

deform nuclei π -meson derivation

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The hamiltonian of π -meson nuclear couplings can be express as:

$$H_\pi = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{m_\pi^2} \sum_{\alpha\beta; \alpha'\beta'} \langle \tau_\alpha | \vec{\tau} | \tau_{\alpha'} \rangle \cdot \langle \tau_\beta | \vec{\tau} | \tau_{\beta'} \rangle c_\alpha^\dagger c_\beta^\dagger c_{\beta'} c_{\alpha'} \int d\mathbf{r} f_\pi(\xi) \int d\mathbf{r}' f_\pi(\xi')$$

$$\times \bar{f}_\alpha(\mathbf{r}) \bar{f}_\beta(\mathbf{r}') (\gamma_5 \gamma^k)_1 (\gamma_5 \gamma^l)_2 \partial_k(1) \partial_l(2) v(m_\pi; 1, 2) f_{\beta'}(\mathbf{r}') f_{\alpha'}(\mathbf{r}) \quad (1)$$

where the Yukawa expanded form of propagator $v(m_\pi; 1, 2)$ is:

$$v(m_\pi; r, r') = \frac{1}{4\pi} \frac{e^{-m_\pi |\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|}}{|\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}'|} \quad (2)$$

There have no time term. So the differential ∂_k and ∂_l only include the space differential, which mean that k and l equal 1,2,3.

For the π meson-nuclear coupling, there is the exchange term in energy functional:

$$E_\pi = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{m_\pi^2} \sum_{\alpha\beta} (2 - \delta_{q_\alpha q_\beta}) \int d\mathbf{r} d\mathbf{r}' \bar{f}_\alpha(\mathbf{r}) \bar{f}_\beta(\mathbf{r}') (f_\pi \gamma_5 \gamma^k)_1$$

$$(f_\pi \gamma_5 \gamma^l)_2 \partial_k(1) \partial_l(2) v(m_\pi; 1, 2) f_\alpha(\mathbf{r}') f_\beta(\mathbf{r}) \quad (3)$$

And the space differential of Yukawa propagator can be write as:

$$\nabla_{\mathbf{r}'} \nabla_{\mathbf{r}} v(m_\pi; \mathbf{r}, \mathbf{r}') = m_\pi^2 \sum_L \sum_{L_1 L_2}^{L \pm 1} C_{L010}^{L10} C_{L010}^{L20} \mathcal{V}_L^{L_1 L_2}(m_\pi; r, r') \mathbf{Y}_{LL_1}(\hat{\mathbf{r}}) \cdot \mathbf{Y}_{LL_2}(\hat{\mathbf{r}}_2) \quad (4)$$

1 WAV FUNCTION

The wav function in deform nuclear have to express at the Dirac-Woods-Saxon base. So, we use the following marking method.

$$\bar{f}_\alpha(\mathbf{r}) = \bar{\psi}_{\nu\pi m}(\mathbf{r}_a) \quad f_\beta(\mathbf{r}) = \psi_{\nu'\pi' m'}(\mathbf{r}_a) \quad (5)$$

$$\bar{f}_\beta(\mathbf{r}') = \bar{\psi}_{\nu'\pi' m'}(\mathbf{r}_b) \quad f_\alpha(\mathbf{r}') = \psi_{\nu\pi m}(\mathbf{r}_b) \quad (6)$$

The $\bar{f}_\alpha, \bar{f}_\beta, f_\beta$ and f_α are wav function's mark in Eq.(3), and in deform nuclei, the good quantum is π , parity and m , the third component of angular momentum. Now we express the wav function at the Dirac-Woods-Saxon base.

$$\bar{\psi}_{\nu\pi m}(\mathbf{r}_a) = \sum_a C_{a,\nu\pi m}^\dagger \bar{\psi}_{a\pi m} \quad \psi_{\nu'\pi'm'}(\mathbf{r}_a) = \sum_{a'} C_{a',\nu'\pi'm'} \psi_{a'\pi'm'} \quad (7)$$

$$\bar{\psi}_{\nu'\pi'm'}(\mathbf{r}_b) = \sum_{b'} C_{b',\nu'\pi'm'}^\dagger \bar{\psi}_{b'\pi'm'} \quad \psi_{\nu\pi m}(\mathbf{r}_b) = \sum_b C_{b,\nu\pi m} \psi_{b\pi m} \quad (8)$$

Among them, a and b mean $\{n, \kappa\}$, and n is the principal quantum number which dependent on the node of big component of spinor ψ , and κ reflect the angular momentum and spin, in other word, the total angular momentum. C is nothing but the expansion coefficient.

Use this marking method, the π -meson nuclear coupling energy functional can rewrite as:

$$\begin{aligned} E_\pi^E &= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\alpha\beta} (2 - \delta_{q_\alpha q_\beta}) \int d\mathbf{r}_a d\mathbf{r}_b \sum_L \sum_{L_1 L_2}^{L\pm 1} C_{L010}^{L_1 0} C_{L010}^{L_2 0} \mathcal{V}_L^{L_1 L_2}(m_\pi; r_a, r_b) \mathbf{Y}_{LL_1} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_{LL_2} \\ &\quad [f_\pi \bar{\psi}_{\nu\pi m} \gamma_5 \boldsymbol{\gamma} \psi_{\nu'\pi'm'}]_{\mathbf{r}_a} \cdot [f_\pi \bar{\psi}_{\nu'\pi'm'} \gamma_5 \boldsymbol{\gamma} \psi_{\nu\pi m}]_{\mathbf{r}_b} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\alpha\beta} (2 - \delta_{q_\alpha q_\beta}) \int d\mathbf{r}_a d\mathbf{r}_b \sum_{LM} \sum_{L_1 L_2}^{L\pm 1} C_{L010}^{L_1 0} C_{L010}^{L_2 0} \mathcal{V}_L^{L_1 L_2}(m_\pi; r_a, r_b) \mathbf{Y}_{LM}^{L_1} \mathbf{Y}_{LM}^{L_2*} \\ &\quad [f_\pi \bar{\psi}_{\nu\pi m} \gamma_5 \boldsymbol{\gamma} \psi_{\nu'\pi'm'}]_{\mathbf{r}_a} \cdot [f_\pi \bar{\psi}_{\nu'\pi'm'} \gamma_5 \boldsymbol{\gamma} \psi_{\nu\pi m}]_{\mathbf{r}_b} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{\alpha\beta} (2 - \delta_{q_\alpha q_\beta}) \int d\mathbf{r}_a d\mathbf{r}_b \sum_{LM} \sum_{L_1 L_2}^{L\pm 1} C_{L010}^{L_1 0} C_{L010}^{L_2 0} \mathcal{V}_L^{L_1 L_2}(m_\pi; r_a, r_b) \\ &\quad [f_\pi \bar{\psi}_{\nu\pi m} \gamma_5 \boldsymbol{\gamma} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_{LM}^{L_1} \psi_{\nu'\pi'm'}]_{\mathbf{r}_a} \cdot [f_\pi \bar{\psi}_{\nu'\pi'm'} \gamma_5 \boldsymbol{\gamma} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_{LM}^{L_2*} \psi_{\nu\pi m}]_{\mathbf{r}_b} \end{aligned}$$

According to 《Quantum theory of angular momentum》 P.64

$$(\mathcal{M}_J \cdot \mathcal{N}_J) = \sum_M \mathcal{M}_{JM} \mathcal{N}_{JM}^* \quad (9)$$

for the irreducible tensor.

And the term which correspond to the wav function:

$$\bar{\psi}_{\nu\pi m} \gamma_5 \boldsymbol{\gamma} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_{LM}^{L_1} \psi_{\nu'\pi'm'} = \sum_{aa'} C_{a,\nu\pi m}^\dagger C_{a',\nu'\pi'm'} \bar{\psi}_{a\pi m} \gamma_5 \boldsymbol{\gamma} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_{LM}^{L_1} \psi_{a'\pi'm'} \quad (10)$$

$$\bar{\psi}_{\nu'\pi'm'} \gamma_5 \boldsymbol{\gamma} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_{LM}^{L_2*} \psi_{\nu\pi m} = \sum_{bb'} C_{b',\nu'\pi'm'}^\dagger C_{b,\nu\pi m} \bar{\psi}_{b'\pi'm'} \gamma_5 \boldsymbol{\gamma} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_{LM}^{L_2*} \psi_{b\pi m} \quad (11)$$

Now we will write the concrete form of this term. For the spherical nuclei, the spinor can be express as:

$$\psi_{a\pi m}(r, \vartheta, \varphi) = \frac{1}{r} \begin{pmatrix} G(r) \Omega_{ja m}^{l_a}(\vartheta, \varphi) \\ iF(r) \Omega_{ja m}^{l'_a}(\vartheta, \varphi) \end{pmatrix} \quad (12)$$

$$\bar{\psi}_{a\pi m}(r, \vartheta, \varphi) = \frac{1}{r} \begin{pmatrix} G(r)\Omega_{ja m}^{l_a \dagger}(\vartheta, \varphi) & iF(r)\Omega_{ja m}^{l'_a \dagger}(\vartheta, \varphi) \end{pmatrix} \quad (13)$$

where Ω is the spinor spherical harmonics, and it can be expressed in terms of scalar spherical harmonic $Y_{LM}(\vartheta, \varphi)$ and spin functions $\chi_{\frac{1}{2}\sigma}$ as:

$$\Omega_{JM}^L(\vartheta, \varphi) = \sum_{m\sigma} C_{LM\frac{1}{2}\sigma}^{JM} Y_{LM}(\vartheta, \varphi) \chi_{\frac{1}{2}\sigma} \quad (14)$$

And we have to mentioned that $l_a + l'_a = 2j_a$, which mean that $l_a - l'_a = \pm 1$, it's depend on the sign of κ .

Then, the wav function (12) can be write as:

