# Optimizing abyss with optimx

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"optimx" is a general-purpose optimization wrapper function that calls other R tools for optimization.

#### Usage

```
optimx(par, # a vector of initial values for the parameters for which optimal values are to be found.
    fn, # A function to be minimized, with first argument the vector of parameters
    method=c("Nelder-Mead", "BFGS"), # list of the methods to be used (can be more than one)
    lower=-Inf, upper=Inf, # Bounds on the variables
    itnmax=NULL, # maximum number of iterations
    control=list(),
    ...)
```

Possible method codes are: 'Nelder-Mead', 'BFGS', 'CG', 'L-BFGS-B', 'nlm', 'nlminb', 'spg', 'ucminf', 'newuoa', 'bobyqa', 'nmkb', 'hjkb', 'Rcgmin', or 'Rvmmin'.

Here is an example of trying optix for all methods

```
library(optimx)
library(ggplot2)
```

## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 3.2.4

```
testOptimx <- function(func, init_param) {</pre>
    df_all <<- NULL</pre>
    ans_all <<- NULL</pre>
    for (mtd in c('Nelder-Mead', 'BFGS', 'CG', 'L-BFGS-B'
                   , 'nlm', 'nlminb', 'spg', 'ucminf', 'newuoa'
                   , 'bobyqa', 'nmkb', 'hjkb', 'Rcgmin', 'Rvmmin'
                   )) {
        results <<- NULL
        ncall <<- 1
        ans <- optimx(</pre>
            fn = function(x) {
                 r \leftarrow func(x)
                 results <<- rbind(results, c(ncall, r, x))
                 ncall <<- ncall + 1
                 r
             , method = mtd,
             #, lower=-20, upper=20
             , par = init_param
             , itnmax = 30
             #, control=list(all.methods=TRUE, save.failures=TRUE, trace=0)
        df all <<- rbind(df all, cbind(data.frame(results), mtd))</pre>
```

```
ans_all <<- rbind(ans_all, ans)
}

colnames(df_all) <- c("n", "metric", paste("p",1:length(init_param)), "method")

p <- ggplot(df_all, aes(color=method)) +
    theme_bw() +
    geom_line(aes(x=n, y=metric)) +
    coord_cartesian(ylim = c(0, 20))

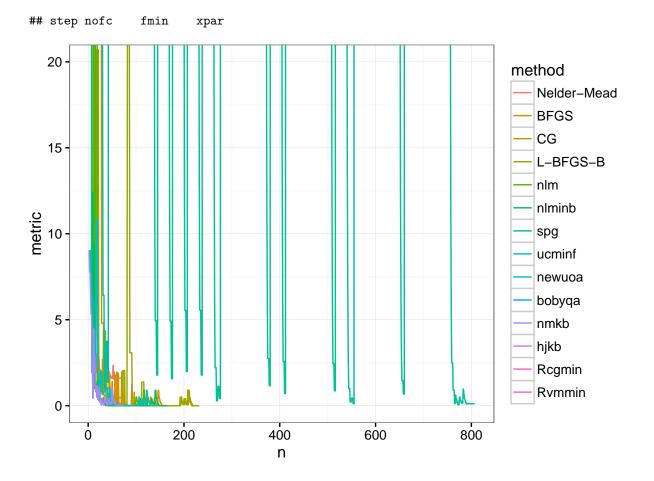
print(p)

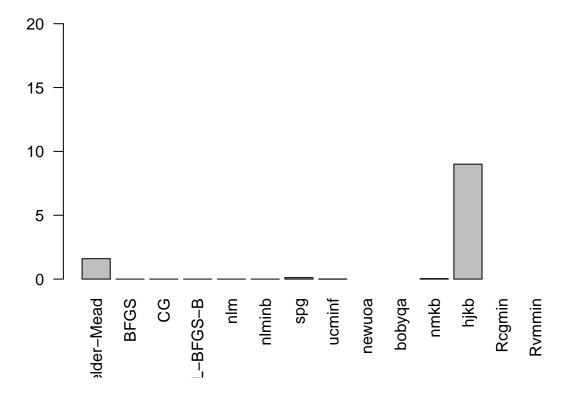
barplot(ans_all$value, names=rownames(ans_all), ylim=c(0,20), las=2)

#print(ans_all)
}</pre>
```

#### Two continious parameters

```
testOptimx(
  func = function(x){abs(x[1]-5) + abs(x[2]-4)}
, init_param = c(0, 0)
)
```

