**Known Issues – Immunization Messaging January 9, 2015**

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| **Issue** | **Status** |
| **User Issue:** “The validator is not accepting the note repeats which are available to be sent in RXA-9.  We are sending RXA-9 as “00^New immunization record^NIP001~^New immunization record”, however, this gives the following errors: “RXA[1].9[2].1 is missing” and “RXA[1].9[2].3 is missing”.”  **Clarification:** The test tool is validating all occurrences of RXA-9 as being defined with the CE\_IZ data type requirements. Use of a different data type for this element is not standard practice. It is anticipated that the use for the second occurrence will be considered for the next release of the implementation guide. | Due to lack of clarity in the implementation guide on the use and purpose of this element, the test tool will only validate the first occurrence of RXA.9. Therefore, any errors related to RXA.9 repetitions should be ignored. |
| The tool is enforcing the order of the RXA segments when the order should not matter. | For certification, if the product produces messages in an order different then what is given in the test cases, the ATL can simply  change the order of the segments in the tool panel to match the test case. This is the work-around for now. |
| For non-required elements in which the usage is either “B” or “W” in the base standard the validation tool is treating the elements as if they have a usage of “X”. Therefore, users will get a false negative from the tool when they populate these elements with data. | This only affects elements that are not in scope for certification (i.e., not required). The work-around is for users to ignore such errors. |
| A false error notification is being generated about the VIS bar code value in the immunization message when the Context-free Validation is used for local/state on-boarding related to EHR Meaningful Use attestation. | The NIST Immunization Test Tool Context-free Validation will be updated periodically with the VIS bar codes in the latest version of the PHINVADS VIS bar codes table. Until this update can be applied to the NIST test tool, users should notify their local/state jurisdiction that the test tool may generate a false error notification for the VIS bar code data in the immunization message.  The Context-based Validation used for ONC certification testing is not been modified to reference the latest version of the PHINVADS VIS bar codes table. If the Context-based Validation generates an error notification related to the VIS Barcode data in an immunization test message, users and ATLs should visually inspect the test message to determine if the value of the VIS Barcode is valid, and the error notification should be ignored if this value is correct. |