$$\begin{aligned} & \sum_{aa'} C_{a,\nu\pi m}^\dagger C_{a',\nu'\pi'm'} \bar{\psi}_{a\pi m} \gamma_5 \boldsymbol{\gamma} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_{LM}^{L_1} \psi_{a'\pi'm'} \\ &= \sum_{aa'} C_{a,\nu\pi m}^\dagger C_{a',\nu'\pi'm'} \frac{1}{r_a} \begin{pmatrix} G_a \Omega_{ja m}^{l_a \dagger} & iF_a \Omega_{ja m}^{l'_a \dagger} \end{pmatrix} \gamma_5 \boldsymbol{\gamma} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_{LM}^{L_1} \frac{1}{r_a} \begin{pmatrix} G_{a'} \Omega_{ja'm'}^{l_{a'} \dagger} \\ iF_{a'} \Omega_{ja'm'}^{l'_{a'} \dagger} \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \sum_{aa'} C_{a,\nu\pi m}^\dagger C_{a',\nu'\pi'm'} \frac{1}{r_a^2} \begin{pmatrix} G_a \Omega_{ja m}^{l_a \dagger} & iF_a \Omega_{ja m}^{l'_a \dagger} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & I \\ I & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \boldsymbol{\sigma} \\ -\boldsymbol{\sigma} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_{LM}^{L_1} \begin{pmatrix} G_{a'} \Omega_{ja'm'}^{l_{a'} \dagger} \\ iF_{a'} \Omega_{ja'm'}^{l'_{a'} \dagger} \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \sum_{aa'} C_{a,\nu\pi m}^\dagger C_{a',\nu'\pi'm'} \frac{1}{r_a^2} \begin{pmatrix} iF_a \Omega_{ja m}^{l'_a \dagger} & G_a \Omega_{ja m}^{l_a \dagger} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \boldsymbol{\sigma} \\ -\boldsymbol{\sigma} & 0 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_{LM}^{L_1} \begin{pmatrix} G_{a'} \Omega_{ja'm'}^{l_{a'} \dagger} \\ iF_{a'} \Omega_{ja'm'}^{l'_{a'} \dagger} \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \sum_{aa'} C_{a,\nu\pi m}^\dagger C_{a',\nu'\pi'm'} \frac{1}{r_a^2} \begin{pmatrix} -G_a \Omega_{ja m}^{l_a \dagger} \boldsymbol{\sigma} & iF_a \Omega_{ja m}^{l'_a \dagger} \boldsymbol{\sigma} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_{LM}^{L_1} \begin{pmatrix} G_{a'} \Omega_{ja'm'}^{l_{a'} \dagger} \\ iF_{a'} \Omega_{ja'm'}^{l'_{a'} \dagger} \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \sum_{aa'} C_{a,\nu\pi m}^\dagger C_{a',\nu'\pi'm'} \frac{1}{r_a^2} \left[-G_a G_{a'} \Omega_{ja m}^{l_a \dagger} \boldsymbol{\sigma} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_{LM}^{L_1} \Omega_{ja'm'}^{l_{a'} \dagger} - F_a F_{a'} \Omega_{ja m}^{l'_a \dagger} \boldsymbol{\sigma} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_{LM}^{L_1} \Omega_{ja'm'}^{l'_{a'} \dagger} \right] \end{aligned} \quad (15)$$

Use the relations:

$$\boldsymbol{\sigma} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_{LM}^{L_1}(\hat{\mathbf{r}}) = \sum_{k'} \sigma_{k'} \mathbf{e}^{k'} \sum_{\mu k} C_{L_1\mu 1k}^{LM} Y_{L_1\mu} \mathbf{e}_k \quad (16)$$

and

$$\mathbf{e}^\mu \mathbf{e}_\nu = \mathbf{e}_\mu \mathbf{e}_\nu^* = \delta_{\mu\nu}, \quad (\mu\nu = \pm 1, 0) \quad (17)$$

So

$$\boldsymbol{\sigma} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_{LM}^{L_1} = \sum_{\mu k} C_{L_1\mu 1k}^{LM} Y_{L_1\mu} \sigma_{1k} \quad (18)$$

For the wav function, we can see that:

$$\begin{aligned} & G_a G_{a'} \Omega_{ja m}^{l_a \dagger} \boldsymbol{\sigma} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_{LM}^{L_1} \Omega_{ja'm'}^{l_{a'} \dagger} \\ &= G_a G_{a'} \Omega_{ja m}^{l_a \dagger} \sum_{\mu k} C_{L_1\mu 1k}^{LM} Y_{L_1\mu} \sigma_{1k} \Omega_{ja'm'}^{l_{a'} \dagger} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= G_a G_{a'} \sum_{\mu k} C_{L_1 \mu 1 k}^{LM} \Omega_{j_a m}^{l_a \dagger} Y_{L_1 \mu} \sigma_{1k} \Omega_{j_{a'} m'}^{l_{a'}} \\
&= G_a G_{a'} \left[\sum_{\mu k} C_{L_1 \mu 1 k}^{LM} Y_{L_1 \mu} \sigma_{1k} \right] \Omega_{j_a m}^{l_a \dagger} \Omega_{j_{a'} m'}^{l_{a'}}
\end{aligned} \tag{19}$$

2 附录

$$\begin{aligned}
\langle a | \mathcal{T}_{LM}^{L_1} | b \rangle &= C_{j_b m_b LM}^{j_a m_a} \langle a || \mathcal{T}_{LL_1} || b \rangle \\
&= C_{j_b m_b LM}^{j_a m_a} (-1)^{j_a + L - \frac{1}{2}} \hat{j}_b \hat{L}^{-1} \frac{\kappa_{ab} + \beta_{LL_1}}{\sqrt{4\pi |\beta_{LL_1}|}} C_{j_a \frac{1}{2} j_b - \frac{1}{2}}^{L0}
\end{aligned} \tag{20}$$

$$\tag{21}$$

Also we can write as:

$$\begin{aligned}
\langle a | \mathcal{T}_{LM}^{L_1} | b \rangle &= \Omega_{j_a m_a}^{l_a \dagger} \mathcal{T}_{LM}^{L_1} \Omega_{j_b m_b}^{l_b} \\
&= \Omega_{j_a m_a}^{l_a \dagger} \sum_{\mu k} C_{L_1 \mu 1 k}^{LM} Y_{L_1 \mu} \sigma_{1k} \Omega_{j_b m_b}^{l_b}
\end{aligned} \tag{22}$$

$$= \sum_{\mu k} C_{L_1 \mu 1 k}^{LM} Y_{L_1 \mu} \sigma_{1k} \sum_{\lambda} (-1)^{j_a + m_a + j_b + \lambda + \frac{1}{2}} \left\{ \begin{matrix} l_a & l_b & \lambda \\ j_b & j_a & \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right\} \frac{\hat{j}_a \hat{j}_b \hat{l}_a \hat{l}_b}{4\pi \hat{\lambda}} C_{l_a 0 l_b 0}^{\lambda 0} C_{j_a - m_a j_b m_b}^{\lambda M} Y_{\lambda M} \tag{23}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&\Omega_{J_1 M_1}^{L_1 \dagger} \Omega_{J_2 M_2}^{L_2} \\
&= \sum_{m_1 \sigma_1} C_{l_1 m_1 \frac{1}{2} \sigma_1}^{J_1 M_1} Y_{l_1 m_1}^* \chi_{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_1}^* \sum_{m_2 \sigma_2} C_{l_2 m_2 \frac{1}{2} \sigma_2}^{J_2 M_2} Y_{l_2 m_2} \chi_{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_2} \\
&= \sum_{m_1 \sigma_1} \sum_{m_2 \sigma_2} C_{l_1 m_1 \frac{1}{2} \sigma_1}^{J_1 M_1} C_{l_2 m_2 \frac{1}{2} \sigma_2}^{J_2 M_2} Y_{l_1 m_1}^* Y_{l_2 m_2} \chi_{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_1}^* \chi_{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_2} \\
&= \sum_{m_1 m_2} \sum_{\sigma} C_{l_1 m_1 \frac{1}{2} \sigma}^{J_1 M_1} C_{l_2 m_2 \frac{1}{2} \sigma}^{J_2 M_2} (-1)^{m_1} Y_{l_1 - m_1} Y_{l_2 m_2} \\
&= \sum_{m_1 m_2} \sum_{\sigma} C_{l_1 m_1 \frac{1}{2} \sigma}^{J_1 M_1} C_{l_2 m_2 \frac{1}{2} \sigma}^{J_2 M_2} (-1)^{m_1} \sum_{LM} \frac{\hat{l}_1 \hat{l}_2}{4\pi \hat{L}} C_{l_1 0 l_2 0}^{L0} C_{l_1 - m_1 l_2 m_2}^{LM} Y_{LM} \\
&= \sum_{m_1 m_2} \sum_{\sigma} \sum_{LM} (-1)^{m_1} C_{l_1 m_1 \frac{1}{2} \sigma}^{J_1 M_1} C_{l_2 m_2 \frac{1}{2} \sigma}^{J_2 M_2} \frac{\hat{l}_1 \hat{l}_2}{4\pi \hat{L}} C_{l_1 0 l_2 0}^{L0} (-1)^{l_1 + l_2 - L} C_{l_2 m_2 l_1 - m_1}^{LM} Y_{LM} \\
&= \sum_{LM} (-1)^{l_1 + l_2 - L} \frac{\hat{l}_1 \hat{l}_2}{4\pi \hat{L}} C_{l_1 0 l_2 0}^{L0} \sum_{m_1 m_2 \sigma} (-1)^{l_1 - m_1} C_{l_1 m_1 \frac{1}{2} \sigma}^{J_1 M_1} C_{l_2 m_2 \frac{1}{2} \sigma}^{J_2 M_2} C_{l_2 m_2 l_1 - m_1}^{LM} Y_{LM} \\
&= \sum_{LM} (-1)^{2l_1 + l_2 - L} \frac{\hat{l}_1 \hat{l}_2}{4\pi \hat{L}} C_{l_1 0 l_2 0}^{L0} (-1)^{\frac{1}{2} + J_1 + l_2 + L} \prod_{J_1 L} C_{J_1 M_1 LM}^{J_2 M_2} \left\{ \begin{matrix} l_1 & \frac{1}{2} & J_1 \\ J_2 & L & l_2 \end{matrix} \right\} Y_{LM}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \sum_{LM} (-1)^{\frac{1}{2}+J_1} \frac{\hat{l}_1 \hat{l}_2 \hat{J}_1 \hat{L}}{4\pi \hat{L}} C_{l_1 0 l_2 0}^{L0} (-1)^{J_1-M_1} \frac{\hat{J}_2}{\hat{L}} C_{J_1 M_1 J_2 -M_2}^{L-M} \left\{ \begin{matrix} l_1 & l_2 & L \\ J_2 & J_1 & \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right\} Y_{LM} \\
&= \sum_{LM} (-1)^{\frac{1}{2}+2J_1-M_1+J_1+J_2-L} \left\{ \begin{matrix} l_1 & l_2 & L \\ J_2 & J_1 & \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right\} \frac{\hat{J}_1 \hat{J}_2 \hat{l}_1 \hat{l}_2}{4\pi \hat{L}} C_{l_1 0 l_2 0}^{L0} C_{J_1-M_1 J_2 M_2}^{LM} Y_{LM} \\
&= \sum_{LM} (-1)^{J_1+M_1+J_2+L+\frac{1}{2}} \left\{ \begin{matrix} l_1 & l_2 & L \\ J_2 & J_1 & \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix} \right\} \frac{\hat{J}_1 \hat{J}_2 \hat{l}_1 \hat{l}_2}{4\pi \hat{L}} C_{l_1 0 l_2 0}^{L0} C_{J_1-M_1 J_2 M_2}^{LM} Y_{LM} \tag{24}
\end{aligned}$$

the sum of M is necessary?

