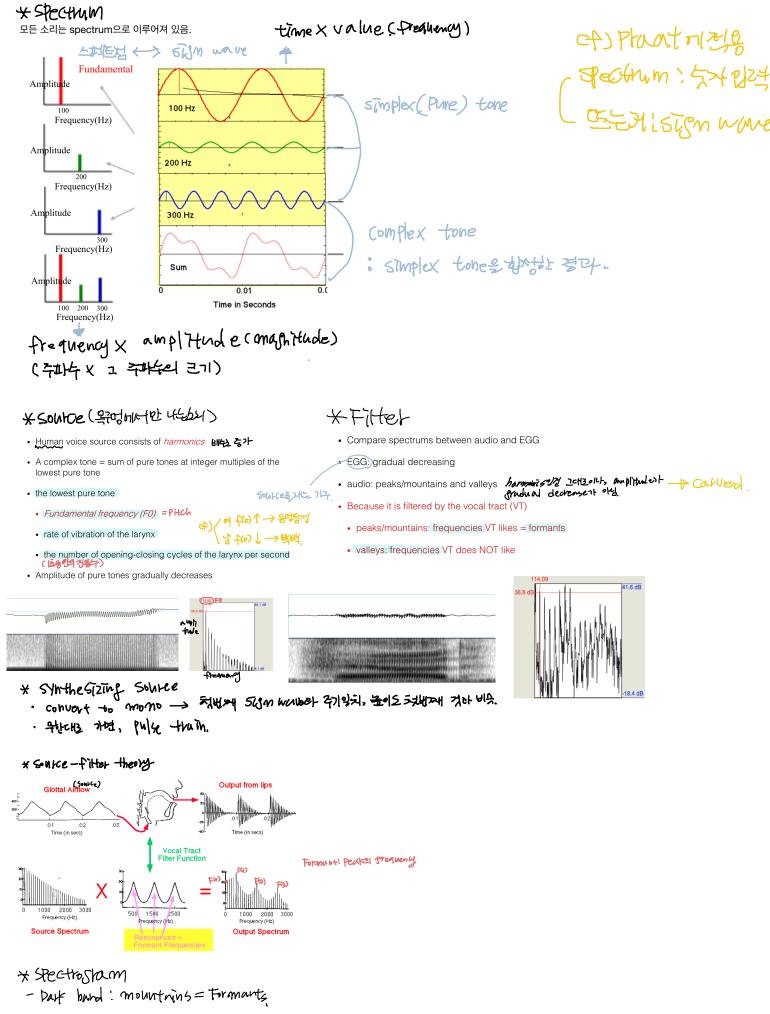
## -English consonants and vowels

| p pie pea lowercase p lowercase p lowercase p lowercase p lowercase p lowercase c lowercas |         |        |      |        |             | 1          | 2  |       |        |         |        |       |                  |
|--|---------|--------|------|--------|-------------|------------|----|-------|--------|---------|--------|-------|------------------|
| t tie tea lowercase t I I I hid bid hit kid small capital I k kye key lowercase k lowercas | n       | nie    | nea  |        | lowercase n | i          | i  | heed  | he     | bead    | heat   | keyed | lowercase i      |
| k kye key lowercase k e  | t       |        | •    |        |             | T          | T  | hid   |        | bid     | hit    | kid   | small capital I  |
| by d dye D lowercase by lowerca | k       |        |      |        |             | _          |    |       | hav    |         |        |       |                  |
| g guy  | b       | by     | bee  |        | lowercase b |            |    |       | iiay   |         | Hate   | Cauc  |                  |
| m my me ram lowercase m q q n hard bod hot cod turned script a n lowercase n q n p hod bod hot cod turned script a n p hod bod hot cod hot cod turned script a n p hod bod hot cod turned script a n p hod bod hot cod turned script a n p hod bod hot cod turned script a n p hod bod hot cod hot cod turned script a n p hod bod hot cod hot cod turned script a n p hod hot cod turned script a n p hod hot cod turned script a n p hod hot cod hod bod hot cod hod hot cod hod hot cod hod hut cud turned script a n p hod hot cod hod hot cod hod hot cod hod hut cud turned script   | d       | dye    | D    |        | lowercase d |            |    |       |        |         |        |       |                  |
| n nigh knee ran lowercase n eng (or angm of fie fie fee lowercase y vie vie vie vie vie thy thee says sigh sea listen lowercase z n mizzen lowercase z n mizsion vision long z (or yog 1 lie w why we why we lowercase y lower | g       | guy    |      |        |             | æ          | æ  |       |        | bad     |        | cad   |                  |
| Fig. 1 fie fee fee lowercase f fie fee vie vie vie vie vie vie vie vie vie v   | m       |        |      |        |             | α          | α  | hard  |        | bard    | heart  | card  | script a         |
| f fie fee lowercase f v vie V lowercase v v v vie V lowercase v v v vie V lowercase v v v v vie V lowercase v v v v v hood lowercase v v v v hood lowercase o code lowercase o vie V lowercase s sigh sea listen lowercase s v v vision long z (or yog I lie lee lowercase v lowercase v lowercase v vision long z (or yog I lie V lowercase v lowerc  | n       | nigh   | knee |        |             | α          | D  | hod   |        | bod     | hot    | cod   | turned script a  |
