

DATA.ML.100 Introduction to Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning  
TAU Computing Sciences  
Exercise - Week 1 *Setting up Python*

This exercise you need to be able to do without any help. This is a test to make sure that your programming skills are sufficient for this course.

1. **Python environment setup** (10 points)

- (a) Install Python to your computer.

You may install it the way you prefer. One of the most popular practice among ML practitioners is to install Python using the tool called *Anaconda*. Anaconda allows you to have multiple versions of the same libraries so that they don't mess up your system. With Anaconda you can define own environments for different projects and each environment can be nearly freely defined.

Go to <https://www.anaconda.com> and look for the correct Anaconda installer for your OS (Linux, Windows, iOS). If you're a IT/CS/EE student we recommend you to learn Linux and thus the following instructions are for Linux users. For other OSs you need to google how things work in your system.

By default Anaconda is started automatically in login, but I want to switch that off by the following spell in terminal:

```
$ conda config --set auto_activate_base false
```

For my DATA.ML.100 course projects I make own Anaconda environment:

```
$ conda create --name dataml100
```

```
$ conda activate dataml100
```

Now inside the course Anaconda environment I install the main Python packages and libraries

```
(dataml100)$ conda install python # Install Python
```

- (b) Install *integrated development environment* (IDE)

You write and run your programs using IDE. There are multiple choices available and the following are the most popular within our students: 1) PyCharm, 2) VSCode, 3) Spyder. Install your favourite IDE and use it to write programs.

- (c) Write sorting algorithm

Download *mysort\_skeleton.py* code from the course page and write your sorting algorithm.

```
import sys

# Read command line arguments and convert to a list of integers
arr = sys.argv[1].split(',')
my_numbers = [None]*len(arr)
for idx, arr_val in enumerate(arr):
    my_numbers[idx] = int(arr_val)

# Print
print(f'Before_sorting_{my_numbers}')

# My sorting (e.g. bubble sort)
# ADD HERE YOUR CODE

# Print
print(f'After_sorting_{my_numbers}')
```

The output should be (code run on terminal):

```
(dataml100) $ python mysort.py 5,5,2,10,11,0,-4
Before sorting [5, 5, 2, 10, 11, 0, -4]
After sorting [-4, 0, 2, 5, 5, 10, 11]
```