

Adil-Gokturk_HW8.R

HAG

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# Adil Gokturk
# FIN 659

# HW8: TRADING STRATEGIES INVOLVING OPTIONS
# Textbook Reference:
# Section 12.3, pp. 256-264;
# See also http://www.theoptionsguide.com/butterfly-spread.aspx,
# http://www.theoptionsguide.com/condor.aspx

# set working directory
setwd("~/Desktop/Spring2020/FIN659/Assignments/hw8")
getwd()

## [1] "/Users/HAG/Desktop/Spring2020/FIN659/Assignments/hw8"

# Load the libraries
library(tidyverse)

## -- Attaching packages ----- tidyverse 1.3.0 --
## v ggplot2 3.3.0      v purrr   0.3.3
## v tibble  2.1.3      v dplyr   0.8.5
## v tidyr   1.0.2      v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr   1.3.1      v forcats 0.5.0

## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()     masks stats::lag()

library(quantmod)

## Loading required package: xts
## Loading required package: zoo
##
## Attaching package: 'zoo'
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##   as.Date, as.Date.numeric
##
## Attaching package: 'xts'
##
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##   first, last
```

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## Loading required package: TTR

## Registered S3 method overwritten by 'quantmod':
##   method      from
##   as.zoo.data.frame zoo

## Version 0.4-0 included new data defaults. See ?getSymbols.

library(optiRum)
library(jrvFinance)
library(knitr)
library(plotly)

##
## Attaching package: 'plotly'

## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
##   last_plot

## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
##   filter

## The following object is masked from 'package:graphics':
##
##   layout

options(scipen = 20) # adjust scientific numbers

#####
## Problem 1 ##
#####

# The key principle to take away from this problem is that
# trading strategies involving options can be constructed
# for many different payoff profiles.

# A condor (or condor spread) trading strategy is similar to
# a butterfly spread - both can be executed with either calls or puts.

# A long butterfly spread using calls involves three strike prices:
# two calls are sold at a middle strike,
# one call is bought above that strike and one call is bought below that strike.
# Thus, a bull call spread is combined with a bear call spread
# with the short calls being at the same strike price.

# A long condor spread also combines a bull call spread with a bear call spread,
# but separates the sold calls by at least one increment.
# Condors have a wider range of profit, but cost more.

# Both spreads are done for a debit
# (meaning that there is an initial cost in setting up the strategy).

# Consider an options trader who sets up a condor trading strategy on
# Boston Scientific Corp. stock.
# The option trader buys a call option with a strike price of $25,
# sells a call option with a strike price of $30,

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# sells a call option with a strike price of $40,
# and buys a call option with a strike price of $45.

## Complete the table below with the correct formulas
# to show the profit/loss for different values of the stock price
# at the expiration of the options.

#####
## 4 Formulas ##
#####
# Call Options
(call.option <- rep(1:4))

## [1] 1 2 3 4
(strike.price <- c(25, 30, 40, 45))

## [1] 25 30 40 45
(option.price <- c(14.05, 9.70, 3.15, 1.38))

## [1] 14.05 9.70 3.15 1.38
(stock.price <- rep(0:50))

## [1] 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24
## [26] 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49
## [51] 50

max(0-25,0) - 14.05

## [1] -14.05

# Calculate call option 1 for all stock prices
call.option1 <- rbind(max(stock.price[1] - strike.price[1],0) - option.price[1],
  max(stock.price[2] - strike.price[1],0) - option.price[1],
  max(stock.price[3] - strike.price[1],0) - option.price[1],
  max(stock.price[4] - strike.price[1],0) - option.price[1],
  max(stock.price[5] - strike.price[1],0) - option.price[1],
  max(stock.price[6] - strike.price[1],0) - option.price[1],
  max(stock.price[7] - strike.price[1],0) - option.price[1],
  max(stock.price[8] - strike.price[1],0) - option.price[1],
  max(stock.price[9] - strike.price[1],0) - option.price[1],
  max(stock.price[10] - strike.price[1],0) - option.price[1],
  max(stock.price[11] - strike.price[1],0) - option.price[1],
  max(stock.price[12] - strike.price[1],0) - option.price[1],
  max(stock.price[13] - strike.price[1],0) - option.price[1],
  max(stock.price[14] - strike.price[1],0) - option.price[1],
  max(stock.price[15] - strike.price[1],0) - option.price[1],
  max(stock.price[16] - strike.price[1],0) - option.price[1],
  max(stock.price[17] - strike.price[1],0) - option.price[1],
  max(stock.price[18] - strike.price[1],0) - option.price[1],
  max(stock.price[19] - strike.price[1],0) - option.price[1],
  max(stock.price[20] - strike.price[1],0) - option.price[1],
  max(stock.price[21] - strike.price[1],0) - option.price[1],
  max(stock.price[22] - strike.price[1],0) - option.price[1],
  max(stock.price[23] - strike.price[1],0) - option.price[1],

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max(stock.price[23] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[24] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[25] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[26] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[27] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[28] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[29] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[30] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[31] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[32] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[33] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[34] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[35] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[36] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[37] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[38] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[39] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[40] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[41] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[42] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[43] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[44] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[45] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[46] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[47] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[48] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[49] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[50] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4],
max(stock.price[51] - strike.price[4],0) - option.price[4])

