Java Programming



Objectives

Upon completion of this module, you should be able to:

- Describe the key features of Java technology
- Write, compile and run simple java application
- Describe the function of the Java virtual machine
- Define garbage collection
- List the three task perform by Java that handle code security



Relevance

- Is the Java programming language a complete language or is it useful only for writing programs for the Web?
- Why do you need another programming language?



What is Java Technology?

- Java technology is:
 - A programming language
 - A development environment
 - An application environment
 - A deployment environment
- It is similar in syntax to C++.
- It is used for developing the applications.



Primary Goals of the Java Technology

- Provides an easy-to-use language by:
 - Avoiding many pitfalls of other languages
 - Being object-oriented
 - Enabling users to create streamlined and clear code
- Provides an interpreted environment for:
 - Improved speed of development
 - Code portability



Primary Goals of the Java Technology

- Enables users to run more than one thread of activity
- Loads classes dynamically; that is, at the time they are actually needed
- Supports changing programs dynamically during runtime by loading classes from disparate sources
- Furnishes better security



Primary Goals of the Java Technology

The following features fulfill these goals:

- The Java Virtual Machine (JVMTM) 1
- Garbage collection
- The Java Runtime Environment (JRE)
- JVM tool interface

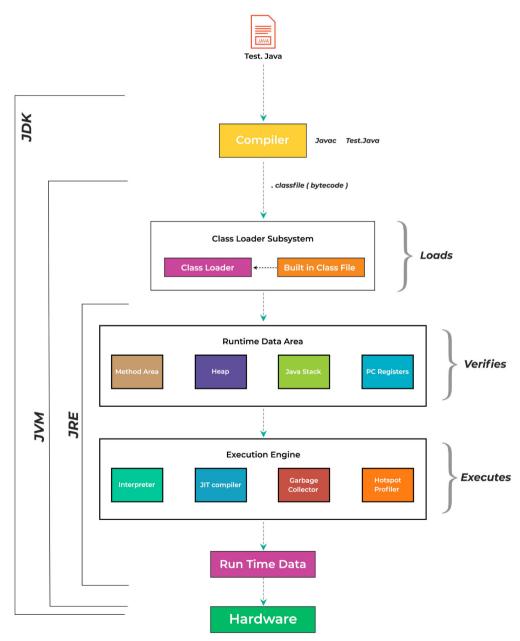


The Java Virtual Machine

- Provides hardware platform specifications
- Reads compiled byte codes that are platform-independent
- Is implemented as software or hardware
- Is implemented in a Java technology development tool or a Web browser



Architecture of Java Virtual Machine





The Java Virtual Machine

JVM provides definitions for the:

- Instruction set (central processing unit [CPU])
- Register set
- Class file format
- Stack
- Garbage-collected heap
- Memory area
- Fatal error reporting
- High-precision timing support



The Java Virtual Machine

- The majority of type checking is done when the code is compiled.
- Implementation of the JVM approved by Sun Microsystems must be able to run any compliant class file.
- The JVM executes on multiple operating environments.



Garbage Collection

- Allocated memory that is no longer needed should be deallocated.
- In other languages, deallocation is the programmer's responsibility.
- The Java programming language provides a system-level thread to track memory allocation.



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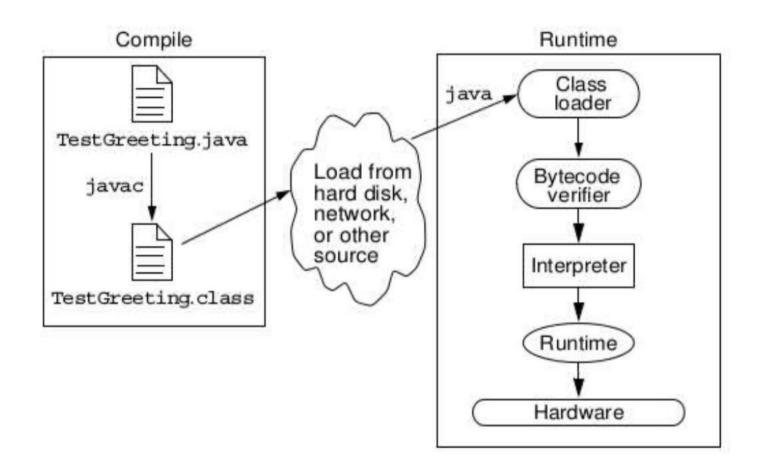
Garbage Collection

Garbage collection has the following characteristics:

- Checks for and frees memory no longer needed
- Is done automatically
- Can vary dramatically across JVM implementations

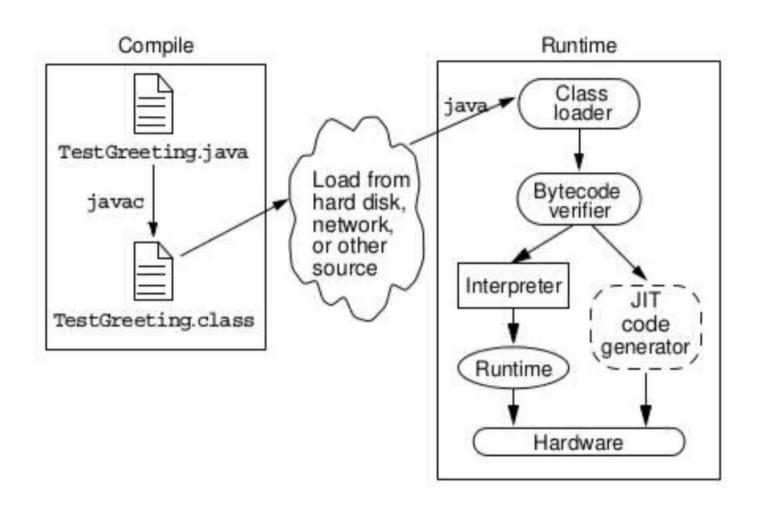


The Java Runtime Environment





JRE With a Just-In-Time (JIT) Compiler





JVM Tasks

The JVM performs three main tasks:

