Homework 3 Due: 23/04/2018 (Monday)

Problem 1: Consider the following two-player, symmetric game where x can be 0, 1 or 2:

Lecturer: Prof.dr. M. Cao

Player
$$B$$

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc}
 & X & Y \\
\hline
 & X & Y \\
\hline
 & Y & x, 2 & 3, 3
\end{array}$$

a) For each of the possible values of x, find all pure strategy Nash equilibria and all evolutionarily stable strategies (ESS). (Hint: We have defined ESS for replicator dynamics in the class. To solve this problem, you need to check in the literature what the definition of ESS is for two-player games.)

b) Your answers to part a) should suggest that the difference between the predictions of evolutionary stability and Nash equilibrium arises when a Nash equilibrium uses a weakly dominated strategy. We say that a strategy s_i^* is weakly dominated if player i has another strategy s_i' with the property that: (i) No matter what the other player does, player i's payoff from s_i' is at least as large as the payoff from s_i^* and (ii) There is some strategy for the other player so that player i's payoff from s_i' is strictly greater than the payoff from s_i^* .

Now consider the following claim that makes a connection between ESS and weakly dominated strategies:

Claim: Suppose that in the game below, $\{X, X\}$ is a Nash equilibrium and that strategy X is weakly dominated. Then X is not an evolutionary stable strategy.

Player
$$B$$

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc}
 & & Y \\
 & X & Y \\
\end{array}$$
Player A

$$\begin{array}{c|cccc}
 & X & a, a & b, c \\
 & C, b & d, d
\end{array}$$

Explain carefully why this claim is true.

Problem 2: Consider a symmetric two-player game with the following payoff matrix for player 1

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & -2 \\ 3 & 1 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 & 3 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Consider the first pure strategy of player 1.

- a) Is it weakly dominated by a pure strategy?
- b) Is it weakly dominated by a mixed strategy?
- c) Is it strongly dominated by a strategy?
- d) Is it possible for player 2 to play a strategy such that both players are at a Nash equilibrium?

Now assume both players can play any of their four strategies.

- e) Calculate the set of Nash equilibrium analytically (Hint: One of the strategies 2, 3 or 4 may be strongly dominated after deleting the first column).
- f) Is there any evolutionary stable strategy in this game? If yes, determine the strategy and explain why it is evolutionary stable. If no, explain why.

Problem 3: For replicator dynamics, show that a state \hat{x} can be the ω -limit point of all orbits x(t) in the interior of the simplex Δ without being Lyapunov stable. (Hint: try the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}.)$$

Problem 4: For replicator dynamics discussed in the lecture with the payoff matrix A, a closed nonempty subset \mathcal{E} of the simplex Δ is said to be an *evolutionarily stable set* (or ES set) if for each $x \in \mathcal{E}$ there exists a neighborhood \mathcal{W} such that

$$x^T A y \ge y^T A y$$

for all $y \in \mathcal{W}$, with strict inequality if $y \neq \mathcal{E}$. Show that every ES set is asymptotically stable (with the obvious definition for the asymptotically stability of a closed set.)