and when our data is submitted individually, it's only ours to view.

But, Once data is submitted, sent, or clicked, it's public. Hackers can creep into these allegedly private portal sites and extract details.



The vast Internet includes 3 layers. The initial layer is public, comprising websites we use regularly like Facebook, Twitter, Amazon and LinkedIn. This coating makes up just 4% of the full Internet.

What's Another 96 percent? The deep net along with the darknet. The deep net, the next coating, is a system where information is stored in databases that are inaccessible. The darknet is that the third largest, deeper layer of the Web by which hackers congregate and ease meetings that are illegal. Clients whose information is broken don't have access to this darknet.

Tor (originally short for The Onion Router) started life as a U.S. Navy job for anonymous online action but is now employed by a broad assortment of classes, including the army, journalists, bloggers, activists and, yes, offenders. Tor makes communications more difficult to follow through traffic investigation by routing Internet action through a collection of network nodes, each ignorant of the entire path from beginning to finish. The trade-off for greater safety is slower rate.

To browse The darknet, we utilize a browser which allows us to get .onion websites with telephone browsers such as:

Tor Browser

TAILS Onion Browser

Or, Sites like "Tor2Web" and "Onion2web" may be used, allowing users to readily access .onion websites on browsers such as Google Chrome. As simple as this could be, it ensures that your IP address is vulnerable -- and whenever this occurs, you are open to all kinds of attacks from hackers.

Here are Some actions to shield your personal computer:

After users browse the darknet, it opens up their pc to potential scans and malware which could compromise their system. Don't browse the darknet from a computer onto your work system. Utilize a computer which you're inclined to reconstruct, and utilize a VPN to secure your network link. I would also recommend using applications that can guard your pc from any changes like:

- Deep Freeze
- Sandboxie
- SmartShield
- SysFreezer

Be safe and don't allow any Macros or scripts on a .onion website

Don't download files off untrusted or unknown websites.

Don't purchase anything on the darknet since there are a lot of scams. Buyers may never hear from the vendor, and what exactly you're buying could be prohibited.

Be cautious of what you might discover on the darknet since it might be associated with something illegal -- weapons, drugs, hackers, porn and classified information. You might need to report to the government that which you find and clarify what you're doing. Additional nearly all darkweb trades use cryptocurrencies such as Bitcoins, therefore it is entirely untraceable, and a refund is generally from the question.

Don't make enemies or friends on the darknet; messing with a hacker has the potential to mess up your life.

You can utilize services which can search for you personally, or Permit You to look in a secure way, such as Harris company's TORNADO.TM

What are Some motives to look for the darknet? There might be business data which could be on the darknet today, for example username and passwords, network maps, and other private information that could be debatable. Once