## churn

July 14, 2025

## 0.1 Import Library + Load Data

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import seaborn as sns
[2]: df = pd.read_csv('~/Untitled Folder/Portfolio-Magang-Indosat/dataset.csv')
[3]: df.head()
[3]:
                          Nama
                                     Kota
                                                   Paket
                                                            Tgl_beli
                                                                       Durasi_Bulan
                                 Surabaya Freedom Combo
        Balidin Dongoran, S.T.
                                                          2024-10-08
     1
                  Okto Jailani
                                  Jakarta Freedom Combo
                                                          2025-03-15
                                                                                  4
     2
           R. Lantar Anggraini
                                   Medan Freedom Combo
                                                          2024-07-22
                                                                                 12
                                           Unlimited 2GB
     3
              Darimin Pradipta
                                                                                  2
                                Semarang
                                                          2025-01-11
     4
              Kanda Napitupulu
                                Surabaya
                                                  Yellow
                                                          2025-03-30
                                                                                 12
        Frekuensi_Topup Kuota_Bulan_GB
     0
                      5
                                      16
                                       7
     1
                      1
     2
                      2
                                      20
     3
                      3
                                       5
     4
                      1
                                       1
```

## 0.2 Hitung Churn Rate Customer

```
[4]: # mengetahui churn rate

# Frekuensi_Topup 1 dalam 3+ bulan → dianggap churn

df['Churn'] = ((df['Frekuensi_Topup'] <= 1) & (df['Durasi_Bulan'] >= 3))

# hitung churn

churn_rate = df['Churn'].sum() / len(df) * 100

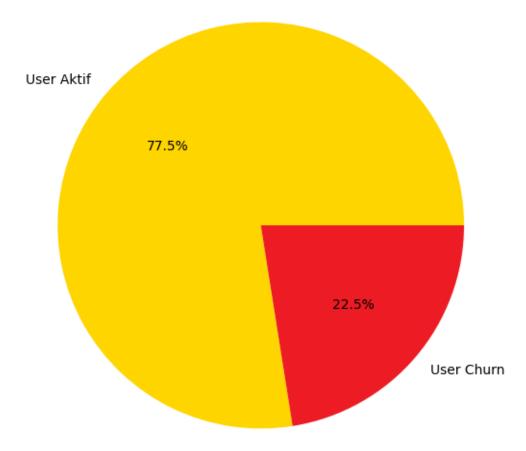
print(f'Hasil Persentase Churn Rate Customer: {churn_rate:.2f}%')
```

Hasil Persentase Churn Rate Customer: 22.50%

## 0.3 Tampilkan Dalam Grafik

```
[5]: # Buat pie chart churn vs aktif
     churn_counts = df['Churn'].value_counts()
     labels = ['User Aktif', 'User Churn']
     sizes = [churn_counts[0], churn_counts[1]]
     colors = ['#FFD500', '#ED1C24']
     plt.figure(figsize=(6, 6))
     plt.pie(sizes, labels=labels, autopct='%1.1f%%',
     colors=colors)
     plt.title('Distribusi Churn vs Aktif Pelanggan Indosat')
     plt.axis('equal')
    /tmp/ipykernel_75737/2240223363.py:4: FutureWarning: Series.__getitem__ treating
    keys as positions is deprecated. In a future version, integer keys will always
    be treated as labels (consistent with DataFrame behavior). To access a value by
    position, use `ser.iloc[pos]`
      sizes = [churn_counts[0], churn_counts[1]]
[5]: (np.float64(-1.0999999318335567),
     np.float64(1.0999999967539789),
     np.float64(-1.0999998974046947),
     np.float64(1.0999999790110455))
```





[]: