A Supplementary Material

A.1 Technical Matter

We use the following inequality, defined for $x \in [0, 1]$.

$$\sqrt{1-x} + \sqrt{1+x} \le 2. \tag{12}$$

From concavity of $\sqrt{1+z}$ if follows $\sqrt{1+z} \le 1+\frac{1}{2}z$ and thus we have, $\sqrt{1-x}+\sqrt{1+x} \le 1-\frac{1}{2}x+1+\frac{1}{2}x=2$.

A.2 Proof of Thm. 1

Proof: Define

$$\Psi_i(\mathbf{v}) = \frac{1}{2} \|\mathbf{v}\|^2 + \sum_{j=1}^i \frac{Z_j Q_j}{2} \left(y_j - \mathbf{v}^\top \mathbf{x}_j \right)^2 ,$$

Thm .3 of Cesa-Bianchi et al [11] states,

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{2}Z_{i}Q_{i}\left(y_{i}-\hat{p}_{i}\right)^{2} \\ &=\inf_{\mathbf{v}}\Psi_{i+1}(\mathbf{v})-\inf_{\mathbf{v}}\Psi_{i}(\mathbf{v}) \\ &+\frac{Z_{i}Q_{i}}{2}\mathbf{x}_{i}^{\top}A_{i}^{-1}\mathbf{x}_{i}-\frac{Z_{i}Q_{i}}{2}\left(\mathbf{x}_{i}^{\top}A_{i-1}^{-1}\mathbf{x}_{i}\right)\hat{p}_{i}^{2} \\ &=\inf_{\mathbf{v}}\Psi_{i+1}(\mathbf{v})-\inf_{\mathbf{v}}\Psi_{i}(\mathbf{v})+\frac{Z_{i}Q_{i}}{2}\frac{r_{i}}{1+r_{i}}-\frac{Z_{i}Q_{i}}{2}r_{i}\hat{p}_{i}^{2} \;. \end{split}$$

Summing over i,

$$\begin{split} &\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i} Z_{i} Q_{i} \left(y_{i} - \hat{p}_{i} \right)^{2} \\ \leq &\inf_{\mathbf{v}} \Psi_{m+1}(\mathbf{v}) + \sum_{i} \frac{Z_{i} Q_{i}}{2} \frac{r_{i}}{1 + r_{i}} - \sum_{i} \frac{Z_{i} Q_{i}}{2} r_{i} \hat{p}_{i}^{2} \\ \leq &\frac{1}{2} \left\| \mathbf{v} \right\|^{2} + \sum_{i=1}^{m} \frac{Z_{i} Q_{i}}{2} \left(y_{i} - \mathbf{v}^{\top} \mathbf{x}_{i} \right)^{2} \\ &+ \sum_{i} \frac{Z_{i} Q_{i}}{2} \frac{r_{i}}{1 + r_{i}} - \sum_{i} \frac{Z_{i} Q_{i}}{2} r_{i} \hat{p}_{i}^{2} \,. \end{split}$$

Expanding the two square terms, and rearranging we get,

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i} Z_{i} Q_{i} \left(\hat{p}_{i}^{2} - 2y_{i} \hat{p}_{i} - \frac{r_{i}}{1 + r_{i}} + r_{i} \hat{p}_{i}^{2} \right)
\leq \frac{1}{2} \|\mathbf{v}\|^{2} + \sum_{i=1}^{m} \frac{Z_{i} Q_{i}}{2} \mathbf{v}^{\top} \mathbf{x}_{i} \mathbf{x}_{i}^{\top} \mathbf{v} - \sum_{i=1}^{m} Z_{i} Q_{i} y_{i} \mathbf{v}^{\top} \mathbf{x}_{i}
= \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{v}^{\top} \left(\mathbf{I} + \sum_{i=1}^{m} Z_{i} Q_{i} \mathbf{x}_{i} \mathbf{x}_{i}^{\top} \right) \mathbf{v} - \sum_{i=1}^{m} Z_{i} Q_{i} y_{i} \mathbf{v}^{\top} \mathbf{x}_{i}
= \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{v}^{\top} A_{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{v} - \sum_{i=1}^{m} Z_{i} Q_{i} y_{i} \mathbf{v}^{\top} \mathbf{x}_{i} ,$$
(13)

where we used (9) for the last step.

