

Denvation (المعاق) دسترای از قواس کر از کدار کی اعاری کو (ویه رسم نور د کو صفح کود برارای و استاق سر رفت بارس مراست و ایر

۴ به از ان سرانیم، علی است استان ای زیرد داشت بردای هم اشتان ایرای بارس مورد قبول ست

desiration

night-most / juil
derivation

backtracked recorning = 3. y recursive John solution ! - بالسفا دواز مرول ( و بازلنی ) (۱) کا

 $A \rightarrow \beta_1 \mid \beta_2 \mid \dots \mid \beta_m$ bool while ( )} Chaose an A-production for ( ) = 1 60 t) [  $ik(X_i \in N)$  $X_{t}^{\cdot}(\cdot)$ else if (Xi = \*nzxb)

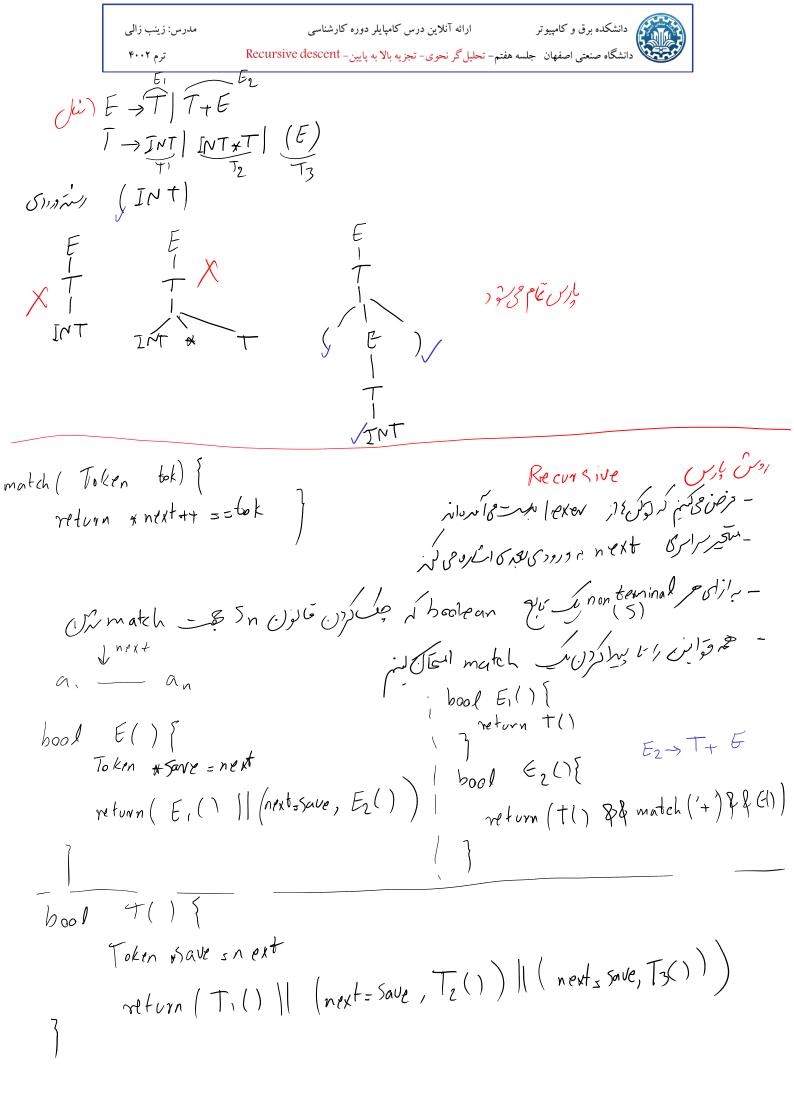
KIGTUN  $A \rightarrow X, X_2 - X_k$ 

\*next (S)9, 0,0, ... an

محام

next++;

