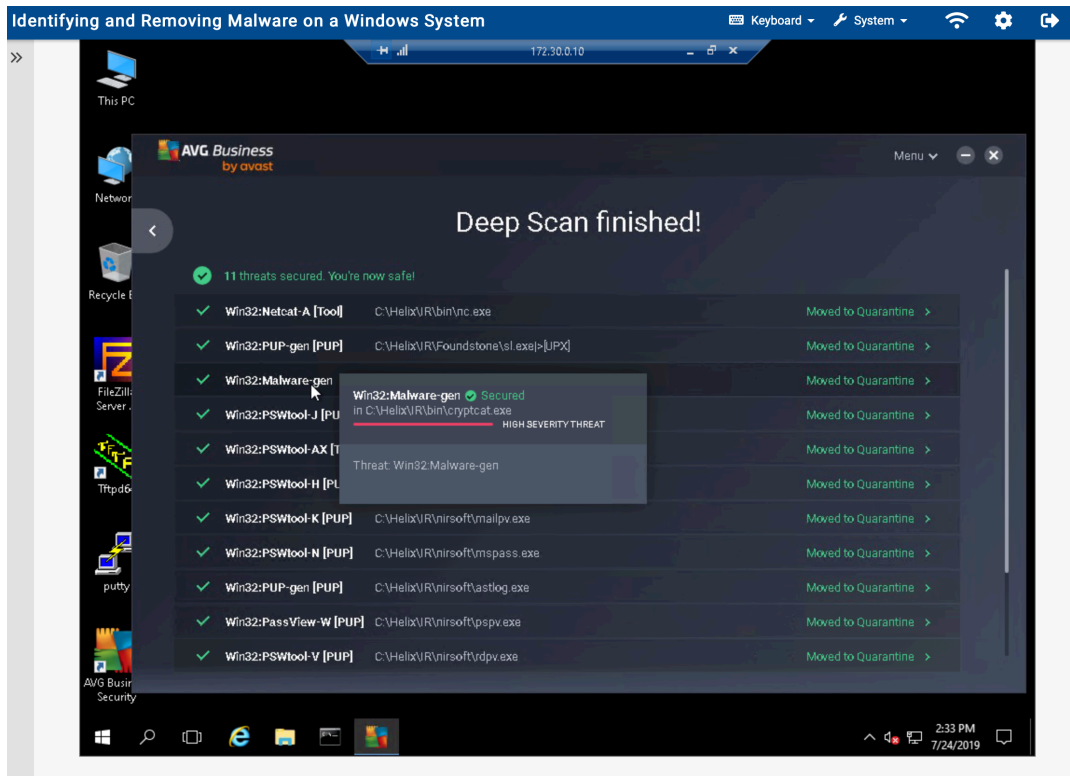


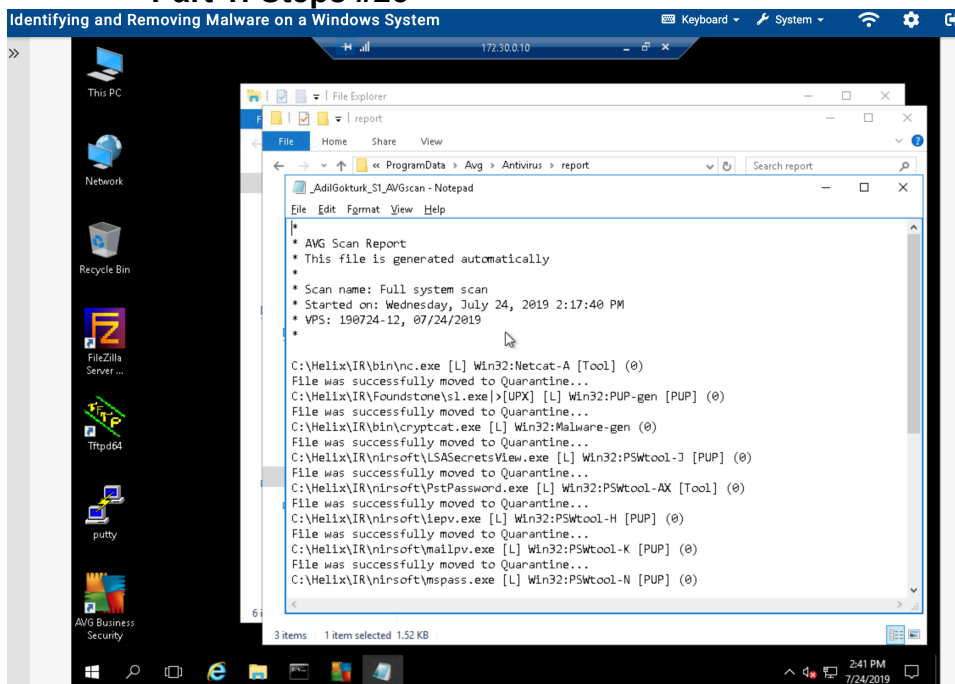
Lab #1: Identifying and Removing Malware on a Windows System

