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House of Representatives

The House met at 10 a.m. and was called to order by the Speaker.

PRAYER

The Reverend John W. Matthews, Grace Lutheran Church, Apple Valley, Minnesota, offered the following prayer:

God of all peoples, we are living on land once inhabited by the Pamunkey, the Dakota Sioux, the Ojibwa, the Anishinabe, the Lenni-Lenape, the Rappahannock. May the sacred memory of them humble us and the spirit of their ancestors inspire us as together we strive for peace, justice, and reconciliation in our day.

God of all nations, You have made each of us in Your image. Empower us to see Your face in the face of every other person here, at, and beyond our borders.

Inspire us to live beyond mere tolerance and rather in deeper awe to celebrate the beauty of Your whole human family. Help us to see the beauty of skin color, the complexity of gender, the richness of ethnicity, and the blessedness of religiosity in others, those who are different than us.

God of this day and place, empower the Members of this legislative assembly, as with the Senators next door and our President and Cabinet, to employ all of their wisdom and courage together to responsibly care for our planet and protect all of Your precious people, remembering especially the less fortunate and the most vulnerable.

May Your vision for this world, O God, forever be the goal of our lives and vocations.

Finally and timely, we invoke Your healing presence to surround the families of those harmed or killed in yesterday's tragic shooting in Maine. Inspire us to nurture communities where hatred and violence find no home.

In Your blessed name we ask and pray these things.

Amen.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER. The Chair has examined the Journal of the last day's proceedings and announces to the House the approval thereof.

Pursuant to clause 1 of rule I, the Journal stands approved.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The SPEAKER. Will the gentlewoman from Nevada come forward and lead the House in the Pledge of Allegiance.

Ms. TITUS led the Pledge of Allegiance as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

WELCOMING REVEREND JOHN W. MATTHEWS

The SPEAKER. Without objection, the gentlewoman from Minnesota (Ms. CRAIG) is recognized for 1 minute.

There was no objection.

Ms. CRAIG. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to welcome our guest chaplain, Reverend John Matthews. I thank Reverend Matthews for that beautiful and hopeful prayer at the conclusion of a tumultuous time in this Chamber.

Reverend Matthews has served as a United States Army chaplain and as a police chaplain. He has been a pastor at Trinity Lutheran Church in Moorhead, Prince of Peace Lutheran Church in Brooklyn Park, and Memorial Lutheran Church in Afton. Finally, he has pastored over me and my family at Grace Lutheran Church in Apple Valley.

John built bridges across religions during his career, as well as assisting in the drafting of "A Declaration of the Evangelical Lutheran Church in Amer-

ica to the Jewish Community," which is now part of the permanent display on anti-Semitism at the United States Holocaust Memorial Museum in Washington, D.C.

It is my honor to represent Reverend Matthews and his family, and I thank him for his contributions to our community.

HONORING SPEAKER MIKE JOHNSON

(Mr. WILSON of South Carolina asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. WILSON of South Carolina. Mr. Speaker, what an extraordinary day that we have, the beginning of the speakership of MIKE JOHNSON of Louisiana.

I hope everyone will see his acceptance speech last night. They need to look at that. It was a conservative, very clear voice calling for limited government, expanded freedom, and reduced regulations to provide for a strong America. It is such a positive message. He promised to be with the people, and he is so much with the people, he is sitting in the front row. No Speaker has ever sat in the front row. This is another first.

In addition to that, Speaker MIKE JOHNSON is going to address Bidenomics, the most extraordinary inflation in 40 years, where American families have lost \$7,000. He is going to stop the war on fossil fuels so that we have fuels and energy independence. He is going to be for a strong America, and that is how we are going to deter the dictators around the world who have invaded Ukraine, who have invaded Israel, who threaten the people of Taiwan.

America will be strong.

We will have a dynamic Speaker. We look forward to his leadership, and again, America is back on track.

□ This symbol represents the time of day during the House proceedings, e.g., □ 1407 is 2:07 p.m.

Matter set in this typeface indicates words inserted or appended, rather than spoken, by a Member of the House on the floor.



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TIME TO ACT

(Mr. GARAMENDI asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Speaker, later today, we are going to be taking up an extraordinary piece of legislation and voting on whether this Nation is going to be all in on a new nuclear arms race or whether we are going to modulate and think about what it is that we are funding. We are basically going to be funding the potential destruction of all that exists on this planet.

I will also address the House on an issue that occurred yesterday in Maine. Another assault weapon was used to murder at least 16 people, with perhaps another 50 being wounded.

It is time for this House to act on extending the previous ban on assault weapons. This has nothing to do with the Second Amendment. This has everything to do with war on the American people.

CONGRATULATING LAS VEGAS ACES

(Ms. TITUS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Ms. TITUS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to acknowledge, congratulate, and celebrate the victory of the Las Vegas Aces, who won the 2023 Women's National Basketball Association championship.

On October 18, 2023, the Aces defeated the New York Liberty 70–69 in game four of the WNBA Finals. They won despite two of their starters being out with injuries, star guard Chelsea Gray and center Kiah Stokes.

They won and have had an amazing two-cycle victory as champions under the leadership of Hall of Fame Head Coach Becky Hammon.

Owner Mark Davis and team president Nikki Fargas have proven once again that investing in women's sports is investing in success.

In the championship game, the Finals Most Valuable Player, A'ja Wilson, led the way with 24 points and 16 rebounds; Jackie Young added 16 points; and Kelsey Plum—Plum Dawg, they call her—delivered a well-rounded performance of rebounds, assists, and points.

The Aces certainly raised the stakes when securing another championship for Vegas, firmly establishing District One as the sports capital of the world.

All of southern Nevada is very proud, and I can't wait to cheer the team on next year as they go for three in a row.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO OFFER RESOLUTION RAISING A QUESTION OF THE PRIVILEGES OF THE HOUSE

Ms. GREENE of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to clause 2(a)(1) of rule IX, I seek recognition to give notice of my

intention to raise a question of the privileges of the House.

The form of the resolution is as follows:

A resolution censuring Representative RASHIDA TLAIB for anti-Semitic activity, sympathizing with terrorist organizations, and leading an insurrection at the United States Capitol complex.

Whereas, in May 2019, RASHIDA TLAIB said that she celebrated the Holocaust and felt a “calming feeling” when thinking about the genocide of millions of Jews;

Whereas, in 2020, RASHIDA TLAIB retweeted an illustration with the caption, “From the river to the sea, Palestine will be free,” and this Palestine Liberation Organization, PLO, slogan has been adopted by Hamas and calls for the elimination of Israel and death to all Jews;

Whereas, in September 2022, RASHIDA TLAIB, as a member of the Congressional Progressive Caucus, displayed her disdain for Israel, saying: “You cannot claim to hold progressive values yet back Israel's apartheid government”;

Whereas, instead of denouncing the horrors of Hamas slaughtering Israelis and demanding the release of all hostages held by Hamas, RASHIDA TLAIB stated on October 8, 2023: “The path to the future must include lifting the blockade, ending the occupation, and dismantling the apartheid system that creates the suffocating, dehumanizing conditions that can lead to resistance”;

Whereas, RASHIDA TLAIB exhibited her hatred for America by reposting a message on October 12, 2023, blaming America for allowing the deaths of Palestinian babies at the hands of Israel;

Whereas, RASHIDA TLAIB led an insurrection at the United States Capitol complex on October 18, 2023, which put Members of Congress, their staffs, and Capitol visitors in danger by shutting down elevators, stairwells, and points of egress, while obstructing official business in both the House of Representatives and the Senate, including a Senate Foreign Relations Committee hearing;

Whereas, the insurrection led by RASHIDA TLAIB was organized by Jewish Voice for Peace, which the Anti-Defamation League calls “a radical anti-Israel activist group that advocates for a complete economic, cultural, and academic boycott of the State of Israel” and that believes “Israeli policies and actions are motivated by deeply rooted Jewish racial chauvinism and religious supremacism”;

Whereas, members of the Southern Poverty Law Center, a far-left non-profit organization, were present at the insurrection at the Capitol on October 18, 2023;

Whereas, several insurrectionists at the Capitol belong to a group messaging chat called “Global Intifada,” which is the Arabic word for “rebellion” or “uprising,” and refers to a se-

ries of protests and violent riots carried out by Palestinians in Israel during the last century;

Whereas, by leading an anti-American and anti-Semitic insurrection on October 18, 2023, RASHIDA TLAIB followed Hezbollah's orders to carry out a “day of unprecedented anger” following an explosion at a Gazan hospital, lying about Israel's responsibility for the attack, which United States intelligence agencies said was not perpetrated by Israel; and

Whereas, Members of Congress who denounce the United States while praising terrorist organizations are unfit to hold office:

Now, therefore, be it resolved that Representative RASHIDA TLAIB be censured; Representative RASHIDA TLAIB forthwith present herself in the well of the House of Representatives for the pronouncement of censure; and Representative RASHIDA TLAIB be censured with the public reading of this resolution by the Speaker.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. FITZGERALD). Under rule IX, a resolution offered from the floor by a Member other than the majority leader or the minority leader as a question of the privileges of the House has immediate precedence only at a time designated by the Chair within 2 legislative days after the resolution is properly noticed.

Pending that designation, the form of the resolution noticed by the gentleman from Georgia will appear in the RECORD at this point.

The Chair will not at this point determine whether the resolution constitutes a question of privilege. That determination will be made at the time designated for consideration of the resolution.

□ 1015

REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H.R. 3721

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Speaker, I hereby remove my name as a cosponsor of H.R. 3721.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. ALLEN). The gentleman's request is granted.

ENERGY AND WATER DEVELOPMENT AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2024

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to House Resolution 756 and rule XVIII, the Chair declares the House in the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill, H.R. 4394.

Will the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. FITZGERALD) kindly take the chair.

□ 1017

IN THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Accordingly, the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the

further consideration of the bill (H.R. 4394) making appropriations for energy and water development and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes, with Mr. FITZGERALD (Acting Chair) in the chair.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The Acting CHAIR. When the Committee of the Whole rose on Wednesday, October 25, 2023, amendment No. 35 printed in Part B of House Report 118-242 offered by the gentleman from Texas (Mr. FALLON) had been disposed of.

AMENDMENT NO. 36 OFFERED BY MR. GARAMENDI

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 36 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used for the Savannah River Plutonium Modernization Program.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from California (Mr. GARAMENDI) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from California.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chair, I rise today to offer a critical amendment to pause wasteful and unnecessary spending at the Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility.

This is a responsible measure. It will pause the development of this nuclear facility while we fix the cost overruns and mismanagement associated with this.

Given the rhetoric of the Republican side of the aisle about reining in excessive spending, this amendment should be something that we would all agree on.

The estimated cost of the Savannah River facility tripled from \$3.6 billion to nearly \$11 billion since the start of the project. It will likely continue to increase since this program is not scheduled to be completed until 2035.

According to the August Government Accountability Office report, it will probably be delayed even further until 2038.

Why are we spending \$11 billion on this wasteful facility? You would think it might be part of our critical national security, but that is not the case.

For those unfamiliar with this facility, it is being built to produce plutonium pits, which is the core of a nuclear weapon. We already have thousands of these pits.

Some will stand up here and say, oh, my. We need to replace them because they age out. These pits will last at least 100 years.

Some studies by independent panels of scientists and academics have suggested that these pits have an even longer life cycle.

That is why in the House-passed fiscal year 2024 NDAA, the House Armed Services Committee adopted my amendment for an independent assessment of plutonium-pit aging by experts.

If we really care about responsible government spending, we must ensure there is a need before allocating billions of dollars to rebuild a stockpile that we already have in place and that really should never be used.

To reiterate, this amendment is a pause on next year's spending because we really do need to evaluate the science.

By the way, it is only \$858 million, but hey, every dollar counts. This pause is essential, timely and a prudent step.

In our haste to build new nuclear bombs, we must allocate those costs appropriately. A January 2023 GAO report found that the National Nuclear Security Administration lacks a comprehensive schedule or cost estimate on what we are doing here with this particular program. The NNSA has not even identified all of the activities or milestones to achieve an 80 pit per year production capacity.

I am sure that some will argue, wrongly, in my view, that I am undermining national security. They will make exaggerated claims about the necessity to engage in a nuclear arms race.

Well, we are, but the question is, are we doing it wisely? The answer is no. We are spending money unnecessarily and in an ill-advised way.

As a citizen, I am also aware that we face challenges here at home. We have heard many of those. I also know that the new Speaker wants to rein in unnecessary expenditures. I would suggest that this is one.

Mr. Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chairman, I rise in opposition to the amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman from Tennessee is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chairman, as we have been debating the amendments to this energy and water bill, for some of the amendments I have risen in strong support and strong opposition.

With all due respect to the gentleman from California, I rise in the staunchest opposition to his amendment.

Mr. Chairman, our Nation's nuclear deterrent—and for the people at home watching—is done through the NNSA. The NNSA is the National Nuclear Security Administration. It is part of the Department of Energy.

As part of that key mission and as part of this great bill, we are fully funding and need to continue to fully fund the updates to our weapons programs to keep our nuclear deterrent strong.

Currently, the plutonium pits are being done and made at Los Alamos.

They do an outstanding job. We are so fortunate that our great friends at the Savannah River reservation—and I have been there, and I have been in this facility that is being built—will work to create new plutonium pits.

The world is a dangerous place. Vladimir Putin, with his outrageous, wrong invasion of Ukraine must be stopped.

This man has basically threatened to use nuclear weapons. That is intolerable rhetoric. That is intolerable conduct. The strongest way to oppose that is to have a robust nuclear deterrent.

Our bill does that. Los Alamos does that. The NNSA does that. Thank goodness our friends at the great Savannah River reservation have done that for years and will continue to help our Nation's nuclear arsenal with this facility to produce plutonium pits. The Chinese are growing their nuclear arsenal. The world is moving in the wrong direction.

My hero, Ronald Reagan, in 1980 said, grow our nuclear deterrent, and he did that. I can remember standing in a college class with 200 students. I was the only person to stand up to fight the nuclear freeze.

Ronald Reagan was right. We defeated the evil empire, the Soviet Union, because we did not do a freeze. We stood up and built up our nuclear deterrent. We have to do that now.

Our partners at Savannah River are there. They are ready. This facility will supplement that.

With all due respect to the gentleman from California, he is wrong on this. America needs its nuclear deterrent. The NNSA needs to be kept strong, and this plutonium pit production for Savannah River needs to go forward.

Mr. Chairman, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chairman, I yield to Ms. KAPTUR, my ranking member.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chairman, I thank the gentleman for yielding, and I share the gentleman's strong passion for making sure that America has the very best deterrent on the face of the Earth in view of what we are facing not only in the Middle East, but obviously, as you stated, in Ukraine and with what is happening on the high seas around the globe. We are so proud of our nuclear Navy.

I rise in reluctant opposition to this amendment because of my dear friendship with Congressman GARAMENDI, and I respect his efforts to try to have a responsible nuclear deterrent and weapons program.

I understand that. This amendment itself would prohibit funding, as has been stated, for the plutonium pit production at the Savannah River processing facility.

We all know that plutonium modernization is a key aspect to meeting our nuclear weapons stockpile requirements and maintaining the Nation's nuclear deterrent.

On both sides of the aisle of our subcommittee, we have had complete support, really, in ensuring that our country maintains a safe, secure, and credible nuclear deterrent while also addressing the threat of nuclear non-proliferation and terrorism.

However, on our side of the aisle, at least, we continue to be troubled by the unsustainable spending in the Department of Energy's weapons program.

I have to say that the concerns about the budget deficit and so forth attend to every agency, including this one.

There have been cost overruns at a level that are historic, and I think we have to have rigor in terms of managing whatever funds are allocated to that important task.

I wholeheartedly agree with Chair FLEISCHMANN that the National Nuclear Security Administration needs to improve its program management—I hope they are hearing us—given that more than half of its projects are over cost or behind schedule. That is not really a good record for something so important.

The Acting CHAIR. The time of the gentleman has expired.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chairman, I rise as the designee of the gentleman from Texas (Ms. GRANGER).

Mr. Chairman, I move to strike the last word.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman from Tennessee is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chairman, I yield to the gentlewoman from Ohio (Ms. KAPTUR), my ranking member.

□ 1030

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I thank the gentleman for yielding. We, as a committee and as a Congress, have to face the realities of future defense caps and begin making important decisions to prioritize within those programs. Only through strategic prioritization can the program achieve success in meeting the needs of stockpile requirements and maintaining our Nation's critical nuclear deterrent.

Nonetheless, prohibiting all funds to one strategic investment of plutonium modernization at the Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility is not the right approach at this time.

Mr. Chair, I thank all of my colleagues. In working together, we will find the right path for America. I urge my colleagues to vote against this amendment, and I thank Congressman GARAMENDI for making sure we spend our dollars wisely.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chair, I yield to the distinguished gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. WILSON).

Mr. WILSON of South Carolina. Mr. Chairman, today I rise in opposition to this amendment by my good friend, Lieutenant Governor JOHN GARAMENDI. I am grateful to see Chairman FLEISCHMANN working with Ranking Member MARCY KAPTUR as we oppose this amendment.

This is a time when the Chinese Communist Party is conducting the largest nuclear buildup in world history. War criminal Putin is invading Ukraine and threatens nuclear weapons. The dictatorship in Tehran is invading Israel; it is developing nuclear weapons while chanting, "Death to Israel, Death to America." In defense, we should be modernizing America's nuclear arsenal.

We did not choose the war of dictators with the rule of gun who are invading democracies with rule of law, but we are in this. Ukraine has been invaded, Israel has been invaded, and they threaten Taiwan.

Plutonium pit production is among the most critical national security needs. As with every weapon, we must continue to invest in improvements to our nuclear inventory to achieve peace through strength in the tradition, as the chairman has so correctly said, of Ronald Reagan.

Sadly and incredibly, last night, BBC News broadcast a report: Russia has just rehearsed a massive nuclear strike capability. This was presented on Russian Putin's state TV last night as the defense minister reviewed with the war criminal Vladimir Putin of how current this is.