- Loads code
- Verifies code
- Executes code



The Class Loader

- Loads all classes necessary for the execution of a program
- Maintains classes of the local file system in separate namespaces
- Prevents spoofing

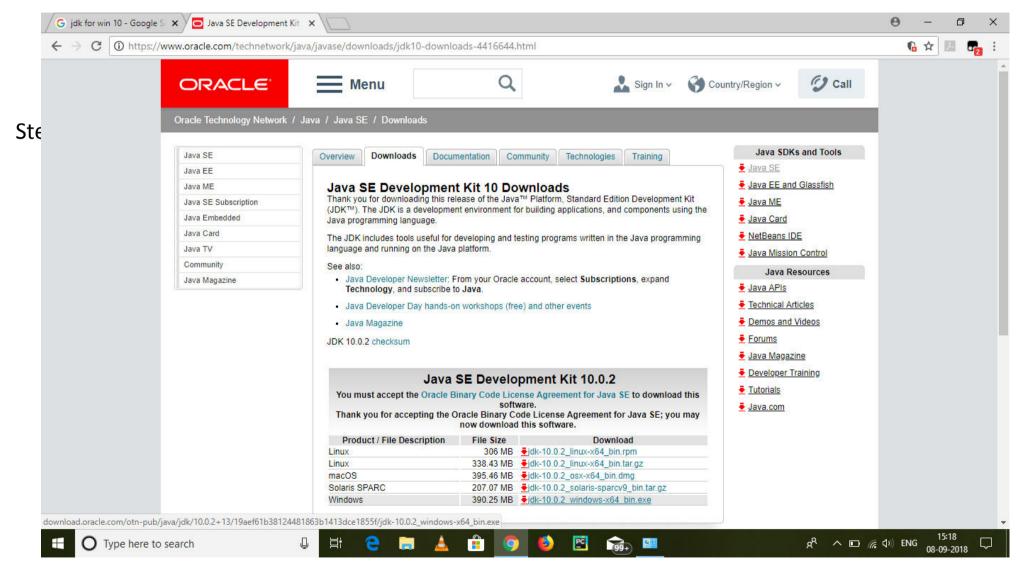


The Bytecode Verifier

- The code adheres to the JVM specification.
- The code does not violate system integrity.
- The code causes no operand stack overflows or underflows.
- The parameter types for all operational code are correct.
- No illegal data conversions (the conversion of integers to pointers) have occurred.

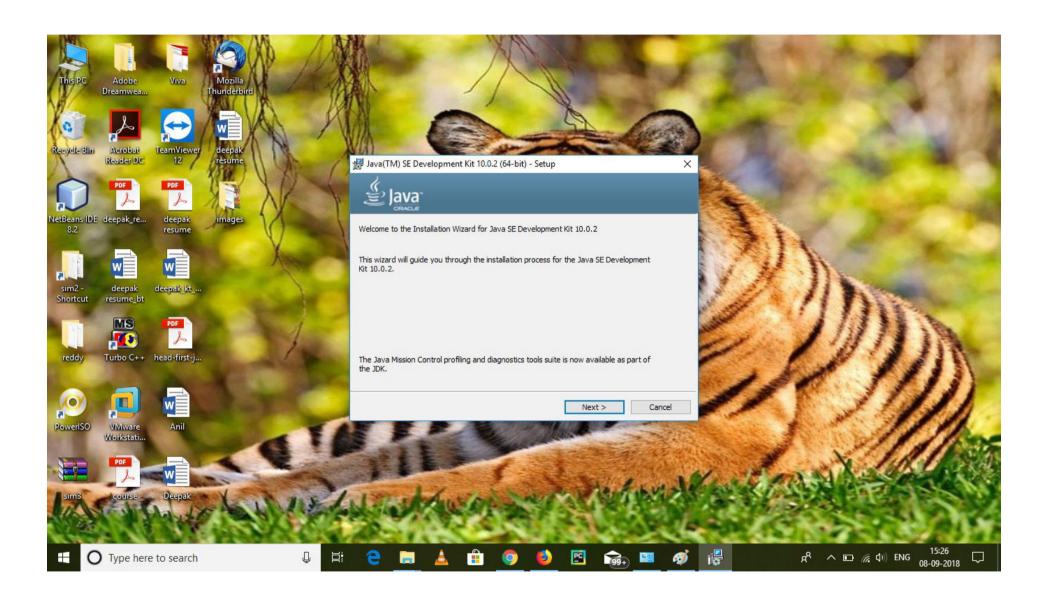


Steps to install JDK for windows

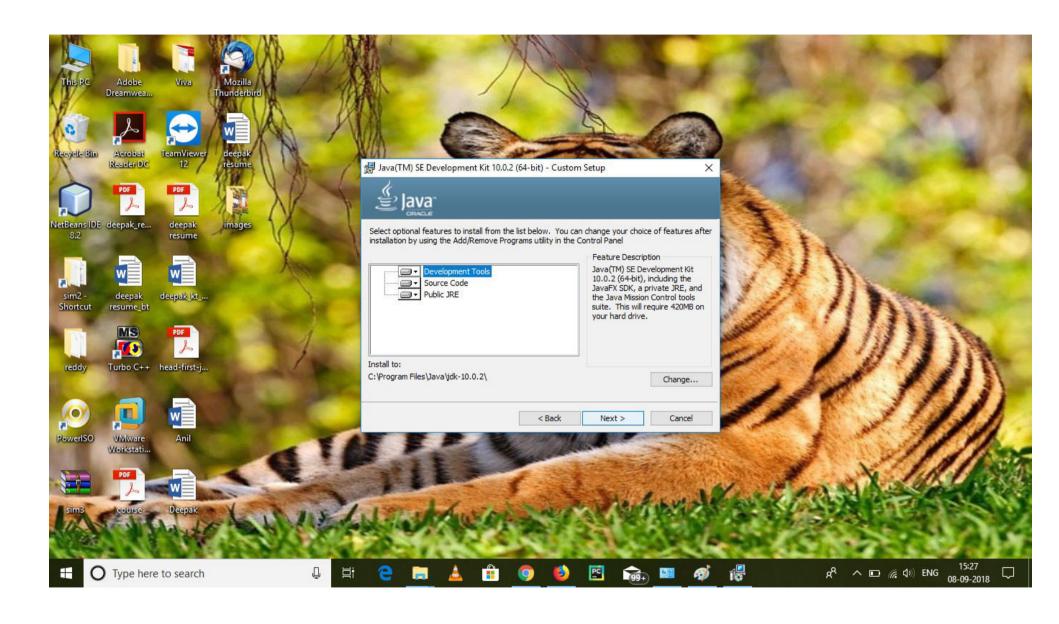




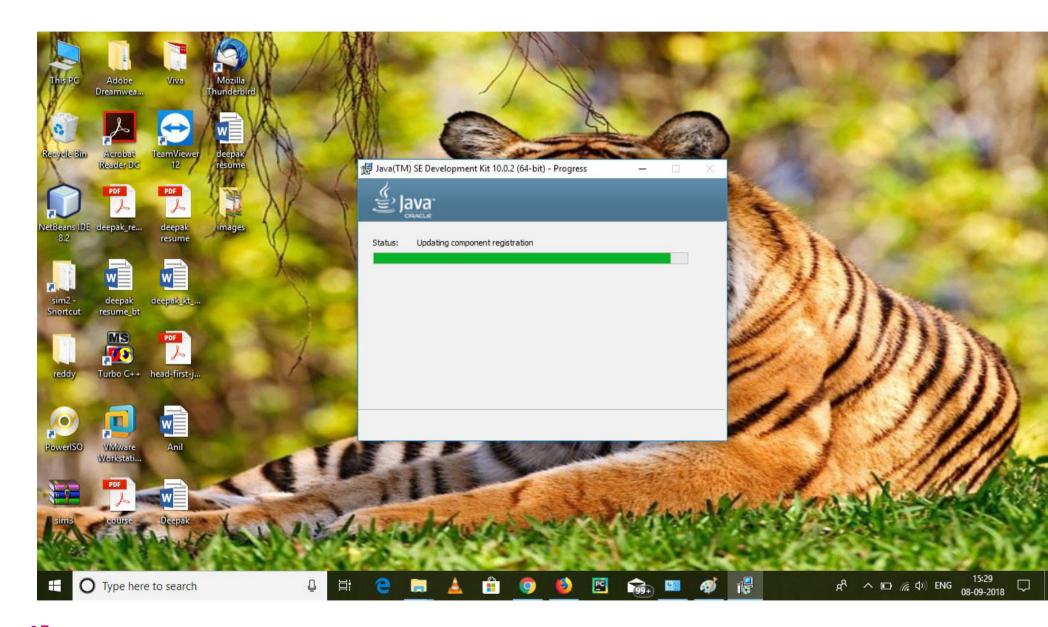
Step 2: Open and Run the file.