| v vie V lowercase v U U bhood could upsilon  theta ou but hoed hoe bode code lowercase o  thy thee sea listen lowercase s A A Hudd bud hut cud turned v  s sigh sea listen lowercase s A A Hudd bud hut cud turned v  J (S) shy she mission esh (or long s) 3- 3 herd her bird hurt curd reversed epsilon  il lie lee lowercase s A A Hudd bird high bide height lowercase a (+1)  I lie lee lowercase s A A Hudd bud hurt curd reversed epsilon  ovision long z (or yog all all hide high bide height lowercase a (+1)  w why we lowercase s A A A Hudd bud hurt curd reversed epsilon  ovision long z (or yog all all hide high bide height lowercase a (+1)  w why we lowercase s A A A Hudd bud hurt curd reversed epsilon  ovision long z (or yog all all hide high bide height lowercase a (+1)  w why we lowercase s A A A Hudd bud hurt curd reversed epsilon  long z (or yog all all hide high bide height lowercase a (+1)  w why we lowercase s A A A Hudd bud hurt curd reversed epsilon  lowercase s A A A Hudd bud hurt cur |         | e-     |      | rang   |             | 2          | 2  | hawed | haw    | bawd    |        | cawed | •                |
| the thigh thee sigh they thee shapes the the tangent of the the tangent of tangent of the tangent of the tangent of t |         |        |      |        | •           |            |    |       | 11411  | barra   |        |       |                  |
| by the sight sea listen lowercases u u u who'd who booed hoot cooed lowercase u bud hut cud turned v  I sight sea listen lowercases u u u who'd who booed hoot cooed lowercase u bud hut cud turned v  I sight sea listen lowercase s u u u who'd who booed hoot cooed lowercase u bud hut cud turned v  I sight sea listen lowercase s u u u who'd who booed hoot cooed lowercase u bud hut cud turned v  I sight sea listen lowercase s u u u who'd who booed hoot cooed lowercase u bud hut cud turned v  I sight sea listen lowercase s u u u who'd who booed hoot cooed lowercase u bud hut cud turned v  I sight sea listen lowercase u u u u who'd who booed hoot cooed lowercase u bud hut cud turned v  I sight sea listen lowercase u u u u who'd who booed hoot cooed lowercase u u u u bud hut cud turned v  I sight sea listen lowercase u u u u who'd who booed hoot cooed lowercase u u u u hud bud hut cud turned v  I sight sea listen lowercase u u u u who'd who booed hoot cooed lowercase u u u u hud bud hut cud turned v  I sight sea listen lowercase u u u u who'd who booed hoot cooed lowercase u u u u hud bud hut cud turned v  I sight sea lowercase u u u u who'd who booed hoot cooed lowercase u u u u hud bud hut cud turned v  I sight sea lowercase u u u u who'd who booed hoot cooed lowercase u u u u u hud bud hut cud turned v  I sight sea lowercase u u u u u who'd who booed hoot coved (as noted above)  I sight sea lowercase u u u u u who'd who booed hoot coved (as noted above)  I sight sea lowercase u u u u u who'd who booed hoot coved lowercase u u u u u u who'd who booed hoot coved lowercase u u u u u u who'd who booed hoot coved lowercase u u u u u u u who'd who booed lowercase u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u u  |         |        | V    |        |             | _          | _  |       | h      | be a de |        |       |                  |
