

Docker





Deployment





Why docker?



Why docker?

- Easy if mastered once
- Everything is reproducible
 - Deployment is not dependent on server environment.
 - Much cloud
 - Testing is easy
 - Shipping complex code
- Security

This talk only covers hobbyist scenarios.







Especially if your store data, research common security measures!





Docker internals







By Vesahjr - Own work, CC BY-SA 3.0, https://commons.wikimedia.org/w/index.php?curid=20083285







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VM

Host OS Kernel

Guest OS Kernel

Application





Docker

Host OS Kernel

Container

Application





Cgroups

the kernel keeps track which processes belong together and what their capabilities are





Docker Daemon

- powers docker
- manages the containers
 - sets up the cgroups
 - updates capabilities on change
 - keeps track of the containers
- simply interact via docker xy



Virtualizations (overview)





Dynamic file system - container

```
/certificates ./docker/server/certs
/html image
/java-code the parent
...
```



Dynamic file system - overlayfs

```
/src /src start.sh
/src install.sh
install.sh
/src
notify.sh
```





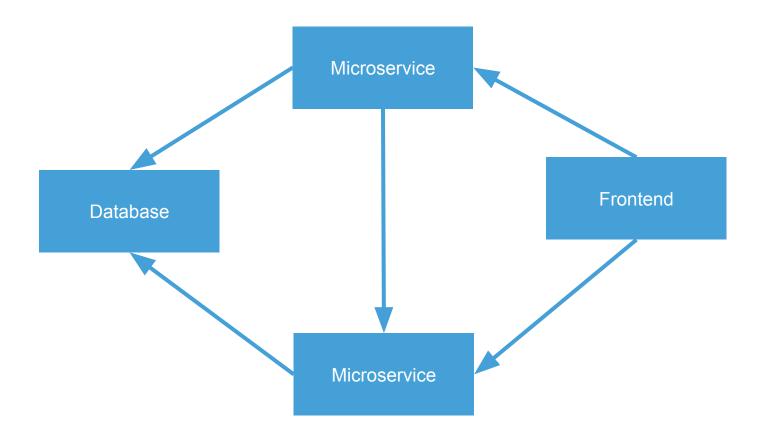
Network

3 levels:

- exposed ports of the container
 - (on which ports should the container be reachable?)
- docker networks
 - (with which containers does the container communicate?)
- exposed ports of the host
 - (with which containers should the outside world be able to communicate?)

