

# MongoDB Aggregation

Team Emertxe





Aggregation

# Aggregation

Aggregations operations process data that returns the computed results.

Aggregation operations groups data from multiple documents together, and can perform a variety of operations on the grouped data to return a single result.



# Aggregation

MongoDB provide 3 ways to perform aggregation :

- Aggregation pipeline
- Map-Reduce
- Single purpose aggregation operations.

# Aggregation Pipeline

The MongoDB pipeline consists of stages. Each stage transforms the document as they pass.

The aggregation framework is modeled on the concept of data processing pipeline.

Documents enter a multistage pipeline that transform the document into an aggregated result.

# Aggregation Pipeline

Aggregate functions is used to group the documents in a collection.

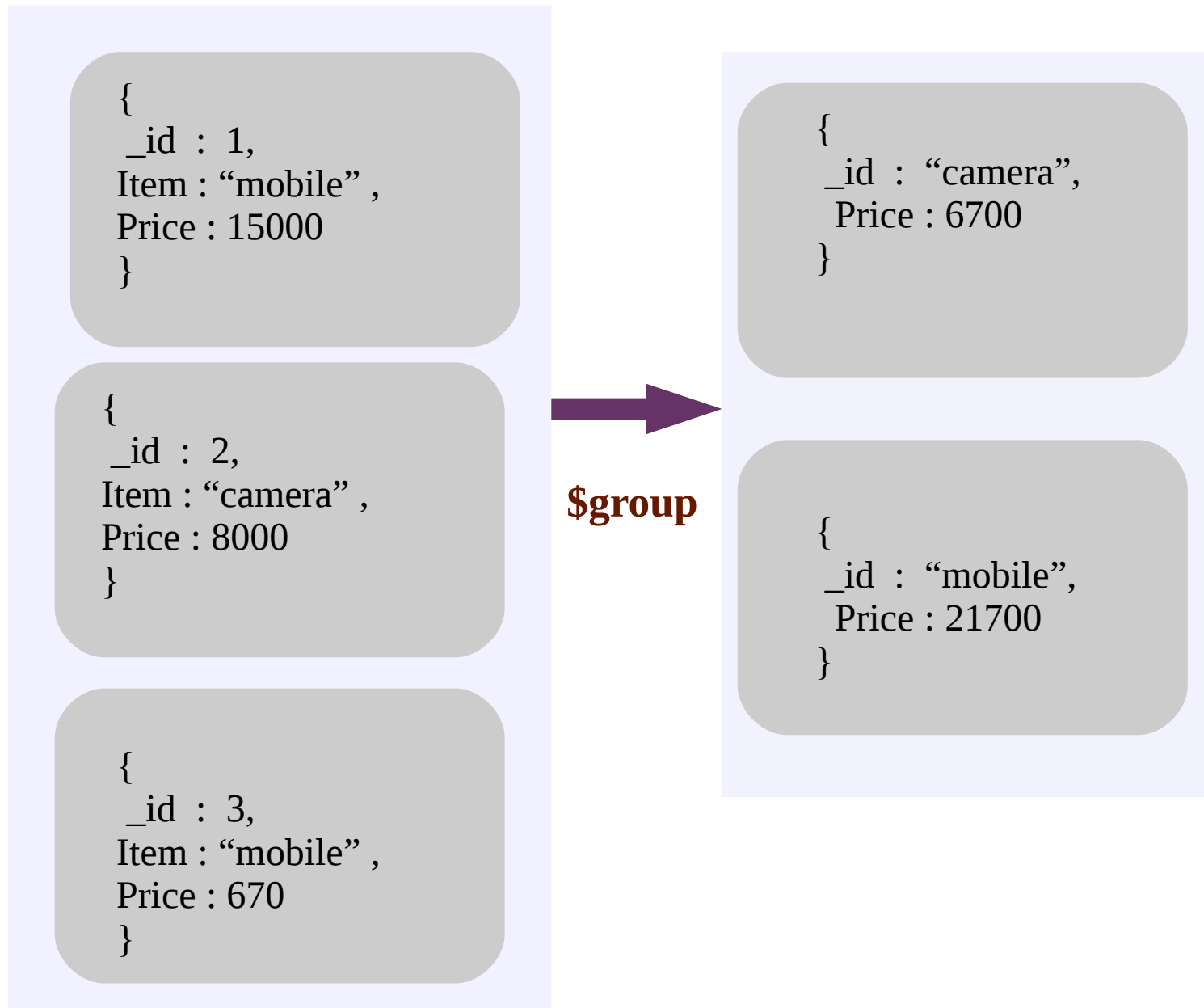
It can provide sum ,average , minimum and maximum of selected group.

