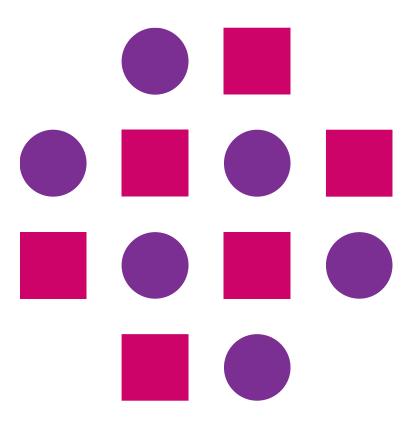


Selectors and Events jQuery



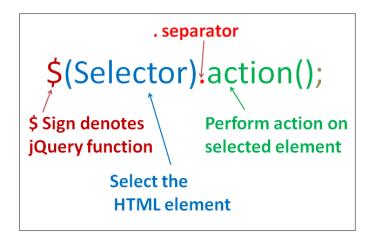




Selectors in jQuery

(Manipulating HTML elements easily)

Introduction to selectors



- Selectors are the most basic concept of jQuery
- As the name of jQuery implies select some elements and do something with them
- jQuery supports most CSS3 selectors, as well as some non-standard selectors
- Combination of selectors provides an easy way to modify / manipulate HTML elements
- All selectors in jQuery start with the dollar sign and parentheses \$() followed by action (refer image)



Example usage

```
<script>
$(document).ready(function() {
    /* Select element with id as "first" and modify the text */
    $("#first").text("This is first paragraph");
});
</script>
<body>

    id="first">
</body>
</body>
```

Element selectors

| Selector | Description |
|------------------------------|---|
| \$("*") | Selects all elements |
| \$("#id") | Selects an element having identifier as id |
| <pre>\$(".class-name")</pre> | Selects element with class as class-name |
| <pre>\$("p:first")</pre> | Selects first element in a paragraph |
| <pre>\$("ul li:first")</pre> | Selects the first element of the first |
| \$("[href]") | Selects all elements with an href attribute |
| \$(":button") | Selects all <button> elements and <input/> elements of type="button"</button> |
| <pre>\$("tr:even")</pre> | Selects all even elements |
| \$("tr:odd") | Selects all odd elements |
| \$("div:gt(2)") | All div elements except the first three |





Event handling using jQuery

(Handling various events)

Event handling using jQuery

- Events play important role in bringing interactivity with users
- Many peripherals (ex: mouse) can be the source of events
- Upon events appropriate handling need to be done, which is called Event Handling
- In vanilla JavaScript event handling was done by implementing methods in HTML element itself
- jQuery provides better facility to handle them by de-coupling from HTML
- Selectors are combined with actions on a particular event

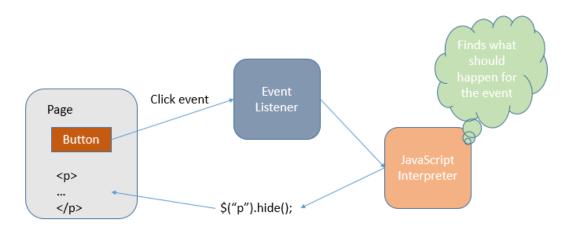


Event Handling Example

```
<head>
<script>
$ (document) . ready (function() {
      /* Upon click this method will be called */
      $("p").click(function(){
         /* Hide action is taken */
          $(this).hide();
    });
});
</script>
</head>
<body>
Sample paragraph
</body>
```

Some example events

| Selector | Description |
|--------------|---|
| Mouse | click dbclick hover mouseenter mouseleave |
| Keyboard | keypress keyup keydown |
| Form | focus blur submit |
| Window (BOM) | load resize |





jQuery no-conflict mode

```
<script>
/* Creating alias for jQuery function */
jQuery.noConflict();
jQuery(document).ready(function($) {
    /* You can use the locally-scoped $ here */
    $( "#hidden-para" ).hide();
    console.log("jQuery in no-conflict mode");
});
/* You can call other 3rd party library functions here
* $ (document).thirdPartyFunc();
 * The $ above is 3rd party function reference.
</script>
```

Exercise



- Implement the following event handling on particular elements:
 - Create three paragraphs with individual IDs
 - Upon double clicking in each one of them change their background colour
- Implement the following event handling on tables:
 - Create a table with two columns (student name and marks)
 - Create two buttons (Change odd and Change even)
 - Upon clicking those buttons change their background colour
- Implement the following event handling on input boxes:
 - Create two input boxes (username and password)
 - Upon blur event change the background colour to grey















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