```

Let's put all option prices in a data frame

```

(all.options <- data.frame(call.option1,
                           call.option2,
                           call.option3,
                           call.option4))

```

```

##      call.option1 call.option2 call.option3 call.option4
## 1      -14.05         9.7         3.15        -1.38
## 2      -14.05         9.7         3.15        -1.38
## 3      -14.05         9.7         3.15        -1.38
## 4      -14.05         9.7         3.15        -1.38
## 5      -14.05         9.7         3.15        -1.38
## 6      -14.05         9.7         3.15        -1.38
## 7      -14.05         9.7         3.15        -1.38
## 8      -14.05         9.7         3.15        -1.38
## 9      -14.05         9.7         3.15        -1.38
## 10     -14.05         9.7         3.15        -1.38
## 11     -14.05         9.7         3.15        -1.38
## 12     -14.05         9.7         3.15        -1.38
## 13     -14.05         9.7         3.15        -1.38
## 14     -14.05         9.7         3.15        -1.38
## 15     -14.05         9.7         3.15        -1.38
## 16     -14.05         9.7         3.15        -1.38
## 17     -14.05         9.7         3.15        -1.38

```

## 18	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38
## 19	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38
## 20	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38
## 21	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38
## 22	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38
## 23	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38
## 24	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38
## 25	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38
## 26	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38
## 27	-13.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38
## 28	-12.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38
## 29	-11.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38
## 30	-10.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38
## 31	-9.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38
## 32	-8.05	8.7	3.15	-1.38
## 33	-7.05	7.7	3.15	-1.38
## 34	-6.05	6.7	3.15	-1.38
## 35	-5.05	5.7	3.15	-1.38
## 36	-4.05	4.7	3.15	-1.38
## 37	-3.05	3.7	3.15	-1.38
## 38	-2.05	2.7	3.15	-1.38
## 39	-1.05	1.7	3.15	-1.38
## 40	-0.05	0.7	3.15	-1.38
## 41	0.95	-0.3	3.15	-1.38
## 42	1.95	-1.3	2.15	-1.38
## 43	2.95	-2.3	1.15	-1.38
## 44	3.95	-3.3	0.15	-1.38
## 45	4.95	-4.3	-0.85	-1.38
## 46	5.95	-5.3	-1.85	-1.38
## 47	6.95	-6.3	-2.85	-0.38
## 48	7.95	-7.3	-3.85	0.62
## 49	8.95	-8.3	-4.85	1.62
## 50	9.95	-9.3	-5.85	2.62
## 51	10.95	-10.3	-6.85	3.62