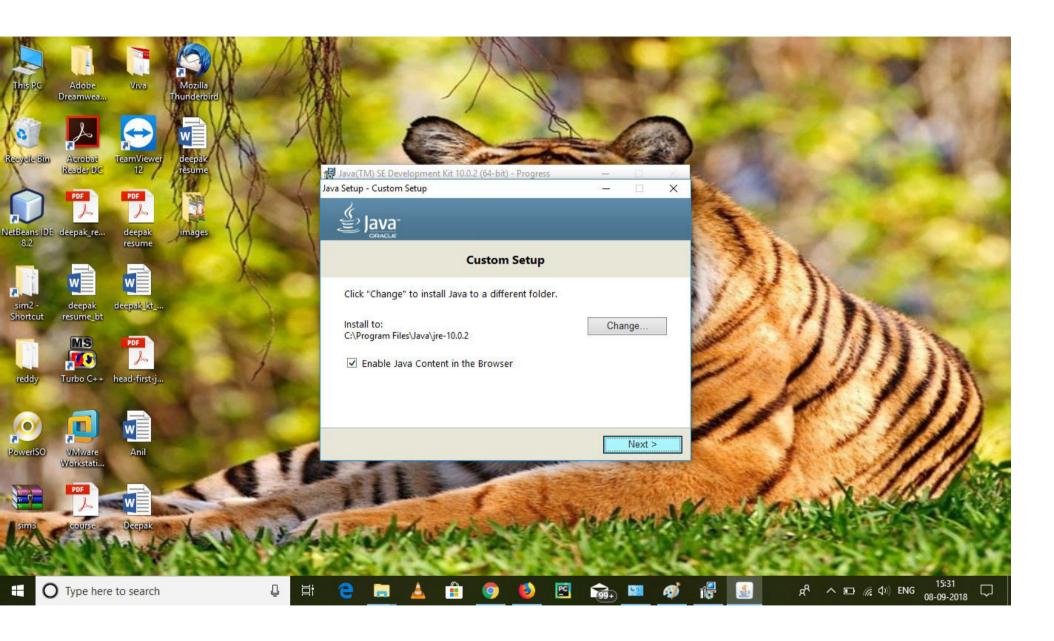




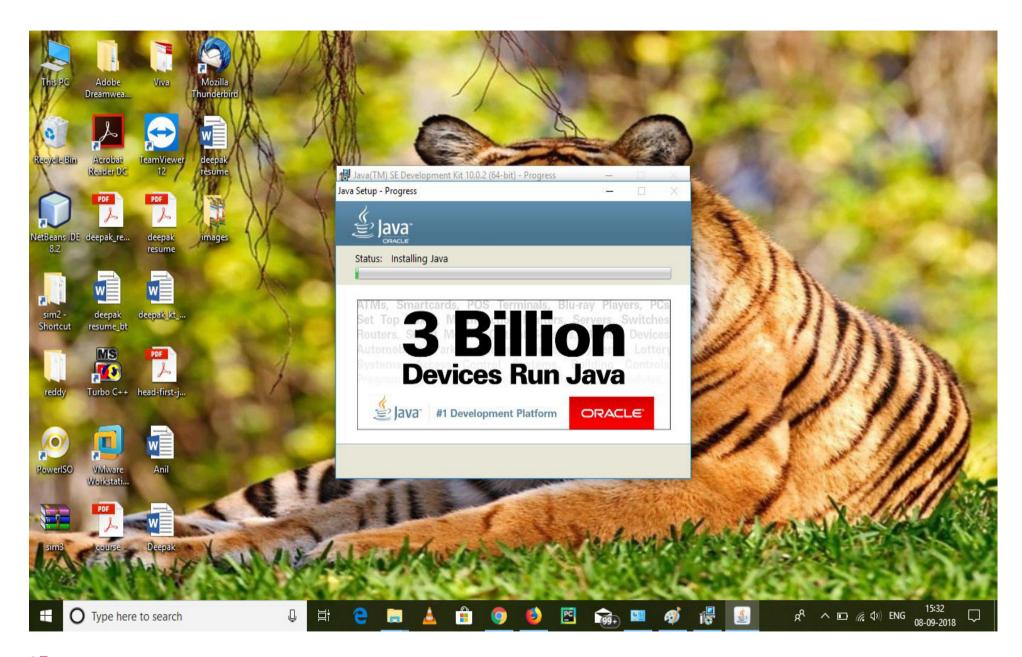




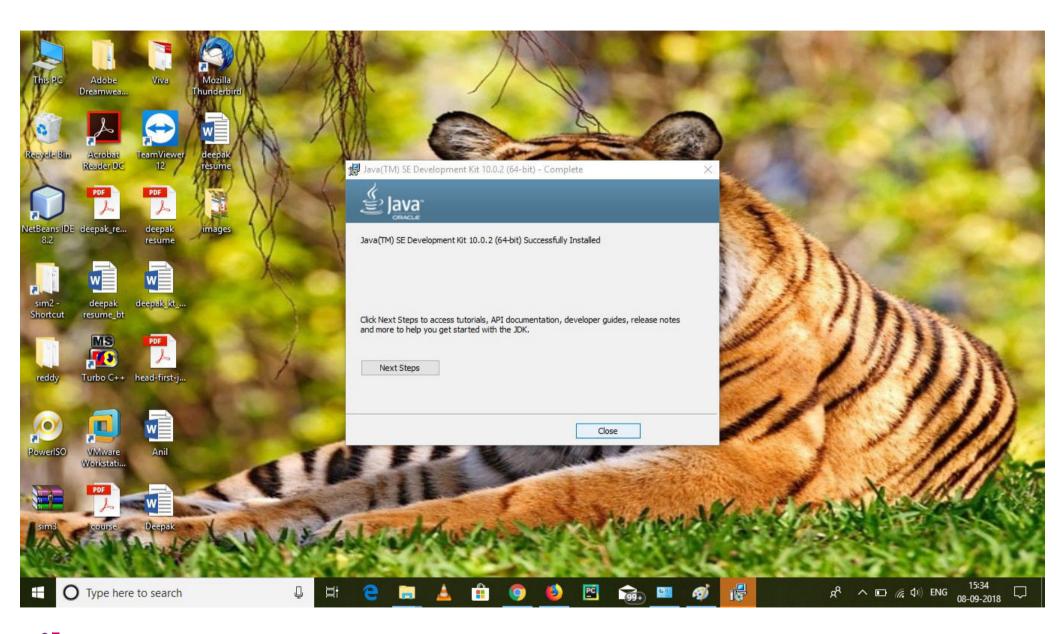






