



IBM Software Group

Mastering Object-Oriented Analysis and Design with UML

Module 3: Analysis and Design Overview

Rational software



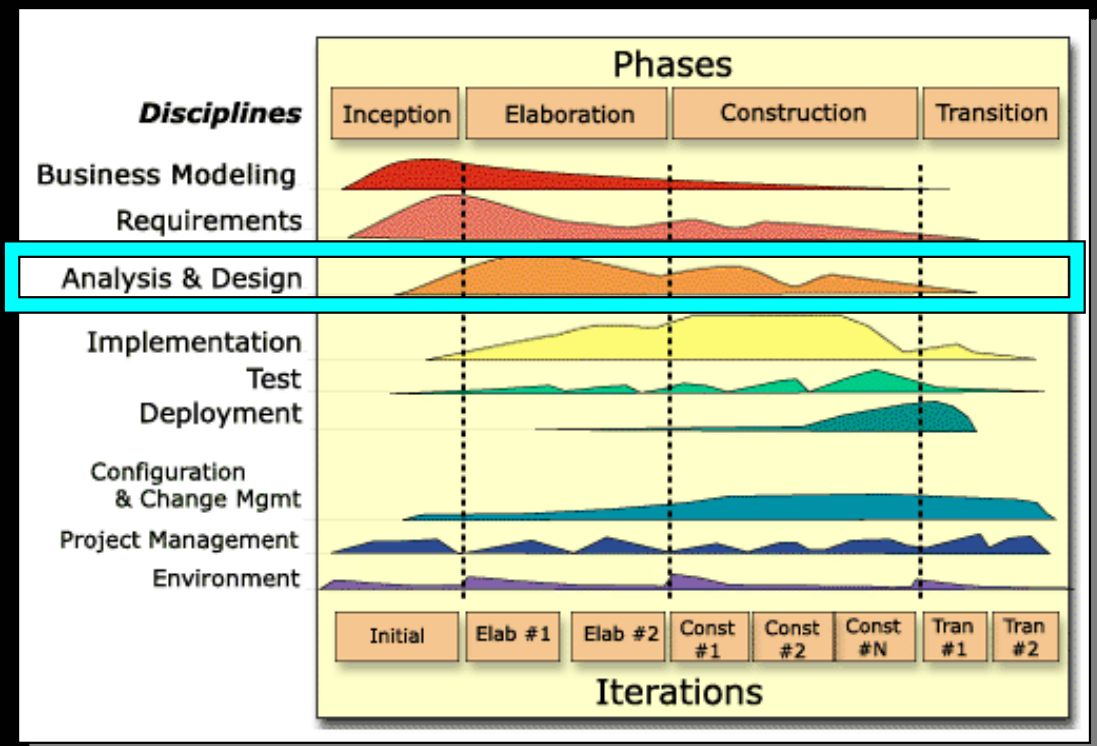
Objectives: Analysis and Design Overview

- ◆ Review the key Analysis and Design terms and concepts
- ◆ Introduce the Analysis and Design process, including roles, artifacts and workflow
- ◆ Explain the difference between Analysis and Design