The orthonormality condition for the basis functions is:

$$\chi_{Sm}^\dagger \chi_{Sm'} = \delta_{mm'} \tag{25}$$

The complex conjugate function Y_{lm}^*

$$Y_{lm}^*(\vartheta, \varphi) = Y_{lm}(\vartheta, -\varphi) = (-1)^m Y_{l-m}(\vartheta, \varphi) \tag{26}$$

and a direct product of two spherical harmonics of the same arguments can expanded in series as:

$$Y_{l_1 m_1}(\vartheta, \varphi) Y_{l_2 m_2}(\vartheta, \varphi) = \sum_{LM} \sqrt{\frac{(2l_1+1)(2l_2+1)}{4\pi(2L+1)}} C_{l_1 0 l_2 0}^{L0} C_{l_1 m_1 l_2 m_2}^{LM} Y_{LM} \tag{27}$$

The symmetry properties of the Clebsch-Gordan Coefficients:

$$C_{a\alpha b\beta}^{c\gamma} = (-1)^{a+b-c} C_{b\beta a-\alpha}^{c\gamma} C_{b\beta a-\alpha}^{c\gamma} = (-1)^{a-\alpha} \sqrt{\frac{2c+1}{2b+1}} C_{a\alpha c-\gamma}^{b-\beta} \tag{28}$$

The sums involving products of three CG coefficients:

$$\sum_{\alpha\beta\delta} (-1)^{a-\alpha} C_{a\alpha b\beta}^{c\gamma} C_{d\delta b\beta}^{e\epsilon} C_{d\delta a-\alpha}^{f\varphi} = \kappa_1 \prod_{cf} C_{c\gamma f\varphi}^{e\epsilon} \left\{ \begin{matrix} a & b & c \\ e & f & d \end{matrix} \right\} \tag{29}$$