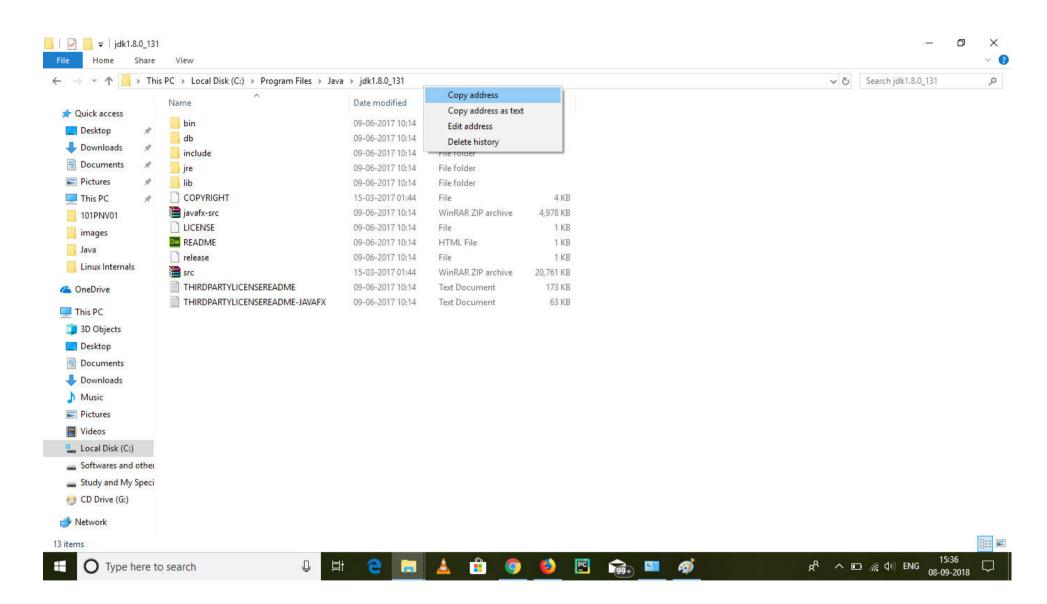




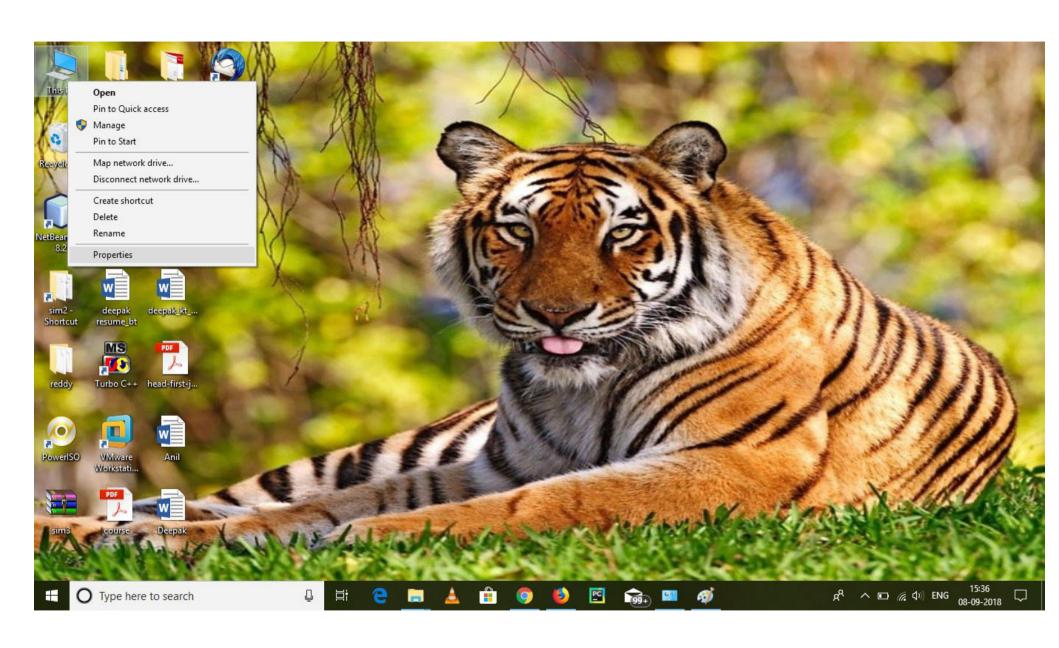




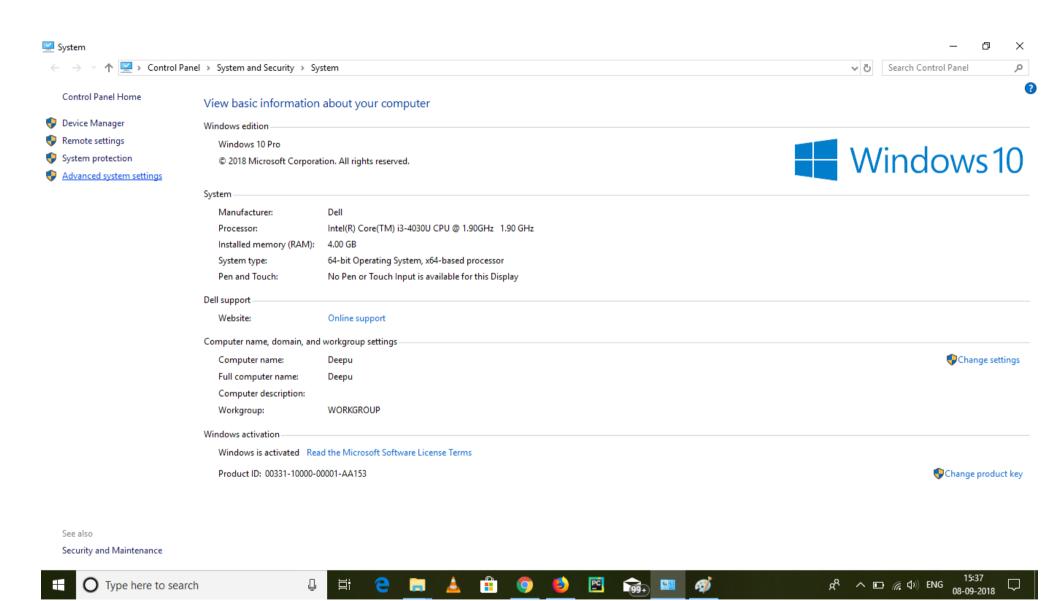
Step 3: How to set Environment Variables?



