Component

- Each component must be declared exactly in one ngModule (no more than one!)
- 2. *ngFor is directive (without [])
- 3. (click) is event binding (using with ())
- (class.some-css-class)="some-condition" is a class binding (using with [])
- 5. @Input() hero: Hero is an input
- [hero]="selectedHero" is properties binding. (one way binding), from parent to childrent
- @Injectable makes the class as one that participates in the dependency injection system
- 8. You must register a service to a **provider** to make it available to the dependency injection system before Angular can inject it
- **9.** By default, the service is registered to **root** injector (for global scope using). With root, service is singleton shared instance
- 10. Angular only binds to public component's properties
- 11. <router-outlet> tells the router where to display the routed view
- 12. Routeroutlet is one of the router directives that became available to Appcomponent because the AppModule imports AppRoutingModule which exported RouterModule
- 13. appRoutingModule always exported RouterModule?????
- 14. Note 14

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