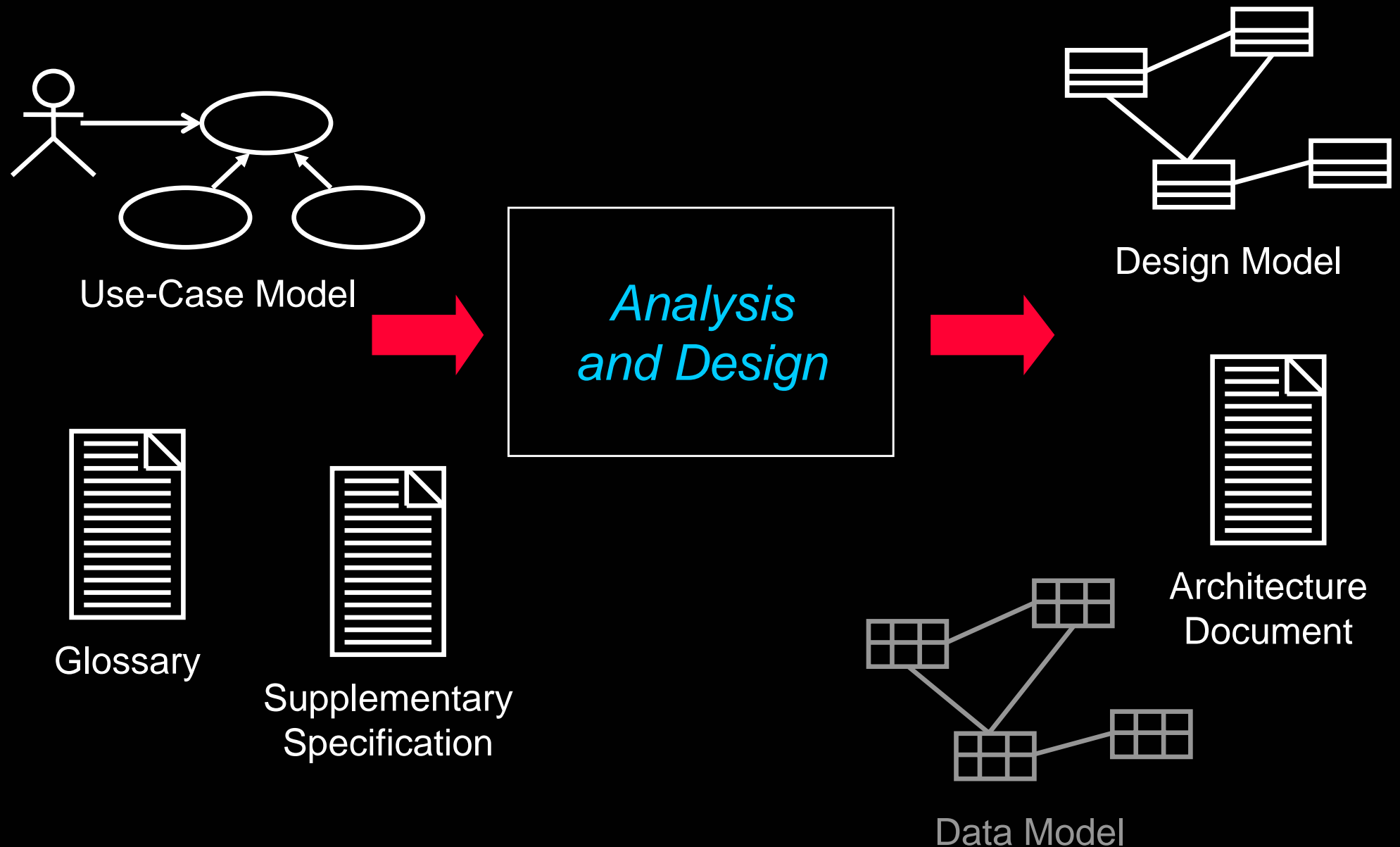
Analysis and Design in Context

The purposes of Analysis and Design are to:

- Transform the requirements into a design of the system-to-be.
- Evolve a robust architecture for the system.
- Adapt the design to match the implementation environment, designing it for performance.



Analysis and Design Overview



Analysis & Design Overview Topics

★ ♦ Key Concepts

♦ Analysis and Design Workflow

Analysis Versus Design

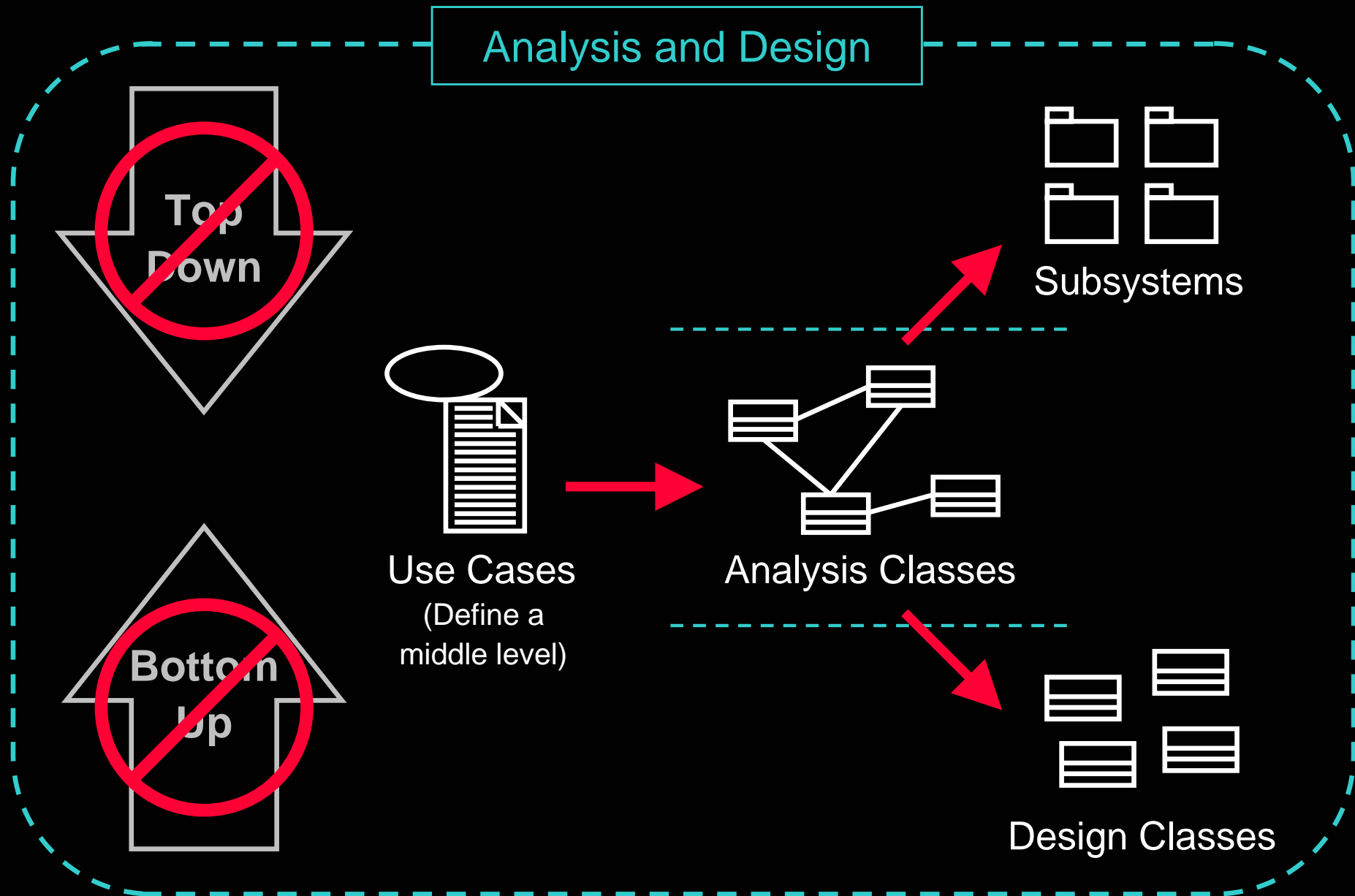
◆ Analysis

- Focus on understanding the problem
- Idealized design
- Behavior
- System structure
- Functional requirements
- A small model