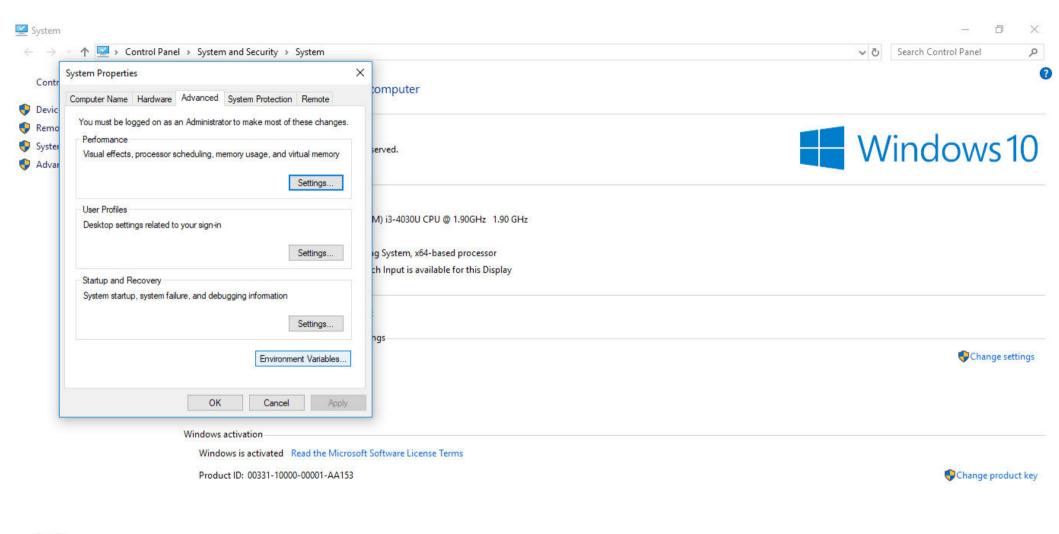










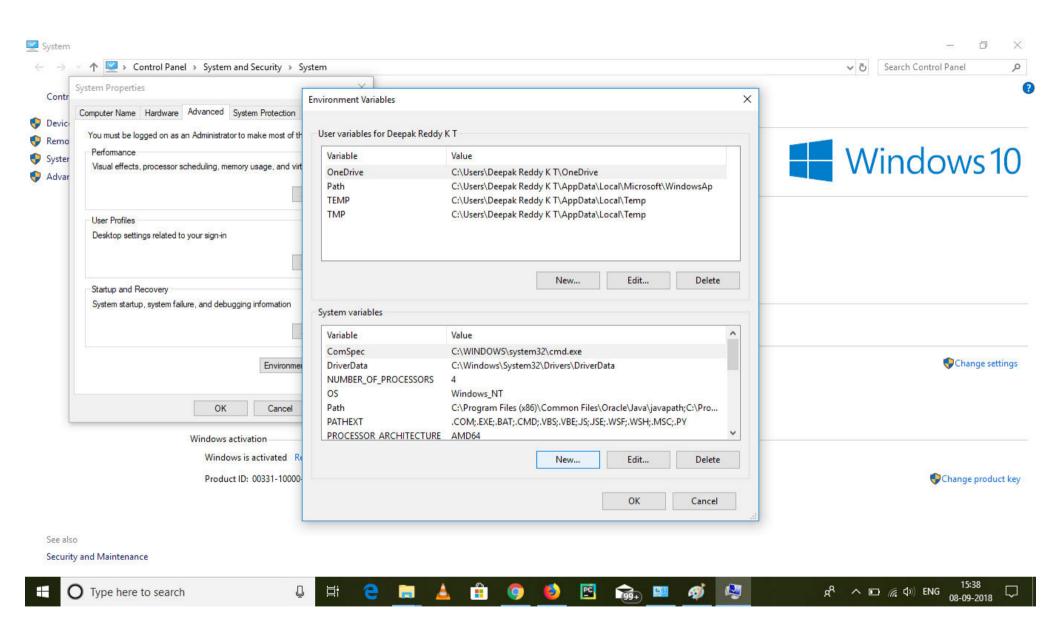


See also

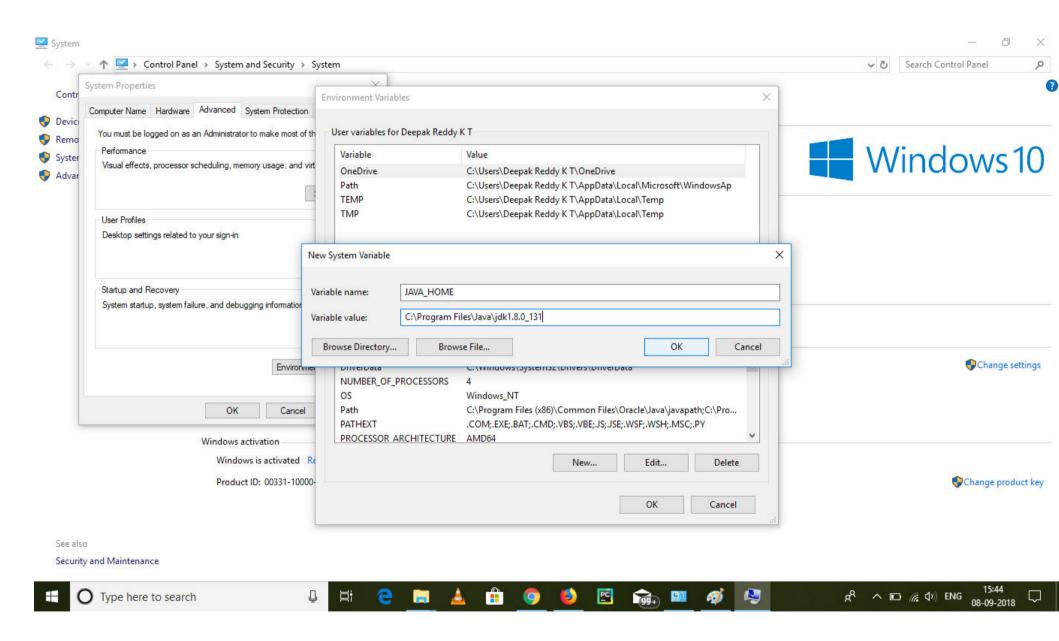
Security and Maintenance



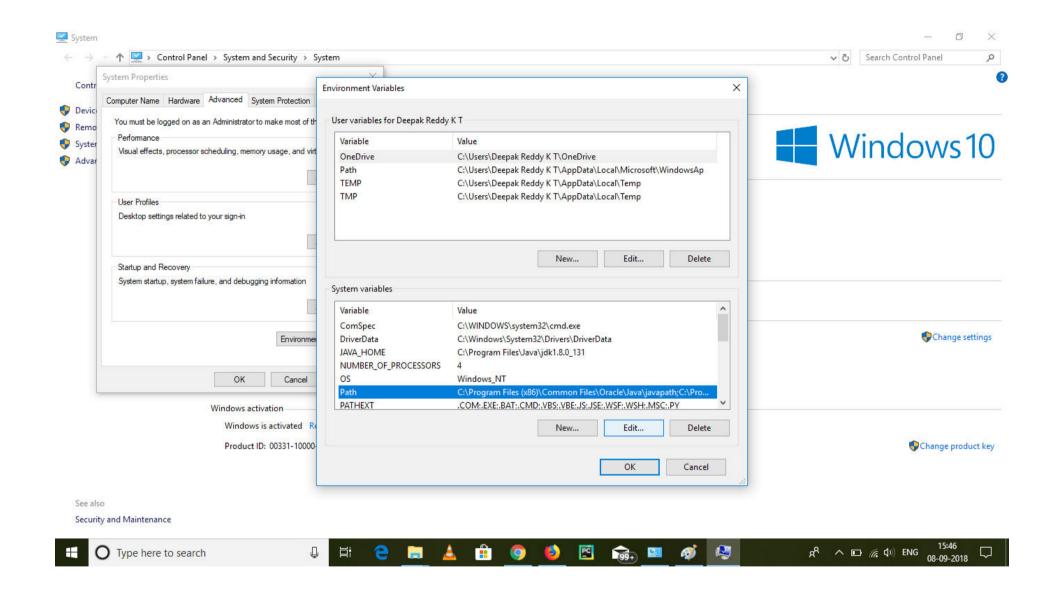




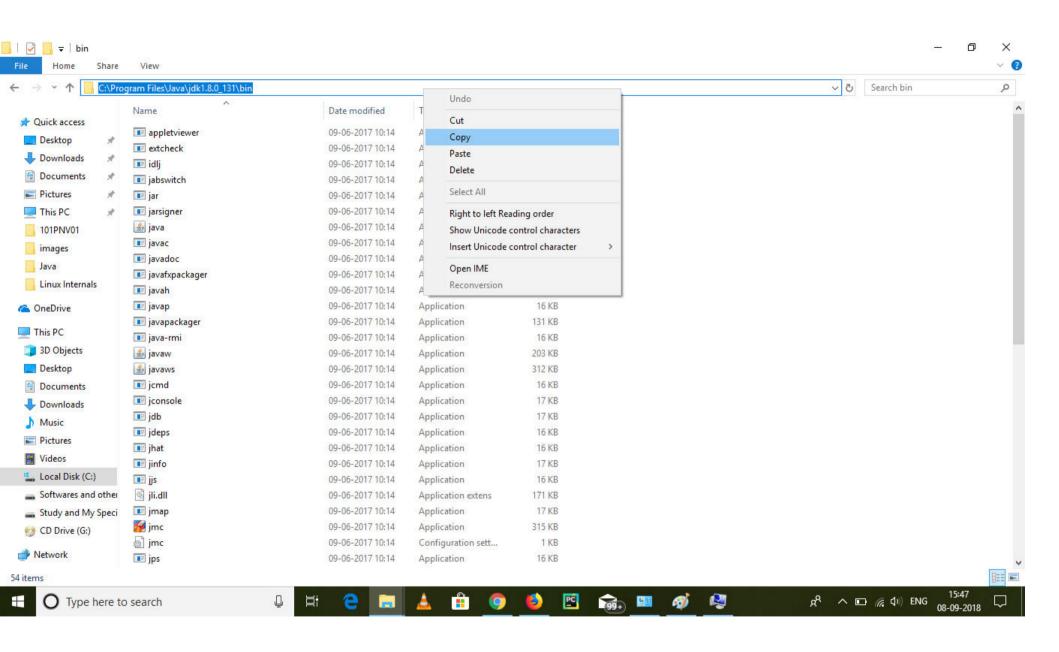




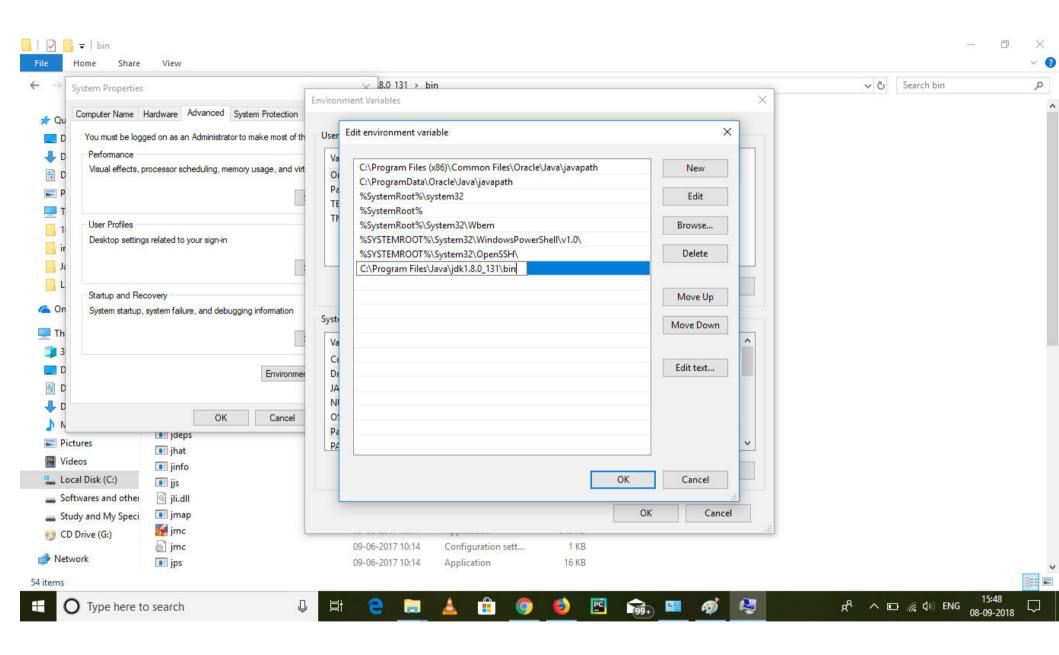