Part 1: Using Antivirus Software to Scan the Potentially Infected System

Steps #17

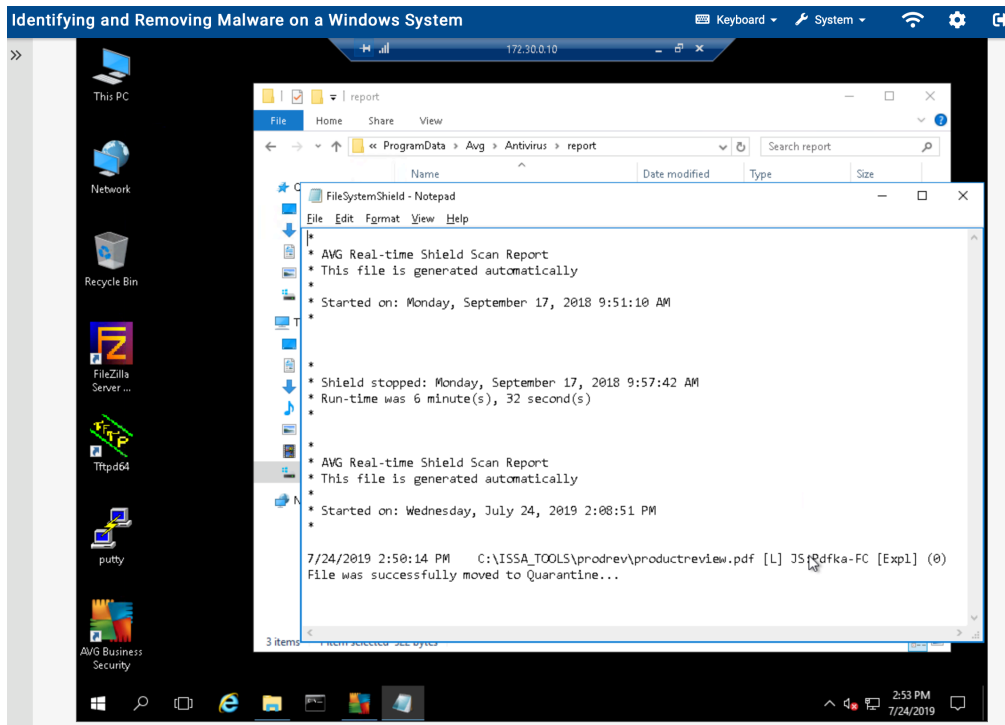


• Part 1: Steps #25



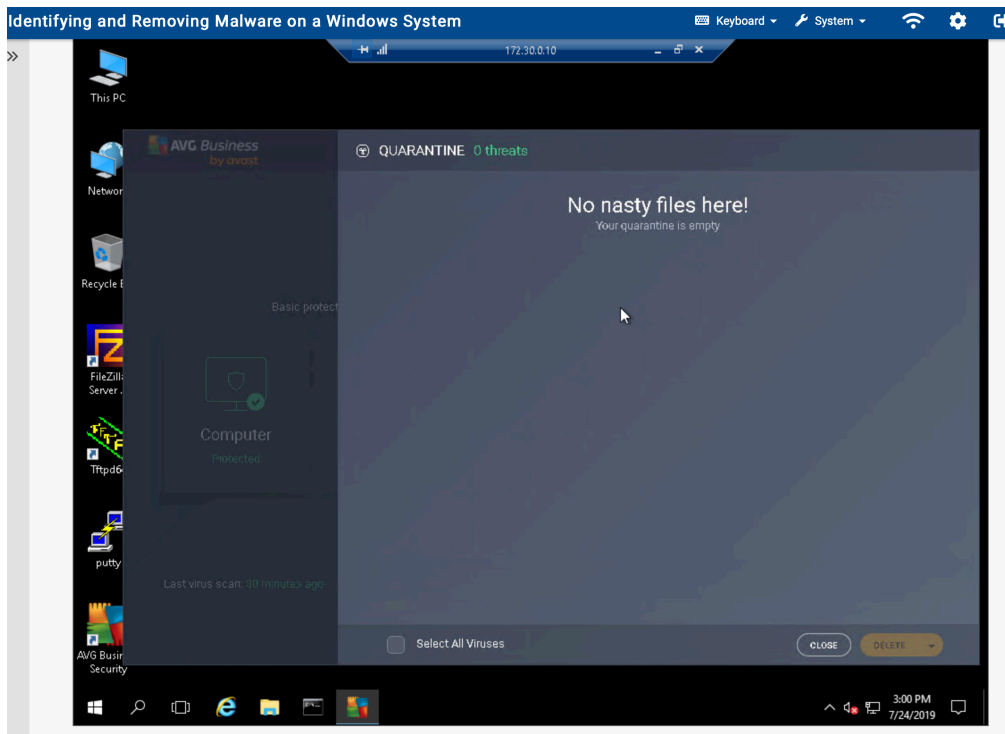
Part 2: Identify Threats in Encrypted Archive Files