and

$$\kappa_1 = (-1)^{b+c+d+f} \prod_{abc\dots} = [(2a+1)(2b+1)(2c+1)\dots]^{\frac{1}{2}} \tag{30}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&\Omega_{J_1 M_1}^{L_1 \dagger} \hat{\mathbf{S}} \Omega_{J_2 M_2}^{L_2} \\
&= \sum_{m_1 \sigma_1} C_{l_1 m_1 \frac{1}{2} \sigma_1}^{J_1 M_1} Y_{l_1 m_1}^* \chi_{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_1}^\dagger \hat{\mathbf{S}} \sum_{m_2 \sigma_2} C_{l_2 m_2 \frac{1}{2} \sigma_2}^{J_2 M_2} Y_{l_2 m_2} \chi_{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_2} \\
&= \sum_{m_1 \sigma_1} \sum_{m_2 \sigma_2} C_{l_1 m_1 \frac{1}{2} \sigma_1}^{J_1 M_1} C_{l_2 m_2 \frac{1}{2} \sigma_2}^{J_2 M_2} Y_{l_1 m_1}^* Y_{l_2 m_2} \chi_{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_1}^\dagger \hat{\mathbf{S}} \chi_{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_2} \\
&= \sum_{m_1 \sigma_1} \sum_{m_2 \sigma_2} C_{l_1 m_1 \frac{1}{2} \sigma_1}^{J_1 M_1} C_{l_2 m_2 \frac{1}{2} \sigma_2}^{J_2 M_2} (-1)^{m_1} \sum_{LM} \frac{\hat{l}_1 \hat{l}_2}{\sqrt{4\pi} \hat{L}} C_{l_1 0 l_2 0}^{L0} C_{l_1 -m_1 l_2 m_2}^{LM} Y_{LM} \sum_{\mu} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} C_{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_2 1 \mu}^{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_1} \mathbf{e}_{1\mu}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \sum_{m_1 \sigma_1} \sum_{m_2 \sigma_2} \sum_{LM\mu} (-1)^{l_1 - m_1} \frac{\hat{J}_1}{\sqrt{2}} C_{J_1 M_1 l_1 - m_1}^{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_1} (-1)^{l_2 - m_2} \frac{\hat{J}_2}{\sqrt{2}} C_{J_2 M_2 l_2 - m_2}^{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_2} (-1)^{l_1 + l_2 - L} C_{l_2 m_2 l_1 - m_1}^{LM} (-1)^{\frac{1}{2} - \sigma_2} \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} C_{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_1 \frac{1}{2} - \sigma_2}^{1\mu} \\
&\quad \times (-1)^{m_1} \frac{\hat{l}_1 \hat{l}_2}{\sqrt{4\pi} \hat{L}} C_{l_1 0 l_2 0}^{L0} Y_{LM} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \mathbf{e}_{1\mu} \\
&= \sum_{m_1 \sigma_1} \sum_{m_2 \sigma_2} \sum_{LM\mu} (-1)^{L - m_2 + \frac{1}{2} - \sigma_2} \frac{\hat{J}_1 \hat{J}_2}{2} C_{J_1 M_1 l_1 - m_1}^{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_1} (-1)^{J_2 - M_2} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\hat{l}_2} C_{J_2 M_2 \frac{1}{2} - \sigma_2}^{l_2 m_2} C_{l_2 m_2 l_1 - m_1}^{LM} C_{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_1 \frac{1}{2} - \sigma_2}^{1\mu} \frac{\hat{l}_1 \hat{l}_2}{\sqrt{4\pi} \hat{L}} C_{l_1 0 l_2 0}^{L0} Y_{LM} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \mathbf{e}_{1\mu} \\
&= \sum_{m_1 \sigma_1} \sum_{m_2 \sigma_2} \sum_{LM\mu} (-1)^{l_1 + \mu + J_2 - M_2} (-1)^{\frac{1}{2} - \sigma_1 + l_2 - m_2} \frac{\hat{J}_1 \hat{J}_2}{2} C_{J_1 M_1 l_1 - m_1}^{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_1} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\hat{l}_2} C_{J_2 M_2 \frac{1}{2} - \sigma_2}^{l_2 m_2} C_{l_2 m_2 l_1 - m_1}^{LM} C_{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_1 \frac{1}{2} - \sigma_2}^{1\mu} \\
&\quad \times \frac{\hat{l}_1 \hat{l}_2}{\sqrt{4\pi} \hat{L}} C_{l_1 0 l_2 0}^{L0} Y_{LM} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \mathbf{e}_{1\mu} \\
&= \sum_{LM\mu} (-1)^{l_1 + \mu + J_2 - M_2} \frac{\hat{J}_1 \hat{J}_2 \hat{l}_1}{\sqrt{16\pi} \hat{L}} (-1)^{J_1 + J_2 - M_1 - M_2} \sqrt{2} \hat{l}_2 \hat{L} \sqrt{3} \sum_{J\xi} C_{LM1-\mu}^{J\xi} C_{J_2 M_2 J_1 - M_1}^{J\xi} \left\{ \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2} & l_1 & J_1 \\ \frac{1}{2} & l_2 & J_2 \\ 1 & L & J \end{matrix} \right\} C_{l_1 0 l_2 0}^{L0} Y_{LM} \mathbf{e}_{1\mu} \\
&= \sum_L (-1)^{l_1 + J_1 - M_1} \frac{\sqrt{3} \hat{J}_1 \hat{J}_2 \hat{l}_1 \hat{l}_2}{\sqrt{8\pi}} \sum_J C_{J_2 M_2 J_1 - M_1}^{J\xi} \left\{ \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{2} & l_1 & J_1 \\ \frac{1}{2} & l_2 & J_2 \\ 1 & L & J \end{matrix} \right\} C_{l_1 0 l_2 0}^{L0} \sum_{M\mu} (-1)^\mu C_{LM1-\mu}^{J\xi} Y_{LM} \mathbf{e}_{1\mu} \\
&= \sum_{JL} (-1)^{l_1 + J_1 - M_1} \frac{\sqrt{3(2j_1 + 1)(2j_2 + 1)(2l_1 + 1)(2l_2 + 2)}}{\sqrt{8\pi}} \left\{ \begin{matrix} l_1 & J_1 & \frac{1}{2} \\ l_2 & J_2 & \frac{1}{2} \\ L & J & 1 \end{matrix} \right\} \\
&\quad \times (-1)^{J_1 + J_2 - J} C_{J_1 - M_1 J_2 M_2}^{J\xi} C_{l_1 0 l_2 0}^{L0} \mathbf{Y}_{J\xi}^L \\
&= (-1)^{J_2 + l_1 - M_1 + 1} \frac{\sqrt{3(2j_1 + 1)(2j_2 + 1)(2l_1 + 1)(2l_2 + 2)}}{\sqrt{8\pi}} \sum_{JL} (-1)^J C_{l_1 0 l_2 0}^{L0} \left\{ \begin{matrix} l_1 & J_1 & \frac{1}{2} \\ l_2 & J_2 & \frac{1}{2} \\ L & J & 1 \end{matrix} \right\} C_{J_1 - M_1 J_2 M_2}^{J\xi} \mathbf{Y}_{J\xi}^L \\
&= (-1)^{J_2 + l_1 + M_1} \frac{\sqrt{3(2j_1 + 1)(2j_2 + 1)(2l_1 + 1)(2l_2 + 2)}}{\sqrt{8\pi}} \sum_{JL} (-1)^J C_{l_1 0 l_2 0}^{L0} \left\{ \begin{matrix} l_1 & J_1 & \frac{1}{2} \\ l_2 & J_2 & \frac{1}{2} \\ L & J & 1 \end{matrix} \right\} C_{J_1 - M_1 J_2 M_2}^{J\xi} \mathbf{Y}_{J\xi}^L
\end{aligned} \tag{31}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&\Omega_{J_1 M_1}^{L_1 \dagger} \boldsymbol{\sigma} \cdot \mathbf{Y}_{LM}^{L_1} \Omega_{J_2 M_2}^{L_2} \\
&= \sum_{m_1 \sigma_1} C_{l_1 m_1 \frac{1}{2} \sigma_1}^{J_1 M_1} Y_{l_1 m_1}^* \chi_{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_1}^\dagger \sum_{\mu k} C_{L_1 \mu 1 k}^{LM} Y_{L_1 \mu} \sigma_{1k} \sum_{m_2 \sigma_2} C_{l_2 m_2 \frac{1}{2} \sigma_2}^{J_2 M_2} Y_{l_2 m_2} \chi_{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_2} \\
&= \sum_{m_1 \sigma_1} \sum_{m_2 \sigma_2} \sum_{\mu k} C_{l_1 m_1 \frac{1}{2} \sigma_1}^{J_1 M_1} C_{l_2 m_2 \frac{1}{2} \sigma_2}^{J_2 M_2} C_{L_1 \mu 1 k}^{LM} Y_{l_1 m_1}^* Y_{L_1 \mu} Y_{l_2 m_2} \chi_{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_1}^\dagger \sigma_{1k} \chi_{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_2}
\end{aligned}$$

