Abstract PPT

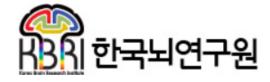


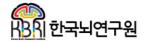




Expression Atlas: Quick tour

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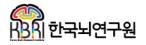




Expression Atlas



Expression Atlas





Expression Atlas(http://www.ebi.ac.uk/gxa) is an added value database that provides information about gene and protein expression in different species and contexts, such as tissue, developmental stage, disease or cell type.

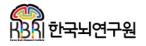
Expression Atlas aims

- To serve a wide research community by providing data sets from different organisms, including plants and metazoans.
- To help answer questions such as 'where is a certain gene expressed?' or 'how does its expression change in a disease?'.



Figure 1. Expression Atlas includes data curation, analysis, search and visualisation of gene expression experiments





Expression Atlas contains thousands of selected microarray and RNA-sequencing (RNA-seq) experiments from public repositories such as...

- ArrayExpress
- European Nucleotide Archive(ENA) at EMBL-EBI
- Gene Expression Omnibus(GEO) at NCBI.

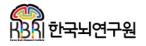
Controlled access datasets such as...

- The European Phenome-Genome Archive(EGA)
- The database of Genotypes and Phenotypes(dbGAP)

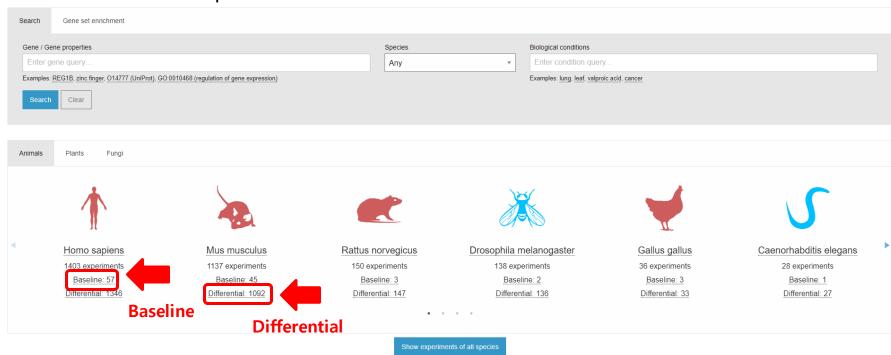
Current **criteria for selection and inclusion of a gene expression dataset** in Expression Atlas are:

- The study must be of general interest
- It must be performed on a species from which a good quality reference genome build is available
- For microarray data, it must be possible to re-annotate the array design against Ensembl
- The study must include at least three biological replicates
- Clear experimental variables must be available





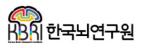
The data sets in Expression Atlas are classified either as baseline or differential.

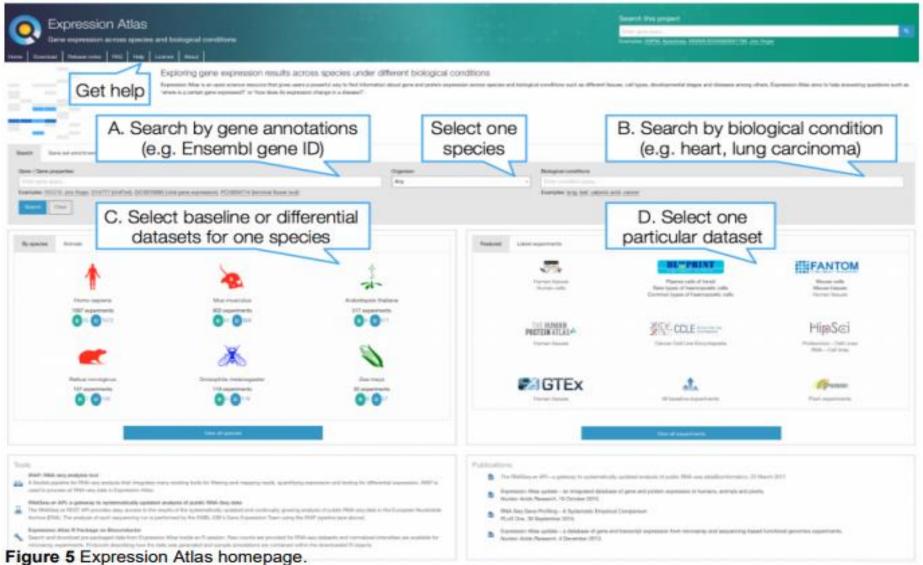


The baseline data sets report transcript or protein abundance typically in constitutive conditions, such as healthy tissues, cell types, developmental stages or cell lines. Baseline data sets are sourced from selected, high-quality RNA-Seq data sets, and in addition, several proteomics data sets have also been included recently.

Differential studies report changes in expression between two different conditions, such as healthy and diseased tissue







P THANK YOU!