| s sigh sea listen lowercase s  |         |        | thee |        |             | OÜ         | ອບ |       |        |         |        |       |                  |
| Z mizzen lowercase Z A A A Hudd bud hut cud turned V  J (S) shy she mission esh (or long s) 3- 3 herd her bird hurt curd reversed epsilon  J (S) shy she mission esh (or long s) 3- 3 herd her bird hurt curd reversed epsilon  J (S) shy she mission esh (or long s) 3- 3 herd her bird hurt curd reversed epsilon  J (S) shy she mission esh (or long s) 3- 3 herd her bird hurt curd reversed epsilon  J (S) shy she mission esh (or long s) 3- 3 herd her bird hurt curd reversed epsilon  J (S) shy she mission esh (or long s) 3- 3 herd high bide height lowercase a (+1)  J (S) shy she mission esh (or long s) 3- 3 herd high bide height lowercase a (+1)  J (S) shy she mission esh (or long s) 3- 3 herd high bide height lowercase a (+1)  J (S) shy she mission esh (or long s) 3- 3 herd high bide height lowercase a (+1)  J (S) shy she mission esh (or long s) 3- 3 herd high bide height lowercase a (+1)  J (S) shy she mission esh (or long s) 3- 3 herd high bide height lowercase a (+1)  J (S) shy she mission esh (or long s) 3- 3 herd her bird hurt curd reversed epsilon  J (S) shy she mission esh (or long s) 3- 3 herd herd high bide height lowercase a (+1)  J (S) shy she mission esh (or long s) 3- 3 herd herd high bide height lowercase a (+1)  J (S) shy she mission esh (or long s) 3- 3 herd herd high bide height lowercase a (+1)  J (S) shy she mission esh (or long s) 3- 3 herd high bide height lowercase a (+1)  J (S) shy she mission esh (or long s) 3- 3 herd high bide height lowercase a (+1)  J (S) shy she mission esh (or long s) 3- 3 herd high bide height lowercase a (+1)  J (S) shy she mission esh (or long s) 3- 3 herd high bide height lowercase a (+1)  J (S) shy she mission esh (or long s) 3- 3 herd high bide height lowercase a (+1)  J (S) shy she mission esh (or long s) 3- 3 herd high bide height lowercase a (+1)  J (S) shy she mission esh (or long s) 3- 3 herd high bide height lowercase a (+1)  J (S) shy   | _       |        |      | listen |             | u          | u  | who'd | who    | booed   | hoot   | cooed | lowercase u      |
| S   Shy   She   mission   esh (or long s)   3   3   herd   her   bird   hurt   curd   reversed epsilon   3 (2)   |         | 31811  |      |        |             | Λ          | Λ  | Hudd  |        | bud     | hut    | cud   | turned v         |
| 3 (Ž) vision long z (or yog lowercase I all hide high bide height lowercase a (+I)  1 lie lee lee lowercase I all hide high bound cowed (as noted above)  1 rye lowercase I in lap here beard (as noted above)  1 lie lee lee lowercase I in lap here beard (as noted above)  2 lowercase I in lap here beard (as noted above)  3 lowercase I in lap here beard (as noted above)  4 lowercase I in lap here beard (as noted above)  5 lowercase I in lap here beard (as noted above)  6 lowercase I in lap here beard (as noted above)  8 lowercase I in lap here beard (as noted above)  8 lowercase I in lap here beard (as noted above)  8 lowercase I