◆ Design

- Focus on understanding the solution
- Operations and attributes
- Performance
- Close to real code
- Object lifecycles
- Nonfunctional requirements
- A large model

Analysis and Design Are Not Top-Down or Bottom-Up



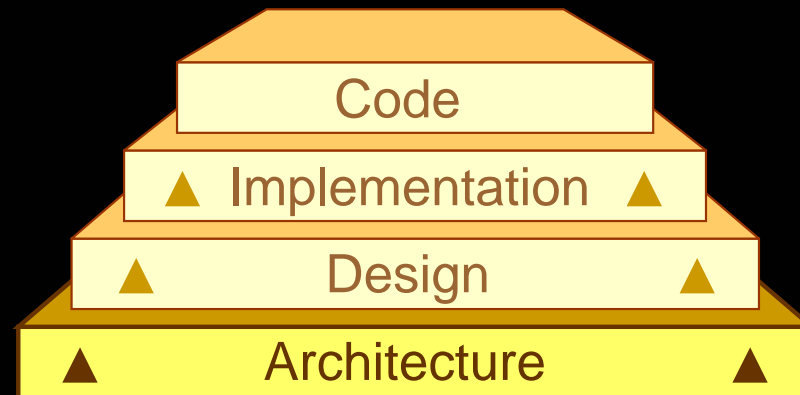
What Is Architecture?

- ◆ Software architecture encompasses a set of significant decisions about the organization of a software system.
 - Selection of the structural elements and their interfaces by which a system is composed
 - Behavior as specified in collaborations among those elements
 - Composition of these structural and behavioral elements into larger subsystems
 - Architectural style that guides this organization

*Grady Booch, Philippe Kruchten, Rich Reitman, Kurt Bittner; Rational
(derived from Mary Shaw)*

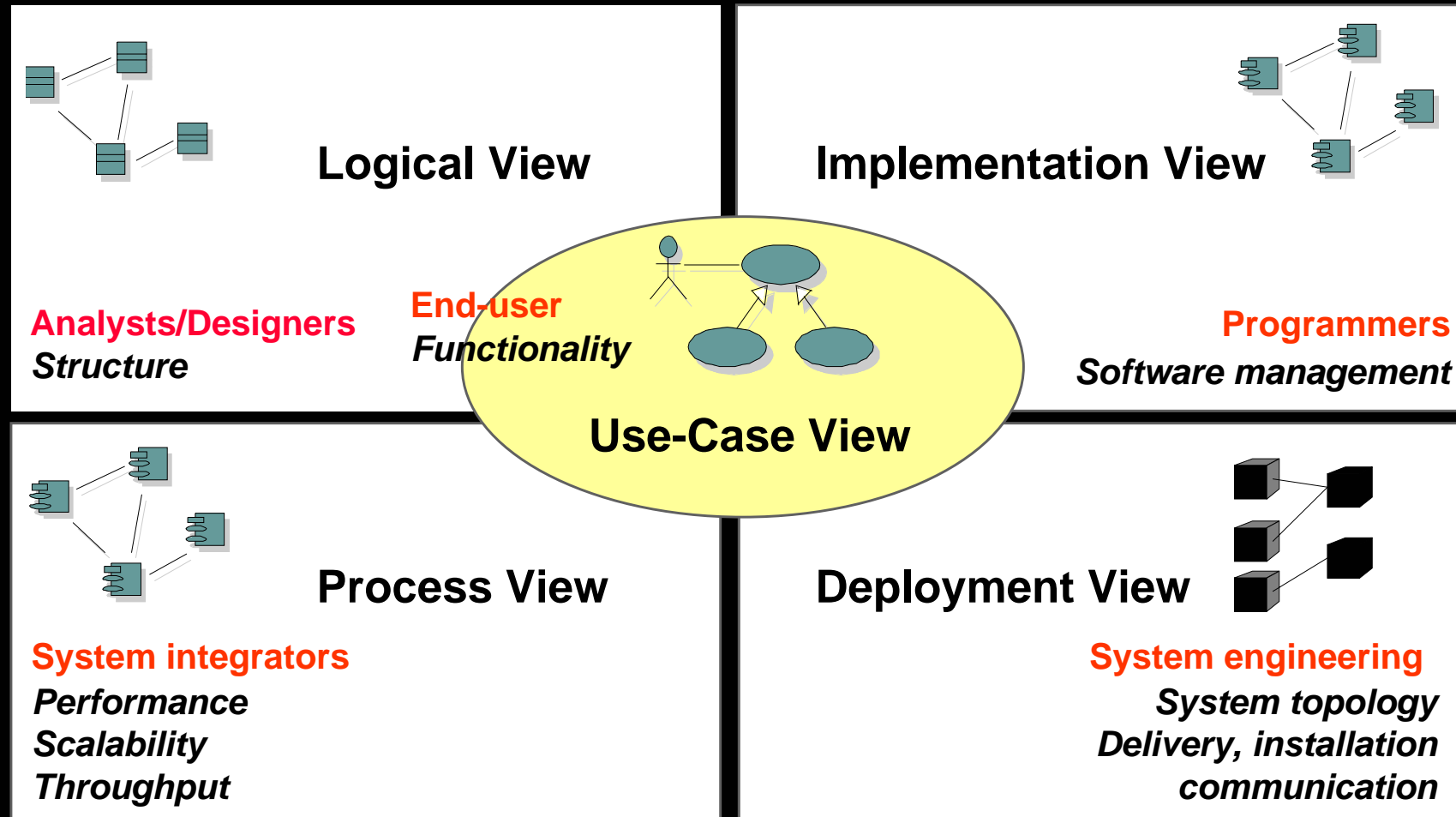
Architecture Constrains Design and Implementation

