Java Programming Language SE - 6

Module 12: Building Java GUIs Using the Swing API

Team Emertxe





Objectives

- Describe the JFC Swing technology
- Define Swing
- Identify the Swing packages
- Describe the GUI building blocks: containers, components, and layout managers
- Examine top-level, general-purpose, and specialpurpose properties of container
- Examine components
- Examine layout managers
- Describe the Swing single-threaded model
- Build a GUI using Swing components





What Are the Java Foundation Classes (JFC)?

Java Foundation Classes are a set of Graphical User Interface (GUI) support packages, including:

- Abstract Window Toolkit (AWT)
- The Swing component set
- 2D graphics
- Pluggable look-and-feel
- Accessibility
- Drag-and-drop
- Internationalization



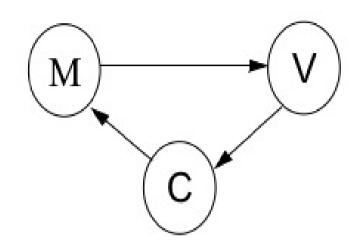
What Is Swing?

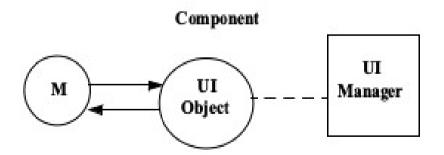
- An enhanced GUI component set
- Provides replacement components for those in the original AWT
- Has special features, such as a pluggable look-and feel



Swing Architecture

- Has its roots in the Model-View-Controller (MVC) architecture
- The Swing components follow Separable Model Architecture







Swing Packages

- Package Name
 - javax.swing
 - javax.swing.border
 - javax.swing.event
 - javax.swing.undo
 - javax.swing.plaf
 - javax.swing.plaf.basic
 - javax.swing.plaf.metal
 - javax.swing.plaf.multi
 - javax.swing.plaf.synth



Swing Packages

• Package Name

- javax.swing.colorchooser
- javax.swing.filechooser
- javax.swing.table
- javax.swing.tree
- javax.swing.text
- javax.swing.text.html
- javax.swing.text.html.parser
- javax.swing.text.rtf
- javax.swing.undo



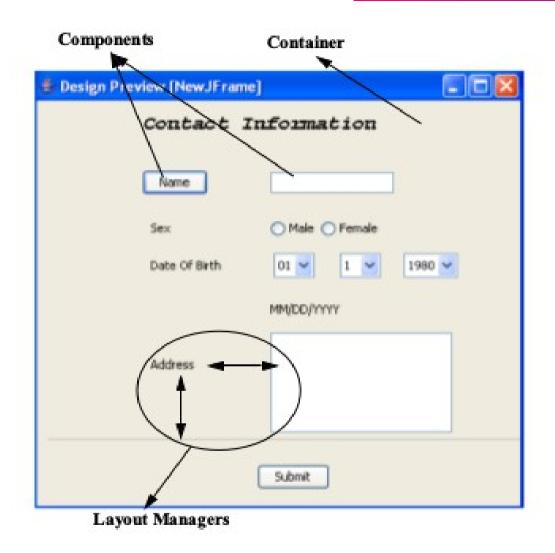
Examining the Composition of a Java Technology GUI



- Containers Are on top of the GUI containment hierarchy.
- Components Contain all the GUI components that are derived from the JComponent class.
- Layout Managers Are responsible for laying out components in a container.



Examining the Composition of a Java Technology GUI





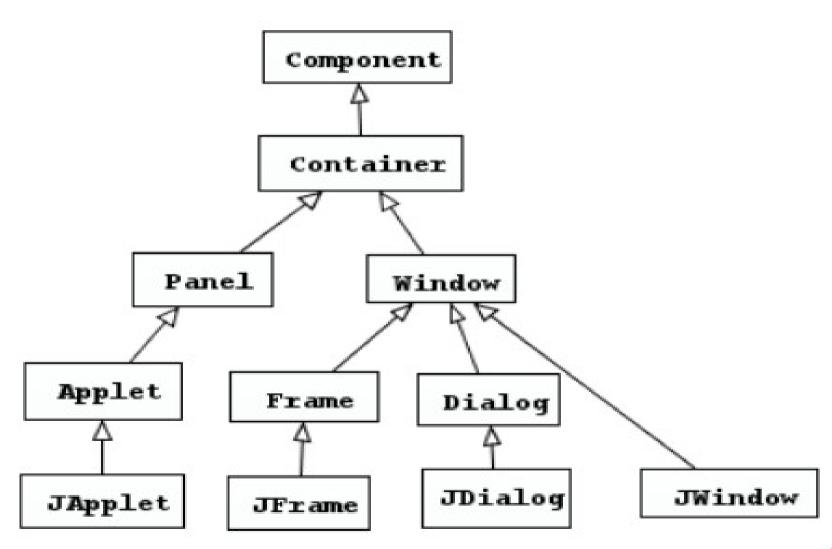
Swing Containers

Swing containers can be classified into three main categories:

- Top-level containers:
 - JFrame, JWindow, and JDialog
- General-purpose containers:
 - JPanel, JScrollPane, JToolBar, JSplitPane, and JTabbedPane
- Special-purpose containers:
 - JInternalFrame and JLayeredPane



Top-Level Containers





Swing Components

Swing components can be broadly classified as:

- Buttons
- Text components
- Uneditable information display components
- Menus
- Formatted display components
- Other basic controls



Text Components

Swing text components can be broadly divided into three categories.

- Text controls JTextField, JPasswordField (for user input)
- Plain text areas JTextArea (displays text in plain text, also for multi-line user input
- Styled text areas JEditorPane, JTextPane (displays formatted text)



Swing Component Properties

Common component properties:

- All the Swing components share some common properties because they all extend Jcomponent.
- Component-specific properties:
 - Each component defines more specific properties.



Common Component Properties

Property	Methods
Border	Border getBorder() void setBorder(Border b)
Background and foreground color	void setBackground(Color bg) void setForeground(Color bg)
Font	void setFont(Font f)
Opaque	void setOpaque(boolean isOpaque)
Maximum and minimum size	void setMaximumSize(Dimension d) void setMinimumSize(Dimension d)
Alignment	<pre>void setAlignmentX(float ax) void setAlignmentY(float ay)</pre>
Preferred size	void setPreferredSize(Dimension ps)



Component-Specific Properties

Properties Methods

Maximum row count void setMaximumRowCount(int count)

Model void setModal (ComboBoxModel cbm)

Selected index int getSelectedIndex()

Selected Item Object getSelectedItem()

Item count int getItemCount()

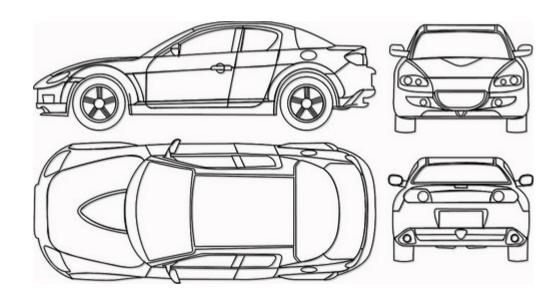
Renderer void setRenderer (ListCellRenderer ar)

Editable void setEditable (boolean flag)



Layout Managers

- Handle problems caused by:
 - GUI resizing by user
 - Operating system differences in fonts
 - Locale-specific text layout requirements





Layout Managers

- Layout manager classes:
 - BorderLayout
 - FlowLayout
 - BoxLayout
 - CardLayout
 - GridLayout
 - GridBagLayout



The BorderLayout Manager

The BorderLayout manager places components in top, bottom, left, right and center locations.

≜ Bor derLayoutDemo		
	Button 1	
Button 3	Button 2	Button 5
	Button 4	



BorderLayout Example

```
import java.awt.*;
import javax.swing.*;
public class BorderExample {
private JFrame f;
private JButton bn, bs, bw, be, bc;
public BorderExample() {
f = new JFrame("Border Layout");
bn = new JButton("Button 1");
bc = new JButton("Button 2");
bw = new JButton("Button 3");
bs = new JButton("Button 4");
be = new JButton("Button 5");}
```



BorderLayout Example

```
public void launchFrame() {
f.add(bn, BorderLayout.NORTH);
f.add(bs, BorderLayout.SOUTH);
f.add(bw, BorderLayout.WEST);
f.add(be, BorderLayout.EAST);
f.add(bc, BorderLayout.CENTER);
f.setSize(400,200);
f.setVisible(true);
public static void main(String args[]) {
BorderExample guiWindow2 = new BorderExample();
guiWindow2.launchFrame();
}}
```



The FlowLayout Manager

• The FlowLayout manager places components in a row, and if the row fills, components are placed in the next row.