in lap here beard (as noted above)  8 lowercase I in lap here beard (as noted above)  8 lowercase I in lap here beard (as noted above)  8 lowercase I in lap here beard (as noted above)  8 lowercase I in lap here beard (as noted above)  8 lowercase I in lap here beard (as noted above)  8 lowercase I in lap here beard (as noted above)  8 lowercase I in lap here beard (as noted above)  8 lowercase I in lap here beard (as noted above)  8 lowercase I in lap here beard (as noted above)  8 lowercase I in lap here beard (as noted above)  8 lowercase I in lap here beard (as noted above)   |         | shv    |      |        |             | 3,         | 3  | herd  | her    | bird    | hurt   | curd  | reversed epsilon |
| lie lee lowercase / au au how bowed cowed (as noted above) r rye lowercase / big lowercase / ir ia here beard (as noted above) h high he lowercase / ir ia here beard (as noted above) Note also the following: tf (iš) chi(me) chea(p)  |         |        |      | vision |             | 91         |    |       |        |         |        |       |                  |
| r rye lowercase r oi oi owercase r oi owerca | 1       | lie    | lee  |        |             |            |    | mac   |        |         | псівін | cowod | , ,              |
| j (y) ye lowercase j Ir 10 here beard (as noted above) h high he lowercase h er eo hair bared cared (as noted above)  Note also the following: air ao hired hire (as noted above)  tf (tš) chi(me) chea(p)   | w       | why    | we   |        | lowercase w | ao         |    |       |        |         |        | coweu | ,                |
| h high he lowercase h er eə hair bared cared (as noted above)  Note also the following:  t) (tis) chi(me) chea(p)  | -       | rye    |      |        | lowercase r | OI         | OI |       | (a)hoy |         |        |       | ,                |
| Note also the following:  air aə hired hire  (as noted above)  tf (tš) chi(me) chea(p)   | j (y)   |        |      |        | •           | ır         | ΙĐ |       | here   | beard   |        |       | (as noted above) |
| Note also the following:  air aə hired hire  (as noted above)  tf (tš) chi(me) chea(p)   | h       | high   | he   |        | lowercase h | εr         | eэ |       | hair   | bared   |        | cared | (as noted above) |
| tf (tš) chi(me) chea(p)  |         |        |      |        |             | air        | 82 | hired |        |         |        |       | ,                |
|  |         |        |      |        |             | un         | ue | mea   |        |         |        |       | (as noted above) |
| dz (dž) ii(ve) G NOTE also:  |         |        |      |        |             |            |    |       |        |         |        |       |                  |
| -0 (m) 1/4 d   | d3 (dž) | ji(ve) | G    |        |             | Note also: |    |       |        |         |        |       |                  |
| ju ju hued hue Bude cued (as noted above)  |         |        |      |        |             | ju         | ju | hued  | hue    | Bude    |        | cued  | (as noted above) |

