

Activity No. 2.2

Hands-on Activity 2.2: Control Structures

Course Code: CPE 007

Program: Computer Engineering

Course Title: Programming Logic and Design

Date Performed: 9/08/2025

Section: CPE11S1

Date Submitted: 11/08/2025

Name: Canoy Hail B.

Instructor: Jimlord M. Quejado

6. Output

Programiz C++ Online Compiler

main.cpp

```
1 #include<iostream>
2
3 using namespace std;
4
5 int main()
6
7 {
8
9     int grade;
10
11     cout<<"Enter grade:\n";
12
13     cin>>grade;
14
15     if(grade >= 90)
16
17         cout<<"A\n";
18
19     else if (grade >= 80)
20
21         cout<<"B\n";
22
23     else if (grade >= 70)
24
25         cout<<"C\n";
26
```

Output

```
Enter grade:
90
A
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

Programiz C++ Online Compiler

main.cpp

```
1 #include<iostream>
2
3 using namespace std;
4
5 int main(void)
6
7 {
8
9     int product = 2;
10
11     while (product <= 1000)
12
13         product = 2 * product;
14
15     cout<<product;
16
17 }
```

Output

```
1024
=== Code Execution Successful ===
```

Programiz
C++ Online Compiler

Programiz PRO >

main.cpp

1 #include <iostream>

2 using namespace std;

3

4 int main(void) {

5 int product = 2;

6

7 while (product <= 1000) {

8 product = 2 * product;

9 cout << product << endl;

10 }

11

12 return 0;

13 }

14

Run

Share

Clear

Output

4

8

16

32

64

128

256

512

1024

=== Code Execution Successful ===

7. Supplementary Activity

Exercise 1: Counter- Controlled Repetition. A class of ten students took a quiz. The grades (integers in the range of 0 to 100) for this quiz are available to you. Determine the class average on the quiz. Put your answer in the output section of the activity template. Ensure that the screen shot of the code and the output are readable.

Using the following pseudocode the program can be as follows:

Set total to zero

Set grade counter to one

While grade counter is less than or equal to ten

Input the next grade

Add the grade into the total

Add one to the grade counter

Set the class average to the total divided by ten

Print the class average

```

main.cpp
1 #include <iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3
4 int main() {
5     int total = 0;
6     int grade;
7     int gradeCounter = 1;
8
9     while (gradeCounter <= 10) {
10        cout << "Enter grade " << gradeCounter << ": ";
11        cin >> grade;
12        total += grade;
13        gradeCounter++;
14    }
15
16    double average = static_cast<double>(total) / 10;
17
18    cout << "Class average is: " << average << endl;
19
20    return 0;
21 }
22
Output
Enter grade 1: 77
Enter grade 2: 78
Enter grade 3: 79
Enter grade 4: 80
Enter grade 5: 78
Enter grade 6: 89
Enter grade 7: 80
Enter grade 8: 90
Enter grade 9: 89
Enter grade 10: 78
Class average is: 81.8

=== Code Execution Successful ===

```

1. Using conditional statements (if-else statements), write a program that asks a user for a number and prints out if it is an even or an odd number.

```

main.cpp
1 #include <iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3
4 int main() {
5     int number;
6
7     cout << "Enter a number: ";
8     cin >> number;
9
10    if (number % 2 == 0) {
11        cout << "The number " << number << " is even." << endl;
12    } else {
13        cout << "The number " << number << " is odd." << endl;
14    }
15
16    return 0;
17 }
18
Output
Enter a number: 6
The number 6 is even.

=== Code Execution Successful ===

```

2. Using conditional statements, write a program that computes for 10 percent fare discount of a senior citizen and 8 percent fare discount of a student. There will be no discount if not a senior citizen and not a student. The user will be asked to enter age. The minimum fare is 9 pesos.

```

main.cpp
1 #include <iostream>
2 using namespace std;
3
4 int main() {
5     int age;
6     double fare = 10.0; // Base fare
7
8     cout << "Enter your age: ";
9     cin >> age;
10
11     if (age >= 60) {
12         fare -= fare * 0.10;
13     } else if (age >= 0 && age <= 21) {
14         fare -= fare * 0.08;
15     }
16
17     if (fare < 9.0) {
18         fare = 9.0;
19     }
20
21     cout << "Your fare is: " << fare << " pesos." << endl;
22
23     return 0;
24 }
25
Output
Enter your age: 60
Your fare is: 9 pesos.

=== Code Execution Successful ===

```

3. **Case Study: Sentinel Controlled Repetition.** Given the following pseudocode, create a program that will implement a sentinel controlled repetition. For example, you can use (-1) as the sentinel value. You can use Problem 1 as your reference.

Pseudocode:

Initialize total to zero

Initialize counter to zero

Input the first grade

While the user has not as yet entered the sentinel

Add this grade into the running total

Add one to the grade counter

Input the next grade (possibly the sentinel)

If the counter is not equal to zero

Set the average to the total divided by the counter

Print the average

else

Print "No grades were entered"

/*Class average program with counter-controlled repetition */

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
    int counter, grade, total, average;
    /* initialization phase */
    total = 0;
    counter = 1;

    /* processing phase */
    while (counter <=10){
        cout<<"Enter the grade: ";
        cin>>grade;
        total = total + grade;
        counter = counter + 1;
    }
    /* termination phase */
    average = total / 10;
    cout<<"Class average is" <<average;

    return 0; /* program ends */
}
```