- ◆ Architecture involves a set of strategic design decisions, rules or patterns that constrain design and construction.



Architecture decisions are the most fundamental decisions, and changing them will have significant effects.

Software Architecture: The "4+1 View" Model



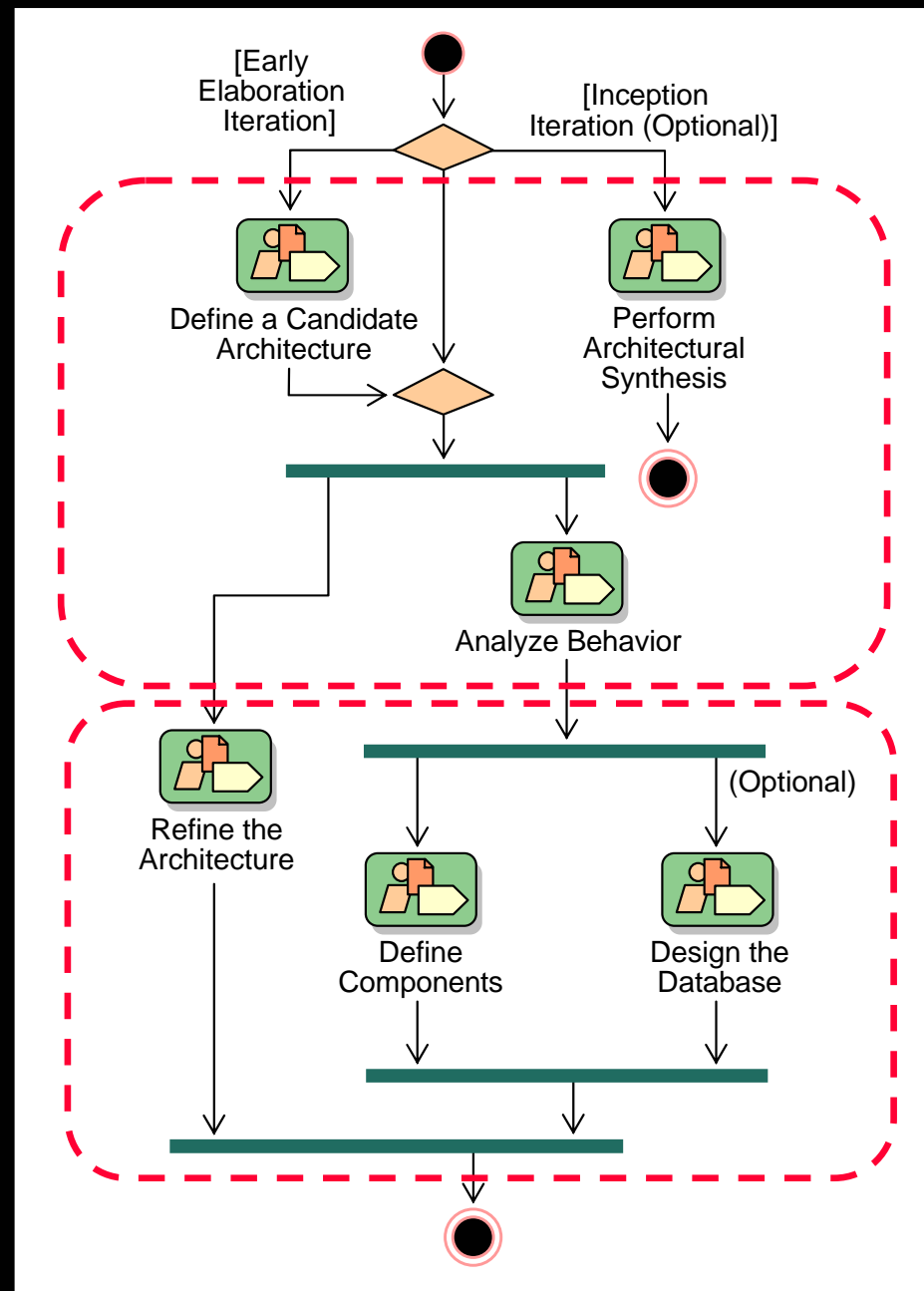
Analysis & Design Overview Topics

- ◆ Key Concepts
- ★ ◆ Analysis and Design Workflow

Analysis and Design Workflow

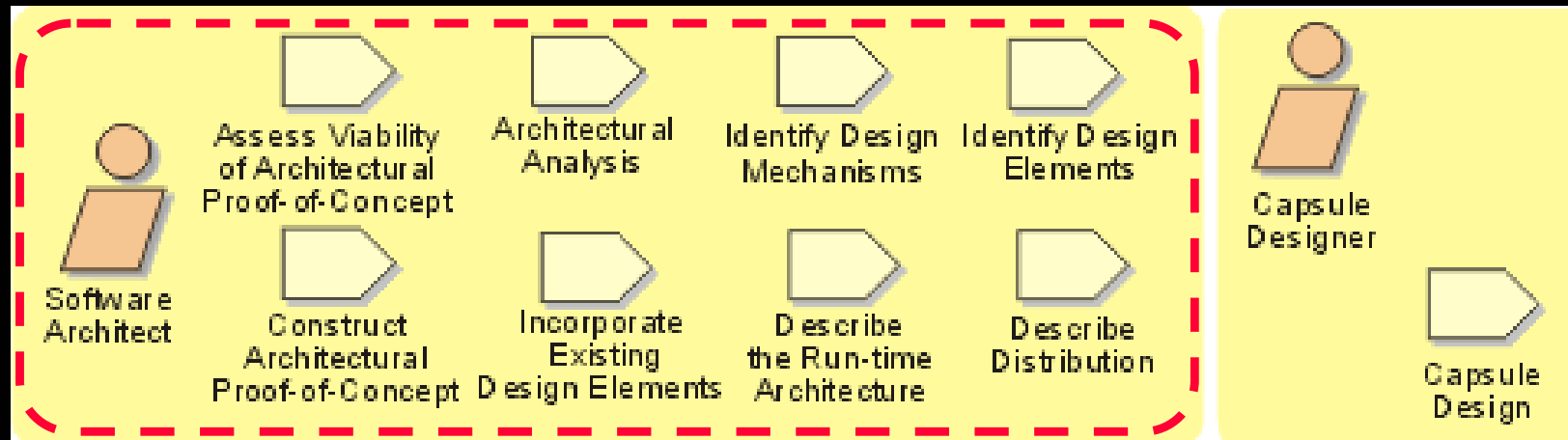
Analysis

Design

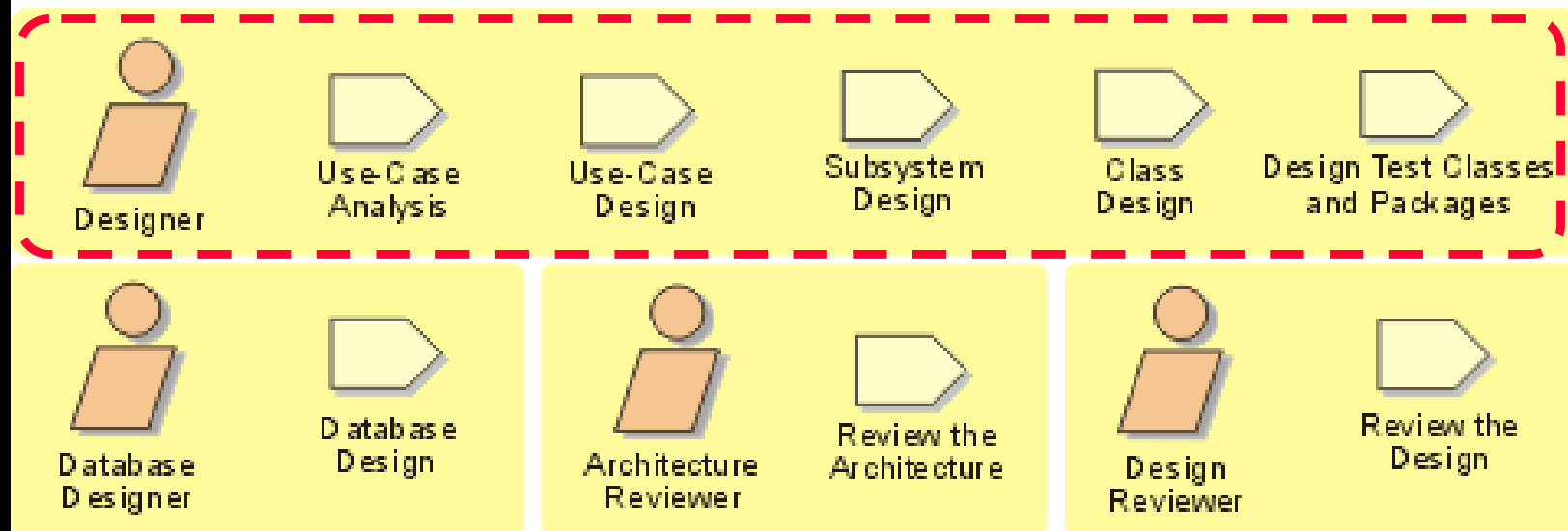