Since v is arbitrary we can replace it with a scaled version cv. Using a trivial relation $1 - x \le \max\{1 - x, 0\}$ yields,

$$-Z_i Q_i c y_i \mathbf{v}^\top \mathbf{x}_i \le -c Z_i Q_i + c Z_i Q_i \ell \left(y_i \mathbf{v}^\top \mathbf{x}_i \right) . \tag{14}$$

Re-arraigning, and substituting (14) in (13),

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i} Z_{i} Q_{i} \left(\hat{p}_{i}^{2} - 2y_{i} \hat{p}_{i} - \frac{r_{i}}{1 + r_{i}} + r_{i} \hat{p}_{i}^{2} + 2c \right)
\leq \frac{1}{2} c^{2} \mathbf{v}^{\top} A_{\mathbf{v}} \mathbf{v} + c \sum_{i} Z_{i} Q_{i} \ell \left(y_{i} \mathbf{v}^{\top} \mathbf{x}_{i} \right) .$$
(15)

We now split the first sum into two alternatives, depending whether an update error was performed $i \in \mathcal{M}$ or an update which is not an error $i \in \mathcal{U}$. We start with the first case of an error $i \in \mathcal{M}$, in which we have, $-y_i\hat{p}_i = |\hat{p}_i|$, and consider two subcases, depending whether the function $\Theta(|\hat{p}_i|, r_i)$ is positive $(i \in \mathcal{S} \cap \mathcal{M})$ or negative $(i \in \mathcal{A} \cap \mathcal{M})$. In the former subcase Q_i is random variable with expectation $\mathbb{E}\left[Q_i\right] = \frac{2c}{2c + \Theta(|\hat{p}_i|, r_i)}$ and thus

$$\mathbb{E}\left[Z_iQ_i\left(\hat{p}_i^2 - 2y_i\hat{p}_i - \frac{r_i}{1+r_i} + r_i\hat{p}_i^2 + 2c\right)\right] = 2c\mathbb{E}\left[Z_i\right].$$

In the later subcase, $Q_i = 1$ (be definition), and we bound,

$$\begin{split} \mathbb{E}\left[Z_iQ_i\bigg(\hat{p}_i^2-2y_i\hat{p}_i-\frac{r_i}{1+r_i}+r_i\hat{p}_i^2+2c\bigg)\right] \\ & \geq 2c\mathbb{E}\left[Z_i\right]-\frac{r_i}{1+r_i}\;. \end{split}$$

Now we consider examples for which an update (that is not a mistake) was performed, that is $0 \leq y_i \hat{p}_i$, and by definition $i \in \mathcal{U}$. Such cases occur only when $i \in \mathcal{A}$, that is $i \in \mathcal{U} \cap \mathcal{A}$. Updates in this case are performed when the margin is negative or causing an aggressive update (see Fig. 1), thus

$$0 \le y_i \hat{p}_i \le \theta(r_i) \le \frac{1 - \sqrt{1 - r_i}}{1 + r_i}$$

where the last inequality follows (12). We thus bound,

$$\hat{p}_i^2 - 2y_i\hat{p}_i - \frac{r_i}{1+r_i} + r_i\hat{p}_i^2 + 2c$$

$$= (1+r_i)\hat{p}_i^2 - 2y_i\hat{p}_i + \frac{r_i}{1+r_i} - 2\frac{r_i}{1+r_i} + 2c$$

$$= f(y_i\hat{p}_i) - 2\frac{r_i}{1+r_i} + 2c$$

where $f(y_i\hat{p}_i)=(1+r_i)\hat{p}_i^2-2y_i\hat{p}_i+\frac{r_i}{1+r_i}$ is a quadratic equation with two non-negative roots and a minima, $\frac{1\pm\sqrt{1-r_i}}{1+r_i}$. Thus, if $y_i\hat{p}_i$ is lower than the smaller root, $y_i\hat{p}_i\leq \frac{1-\sqrt{1-r_i}}{1+r_i}$ then $f(y_i\hat{p}_i)\geq 0$, and we bound,

$$\begin{split} \mathbb{E}\left[Z_iQ_i\bigg(\hat{p}_i^2-2y_i\hat{p}_i-\frac{r_i}{1+r_i}+r_i\hat{p}_i^2+2c\bigg)\right] \\ &\geq 2c\mathbb{E}\left[Z_i\right]-\frac{2r_i}{1+r_i}\;. \end{split}$$

To summarize.