- -Phonetics: a study on speech
- 1. Articulatory phonetics(from mouth): how to produce speech
- 2. Acoustic phonetics(through air): how to transmit speech
- 3. Auditory phonetics(to ear):how to hear speech
- -upper vocal tract: Lip, teeth, alveolar ridge, hard palate, soft palate(velum), uvular, pharynx wall, larynx
- -lower vocal tract: lip, tongue tip, blade, front, center, back, root, epiglottis(음식이 기도로 가는것을 막음)
- -larynx
- 1. Voiced: vibration- 성대가 붙어있을 때
- 2. Voiceless:no vibration-성대가 떨어져 있을 때
- -velum lowered: nasal, breathing
- -constriction
- 1.Constriction location
- 1) Lips-bilabial, labiodental
- 2) tongue body- palatal, velar cf)모든 모음은 tongue body를 사용
- 3) tongue tip- (inter)dental, alveolar, retroflex, palato-alveolar
- 2.Constriction degree
- Stops>fricative>approximants>vowel
- -phonemes: individual sounds that form words



\* F1.f2만3 异花町

Fac back ? front?)

i • 10 - 300

- 10 - 300

- 10 - 300

- 10 - 300

- 10 - 300

- 20 - 300

- 30 - 300

```
코딩=자크化 (ex. 콘어있는 프로그램들)
 인어/公
 아라리언어 [단어 : 정보 (단어는 정보를 답는 그릇)
는 운범
 컴퓨터인어 - 변수; 정보 ex) 옷자,운자...
          ① 변수에 정보를 asign
          ② 秋 (件)
         ③ 반빛 (A1)
★① 참수 : 십년 → 출덕
 x=y ~ y = 12 a x ign. ex) a=1 / Run (ご到: Shift + enter)
 된다. 마마나(a) (a: 구에 떨셔지 / Select 또 X =delete.
전 알다른 클릭되고 파란마토이면 (b: 아래에 "
 문사이전: ( ) 《 文( )
· love = 2 b = love Print(b) = 2
     → run → 3
 a=1; b=1; C=3;
· type( 변午) — other type 인기 ex int , 175+, float, 5th (另外) (另外)
 · a=[1, 'love', [1, 'bye']]
 · a= {'a': 'apple', 'b': 'banna'} 玉利可: 설명.
            Le type: dict cionary)
```

```
A=1, b=1 c=a+b
A = [1,2]
B = [3,4]
C=a[0]+b[0]
-4(1+3)
C=a[1]+b[1]
-6
A=1.2 a=int(a) print(a) -1
A= '123' print(a[1]) -1. Q. ???
A= 123 print(a[1]) - error ← 이전 Index4, 중국내 / 『카메나 때
Index: 내부적인부분
Dict에있는 정보를 가져올때는 pair중의 앞부분을 index의 수단으로 쓴다. 그러면 뒷부분이 나옴.
Type(a[0])
S='abcdef'
N=[100,200,300]
Print s[0] 제일 첫 번재 꺼 .....
s[-1] 제일 마지막 꺼 .....
S[1:3] = 첫번째에서 세번째의 직전까지 / b,c
1: = 첫번째에서 끝까지
:3 = 첫번째에서 세번째 의 직전까지
Len[] = 길이
S.upper() - 대문자 됨
R index ??
Strip: 쓸데없는거 없애주는
Split: ' ' -스페이스를 사용해서 나눠라
                        → 2 (그녀-음사이/다음, 드년24PM )
a= '123' print(aci])
                              ( two young over Extract.
       )之 是图 tuple, [ ] 王弘图 155.
dk → {"a"; "apple" }
          Plint (a ["a"])
S= abedep"

Print(s(1:3), s(1:1, s(1:3), s(1:1))

acdet.
S. upper()

Pesult = S. Pind ( ) : 医同凹透射、图的外科学? ※ O부터씨와 The sult)
Liesuit = S. rindex (?)
S= S. strip() < Print(s)
tokens = S. SPlit(' ') = piny (tokens)

S = ()join (tokens)
          S = S, reflace ('this', 'that')
```

```
a = [1,2,3,4]
for i in a:
               # for in : 라는 문법은 in 뒤에 있는 것을 i에 할당하는 것
               # for과 if 다음에는 indent를 하는 것이 매우 중요하다.
    print(i)
1234
a=[1,2,3,4]
for i in range(4): #range는 index를 만들어주는 것 range(4): 0부터 4개 (0,1,2,3)
                  #range(len(a)) 라고 일반적으로 함.
    print(a[i])
                  # len(a): 그냥 몇갠지
1234
a=['red','green','blue','purple']
for s in a:
    print(s)
red green blue purple
a=['red','green','blue','purple']
for s in range(len(a)):
    print(a[s])
red green blue purple
a=['red','green','blue','purple']
for i,s in enumerate(a):
                                     #enumerate: 숫자를 부여
    print(l,s)
0 red 1 green 2 blue 3 purple
a=['red','green','blue','purple']
b=[0.2, 0.3, 0.1, 0.4]
for i, s in enumerate(a): #앞에있는게 번호, 뒤에있는게 element. enumerate 없으면 변수 2개 못씀
    print("{}:{}%". format(s, b[i]*100))
red: 20.0% green:30.0% blue:10.0% purple:40.0%
a=['red','green','blue','purple']
b=[0.2, 0.3, 0.1, 0.4]
for s,i in zip(a, b):
   print("{}:{}%". format(s, i*100))
red: 20.0% green:30.0% blue:10.0% purple:40.0%
```

```
a=0
if a==0:
    print("yay!")
yay!
if a!=0:
    print("yay!")
else:
    print("no")
no
#시험문제
for i in range(1,3):
    for j in range(3,5):
        print(i*j)
3468
for i in range(1,3):
    print(i)
    for j in range(3,5):
        print(i*j)
1 3 4 2 6 8
순서: 1: 1을프린트, 1을 3,4와 곱함
for i in range(1,3):
    for j in range(3,5):
        if j > =4:
            print(i*j)
4 8
for i in range(1,3):
    if i >= 3:
       for j in range(3,5):
            print(i*j)
아무것도안나옴
```