Caculate profit and loss

```
profit.loss <- rbind(sum(all.options[1,]),
                    sum(all.options[2,]),
                    sum(all.options[3,]),
                    sum(all.options[4,]),
                    sum(all.options[5,]),
                    sum(all.options[6,]),
                    sum(all.options[7,]),
                    sum(all.options[8,]),
                    sum(all.options[9,]),
                    sum(all.options[10,]),
                    sum(all.options[11,]),
                    sum(all.options[12,]),
                    sum(all.options[13,]),
                    sum(all.options[14,]),
                    sum(all.options[15,]),
                    sum(all.options[16,]),
                    sum(all.options[17,]),
                    sum(all.options[18,]),
```



```

sum(all.options[19,]),
sum(all.options[20,]),
sum(all.options[21,]),
sum(all.options[22,]),
sum(all.options[23,]),
sum(all.options[24,]),
sum(all.options[25,]),
sum(all.options[26,]),
sum(all.options[27,]),
sum(all.options[28,]),
sum(all.options[29,]),
sum(all.options[30,]),
sum(all.options[31,]),
sum(all.options[32,]),
sum(all.options[33,]),
sum(all.options[34,]),
sum(all.options[35,]),
sum(all.options[36,]),
sum(all.options[37,]),
sum(all.options[38,]),
sum(all.options[39,]),
sum(all.options[40,]),
sum(all.options[41,]),
sum(all.options[42,]),
sum(all.options[43,]),
sum(all.options[44,]),
sum(all.options[45,]),
sum(all.options[46,]),
sum(all.options[47,]),
sum(all.options[48,]),
sum(all.options[49,]),
sum(all.options[50,]),
sum(all.options[51,]))

# Let's put all the data in a data frame
all.options <- data.frame(stock.price,all.options, profit.loss)

# visualize it
kable(all.options,col.names = c("Stock Price $",
                                "Call Option1 $",
                                "Call Option2 $",
                                "Call Option3 $",
                                "Call Option4 $",
                                "Profit/Loss $"), align = "c")

```

Stock Price \$	Call Option1 \$	Call Option2 \$	Call Option3 \$	Call Option4 \$	Profit/Loss \$
0	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58
1	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58
2	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58
3	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58
4	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58
5	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58
6	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58

