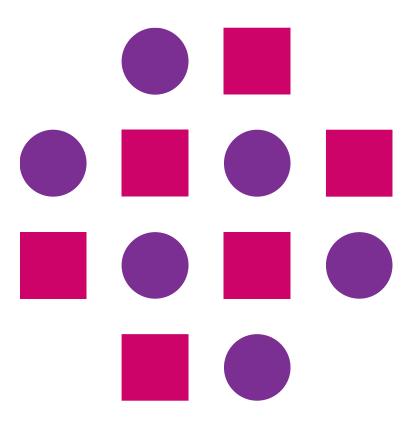


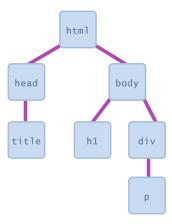
DOM Handling jQuery





Document Object Model (DOM)

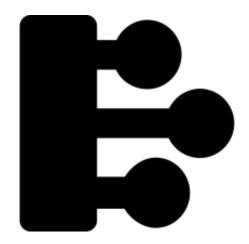
- The W3C Document Object Model (DOM) is a platform and language-neutral interface that allows programs and scripts to dynamically access and update the content, structure, and style of a document
- jQuery provides multiple methods to manipulate DOM
- Using these methods it is easy to access and manipulate elements and attributes
- It also provides methods to change browser window dimensions





DOM APIs

Selector	Description
<pre>\$(selector).text();</pre>	Sets or returns the text content of selected elements
<pre>\$(selector).html();</pre>	Sets or returns the content of selected elements (including HTML mark-up)
<pre>\$(selector).val();</pre>	Sets or returns the value of form fields





Example usage – Getting values using DOM APIs

```
<script>
$(document).ready(function() {
    /* Get values from various HTML elements */
    $("#btn1").click(function() {
        console.log("Paragraph" + $("#test1").text());
        console.log("Value" + $("#test2").val());
    });
});
</script>
```

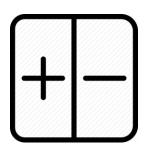


Example usage – Setting values using DOM APIs

```
<script>
$ (document) . ready (function() {
/* Upon button click change text */
$("#btn1").click(function(){
    $("#test1").text("First paragraph - normal text");
});
/* Upon button click change HTML text */
$("#btn2").click(function(){
    $("#test2").html("<b>Second paragraph</b>");
});
/* Upon button click change input field value */
$("#btn3").click(function(){
    $("#test3").val("New Value...");
});
});
</script>
```

DOM APIs – Insert and Remove

Selector	Description
<pre>\$(selector).append();</pre>	Inserts content at the end of the selected elements
<pre>\$(selector).prepend();</pre>	Inserts content at the beginning of the selected elements
<pre>\$(selector).after();</pre>	Inserts content after the selected elements
<pre>\$(selector).before()</pre>	Inserts content before the selected elements
<pre>\$ (selector) .remove();</pre>	Removes the selected element (and its child elements)
<pre>\$(selector).empty();</pre>	Removes the child elements from the selected element





Example usage – Insert and remove using DOM APIs

```
<script>
$ (document) . ready (function() {
$("#myButton2").click(function(){
    $("#test2").remove();
});
$("#myButton4").click(function(){
    $("#test3").append(" <b>Appended text</b> ");
});
});
</script>
```

DOM APIs – Handling styles

Selector & Description

```
$ (selector).css("property", "value");
$ (selector).css({"property": "value", "property": "value",....});
Set a single or multiple properties on a selector
```



```
$("p").css("background-color", "blue");
$("p").css({"background-color": "red", "font-size": "100%"});
```



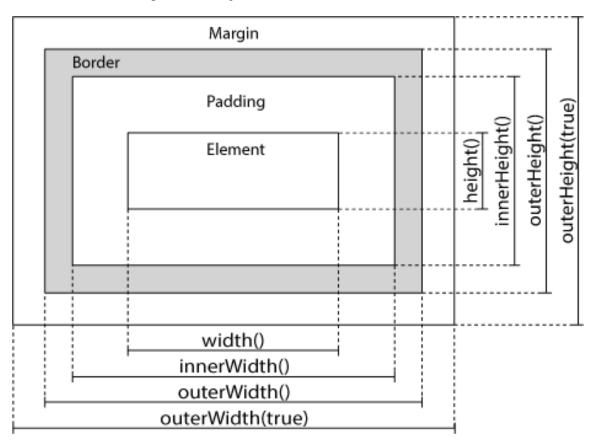
jQuery – Dimension APIs

Selector	Description
<pre>\$ (selector) .width();</pre>	Sets or returns the width of an element (excludes padding, border and margin)
<pre>\$(selector).height();</pre>	Sets or returns the height of an element (excludes padding, border and margin).
<pre>\$ (selector) .innerWidth();</pre>	Returns the width of an element (includes padding)
<pre>\$(selector).innerHeight();</pre>	Returns the height of an element (includes padding)
<pre>\$ (selector) .outerWidth();</pre>	Returns the width of an element (includes padding and border)
<pre>\$(selector).outerHeight();</pre>	Returns the height of an element (includes padding and border)





jQuery – Dimension APIs





Example usage – Dimensions

```
<script>
$ (document) . ready (function() {
$("button").click(function(){
    console.log("Width: " + $("#div1").width());
    console.log("Height: " + $("#div1").height());
    console.log("OuterWidth: " + $("#div1").outerWidth());
    console.log("OuterHeight: " + $("#div1").outerHeight());
});
});
</script>
```

Exercise



- Implement Multiple lists as follows and implement various list operations (insert, delete, append, insert before etc..) by using DOM APIs
 - Student names
 - Course names
 - Qualification

- Re-implement following JavaScript exercises using jQuery and find out the difference in implementation:
 - Modify the text-align, font-size, font-family of heading1
 - Change the background color of all the <div> tag
 - Add text shadow in all paragraphs in the given essay

















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