## Numpy

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
→ 0으로 귀성된 방병
np.zeros([2,3])
np.arange(0,10,2, dtype='float64') → ০ ১০০েখ্যাখন, 2 শ্বাইন array([0., 2., 4., 6., 8.])
np.linspace(0,10,6, dtype=float) → oNID >> 6743 45
                                                      array([ 0., 2., 4., 6., 8., 10.])
X = np.array([[1,2,3],[4,5,6]]) > 생절해 둘러 등 저는 것들을 직접 쓰는 방법
X.astype(np.float64) > 해정에 들어가는 것들이 나가면 바깥
                                                       17.5
np.zeros_like(X) → がなす まっかも スチェ ロニュ 바ュ
                                                       12.5
data = np.random.normal(0,1) 100) -> 7 100
                                                        7.5
                                                        5.0
plt.hist(data, bins=10) -> histofram 4kg, 417-47+ 1074
                                                        2.5
plt.show()
X = np.ones([2, 3, 4])
Y = X.reshape(-1, 3, 2)
 np.allclose(X.reshape(-1, 3, 2), Y)
                        , 0~10전까지 5가들고구덩
a = np.random.randint(0, 10, [2, 3])
b = np.random.random([2, 3])
np.savez("test", a, b)
del a. b
%who # Print all interactive variables
['arr_0', 'arr_1']
npzfiles.files
npzfiles['arr_0']
np.savetxt("regression_saved.csv", data, delimiter=",")
!ls -al regression_saved.csv
arr = np.random.random([5,2,3])
                           <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
print(type(arr))
                           5
print(len(arr))
                           (5, 2, 3)
print(arr.shape)
print(arr.ndim) dimension
                           3
print(arr.size)
                           30 5X2X3
                           float64
print(arr.dtype)
                        1.2.3.4
a = np.arange(1, 5)
                        9.8.9.6
b = np.arange(9, 5, -1)
print(a - b)
                         [-8 -6 -4 -2]
print(a * b)
                         [9 16 21 24]
a = np.arange(1, 10).reshape(3,3)
                                      श्रृष्ट्रणग्राध्य 3X3 क्षाय्वर्ध
b = np.arange(9, 0, -1).reshape(3,3)
                                                                   7132 CH
                                 लारेट सर्वा
a.sum(), np.sum(a) a.sum(axis=0), np.sum(a, axis=0)
                                                        a.sum(axis=1), np.sum(a, axis=1)
```

```
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt= import matlotlib.pyplot
```

## Phasor: sin, cos 의 한 주기

```
In [160]:
# parameter setting
               # range [0.0, 1.0]
amp = 1
               # sampling rate, Hz =해상도
sr = 10000
               # in seconds
dur = 0.5
freq = 100.0 # sine frequency, Hz =1 초에 몇번 왔다갔다
                                                        In [161]:
# generate time 시간의 개념이 있어야 실질적 소리를 만들 수 있음
t = np.arange(1, sr * dur+1)/sr #이런거보고 tic 의개수구하기
                                                        In [162]:
t=0.0001,0.0002,....0.5000 (duration이 0.5니까 이만큼 하는 것, sr10000이라서 이렇게나눔)
t=np.arange(1,sr+1) 하면 만개가 생기는데 그러면 1초. 그러나 dur이 0.5
t=np.arange(1, sr*dur+1)
이거를 다시 sr로 나누어야 하나의 단위가됨
t=np.arange(1, sr*dur+1)/sr
e-04=1/10000 e-01=1/10
Theta: x축, (0~2파이) s: 결과값 = 총 7개
Theta=np.arrange(0, 2*np.pi, 0.1)/더 빽빽하게 만드려면 여기서 세번째꺼를 더 작게
# generate phase
theta = t * 2*np.pi * freq
time의 벡터 사이즈= 세타의 벡터 사이즈 (t에다가 뭔가를 곱하기만 한 게 세타니까)
t가 1이고 1에 2파이를 곱하면 그냥 한바퀴도는 것. 거기에다가 몇 바퀴 도는지 정하는
게 frea
# generate signal by cosine-phasor
s = np.sin(theta)
                                                        In [164]:
fig = plt.figure()
```