break //error



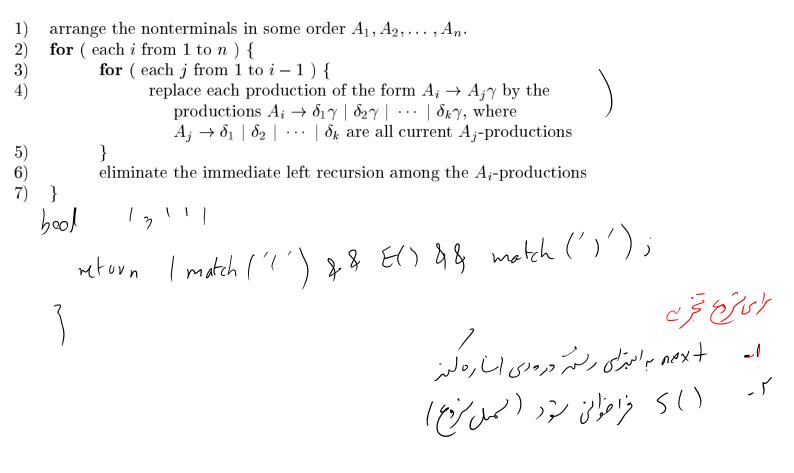
Algorithm 4.19: Eliminating left recursion.

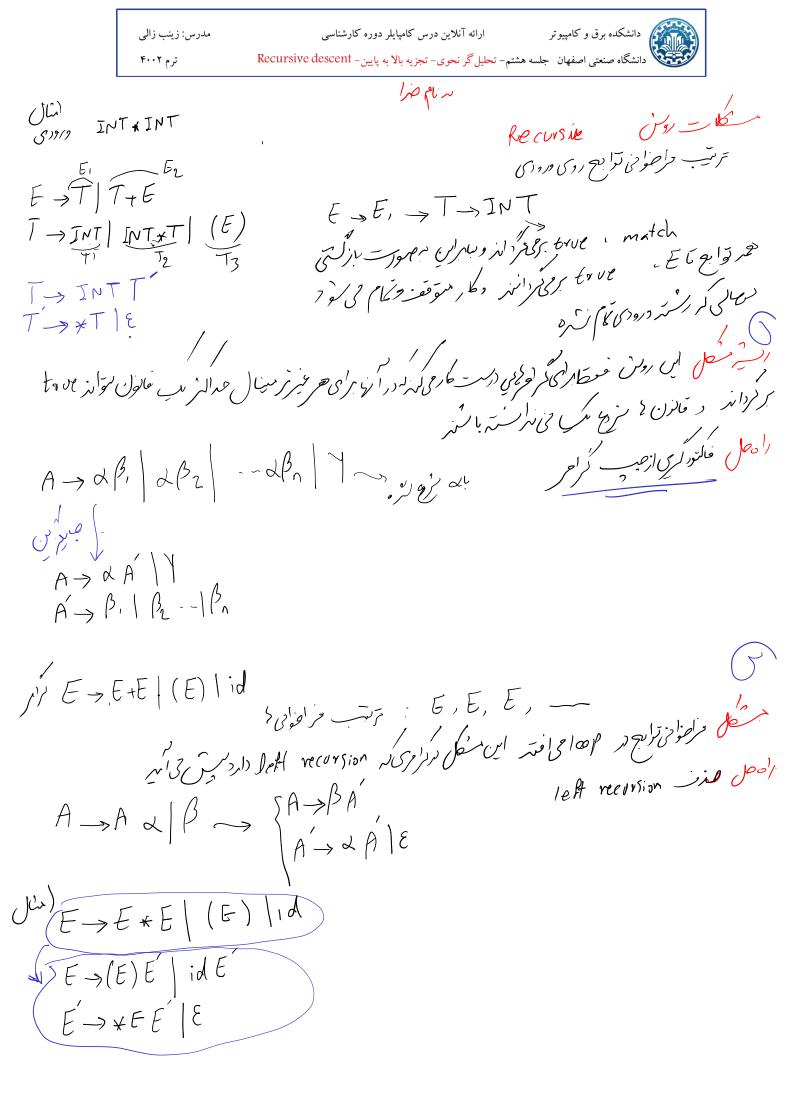
**INPUT**: Grammar G with no cycles or  $\epsilon$ -productions.



