

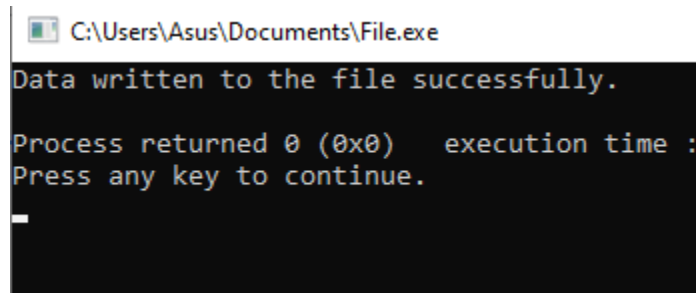
1. Write a program in C to create and store information in a text file.

Input:

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main() {  
    // Declare a FILE pointer  
    FILE *file;  
  
    // Open the file in write mode ("w")  
    file = fopen("example.txt", "w");  
  
    // Check if the file was successfully opened  
    if (file == NULL) {  
        printf("Error opening the file.\n");  
        return 1; // Return an error code  
    }  
  
    // Write information to the file  
    fprintf(file, "Name: John Doe\n");  
    fprintf(file, "Age: 25\n");  
    fprintf(file, "Occupation: Programmer\n");  
  
    // Close the file  
    fclose(file);  
  
    printf("Data written to the file successfully.\n");  
  
    return 0; // Return 0 to indicate successful execution  
}
```

Output:



```
C:\Users\Asus\Documents\File.exe
Data written to the file successfully.
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time :
Press any key to continue.
_
```

2. Write a program in C to read an existing file and print the text in the console.

Input:

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main() {
    // Declare a FILE pointer
    FILE *file;

    // Open the existing file in read mode ("r")
    file = fopen("example.txt", "r");

    // Check if the file was successfully opened
    if (file == NULL) {
        printf("Error opening the file.\n");
        return 1; // Return an error code
    }

    // Read and print each line of the file
    char line[100]; // Assuming each line in the file is less than 100
    characters
    while (fgets(line, sizeof(line), file) != NULL) {
        printf("%s", line);
    }
}
```

```

    }

    // Close the file
    fclose(file);

    return 0; // Return 0 to indicate successful execution
}

```

Output:

```

C:\Users\Asus\Documents\File.exe
Name: John Doe
Age: 25
Occupation: Programmer

Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 15.617 s
Press any key to continue.

```

3. Write a program in C to write multiple lines to a text file.

Input:

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```

int main() {
    // Declare a FILE pointer
    FILE *file;

    // Open the file in write mode ("w")
    file = fopen("example_multiline.txt", "w");

    // Check if the file was successfully opened
    if (file == NULL) {

```

```

    printf("Error opening the file.\n");
    return 1; // Return an error code
}

// Write multiple lines to the file
fprintf(file, "Line 1: This is the first line.\n");
fprintf(file, "Line 2: Writing multiple lines to a text file.\n");
fprintf(file, "Line 3: You can add more lines as needed.\n");
fprintf(file, "Line 4: Remember to close the file when done.\n");

// Close the file
fclose(file);

printf("Data written to the file successfully.\n");

return 0; // Return 0 to indicate successful execution
}

```

Output:

```

C:\Users\Asus\Documents\File.exe
Data written to the file successfully.
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 2.032 s
Press any key to continue.

```

4. Write a program in C to find the number of lines in a text file.

Input:

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main() {
```

```
// Declare a FILE pointer
FILE *file;

// Open the file in read mode ("r")
file = fopen("example_multiline.txt", "r");

// Check if the file was successfully opened
if (file == NULL) {
    printf("Error opening the file.\n");
    return 1; // Return an error code
}

// Count the number of lines in the file
int lineCount = 0;
char ch;

while ((ch = fgetc(file)) != EOF) {
    if (ch == '\n') {
        lineCount++;
    }
}

// Close the file
fclose(file);

// Print the number of lines
printf("Number of lines in the file: %d\n", lineCount);

return 0; // Return 0 to indicate successful execution
}
```

Output:

A screenshot of a Windows command prompt window. The title bar at the top shows the file path 'C:\Users\Asus\Documents\File.exe'. The main area of the window has a black background with white text. The text displayed is: 'Number of lines in the file: 4', followed by 'Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 2.316 s', and finally 'Press any key to continue.'

5. A file contains some integer numbers separated by spaces. Write a c program to calculate the total numbers in the files, the sum of those integer numbers, and the average of those numbers.

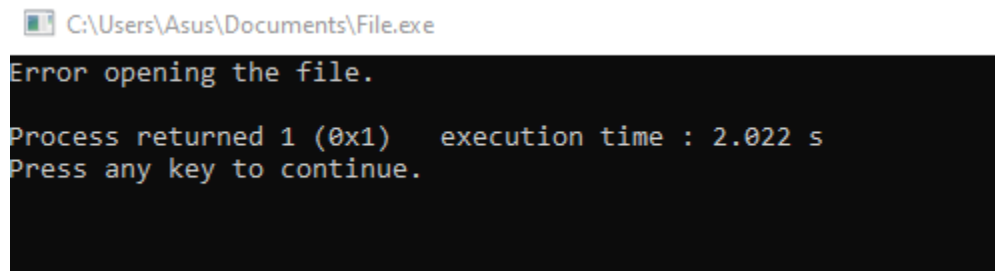
Input:

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main() {  
    // Declare a FILE pointer  
    FILE *file;  
  
    // Open the file in read mode ("r")  
    file = fopen("numbers.txt", "r");  
  
    // Check if the file was successfully opened  
    if (file == NULL) {  
        printf("Error opening the file.\n");  
        return 1; // Return an error code  
    }  
  
    // Variables to store information  
    int number;  
    int totalNumbers = 0;  
    int sum = 0;  
  
    // Read numbers from the file and calculate the sum
```

```
while (fscanf(file, "%d", &number) == 1) {  
    totalNumbers++;  
    sum += number;  
}  
  
// Close the file  
fclose(file);  
  
// Calculate the average  
float average = (float)sum / totalNumbers;  
  
// Print the results  
printf("Total numbers in the file: %d\n", totalNumbers);  
printf("Sum of the numbers: %d\n", sum);  
printf("Average of the numbers: %.2f\n", average);  
  
return 0; // Return 0 to indicate successful execution  
}
```

Output:



A screenshot of a Windows command prompt window. The title bar at the top reads "C:\Users\Asus\Documents\File.exe". The command prompt area has a black background with white text. The first line of text is "Error opening the file." followed by a new line. The second line is "Process returned 1 (0x1) execution time : 2.022 s". The third line is "Press any key to continue." followed by a new line.

```
C:\Users\Asus\Documents\File.exe  
Error opening the file.  
Process returned 1 (0x1) execution time : 2.022 s  
Press any key to continue.
```