# Report for ForestQuery into Global Deforestation, 1990 to 2016

ForestQuery is on a mission to combat deforestation around the world and to raise awareness about this topic and its impact on the environment. The data analysis team at ForestQuery has obtained data from the World Bank that includes forest area and total land area by country and year from 1990 to 2016, as well as a table of countries and the regions to which they belong.

The data analysis team has used SQL to bring these tables together and to query them in an effort to find areas of concern as well as areas that present an opportunity to learn from successes.

## 1. GLOBAL SITUATION

According to the World Bank, the total forest area of the world was **41282694.9 sqkm** in 1990. As of 2016, the most recent year for which data was available, that number had fallen to **39958245.9 sqkm**, a loss of **1324449 sqkm**, or **3.208**%.

The forest area lost over this time period is slightly more than the entire land area of **Peru** listed for the year 2016 (which is **1279999.9891 sqkm**).

## 2. **REGIONAL OUTLOOK**

In 2016, the percent of the total land area of the world designated as forest was **31.38**. The region with the highest relative forestation was **Latin America & Caribbean**, with **46.16**%, and the region with the lowest relative forestation was **Middle East & North Africa**, with **2.07**% forestation.

In 1990, the percent of the total land area of the world designated as forest was **32.42**. The region with the highest relative forestation was **Latin America & Caribbean**, with **51.03**%, and the region with the lowest relative forestation was **Middle East & North Africa**, with **1.78**% forestation.

Table 2.1: Percent Forest Area by Region, 1990 & 2016:

Region	1990 Forest Percentage	2016 Forest Percentage		
Latin America & Caribbean	51.03	46.16	-4.87	
Sub-Saharan Africa	30.67	28.79	-1.88	
Europe & Central Asia	37.28	38.04	0.76	
East Asia & Pacific	25.78	26.36	0.58	
South Asia	16.51	17.51	1.00	
Middle East &  North Africa	1.78	2.07	0.29	
North America	35.65	36.04	0.39	

The only regions of the world that decreased in percent forest area from 1990 to 2016 were **Latin America & Caribbean** (dropped from **51.03**% to **46.16**%) and **Sub-Saharan Africa** (**30.67**% to **28.79**%). All other regions actually increased in forest area over this time period. However, the drop in forest area in the two aforementioned regions was so large, the percent forest area of the world decreased over this time period from **32.42**% to **31.38**%.

# 3. COUNTRY-LEVEL DETAIL

#### A. SUCCESS STORIES

There is one particularly bright spot in the data at the country level, **China**. This country actually increased in forest area from 1990 to 2016 by **527229.06 sqkm**. It would be interesting to study

what has changed in this country over this time to drive this figure in the data higher. The country with the next largest increase in forest area from 1990 to 2016 was the **United States**, but it only saw an increase of **79200 sqkm**, much lower than the figure for **China**.

**United States** and **China** are of course very large countries in total land area, so when we look at the largest *percent* change in forest area from 1990 to 2016, we aren't surprised to find a much smaller country listed at the top. **Iceland** increased in forest area by **213.66**% from 1990 to 2016.

#### **B. LARGEST CONCERNS**

Which countries are seeing deforestation to the largest degree? We can answer this question in two ways. First, we can look at the absolute square kilometer decrease in forest area from 1990 to 2016. The following 3 countries had the largest decrease in forest area over the time period under consideration:

Table 3.1: Top 5 Amount Decrease in Forest Area by Country, 1990 & 2016:

Country	Region	Absolute Forest Area Change
Brazil	Latin America & Caribbean	-541510.00
Indonesia	East Asia & Pacific	-282193.98
Myanmar	East Asia & Pacific	-107234.00
Nigeria	Sub-Saharan Africa	-106506.00
Tanzania	Sub-Saharan Africa	-102320.00

The second way to consider which countries are of concern is to analyze the data by percent decrease.