The United States currently has a statutory requirement of producing 80 plutonium pits per year, as close as we can to 2030. Of those 80, the Savannah River Site will be responsible for producing 50. As the only Member of Congress who has actually worked at the Savannah River Site, I know of the competence and capabilities of people at this site.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chairman, I yield to the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. DUNCAN). I would explain to the Chairman that this fine gentleman is my counterpart on the authorization side on the Energy and Commerce Committee. He has been a strong leader in nuclear and has been my partner. I am the appropriator, and he is the authorizer.

Mr. DUNCAN. Mr. Chairman, I speak in opposition to this amendment because it puts American security at risk. Plutonium pits, a key component of nuclear warhead production, have not been regularly produced in the United States since 1989.

We are forced to refurbish our existing stockpile of warheads to keep up with the demand. We can only do that for so long because the components degrade. Russia and China are ramping up their capacity to produce new nuclear weapon components. We need to show our adversaries we are capable of maintaining a strong and modernized nuclear deterrent.

In fact, Speaker JOHNSON yesterday reiterated, "Peace through strength." We have a statutory obligation to manufacture at least 80 plutonium pits annually by the year 2030 just to maintain our national defense goals.

H Canyon at Savannah River Site is a critical component. It is the last of

its kind in the Nation to help the disassembly and assembly process. This amendment is misguided.

Mr. Chairman, I would invite the gentleman from California to actually come down to South Carolina and visit the Savannah River Site because I have been told you haven't. You are talking about something you don't even really know about just because you want to cut funding away and you don't like nuclear weapons.

The plutonium pit project at Savannah River Site in South Carolina will be responsible for producing over half of the minimum annual requirement. We must continue to support Savannah River Site to maintain a dominant nuclear force in the world, and I urge my colleagues to vote "no" on this amendment.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chairman, I yield to the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. ALLEN).

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Chair, I rise in opposition to this amendment, which would prohibit funding for plutonium pit production at the Savannah River Site. I appreciate my friend from California's concern of cost.

The Acting CHAIR. The time of the gentleman has expired.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chair, I rise as the designee of the gentlewoman from Texas (Ms. GRANGER).

Mr. Chair, I move to strike the last word.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman from Tennessee is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chair, I yield to the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. ALLEN).

Mr. ALLEN. Mr. Chair, I rise in opposition to this amendment, which would prohibit funding for plutonium pit production at the Savannah River Site. My friend mentioned the cost overruns, and I appreciate his concern with that.

Let me tell you. I spent 40 years in the construction business. In the last 2 years, concrete has doubled in price, steel has doubled in price, and there is a lot of concrete and steel in plutonium. We do need to deal with the inflation we are seeing out there.

The Savannah River Site, also known as SRS, is a Department of Energy site conducting important work to defend our national security, and Georgia's 12th District is home to approximately 30 percent of the workforce.

Currently under construction at the Savannah River Site is the Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility. Required by law, this is part of a two-site strategy with Los Alamos National Laboratory and the Savannah River Site tasked with producing plutonium pits to help improve resiliency and mitigate risk in the United States' pit production. Let me say that again: to mitigate risk in the United States' pit production.

This shortsighted amendment would critically threaten this urgent national security mission. The Savannah River Site is committed to nuclear modernization to ensure America's nuclear

deterrent is safe and reliable. To say otherwise is simply not true.

Mr. Chair, I urge a "no" vote on this amendment.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chairman, I have a question. I have a question about fairness in the debate. The chair of the subcommittee has offered two pro forma amendments, giving my side of the debate no opportunity whatsoever to respond to the issues that have been raised.

Mr. Chairman, I am curious, is fairness out of order on this floor?

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman is recognized.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chairman, I posed a question to the Chair. Does the Chair have an answer to my question?

Is fairness out of order on this floor?

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman has not stated a parliamentary inquiry.

The gentleman will state his parliamentary inquiry.

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRIES

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chair, a parliamentary inquiry would be: Sir, how can I achieve, under the rules of the House, a fair debate with equal time on the issue?

Mr. Chairman, I have a parliamentary question before the Chair. Fair is fair, guys.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman is free to consult House Resolution 756, which sets the terms for consideration of this bill.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Further parliamentary inquiry, Mr. Chairman.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman will state his parliamentary inquiry.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chairman, in an effort to achieve that consultation, sir, could the House provide me with information since I do not have before me the rules of the House.

Perhaps they can provide me the rules of the House and I could read it, or perhaps the Chair can provide some advice on that particular section of the rules.

The Acting CHAIR. The Chair would inform the gentleman that the rule allows for 10 pro forma amendments that are granted respectively to the chair and ranking minority member of the Committee on Appropriations or their designees.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Further parliamentary inquiry, Mr. Chair.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman will state his parliamentary inquiry.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chairman, if I might ask another parliamentary question, sir. As the author of this amendment, do I have the opportunity to propose 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 of those pro forma amendments?

The Acting CHAIR. That is correct.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Well, then let us get started.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman is recognized.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chair, I have a pro forma amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman is recognized for his remaining time.

Mr. GARAMENDI. How many minutes do I have remaining, sir?

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman would have to be recognized as the designee of the chair or ranking minority member of the Committee on Appropriations to be allowed to offer a pro forma amendment.

The gentleman is recognized for 1 minute and 15 seconds at this point as the proponent of the amendment.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chairman, this House has always operated in a fair and evenhanded way. And I must say, the use of the pro forma amendment by my colleagues on the Republican side creates a very unfair debate, in which the points put forward in opposition to my amendment, I do not have time to deal with.

However, I will take whatever time I have remaining and not spend much time on the necessity for fairness in the debate, which has a whole lot to do with the time available.

Now, very, very quickly, since I have only a minute and some seconds left here.

This is not an end to the plutonium pit production. What it says is to pause for 1 year, an \$850 million expenditure on what has become not a plutonium pit but a dollar pit. Billions and billions of dollars have been spent on the Savannah facility, first, to somehow deal with the nuclear waste. That didn't work.

It has been repurposed to build plutonium pits. The reality here is there will not be a pit built in Savannah River for at least a decade. So all of this chatter about the safety of this Nation is nonsense. The reality here is we have a money pit.

The Acting CHAIR. The time of the gentleman has expired.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chairman, I rise as the designee of the gentleman from Connecticut (Ms. DeLauro).

Mr. Chair, I move to strike the last word.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I yield to the gentleman from California (Mr. Garamendi).

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chair, apparently, we want a debate on the plutonium pit issue. Well, let it happen. Let's get some facts here. The 80 pits per year has little to do with nuclear arms, nuclear bombs, it has everything to do with a number that was invented by the committees of this House.

So what are we going to do with these pits?

First of all, the pits will not be built in Savannah River for at least a decade, and quite likely 15 years. Yes, perhaps they will in 15 years produce 50 pits per year. For what purpose?

Specifically, now the pit production is taking place at Los Alamos National Laboratories, which is diligently and wastefully moving forward to produce 30 pits per year.

The first pit at Savannah River—that is the war reserve pit—it is likely to be produced in 3 to 4 years from now, beginning at the rate of one a year and eventually moving to 30 per year, which will probably take a full decade and several billion dollars to do.

What is that pit going to be used for?

Maybe we ought to know before we start talking about the safety of this world and this Nation.

The pits that are going to be built at Savannah River are specifically for a new nuclear bomb, the 87-1, which has not yet been produced.

□ 1045

Presumably, that bomb will go on the new Sentinel missile, which in and of itself is \$150 billion that we will spend to replace the Minuteman III missiles that are now in the silos in the upper Midwest.

By the way, the Minuteman IIIs are perfectly good for at least another decade, so why are we spending that money? Presumably because we decided a decade ago that we ought to do it and that somehow the Minuteman III missiles wouldn't continue to work.

In a recent test this year, the Minuteman III worked perfectly well, and there has been no indication that the Minuteman III missile cannot continue to work perfectly well for the next decade or more. We have not yet calculated the full cost of replacing the Minuteman III with the new Sentinel program, but the estimates are well over \$150 billion.

For what purpose? To make us safer? No. It won't make us safer at all.

By the way, what bomb will be put on the Sentinel while we await the 87-1? Guess what it is? It is the existing bomb that we have on the Minuteman III. That new weapon, the 87-1, is at least a decade away, and the cost is unknown, but you had better get your billion dollars together because it will surely be in that range.

We need a debate about all of this. This is not about national security. This is about a new nuclear arms race that puts humanity on this planet in serious jeopardy. We have quite enough weapons to deter anybody from using a nuclear weapon, and yes, so do China and Russia.

This is about deterrence. How many bombs, how many weapons, how many delivery systems are necessary for deterrence? If it is a war, yes, all three countries have quite enough to terminate life on this planet. We don't need more to achieve a victory in a nuclear war. We have quite enough already. We can target wherever we need to target—in China, in Russia, wherever. We have quite enough for that.

As a deterrent, we have quite enough for deterrence. Yes, Putin rattled the nuclear saber. To what effect? What effect did his rattling achieve? Nothing.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. Garamendi).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the noes appeared to have it.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentleman from California will be postponed.

AMENDMENT NO. 37 OFFERED BY MR. GARAMENDI

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 37 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used for the W87-1 Modification Program.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from California (Mr. GARAMENDI) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from California.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chairman, I think I will take a deep breath. I was a little wound up a few moments ago. If the opposition to this amendment would like to go through that process of an additional 5 minutes, we will play that game, and I would actually appreciate doing that.

There is a lot that we need to discuss here. There is a lot that this House needs to consider, and it is about the nuclear enterprise. It is about a 10-year mission that we have been on to rebuild our nuclear programs.

One part of that nuclear program is a new nuclear bomb to be put on the new Sentinel rockets that replace the Minuteman III. A moment ago, I discussed the situation. Do we really need to spend \$120 billion, \$150 billion over the next decade to replace the Minuteman III and a new nuclear bomb? The answer is, we have time. We have time.

As I said a few moments ago, the Minuteman III will work for a considerable period into the future, and the nuclear weapon that is presently on the Minuteman III is going to work for many more years. It is not aging out. It is perfectly reliable.

What is this 87-1 all about? It is a new bomb. It, in fact, is the first new bomb that we have built in many years. Presumably, it will work better than the bomb that is presently on the Minuteman III and will be used on the new Sentinel rocket when it is ready to be placed into new silos upon which we will spend billions of dollars building the silos and the infrastructure.

The 87-1, this brings us right back to the previous question that we had about plutonium pit production. Do we need additional pit production? I ask all of us to take a calendar, look at the years ahead, and begin to put in place

the arrival of the new Sentinel, which will surely be at least a decade, if not longer. Then, look at the pit production that will be able to be put in place in Los Alamos, one a year, two, three, four, five. We will be stacking up new pits in Los Alamos well ahead of the need for this new weapon to be put on the Sentinel rocket. We will have an inventory of pits that would be used for the 87-1.

What I am saying here in this amendment is, wait a minute. Take a look at the calendar. Take a look at the way these pieces fit together—billions of dollars in Savannah River to build nuclear pits that will not even be available for at least a decade and a half. Take a look at the pits we are producing and will be able to produce at Los Alamos and the stockpile of pits that would then be available for the timing of the 87-1, should we ever decide that we need it.

We do not need to spend this money today on the 87-1 or on Savannah River. This is a pause. We heard the new Speaker stand right there and tell us that we have a deficit problem.

We sure as hell do have a deficit problem. Part of it is how we spend our money. We ought to take a look at that.

That is what these amendments are about. These amendments are about spending money unnecessarily now. We have things that we desperately need to do. We need to educate, to research, to be in competition economically with China. Yet, here we are. A small amount of money here, pause this expenditure. Pause it. We are not doing away with the 87-1, although that is another argument we might have someday. Right now, why are we spending this money today? Why?

The new Speaker wants to deal with the deficit. Deal with this. Pause this expenditure. We have plenty of time to deal with this.

For those who argue that this has something to do with our current national security, you are dead wrong because this will not be available for at least a decade, and you can argue whether we even need it then.

Mr. Chairman, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chairman, I rise in strong opposition to the amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman from Tennessee is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chair, once again, I respectfully and vehemently disagree with my friend and colleague, the gentleman from California (Mr. GARAMENDI).

I represent the great people of the city of Oak Ridge in Tennessee, the birthplace of the Manhattan Project. The NNSA has a facility there. It is called the Y-12 facility. We are building the uranium processing facility.

That became very apparent to me when I was a college freshman correctly arguing against a nuclear freeze,

against a room full of liberal, radical, leftist students. I knew I was right then because I knew Ronald Reagan was right. What I didn't know then was that nuclear weapons deteriorate. I thought if you had a nuclear weapon, you could put it on a shelf, and if you needed it, you could go get it. The reality is that nuclear weapons, by their nature, deteriorate and have to be updated.

Now, through three administrations—the Obama administration, the Trump administration, and now the Biden administration—I have worked hand in hand with the NNSA, the National Nuclear Security Administration. To do what? To make sure that our current nuclear arsenal, our nuclear deterrent, is strong.

Where I disagree respectfully and most vehemently with my colleague from California is that our resolve is to tell the world today, whether it is in Moscow, Beijing, or any of the other countries that have a nuclear capability—and sadly, to my colleague, there are at least 10 countries now that have the ability to produce and deliver a nuclear weapon. That is scary. The resolve of the people of the United States must be to have a strong nuclear deterrent today and in the future. That is why we have to have this program. That is why we have to keep our Nation's nuclear arsenal strong and vibrant now and in the future.

Specifically, Mr. Chairman, the W87-1 Modification Program will replace the W78 warhead and support fielding the Air Force Sentinel missile system. Mr. Chair, we have our nuclear triad—land based; sea, with our great United States Navy; and Air Force. It is a triad, and it is a strong triad. This is the message to the world, that we can never have a nuclear weapon used and deployed.

Listen to Mr. Putin. He is threatening it. That is outrageous. We can never have that type of rhetoric in the world. We have to stand against that.

The strongest way to do that is a nuclear deterrent and a commitment, not only to our friends in Savannah River, not only to our friends in Oak Ridge, but all over the United States. We have strong weapons labs that are doing a great job. The men and women of the NNSA are our great patriots. They are within the Department of Energy. The customer is the Department of Defense, but we are doing a tremendous job.

I wish the world were a benign place. I wish it were a world without nuclear weapons, but they are existent. They are there. We are the leader in protecting the free world. We have to protect the people of the United States. We have to send a message.

Mr. Chair, I, therefore, strongly and vehemently oppose the gentleman's amendment. I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. GARAMENDI).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the noes appeared to have it.

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentleman from California will be postponed.

AMENDMENT NO. 38 OFFERED BY MS. HAGEMAN

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 38 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Ms. HAGEMAN. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used to implement the Industrial Decarbonization Roadmap published by the Department of Energy and dated September 2022 (DOE/EE-2635).

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentlewoman from Wyoming (Ms. HAGEMAN) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Wyoming.

□ 1100

Ms. HAGEMAN. Mr. Chair, I rise in support of my amendment No. 38 to H.R. 4394, which would prohibit the use of taxpayer funds from going to the Department of Energy's implementation of its proposed Industrial Decarbonization Roadmap.

The Industrial Decarbonization Roadmap identifies and targets four different categories of so-called CO₂ emitters—residential, commercial, industrial, and transportation sectors. In other words, pretty much every aspect of our lives.

What does this portend in the real world? We are already experiencing the consequences of this administration's decision to target residential carbon emissions by attacking those home appliances that actually work, from gas stoves to washers and dryers to water heaters, thereby causing the price of these critically important appliances to skyrocket while also reducing their availability.

We are also suffering through this administration's decision to target the transportation sector by imposing tailpipe emission requirements, fuel efficiency standards, and propping up the electric vehicle industry, thereby causing the price of our cars and trucks to skyrocket while also reducing their availability.

What is the outcome of these misguided efforts? Government imposed wretchedness, of course, but that is what this administration does best. It is no wonder that automobile repossession are at an all-time high because of bad policies imposed by bureaucrats who are shielded from both account-

ability and having to suffer the consequences of their bad decisions, but real Americans suffer every day.

This roadmap is bad policy, and I urge the adoption of my amendment.

Mr. Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I rise in strong opposition to this amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I invite the gentlewoman to come into any pulmonary ward in this country and see the cancers that attend to people who have suffered from carbon ingestion in their careers.

This amendment prohibits funds to implement the Industrial Decarbonization Roadmap published by the Department of Energy in September 2022.

The purpose of the roadmap is to develop a strategic approach to decarbonizing the Nation's industrial sector—I come from industrial America—while simultaneously creating good-paying jobs for American workers, spurring economic growth, developing U.S. leadership in these new technologies, and creating a cleaner, more equitable, and healthier workplace for all Americans.

The industrial sector represents 30 percent of energy-related carbon dioxide emissions in the United States. To address the climate crisis, we must address these emissions. We have a lot more people living in this country now. When I was born, there were 146 million. Today, we have about 335. It is going to go up to 400 million people. We have to think about our way of life and how we meet the demands of a new era.

In addressing these emissions, we will also dramatically improve air quality and reduce millions of early deaths in our country and around the world.

The roadmap focused on proven steps for energy technology innovation: advancing early-stage research and development, investing in multiple process strategies, and scaling through demonstrations and integrating solutions, including on the factory floor and places where equipment is repaired.

America has always been about the future. A successful industrial decarbonization strategy is critical to supporting the existing 11.4 million workers in American manufacturing and growing a future workforce in the clean industry transition.

There is a lot of training that has to be done there. How is it that our firefighters across this country, just in the last few years, have discovered the cancers that attend to working in that extremely dangerous and important patriotic service to the people of our country? Their equipment is important, and what happens to their lungs and their bodies is really important.

Again, I invite you to come with me into the hospitals of this country and meet the families of workers who have died and the people suffering because of carbon ingestion.

While it is clear we need an all-of-the-above energy strategy that taps domestic oil and gas and invests in clean energy, we must continue to promote energy innovation, a cleaner workplace in all sectors of the economy, and in the American home as well.

Mr. Chair, I strongly urge my colleagues to vote against this amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. HAGEMAN. Mr. Chair, the administration's roadmap targets those key industries that significantly contribute to the stability of our Nation's economy and supply chain; namely, the petroleum refining, chemicals, iron and steel, cement, and food and beverage industries.