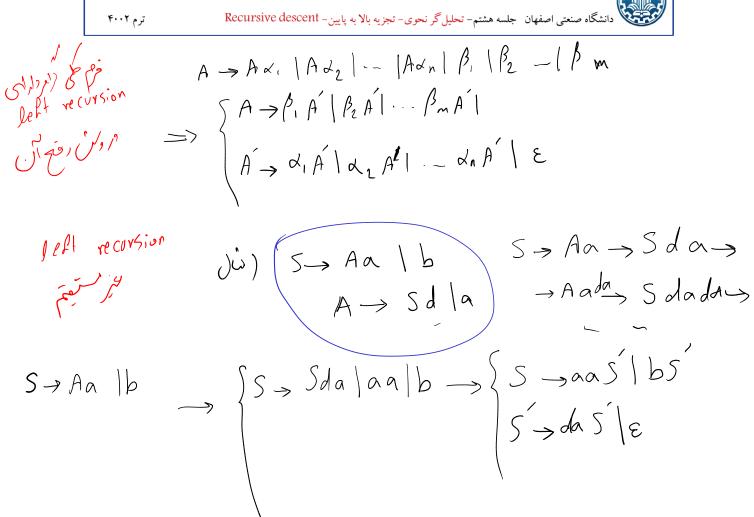
**OUTPUT**: An equivalent grammar with no left recursion.

**METHOD**: Apply the algorithm in Fig. 4.11 to G. Note that the resulting non-left-recursive grammar may have  $\epsilon$ -productions.  $\square$ 









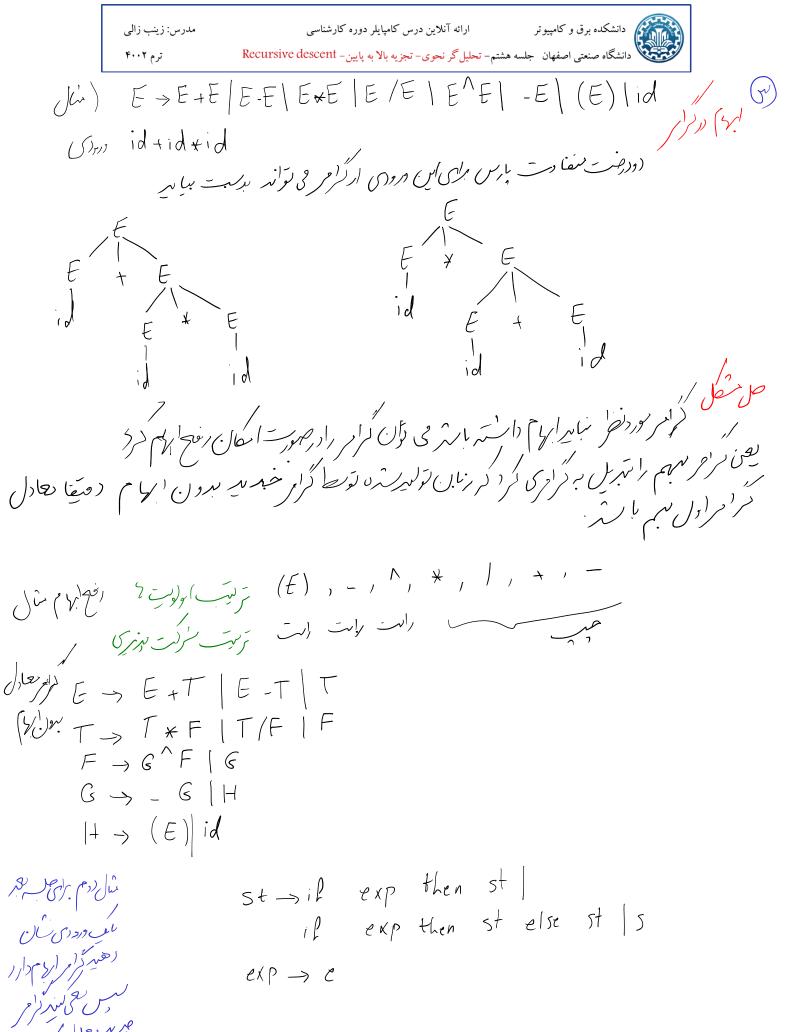
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1) arrange the nonterminals in some order  $A_1, A_2, \ldots, A_n$ . 2) **for** ( each i from 1 to n ) { 3) **for** ( each j from 1 to i-1 ) { 4) replace each production of the form  $A_i \to A_j \gamma$  by the productions  $A_i \to \delta_1 \gamma \mid \delta_2 \gamma \mid \cdots \mid \delta_k \gamma$ , where  $A_j \to \delta_1 \mid \delta_2 \mid \cdots \mid \delta_k$  are all current  $A_j$ -productions } 5) } 6) eliminate the immediate left recursion among the  $A_i$ -productions  $A_i \to A_j \gamma \mid \delta_i \mid \delta$ 