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i} \mathbb{E} \left[Z_{i} Q_{i} \left(\hat{p}_{i}^{2} + 2|\hat{p}_{i}| - \frac{r_{i}}{1 + r_{i}} + r_{i} \hat{p}_{i}^{2} + 2c \right) \right]$$

$$\geq c \sum_{i \in \mathcal{M}} \mathbb{E} \left[Z_{i} \right] + c \sum_{i \in \mathcal{U}} \mathbb{E} \left[Z_{i} \right]$$

$$- \frac{1}{2} \mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{i \in \mathcal{A} \cap \mathcal{M}} \frac{r_{i}}{1 + r_{i}} \right] - \mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{i \in \mathcal{A} \cap \mathcal{U}} \frac{r_{i}}{1 + r_{i}} \right] . \quad (16)$$

Taking the expectation of (15), using (16) to lower bound the left-hand-side concludes the proof, and the definitions, $M = \sum_{i \in \mathcal{M}} Z_i$ and $U = \sum_{i \in \mathcal{U}} Z_i$ we get,

$$\mathbb{E}[M] \leq \frac{1}{2} c \mathbf{v}^{\top} \mathbb{E}[A_{\mathbf{v}}] \mathbf{v} + \mathbb{E}\left[\sum_{i} Z_{i} Q_{i} \ell\left(y_{i} \mathbf{v}^{\top} \mathbf{x}_{i}\right)\right]$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2c} \mathbb{E}\left[\sum_{i \in \mathcal{A} \cap \mathcal{M}} \frac{r_{i}}{1 + r_{i}}\right]$$

$$+ \frac{1}{c} \mathbb{E}\left[\sum_{i \in \mathcal{A} \cap \mathcal{U}} \frac{r_{i}}{1 + r_{i}}\right] - \mathbb{E}[U]$$

$$\leq \frac{1}{2} c \mathbf{v}^{\top} \mathbb{E}[A_{\mathbf{v}}] \mathbf{v} + \mathbb{E}\left[\sum_{i} Z_{i} Q_{i} \ell\left(y_{i} \mathbf{v}^{\top} \mathbf{x}_{i}\right)\right]$$

$$+ \frac{1}{c} \mathbb{E}\left[\sum_{i \in \mathcal{A}} \frac{r_{i}}{1 + r_{i}}\right] - \mathbb{E}[U].$$

A.3 Proof of Thm. 2

Proof: Similar the argument in beginning of Thm. 1, [22, Theorem 1] stated,

$$\sum_{i} Z_{i}Q_{i} (y_{i} - \hat{p}_{i})^{2}$$

$$= \min_{\mathbf{v}} \left(b \|\mathbf{v}\|^{2} + \sum_{i} Z_{i}Q_{i}a_{i} (y_{i} - \mathbf{v}^{\top}\mathbf{x}_{i})^{2} \right)$$

$$\leq b \|\mathbf{v}\|^{2} + \sum_{i} Z_{i}Q_{i}a_{i} (y_{i} - \mathbf{v}^{\top}\mathbf{x}_{i})^{2}$$

Expanding the two square terms,

$$\sum_{i} Z_{i} Q_{i} \left(y_{i}^{2} - 2y_{i} \hat{p}_{i} + \hat{p}_{i}^{2} \right)$$

$$\leq b \|\mathbf{v}\|^{2} + \sum_{i} Z_{i} Q_{i} a_{i} \left(y_{i}^{2} - 2y_{i} \mathbf{v}^{\top} \mathbf{x}_{i} + \mathbf{v}^{\top} \mathbf{x}_{i} \mathbf{x}_{i}^{\top} \mathbf{v} \right) .$$

$$(17)$$

Rearranging (17) and using both $y_i^2 = 1$ and (11),

$$\sum_{i} Z_{i}Q_{i} \left(1 - a_{i} - 2y_{i}\hat{p}_{i} + \hat{p}_{i}^{2}\right)$$

$$\leq b \|\mathbf{v}\|^{2} + \sum_{i} Z_{i}Q_{i}a_{i}\mathbf{v}^{\top}\mathbf{x}_{i}\mathbf{x}_{i}^{\top}\mathbf{v} - 2\sum_{i} Z_{i}Q_{i}a_{i}y_{i}\mathbf{v}^{\top}\mathbf{x}_{i}$$

$$= \mathbf{v}^{\top}A_{\mathbf{v}}^{a}\mathbf{v} - 2\sum_{i} Z_{i}Q_{i}a_{i}y_{i}\mathbf{v}^{\top}\mathbf{x}_{i}.$$
(18)