Instead of helping our American businesses, families, and communities, the roadmap requires the use of substantially less efficient, less reliable, and more costly energy resources, including so-called clean energy, hoping to ultimately replace our ability to access our very own domestic, affordable, and reliable energy resources.

One of the goals mentioned in the roadmap is to "prepare the existing 11.4 million American manufacturing workers and future workforce for the clean industry transition."

When I hear that this administration seeks to prepare the existing 11.4 million American manufacturing workers for the clean energy transition and then watch as they attempt to shut down our mines while exporting manufacturing jobs to countries with dirtier products and less effective environmental policies led by dictators and despots, I admit I am more than skeptical as to what preparing actually means.

This administration's roadmap is unworkable and will bankrupt our country.

Mr. Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, mining is a really difficult industry. I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. HAGEMAN. Mr. Chair, another goal highlighted in the roadmap supports a transition to no-carbon fuels.

Mr. Chairman, Americans see through these goals. The reality is that no-carbon fuels are not only no such thing—and only a charlatan would argue otherwise—but they receive four times the amount in Federal subsidies while producing less than one-fifth of the energy as compared to our legacy industries.

These fuels are not only unreliable, even with the ridiculous amount of taxpayer subsidies, but environmentally destructive and require massive amounts of land per unit of energy produced. They kill birds and other wildlife by the millions.

These unreliable projects simply cannot compete with our traditional and reliable energy resources, a fact borne out by their need for massive Federal subsidies to be viable at all. Figures from the U.S. Energy Information Administration show that renewables received \$15.6 billion in subsidies during

fiscal year 2022 and an estimated \$1.2 trillion from the so-called Inflation Reduction Act and are the largest recipient of such subsidies.

It is thus entirely foreseeable that the second largest recipient of subsidies, according to the Energy Information Administration, are lower-income families who struggle to pay their utility bills, proving that this administration is hell-bent on imposing energy poverty on every sector of our society.

Why are they struggling? They are struggling because of rising energy prices and rising utility fees as a result of this administration's forced energy poverty. We simply cannot afford to pursue this energy transition imposed on us by radical leftists.

As the sole Representative of a State whose main industries have been hijacked by the Federal Government in the name of this pie-in-the-sky transition, I voice my strong opposition to this roadmap. I ask my colleagues to join me in defunding the Department of Energy's implementation of this proposed Industrial Decarbonization Roadmap.

Mr. Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Wyoming (Ms. HAGEMAN).

The amendment was agreed to.

AMENDMENT NO. 39 OFFERED BY MS. HAGEMAN

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 39 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Ms. HAGEMAN. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used for the SuperTruck III program of the Department of Energy.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from Wyoming (Ms. HAGEMAN) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Wyoming.

Ms. HAGEMAN. Mr. Chair, I rise in support of my amendment No. 39 to H.R. 4394, which prohibits funding from going toward the SuperTruck 3 program.

According to the Department of Energy, this program is unlike previous SuperTruck programs; its primary focus being on electrification and meeting so-called green energy goals rather than improving fuel efficiency.

DOE's Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy initially launched the SuperTruck initiatives in 2009 with the aim of improving heavy-duty truck efficiency by 50 percent while the follow-up SuperTruck 2 in 2016 sought to double fuel efficiency for 18-wheeler, or class 8, trucks.

Since then, the program has taken a drastic turn away from these goals. DOE has repurposed this program towards the research and development of lowering greenhouse gas emissions. SuperTruck 3 was created to fund projects to electrify medium- and heavy-duty freight trucks.

Mr. Chairman, Americans are tired of their taxpayer dollars being used to fund programs that ultimately cause more harm than good. We simply cannot afford to support programs that share the same fundamental goals outlined in the Green New Deal. They will destroy our economy and force a change in behavior by reducing the availability of the goods that Americans actually want.

Mr. Chair, I urge support of my amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I rise in strong opposition to this amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, as a daughter of automotive and truck America and an aficionado of NASCAR and having spent a lot of my time on drag strips across the country, including my own reasons, I really rise in strong opposition to this amendment because it is not about the future. It is about the past.

This amendment prohibits funds for the Department of Energy's SuperTruck 3 program within the Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy. It is hard to make an engine. It is hard to conceive it. It is hard to build it. It takes a lot of creativity to understand propulsion. The parts of the country that I represent specialize in that.

The Department of Energy initially launched the SuperTruck initiative in 2009 to improve heavy-duty truck freight efficiency by 50 percent. That is a gulp.

The second iteration, SuperTruck 2, sought to double fuel efficiency for 18-wheeler trucks.

SuperTruck 3 is currently working to improve medium- and heavy-duty truck efficiencies and reduce emissions of freight transportation, that is underway.

This program consists of a public-private partnership with General Motors, Ford Motor Company, Daimler Truck North America, Volvo Group North America, and PACCAR.

Now, I want America to succeed. I want the free world to succeed. This program is building on a proven track record. Within 7 years, four truck makers exceeded the SuperTruck 1 goals and the five SuperTruck 2 projects are on track to more than double their fuel efficiency.

I invite the gentleman to come with me through some of these companies and some of these research sites to see what it takes to make America more fuel efficient.

These efforts help create good-paying jobs here at home and boost American

supply chains, not in China, not in Japan, not anywhere else in the world, but right here.

Oil prices are on the rise again. Our transportation sector is currently largely dependent on petroleum and thus subject to oil price volatility and what will become diminished supplies in the decades ahead. I don't want America to be stuck on the whims of dictators throughout the world. It is common sense we should be developing energy alternatives and promoting energy proficiency and advancement in our transportation sector.

While it is clear that we need an all-of-the-above energy strategy that taps domestic oil and gas, we must also invest in alternative energy options to diversify our energy portfolio, including hydrogen, hydrogen fuel cells. Where the market is moving, the companies are moving. We need to help to propel that advancement sooner rather than later.

Mr. Chair, I strongly urge my colleagues to vote against this amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. Members are reminded to direct their remarks to the Chair.

□ 1115

Ms. HAGEMAN. Mr. Chair, some may argue that this program remains aimed at improving fuel efficiency rather than a repurposed agenda aimed at fulfilling radical Green New Deal priorities.

I refer those who would make this argument to a quote from Senator MERKLEY in support of this program. He said: "Climate chaos is the greatest existential threat of our lifetimes, and it is going to take an all-hands-on-deck approach to slash pollution—much of which comes from the transportation sector—that is fanning the flames of the crisis. . . . we can use new technologies to chart a path forward . . . and lead the world toward a more sustainable future. . . . as we work to thwart the most catastrophic impact of the climate crisis."

Now, setting aside for a moment the absurdity of the statement, you can tell it was made by a politician who will never be held accountable for the consequences of such actions or actually be required to live under the rules he seeks to impose. He will always be able to afford whatever vehicle he chooses, but not so much for the rest of us.

It is not just left-leaning politicians who spout hyperbole and demand net-zero emissions by 2050. It is also our Federal agencies. Secretary Granholm said: "Getting to net-zero carbon emission . . . means we must aggressively cut down the largest source of emissions: the transportation sector."

Then, to highlight this, she referred to the SuperTruck program. She said: DOE's first two SuperTruck initiatives led to a massive leap in fuel efficiency. "This new funding triples down on . . .

a push toward electrifying trucks of all sizes, along with efforts to expand EV charging access and develop low-emission car engines.”

Large scale use of electric vehicles will not happen unless mandated by the Federal Government. This is borne out by the figures from the U.S. Energy Information Administration. The fact is that this wasteful spending is absolutely not sustainable.

Mr. Chair, I urge the adoption of my amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I yield to the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. FLEISCHMANN), the chair of the Energy and Water Subcommittee.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chair, I thank the ranking member for yielding.

On this issue I agree with Ranking Member KAPTUR. While I recognize the current administration has gone too far in pursuing its climate goals, I believe there are aspects of this program we can all support. In particular, the SuperTruck program awardees represent the largest producers of medium- and heavy-duty trucks in the United States. The potential research and development of benefits are still worthy of pursuit. For these reasons, I oppose the gentleman's amendment.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. HAGEMAN. Mr. Chair, in Wyoming, we have many instances of EV drivers getting stranded out in the cold soon after charging their vehicles. We had a California driver, just a few months ago in Riverton, who charged his vehicle enough to go 120 miles but ran out of kilovolts halfway over the mountain, about 60 miles.

On this particular occasion, it wasn't even very cold, at least not by Wyoming standards. Had he been in the same spot just a week or so earlier, he would have been stuck in minus 20-degree temperature with 60-mile-an-hour winds.

The town of Jackson just realized that paying \$1 million each for a fleet of electric buses didn't make them any more operational in our harsh winter conditions, having found out the hard way that they are unreliable and simply will not work at higher elevations and in single-digit temperatures.

The point I am making is that this transition that is being forced upon us by this administration is not only wrong-handed, it is downright dangerous.

Mr. Chair, supporting this program is not supporting fuel efficiency. It is another way to prop up the forced energy transition to unreliable resources.

For that reason, I urge the adoption of my amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Wyoming (Ms. HAGEMAN).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Wyoming will be postponed.

AMENDMENT NO. 40 OFFERED BY MS. HAGEMAN

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 40 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Ms. HAGEMAN. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. ____ None of the funds made available by this Act may be used to finalize, implement, administer, or enforce the proposed rule entitled “Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for Consumer Water Heaters” published by the Department of Energy in the Federal Register on July 28, 2023 (88 Fed. Reg. 49058).

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from Wyoming (Ms. HAGEMAN) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Wyoming.

Ms. HAGEMAN. Mr. Chair, I rise in support of my amendment No. 40 to H.R. 4394 which prohibits the use of funds to finalize, implement, administer, or enforce the tyrannical, unnecessary, and wrongheaded “Energy Conservation Standards for Consumer Water Heaters.”

In late July of this year, the office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy proposed a rule to enforce strict conservation standards for consumer water heaters, holding affordable and reliable home appliances hostage to the will of a bunch of unelected bureaucrats in the Federal Government.

All of this is being done in the name of the allegedly reducing global emissions and enforcing an energy transition that will do nothing to actually change global temperatures, either in the short or long term, but will absolutely cause a substantial increase in the cost of our appliances.

We are facing some serious crises in this country: an open border, over 8 million illegal aliens invading America, a broken supply chain, bone-crushing inflation, China spying on us from above, a war in the Middle East, et cetera.

What does this administration focus on? Making all of us poor in order to force us to use costly appliances that don't work.

This administration is incapable of addressing the real issues that are important to the American public. What do they do? They target the home appliances, tools, and vehicles that actually work, from gas stoves to water heaters, from air-conditioners to lawnmowers, from the internal combustion engine to reliable vehicles. This nonsense needs to stop.

Mr. Chair, I encourage the adoption of my amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. I rise in opposition to the gentleman's amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, first, I oppose the amendment because the Department of Energy is charged with implementing congressionally directed energy efficiency standards. They are implementing the laws we passed.

The Department of Energy drafts energy efficiency regulations with the full participation of the manufacturers and the public at large, and they do issue their guidelines and regulations for review.

The end result is people save money. They save money on water heaters. They save money on what it costs to wash clothes at home and on refrigerators.

When these standards are set forth, they also promote innovation. You get a lot of new inventions across the country, and we can see the results of that every day. The benefits are real.

As a result of the Department of Energy's efficiency actions in the past, cost savings for American families and businesses are projected to reach nearly \$2 trillion by 2030. It not only makes sense for the consumer. Frankly, it makes sense for the country because it means that the systems to supply the energy are also more efficient. It drives us to be better at what we do.

It is estimated per household the energy efficiencies achieved already have amounted to over \$6,000 of savings for every American every month when you pay every one of those bills: your gas bills, your electric bills, everything else you have to pay for in your house.

The Department of Energy estimates that this specific rule would slash household utility costs by over \$11 billion annually to save consumers \$198 billion on their energy bills over 30 years when we look at the whole. With the population growing, we have to do a better job of trying to save resources in order to make sure that everyone has the ability to access them.

Stopping the Department of Energy from finalizing, implementing, or enforcing energy efficiency standards basically is bicycling backward and will only create uncertainty for manufacturers and consumers.

For consumers, costs go up when we don't pay attention. With respect to the proposed energy efficiency standards for consumer water heaters, I urge my colleagues with concerns to participate fully in the rulemaking process, as I have done with respect to my concerns about the proposed energy efficiency standards for distribution transformers. That is appropriate. It is a response people can take to the proposed rule and companies can take.

Congress has vested the Department of Energy with the authority to promulgate these rules. Let us fully participate in the process. Let's make

America better. Let's modernize America.

Mr. Chair, I urge my colleagues to reject this amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. HAGEMAN. Mr. Chair, in this latest proposal, the administration is intentionally attempting to force an increase in the cost of water heaters for consumers and to take those water heaters that actually work off the market.

What did I call that a few minutes ago? Oh, yeah, government-imposed wretchedness.

The cost of home appliances is skyrocketing all because of this administration's war on prosperity. With new regulations, government-imposed market uncertainty, and an intentionally disrupted supply chain, there is certainly a method to their madness.

A new word and concept has been born. This administration and radical bureaucrats running it have one goal in mind, and they call it de-development. Let that sink in.

Throughout most of modern history, our political leaders have sought to improve our standard of living, to improve prosperity, and to make our everyday goods and needs more affordable, not less so, yet that is where we are now. The Biden administration is intentionally seeking to make us all poorer, to make us more dependent on the government, to take away our ability to feed, clothe, and house our families.

It is the concept of de-development that underlies the very purpose of the Energy Conservation Standards for Consumer Water Heaters. It is for that reason that we must make sure that such standards never go into effect.

More than 9 million water heaters are sold in the United States every year. What water heaters we use should be a matter of personal freedom and economic choice. Our water heater manufacturers have built the most efficient and environmentally friendly products in the world. That isn't enough, no, not when the goal is not to make our necessary appliances more affordable but when the goal is to use regulations to change human behavior.

I will say it again. When government-imposed wretchedness is not a byproduct of agency action but the purpose of the action itself, you know that you have an out-of-control government that must be starved of money. That is exactly what my amendment does. It starves these new standards of the lifeblood that they need to be weaponized against the American people.

The bottom line is this: The Biden administration doesn't care about personal freedom or economic choice, and Democrats are cheering every opportunity they get to intervene in the day-to-day lives of Americans.

Congress has the authority and responsibility to challenge the extent to which these proposed standards are both technically feasible and economically justified, and they are neither.

This administration's strategy to destroy everything that works is causing energy poverty in vulnerable communities. While powerful clean energy companies are reaping the benefits of billions and billions of dollars in Federal taxpayer subsidies, the consumers are bearing the burden of the costs.

Many Americans are already struggling to heat their homes, pay their utilities, and put food on the table, primarily because of this administration's failed energy policies. This proposed rule only worsens those problems while solving absolutely nothing.

I ask my colleagues to join me in support of freedom and economic prosperity by supporting my amendment to defund this administration's proposed rule by preventing them from finalizing, implementing, and enforcing rulemaking pertaining to energy conservation standards for consumer water heaters. This is tyranny and it needs to stop.

Mr. Chairman, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Wyoming (Ms. HAGEMAN).

The amendment was agreed to.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, proceedings will now resume on those amendments printed in part B of House Report 118-242 on which further proceedings were postponed, in the following order:

Amendment No. 3 by Mr. PERRY of Pennsylvania.

Amendment No. 12 by Mr. NEGUSE of Colorado.

Amendment No. 14 by Mr. WESTERMAN of Arkansas.

Amendment No. 15 by Mr. GRIFFITH of Virginia.

Amendment No. 16 by Mr. ROY of Texas.

Amendment No. 19 by Mr. PERRY of Pennsylvania.

Amendment No. 20 by Mr. NORMAN of South Carolina.

Amendment No. 25 by Mr. PERRY of Pennsylvania.

Amendment No. 26 by Mr. PERRY of Pennsylvania.

Amendment No. 27 by Mr. PERRY of Pennsylvania.

Amendment No. 28 by Mr. PERRY of Pennsylvania.

Amendment No. 29 by Mr. PERRY of Pennsylvania.

Amendment No. 30 by Mr. PERRY of Pennsylvania.

Amendment No. 31 by Mr. PERRY of Pennsylvania.

Amendment No. 32 by Mr. PERRY of Pennsylvania.

Amendment No. 36 by Mr. GARAMENDI of California.

Amendment No. 37 by Mr. GARAMENDI of California.

Amendment No. 39 by Ms. HAGEMAN of Wyoming.

The Chair will reduce to 2 minutes the minimum time for any electronic vote after the first vote in this series.