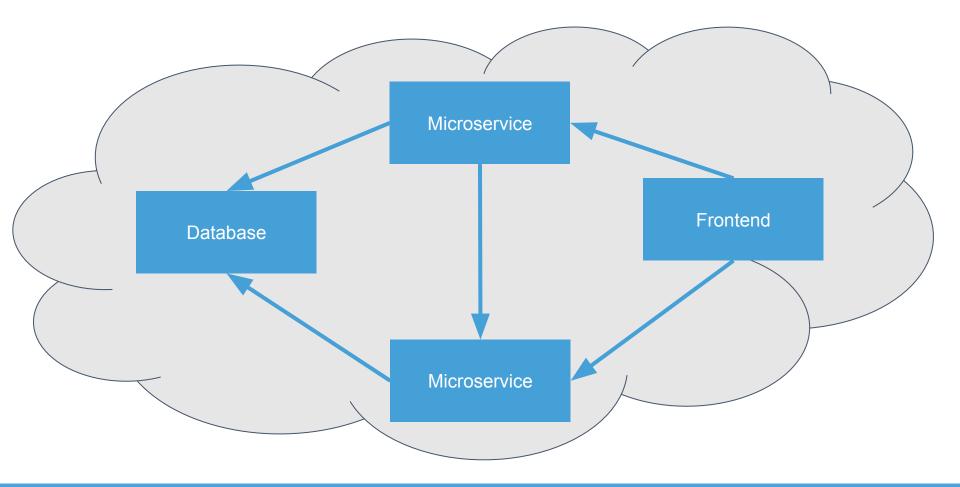






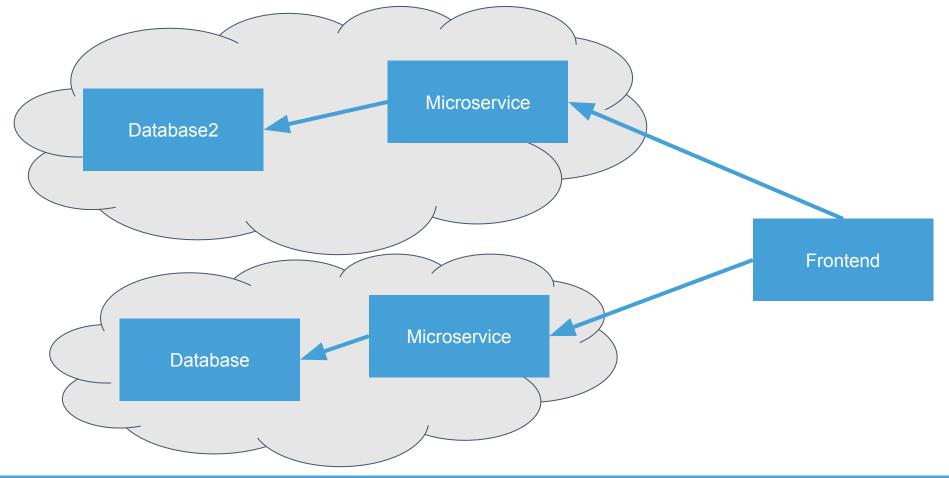
















CPU Resources

ability to limit the containers

- CPU-share
- CPU-cores
- ram-access

Docker Frontend





Docker Engine





Demo Time!





installing docker

- clone hackundsoehne/docker-assignments
- instructions are in the **README.md** (best viewed in the browser)



Commands Cheatsheet

- docker build Build your docker image
- docker push Push your docker image to a repository
- docker pull Pull a docker image from a repository
- docker run Run a docker image (image => container)
- docker ps List all containers
- docker rm Remove a container
- docker stop Stop a container
- docker logs see the logs of a container





Check your containers - they eat a lot of disk space



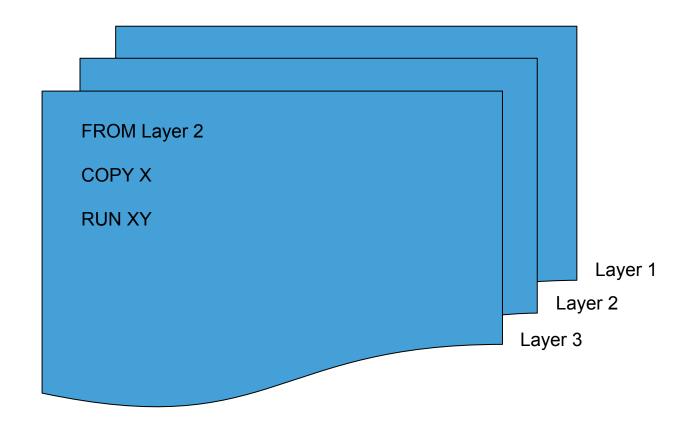




Dockerfile











Demo Time!





