

There Is No Largest Prime Number

The proof uses reductio ad absurdum.

Euclid of Alexandria 27th International Symposium of Prime Numbers

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Theorem

There is no largest prime number.

Suppose *p* were the largest prime number.

But q + 1 is greater than 1, thus divisible by some prime number not in the first p numbers.

There Is No Largest Prime Number The proof uses reductio ad absurdum.



Theorem

There is no largest prime number.

- Suppose *p* were the largest prime number.
- Let q be the product of the first p numbers.
- But q + 1 is greater than 1, thus divisible by some prime number not in the first p numbers.

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Theorem

There is no largest prime number.

- Suppose *p* were the largest prime number.
- Let q be the product of the first p numbers.
- Then q + 1 is not divisible by any of them.
- But q + 1 is greater than 1, thus divisible by some prime number not in the first p numbers.

A longer title



- one
- two