□ 1130

AMENDMENT NO. 3 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 3, printed in part B of House Report 118-242 offered by the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. PERRY), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 156, noes 265, not voting 17, as follows:

[Roll No. 529]

AYES—156

Alford	Fry	Miller (IL)
Allen	Fulcher	Miller (WV)
Amodei	Gaetz	Mills
Armstrong	Gallagher	Moolenaar
Arrington	Garcia, Mike	Mooney
Babin	Jimenez	Moore (AL)
Baird	Good (VA)	Moore (UT)
Balderson	Gooden (TX)	Moran
Banks	Gosar	Murphy
Barr	Granger	Nehls
Bean (FL)	Graves (MO)	Norman
Bentz	Green (TN)	Ogles
Biggs	Greene (GA)	Owens
Bilirakis	Griffith	Palmer
Bishop (NC)	Grothman	Pence
Boebert	Guest	Perry
Bost	Guthrie	Posey
Brecheen	Hageman	Reschenthaler
Buck	Harris	Rodgers (WA)
Burchett	Harshbarger	Rose
Burgess	Hern	Rosendale
Burlison	Higgins (LA)	Rouzer
Cammack	Hill	Roy
Carey	Houchin	Rutherford
Carl	Hudson	Salazar
Carter (GA)	Hunt	Scalise
Cline	Issa	Schweikert
Cloud	Jackson (TX)	Scott, Austin
Clyde	Johnson (OH)	Self
Collins	Johnson (SD)	Sessions
Comer	Jordan	Smith (MO)
Crane	Joyce (PA)	Smith (NE)
Crenshaw	Kelly (MS)	Smucker
Davidson	Kustoff	Spartz
De La Cruz	LaHood	Steil
DesJarlais	LaMalfa	Steube
Donalds	Lamborn	Strong
Duarte	Langworthy	Tenney
Duncan	Latta	Thompson (PA)
Dunn (FL)	Lee (FL)	Tiffany
Ellzey	Letlow	Timmons
Emmer	Loudermilk	Van Dwyne
Estes	Luna	Walberg
Fallon	Luttrell	Weber (TX)
Feenstra	Mann	Webster (FL)
Ferguson	Massie	Wenstrup
Finstad	Mast	Westerman
Fischbach	McCarthy	Williams (TX)
Fitzgerald	McClintock	Wilson (SC)
Flood	McCormick	Wittman
Foxx	McHenry	Yakym
Franklin, Scott	Meuser	Zinke

NOES—265

Adams	Blumenauer	Cárdenas
Aderholt	Blunt Rochester	Carson
Aguilar	Bonamici	Carter (LA)
Allred	Bowman	Carter (TX)
Auchincloss	Boyle (PA)	Cartwright
Bacon	Brown	Casar
Balint	Brownley	Case
Barragán	Buchanan	Casten
Beatty	Bucshon	Castor (FL)
Bera	Budzinski	Castro (TX)
Bergman	Bush	Chavez-DeRemer
Beyer	Calvert	Cherfilus-
Bice	Caraveo	McCormick
Bishop (GA)	Carbajal	Chu

Ciscomani
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleaver
Clyburn
Cohen
Cole
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crawford
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Curtis
D'Esposito
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DelBene
Deluzio
DeSaulnier
Diaz-Balart
Dingell
Doggett
Edwards
Escobar
Eshoo
Espallat
Evans
Ezell
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Fletcher
Foster
Foushee
Frankel, Lois
Frost
Gallego
Garbarino
Garcia (IL)
Garcia (TX)
Garcia, Robert
Goldman (NY)
Gomez
Gonzales, Tony
Gonzalez,
Vicente
González-Colón
Gottheimer
Graves (LA)
Green, Al (TX)
Grijalva
Harder (CA)
Hayes
Higgins (NY)
Himes
Hinson
Horsford
Houlahan
Hoyer
Hoyle (OR)
Huffman
Huizenga
Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jacobs
James
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)

NOT VOTING—17

Correa
Garamendi
Golden (ME)
Jackson Lee
Kelly (PA)
Lesko

□ 1158

Messrs. FOSTER, STANTON, WOMACK, CALVERT, Mrs. GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN, Mr. SARBANES, Mrs. BEATTY, and Mr. BERGMAN changed their vote from “aye” to “no.”

Messrs. GUTHRIE, KELLY of Mississippi, and ARRINGTON changed their vote from “no” to “aye.”

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Pfluger
Plaskett
Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Quigley
Radewagen
Ramirez
Raskin
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Ross
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Ryan
Sablan
Salinas
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Scholten
Schrier
Scott (VA)
Lieu
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Simpson
Slotkin
Smith (NJ)
Smith (WA)
Sorensen
Soto
Stansbury
Stanton
Staubert
Steel
Stefanik
Stevens
Strickland
Sykes
Takano
Thanedar
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Titus
Tlaib
Moulton
Tokuda
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trahan
Trone
Turner
Underwood
Valadao
Van Drew
Van Orden
Vargas
Vasquez
Veasey
Wagner
Wasserman
Schultz
Watson Coleman
Wexton
Wild
Williams (GA)
Williams (NY)
Wilson (FL)
Womack

AMENDMENT NO. 12 OFFERED BY MR. NEGUSE

The Acting CHAIR (Mr. STEUBE). The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 12, printed in part B of House Report 118–242 offered by the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. NEGUSE), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This is a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 277, noes 142, not voting 19, as follows:

[Roll No. 530]

AYES—277

Adams
Aderholt
Aguiar
Allred
Amodei
Armstrong
Auchincloss
Balint
Barr
Barragán
Beatty
Bera
Bergman
Beyer
Bishop (GA)
Blumenauer
Blunt Rochester
Boebert
Bonamici
Bost
Boncz
Bowman
Boyle (PA)
Brown
Brownley
Buck
Budzinski
Bush
Calvert
Caraveo
Carbajal
Cárdenas
Carey
Carson
Carter (LA)
Cartwright
Casar
Case
Casten
Castor (FL)
Castro (TX)
Chavez-DeRemer
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Chu
Ciscomani
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleaver
Clyburn
Cohen
Cole
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crenshaw
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DelBene
Deluzio
DeSaulnier
DesJarlais
Diaz-Balart
Dingell
Doggett
Donalds
Escobar
Eshoo
Espallat
Estes
Evans
Fitzgerald
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Fletcher
Foster
Foushee
Frankel, Lois
Frost
Fry
Gaetz
Gallego
Garamendi
Garcia (IL)
Garcia (TX)
Garcia, Mike
Garcia, Robert
Gimenez
Goldman (NY)
Gomez
Gonzalez,
Vicente
Gottheimer
Graves (LA)
Gimenez
Goldman (NY)
Gomez
Gonzalez,
Vicente
Gottheimer
Graves (LA)
Green, Al (TX)
Greene (GA)
Griffith
Grijalva
Guest
Hageman
Harder (CA)
Hayes
Higgins (LA)
Higgins (NY)
Hill
Himes
Hinson
Horsford
Houlahan
Hoyer
Hoyle (OR)
Hudson
Huffman
Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jacobs
James
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)
Kamlager-Dove
Kaptur
Kean (NJ)
Keating
Kelly (IL)
Khanna
Kildee
Kiley
Kilmer
Kim (NJ)
Krishnamoorthi
Kuster
Lamborn
Landsman
Langworthy
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)
LaTurner
Lawler
Lee (CA)
Lee (NV)
Lee (PA)
Leger Fernandez
Letlow
Levin
Lieu
Lofgren
Luetkemeyer
Luna
Lynch
Mace
Magaziner
Manning
Matsui
McBath
McCaul
McClellan
McCollum
McGarvey
McGovern
Meeks
Menendez
Meng
Meuser
Mfume
Miller-Meeks
Molinaro
Moore (WI)
Moran
Morelle
Moskowitz
Moulton
Mrvan
Mullin
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Neguse
Nickel
Norcross
Norton
Obernolte
Ocasio-Cortez
Ogles
Omar
Pallone
Panetta
Pappas
Pascarell
Payne
Pelosi
Peltola
Perez

Peters
Pettersen
Plaskett
Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Quigley
Ramirez
Raskin
Rogers (AL)
Rose
Ross
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Rutherford
Ryan
Sablan
Salazar
Salinas
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scalise
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Scholten
Schrier
Scott (VA)
Scott, Austin
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Simpson
Slotkin
Smith (MO)
Smith (NE)
Smith (WA)
Smucker
Sorensen
Soto
Spanberger
Stansbury
Stanton
Staubert
Steil
Stevens
Strickland
Sykes
Takano
Thanedar
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)

NOES—142

Alford
Allen
Arrington
Babin
Bacon
Baird
Balderson
Banks
Bean (FL)
Bentz
Biggs
Bilirakis
Bishop (NC)
Brecheen
Bucshon
Burchett
Burgess
Burlison
Cammack
Carl
Carter (GA)
Carter (TX)
Cline
Cloud
Clyde
Collins
Comer
Crane
Crawford
Curtis
D'Esposito
Davidson
De La Cruz
Duarte
Duncan
Dunn (FL)
Edwards
Ellzey
Emmer
Ezell
Fallon
Feenstra
Ferguson
Finstad
Fischbach
Flood
Foxy
Franklin, Scott
Fulcher
Gallagher
Garbarino
Gonzales, Tony
Gonzalez-Colón
Good (VA)
Gooden (TX)
Gosar
Granger
Graves (MO)
Green (TN)
Grothman
Guthrie
Harris
Harshbarger
Hern
Houchin
Hunt
Issa
Jackson (TX)
Johnson (OH)
Johnson (SD)
Jordan
Joyce (PA)
Kelly (MS)
Kiggans (VA)
Kim (CA)
Kustoff
LaHood
LaLota
LaMalfa
Latta
Lee (FL)
Loudermilk
Lucas
Luttrell
Malliotakis
Mann
Massie
Mast
McCarthy
McClain
McClintock
McCormick
McHenry
Miller (IL)
Miller (WV)
Mills
Moolenaar
Mooney
Moore (AL)
Moore (UT)
Murphy
Nehls
Newhouse
Norman
Nunn (IA)
Owens
Palmer
Pence
Perry
Pfluger
Posey
Radewagen
Reschenthaler
Rogers (KY)
Rosendale
Rouzer
Roy
Schweikert
Self
Sessions
Smith (NJ)
Spartz
Steel
Stefanik
Steube
Strong
Tennet
Tiffany
Timmons
Valadao
Van Dyne
Van Orden
Walberg
Weber (TX)
Webster (FL)
Westerman
Williams (NY)
Williams (TX)
Wilson (SC)
Wittman
Womack
Zinke

NOT VOTING—19

Bice
Buchanan
Correa
Golden (ME)
Huizenga
Jackson Lee
Joyce (OH)
Kelly (PA)
Lesko
Miller (OH)
Moylan
Phillips
Pingree
Rodgers (WA)

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote). There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1202

Mses. GARCIA of Texas, BLUNT ROCHESTER, and WATERS changed their vote from “no” to “aye.”

So the amendment was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Stated against:

Mr. HUIZENGA. Mr. Chair, had I been present for rollcall vote No. 530, on Agreeing to the Amendment, I would have voted “no.”

AMENDMENT NO. 14 OFFERED BY MR. WESTERMAN

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 14, printed in part B of House Report 118-242 offered by the gentleman from Arkansas (Mr. WESTERMAN), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 212, noes 213, not voting 13, as follows:

[Roll No. 531]

AYES—212

Aderholt	Ferguson	Lee (FL)
Alford	Finstad	Letlow
Allen	Fischbach	Loudermilk
Amodei	Fitzgerald	Lucas
Armstrong	Fleischmann	Luetkemeyer
Arrington	Flood	Luna
Babin	Fox	Luttrell
Bacon	Franklin, Scott	Mace
Baird	Fry	Malliotakis
Balderson	Fulcher	Mann
Banks	Gaetz	Massie
Barr	Gallagher	Mast
Bean (FL)	Garbarino	McCarthy
Bentz	Garcia, Mike	McCaul
Bergman	Gimenez	McClain
Bice	Gonzales, Tony	McClintock
Biggs	Gonzalez-Colon	McCormick
Billirakis	Good (VA)	McHenry
Bishop (NC)	Gooden (TX)	Meuser
Boebert	Gosar	Miller (IL)
Bost	Granger	Miller (WV)
Brecheen	Graves (LA)	Miller-Meeks
Buchanan	Graves (MO)	Mills
Buck	Green (TN)	Moolenaar
Bucshon	Greene (GA)	Mooney
Burchett	Griffith	Moore (AL)
Burgess	Grothman	Moore (UT)
Burlison	Guest	Moran
Calvert	Guthrie	Murphy
Cammack	Hageman	Nehls
Carey	Harris	Newhouse
Carl	Harshbarger	Norman
Carter (GA)	Hern	Nunn (IA)
Carter (TX)	Higgins (LA)	Oberholte
Ciscomani	Hill	Ogles
Cline	Hinson	Owens
Cloud	Houchin	Palmer
Clyde	Hudson	Pence
Cole	Huizenga	Perry
Collins	Hunt	Pfleger
Comer	Issa	Posey
Crane	Jackson (TX)	Radewagen
Crawford	James	Reschenthaler
Crenshaw	Johnson (OH)	Rogers (AL)
Curtis	Johnson (SD)	Rogers (KY)
D'Esposito	Jordan	Rose
Davidson	Joyce (OH)	Rosendale
De La Cruz	Joyce (PA)	Rouzer
DesJarlais	Kean (NJ)	Roy
Diaz-Balart	Kelly (MS)	Rutherford
Donalds	Kiggans (VA)	Salazar
Duarte	Kiley	Scalise
Duncan	Kim (CA)	Schweikert
Dunn (FL)	Kustoff	Scott, Austin
Edwards	LaHood	Self
Ellzey	LaMalfa	Sessions
Emmer	Lamborn	Simpson
Estes	Langworthy	Smith (MO)
Ezell	Latta	Smith (NE)
Fallon	LaTurner	Smith (NJ)
Feenstra	Lawler	Smucker

Spartz
Stauber
Steel
Stefanik
Steil
Steube
Strong
Tenney
Thompson (PA)
Tiffany

Adams
Aguilar
Allred
Auchincloss
Balint
Barragan
Beatty
Bera
Beyer
Bishop (GA)
Blumenauer
Blunt Rochester
Bonamici
Bowman
Boyce (PA)
Brown
Brownley
Budzinski
Bush
Caraveo
Carbajal
Cardenas
Carson
Carter (LA)
Cartwright
Casar
Case
Casten
Castor (FL)
Castro (TX)
Chavez-DeRemer
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Chu
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleaver
Clyburn
Cohen
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DeBene
Deluzio
DeSaulnier
Dingell
Doggett
Escobar
Espallat
Evans
Fitzpatrick
Fletcher
Foster
Foushee
Frankel, Lois
Frost
Gallego
Garamendi
Garcia (IL)
Garcia (TX)
Garcia, Robert

Correa
Golden (ME)
Jackson Lee
Kelly (PA)
Lesko

Timmons
Turner
Valadao
Van Drew
Van Dyne
Van Orden
Wagner
Walberg
Weber (TX)
Webster (FL)

NOES—213

Goldman (NY)
Gomez
Gonzalez,
Vicente
Gottheimer
Green, Al (TX)
Grijalva
Harder (CA)
Hayes
Higgins (NY)
Himes
Horsford
Houlahan
Hoyer
Hoyle (OR)
Huffman
Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jacobs
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)
Kamlager-Dove
Kaptur
Keating
Kelly (IL)
Khanna
Kildee
Kilmer
Kim (NJ)
Krishnamoorthi
Kuster
LaLota
Landsman
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)
Lee (CA)
Lee (NV)
Lee (PA)
Leger Fernandez
Levin
Lieu
Lofgren
Lynch
Magaziner
Manning
Matsui
McBath
McClellan
McCollum
McGarvey
McGovern
Meeks
Menendez
Meng
Mfume
Molinaro
Moore (WI)
Morelle
Moskowitz
Moulton
Mrvan
Mullin
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Neguse
Nickel
Norcross
Norton
Ocasio-Cortez

NOT VOTING—13

Miller (OH)
Moylan
Phillips
Pingree
Rodgers (WA)

Wenstrup
Westerman
Williams (NY)
Williams (TX)
Wilson (SC)
Wittman
Womack
Yakym
Zinke

Omar
Pallone
Panetta
Pappas
Pascrell
Payne
Pelosi
Peltola
Perez
Peters
Pettersen
Plaskett
Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Quigley
Ramirez
Raskin
Ross
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Ryan
Sablan
Salinas
Sanchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Scholten
Schrier
Scott (VA)
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Slotkin
Smith (WA)
Sorensen
Soto
Spanberger
Stansbury
Stanton
Stevens
Strickland
Sykes
Takano
Thanedar
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Titus
Tlaib
Tokuda
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trahan
Trone
Underwood
Vargas
Vasquez
Veasey
Velazquez
Wasserman
Schultz
Waters
Watson Coleman
Wexton
Wild
Williams (GA)
Wilson (FL)

Santos
Swallow
Waltz

□ 1207

Mr. CISCOMANI changed his vote from “no” to “aye.”

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 15 OFFERED BY MR. GRIFFITH

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 15, printed in part B of House Report 118-242 offered by the gentleman from Virginia (Mr. GRIFFITH), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 161, noes 257, not voting 20, as follows:

[Roll No. 532]

AYES—161

Aderholt	Gonzales, Tony	Mooney
Alford	Good (VA)	Moore (AL)
Allen	Gooden (TX)	Moran
Armstrong	Gosar	Murphy
Arrington	Graves (LA)	Nehls
Babin	Green (TN)	Norman
Balderson	Greene (GA)	Oberholte
Banks	Griffith	Ogles
Barr	Grothman	Owens
Bean (FL)	Guest	Palmer
Bentz	Guthrie	Pence
Biggs	Hageman	Perry
Billirakis	Harris	Pfleger
Bishop (NC)	Harshbarger	Posey
Boebert	Hern	Reschenthaler
Bost	Hill	Rogers (AL)
Brecheen	Houchin	Rogers (KY)
Buck	Hudson	Rose
Bucshon	Huizenga	Rosendale
Burchett	Hunt	Roy
Burgess	Issa	Salazar
Burlison	Jackson (TX)	Scalise
Cammack	Johnson (OH)	Schweikert
Carey	Johnson (SD)	Self
Carl	Jordan	Sessions
Carter (GA)	Joyce (PA)	Smith (MO)
Carter (TX)	Kelly (MS)	Smucker
Ciscomani	Kustoff	Spartz
Cline	Clyde	Stauber
Cloud	Cole	Steel
Clyde	Collins	Stefanik
Cole	Comer	Steube
Collins	Crane	Strong
Comer	Crawford	Tenney
Crane	Davidson	Thompson (PA)
Crawford	De La Cruz	Tiffany
Crenshaw	Duarte	Timmons
Curtis	Duncan	Van Drew
D'Esposito	Edwards	Van Dyne
Davidson	Ellzey	Van Orden
De La Cruz	Emmer	Walberg
DesJarlais	Estes	Weber (TX)
Diaz-Balart	Ezell	Webster (FL)
Donalds	Fallon	Wenstrup
Duarte	Ferguson	Westerman
Duncan	Finstad	Williams (NY)
Dunn (FL)	Fischbach	Williams (TX)
Edwards	Fitzgerald	Wilson (SC)
Ellzey	Franklin, Scott	Wittman
Emmer	Fry	Womack
Estes	Fulcher	Yakym
Ezell	Gaetz	Zinke
Fallon	Gallagher	
Feenstra	Gimenez	

NOES—257

Adams
Aguilar
Allred

Amodei
Auchincloss
Balint
Barragan

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

Beatty
Bera
Bergman
Beyer
Bice
Bishop (GA)
Blumenauer
Blunt Rochester
Bonamici
Bowman
Boyle (PA)
Brown
Brownley
Buchanan
Budzinski
Bush
Calvert
Caraveo
Carbajal
Cárdenas
Carson
Carter (LA)
Carter (TX)
Cartwright
Casar
Case
Casten
Castor (FL)
Castro (TX)
Chavez-DeRemer
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Chu
Ciscomani
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleaver
Clyburn
Cohen
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Curtis
D'Esposito
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DelBene
Deluzio
DeSaulnier
DesJarlais
Diaz-Balart
Dingell
Doggett
Dunn (FL)
Escobar
Eshoo
Espallat
Evans
Feenstra
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Fletcher
Flood
Foster
Foushee
Foxy
Frankel, Lois
Frost
Gallego
Garamendi
Garbarino
Garcia (IL)
Garcia (TX)
Garcia, Mike
Garcia, Robert
Goldman (NY)

NOT VOTING—20

Correa
Crenshaw
Donalds
Golden (ME)
González-Colón
Higgins (LA)
Jackson Lee

Kelly (PA)
Lesko
Miller (OH)
Moylan
Phillips
Pingree
Radewagen

Norcross
Norton
Nunn (IA)
Ocasio-Cortez
Omar
Pallone
Panetta
Pappas
Pascarell
Payne
Pelosi
Peltola
Perez
Peters
Pettersen
Plaskett
Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Quigley
Ramirez
Raskin
Ross
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Rutherford
Ryan
Sablan
Salinas
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schiff
Schneider
Scholten
Schrier
Scott (VA)
Scott, Austin
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Simpson
Slotkin
Smith (NE)
Smith (NJ)
Smith (WA)
Sorensen
Soto
Spanberger
Stansbury
Stanton
Stevens
Strickland
Sykes
Takano
Thanedar
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Titus
Tlaib
Tokuda
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trahan
Trone
Turner
Underwood
Valadao
Vargas
Vasquez
Veasey
Velázquez
Wagner
Wasserman
Schultz
Waters
Watson Coleman
Wexton
Wild
Williams (GA)
Wilson (FL)

□ 1210

So the amendment was rejected.
The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mrs. RODGERS of Washington. Mr. Chair, I was absent from votes on the floor earlier today. Had I been present, I would have voted “no” on rollcall No. 530, “aye” on rollcall No. 531, and “aye” on rollcall No. 532.