In MongoDB aggregate() is used to group documents.

Syntax :

```
db.collection_name.aggregate(aggreagte operation)
```

# Aggregation pipeline



# Aggregation Pipeline Example



```
> db.order.find({});
{ "_id" : 1, "item" : "mobile", "price" : 15000, "qty" : 2 }
{ "_id" : 2, "item" : "camera", "price" : 8000, "qty" : 3 }
{ "_id" : 3, "item" : "mobile", "price" : 6700, "qty" : 5 }
> db.order.aggregate([ { $group : { _id : "$item" , price :
    { $sum : "$price" } } } ] );
{ "_id" : "camera", "price" : 8000 }
{ "_id" : "mobile", "price" : 21700 }
```

The above example will display the total price of each item.



# Exercise

- Write a MongoDB query to display the total salary from employee collection where salary is more than 25000.
- Write a MongoDB query to display total quantity where item price is more than 8500.

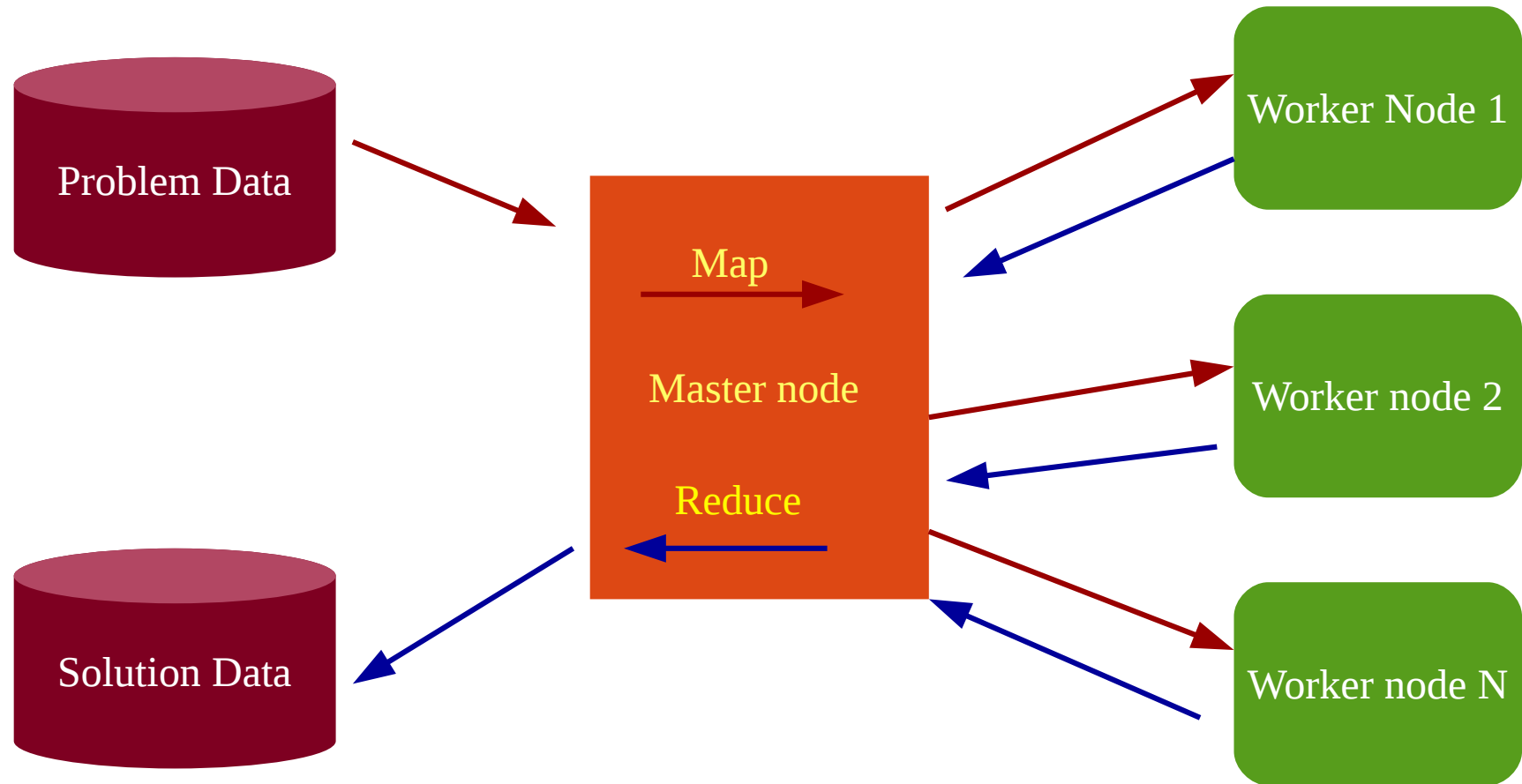


# Map-Reduce

Map-reduce is a data processing paradigm for condensing large volumes of data into useful aggregated results.

The mapReduce command allows to run map-reduce aggregation operations over collection.

