# ADS Grant Roadmap - Version 1

### 16 January 2024

### **Dataset**

- 1. EXIST: http://nlp.uned.es/exist2023/
- 2. SemEval 2023 Task 10: https://codalab.lisn.upsaclay.fr/competitions/7124
- 3. SemEval 2023 Task 11: https://codalab.lisn.upsaclay.fr/competitions/6146

Table 1: Strengths and Weaknesses of Datasets

Dataset	Strengths	Weaknesses
EXIST	Multi annotators (data available)	Not clear structure (we can ask)
	Other information about annotators (Gender/Age)	
	Different levels of Sexism detection	
	In Spanish and English	
SemEval 2023 - Task 10	Multi annotators (data not available)	Data of annotators is not public (we can ask)
	Clear structure and document (available)	
SemEval 2023 - Task 11		

# Proposed Model Structure

- The project will employ transformer models, such as BERT, for prediction.
- SHAP (SHapley Additive exPlanations) will be used to identify influential tokens or phrases for generating explanations.
- An A/B testing framework will be established to evaluate the impact of model explanations on annotator agreement. [Consultant]

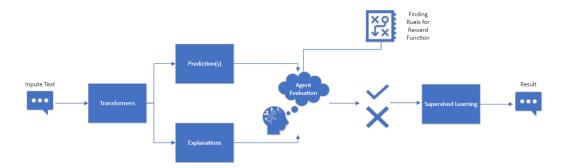


Figure 1: Methodology

### **Phases**

#### 1. Data Preparation (Months 1-2):

- $\bullet$  Access and preprocess the selected datasets (EXIST, SemEval Task 10/11). [Assistant]
- Access and read the structure of Annotations. [Assistant]
- Work on the model structure that provides both prediction and explanation.

#### 2. Annotation and Calibration (Months 3-4):

- Make a survey structure suitable for our model. [Assistant/Consultant]
- Find a proper platform and create the survey. [Assistant]
- Annotate a subset of data with multiple annotators.
- Implement a structured training and calibration process for annotators.

#### 3. Model Integration and Prediction (Months 5-6):

- Utilize transformer models (e.g., BERT) for prediction on annotated data.
- Generate explanations using SHAP for model predictions.

#### 4. Annotator Agreement Analysis (Months 7-8):

- Calculate Inter-rater Reliability (IRR) metrics (e.g., Cohen's Kappa) for annotator consensus.
- Analyze confusion matrices to identify agreement patterns.

#### 5. A/B Testing (Months 7-8):

• Conduct A/B testing with two groups of annotators: one with model predictions and another with both predictions and explanations.

#### 6. Feedback Mechanism (Months 9-10):

- Implement a feedback mechanism for annotators to report ambiguous or unclear predictions and explanations.
- Assess systematic bias and sensitivity to explanation types.

#### 7. Data Analysis and Reporting (Months 9-10):

- Perform statistical analysis of annotator responses. [Assistant]
- Examine the impact of explanations on annotator agreement.
- Prepare a research paper and final report.

### Metrics

- Metrics include Inter-rater Reliability (IRR) metrics (e.g., Cohen's Kappa, Fleiss' Kappa, Krippendorff's Unitizing Alpha) to measure annotator consensus.
- A confusion matrix will be used to identify agreement patterns, especially False-Positive and False-Negative cases.

## Output

- 1. Quantitative measure of annotator agreement.
- 2. Research paper reporting the influence of model explanations on annotator agreement.
- 3. Feedback analysis to improve model predictions and explanations.

## Next steps

- 1. Working on assessing the dataset and annotation structure to find the best dataset for our project.
- 2. scheduling monthly update meetings.