Step #11

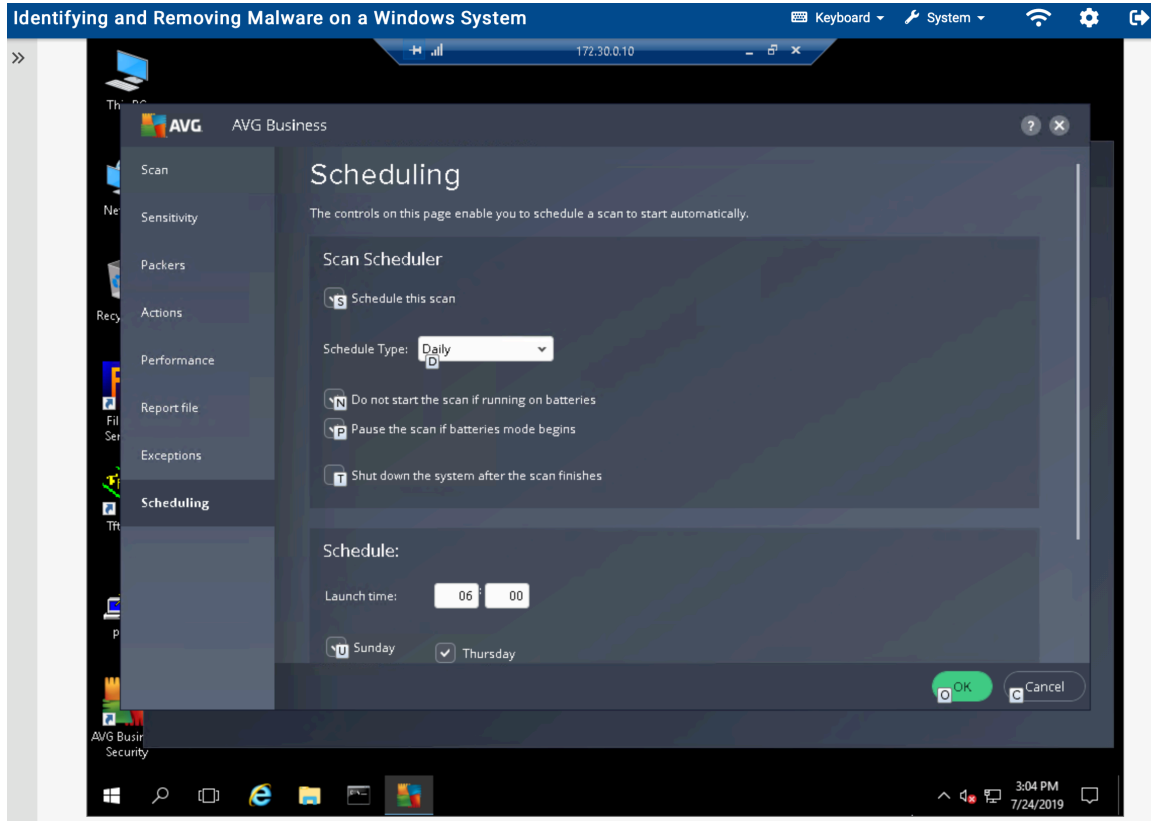


Part 3: Manage AVG Scans and the Virus Vault

Steps #5



Steps #12



Part 4: Challenge Question

Explain how the Quarantine mechanism is working in antivirus software packages (in 200 words.)

Quarantine is the process of separating a virus-infected file in order to prevent it from contaminating other parts of the computer.

When an antivirus program places a virus-infected file in quarantine, it deletes the file from its original location and makes changes to it so that it can't run as a hostile program.

The Antivirus program then transfers it to a hidden folder that other programs or the users cannot access where it stays until the operator chooses how to deal with it. A suspicious file can also be quarantined manually in some cases that it's not detected by the antivirus scan.

Quarantined files are not deleted unless the operator wants them to be. Quarantining a suspicious file merely relocates the infected file into a safe space on the computer.

The operator/user needs to initiate the antivirus program to delete the file or otherwise delete it manually. The operator can keep a file in quarantine

indefinitely, but if an important file that is infected, the operator should place it in quarantine and clean it. While quarantining a virus is safe and the best course of action for infected files, there is always the risk of an antivirus program making a false alert and quarantining a system file that the computer needs to run effectively. Which is why the deleting process is usually left to the operator discretion.