Dockerfile Cheatsheet

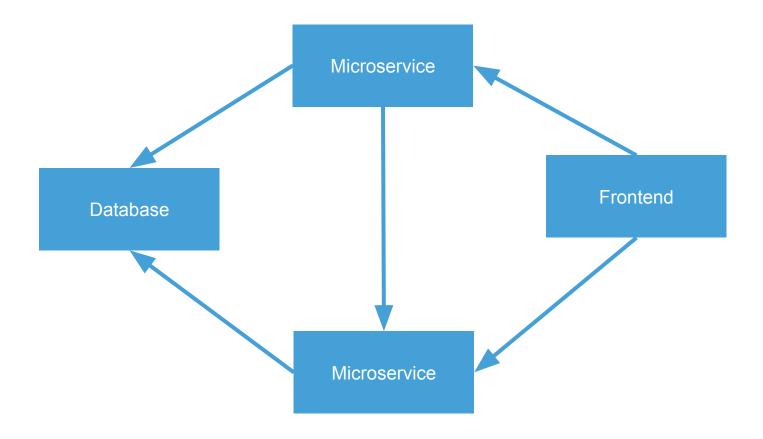
- FROM X the parent image
- COPY X Y copies files from X (your local filesystem) to Y (image)
- WORKDIR X changes the workdir to X
- RUN X runs X during image-creation time
- **EXPOSE X** opens the ports X from the docker-container
- FROM X the parent image
- CMD X runs THE COMMAND X when the container starts
- ENTRYPOINT X runs x when the container starts



Docker Compose











Docker compose to the rescue!

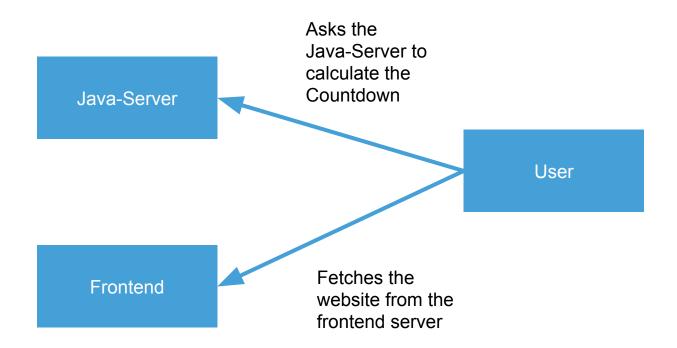




Demo time









Docker Compose Cheatsheet

YAML - Syntax (significant indentations with tabs)

Group:

- Item1
- item2

Item: value



Docker Compose Cheatsheet

version: '3' - needs to be on the top

services: - list your services

name: - the name of your service

image: "redis:alpine" - the source of your image

ports:

- "8080:80" - the open ports and the mapping

(HOST:CONTAINER)

environment:

- **KEY:VALUE** - sets the environment variable KEY to the value VALUE





Docker Volumes

- the file-system is virtualized, but we still want to map local directories into docker container.
- useful for databases (you want to have the database-file in a local directory) etc.
- Docker Volumes to the rescue!
- They are used to map local directories dynamically into the container

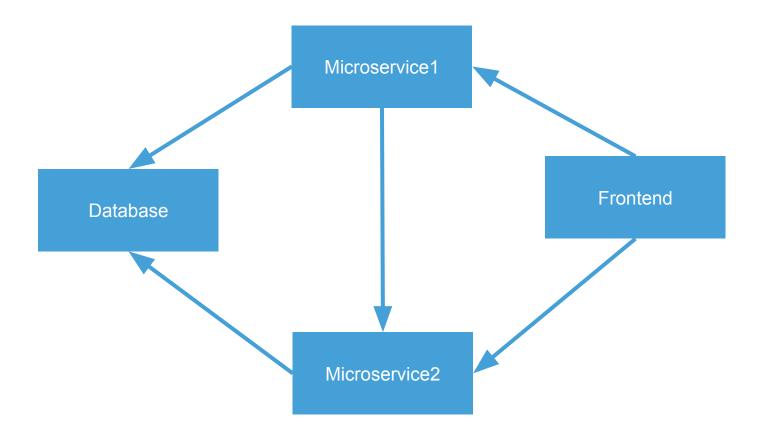




How to beautifully link two services?