مريم معاركي كربرول

الإاستنوس

مال وفع الرار الم st - il exp then st | exp then st else st | s exp -> c die) it er blen jit ez then 5, else 52 (Vi () > 1) St > matched S | Unmatched S | S matched S | S matched S > if exp then matched S esse matched S | S Unmatched 5 -> , h exp then St | if exp then matched else unmatched exp >

مدرس: زينب زالي

ارائه آنلاین درس کامپایلر دوره کارشناسی

دانشکده برق و کامپیوتر

ترم ۴۰۰۲

دانشگاه صنعتی اصفهان جلسه نهم- تحلیل گر نحوی- تجزیه بالا به پایین- LL1



Prelictive Recursive Descent

Prelictive Recursive Descent

Some supposed of the contract of t  $A \rightarrow \alpha_1 \mid \alpha_2 - \alpha_k$ 1-11/1/2017 1/2017 (1) 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 1/2017 وانظ من کر را انتخاکین در روس با برکن طاری وروی طالق با کر ( برکت آورور فرای ایمانی از کر از برکت آورور فرای ا S=  $\beta A\beta$   $\rightarrow \beta \beta$   $\beta A\beta$   $\beta$ predictive 391 برازای حر غرز سنال A نابع زیردا می توال درس A > d, l -- | dk | E \* next (5)1/9/10/19 if (\* next & Pirst(xi)) continue porsing the input with d, else ... - Rivst(dx)) \_\_\_\_ ~ XK else il (\*next & follow(A)
return;
else syntax Error;

دانشکده برق و کامپیوتر

نرم ۴۰۰۲

velicitive recursive, LL1 - دانشگاه صنعتی اصفهان جلسه نهم - تحلیل گر نحوی - تجزیه بالا به پایین

 $J\dot{\omega}$ )  $E \rightarrow E_{\uparrow}T | E_{-}T | T | CR = 0$   $T \rightarrow id$ 

 $(E \rightarrow TE')$ ,  $E \rightarrow +TE' \mid -TE \mid \epsilon$  $T \rightarrow id$ 

E() {

ik(\*next & kirst (TE'))

T(); E()

else

Syn Ext

E() {
 ik (nxxt & First (+TE))
 match(+')T() E()
 elseil (next & First (-TE))
 match('-'), T() E()
 else , f (\*next & Pollow (E'))
 return
 The syn Eny

ارائه آنلاین درس کامپایلر دوره کارشناسی دانشگاه صنعتی اصفهان جلسه دهم- تحلیل گر نحوی- تجزیه بالا به پایین- گرامر LL1 و ساخت جدول تجزیه

تراطِاسقا د از الربت برون فقر کرد برای کور مرای کور الربت برون فقر کرد برای کور مرد الربت برون کور کرد الربت برون کور مرد الربت برون کور کرد الربت برون کرد الرب in 1751 21) (A -> & \B) A croproduction 1/B 22 PC/ first (a) (f) = 02. Pollow (A) O Prinst (W) 5 A 21061 B=52 -1 \* این اربط ، اربط لام وطونی رای (۱) سالبودن سر در اوالد -L2(1), Left to right - left most derivation 11(1) 27/5/2 (1) lest recorsion — on -1

٣- تبريل دار ( در او الم - التحراج زار ال رام و وتعن رام مريد (١) ١١

دانشکده برق و کامپیو تر ارائه آنلاین درس کامپایلر دوره کارشناسی دانشگاه صنعتی اصفهان جلسه دهم- تحلیل گر نحوی- تجزیه بالا به پایین- گرامر LL1 و ساخت جدول تجزیه ترم ۴۰۰۲ know, trest will ( ×) المحام عجود من انهای دانتهای استان دانتهای دانته Livst(d) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 (2) = √ 1 a clint(d) = E chirst(Y;) och Por, ac Pirst(Yi) "i rous," -Ectivst(d) <= Ectivst(Vi): 1 (i < k 201/1.) eefirst(x) = d >> E /1-Ju) S- ABCSDE/ P Lirst(5) = { 1, a, b, c, d}  $A \rightarrow a A \mid B$ first (A) s {a,b,e} B -> 6B 1E Pirst (B) > {b, 2} first (C) = {c, d} C > c C ld n - an IBe first (n) = {d, b, e}  $E \rightarrow gE \mid \epsilon$ hiv A(E) = {9, 8} Rollow (1) 1 - 1 (1) \$ & Follow(S) 2 6 Eggs 5 5 -