AMENDMENT NO. 16 OFFERED BY MR. ROY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 16, printed in part B of House Report 118-242 offered by the gentleman from Texas (Mr. Roy), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 137, noes 287, not voting 14, as follows:

[Roll No. 533]

AYES—137

Alford
Allen
Armstrong
Arrington
Babin
Balderson
Banks
Barr
Bean (FL)
Bentz
Biggs
Bilirakis
Bishop (NC)
Boebert
Bost
Brecheen
Buck
Burchett
Burgess
Cammack
Carey
Carl
Cline
Cloud
Clyde
Collins
Comer
Crane
Crawford
D'Esposito
Davidson
De La Cruz
DesJarlais
Donalds
Duarte
Duncan
Edwards
Elizay
Emmer
Ezell
Fallon
Ferguson
Finstad
Fischbach
Fitzgerald
Foxy

NOES—287

Adams
Aguilar
Allred
Amodei
Auchincloss
Bacon
Baird
Balint
Barragán
Beatty
Miller (WV)
Mills
Mooney
Moore (AL)
Moran
Murphy
Nehls
Norman
Ogles
Owens
Palmer
Pence
Perry
Pfluger
Posey
Reschenthaler
Rodgers (WA)
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Rose
Rosendale
Rouzer
Roy
Scalise
Schweikert
Self
Sessions
Smith (MO)
Spartz
Staubert
Stefanik
Steube
Strong
Tiffany
Timmmons
Van Drew
Van Duyne
Walberg
Weber (TX)
Webster (FL)
Wenstrup
Westerman
Williams (TX)
Wilson (SC)
Wittman

Blumenauer
Blunt Rochester
Bonamici
Bowman
Boyle (PA)
Brown
Brownley
Buchanan
Bucshon
Budzinski
Burlison
Bush
Calvert
Caraveo
Carbajal
Cárdenas
Carson
Carter (GA)
Carter (LA)
Carter (TX)
Cartwright
Casar
Case
Casten
Castor (FL)
Castro (TX)
Chavez-DeRemer
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Chu
Ciscomani
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleaver
Clyburn
Cohen
Cole
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crenshaw
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Curtis
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DelBene
Deluzio
DeSaulnier
Diaz-Balart
Dingell
Doggett
Dunn (FL)
Escobar
Eshoo
Espallat
Estes
Evans
Feenstra
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Fletcher
Flood
Foster
Foushee
Frankel, Lois
Frost
Gallego
Garamendi
Garbarino
Garcia (IL)
Garcia (TX)
Garcia, Mike
Garcia, Robert
Gimenez
Goldman (NY)
Gomez
Gonzales, Tony
Gonzalez,
Vicente
González-Colón
Gottheimer
Granger
Graves (LA)
Green, Al (TX)
Griffith

NOT VOTING—14

Aderholt
Correa
Golden (ME)
Jackson Lee
Kelly (PA)
Lesko
Miller (OH)
Moylan
Phillips
Pingree

Omar
Pallone
Panetta
Pappas
Pascarell
Payne
Pelosi
Peltola
Perez
Peters
Pettersen
Plaskett
Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Quigley
Radewagen
Ramirez
Raskin
Ross
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Rutherford
Ryan
Sablan
Salazar
Salinas
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Scholten
Schrier
Scott (VA)
Scott, Austin
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Simpson
Slotkin
Smith (NE)
Smith (WA)
Smucker
Sorensen
Soto
Spanberger
Stansbury
Stanton
Steel
Steil
Stevens
Strickland
Sykes
Takano
Tenney
Thanedar
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Thompson (PA)
Titus
Tlaib
Tokuda
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trahan
Trone
Turner
Underwood
Valadao
Van Orden
Vargas
Vasquez
Veasey
Velázquez
Wagner
Wasserman
Schultz
Waters
Watson Coleman
Wexton
Wild
Williams (GA)
Williams (NY)
Wilson (FL)
Womack
Yakym
Zinke

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR
The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1213

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 19 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on amendment No. 19, printed in
part B of House Report 118–242 offered
by the gentleman from Pennsylvania
(Mr. PERRY), on which further pro-
ceedings were postponed and on which
the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 135, noes 284,
not voting 19, as follows:

[Roll No. 534]

AYES—135

Alford	Gaetz	Miller (WV)
Allen	Gonzales, Tony	Mills
Arrington	Good (VA)	Mooney
Babin	Gooden (TX)	Moore (AL)
Balderson	Gosar	Moran
Banks	Green (TN)	Murphy
Barr	Greene (GA)	Nehls
Bean (FL)	Griffith	Norman
Biggs	Grothman	Ogles
Bilirakis	Guest	Owens
Bishop (NC)	Guthrie	Palmer
Boebert	Hageman	Pence
Bost	Harris	Perry
Brecheen	Harshbarger	Pfluger
Buck	Hern	Posey
Burchett	Higgins (LA)	Reschenthaler
Burgess	Hill	Rogers (KY)
Burlison	Houchin	Rose
Cammack	Hudson	Rosendale
Carey	Huizenga	Rouzer
Carl	Hunt	Roy
Cline	Jackson (TX)	Scalise
Cloud	Johnson (OH)	Schweikert
Clyde	Johnson (SD)	Self
Collins	Jordan	Sessions
Comer	Joyce (PA)	Smith (MO)
Crane	Kelly (MS)	Smith (NJ)
Crawford	Kustoff	Smucker
Davidson	LaHood	Spartz
De La Cruz	LaMalfa	Stauber
DesJarlais	Lamborn	Stefanik
Donalds	Langworthy	Steube
Duncan	Latta	Strong
Ellzey	Lucas	Tenney
Emmer	Luna	Thompson (PA)
Ezell	Luttrell	Tiffany
Fallon	Mace	Timmons
Ferguson	Malliotakis	Van Drew
Finstad	Massie	Van Duyne
Fischbach	McCarthy	Walberg
Fitzgerald	McClain	Weber (TX)
Foxx	McClintock	Webster (FL)
Franklin, Scott	McCormick	Williams (TX)
Fry	Meuser	Wilson (SC)
Fulcher	Miller (IL)	Wittman

NOES—284

Adams	Barragán	Bowman
Aderholt	Beatty	Boyle (PA)
Aguilar	Bentz	Brown
Allred	Bergman	Brownley
Amodei	Beyer	Buchanan
Armstrong	Bice	Bucshon
Auchincloss	Bishop (GA)	Budzinski
Bacon	Blumenauer	Bush
Baird	Blunt Rochester	Calvert
Balint	Bonomici	Caraveo

Carbajal	Houlahan	Payne
Cárdenas	Hoyer	Pelosi
Carson	Hoyle (OR)	Peltola
Carter (GA)	Huffman	Perez
Carter (LA)	Issa	Peters
Carter (TX)	Ivey	Pettersen
Cartwright	Jackson (IL)	Plaskett
Casar	Jackson (NC)	Pocan
Case	Jacobs	Porter
Casten	James	Pressley
Castro (TX)	Jayapal	Quigley
Chavez-DeRemer	Jeffries	Radewagen
Cherfilus-	Johnson (GA)	Ramirez
McCormick	Joyce (OH)	Raskin
Chu	Kamlager-Dove	Rodgers (WA)
Ciscomani	Kaptur	Rogers (AL)
Clark (MA)	Kean (NJ)	Ross
Clarke (NY)	Keating	Ruiz
Cleaver	Kelly (IL)	Ruppersberger
Clyburn	Khanna	Rutherford
Cohen	Kiggans (VA)	Ryan
Cole	Killdeer	Sablan
Connolly	Kiley	Salazar
Costa	Kilmer	Salinas
Courtney	Kim (CA)	Sánchez
Craig	Kim (NJ)	Scanlon
Crenshaw	Krishnamoorthi	Schakowsky
Crockett	Kuster	Schiff
Crow	LaLota	Schneider
Cuellar	Landsman	Scholten
Curtis	Larsen (WA)	Schrier
D'Esposito	Larson (CT)	Scott (VA)
Daids (KS)	LaTurner	Scott, Austin
Davis (IL)	Lawler	Scott, David
Davis (NC)	Lee (CA)	Sherman
Dean (PA)	Lee (FL)	Sherrill
DeGette	Lee (PA)	Simpson
DeLauro	Leger Fernandez	Slotkin
DeBene	Letlow	Smith (NE)
Deluzio	Levin	Smith (WA)
DeSaulnier	Lieu	Sorensen
Diaz-Balart	Lofgren	Soto
Dingell	Luetkemeyer	Spanberger
Doggett	Lynch	Stansbury
Duarte	Magaziner	Stanton
Dunn (FL)	Mann	Steel
Edwards	Manning	Steil
Escobar	Mast	Stevens
Eshoo	Matsui	Strickland
Espallat	McBath	Sykes
Estes	McCauley	Takano
Evans	McClellan	Thanedar
Feenstra	McCollum	Thompson (CA)
Fitzpatrick	McGarvey	Thompson (MS)
Fleischmann	McGovern	Titus
Fletcher	McHenry	Tlaib
Flood	Meeke	Tokuda
Foster	Menendez	Tonko
Foushee	Meng	Torres (CA)
Frankel, Lois	Mfume	Torres (NY)
Frost	Miller-Meeks	Trahan
Gallagher	Molinaro	Trone
Galleo	Moolenaar	Turner
Garamendi	Moore (UT)	Underwood
Garbarino	Moore (WI)	Valadao
Garcia (IL)	Morelle	Van Orden
Garcia (TX)	Moskowitz	Vargas
Garcia, Mike	Moulton	Vasquez
Garcia, Robert	Mrvan	Veasey
Gimenez	Mullin	Velázquez
Goldman (NY)	Nader	Wagner
Gomez	Napolitano	Wasserman
Gonzalez,	Neal	Schultz
Vicente	Neguse	Waters
González-Colón	Newhouse	Watson Coleman
Gottheimer	Nickel	Wenstrup
Granger	Norcross	Westerman
Graves (LA)	Norton	Wexton
Graves (MO)	Nunn (IA)	Wild
Green, Al (TX)	Oberholte	Williams (GA)
Grijalva	Ocasio-Cortez	Williams (NY)
Harder (CA)	Omar	Wilson (FL)
Hayes	Pallone	Womack
Higgins (NY)	Panetta	Yakym
Himes	Pappas	Zinke
Hinson	Pascrell	

NOT VOTING—19

Bera	Lee (NV)	Santos
Castor (FL)	Lesko	Sarbanes
Correa	Loudermilk	Sewell
Golden (ME)	Miller (OH)	Swalwell
Horsford	Moylan	Waltz
Jackson Lee	Phillips	
Kelly (PA)	Pingree	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1217

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

Stated against:

Mr. BERA. Mr. Chair, I missed one vote
today. Had I been present, I would have voted
“no” on rollcall No. 534.

AMENDMENT NO. 20 OFFERED BY MR. NORMAN

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on amendment No. 20, printed in
part B of House Report 118–242 offered
by the gentleman from South Carolina
(Mr. NORMAN), on which further pro-
ceedings were postponed and on which
the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 105, noes 319,
not voting 14, as follows:

[Roll No. 535]

AYES—105

Alford	Fulcher	McClintock
Allen	Gaetz	Miller (IL)
Banks	Good (VA)	Miller (WV)
Bean (FL)	Gooden (TX)	Mills
Biggs	Gosar	Mooney
Bilirakis	Green (TN)	Moore (AL)
Bishop (NC)	Greene (GA)	Moran
Boebert	Griffith	Nehls
Bost	Grothman	Norman
Brecheen	Guest	Ogles
Buck	Hageman	Owens
Burchett	Harris	Palmer
Burlison	Harshbarger	Perry
Cammack	Hern	Posey
Carey	Higgins (LA)	Rodgers (WA)
Carl	Houchin	Rose
Cline	Hudson	Rosendale
Cloud	Hunt	Rouzer
Clyde	Issa	Roy
Collins	Jackson (TX)	Scalise
Comer	Johnson (OH)	Schweikert
Crane	Johnson (SD)	Self
Davidson	Jordan	Sessions
De La Cruz	Kelly (MS)	Stauber
DesJarlais	Kustoff	Steube
Donalds	LaMalfa	Strong
Duncan	Langworthy	Tiffany
Ellzey	Loudermilk	Timmons
Estes	Luna	Van Drew
Ezell	Luttrell	Webster (FL)
Fallon	Mace	Westerman
Ferguson	Mann	Williams (TX)
Fischbach	Massie	Wilson (SC)
Foxx	Mast	Wittman
Fry	McClain	Yakym

NOES—319

Adams	Beyer	Carson
Aderholt	Bice	Carter (GA)
Aguilar	Bishop (GA)	Carter (LA)
Allred	Blumenauer	Carter (TX)
Amodei	Blunt Rochester	Cartwright
Armstrong	Bonomici	Casar
Arrington	Bowman	Case
Auchincloss	Boyle (PA)	Casten
Babin	Brown	Castor (FL)
Bacon	Brownley	Castro (TX)
Baird	Buchanan	Chavez-DeRemer
Balderson	Bucshon	Cherfilus-
Balint	Budzinski	McCormick
Barr	Burgess	Chu
Barragán	Bush	Ciscomani
Beatty	Calvert	Clark (MA)
Bentz	Caraveo	Clarke (NY)
Bera	Carbajal	Cleaver
Bergman	Cárdenas	Clyburn

Cohen
Cole
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crawford
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Curtis
D'Esposito
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DeBene
Deluzio
DeSaulnier
Diaz-Balart
Dingell
Doggett
Duarte
Dunn (FL)
Edwards
Emmer
Escobar
Eshoo
Espallat
Evans
Feenstra
Finstad
Fitzgerald
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Fletcher
Flood
Foster
Foushee
Frankel, Lois
Franklin, Scott
Frost
Gallagher
Gallego
Garamendi
Garbarino
Garcia (IL)
Garcia (TX)
Garcia, Mike
Garcia, Robert
Gimenez
Goldman (NY)
Gomez
Gonzales, Tony
Gonzalez, Vicente
González-Colón
Gottheimer
Granger
Graves (LA)
Graves (MO)
Green, Al (TX)
Grijalva
Guthrie
Harder (CA)
Hayes
Higgins (NY)
Hill
Himes
Hinson
Horsford
Houlahan
Hoyer
Hoyle (OR)
Huffman
Huizenga
Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jacobs
James
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)
Joyce (OH)
Joyce (PA)
Kamlager-Dove

Kaptur
Kean (NJ)
Keating
Kelly (IL)
Khanna
Kiggans (VA)
Kildee
Kiley
Kilmer
Kim (CA)
Kim (NJ)
Krishnamoorthi
Kuster
LaHood
LaLota
Lamborn
Landsman
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)
Latta
LaTurner
Lawler
Lee (CA)
Lee (FL)
Lee (NV)
Lee (PA)
Leger Fernandez
Letlow
Levin
Lieu
Lofgren
Lucas
Luetkemeyer
Lynch
Magaziner
Malliotakis
Manning
Matsui
McBath
McCarthy
McCaul
McClellan
McCollum
McCormick
McGarvey
McGovern
McHenry
Meeks
Menendez
Meng
Meuser
Mfume
Miller-Meeks
Molinaro
Moolenaar
Moore (UT)
Moore (WI)
Morelle
Moskowitz
Moulton
Mrvan
Mullin
Murphy
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Neguse
Newhouse
Nickel
Norcross
Norton
Nunn (IA)
Obenrolte
Ocasio-Cortez
Omar
Pallone
Panetta
Pappas
Pascrell
Payne
Pelosi
Peltola
Pence
Perez
Peters
Pettersen
Pluger
Plaskett
Pocan

Porter
Pressley
Quigley
Radewagen
Ramirez
Raskin
Reschenthaler
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Ross
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Rutherford
Ryan
Sablan
Salazar
Salinas
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Scholten
Schrier
Scott (VA)
Scott, Austin
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Simpson
Slotkin
Smith (MO)
Smith (NE)
Smith (NJ)
Smith (WA)
Smucker
Sorensen
Soto
Spanberger
Stansbury
Stanton
Steel
Stefanik
Steil
Stevens
Strickland
Sykes
Takano
Tenney
Thanedar
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Thompson (PA)
Titus
Tlaib
Tokuda
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Cammack
Torres (NY)
Trahan
Cline
Cloud
Clyde
Comer
Crane
Crawford
Davidson
De La Cruz
Donalds
Duncan
Dunn (FL)
Ellzey
Emmer
Wagner
Walberg
Wasserman
Schultz
Fallon
Feenstra
Waters
Watson Coleman
Finstad
Fischbach
Fitzgerald
Zinke

NOT VOTING—14

Correa
Crenshaw
Golden (ME)
Jackson Lee
Kelly (PA)

Lesko
Miller (OH)
Moylan
Phillips
Pingree

Santos
Spartz
Swalwell
Waltz

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR
The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1220

Mr. GUTHRIE changed his vote from
“aye” to “no.”

