83.2 外测度

Def. m*(E) = inf (12 | IA): E C 以 IA, IA是开区间了. 部为已 的外测度.

 $|\mathcal{A}| \mid m^*(|\mathcal{R}) = +\infty, \ m^*(\phi) = 0$

Prop. m*(E) E[o, two], YE

 $m^*(\bar{E}) = \alpha < t\infty \iff \forall I_A, \bar{E} \subseteq \bigcup_{A=1}^{t\infty} I_A, \alpha = m^*(\bar{E}) \leq \sum_{A=1}^{t\infty} |I_A|$ ⇒ ∀€>0,∃ [Zb] S.t. E ⊆ U] [b, 2] | Zb | < a+ €
</p>

例2 R'上单点集的分测度为0.

Pf. 设E={p1, peR, Y8>0, 记I8=(p-8, p+8) 2E 即 | Is | = 18, m*(E) = inf (型 | Ia): EC型 IA, IA是开区间 | ≤ |I8| = 28

会 8→0, m*(E) ≤0, 又有 m*(E) ≥0, m*(E) =0.

Cor. 12"中也成立, 5、需令 Is= 点(Pi-8, Pi+8)

Pzop. (計測度的单单调性)。若ECF,则m*(E) ≤m*(F).

Pf.设ESF,对(IN)满足下SPILIA有ESPIL 于是m*(E) ≤ inf (In): F⊆ UIA = m*(F).

個13 (1) m*((a,b))=b-a

(2) m*([a,b]) = b-a (48有 (ats, b-s) s [a,b] s (a-s, b+s))

(3) $m^*(\frac{1}{h-1}(a_h,b_h)) = \frac{1}{h-1}(b_h - a_h)$

Rem.这里对形如(a, b), [a, b)的区间也有分侧度为b-a.

Prop. (外测度的次可加性, 分离可加性)

至约可到介马不交集后的并例分测度11于等于每个集合的外测度的和.

至约可到了相互间距离大于0的并的分测度等于每个集合的外测度的和.

Pf. 设ELSIR", k=1,2, ... 且ELANE,= \$, YA+1

对于 $P(E_k,E_f)>0$ 的情形:总可以析成若干小区间 $S.t.(\stackrel{to}{\downarrow}_{j=1}^{k})\cap(\stackrel{to}{\downarrow}_{j=1}^{k})=\emptyset.$

Prop. (平移不改性)

设ECR", 为TE= foty € | yEE |, 则 m*(E)=m*(5+E)

Pf. 考虑构造为+ $I_{k} = (5i+a_{k}^{(k)}, 5i+b_{k}^{(k)}) \times \cdots \times (5n+a_{n}^{(k)}, 5n+b_{n}^{(k)})$ 于是 $||I_{k}|| = \frac{1}{12}[(3i+b_{k}^{(k)})-(5i+a_{k}^{(k)})] = \frac{1}{12}[(b_{k}^{(k)}-a_{k}^{(k)})=|I_{k}|$ 记 $J_{k} = 5+I_{k}$,则 I_{k} 与 J_{k} 一对应,于是

 $m^{*}(atE) = \inf \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} J_{k} - \gamma_{k} \right\} = \inf \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} J_{k} \right\} = \inf \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} J_{k} \right\} = m^{*}(E).$

Rem. 計測度不滿足可到可如性

例:取品=[b]=(3=(0,1):3-为∈Q) 每个尺的中取唯一一个为得到分,考虑(0,1)⊆買家⊆(-1)之 记m*(sh)=m*(sh)=a,则与m*(以后)=完加*(Eh)净值. (否则器a介于1种3之间).