Hw4 code

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Problem 2: Serial Ranking Algorithm

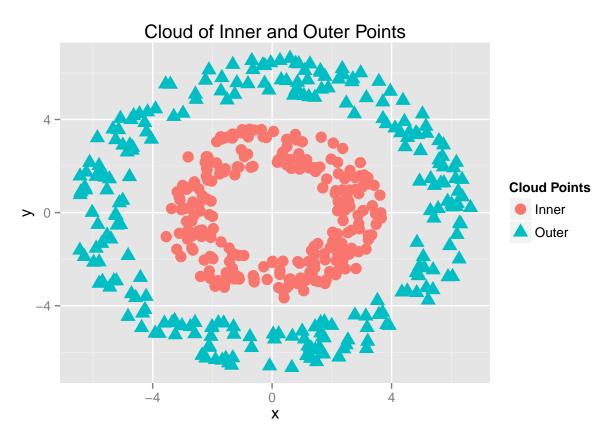
```
# read in file for 2009, 2010 names, to matrix
names <- as.matrix(read.csv("England_2009_2010_TeamNames.csv", header = FALSE))</pre>
# read in file for 2009, 2010 scores, to matrix
C <- as.matrix(read.csv("England_2009_2010.csv", header = FALSE))
# team loses both games \Rightarrow C_ij = -1
# team wins both games \Rightarrow C_ij = 1
# otherwise
                         \Rightarrow C_i j = 0
# implement Serial-Rank algorithm
# diagonal of C is all 1s
diag(C) <- 1
S <- matrix(NA, 20, 20)
# final similarity pairwise similarity matrix S, dimensions: 20x20
one_mat <- matrix(1, 20, 20)
S \leftarrow 1/2 * (20 * one_mat %*% t(one_mat) + C %*% t(C))
\# Laplacian \ matrix: L = D - S
D_ii <- diag(S %*% one_mat)</pre>
D <- D_ii * diag(20)
L <- matrix(NA, 20, 20)
L <- D - S
# get eigenvalues from L
L_evals <- eigen(L)$values
L_evecs <- eigen(L)$vectors</pre>
# compute fiedler vector of S
# we take the 19th eigenvector since the 20th eigenvalue is ~ 0
fiedler_vector <- L_evecs[,19]</pre>
# sort fiedlier vector in increasing order
fiedler_vector_inc <- sort(fiedler_vector)</pre>
# minimize upsets in the final ranking
team_rank <- matrix(NA, 20, 1)</pre>
for(i in 1:20){
  for(j in 1:20){
    if(fiedler_vector_inc[i] == fiedler_vector[j])
      team_rank[i,1] <- names[j]</pre>
```

```
# team ranking result
team_rank
```

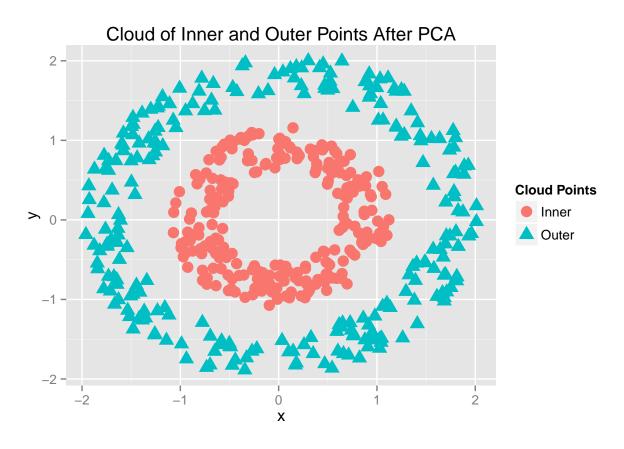
```
##
         [,1]
## [1,] "'Man City'"
## [2,] "'Chelsea'"
## [3,] "'Man United'"
## [4,] "'Tottenham'"
## [5,] "'Arsenal'"
## [6,] "'Everton'"
## [7,] "'Aston Villa'"
## [8,] "'Liverpool'"
## [9,] "'Blackburn'"
## [10,] "'Fulham'"
## [11.] "'Stoke'"
## [12,] "'Bolton'"
## [13,] "'Birmingham'"
## [14,] "'West Ham'"
## [15,] "'Sunderland'"
## [16,] "'Wolves'"
## [17,] "'Portsmouth'"
## [18,] "'Wigan'"
## [19,] "'Hull'"
## [20,] "'Burnley'"
```