$$= \sum_{m_1 \sigma_1 m_2 \sigma_2} \sum_{\mu k} C_{l_1 m_1 \frac{1}{2} \sigma_1}^{J_1 M_1} C_{l_2 m_2 \frac{1}{2} \sigma_2}^{J_2 M_2} C_{L_1 \mu 1 k}^{LM} (-1)^{m_1} \sum_{\lambda \xi \lambda' \xi'} \frac{\hat{l}_1 \hat{L}_1 \hat{l}_2}{4\pi \hat{\lambda}} C_{l_1 0 L_1 0}^{\lambda' 0} C_{\lambda' 0 l_2 0}^{\lambda 0} C_{l_1 - m_1 L_1 \mu}^{\lambda' \xi'} C_{\lambda' \xi' l_2 m_2}^{\lambda \xi} Y_{\lambda \xi} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} C_{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_2 1 k}^{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_1}$$

$$C_{p\psi a\alpha}^{q\kappa} C_{q\kappa u\nu}^{r\rho} C_{r\rho c\gamma}^{s\sigma} C_{s\sigma v\mu}^{p\psi} C_{u-\nu b\beta}^{t\tau} C_{t\tau d\delta}^{v\mu} \quad (32)$$

$a\alpha, b\beta, c\gamma, d\delta$ 是外线。

先决定 $C_{u-\mu b\beta}^{t\tau} C_{t\tau d\delta}^{v\mu}$

$$C_{\lambda' \xi' l_2 m_2}^{\lambda \xi} = (-1)^{\lambda' - \xi'} \frac{\hat{\lambda}}{\hat{l}_2} C_{\lambda' \xi' \lambda - \xi}^{l_2 - m_2} \rightarrow C_{u-\nu b\beta}^{t\tau} \quad (33)$$

即：

$$(-1)^{\lambda' - \xi'} \frac{\hat{\lambda}}{\hat{l}_2} (-1)^{m_2 + 3\lambda' + \lambda} \begin{pmatrix} \lambda' & \lambda & l_2 \\ \xi' & -\xi & m_2 \end{pmatrix} = (-1)^{m_2 + \lambda - \xi'} \hat{\lambda} \begin{pmatrix} \lambda' & \lambda & l_2 \\ \xi' & -\xi & m_2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (34)$$

则 $t\tau$ 对应 $l_2 - m_2$

$$C_{l_2 m_2 \frac{1}{2} \sigma_2}^{J_2 M_2} = (-1)^{l_2 - m_2} \frac{\hat{J}_2}{\hat{\frac{1}{2}}} C_{l_2 m_2 J_2 - M_2}^{\frac{1}{2} - \sigma_2} = (-1)^{l_2 - m_2 + l_2 + J_2 - \frac{1}{2}} \frac{\hat{J}_2}{\hat{\frac{1}{2}}} C_{l_2 - m_2 J_2 M_2}^{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_2} = (-1)^{J_2 - m_2 - \frac{1}{2}} \frac{\hat{J}_2}{\sqrt{2}} C_{l_2 - m_2 J_2 M_2}^{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_2} \rightarrow C_{t\tau d\delta}^{v\mu} \quad (35)$$

即：

$$(-1)^{J_2 - m_2 - \frac{1}{2}} \frac{\hat{J}_2}{\hat{\frac{1}{2}}} \frac{1}{2} (-1)^{-\sigma_2 + 3l_2 + J_2} \begin{pmatrix} l_2 & J_2 & \frac{1}{2} \\ -m_2 & M_2 & -\sigma_2 \end{pmatrix} = (-1)^{l_2 - M_2} \hat{J}_2 \begin{pmatrix} l_2 & J_2 & \frac{1}{2} \\ -m_2 & M_2 & -\sigma_2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (36)$$

然后是四个 CG 系数求和和两条外线

$$C_{l_1 m_1 \frac{1}{2} \sigma_1}^{J_1 M_1} = (-1)^{\frac{1}{2} + \sigma_1} \frac{\hat{J}_1}{\hat{l}_1} C_{\frac{1}{2} - \sigma_1 J_1 M_1}^{l_1 m_1} = (-1)^{\frac{1}{2} + \sigma_1} \frac{\hat{J}_1}{\hat{l}_1} C_{\frac{1}{2} - \sigma_1 J_1 M_1}^{l_1 m_1} = (-1)^{1 + \sigma_1 + J_1 - l_1} \frac{\hat{J}_1}{\hat{l}_1} C_{\frac{1}{2} \sigma_1 J_1 - M_1}^{l_1 - m_1} \rightarrow C_{p\psi a\alpha}^{q\kappa} \quad (37)$$

即：

$$(-1)^{1 + \sigma_1 + J_1 - l_1} \frac{\hat{J}_1}{\hat{l}_1} \hat{l}_1 (-1)^{m_1 + \frac{3}{2} + J_1} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & J_1 & l_1 \\ \sigma_1 & -M_1 & m_1 \end{pmatrix} = \quad (38)$$

$$C_{l_1 - m_1 L_1 \mu}^{\lambda' \xi'} = (-1)^{l_1 + m_1} \frac{\hat{\lambda}'}{\hat{L}_1} C_{l_1 - m_1 \lambda' - \xi'}^{L_1 - \mu} \rightarrow C_{q\kappa u\nu}^{r\rho} \quad (39)$$