We use again the relation (14). Substituting in (18) together with the bound [22, Eq. 30],

$$1 \le a_i \le \frac{b}{b-1}, \ a_i - 1 \le \left(\frac{b}{b-1}\right)^2 \frac{r_i}{1+r_i}$$

we obtain,

$$\sum_{i} Z_{i}Q_{i} \left(-\frac{r_{i}}{1+r_{i}} - 2y_{i}\hat{p}_{i} + \hat{p}_{i}^{2} + 2ca_{i} \right)$$

$$\leq c^{2}\mathbf{v}^{\top}A_{\mathbf{v}}^{a}\mathbf{v} + 2\sum_{i} Z_{i}Q_{i}\frac{bc}{b-1}\ell\left(y_{i}\mathbf{x}_{i}^{\top}\mathbf{v}\right)$$

$$+\left(\left(\frac{b}{b-1}\right)^{2} - 1\right)\sum_{i} Z_{i}Q_{i}\frac{r_{i}}{1+r_{i}}.$$
(19)

As before, split the first sum into two alternatives, depending whether an update error was performed $i \in \mathcal{M}$ or an update which is not an error $i \in \mathcal{U}$. We start with the first case of an error $i \in \mathcal{M}$, in which we have, $-y_i\hat{p}_i = |\hat{p}_i|$, and consider two subcases, depending whether the function $\Gamma(|\hat{p}_i|, r_i)$ is positive $(i \in \mathcal{S} \cap \mathcal{M})$ or negative $(i \in \mathcal{A} \cap \mathcal{M})$. In the former subcase Q_i is random variable with expectation $\mathbb{E}\left[Q_i\right] = \frac{2ca_i}{2ca_i + \Gamma(|\hat{p}_i|, r_i)}$ and thus,

$$\mathbb{E}\left[Z_iQ_i\left(\hat{p}_i^2 - 2y_i\hat{p}_i - \frac{r_i}{1+r_i} + 2ca_i\right)\right] = 2c\mathbb{E}\left[Z_ia_i\right]$$

$$\geq 2c\mathbb{E}\left[Z_i\right].$$

In the later subcase, $Q_i = 1$ (be definition), and we bound,

$$\begin{split} \mathbb{E}\left[Z_iQ_i\bigg(\hat{p}_i^2-2y_i\hat{p}_i-\frac{r_i}{1+r_i}+2ca_i\bigg)\right]\\ &\geq 2c\mathbb{E}\left[Z_i\right]-\frac{r_i}{1+r_i}\;. \end{split}$$

Now we consider examples for which an update (that is not a mistake) was performed, that is $0 \leq y_i \hat{p}_i$, and by definition $i \in \mathcal{U}$. Such cases occur only when $i \in \mathcal{A}$, that is $i \in \mathcal{U} \cap \mathcal{A}$. Updates in this case are performed when the margin is negative or causing an aggressive update (see Fig. 1),

$$0 \le y_i \hat{p}_i \le \gamma(r_i) \le 1 - \sqrt{1 - \frac{r_i}{1 + r_i}}$$

where the last inequality follows (12). We thus bound,

$$\hat{p}_{i}^{2} - 2|\hat{p}_{i}| - \frac{r_{i}}{1 + r_{i}} + 2ca_{i}$$

$$= \hat{p}_{i}^{2} - 2|\hat{p}_{i}| + \frac{r_{i}}{1 + r_{i}} - 2\frac{r_{i}}{1 + r_{i}} + 2ca_{i}$$

$$= f(y_{i}\hat{p}_{i}) - 2\frac{r_{i}}{1 + r_{i}} + 2ca_{i},$$

where $f(y_i\hat{p}_i)=\hat{p}_i^2-2|\hat{p}_i|+\frac{r_i}{1+r_i}$ is a quadratic equation with two non-negative roots and a minima, $\frac{1\pm\sqrt{1-r_i}}{1+r_i}$. Thus, if $y_i\hat{p}_i$ is lower than the smaller root, $y_i\hat{p}_i\leq 1-\sqrt{1-\frac{r_i}{1+r_i}}$ then $f(y_i\hat{p}_i)\geq 0$, and we bound,