Analysis and Design Activity Overview

Architect

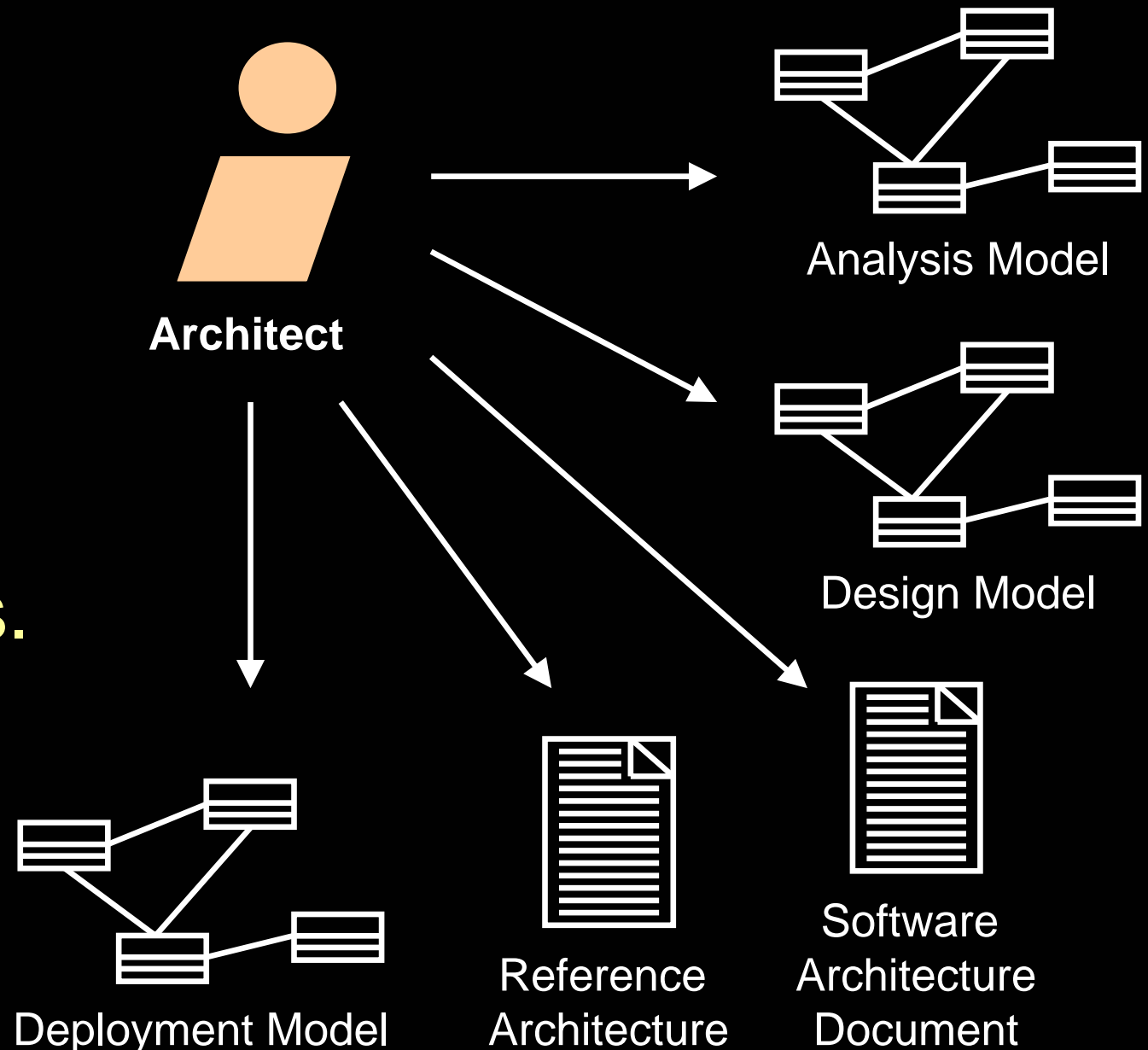


Designer



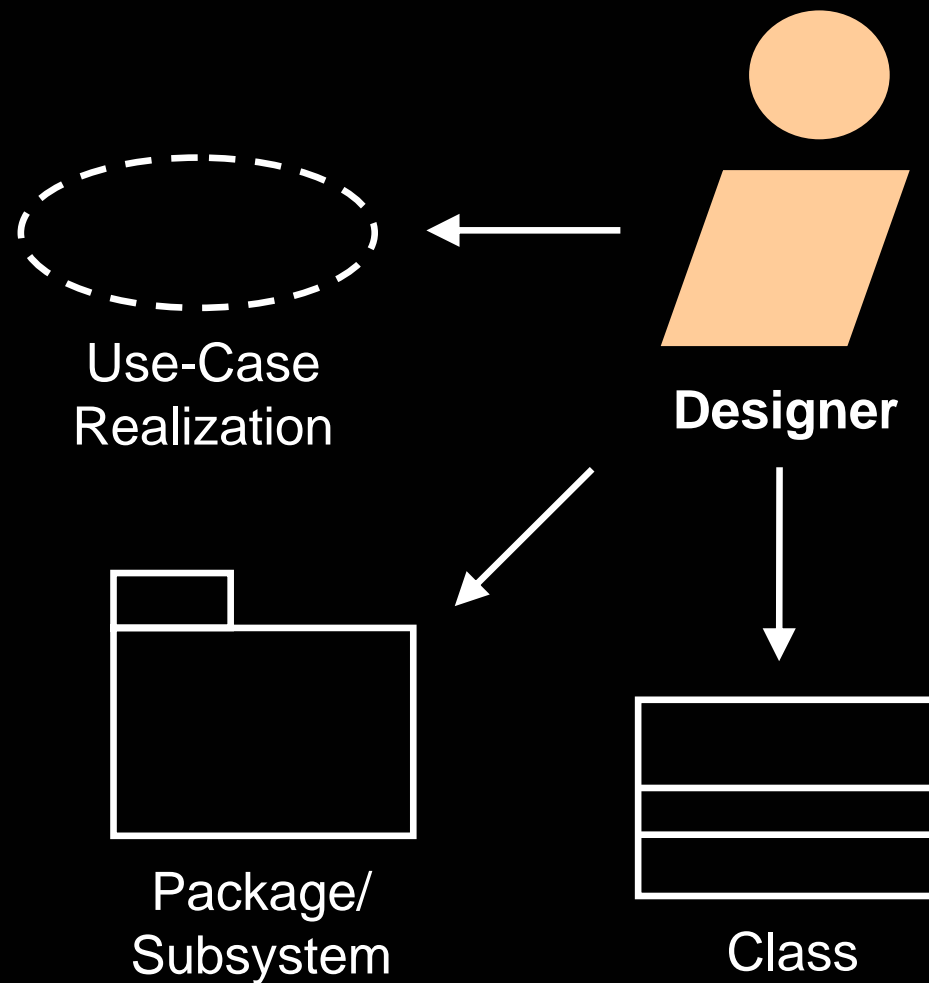
Software Architect's Responsibilities

- ◆ The Software Architect leads and coordinates technical activities and artifacts.



