

Aim:

Write a program to **search** the given element from a list of elements with **binary search** technique using **recursion**.

At the time of execution, the program should print the message on the console as:

Enter value of n :

For example, if the user gives the **input** as:

Enter value of n : 5

Next, the program should print the following messages one by one on the console as:

Enter 5 elements :

if the user gives the **input** as:

Enter 5 elements : 33 55 22 44 11

then the program should **print** the result as:

After sorting the elements are : 11 22 33 44 55

Next, the program should print the message on the console as:

Enter key element :

if the user gives the **input** as:

Enter key element : 11

then the program should **print** the result as:

The given key element 11 is found at position : 0

Similarly, if the key element is given as **18** for the above example then the program should print the output as:

The given key element 18 is not found

Note: Write the functions **read()**, **bubbleSort()**, **display()** and **binarySearch()** in **Program912a.c**

Source Code:

Program912.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "Program912a.c"
void main() {
    int a[20], n, key, flag;
    printf("Enter value of n : ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    read(a, n);
    bubbleSort(a, n);
    printf("After sorting the elements are : ");
```

```

display(a, n);
printf("Enter key element : ");
scanf("%d", &key);
flag = binarySearch(a, 0, n - 1, key);
if (flag == -1) {
    printf("The given key element %d is not found\n", key);
} else {
    printf("The given key element %d is found at position : %d\n", key, fla
g);
}
}
}

```

Program912a.c

```

void read(int a[],int n)
{
    int i;
    printf("Enter %d elements : ",n);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    }
}

void bubbleSort(int a[],int n)
{
    int temp=0,i,j,count=0;
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        count=0;
        for(j=0;j<(n-i-1);j++)
        {
            if(a[j]>a[j+1])
            {
                temp=a[j];
                a[j]=a[j+1];
                a[j+1]=temp;
                count++;
            }
        }
    }
}

void display(int a[],int n)
{
    int i;
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        printf("%d ",a[i]);
    }
    printf("\n");
}

int binarySearch(int a[],int i,int n,int key)
{
    int mid;
    mid=(i+n)/2;

```

```

if(i>n)
    return -1;
else if(a[mid]==key)
    return mid;
else if(key>a[mid])
    return binarySearch(a,mid+1,n,key);
else
{
    return binarySearch(a,i,mid-1,key);
}
}

```

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Enter value of n : 5
Enter 5 elements : 33 55 22 44 11
After sorting the elements are : 11 22 33 44 55 11
Enter key element : 11
The given key element 11 is found at position : 0

Test Case - 2
User Output
Enter value of n : 4
Enter 4 elements : 23 67 45 18
After sorting the elements are : 18 23 45 67 24
Enter key element : 24
The given key element 24 is not found

Test Case - 3
User Output
Enter value of n : 6
Enter 6 elements : 10 20 18 9 11 15
After sorting the elements are : 9 10 11 15 18 20 18
Enter key element : 18
The given key element 18 is found at position : 4