Table 3.2: Top 5 Percent Decrease in Forest Area by Country, 1990 & 2016:

Country Region PCt Forest Area Change	Country	Region	Pct Forest Area	Change
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Togo	Sub-Saharan Africa	-5168.00	-75.45
Nigeria	Sub-Saharan Africa	-106506.00	-61.80
Uganda	Sub-Saharan Africa	-28092.00	-59.13
Mauritania	Sub-Saharan Africa	-1940.00	-46.75
Honduras	Latin America & Caribbean	-36640.00	-45.03

When we consider countries that decreased in forest area percentage the most between 1990 and 2016, we find that four of the top 5 countries on the list are in the region of **Sub-Saharan Africa**. The countries are **Togo**, **Nigeria**, **Uganda**, and **Mauritania**. The 5th country on the list is **Honduras**, which is in the **Latin America & Caribbean** region.

From the above analysis, we see that **Nigeria** is the only country that ranks in the top 5 both in terms of absolute square kilometer decrease in forest as well as percent decrease in forest area from 1990 to 2016. Therefore, this country has a significant opportunity ahead to stop the decline and hopefully spearhead remedial efforts.

## C. QUARTILES

Table 3.3: Count of Countries Grouped by Forestation Percent Quartiles, 2016:

Quartile	Number of Countries
Q1	85

Q2	72
Q3	38
Q4	9

The largest number of countries in 2016 were found in the **First** quartile.

There were **9** countries in the top quartile in 2016. These are countries with a very high percentage of their land area designated as forest. The following is a list of countries and their respective forest land, denoted as a percentage.

Table 3.4: Top Quartile Countries, 2016:

Country	Region	Pct Designated as Forest
American Samoa	East Asia & Pacific	87.50
Micronesia, Fed. Sts.	East Asia & Pacific	91.86
Gabon	Sub-Saharan Africa	90.04
Guyana	Latin America & Caribbean	83.90
Lao PDR	East Asia & Pacific	82.11
Palau	East Asia & Pacific	87.61
Solomon Islands	East Asia & Pacific	77.86
Suriname	Latin America & Caribbean	98.26

## 4. RECOMMENDATIONS

Write out a set of recommendations as an analyst on the ForestQuery team.

- What have you learned from the World Bank data?
   Our world is facing problems, we have lost forest area over 3.2 percent
   According to table 3.3, there area around 150 countries has less than 50 percent forest area.
- Which countries should we focus on over others?
   In Sub-Saharan Africa should focus on improving because they have lost many percentages of forest area
   Nigeria is one of top countries that lost highest percentage as well as area