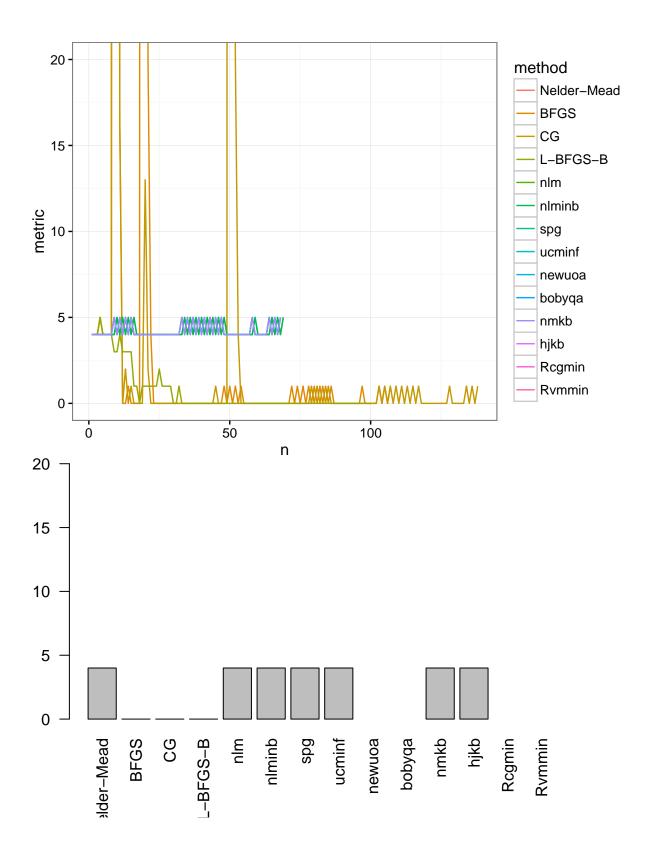




### one discrete parameter

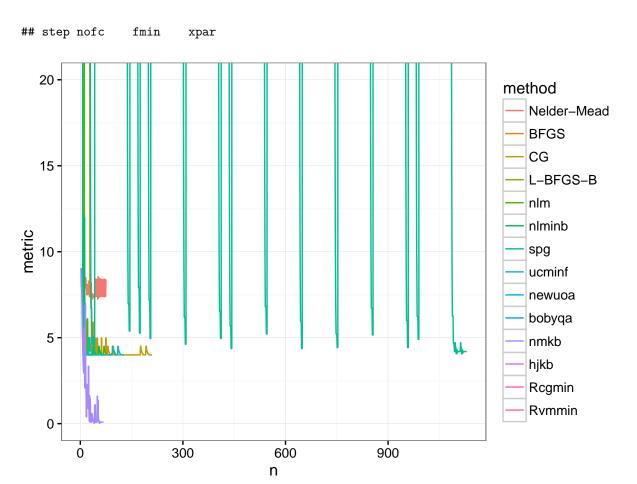
```
testOptimx(
  func = function(x){abs(floor(x[1])-4)}
, init_param = c(0,0,0)
)
```

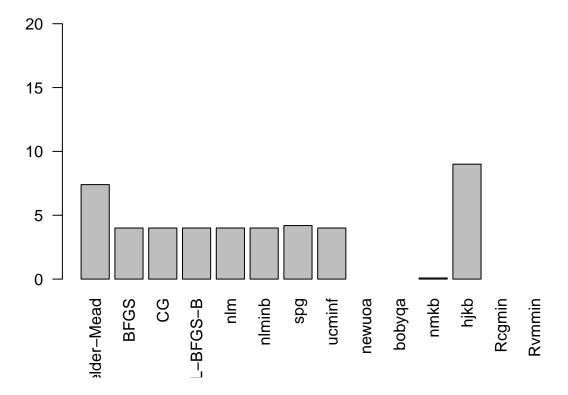
## step nofc fmin xpar



## One continious and one discrete parameter

```
testOptimx(
  func = function(x){abs(x[1]-5) + abs(round(x[2])-4)}
, init_param = c(0, 0)
)
```





# Two discrete parameters

```
testOptimx(
  func = function(x){abs(round(x[1])-5) + abs(round(x[2])-4)}
, init_param = c(0, 0)
)
```

## step nofc fmin xpar