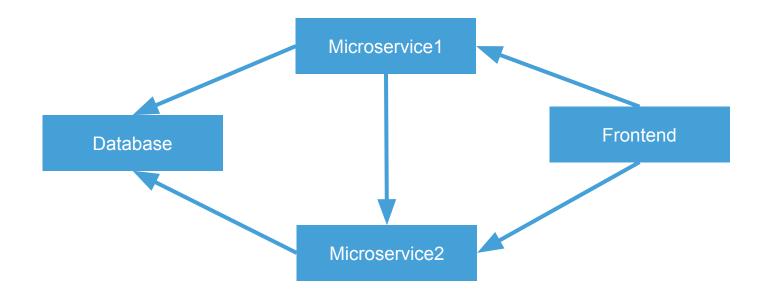












ms1: link:

- ms2:microservicetwo

http://microservicetwo:8080/calculate





Docker Compose - links

web:

links:

- db:database - SERVICE:ALIAS

- ws:workerservice

example usage: http://workerservice:80/list/customers





Docker Compose - networks

web:

networks:

- frontend
- backend





Docker Compose Cheatsheet

```
version: '3' - needs to be on the top
```

services: - list your services

name: - the name of your service

image: "redis:alpine" - the source of your image

ports:

- "8080:80" - the open ports and the mapping (HOST:CONTAINER)

networks: - assign the container to explicit networks, if left out it is added to the default network

- backend
- frontend

links: - provides explicit links to services

- db:database





(Assignment)



Docker ecosystem

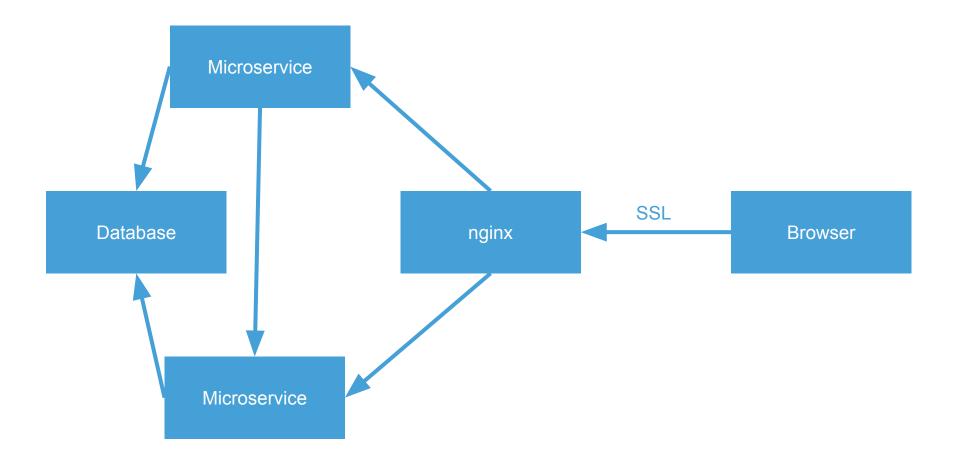




Docker ecosystem: nginx-proxy

auto-generates the nginx reverse proxy file based on the config file.

needs docker-daemon socket!







Docker ecosystem: letsencrypt-nginx-proxy-companion

automatically installs & configures SSL-certificates and communicates with nginx-proxy





Docker ecosystem: watchtower

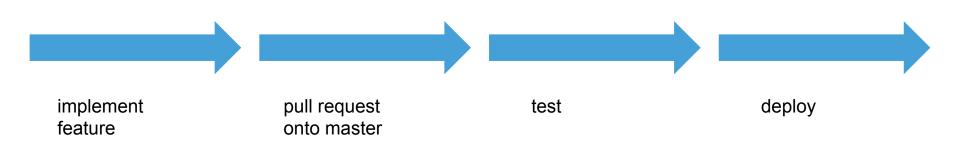
automatically updates your images.

needs docker daemon socket!





Automate all the things!





fast iterations, immediate feedback, chance to immediately f**k things up



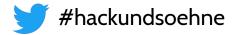


Demo time!





Thank You







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Stay in touch



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