$$\mathbb{E}\left[Z_iQ_i\left(\hat{p}_i^2 - 2y_i\hat{p}_i - \frac{r_i}{1+r_i} + 2ca_i\right)\right]$$

$$\geq 2c\mathbb{E}\left[Z_i\right] - \frac{2r_i}{1+r_i}.$$

To summarize,

$$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i} \mathbb{E} \left[Z_{i} Q_{i} \left(\hat{p}_{i}^{2} + 2|\hat{p}_{i}| - \frac{r_{i}}{1+r_{i}} + 2ca_{i} \right) \right]$$

$$\geq \frac{1}{2} c \sum_{i \in \mathcal{M}} \mathbb{E} \left[Z_{i} \right] + \frac{1}{2} c \sum_{i \in \mathcal{U}} \mathbb{E} \left[Z_{i} \right]$$

$$- \frac{1}{2} \mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{i \in \mathcal{A} \cap \mathcal{M}} \frac{r_{i}}{1+r_{i}} \right] - \mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{i \in \mathcal{A} \cap \mathcal{U}} \frac{r_{i}}{1+r_{i}} \right] . \quad (20)$$

Taking the expectation of (19), using (20) to lower bound the left-hand-side concludes the proof, and the definitions, $M = \sum_{i \in \mathcal{M}} Z_i$ and $U = \sum_{i \in \mathcal{U}} Z_i$ we get,

$$\mathbb{E}\left[M\right] \leq \frac{1}{2}c\mathbf{v}^{\top}\mathbb{E}\left[A_{\mathbf{v}}^{a}\right]\mathbf{v} + \frac{b}{b-1}\mathbb{E}\left[\sum_{i} Z_{i}Q_{i}\ell\left(y_{i}\mathbf{v}^{\top}\mathbf{x}_{i}\right)\right] \\ + \frac{1}{2c}\mathbb{E}\left[\sum_{i\in\mathcal{A}\cap\mathcal{M}} \frac{r_{i}}{1+r_{i}}\right] + \frac{1}{c}\mathbb{E}\left[\sum_{i\in\mathcal{A}\cap\mathcal{U}} \frac{r_{i}}{1+r_{i}}\right] \\ + \frac{1}{c}\left(\left(\frac{b}{b-1}\right)^{2} - 1\right)\sum_{i\in\mathcal{M}\cup\mathcal{U}}\mathbb{E}\left[Z_{i}Q_{i}\frac{r_{i}}{1+r_{i}}\right] - \mathbb{E}\left[U\right] \\ \leq \frac{1}{2}c\mathbf{v}^{\top}\mathbb{E}\left[A_{\mathbf{v}}^{a}\right]\mathbf{v} + \frac{b}{b-1}\mathbb{E}\left[\sum_{i\in\mathcal{M}\cup\mathcal{U}} Z_{i}Q_{i}\ell\left(y_{i}\mathbf{v}^{\top}\mathbf{x}_{i}\right)\right] \\ + \frac{1}{c}\left(\left(\frac{b}{b-1}\right)^{2} + 1\right)\mathbb{E}\left[\sum_{i\in\mathcal{M}\cup\mathcal{U}} \frac{r_{i}}{1+r_{i}}\right] - \mathbb{E}\left[U\right].$$

Table 4: Average number of queries and test error results for six algorithms for 10 binary classification problems based on the RCV1 dataset.