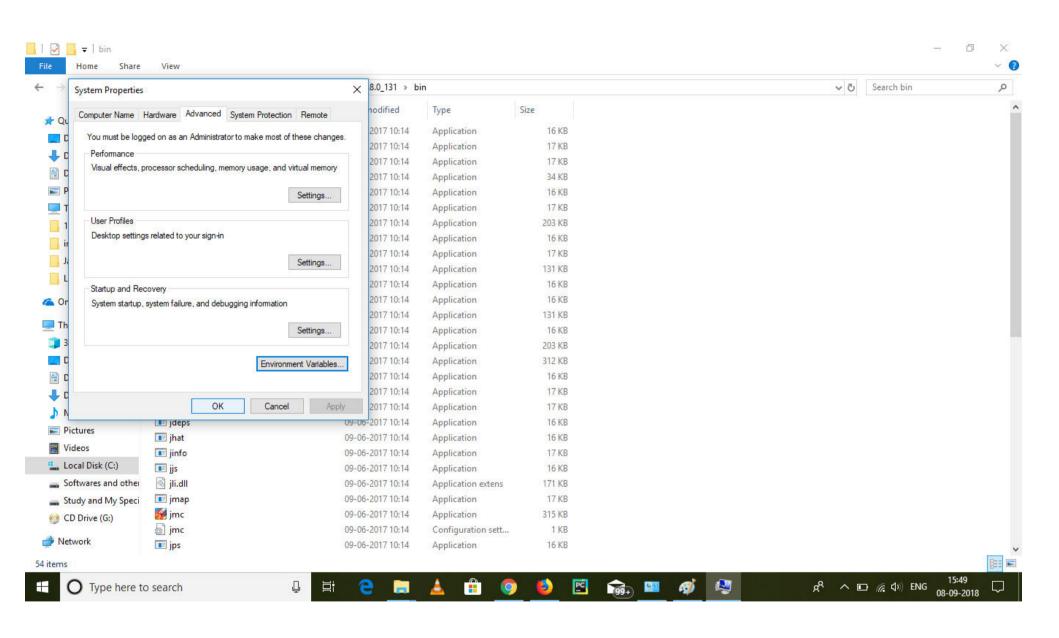














A Simple Java Application

```
The Test.java Application

//

// Sample "Hello World" application

//

public class Test{

public static void main (String[] args) {

System.out.println("Hello World");

}
```

Compiling and Running the TestGreeting Program

- Compile Test.java: Syntax: javac filename.java javac Test.java
- The Test.java is compiled.
- Run the application by using the following command:

Syntax: java filename java Test

Locate common compile and runtime errors.

Java Technology Runtime Environment