```
ax.plot(t[0:1000], s[0:1000], '.') # t,s를 1000 개만 플라팅:점들의개수총 1000 개/[ ] 안의 숫자들 달라지면 안됨/ 걍 t,s라고만하면 태극문양안만들어짐 #.대신 -하거나 아무것도없으면 선으로연결
```

Subplot: 221: 2행2열짜리, 1:첫번째 꺼

```
ax.set_xlabel('time (s)') label은 그냥 이름 정하는 것

ax.set_ylabel('real')
<IPython.core.display.Javascript object>

Equidistance= x축에서는 하지만, y축에서는 하지않음.

linear하면(선처럼 생기면, 1차함수) x,y축에서 둘다 equidistance.

Text(0, 0.5, 'real')
# generate signal by complex-phasor
c = np.exp(theta*1j)
exp 가 오일러함수 그위에 theta*1j 가 들어감. J는 i임

fig = plt.figure()
ax = fig.add_subplot(111, projection='3d')
ax.plot(t[0:1000], c.real[0:1000], c.imag[0:1000], '.')
# a+bi 에서 real: a, imag: b
```

## #projection

time은 항상 볼 수 밖에 없음
real만 보려면: 위에서 = cos함수와 유사
imaginary = sin

```
Text(0.5, 0, 'imag')
ipd.Audio(s, rate=sr)
ipd.Audio(, rate=sr : 소리만드는거)1
sampling rate: 100Hz 1초에 100개의 숫자 표현
1hz 를 표현하는 것 =가능 : 1 번왔다갔다
              = 가능 : 2 번 왔다갔다
2hz
             = 1초에 만번 왔다갔다. 주어진 숫자는 100개 - 불가능
10000hz
Sampling rate 이 충분하게 있어야 표현 가능
처음에는 그냥 모든 주파수대가 똑같음
근데 실제 source는 gradually decrease 함-그렇게만들어줌
그다음에 formant를 만들기 위해서 어느 주파수에서 산맥이 만들어지는지 하나
하나 표시.
Generate pulse train
# generate samples, note conversion to float32 array
F0 = 100; Fend = int(\frac{sr}{2}) #nyquist ; s = np.zeros(len(t))#제일
처음의 s, time vector의 개수만큼 만들면 된다.;
for freq in range(F0, Fend+1, F0):f0 부터 끝까지, f0 만큼 올라감. 여
기서는 5000 까지. 50 번 돈다.
   theta = t * 2*np.pi * freq
   tmp = amp * np.sin(theta)
  s = s + tmp 더하고 나면 그 결과가 다시 s가 됨. 제일처음의 s가무엇인
지 정의 해야 함.
fig = plt.figure()
ax = fig.add subplot(111)
ax.plot(t[0:1000], s[0:1000]);
ax.set xlabel('time (msec)')
ipd.Audio(s, rate=sr) #여러소리를 합친 소리가 난다.
#def, function의 이름. 입력할 것들/return: 출력. 그냥 함수를 정의 해 준 것이
다.
b = np.array([sum(a)])
   return a, b
RG: frequency
BWG: 산맥을 만들 때 이 산맥이 얼마나 뚱뚱(width 큼)/홀쭉(width 작음) 한 지
0의 주파수에다가 100정도의 뚱뚱한 산맥을 만들어라
#입술을 만들어주는 것.
s = lfilter(np.array([1, -1]), np.array([1]), s)
ipd.Audio(s, rate=sr)
```