# Map-Reduce



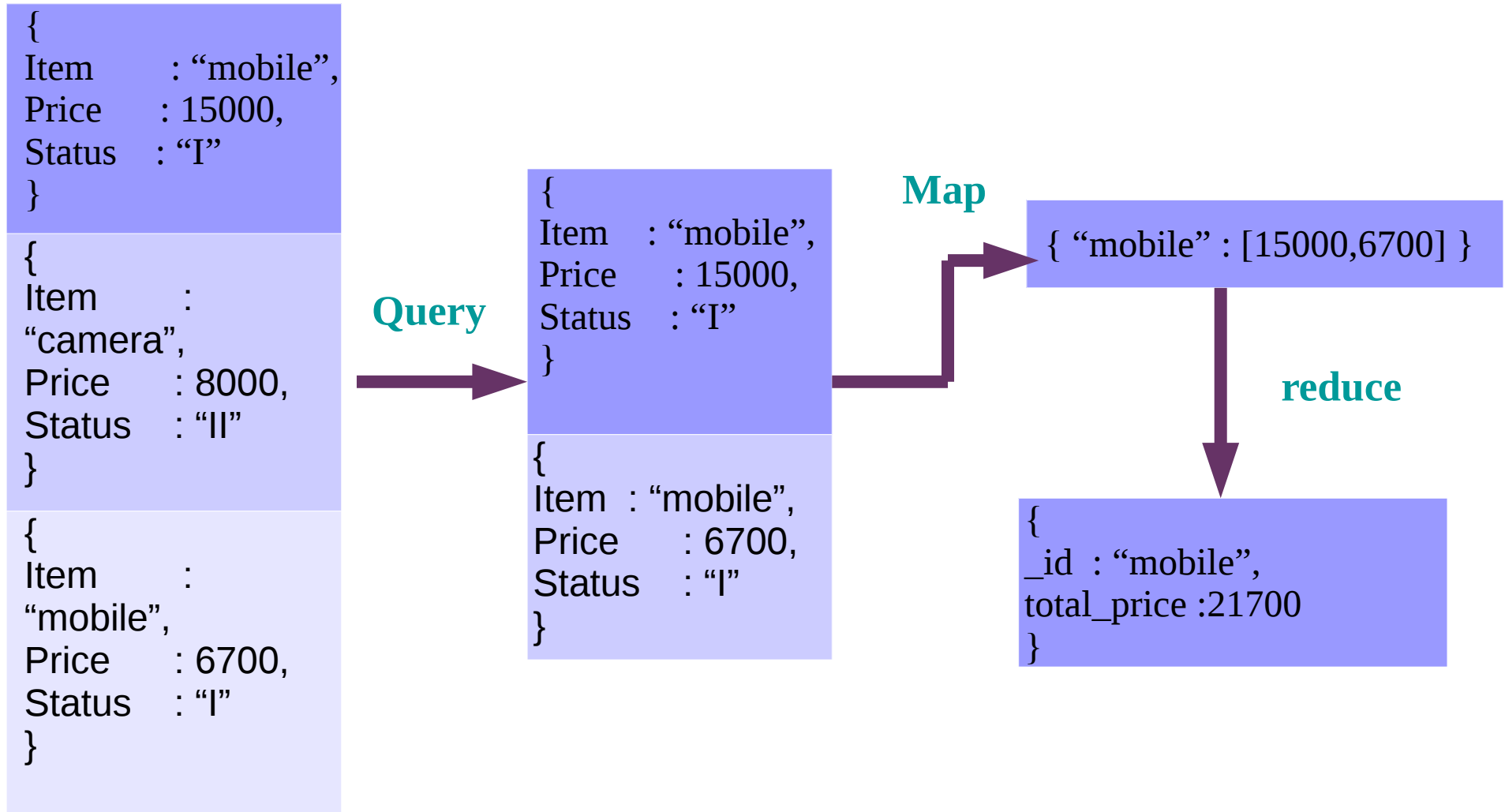
# Map-Reduce operation

Map-Reduce operation takes the documents of a single collection as a input and perform **query** before beginning the map-phase.

The **map function** emits the key-value pairs.

MongoDB applies the **reduce** phase for those key that have multiple values.

# Map-Reduce operation



# Map-Reduce Example



```
> db.order.mapReduce( function() { emit (this.id , this.price ); } ,  
  function (key ,values ) { return Array.sum (values) } ,  
  {query : { status : "I" } , out : "total_price" })  
{  
  "result" : "total_price",  
  "timeMillis" : 100,  
  "counts" : {  
    "input" : 2,  
    "emit" : 2,  
    "reduce" : 1,  
    "output" : 1  
  },  
  "ok" : 1
```