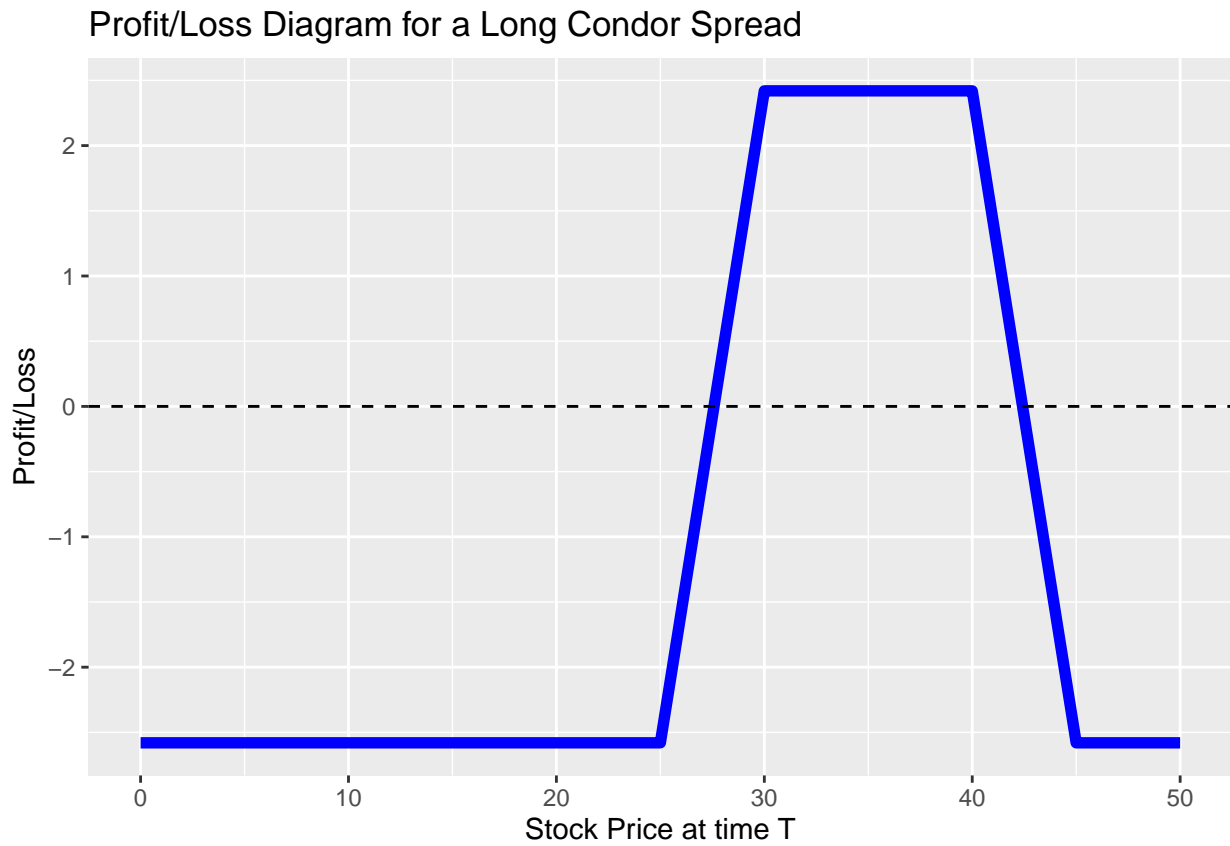
Stock Price \$	Call Option1 \$	Call Option2 \$	Call Option3 \$	Call Option4 \$	Profit/Loss \$
7	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58
8	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58
9	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58
10	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58
11	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58
12	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58
13	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58
14	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58
15	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58
16	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58
17	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58
18	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58
19	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58
20	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58
21	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58
22	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58
23	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58
24	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58
25	-14.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-2.58
26	-13.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-1.58
27	-12.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	-0.58
28	-11.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	0.42
29	-10.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	1.42
30	-9.05	9.7	3.15	-1.38	2.42
31	-8.05	8.7	3.15	-1.38	2.42
32	-7.05	7.7	3.15	-1.38	2.42
33	-6.05	6.7	3.15	-1.38	2.42
34	-5.05	5.7	3.15	-1.38	2.42
35	-4.05	4.7	3.15	-1.38	2.42
36	-3.05	3.7	3.15	-1.38	2.42
37	-2.05	2.7	3.15	-1.38	2.42
38	-1.05	1.7	3.15	-1.38	2.42
39	-0.05	0.7	3.15	-1.38	2.42
40	0.95	-0.3	3.15	-1.38	2.42
41	1.95	-1.3	2.15	-1.38	1.42
42	2.95	-2.3	1.15	-1.38	0.42
43	3.95	-3.3	0.15	-1.38	-0.58
44	4.95	-4.3	-0.85	-1.38	-1.58
45	5.95	-5.3	-1.85	-1.38	-2.58
46	6.95	-6.3	-2.85	-0.38	-2.58
47	7.95	-7.3	-3.85	0.62	-2.58
48	8.95	-8.3	-4.85	1.62	-2.58
49	9.95	-9.3	-5.85	2.62	-2.58
50	10.95	-10.3	-6.85	3.62	-2.58

```

# Let's plot an interactive plot for
# the Profit/Loss Diagram for a Long Condor Spread
options.plot <- ggplot(data = all.options, aes(y = profit.loss, x = stock.price)) + geom_line(color="blue")
  geom_hline(yintercept = 0, lty = 2) +
  xlab("Stock Price at time T") +
  ylab("Profit/Loss") +
  ggtitle("Profit/Loss Diagram for a Long Condor Spread")

```

```
#Static Plot  
options.plot
```



```
# interactive plot  
#ggplotly(options.plot)
```