FlowLayout Example

```
public class LayoutExample {
private JFrame f;
private JButton b1;
private JButton b2;
private JButton b3;
private JButton b4;
private JButton b5;
public LayoutExample() {
f = new JFrame("GUI example");
b1 = new JButton("Button 1");
b2 = new JButton("Button 2");
b3 = new JButton("Button 3");
b4 = new JButton("Button 4");
b5 = new JButton("Button 5");
```



FlowLayout Example

```
public void launchFrame() {
f.setLayout(new FlowLayout());
f.add(b1);
f.add(b2);
f.add(b3);
f.add(b4);
f.add(b5);
f.pack();
f.setVisible(true);
public static void main(String args[]) {
LayoutExample guiWindow = new LayoutExample();
guiWindow.launchFrame();
}}
```



The BoxLayout Manager

• The BoxLayout manager add components from left to right, and from top to bottom in a single row of column.

🍰 BoxL	ayoutDemo 📜	
	Button 1	
	Button 2	
	Button 3	
	Button 4	
	Button 5	



The CardLayout Manager

• The CardLayout manager places the components in different cards. Cards are usually controlled by a combo box.

≜ CardLayou	ıtDemo		≜ CardLayoutDemo	
	Button 1, 23		Button 4	5 🔻
Button 1	Button 2	Button 3	Button 4	Button 5



The GridLayout Manager

• The GridLayout manager places components in rows and columns in the form of a grid.

♣ GridLayoutDemo	
Button 1	Button 2
Button 3	Button 4
Button 5	



GridLayout Example

```
import java.awt.*;
import javax.swing.*;
public class GridExample {
private JFrame f;
private JButton b1, b2, b3, b4, b5;
public GridExample() {
f = new JFrame("Grid Example");
b1 = new JButton("Button 1");
b2 = new JButton("Button 2");
b3 = new JButton("Button 3");
b4 = new JButton("Button 4");
b5 = new JButton("Button 5");}
```



GridLayout Example

```
public void launchFrame() {
f.setLayout (new GridLayout(3,2));
f.add(b1);
f.add(b2);
f.add(b3);
f.add(b4);
f.add(b5);
f.pack();
f.setVisible(true);}
public static void main(String args[]) {
GridExample grid = new GridExample();
grid.launchFrame();
}}
```



The GridBagLayout Manager

• The GridBagLayout manager arranges components in rows and columns, similar to a grid layout, but provides a wide variety of options for resizing and positioning the components.

🍰 GridBagLa	ayo utDemo	
Button 1	Button 2	
Button 3		Button 4
	But	ton 5



GUI Construction

- Programmatic
- GUI builder tool





Programmatic Construction

```
import javax.swing.*;
public class HelloWorldSwing {
private static void createAndShowGUI() {
JFrame frame = new JFrame("HelloWorldSwing");
//Set up the window.
frame.setDefaultCloseOperation(JFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE);
JLabel label = new JLabel("Hello World");
// Add Label
frame.add(label);
frame.setSize(300,200);
// Display Window
frame.setVisible(true);}
```

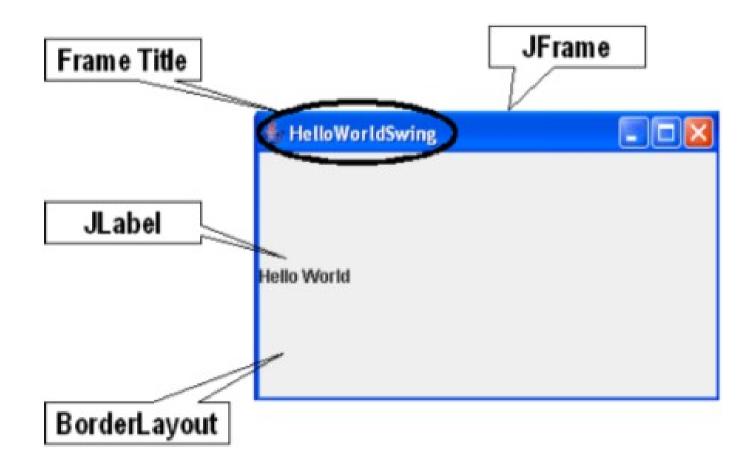


Programmatic Construction

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
javax.swing.SwingUtilities.invokeLater(new Runnable() {
//Schedule for the event-dispatching thread:
//creating, showing this app's GUI.
public void run() {createAndShowGUI();}
});
```



Programmatic Construction





Key Methods

Methods for setting up the JFrame and adding JLabel:

- setDefaultCloseOperationJFrame.EXIT_ON_CLOSE)
 - -Creates the program to exit when the close button is clicked.
- setVisible(true)- Makes the JFrame visible.
- add(label)- JLabel is added to the content pane not to the JFrame directly.





Key Methods

- Tasks:
 - Executing GUI application code, such as rendering
 - Handling GUI events
 - Handling time consuming (background) processes
- The SwingUtilities class:
 - SwingUtilites.invokeLater(new Runnable())



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