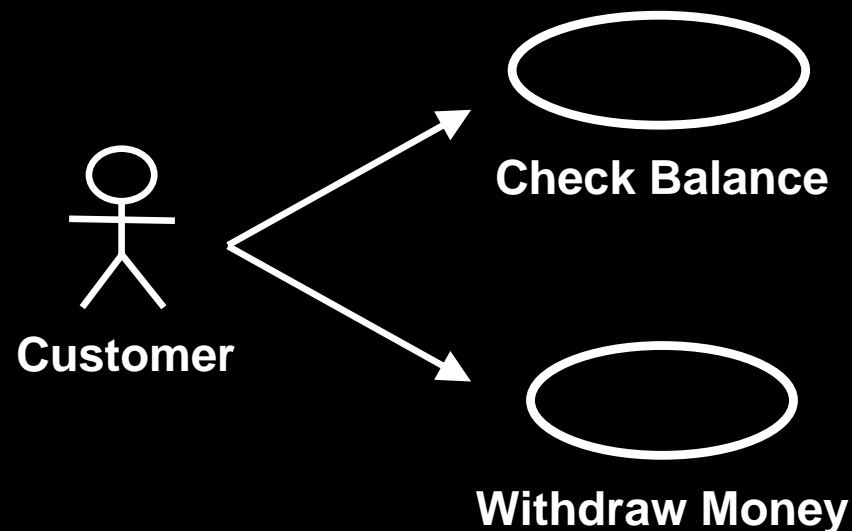
Designer's Responsibilities

- ◆ The designer must know use-case modeling techniques, system requirements, and software design techniques.



Review: Analysis and Design Is Use-Case Driven

- ◆ Use cases defined for a system are the basis for the entire development process.
- ◆ Benefits of use cases:
 - Concise, simple, and understandable by a wide range of stakeholders.
 - Help synchronize the content of different models.



What Is a Use-Case Realization?

Use-Case Model

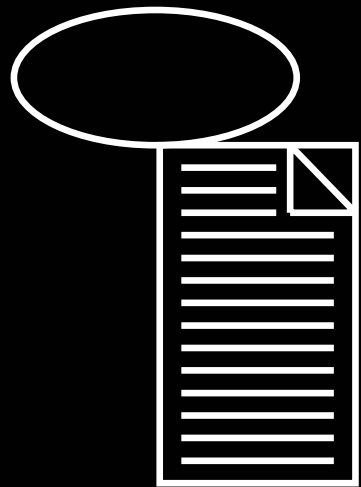


Use Case

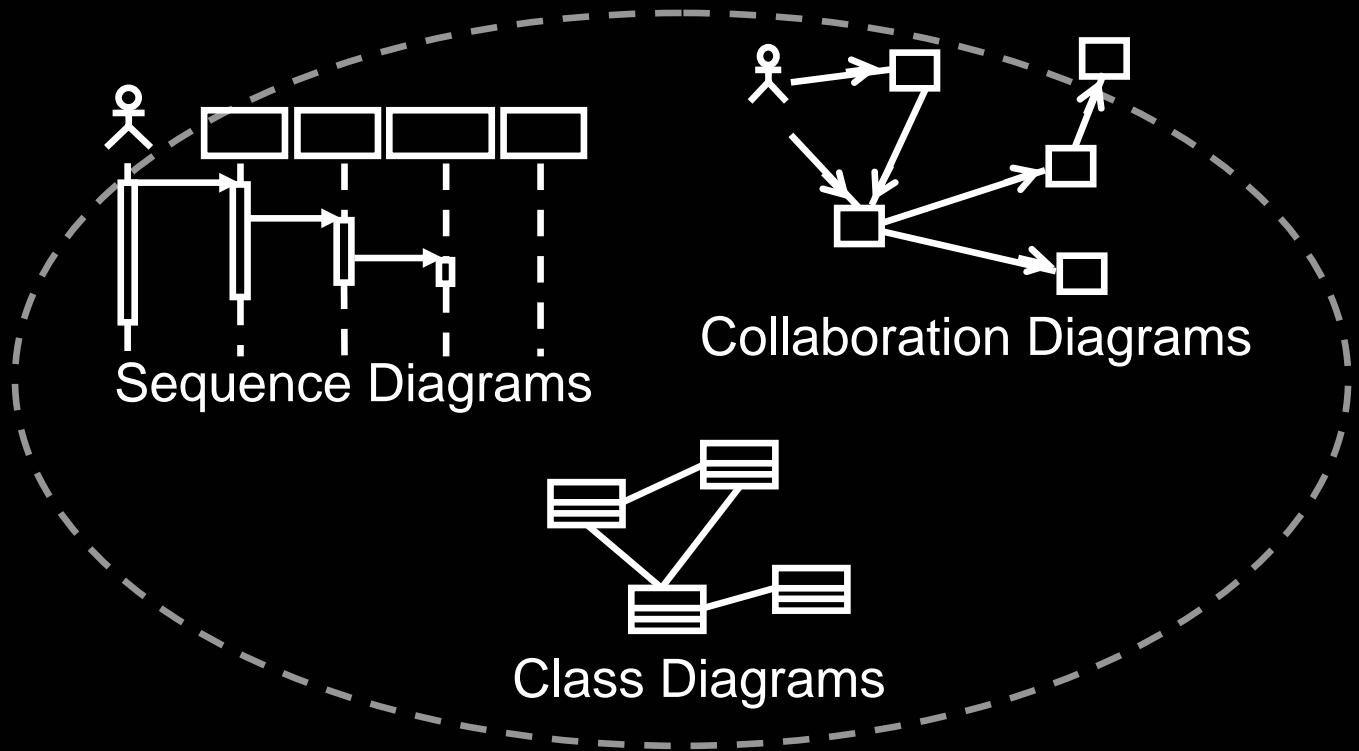
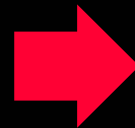
Design Model