Problem 3: Diffusion Maps

```
library(ggplot2)
load("twoCircles.data")
# object A contains n = 500 points of 2-d coordinates
# inner points: first 250 points
# outer points: second 250 points
### (a) plot point cloud, mark 2 different kind of plots with two different symbols
inner <- data.frame(A[1:250,], point = rep("inner", 250))</pre>
outer <- data.frame(A[251:500,], point = rep("outer", 250))
in_out <- rbind(inner, outer)</pre>
pt_cloud <- ggplot(in_out, aes(x = x, y = y, group = point,</pre>
                                shape = point, colour = point)) +
  geom_point(size = 4) +
  scale_colour_discrete(name = "Cloud Points",
                        breaks = c("inner", "outer"),
                        labels = c("Inner", "Outer")) +
  scale_shape_discrete(name = "Cloud Points",
                        breaks = c("inner", "outer"),
                       labels = c("Inner", "Outer")) +
  ggtitle("Cloud of Inner and Outer Points")
```

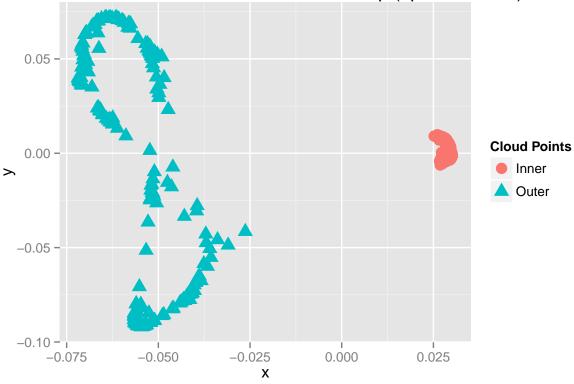


```
### (b) perform PCA on this data set
# show a 2-d plot of your data points using the 2 principal components
# plot inner and outer points again with distinct symbols
# performs PCA and returns top 2 eigen vectors
run_PCA = function(stock_mat){
  myPCA = prcomp(stock_mat, scale. = TRUE)
  # top 5 eigen vectors
  e_{vecs} = myPCA$x[,1:2]
  # print variance capture
  #pca_summ <- summary(myPCA)</pre>
  #variance_capture <- pca_summ$importance[3,5]</pre>
  return(e_vecs)
eigen_vectors <- run_PCA(in_out[-3])</pre>
# store the top 2 eigenvectors back into the inner, outer data frame
in_out[,1:2] <- eigen_vectors</pre>
# replot the points
```



```
D <- D_ii * diag(500)</pre>
D_inv <- solve(D)</pre>
L = D_inv %*% W
e_values <- eigen(L)$values # 500 eigenvalues</pre>
e_vectors <- eigen(L)$vectors # 500x500 matrix, each column is an eigenvector</pre>
# take first two nontrivial eigenvectors
e_vec_1 <- e_values[2] * e_vectors[,2]</pre>
e_vec_2 <- e_values[3] * e_vectors[,3]</pre>
in_out[,1] <- e_vec_1</pre>
in_out[,2] <- e_vec_2</pre>
new_cloud <- ggplot(in_out, aes(x = x, y = y, group = point,</pre>
                                   shape = point, colour = point)) +
  geom_point(size = 4) +
  scale_colour_discrete(name = "Cloud Points",
                          breaks = c("inner", "outer"),
                          labels = c("Inner", "Outer")) +
  scale_shape_discrete(name = "Cloud Points",
                         breaks = c("inner", "outer"),
labels = c("Inner", "Outer")) +
  ggtitle("Cloud of Inner and Outer Points Diffusion Map (epsilon = 0.75)")
# replot points after implementing diffusion map algorithm
new_cloud
```





```
# for epsilon = 1
\# L = D_inverse * W
epsilon = 1 # experiment with epsilon - 0.75, 1
W = \exp(-DIST^2 / epsilon)
\# D is a diagonal matrix with D_ii = sum(row \ i \ of \ W \ matrix)
D_ii = rowSums(W)
# make D_i the diagonal entires of a 500x500 matrix
D <- D_ii * diag(500)
D_inv <- solve(D)</pre>
L = D_inv %*% W
e_values <- eigen(L)$values # 500 eigenvalues</pre>
e_vectors <- eigen(L)$vectors # 500x500 matrix, each column is an eigenvector
# take first two nontrivial eigenvectors
e_vec_1 <- e_values[2] * e_vectors[,2]</pre>
e_vec_2 <- e_values[3] * e_vectors[,3]</pre>
in_out[,1] <- e_vec_1</pre>
in_out[,2] <- e_vec_2</pre>
new_cloud <- ggplot(in_out, aes(x = x, y = y, group = point,</pre>
                                  shape = point, colour = point)) +
  geom_point(size = 4) +
  scale_colour_discrete(name = "Cloud Points",
                         breaks = c("inner", "outer"),
```