即：

$$(-1)^{l_1 + m_1} \frac{\hat{\lambda}'}{\hat{L}_1} \hat{L}_1 (-1)^{\mu + 3l_1 + \lambda'} \begin{pmatrix} l_1 & \lambda' & L_1 \\ -m_1 & -\xi' & \mu \end{pmatrix} \quad (40)$$

$$C_{L_1\mu 1k}^{LM} = (-1)^{L_1-\mu} \frac{\hat{L}}{\hat{1}} C_{L_1\mu L-M}^{1-k} = (-1)^{L_1-\mu+L_1+L-1} \frac{\hat{L}}{\hat{1}} C_{L_1-\mu LM}^{1k} = (-1)^{L-\mu-1} \frac{\hat{L}}{\hat{1}} C_{L_1-\mu LM}^{1k} \rightarrow C_{r\rho c\gamma}^{s\sigma} \quad (41)$$

即：

$$(-1)^{L-\mu-1} \frac{\hat{L}}{\hat{1}} \hat{1} (-1)^{k+3L_1+L} \begin{pmatrix} L_1 & L & 1 \\ -\mu & M & -k \end{pmatrix} \quad (42)$$

$$C_{\frac{1}{2}\sigma_2 1k}^{\frac{1}{2}\sigma_1} = (-1)^{\frac{1}{2}+1-\frac{1}{2}} C_{1k\frac{1}{2}\sigma_2}^{\frac{1}{2}\sigma_1} \rightarrow C_{s\sigma v\mu}^{p\psi} \quad (43)$$

即：

$$(-1)^1 \frac{\hat{1}}{2} (-1)^{\sigma_1+3+\frac{1}{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ k & \sigma_2 & -\sigma_1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (44)$$

用 3J 符号表示出来：

所以：

$$\begin{aligned} & \sum_{m_1\sigma_1 m_2\sigma_2} \sum_{\mu k\xi'} C_{l_1 m_1 \frac{1}{2}\sigma_1}^{J_1 M_1} C_{l_2 m_2 \frac{1}{2}\sigma_2}^{J_2 M_2} C_{L_1 \mu 1k}^{LM} (-1)^{m_1} C_{l_1-m_1 L_1 \mu}^{\lambda'\xi'} C_{\lambda'\xi' l_2 m_2}^{\lambda\xi} C_{\frac{1}{2}\sigma_2 1k}^{\frac{1}{2}\sigma_1} \\ &= (-1)^{m_1} (-1)^{\lambda'-\xi'+J_2-m_2-\frac{1}{2}+1+\sigma_1+J_1-l_1+l_1+m_1+L-\mu-1+1} \frac{\hat{\lambda}\hat{J}_2\hat{J}_1\hat{\lambda}'\hat{L}}{\hat{l}_2\frac{\hat{1}}{2}\hat{l}_1\hat{L}_1\hat{1}} \\ & \quad \times C_{\frac{1}{2}\sigma_1 J_1-M_1}^{l_1-m_1} C_{l_1-m_1\lambda'-\xi'}^{L_1-\mu} C_{L_1-\mu LM}^{1k} C_{1k\frac{1}{2}\sigma_2}^{\frac{1}{2}\sigma_1} C_{\lambda'\xi'\lambda-\xi}^{l_2-m_2} C_{l_2-m_2 J_2 M_2}^{\frac{1}{2}\sigma_2} \\ &= (-1)^{\lambda'\xi+J_2-\frac{1}{2}+\sigma_1+J_1+L-\mu} \frac{\hat{\lambda}\hat{J}_2\hat{J}_1\hat{\lambda}'\hat{L}}{\hat{l}_2\frac{\hat{1}}{2}\hat{l}_1\hat{L}_1\hat{1}} C_{\frac{1}{2}\sigma_1 J_1-M_1}^{l_1-m_1} C_{l_1-m_1\lambda'-\xi'}^{L_1-\mu} C_{L_1-\mu LM}^{1k} C_{1k\frac{1}{2}\sigma_2}^{\frac{1}{2}\sigma_1} C_{\lambda'\xi'\lambda-\xi}^{l_2-m_2} C_{l_2-m_2 J_2 M_2}^{\frac{1}{2}\sigma_2} \end{aligned} \quad (45)$$

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$$C_{p\psi a\alpha}^{q\kappa} C_{q\kappa uv}^{g\lambda} C_{g\lambda v\mu}^{s\sigma} C_{s\sigma d\delta}^{p\psi} C_{u-\nu b\beta}^{r-\rho} C_{r-\rho c\gamma}^{v\mu} \quad (46)$$

$$C_{\lambda'\xi' l_2 m_2}^{\lambda\xi} \rightarrow C_{\lambda'-\xi'\lambda-\xi}^{l_2-m_2} \rightarrow C_{u-\nu b\beta}^{r-\rho} \quad (47)$$

$$C_{l_2 m_2 \frac{1}{2}\sigma_2}^{J_2 M_2} \rightarrow C_{l_2-m_2 J_2 M_2}^{\frac{1}{2}\sigma_2} \rightarrow C_{r-\rho c\gamma}^{v\mu} \quad (48)$$

$$C_{l_1 m_1 \frac{1}{2}\sigma_1}^{J_1 M_1} \rightarrow C_{l_1 m_1 J_1-M_1}^{\frac{1}{2}-\sigma_1} \rightarrow C_{p\psi a\alpha}^{q\kappa} \quad (49)$$

$$C_{\frac{1}{2}\sigma_1 1k}^{\frac{1}{2}\sigma_2} \rightarrow C_{\frac{1}{2}-\sigma_1 \frac{1}{2}\sigma_2}^{1k} \rightarrow C_{q\kappa uv}^{g\lambda} \quad (50)$$

$$\rightarrow C_{g\lambda v\mu}^{s\sigma} \quad (51)$$

$$C_{L_1 \mu 1k}^{LM} \rightarrow C_{s\sigma d\delta}^{p\psi} \quad (52)$$