```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
```

#define MAX_SIZE 1000 // Define a maximum size for the hash table

```
// Structure for the hash table
typedef struct {
  int key;
  int value;
} HashEntry;
```

typedef struct {
 HashEntry entries[MAX_SIZE];

```
int size;
} HashTable;
// Function to create a hash table
HashTable* createHashTable() {
  HashTable* ht =
(HashTable*)malloc(sizeof(HashTa
ble));
  ht->size = 0;
  return ht;
// Hash function
int hash(int key) {
```

```
return abs(key) % MAX_SIZE;
// Function to insert into the hash
table
void insert(HashTable* ht, int key,
int value) {
  int index = hash(key);
  while (ht->entries[index].key !=
0){
    index = (index + 1) %
MAX_SIZE; // Linear probing
  }
  ht->entries[index].key = key;
```

```
ht->entries[index].value = value;
  ht->size++;
// Function to search in the hash
table
int search(HashTable* ht, int key) {
  int index = hash(key);
  while (ht->entries[index].key !=
0){
    if (ht->entries[index].key ==
key) {
      return ht-
>entries[index].value;
```

```
index = (index + 1) %
MAX_SIZE; // Linear probing
  }
  return -1; // Not found
// Function to find two indices that
sum to target
void twoSum(int* nums, int
numsSize, int target) {
  HashTable* ht =
createHashTable();
  for (int i = 0; i < numsSize; i++) {
```

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int complement = target -
nums[i];
    int foundIndex = search(ht,
complement);
    if (foundIndex != -1) {
      printf("[%d, %d]\n",
foundIndex, i);
      free(ht); // Free the hash
table
      return;
    }
    insert(ht, nums[i], i);
  }
  free(ht); // Free the hash table if
no solution is found
```

```
int main() {
  int nums[] = {2, 7, 11, 15};
  int target = 9;
  int numsSize = sizeof(nums) /
sizeof(nums[0]);
  printf("Input: nums = [2, 7, 11,
15], target = 9\n");
  printf("Output: ");
  twoSum(nums, numsSize,
target);
```

```
return 0;
```