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 25 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on amendment No. 25, printed in
part B of House Report 118-242 offered
by the gentleman from Pennsylvania
(Mr. PERRY), on which further pro-
ceedings were postponed and on which
the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 115, noes 306,
not voting 17, as follows:

[Roll No. 536]

AYES—115

Alford
Allen
Arrington
Babin
Gaetz
Banks
Bean (FL)
Biggs
Bilirakis
Bishop (NC)
Boebert
Hageman
Bost
Brecheen
Buchanan
Buck
Burchett
Burgess
Burlison
Hudson
Huizenga
Carter (GA)
Hunt
Issa
Jackson (TX)
Johnson (SD)
Jordan
LaHood
LaMalfa
Lamborn
Loudermilk
Luna
Mace
Mann
Massie
Mast
McCarthy
McClintock
McCormick
Miller (IL)
Mills
Mooney
Moore (AL)

Foxx
Franklin, Scott
Fulcher
Gaetz
Gallagher
Good (VA)
Gooden (TX)
Gosar
Green (TN)
Greene (GA)
Perry
Pfluger
Posey
Rodgers (WA)
Rosendale
Rouzer
Roy
Rutherford
Salazar
Scalise
Schweikert
Self
Sessions
Spartz
Steil
Steube
Tiffany
Timmons
Van Drew
Van Duyne
Weber (TX)
Webster (FL)
Westerman
Williams (TX)
Wilson (SC)
Wittman
Yakym
Zinke

Moore (UT)
Moran
Murphy
Nehls
Norman
Nunn (IA)
Ogles
Owens
Palmer
Perry
Pfluger
Posey
Rodgers (WA)
Rosendale
Rouzer
Roy
Rutherford
Salazar
Scalise
Schweikert
Self
Sessions
Spartz
Steil
Steube
Tiffany
Timmons
Van Drew
Van Duyne
Weber (TX)
Webster (FL)
Westerman
Williams (TX)
Wilson (SC)
Wittman
Yakym
Zinke

NOES—306

Adams
Aderholt
Aguilar
Allred
Amodei
Armstrong
Auchincloss
Bacon
Baird
Balderson
Balint
Bowman
Boyle (PA)
Brown

Beatty
Bentz
Bera
Bergman
Beyer
Bice
Bishop (GA)
Blumenauer
Blunt Rochester
Bonamici
Bowman
Boyle (PA)
Brown

Brownley
Bucshon
Budzinski
Bush
Caraveo
Carbajal
Cárdenas
Carey
Carl
Carson
Carter (LA)
Carter (TX)
Cartwright

Casar
Case
Casten
Castor (FL)
Castro (TX)
Chavez-DeRemer
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Chu
Ciscomani
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleaver
Clyburn
Cohen
Cole
Collins
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crenshaw
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Curtis
D'Esposito
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DeBene
Deluzio
DeSaulnier
DesJarlais
Diaz-Balart
Dingell
Doggett
Duarte
Edwards
Escobar
Eshoo
Espallat
Evans
Ezell
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Fletcher
Flood
Foster
Foushee
Frankel, Lois
Frost
Fry
Gallego
Garamendi
Garbarino
Garcia (IL)
Garcia (TX)
Garcia, Mike
Garcia, Robert
Gimenez
Goldman (NY)
Gomez
Gonzales, Tony
Gonzalez, Vicente
González-Colón
Gottheimer
Granger
Graves (LA)
Graves (MO)
Green, Al (TX)
Grijalva
Guthrie
Harder (CA)
Harshbarger
Hayes
Higgins (NY)
Himes
Hinson
Horsford
Houlahan
Hoyer
Hoyle (OR)
Huffman

Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jacobs
James
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)
Joyce (OH)
Joyce (PA)
Kamlager-Dove
Kaptur
Kean (NJ)
Keating
Kelly (IL)
Kelly (MS)
Khanna
Kiggans (VA)
Kildee
Kiley
Kilmer
Kim (CA)
Kim (NJ)
Krishnamoorthi
Kuster
Kustoff
LaLota
Landsman
Langworthy
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)
Latta
LaTurner
Lawler
Lee (CA)
Lee (FL)
Lee (NV)
Lee (PA)
Leger Fernandez
Letlow
Levin
Lieu
Lofgren
Lucas
Luetkemeyer
Luttrell
Lynch
Magaziner
Malliotakis
Manning
Matsui
McBath
McCaul
McClain
McClellan
McCollum
McGarvey
McGovern
Meeks
Menendez
Meng
Meuser
Mfume
Miller-Meeks
Molinaro
Moolenaar
Moore (WI)
Morelle
Moskowitz
Moulton
Mrvan
Mullin
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Neguse
Newhouse
Nickel
Norcross
Norton
Obenrolte
Ocasio-Cortez
Omar
Pallone
Panetta
Pappas
Pascrell
Payne

Pelosi
Peltola
Pence
Perez
Peters
Pettersen
Plaskett
Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Quigley
Radewagen
Ramirez
Raskin
Reschenthaler
Rogers (KY)
Rose
Ross
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Ryan
Sablan
Salinas
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Scholten
Schrier
Scott (VA)
Scott, Austin
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Simpson
Slotkin
Smith (MO)
Smith (NE)
Smith (NJ)
Smith (WA)
Smucker
Sorensen
Soto
Spanberger
Stansbury
Stanton
Stauber
Steel
Stefanik
Stevens
Strickland
Strong
Sykes
Takano
Tenney
Thanedar
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Thompson (PA)
Titus
Tlaib
Tokuda
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trahan
Trone
Underwood
Valadao
Van Orden
Vargas
Vasquez
Veasey
Velázquez
Wagner
Walberg
Wasserman
Schultz
Waters
Watson Coleman
Wenstrup
Wexton
Wild
Williams (GA)
Williams (NY)
Wilson (FL)
Womack

NOT VOTING—17

Calvert
Correa
Golden (ME)
Grothman
Jackson Lee
Kelly (PA)

Lesko
McHenry
Miller (OH)
Moylan
Phillips
Pingree

Rogers (AL)
Santos
Swalwell
Turner
Waltz

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1224

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

Stated for:

Mr. GROTHMAN. Mr. Chair, I was involved
in an important meeting. Had I been present,
I would have voted “aye” on rollcall No. 536.

AMENDMENT NO. 26 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on amendment No. 26, printed in
part B of House Report 118–242 offered
by the gentleman from Pennsylvania
(Mr. PERRY), on which further pro-
ceedings were postponed and on which
the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 123, noes 300,
not voting 15, as follows:

[Roll No. 537]

AYES—123

Alford	Franklin, Scott	Miller (WV)
Allen	Fulcher	Mills
Armstrong	Gaetz	Mooney
Babin	Gimenez	Moore (AL)
Banks	Good (VA)	Moore (UT)
Bean (FL)	Gooden (TX)	Moran
Bentz	Gosar	Murphy
Biggs	Green (TN)	Nehls
Billarakis	Greene (GA)	Norman
Bishop (NC)	Griffith	Nunn (IA)
Boebert	Grothman	Ogles
Bost	Hageman	Owens
Brecheen	Harris	Palmer
Buck	Harshbarger	Perry
Burchett	Hern	Pfuger
Burgess	Higgins (LA)	Posey
Burlison	Houchin	Rodgers (WA)
Cammack	Hudson	Rose
Carter (GA)	Huizenga	Rosendale
Cline	Hunt	Rouzer
Cloud	Issa	Roy
Clyde	Jackson (TX)	Rutherford
Collins	Johnson (SD)	Salazar
Comer	Jordan	Scalise
Crane	Joyce (PA)	Schweikert
Crenshaw	LaHood	Self
Davidson	LaMalfa	Sessions
De La Cruz	Lamborn	Smucker
DesJarlais	Lawler	Spartz
Donalds	Loudermilk	Steube
Duncan	Luna	Tiffany
Dunn (FL)	Luttrell	Timmons
Ellzey	Mace	Van Drew
Emmer	Mann	Van Duyne
Estes	Massie	Weber (TX)
Fallon	Mast	Webster (FL)
Feenstra	McCarthy	Williams (TX)
Ferguson	McClintock	Wilson (SC)
Finstad	McCormick	Wittman
Fitzgerald	Meuser	Yakym
Fox	Miller (IL)	Zinke

NOES—300

Adams	Balderson	Bishop (GA)
Aderholt	Balint	Blumenauer
Aguilar	Barr	Blunt Rochester
Allred	Barragán	Bonamici
Amodel	Beatty	Bowman
Arrington	Bera	Boyle (PA)
Auchincloss	Bergman	Brown
Bacon	Beyer	Brownley
Baird	Bice	Buchanan

Bucshon	Himes	Payne
Budzinski	Hinson	Pelosi
Bush	Horsford	Peltola
Calvert	Houlahan	Pence
Caraveo	Hoyer	Perez
Carbajal	Hoyle (OR)	Peters
Cárdenas	Huffman	Petterson
Carey	Ivey	Plaskett
Carl	Jackson (IL)	Pocan
Carson	Jackson (NC)	Porter
Carter (LA)	Jacobs	Pressley
Carter (TX)	James	Quigley
Cartwright	Jayapal	Radewagen
Case	Jeffries	Ramirez
Casten	Johnson (GA)	Raskin
Castor (FL)	Johnson (OH)	Reschenthaler
Castro (TX)	Joyce (OH)	Rogers (AL)
Chavez-DeRemer	Kamlager-Dove	Rogers (KY)
Cherfilus-	Kaptur	Ross
McCormick	Kean (NJ)	Ruiz
Chu	Keating	Ruppersberger
Ciscomani	Kelly (IL)	Ryan
Clark (MA)	Kelly (MS)	Sablan
Clarke (NY)	Khanna	Salinas
Cleaver	Kiggans (VA)	Sánchez
Clyburn	Kildee	Sarbanes
Cohen	Kiley	Scanlon
Cole	Kilmer	Schakowsky
Connolly	Kim (CA)	Schiff
Costa	Kim (NJ)	Schneider
Courtney	Krishnamoorthi	Scholten
Craig	Kuster	Schrier
Crawford	Kustoff	Scott (VA)
Crockett	LaLota	Scott, Austin
Crow	Landsman	Scott, David
Cuellar	Langworthy	Sewell
Curtis	Larsen (WA)	Sherman
D'Esposito	Larson (CT)	Sherrill
Davids (KS)	Latta	Simpson
Davis (IL)	LaTurner	Slotkin
Davis (NC)	Lee (CA)	Smith (MO)
Dean (PA)	Lee (FL)	Smith (NE)
DeGette	Lee (NV)	Smith (NJ)
DeLauro	Lee (PA)	Smith (WA)
DelBene	Leger Fernandez	Sorensen
Deluzio	Letlow	Stansbury
DeSaulnier	Levin	Spanberger
Diaz-Balart	Lieu	Stanton
Dingell	Lofgren	Staubert
Doggett	Lucas	Steel
Duarte	Luetkemeyer	Stefanik
Edwards	Lynch	Steil
Escobar	Magaziner	Stevens
Eshoo	Malliotakis	Strickland
Espallat	Manning	Strong
Evans	Matsui	Sykes
Ezell	McBath	Takano
Fitzpatrick	McCaul	Tenney
Fleischmann	McClain	Thanedar
Fletcher	McClellan	Thompson (CA)
Flood	McCollum	Thompson (MS)
Foster	McGarvey	Thompson (PA)
Foushee	McGovern	Titus
Frankel, Lois	McHenry	Tlaib
Frost	Meeks	Tokuda
Fry	Menendez	Tonko
Gallagher	Meng	Torres (CA)
Gallego	Mfume	Torres (NY)
Garamendi	Miller-Meeks	Trahan
Garbarino	Molinaro	Trone
Garcia (IL)	Moolenaar	Underwood
Garcia (TX)	Moore (WI)	Valadao
Garcia, Mike	Morelle	Van Orden
Garcia, Robert	Moskowitz	Vargas
Goldman (NY)	Moulton	Vasquez
Gomez	Mrvan	Veasey
Gonzales, Tony	Mullin	Velázquez
Gonzalez,	Nadler	Wagner
Vicente	Napolitano	Walberg
González-Colón	Neal	Wasserman
Gottheimer	Neguse	Schultz
Granger	Newhouse	Waters
Graves (LA)	Nickel	Watson Coleman
Graves (MO)	Norcross	Wenstrup
Green, Al (TX)	Norton	Westerman
Grijalva	Oberholte	Wexton
Guest	Ocasio-Cortez	Wild
Guthrie	Omar	Williams (GA)
Harder (CA)	Pallone	Williams (NY)
Hayes	Pappas	Wilson (FL)
Higgins (NY)	Pascrell	Womack
Hill		

NOT VOTING—15

Casas	Kelly (PA)
Correa	Lesko
Fischbach	Miller (OH)
Golden (ME)	Moylan
Jackson Lee	Phillips

Pingree	Santos
Swalwell	Turner
Waltz	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1227

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 27 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on amendment No. 27, printed in
part B of House Report 118–242 offered
by the gentleman from Pennsylvania
(Mr. PERRY), on which further pro-
ceedings were postponed and on which
the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 137, noes 283,
not voting 18, as follows:

[Roll No. 538]

AYES—137

Alford	Franklin, Scott	Miller (IL)
Allen	Fry	Miller (WV)
Armstrong	Fulcher	Mills
Arrington	Gaetz	Mooney
Babin	Good (VA)	Moore (AL)
Banks	Gooden (TX)	Moran
Barr	Gosar	Murphy
Bean (FL)	Graves (MO)	Nehls
Bentz	Green (TN)	Norman
Biggs	Greene (GA)	Nunn (IA)
Billarakis	Griffith	Ogles
Bishop (NC)	Grothman	Owens
Boebert	Guthrie	Palmer
Bost	Hageman	Perry
Brecheen	Harris	Pfuger
Buck	Harshbarger	Posey
Burchett	Hern	Rodgers (WA)
Burgess	Higgins (LA)	Rose
Burlison	Hill	Rosendale
Cammack	Houchin	Rouzer
Carl	Hudson	Roy
Carter (GA)	Huizenga	Rutherford
Cline	Hunt	Salazar
Cloud	Issa	Scalise
Collins	Jackson (TX)	Schweikert
Comer	Johnson (OH)	Self
Crane	Johnson (SD)	Sessions
Crawford	Jordan	Smucker
Crenshaw	Joyce (PA)	Spartz
Davidson	Kelly (MS)	Steil
De La Cruz	Kustoff	Steube
DesJarlais	LaHood	Strong
Donalds	Lamborn	Tiffany
Duncan	Lawler	Timmons
Dunn (FL)	Loudermilk	Van Drew
Ellzey	Luetkemeyer	Van Duyne
Emmer	Luna	Wagner
Estes	Luttrell	Weber (TX)
Ezell	Mace	Webster (FL)
Fallon	Mann	Williams (TX)
Feenstra	Massie	Wilson (SC)
Ferguson	Mast	Wittman
Finstad	McCarthy	Yakym
Fischbach	McClintock	Zinke
Fitzgerald	McCormick	
Fox	Meuser	

NOES—283

Adams	Balint	Blunt Rochester
Aderholt	Barragán	Bonamici
Aguilar	Beatty	Bowman
Allred	Bera	Boyle (PA)
Amodel	Bergman	Brown
Auchincloss	Beyer	Brownley
Bacon	Bice	Buchanan
Baird	Bishop (GA)	Bucshon
Balderson	Blumenauer	Budzinski

□ 1229

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Stated for:

Mr. CLYDE. Mr. Chair, I was inextricably detained. Had I been present, I would have voted “aye” on rollcall 538.