10 Now (B), Ejishirs (B) jestifor A > LBB - 10 job 15 -Follow (A) = Rollow (B): 6 1 , A > XB = PAUJUST 
B = SE C > B, A B2 = B, AB2

Pollow (B), SIRV, Solver, Solv

ترم ۴۰۰۲

دانشگاه صنعتی اصفهان جلسه دهم- تحلیل گر نحوی- تجزیه بالا به پایین- گرامر LL1 و ساخت جدول تجزیه



S-ABCSDE => hollow (S) = hollow (E) P Finst(E) = hollow (D) (S) S-ABCSDE => hirst(DE) = hollow (S) E-E => hollow (S) = hellow (D)

B-68/E

Follow(S) =  $\{S, d, h, e\}$   $hollow(A) = \{b, c, d\}$   $follow(B) = \{h, c, d\}$   $hollow(C) = \{L, a, h, c, d\}$   $hollow(E) = \{b, a, h, e\}$  $hollow(B) = \{g, t, d, h, e\}$ 

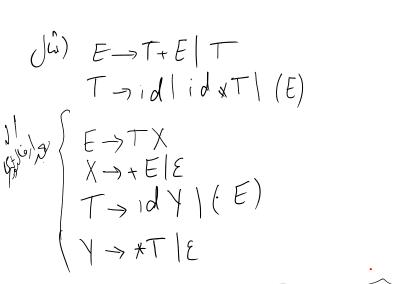
lirst (bB) (1 hollw (B) = {b} (1 {b, c, d} s {b})

-irst (bB) (1 hollw (B) = {b} (1 {b, c, d}) s {b}

-irst (ll) d)

دانشکده برق و کامپیوتر ارائه آنلاین درس کامپایلر دوره کارشناسی مدرس: زینب زالی مدرس: زینب زالی است مدرس: زینب زالی است کامپیوتر تجزیه بالا به پایین - گرامر LL1 و ساخت جدول تجزیه ترم ۴۰۰۲





(1) Jose 1/201,000 100/ U.no: id+id\*id

E>TX-id/X>idX>id+E

-> id+TX->id+id\*TX-> id + id x id X > id + id x id X >>

id + id + idterminal

1								_
			id	*	+	(		5
	NTel	E	TX			TX	,	
		X			+E	,	٤	ع
		T	id Y			(E)		
		У	,	*T	ع	,	ع	٤
	· ·							

_Ψ		
Stacle	5) 4) 9	action
£ \$	id +id xid \$	E>TX
TX \$	id sid xid \$	$  + \rightarrow id \rangle$
id/XX	jd + id x id 5	match (id)
YX5	+ id * id \$	Y → E
×\$	J 2	$X \rightarrow +E$
#E\$	tid x id\$	match (+) V
<i>E</i> \$	id x id \$	E->TX
TX\$	id & id 8	T> id Y
idy X\$	id * id\$	match (id)
, L	* i d \$	Y ->+T
¥ T X \$	* id K	match(¥)
* 1 X P	ids	Toidy
12 x x Li	id \$	match (id)
1 X X S	\$	\ → E
N S	\$ \$	X->E accept
5 1	D	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \

inititize stack (S\$)

\* next = next token at input (initialize by hirst token at input)

\* Deport

Repeat

(X, \*next) = Y\_1 - Y\_n

(X rest) : if T[X, \*next] = Y\_1 - Y\_n

(X rest) : if t = \*next

else error;

\* teleminds then stack = < Y\_1 - Y\_n rest)

\* teleminds then stack = < rest)

\* else error;

\* teleminds then stack = < rest)

\* else error;

\* teleminds then stack = < rest)

\* else error;

\* teleminds then stack = < rest)

\* else error;

\* teleminds then stack = < rest)

Until Stack = < >

 ${\bf Algorithm~4.31:~Construction~of~a~predictive~parsing~table}.$ 

INPUT: Grammar G.

**OUTPUT**: Parsing table M.

**METHOD**: For each production  $A \to \alpha$  of the grammar, do the following:

- 1. For each terminal a in  $FIRST(\alpha)$ , add  $A \to \alpha$  to M[A, a].
- 2. If  $\epsilon$  is in FIRST( $\alpha$ ), then for each terminal b in FOLLOW(A), add  $A \to \alpha$  to M[A,b]. If  $\epsilon$  is in FIRST( $\alpha$ ) and \$ is in FOLLOW(A), add  $A \to \alpha$  to M[A,\$] as well.

Jal S→; EtS | i EtS eS | a E >> b