	1	RAND		BBQ		CBGZ-ridge		DAGGER-ridge		DAGGER-wemm		AROW	
		queries	error	queries	error	queries	error	queries	error	queries	error	queries	error
	CCAT ECAT	11,809	5.26 (0.30)	14,409	6.98 (0.34)	23,448	3.25 (0.12)	20,831	2.44 (0.04)	21,014	2.52 (0.03)	355,360	2.23 (0.04)
	CCAT GCAT	14,006	3.69 (0.23)	0	63.54 (0.11)	21,393	2.29 (0.12)	18,741	1.62 (0.03)	20,279	1.70 (0.03)	419,648	1.47 (0.03)
	CCAT MCAT	14,338	4.38 (0.23)	0	33.57 (0.13)	21,305	2.63 (0.05)	19,262	1.98 (0.02)	19,411	2.06 (0.04)	429,676	1.80 (0.01)
	ECAT GCAT	14,560	3.95 (0.20)	0	28.16 (0.10)	19,977	2.75 (0.17)	18,518	2.09 (0.07)	17,030	2.19 (0.06)	218,603	1.89 (0.05)
	ECAT MCAT	15,899	4.89 (0.36)	9,881	10.03 (1.01)	21,039	3.36 (0.10)	20,663	2.55 (0.04)	19,155	2.61 (0.04)	238,628	2.33 (0.04)
	MCAT GCAT	11,545	2.68 (0.20)	0	46.02 (0.12)	21,313	1.58 (0.03)	17,984	1.15 (0.02)	20,835	1.23 (0.03)	346,270	1.07 (0.03)
	CCAT	18,271	5.46 (0.13)	3,216	17.52 (2.21)	23,582	3.64 (0.06)	22,926	2.67 (0.03)	20,791	2.76 (0.01)	548,056	2.37 (0.02)
l B	ECAT	18,253	3.16 (0.12)	6,708	6.53 (0.21)	19,780	2.07 (0.03)	19,640	1.53 (0.03)	19,248	1.60 (0.02)	548,056	1.43 (0.03)
	GCAT	18,232	2.42 (0.14)	2,736	6.48 (1.62)	20,340	1.41 (0.03)	19,077	0.91 (0.02)	18,877	0.97 (0.02)	548,056	0.82 (0.02)
	MCAT	18,369	3.78 (0.23)	8,088	13.62 (1.36)	21,008	2.34 (0.11)	19,062	1.67 (0.02)	20,701	1.71 (0.05)	548,056	1.51 (0.04)
	CCAT ECAT	35,482	4.29 (0.22)	42,036	5.30 (0.16)	46,529	3.08 (0.05)	42,255	2.42 (0.04)	38,226	2.49 (0.04)	355,360	2.23 (0.04)
	CCAT GCAT	41,954	3.05 (0.10)	0	63.54 (0.11)	43,187	2.16 (0.06)	36,897	1.61 (0.01)	36,609	1.68 (0.04)	419,648	1.47 (0.03)
0000	CCAT MCAT	42,883	3.74 (0.23)	25,460	7.58 (0.76)	43,400	2.54 (0.10)	38,811	1.96 (0.04)	35,648	2.04 (0.03)	429,676	1.80 (0.01)
1 8	ECAT GCAT	43,751	3.40 (0.22)	39,384	6.31 (0.80)	47,920	2.62 (0.09)	39,539	2.06 (0.06)	43,612	2.15 (0.06)	218,603	1.89 (0.05)
1/	ECAT MCAT	39,824	4.37 (0.23)	37,003	7.94 (0.77)	41,509	3.21 (0.11)	36,696	2.52 (0.06)	35,018	2.62 (0.05)	238,628	2.33 (0.04)
ès	MCAT GCAT	34,636	2.17 (0.13)	0	46.02 (0.12)	43,120	1.55 (0.04)	40,951	1.15 (0.03)	37,922	1.22 (0.03)	346,270	1.07 (0.03)
eri.	MCAT GCAT CCAT	36,703	5.05 (0.19)	3,216	17.52 (2.21)	46,976	3.37 (0.05)	39,700	2.60 (0.04)	42,266	2.71 (0.01)	548,056	2.37 (0.02)
- 8	ECAT	36,532	2.85 (0.07)	6,708	6.53 (0.21)	40,953	1.97 (0.05)	34,733	1.52 (0.04)	35,564	1.59 (0.03)	548,056	1.43 (0.03)
	GCAT	36,489	2.38 (0.35)	2,736	6.48 (1.62)	41,383	1.27 (0.04)	40,761	0.92 (0.02)	34,467	0.98 (0.02)	548,056	0.82 (0.02)
	MCAT	36,542	3.23 (0.24)	8,088	13.62 (1.36)	43,090	2.20 (0.11)	38,523	1.63 (0.03)	37,315	1.68 (0.04)	548,056	1.51 (0.04)
	CCAT ECAT	82,909	3.79 (0.04)	74,711	4.78 (0.16)	91,057	3.04 (0.05)	63,865	2.42 (0.02)	59,145	2.49 (0.03)	355,360	2.23 (0.04)
10	CCAT GCAT	84,014	2.79 (0.09)	45,729	4.76 (0.43)	85,096	2.06 (0.05)	70,422	1.61 (0.02)	69,709	1.66 (0.04)	419,648	1.47 (0.03)
100000	CCAT MCAT	85,732	3.33 (0.15)	58,353	6.10 (0.29)	87,427	2.46 (0.06)	74,771	1.97 (0.03)	69,960	2.01 (0.04)	429,676	1.80 (0.01)
	ECAT GCAT	65,599	3.19 (0.12)	39,384	6.31 (0.80)	71,451	2.64 (0.11)	39,539	2.06 (0.06)	43,612	2.15 (0.06)	218,603	1.89 (0.05)
	ECAT MCAT	71,373	3.98 (0.12)	65,837	6.82 (0.51)	77,841	3.25 (0.03)	44,888	2.52 (0.06)	42,829	2.64 (0.03)	238,628	2.33 (0.04)
\ \varphi	MCAT GCAT	80,748	1.91 (0.06)	81,336	3.49 (0.56)	84,463	1.52 (0.04)	51,039	1.15 (0.04)	57,702	1.21 (0.04)	346,270	1.07 (0.03)
ij.	CCAT ECAT	91,279	4.39 (0.20)	58,233	11.08 (1.39)	95,560	3.27 (0.09)	87,712	2.56 (0.01)	80,371	2.65 (0.02)	548,056	2.37 (0.02)
dne	ECAT	72,992	2.81 (0.06)	6,708	6.53 (0.21)	84,122	1.90 (0.05)	69,718	1.54 (0.03)	70,069	1.58 (0.01)	548,056	1.43 (0.03)
	GCAT	72,986	1.83 (0.09)	64,671	3.28 (0.68)	83,104	1.26 (0.03)	79,874	0.91 (0.03)	66,697	0.95 (0.01)	548,056	0.82 (0.02)
	MCAT	73,087	3.05 (0.07)	8,088	13.62 (1.36)	88,594	2.13 (0.08)	74,872	1.62 (0.02)	73,548	1.67 (0.03)	548,056	1.51 (0.04)

