## User Analysis Guidelines

## **Personas & User Stories**

Persona profiles are a representation of a digital product's users. They are used to keep the user front and center throughout the design, development, and maintenance processes.

## How to create a persona profile?

- 1. Understand your product's users with research and statistics.
- **2.** Examine your data for themes and patterns.
- 3. Distill those patterns into individual characters that embody your findings.
- **4.** Bring the characters to life with biographical information and imagery.

## **User Stories & INVEST Methodology**

User stories are short, simple descriptions of a feature told from the perspective of the person who desires the new capability, usually a user or customer of the system. They typically follow a simple template:

As a <type of user>, I want <some goal> so that <some reason>.

"**INVEST**" helps guarantee that user stories provide business value while being deliverable in a single iteration. Too many biographical details can get in the way, it's better to focus on behavior patterns and goals.

The user story must be:

- Independent: The user story should be self-contained so it doesn't depend on other stories.
- Negotiable: Avoid too much detail so user stories are flexible and can be altered.
- Valuable: User stories must deliver value to the end-user.
- Estimable: You should be able to estimate the resources needed for a user story.
- **Scalable:** Keep the user stories lightweight so they can be tasked and prioritized with a certain level of certainty.
- **Testable:** Explain the acceptance criteria so the team knows when a story is complete.