Fall 2022 BSCSF21

# Object Oriented Programming Lab

Lab 02 Marks 10

#### **Instructions**

Work on this lab individually. You can use your books, notes, handouts etc. but you are not allowed to borrow anything from your peer student.

#### **Marking Criteria**

Show your work to the instructor before leaving the lab to get some or full credit.

#### What you must do

Program the following tasks in your C++ compiler and then compile and execute them.

## Task 1

Write a program that performs the following tasks.

- 1. Declare two integer pointers named ptrX and ptrY and initialize them with NULL.
- 2. Create two variables with values 2 and 8 on heap memory segment and assign their addresses to ptrX and ptrY respectively.

Now print the following information:

- 1. The address of ptrX, value of ptrX and the value of memory location where it points to.
- 2. The address of ptrY, value of ptrY and the value of memory location where it points to.

Free the resources allocated on heap memory segment.

## Task 2

Write a program that performs the following tasks.

- 1. Ask the user to enter size of a float array.
- 2. Allocate memory to an array based on the size provided by user.
- 3. Initialize the array content by reading them from user.
- 4. Calculate and display the average of array elements.
- **5.** Free any memory resources allocated by the program before exit.

## <u>Task 3</u>

Implement following function named getEvenNumbers

```
int* getEvenNumbers(const int ar[], const int size, int& evenArraySize);
```

The parameters *ar* and *size* holds an array and its *size* respectively.

The function should **return a pointer to newly created array** which contains **only even numbers** exist in array **ar** and store its **size** in parameter **evenArraySize**. It should store **0** (**zero**) in **evenArraySize** and return **NULL** if **ar** contains only **odd** numbers. The function should **not display** anything.

In main function declare an array of size 10. Fill the array with arbitrary values and then pass it to *getEvenNumbers* function along with its size and all the required parameters. Display contents of the array returned by function *getEvenNumbers* if any, otherwise display a message "No Negative Numbers Exist in the Array!". Don't forget to free the memory resource allocated by the program, if any.

## Task 4

Implement following function named *qetPosNeq* that accept an array *ar* along with its size *n* ar

```
void getPosNeg(const int ar[], const int n_ar, int* &pos, int& n_pos, int* &neg, int& n_neg);
```

The parameters **ar** and **n\_ar** holds **an array** and its **size** respectively.

The function gets all the **positive** and **negetive** numbers from the array **ar** and place them into a **newly created arrays** pointed by parameter **pos** and **neg** respectively. Store the sizes of **pos** and **neg** arrays into **n\_pos** and **n\_neg** respectively. It should store **0** (**zero**) and **NULL** in parameters **n\_pos/n\_neg** and **pos/neg** respectively, if **ar** has no **positive/negetive** numbers. The function should **not display** anything.

In main function declare an array of size 10. Fill the array with arbitrary values and then pass it to *getPosNeg* function along with its size and all the required parameters. After the execution of function display contents of the arrays pointed by *pos* and *neg*. Display appropriate message(s), if *pos* and/or *neg* arrays are empty. Don't forget to free the memory resource allocated by the program, if any.