Table 5: Average number of queries and test error results for six algorithms for three binary classification problems based on the sentiment dataset.

	I	RAND		BBQ		CBGZ-ridge		DAGGER-ridge		DAGGER-wemm		AROW	
		queries	error	queries	error	queries	error	queries	error	queries	error	queries	error
	Amazon 4 Amazon 3 Amazon 1	25,516 25,593 25,515	29.59 (1.14) 8.62 (0.52) 7.56 (0.68)	37,416 14,069 18,598	29.12 (1.05) 11.12 (1.48) 7.06 (0.52)	48,347 49,632 43,549	23.54 (0.53) 5.89 (0.22) 5.35 (0.14)	43,287	- (-) - (-) 4.37 (0.12)	47,202 42,103	- (-) 4.32 (0.10) 4.60 (0.20)	765,424 765,424 765,424	19.48 (0.18) 3.73 (0.04) 4.13 (0.05)
queries< 100000	Amazon 4 Amazon 3 Amazon 1	76,694 76,304 76,554	28.44 (1.13) 7.92 (0.34) 6.97 (0.23)	37,416 96,134 18,598	29.12 (1.05) 7.95 (0.59) 7.06 (0.52)	94,716 96,706 88,039	23.50 (0.48) 5.70 (0.30) 5.42 (0.22)	95,753 83,840	- (-) 3.94 (0.16) 4.26 (0.06)	93,071 87,776 74,582	20.38 (0.26) 4.06 (0.16) 4.50 (0.04)	765,424 765,424 765,424	19.48 (0.18) 3.73 (0.04) 4.13 (0.05)
queries< 150000	Amazon 3	127,472 127,799 127,434	28.06 (0.97) 7.28 (0.45) 6.37 (0.38)	101,647 96,134 116,984	27.73 (0.75) 7.95 (0.59) 6.31 (0.10)	146,741 149,158 138,964	23.62 (0.61) 5.57 (0.41) 5.23 (0.28)	140,657 135,749 134,827	3.94 (0.10)	136,259 139,086 126,939	20.56 (0.26) 4.17 (0.10) 4.42 (0.15)	765,424 765,424 765,424	19.48 (0.18) 3.73 (0.04) 4.13 (0.05)
queries< 200000	Amazon 3	179,052 178,764 153,328	27.30 (0.53) 7.14 (0.53) 6.54 (0.36)	101,647 96,134 116,984	7.95 (0.59)	180,405 182,867 171,912	24.10 (0.36) 5.70 (0.19) 5.52 (0.32)	177,854 179,273 159,887	3.89 (0.21)	177,543 163,613 152,422	20.78 (0.15) 4.26 (0.15) 4.43 (0.18)	765,424 765,424 765,424	19.48 (0.18) 3.73 (0.04) 4.13 (0.05)