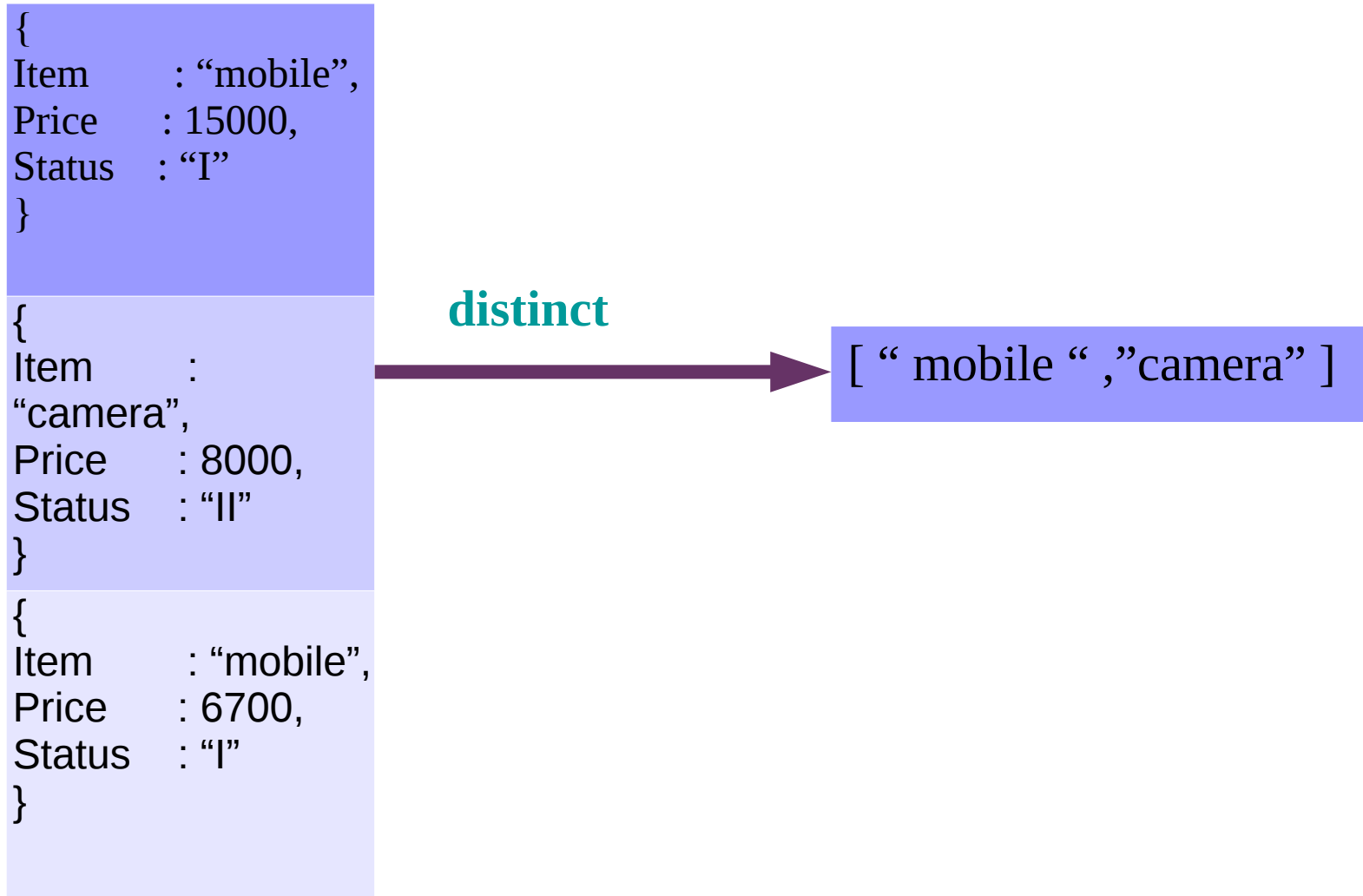
# Single purpose aggregation operations

These operations aggregate documents from a single collection.

These operations lack the capabilities of aggregation pipeline and map-Reduce.

Example : `db.collection.count()` ,  
`db.collection.distinct()`

# Single purpose aggregation operations





# SQL term to Aggregation mapping chart

SQL Terms	MongoDB Aggregation Operator
WHERE	\$match
GROUP BY	\$group
HAVING	\$match
SELECT	\$project
ORDER BY	\$sort
LIMIT	\$limit
join	\$lookup
SUM	\$sum



# References



- <https://www.wikimedia.org/>
- <https://docs.mongodb.com/manual/>

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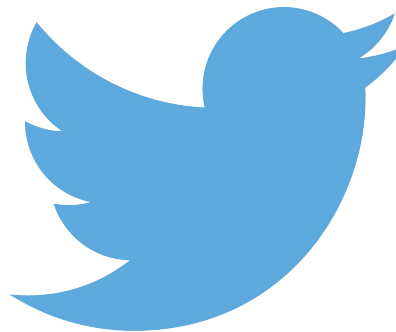


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