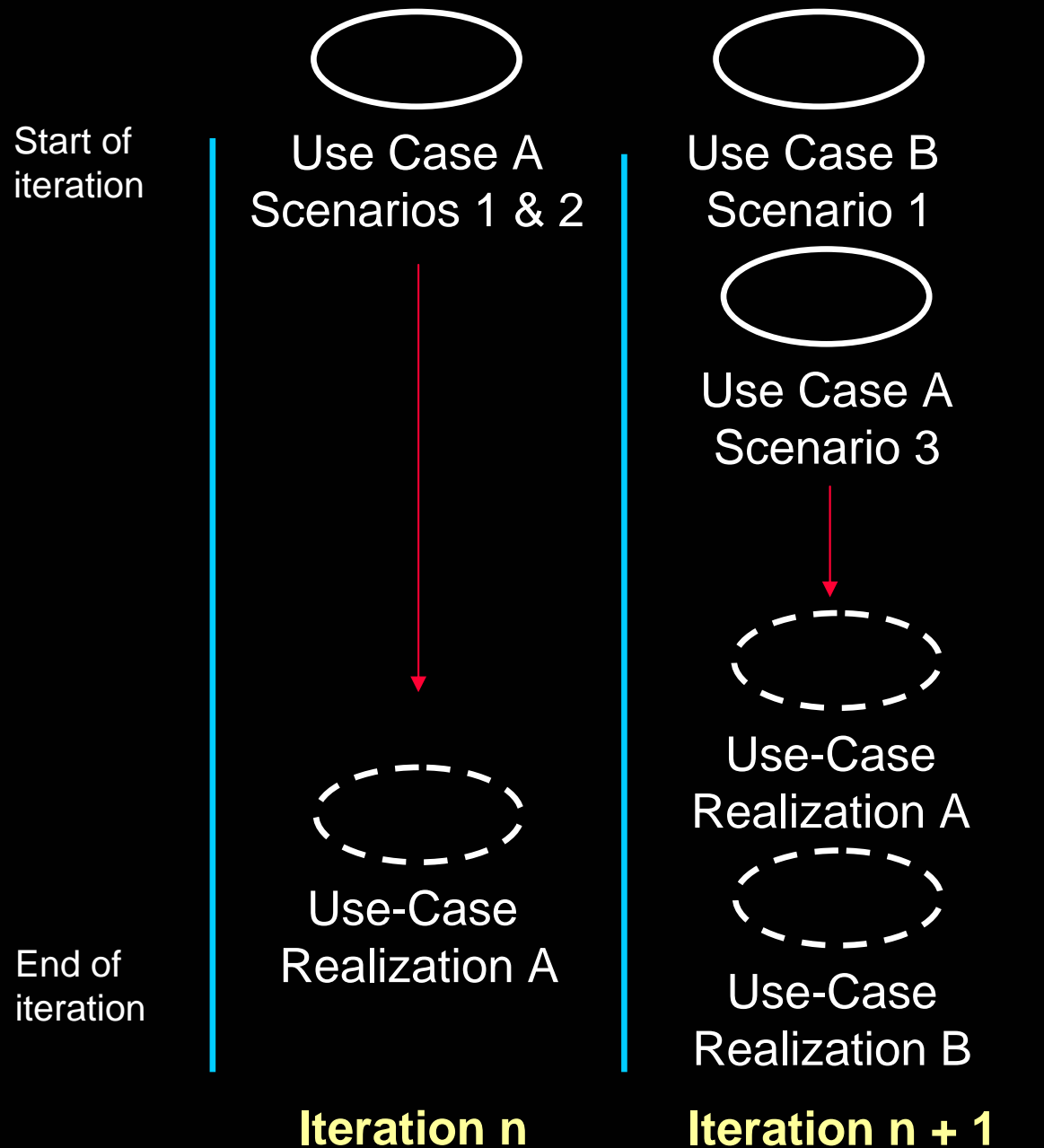
Use-Case Realization



Use Case



Analysis and Design in an Iterative Process



Review: Analysis and Design Overview

- ◆ What is the purpose of the Analysis and Design Discipline?
- ◆ What are the input and output artifacts?
- ◆ Name and briefly describe the 4+1 Views of Architecture.
- ◆ What is the difference between Analysis and Design?
- ◆ What is architecture?