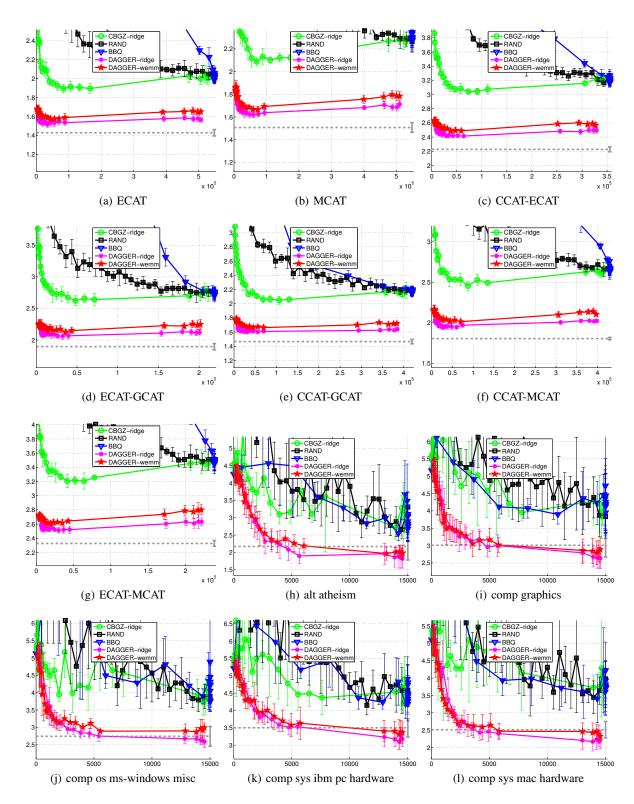


Figure 4: More results: error vs no of queries labels for 12 datasets: 1vs-rest RCV (2 datasets), 1vs1 RCV (4 datasets) and 20NG (5 datasets).

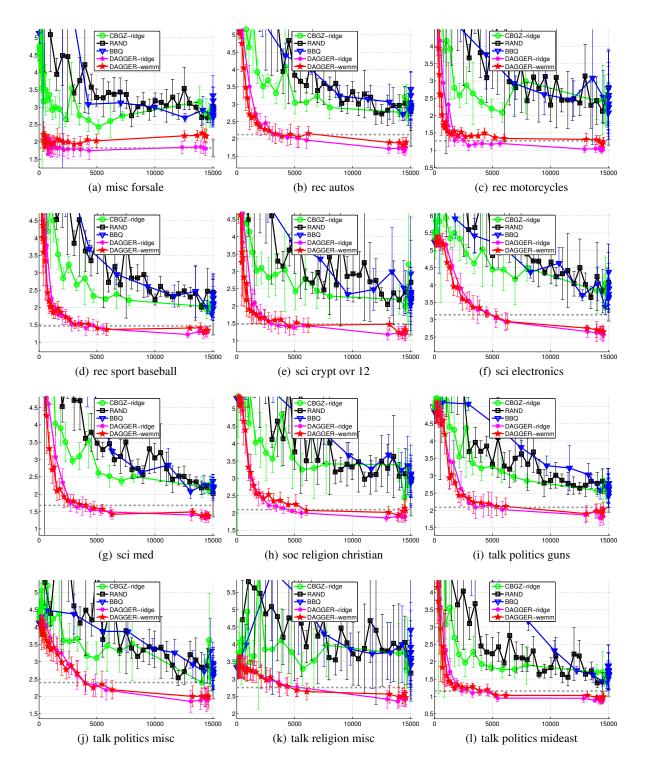


Figure 5: More results: error vs no of queries labels for 12 datasets of 1vs-rest 20NG 1vs-rest.