# 5. APPENDIX: SQL Queries Used

```
SELECT f.country code,
      f.year,
      f.forest area_sqkm,
      1.total area sq mi,
       (f.forest area sqkm / (l.total area sq mi * 2.59)) * 100 AS
percent forest area,
      1.total_area_sq_mi * 2.59 AS total_area_sqkm
FROM forest area f
JOIN land area l
ON f.country code = 1.country code AND f.year = 1.year
SELECT f.forest area sqkm
      FROM forest area f
      AND f.year = 1990;
```

```
SELECT f.forest area sqkm
      FROM forest area f
      WHERE f.country name = 'World'
      AND f.year = 2016;
SELECT
forest2016.forest area sqkm - forest1990.forest area sqkm AS change,
 100.0*(forest2016.forest area sqkm - forest1990.forest area sqkm) /
forest1990.forest area sqkm AS percentage
JOIN forest area forest1990
WHERE forest2016.year = '2016' AND forest1990.year = '1990'
SELECT l.country name,
     1.total area sq mi * 2.59 AS total area sqkm,
     ABS((1.total area sq mi*2.59) -
           (SELECT query1990.forest area sqkm - query2016.forest area sqkm AS
diff forest area sq km
                   f.country code, f.forest area sqkm
                   AND f.year = 1990) AS query1990
               JOIN (SELECT f.country code, f.forest area sqkm
                   AND f.year = 2016) AS query2016
       ) AS diff_fa_la_sqkm
WHERE l.year = 2016
ORDER BY diff fa la sqkm
LIMIT 1;
```

```
CREATE OR REPLACE VIEW region percent forest
AS (
WITH sqkm 1990 AS
             SUM(forest area sqkm) AS sum forest area sqkm 1990,
              SUM(total area sqkm) AS sum land area sqkm 1990,
              ROUND((SUM(forest area sqkm) / SUM(total area sqkm))::NUMERIC * 100,2)
AS percentage forest area 1990
      FROM forestation
  sqkm 2016 AS
             SUM(forest area sqkm) AS sum forest area sqkm 2016,
              SUM(total area sqkm) AS sum land area sqkm 2016,
             ROUND((SUM(forest area sqkm) / SUM(total area sqkm))::NUMERIC * 100,2)
AS percentage forest area 2016
SELECT sqkm 1990.region,
     percentage forest area 1990,
     percentage forest area 2016,
     percentage forest area 2016 - percentage forest area 1990 AS
percentage forest area change
FROM sqkm 1990
INNER JOIN sqkm 2016 ON sqkm 1990.region = sqkm 2016.region
```

```
SELECT percentage forest area 2016 FROM region percent forest
WHERE region = 'World'
decimal places?
SELECT * FROM region percent forest
WHERE region != 'World'
order by percentage forest area 2016 DESC
SELECT * FROM region percent forest
WHERE region != 'World'
order by percentage forest area 2016
SELECT percentage forest area 1990 FROM region percent forest
WHERE region = 'World'
decimal places?
SELECT * FROM region percent forest
WHERE region != 'World'
order by percentage forest area 1990 DESC
SELECT * FROM percentage forest area 1990
WHERE region != 'World'
order by percentage forest area 1990
--c. Based on the table you created, which regions of the world DECREASED in forest
area FROM 1990 to 2016?
SELECT * FROM region percent forest
WHERE region != 'World' and percentage forest area 1990 > percentage forest area 2016
```

```
WITH sqkm 1990 AS
      SELECT country name, region, forest area sqkm AS forest area sqkm 1990
      FROM forestation
  sqkm 2016 AS
      SELECT country name, region, forest area sqkm AS forest area sqkm 2016
      FROM forestation
SELECT sqkm 1990.country name, sqkm 1990.region,
ROUND((forest area sqkm 2016 - forest area sqkm 1990)::NUMERIC,2) AS sqkm change
FROM sqkm 1990
JOIN sqkm 2016 ON sqkm 1990.country name = sqkm 2016.country name
ORDER BY sqkm change
LIMIT 5;
WITH sqkm 1990 AS
      SELECT country name, region, forest area sqkm AS forest area sqkm 1990
  sqkm 2016 AS
      SELECT country name, region, forest area sqkm AS forest area sqkm 2016
      FROM forestation
SELECT sqkm 1990.country name, sqkm 1990.region,
     ROUND((forest area sqkm 2016 - forest area sqkm 1990)::NUMERIC,2) AS
sqkm change,
     ROUND(((forest_area_sqkm_2016 -
forest area sqkm 1990)/(forest area sqkm 1990))::NUMERIC * 100,2) AS percent change
FROM sqkm 1990
```

```
INNER JOIN sqkm 2016 ON sqkm 1990.country name = sqkm 2016.country name
WHERE (forest area sqkm 2016 – forest area sqkm 1990) is not null
ORDER BY percent change
LIMIT 5;
WITH quartile 2016 AS
              WHEN percent forest area <= 25.00 THEN 'Q1'
              WHEN percent forest area > 25.00 AND percent forest area <= 50.00 THEN
              WHEN percent forest area > 50.00 AND percent forest area <= 75.00 THEN
              WHEN percent forest area > 75.00 THEN 'Q4'
      FROM forestation
      WHERE year = 2016 AND country code != 'WLD' AND percent forest area IS NOT NULL
SELECT quartile, count(*) as quartile count
group by quartile
order by quartile
SELECT country name, region, ROUND (percent forest area::NUMERIC, 2)
FROM forestation
WHERE year = 2016 AND percent forest area > 75.00;
SELECT COUNT(*)
FROM forestation a
INNER JOIN forestation b ON a.year = b.year AND a.country code = b.country code
WHERE a.year = 2016 AND a.percent forest area >
```

```
SELECT percent_forest_area
FROM forestation
WHERE year = 2016 AND country_code = 'USA'
)
```