AMENDMENT NO. 28 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 28, printed in part B of House Report 118-242 offered by the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. PERRY), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 105, noes 316, not voting 17, as follows:

[Roll No. 539]

AYES—105

Bush	Houlahan	Pence
Calvert	Hoyer	Perez
Caraveo	Hoyle (OR)	Peters
Carbajal	Huffman	Pettersen
Cárdenas	Ivey	Plaskett
Carey	Jackson (IL)	Pocan
Carson	Jackson (NC)	Porter
Carter (LA)	Jacobs	Pressley
Carter (TX)	James	Quigley
Cartwright	Jayapal	Radewagen
Case	Jeffries	Ramirez
Casten	Johnson (GA)	Raskin
Castor (FL)	Joyce (OH)	Reschenthaler
Castro (TX)	Kamlager-Dove	Rogers (AL)
Chavez-DeRemer	Kaptur	Rogers (KY)
Cherfilus-	Kean (NJ)	Ross
McCormick	Keating	Ruiz
Chu	Kelly (IL)	Ruppersberger
Ciscomani	Khanna	Ryan
Clark (MA)	Kiggans (VA)	Sablan
Clarke (NY)	Kildee	Salinas
Cleaver	Kiley	Sánchez
Clyburn	Kilmer	Sarbanes
Cohen	Kim (CA)	Scanlon
Cole	Kim (NJ)	Schakowsky
Connolly	Krishnamoorthi	Schiff
Costa	Kuster	Schneider
Courtney	LaLota	Scholten
Craig	LaMalfa	Schrier
Crockett	Landsman	Scott (VA)
Crow	Langworthy	Scott, Austin
Cuellar	Larsen (WA)	Scott, David
Curtis	Larson (CT)	Sewell
D'Esposito	Latta	Sherman
Davids (KS)	LaTurner	Sherrill
Davis (IL)	Lee (CA)	Simpson
Davis (NC)	Lee (FL)	Slotkin
Dean (PA)	Lee (NV)	Smith (MO)
DeGette	Lee (PA)	Smith (NE)
DeLauro	Leger Fernandez	Smith (NJ)
DelBene	Letlow	Smith (WA)
Deluzio	Levin	Sorensen
DeSaulnier	Lieu	Soto
Diaz-Balart	Lofgren	Spanberger
Dingell	Lucas	Stansbury
Doggett	Lynch	Stanton
Duarte	Magaziner	Stauber
Edwards	Manning	Steel
Escobar	Matsui	Stefanik
Eshoo	McBath	Steil
Espallat	McCaul	Stevens
Evans	McClain	Strickland
Fitzpatrick	McClellan	Sykes
Fleischmann	McCollum	Takano
Fletcher	McGarvey	Tenney
Flood	McGovern	Thanedar
Foster	Meeks	Thompson (CA)
Foushee	Menendez	Thompson (MS)
Frankel, Lois	Meng	Thompson (PA)
Frost	Mfume	Titus
Gallagher	Miller-Meeks	Tlaib
Gallego	Molinaro	Tokuda
Garamendi	Moolenaar	Tonko
Garbarino	Moore (WI)	Torres (CA)
Garcia (IL)	Morelle	Torres (NY)
Garcia (TX)	Moskowitz	Trahan
Garcia, Mike	Moulton	Trone
Garcia, Robert	Mrvan	Underwood
Gimenez	Mullin	Valadao
Goldman (NY)	Nadler	Van Orden
Gomez	Napolitano	Vargas
Gonzales, Tony	Neal	Vasquez
Gonzalez,	Neguse	Veasey
Vicente	Newhouse	Velázquez
González-Colón	Nickel	Walberg
Gottheimer	Norcross	Wasserman
Granger	Norton	Schultz
Graves (LA)	Obornolte	Waters
Green, Al (TX)	Ocasio-Cortez	Watson Coleman
Grijalva	Omar	Westerman
Guest	Pallone	Wexton
Harder (CA)	Panetta	Wild
Hayes	Pappas	Aguiar
Higgins (NY)	Pascrell	Williams (GA)
Himes	Payne	Williams (NY)
Hinson	Pelosi	Williams (FL)
Horsford	Peltola	Womack

NOT VOTING—18

Casar	Lesko	Phillips
Clyde	Malliotakis	Pingree
Correa	McHenry	Santos
Golden (ME)	Miller (OH)	Swalwell
Jackson Lee	Moore (UT)	Turner
Kelly (PA)	Moylan	Waltz

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote). There is 1 minute remaining.

Alford	Fox	Mills
Armstrong	Fry	Mooney
Arrington	Gaetz	Moore (AL)
Babin	Good (VA)	Moore (UT)
Banks	Gooden (TX)	Moran
Bean (FL)	Gosar	Murphy
Biggs	Green (TN)	Nehls
Bilirakis	Greene (GA)	Norman
Bishop (NC)	Griffith	Ogles
Boebert	Grothman	Owens
Brecheen	Hageman	Perry
Buck	Harris	Posey
Burchett	Harshbarger	Rodgers (WA)
Burgess	Hern	Rose
Burlison	Higgins (LA)	Rosendale
Carl	Houchin	Rouzer
Cline	Hudson	Roy
Cloud	Hunt	Rutherford
Clyde	Jackson (TX)	Scalise
Collins	Johnson (SD)	Schweikert
Comer	Jordan	Self
Crane	Joyce (PA)	Sessions
Crenshaw	LaHood	Steube
Davidson	Lamborn	Strong
DesJarlais	Loudermilk	Tiffany
Donalds	Luna	Timmmons
Duncan	Luttrell	Van Drew
Ellzey	Mann	Van Dwyne
Ezell	Massie	Weber (TX)
Fallon	Mast	Wenstrup
Feenstra	McClintock	Williams (TX)
Ferguson	McCormick	Wilson (SC)
Finstad	Meuser	Wittman
Fischbach	Miller (IL)	Yakym
Fitzgerald	Miller (WV)	Zinke

NOES—316

Adams	Bishop (GA)	Carson
Aderholt	Blumenauer	Carter (GA)
Aguiar	Blunt Rochester	Carter (LA)
Allen	Bonamici	Carter (TX)
Allred	Bost	Cartwright
Amodei	Bowman	Casar
Auchincloss	Boyle (PA)	Case
Bacon	Brown	Casten
Baird	Brownley	Castor (FL)
Balderson	Buchanan	Castro (TX)
Balint	Bucshon	Chavez-DeRemer
Barr	Budzinski	Cherfilus-
Barragán	Bush	McCormick
Beatty	Calvert	Chu
Bentz	Cammack	Ciscomani
Bera	Caraveo	Clark (MA)
Bergman	Carbajal	Clarke (NY)
Beyer	Cárdenas	Cleaver
Bice	Carey	Clyburn

Cohen	Kamlager-Dove	Plaskett
Cole	Kaptur	Pocan
Connolly	Kean (NJ)	Porter
Costa	Keating	Pressley
Courtney	Kelly (IL)	Quigley
Craig	Kelly (MS)	Radewagen
Crawford	Khanna	Ramirez
Crockett	Kiggans (VA)	Raskin
Crow	Kildee	Reschenthaler
Cuellar	Kiley	Rogers (AL)
Curtis	Kilmer	Rogers (KY)
D'Esposito	Kim (CA)	Ross
Davids (KS)	Kim (NJ)	Ruiz
Davis (IL)	Krishnamoorthi	Ruppersberger
Davis (NC)	Kuster	Ryan
Dean (PA)	Kustoff	Sablan
DeGette	LaLota	Salazar
DeLauro	LaMalfa	Salinas
DelBene	Landsman	Sánchez
Deluzio	Langworthy	Sarbanes
DeSaulnier	Larsen (WA)	Scanlon
Diaz-Balart	Larson (CT)	Schakowsky
Dingell	Latta	Schiff
Doggett	LaTurner	Schneider
Duarte	Lawler	Scholten
Dunn (FL)	Lee (CA)	Schrier
Edwards	Lee (FL)	Scott (VA)
Emmer	Lee (NV)	Scott, Austin
Escobar	Lee (PA)	Scott, David
Eshoo	Leger Fernandez	Sewell
Espallat	Letlow	Sherman
Estes	Levin	Sherrill
Evans	Lieu	Simpson
Fitzpatrick	Lofgren	Slotkin
Fleischmann	Lucas	Smith (MO)
Fletcher	Luetkemeyer	Smith (NE)
Flood	Lynch	Smith (NJ)
Foster	Mace	Smith (WA)
Foushee	Magaziner	Smucker
Frankel, Lois	Malliotakis	Sorensen
Franklin, Scott	Manning	Soto
Frost	Matsui	Spanberger
Fulcher	McBath	Stansbury
Gallagher	McCarthy	Stanton
Gallego	McCaul	Stauber
Garamendi	McClain	Steel
Garbarino	McClellan	Stefanik
Gosar	McCollum	Steil
Garcia (IL)	McGarvey	Stevens
Garcia (TX)	McGovern	Strickland
Garcia, Mike	Meeks	Sykes
Garcia, Robert	Menendez	Takano
Goldman (NY)	Meng	Tenney
Goldman (NY)	Meng	Thanedar
Gomez	Mfume	Thompson (CA)
Gonzales, Tony	Miller-Meeks	Thompson (MS)
Gonzalez,	Molinaro	Thompson (PA)
Vicente	Moolenaar	Titus
González-Colón	Moore (WI)	Tlaib
Gottheimer	Morelle	Tokuda
Granger	Moskowitz	Tonko
Graves (LA)	Moulton	Torres (CA)
Green, Al (TX)	Nadler	Torres (NY)
Grijalva	Napolitano	Trahan
Guest	Neal	Trone
Harder (CA)	Neguse	Underwood
Hayes	Newhouse	Valadao
Higgins (NY)	Nickel	Van Orden
Himes	Norcross	Vargas
Hinson	Norton	Vasquez
Horsford	Nunn (IA)	Veasey
	Obornolte	Velázquez
	Ocasio-Cortez	Walberg
	Omar	Wasserman
	Pallone	Schultz
	Palmer	Waters
	Panetta	Pappas
	Pappas	Pascrell
	Pascrell	Payne
	Payne	Pelosi
	Pelosi	Peltola
	Peltola	Pence
	Pence	Perez
	Perez	Peters
	Peters	Pettersen
	Pettersen	Pfluger

NOT VOTING—17

Correa	Lesko	Santos
De La Cruz	McHenry	Spartz
Gimenez	Miller (OH)	Swalwell
Golden (ME)	Moylan	Turner
Jackson Lee	Phillips	Waltz
Kelly (PA)	Pingree	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1232

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 29 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on amendment No. 29, printed in
part B of House Report 118–242 offered
by the gentleman from Pennsylvania
(Mr. PERRY), on which further pro-
ceedings were postponed and on which
the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 134, noes 283,
not voting 21, as follows:

[Roll No. 540]

AYES—134

Alford	Foxx	Mills
Allen	Franklin, Scott	Mooney
Armstrong	Gimenez	Moore (AL)
Arrington	Good (VA)	Moore (UT)
Babin	Gooden (TX)	Moran
Banks	Gosar	Murphy
Barr	Green (TN)	Nehls
Bean (FL)	Greene (GA)	Norman
Bentz	Griffith	Nunn (IA)
Biggs	Grothman	Ogles
Bilirakis	Guthrie	Owens
Bishop (NC)	Hageman	Palmer
Boebert	Harris	Perry
Bost	Harshbarger	Pfuger
Brecheen	Hern	Posey
Buck	Higgins (LA)	Reschenthaler
Burchett	Hill	Rodgers (WA)
Burgess	Houchin	Rose
Burlison	Hudson	Rosendale
Cammack	Huizenga	Rouzer
Carl	Hunt	Roy
Carter (GA)	Issa	Rutherford
Cline	Jackson (TX)	Salazar
Cloud	Johnson (OH)	Scalise
Clyde	Johnson (SD)	Schweikert
Collins	Jordan	Self
Comer	Joyce (PA)	Sessions
Crane	Kelly (MS)	Smucker
Crawford	Kustoff	Spartz
Crenshaw	LaHood	Steil
Davidson	LaMalfa	Steube
DesJarlais	Lamborn	Strong
Donalds	Loudermilk	Tiffany
Duncan	Luna	Timmons
Dunn (FL)	Luttrell	Van Drew
Ellzey	Mace	Van Dyne
Emmer	Mann	Weber (TX)
Estes	Massie	Webster (FL)
Ezell	Mast	Wenstrup
Fallon	McCarthy	Westerman
Feenstra	McClintock	Williams (TX)
Ferguson	McCormick	Wilson (SC)
Finstad	Meuser	Wittman
Fischbach	Miller (IL)	Yakym
Fitzgerald	Miller (WV)	

NOES—283

Adams	Barragán	Boyle (PA)
Aderholt	Beatty	Brown
Aguilar	Bera	Brownley
Allred	Bergman	Buchanan
Amodei	Beyer	Bucshon
Auchincloss	Bice	Budzinski
Bacon	Blumenauer	Bush
Baird	Blunt Rochester	Calvert
Balderson	Bonamici	Caraveo
Balint	Bowman	Carbajal

Cárdenas	Hoyer	Pence
Carey	Hoyle (OR)	Perez
Carson	Huffman	Peters
Carter (LA)	Ivey	Pettersen
Carter (TX)	Jackson (IL)	Plaskett
Cartwright	Jackson (NC)	Pocan
Casar	Jacobs	Porter
Case	James	Pressley
Casten	Jayapal	Quigley
Castor (FL)	Jeffries	Radewagen
Castro (TX)	Johnson (GA)	Ramirez
Chavez-DeRemer	Joyce (OH)	Raskin
Cherfilus-	Kamlager-Dove	Rogers (KY)
McCormick	Kaptur	Ross
Chu	Kean (NJ)	Ruiz
Ciscomani	Keating	Ruppersberger
Clark (MA)	Kelly (IL)	Ryan
Clarke (NY)	Khanna	Sablan
Cleaver	Kiggans (VA)	Salinas
Clyburn	Kildee	Sánchez
Cohen	Kiley	Sarbanes
Cole	Kilmer	Scanlon
Connolly	Kim (CA)	Schakowsky
Costa	Kim (NJ)	Schiff
Courtney	Krishnamoorthi	Schneider
Craig	Kuster	Scholten
Crockett	Landisman	Schrier
Crow	Langworthy	Scott (VA)
Cuellar	Larson (CT)	Scott, Austin
Curtis	Latta	Scott, David
Davids (KS)	LaTurner	Sewell
Davis (IL)	Lawler	Sherman
Davis (NC)	Lee (CA)	Sherrill
Dean (PA)	Lee (FL)	Simpson
DeGette	Lee (NV)	Slotkin
DeLauro	Lee (PA)	Smith (MO)
DelBene	Leger Fernandez	Smith (NE)
Deluzio	Letlow	Smith (NJ)
DeSaulnier	Levin	Smith (WA)
Diaz-Balart	Lieu	Sorensen
Dingell	Lofgren	Soto
Doggett	Lucas	Spanberger
Duarte	Luetkemeyer	Stansbury
Edwards	Lynch	Stanton
Escobar	Magaziner	Staubert
Eshoo	Malliotakis	Steel
Españat	Manning	Stefanik
Evans	Matsui	Stevens
Fitzpatrick	McBath	Strickland
Fleischmann	McCaul	Sykes
Fletcher	McClain	Takano
Flood	McClellan	Tenney
Foster	McCollum	Thandard
Foushee	McGarvey	Thompson (CA)
Frankel, Lois	McGovern	Thompson (MS)
Frost	McHenry	Thompson (PA)
Fry	Meeke	Titus
Fulcher	Menendez	Tlaib
Gallagher	Meng	Tokuda
Gallego	Mfume	Tonko
Garamendi	Miller-Meeks	Torres (CA)
Garbarino	Molinaro	Torres (NY)
Garcia (IL)	Moolenaar	Trahan
Garcia (TX)	Moore (WI)	Trone
Garcia, Mike	Morelle	Underwood
Garcia, Robert	Moskowitz	Valadao
Goldman (NY)	Moulton	Van Orden
Gomez	Mrvan	Vargas
Gonzales, Tony	Mullin	Vasquez
Gonzalez,	Nadler	Veasey
Vicente	Napolitano	Velázquez
González-Colón	Neal	Wagner
Gottheimer	Neguse	Walberg
Granger	Newhouse	Wasserman
Graves (LA)	Nickel	Schultz
Graves (MO)	Norcross	Waters
Green, Al (TX)	Norton	Watson Coleman
Grijalva	Obernolte	Wexton
Guest	Ocasio-Cortez	Wild
Harder (CA)	Omar	Williams (GA)
Hayes	Pallone	Williams (NY)
Higgins (NY)	Panetta	Wilson (FL)
Himes	Pappas	Womack
Hinson	Pascarell	Zinke
Horsford	Payne	
Houlahan	Peltola	

NOT VOTING—21

Bishop (GA)	Kelly (PA)	Phillips
Correa	LaLota	Pingree
D'Esposito	Larsen (WA)	Rogers (AL)
De La Cruz	Lesko	Santos
Gaetz	Miller (OH)	Swallow
Golden (ME)	Moylan	Turner
Jackson Lee	Pelosi	Waltz

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1235

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 30 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on amendment No. 30, printed in
part B of House Report 118–242 offered
by the gentleman from Pennsylvania
(Mr. PERRY), on which further pro-
ceedings were postponed and on which
the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 122, noes 299,
not voting 17, as follows:

[Roll No. 541]

AYES—122

Alford	Good (VA)	Moore (AL)
Armstrong	Gooden (TX)	Moore (UT)
Arrington	Gosar	Moran
Babin	Green (TN)	Murphy
Banks	Greene (GA)	Nehls
Barr	Griffith	Norman
Bean (FL)	Grothman	Nunn (IA)
Biggs	Guthrie	Ogles
Bishop (NC)	Hageman	Owens
Boebert	Harris	Palmer
Bost	Harshbarger	Perry
Brecheen	Hern	Pfuger
Buck	Higgins (LA)	Posey
Burchett	Hill	Reschenthaler
Burlison	Houchin	Rodgers (WA)
Cammack	Huizenga	Rose
Carter (GA)	Hunt	Rosendale
Cline	Issa	Rouzer
Cloud	Jackson (TX)	Roy
Clyde	Johnson (OH)	Rutherford
Comer	Johnson (SD)	Scalise
Crane	Jordan	Schweikert
Crenshaw	Joyce (PA)	Self
Davidson	Kelly (MS)	Sessions
DesJarlais	Kustoff	Smucker
Donalds	LaHood	Spartz
Duncan	LaMalfa	Steil
Dunn (FL)	Lamborn	Steube
Ellzey	Loudermilk	Tenney
Emmer	Luttrell	Tiffany
Estes	Mann	Timmons
Fallon	Massie	Van Drew
Feenstra	Mast	Van Dyne
Ferguson	McCarthy	Weber (TX)
Finstad	McClintock	Webster (FL)
Fischbach	McCormick	Wenstrup
Fitzgerald	Meuser	Williams (TX)
	Miller (IL)	Wittman
	Miller (WV)	Yakym
	Mills	Zinke
	Mooney	

NOES—299

Adams	Bilirakis	Carey
Aderholt	Bishop (GA)	Carl
Aguilar	Blumenauer	Carson
Allen	Blunt Rochester	Carter (LA)
Allred	Bonamici	Carter (TX)
Amodei	Bowman	Cartwright
Auchincloss	Boyle (PA)	Casar
Bacon	Brown	Case
Baird	Brownley	Casten
Balderson	Buchanan	Castor (FL)
Balint	Bucshon	Castro (TX)
Barragán	Budzinski	Chavez-DeRemer
Beatty	Burgess	Cherfilus-
Bentz	Bush	McCormick
Bera	Calvert	Chu
Bergman	Caraveo	Ciscomani
Beyer	Carbajal	Clark (MA)
Bice	Cárdenas	Clarke (NY)

Cleaver
Clyburn
Cohen
Cole
Collins
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crawford
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Curtis
D'Esposito
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DelBene
Deluzio
DeSaulnier
Diaz-Balart
Dingell
Doggett
Duarte
Edwards
Escobar
Eshoo
Espallat
Evans
Ezell
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Fletcher
Flood
Foster
Foushee
Frankel, Lois
Frost
Fry
Gallagher
Gallego
Garamendi
Garbarino
Garcia (IL)
Garcia (TX)
Garcia, Mike
Garcia, Robert
Gimenez
Goldman (NY)
Gonzales, Tony
Gonzalez,
Vicente
González-Colón
Gottheimer
Granger
Graves (LA)
Graves (MO)
Green, Al (TX)
Grijalva
Guest
Harder (CA)
Hayes
Higgins (NY)
Himes
Hinson
Horsford
Houlahan
Hoyer
Hoyle (OR)
Hudson
Huffman
Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jacobs
James
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)

NOT VOTING—17

Correa
De La Cruz
Golden (ME)
Gomez
Jackson Lee
Kelly (PA)

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1238

So the amendment was rejected.

Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Quigley
Radewagen
Ramirez
Raskin
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Ross
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Ryan
Sablan
Salazar
Salinas
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Scholten
Schrier
Scott (VA)
Scott, Austin
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Simpson
Slotkin
Smith (MO)
Smith (NE)
Smith (NJ)
Smith (WA)
Sorensen
Soto
Spanberger
Stansbury
Stanton
Stauber
Steel
Stefanik
Stevens
Strickland
Strong
Sykes
Takano
Thanedar
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Thompson (PA)
Titus
Tlaib
Tokuda
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trahan
Trone
Underwood
Valadao
Van Orden
Vargas
Vasquez
Veasey
Velázquez
Wagner
Walberg
Wasserman
Schultz
Waters
Watson Coleman
Westerman
Wexton
Wild
Williams (GA)
Williams (NY)
Wilson (FL)
Wilson (SC)
Womack

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

Stated against:

Mr. GOMEZ. Mr. Chair, today, I was not recorded on rollcall vote No. 541. Had I been present, I would have voted “no” on rollcall No. 541.

AMENDMENT NO. 31 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 31, printed in part B of House Report 118-242 offered by the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. PERRY), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 130, noes 287, not voting 21, as follows:

[Roll No. 542]

AYES—130

Alford
Allen
Armstrong
Arrington
Babin
Banks
Barr
Bean (FL)
Bentz
Biggs
Bilirakis
Bishop (NC)
Boebert
Bost
Brecheen
Buck
Burchett
Burgess
Burlison
Carl
Carter (GA)
Cline
Cloud
Clyde
Collins
Comer
Crane
Crawford
Crenshaw
Davidson
DesJarlais
Donalds
Duncan
Ellzey
Emmer
Estes
Ezell
Fallon
Feenstra
Ferguson
Finstad
Fischbach
Fitzgerald
Foxx

NOES—287

Adams
Aderholt
Aguiar
Allred
Amodei
Auchincloss
Bacon
Baird
Balderson
Balint
Barragán
Beatty
Bera
Bergman
Beyer
Bice
Bishop (GA)
Blumenauer
Blunt Rochester
Bonamici
Bowman
Boyle (PA)
Brown
Brownley
Buchanan
Bucshon
Budzinski
Bush
Calvert
Cammack
Caraveo
Carbajal
Cárdenas
Carey
Carson
Carter (LA)

Carter (TX)
Cartwright
Casar
Case
Casten
Castor (FL)
Castro (TX)
Chavez-DeRemer
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Chu
Ciscomani
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleaver
Clyburn
Cohen
Cole
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Curtis
D'Esposito
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DelBene
Deluzio
DeSaulnier
Diaz-Balart
Dingell
Doggett
Duarte
Dunn (FL)
Edwards
Escobar
Eshoo
Espallat
Evans
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Fletcher
Flood
Foster
Foushee
Frankel, Lois
Frost
Fry
Gallagher
Gallego
Garamendi
Garbarino
Garcia (IL)
Garcia (TX)
Garcia, Mike
Garcia, Robert
Gimenez
Goldman (NY)
Gomez
Gonzales, Tony
González-Colón
Gottheimer
Granger
Graves (LA)
Graves (MO)
Green, Al (TX)
Grijalva
Guest
Harder (CA)
Hayes
Higgins (NY)
Himes
Hinson
Horsford
Houlahan
Hoyer
Hoyle (OR)
Huffman
Hunt
Issa
Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jacobs
James
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)
Johnson (GA)
Johnston
Kaptur
Kean (NJ)
Keating
Kelly (IL)
Khanna
Kiggans (VA)
Kildee
Kiley
Kilmer
Kim (CA)
Kim (NJ)
Krishnamoorthi
Kuster
LaLota
Landsman
Langworthy
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)
Latta
LaTurner
Lawler
Lee (CA)
Lee (FL)
Lee (NV)
Lee (PA)
Leger Fernandez
Letlow
Levin
Lieu
Lofgren
Lucas
Lynch
Magaziner
Manning
Matsui
McBath
McCaul
McClain
McClellan
McCollum
McGarvey
McGovern
McHenry
Meeks
Menendez
Meng
Mfume
Miller-Meeks
Moolenaar
Moore (WI)
Morelle
Moskowitz
Moulton
Mrvan
Mullin
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Neguse
Newhouse
Nickel
Norcross
Norton
Oberholte
Ocasio-Cortez
Omar
Pallone
Panetta
Pappas
Pascrell
Payne
Peltola
Pence
Perez
Peters
Pettersen
Plaskett

NOT VOTING—21

Correa
De La Cruz
Golden (ME)
Gonzalez,
Vicente
Jackson Lee
Kelly (PA)
Lesko
Luna
Malliotakis
Miller (OH)
Moore (WI)
Moylean
Pelosi
Phillips
Pingree
Rutherford
Santos
Stansbury
Swalwell
Turner
Waltz

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1241

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 32 OFFERED BY MR. PERRY

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 32, printed in part B of House Report 118–242 offered by the gentleman from Pennsylvania (Mr. PERRY), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 122, noes 295, not voting 21, as follows:

[Roll No. 543]

AYES—122

Alford	Franklin, Scott	Miller (IL)
Allen	Fulcher	Miller (WV)
Armstrong	Gaetz	Mills
Arrington	Good (VA)	Mooney
Babin	Gooden (TX)	Moore (AL)
Banks	Gosar	Moore (UT)
Barr	Graves (MO)	Moran
Bean (FL)	Green (TN)	Murphy
Bentz	Greene (GA)	Nehls
Biggs	Griffith	Norman
Bilirakis	Grothman	Ogles
Bishop (NC)	Guthrie	Owens
Boebert	Hageman	Palmer
Bost	Harris	Perry
Brecheen	Harshbarger	Posey
Buck	Hern	Rodgers (WA)
Burchett	Higgins (LA)	Rose
Burlison	Hill	Rosendale
Cammack	Houchin	Rouzer
Carl	Hudson	Roy
Carter (GA)	Hunt	Rutherford
Cline	Issa	Scalise
Cloud	Jackson (TX)	Scott, Austin
Clyde	Johnson (SD)	Self
Collins	Jordan	Sessions
Comer	Joyce (PA)	Smith (MO)
Crane	Kelly (MS)	Spartz
Crawford	Kustoff	Steube
Crenshaw	LaMalfa	Strong
DesJarlais	Lamborn	Timmons
Duncan	Loudermilk	Van Drew
Dunn (FL)	Luetkemeyer	Van Duyne
Ellzey	Luttrell	Weber (TX)
Estes	Mace	Webster (FL)
Ezell	Mann	Westerman
Fallon	Massie	Williams (TX)
Feenstra	Mast	Wilson (SC)
Ferguson	McCarthy	Wittman
Fischbach	McClintock	Yakym
Fitzgerald	McCormick	Zinke
Foxx	Meuser	

NOES—295

Adams	Blunt Rochester	Cartwright
Aderholt	Bonamici	Casar
Aguilar	Bowman	Case
Allred	Boyle (PA)	Casten
Amodei	Brown	Castor (FL)
Auchincloss	Brownley	Castro (TX)
Bacon	Buchanan	Chavez-DeRemer
Baird	Bucshon	Cherfilus-
Balderson	Budzinski	McCormick
Balint	Burgess	Chu
Barragán	Bush	Ciscomani
Beatty	Calvert	Clark (MA)
Bera	Caraveo	Clarke (NY)
Bergman	Carbajal	Cleaver
Beyer	Cárdenas	Clyburn
Bice	Carey	Cohen
Bishop (GA)	Carter (LA)	Cole
Blumenauer	Carter (TX)	Connolly

Costa	Kean (NJ)	Quigley
Courtney	Keating	Radewagen
Craig	Kelly (IL)	Ramirez
Crockett	Khanna	Raskin
Crow	Kiggans (VA)	Reschenthaler
Cuellar	Kildee	Rogers (AL)
Curtis	Kiley	Rogers (KY)
D'Esposito	Kilmer	Ross
Daids (KS)	Kim (CA)	Ruiz
Davidson	Kim (NJ)	Ruppersberger
Davis (IL)	Krishnamoorthi	Ryan
Davis (NC)	Kuster	Sablan
Dean (PA)	LaHood	Salazar
DeGette	LaLota	Salinas
DeLauro	Landsman	Sánchez
DeBene	Langworthy	Sarbanes
Deluzio	Larsen (WA)	Scanlon
DeSaulnier	Larson (CT)	Schakowsky
Diaz-Balart	Latta	Schiff
Dingell	LaTurner	Schneider
Doggett	Lawler	Scholten
Duarte	Lee (CA)	Schrier
Edwards	Lee (FL)	Scott (VA)
Emmer	Lee (NV)	Scott, David
Escobar	Lee (PA)	Sewell
Eshoo	Leger Fernandez	Sherman
Espallat	Letlow	Sherrill
Evans	Levin	Simpson
Finstad	Lieu	Slotkin
Fitzpatrick	Lofgren	Smith (NE)
Fleischmann	Lucas	Smith (NJ)
Fletcher	Lynch	Smith (WA)
Flood	Magaziner	Smucker
Foster	Malliotakis	Sorensen
Foushee	Manning	Soto
Frankel, Lois	Matsui	Spanberger
Frost	McBath	Stansbury
Fry	McCaul	Stanton
Gallagher	McCain	Staubert
Gallego	McClellan	Steel
Garamendi	McCollum	Stefanik
Garbarino	McGarvey	Steil
Garcia (IL)	McGovern	Stevens
Garcia (TX)	McHenry	Strickland
Garcia, Mike	Meeks	Sykes
Garcia, Robert	Menendez	Takano
Gimenez	Meng	Tenney
Goldman (NY)	Mfume	Thandhar
Gomez	Miller-Meeks	Thompson (CA)
Gonzales, Tony	Moolenaar	Thompson (MS)
Gonzalez,	Morelle	Thompson (PA)
Vicente	Moskowitz	Tiffany
González-Colón	Moulton	Titus
Gottheimer	Mrvan	Tlaib
Granger	Mullin	Tokuda
Graves (LA)	Nadler	Tonko
Green, Al (TX)	Napolitano	Torres (CA)
Grijalva	Neal	Torres (NY)
Guest	Neguse	Trahan
Harder (CA)	Newhouse	Trone
Hayes	Nickel	Underwood
Higgins (NY)	Norcross	Valadao
Himes	Norton	Van Orden
Hinson	Nunn (IA)	Vargas
Horsford	Oberholte	Vasquez
Houlihan	Ocasio-Cortez	Veasey
Hoyer	Omar	Velázquez
Hoyle (OR)	Pallone	Wagner
Huffman	Panetta	Walberg
Huizenga	Pappas	Wasserman
Ivey	Pascarell	Schultz
Jackson (IL)	Payne	Watson Coleman
Jackson (NC)	Peltola	Wenstrup
Jacobs	Pence	Wexton
James	Perez	Wild
Jayapal	Peters	Williams (GA)
Jeffries	Pettersen	Williams (NY)
Johnson (GA)	Pfluger	Wilson (FL)
Johnson (OH)	Plaskett	Womack
Joyce (OH)	Pocan	
Kamlager-Dove	Porter	
Kaptur	Pressley	

NOT VOTING—21

Carson	Lesko	Phillips
Correa	Luna	Pingree
De La Cruz	Miller (OH)	Santos
Donalds	Molinaro	Schweikert
Golden (ME)	Moore (WI)	Swalwell
Jackson Lee	Moylan	Turner
Kelly (PA)	Pelosi	Waltz

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote). There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1244

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 36 OFFERED BY MR. GARAMENDI

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 36, printed in part B of House Report 118–242 offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. GARAMENDI), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 116, noes 303, not voting 19, as follows:

[Roll No. 544]

AYES—116

Adams	Garcia, Robert	Omar
Balint	Goldman (NY)	Pallone
Barragán	Gomez	Panetta
Beatty	Grijalva	Pascarell
Beyer	Harder (CA)	Payne
Blumenauer	Higgins (NY)	Peltola
Blunt Rochester	Hoyle (OR)	Pocan
Bonamici	Huffman	Porter
Brown	Jacobs	Pressley
Burchett	Jayapal	Quigley
Bush	Johnson (GA)	Ramirez
Carbajal	Kamlager-Dove	Raskin
Cárdenas	Keating	Ruiz
Carter (LA)	Khanna	Ruppersberger
Casar	Kildee	Sablan
Casten	Kim (NJ)	Salinas
Castro (TX)	Kuster	Scanlon
Cherfilus-	Lee (CA)	Schakowsky
McCormick	Lee (PA)	Schiff
Chu	Levin	Schneider
Clark (MA)	Lieu	Sewell
Cohen	Lofgren	Sherman
Connolly	Massie	Smith (WA)
Crockett	Matsui	Sorensen
Crow	McClellan	Stansbury
Davis (IL)	McCollum	Sykes
Dean (PA)	McGarvey	Takano
DeSaulnier	McGovern	Thompson (CA)
Dingell	Meeks	Tlaib
Doggett	Menendez	Tokuda
Escobar	Meng	Tonko
Eshoo	Mfume	Trahan
Espallat	Mullin	Underwood
Foster	Nadler	Vargas
Foushee	Napolitano	Velázquez
Frost	Neguse	Waters
Garamendi	Nickel	Watson Coleman
Garcia (IL)	Norton	Williams (GA)
Garcia (TX)	Ocasio-Cortez	Wilson (FL)

NOES—303

Aderholt	Boebert	Chavez-DeRemer
Aguilar	Bost	Ciscomani
Alford	Bowman	Clarke (NY)
Allen	Boyle (PA)	Cleaver
Allred	Brecheen	Cline
Amodei	Brownley	Cloud
Auchincloss	Buchanan	Clyburn
Babin	Buck	Clyde
Bacon	Bucshon	Cole
Baird	Budzinski	Collins
Balderson	Burgess	Comer
Barr	Burlison	Costa
Bean (FL)	Calvert	Courtney
Bentz	Cammack	Craig
Bera	Caraveo	Crane
Bergman	Carey	Crawford
Bice	Carl	Crenshaw
Biggs	Carson	Cuellar
Bilirakis	Carter (GA)	Curtis
Bishop (GA)	Carter (TX)	D'Esposito
Bishop (NC)	Cartwright	Davidson
	Case	Davis (NC)
	Castor (FL)	

DeGette Jordan
DeLauro Joyce (OH)
DelBene Joyce (PA)
Deluzio Kaptur
DesJarlais Kean (NJ)
Diaz-Balart Kelly (IL)
Donalds Kelly (MS)
Duarte Kiggans (VA)
Duncan Kiley
Dunn (FL) Kilmer
Edwards Kim (CA)
Ellzey Krishnamoorthi
Emmer Kustoff
Estes LaHood
Evans LaLota
Ezell LaMalfa
Fallon Lamborn
Feenstra Landsman
Ferguson Langworthy
Finstad Larsen (WA)
Fischbach Larson (CT)
Fitzgerald Latta
Fitzpatrick LaTurner
Fleischmann Lawler
Fletcher Lee (FL)
Flood Lee (NV)
Foxy Leger Fernandez
Frankel, Lois Letlow
Franklin, Scott Loudermilk
Fry Lucas
Fulcher Luetkemeyer
Gaetz Luna
Gallagher Luttrell
Gallego Lynch
Garbarino Mace
Garcia, Mike Magaziner
Gimenez Malliotakis
Gonzales, Tony Mann
Gonzalez, Manning
Vicente Mast
González-Colón McBath
Good (VA) McCarthy
Gooden (TX) McCaul
Gosar McClain
Gottheimer McClintock
Granger McCormick
Graves (LA) McHenry
Graves (MO) Meuser
Green (TN) Miller (IL)
Green, Al (TX) Miller (WV)
Greene (GA) Miller-Meeks
Griffith Mills
Grothman Molinaro
Guest Moolenaar
Guthrie Mooney
Hageman Moore (AL)
Harris Moore (UT)
Harshbarger Moran
Hayes Morelle
Hern Moskowitz
Higgins (LA) Moulton
Hill Mrvan
Himes Murphy
Hinson Neal
Horsford Nehls
Houchin Newhouse
Houlahan Norcross
Hoyer Norman
Huizenga Nunn (IA)
Hunt Obernolte
Issa Ogles
Ivey Owens
Jackson (IL) Palmer
Jackson (NC) Pappas
Jackson (TX) Pence
James Perez
Jeffries Perry
Johnson (OH) Peters
Johnson (SD) Pettersen

NOT VOTING—19

Banks Lesko
Correa Miller (OH)
De La Cruz Moore (WI)
Golden (ME) Moylan
Hudson Pelosi
Jackson Lee Phillips
Kelly (PA) Pingree

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1247

So the amendment was rejected.
The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.
Stated for:

Pfluger
Plaskett
Posey
Radewagen
Reschenthaler
Rodgers (WA)
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Rose
Rosendale
Ross
Rouzer
Rutherford
Ryan
Salazar
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scalise
Scholten
Schrier
Schweikert
Scott (VA)
Scott, Austin
Scott, David
Self
Sessions
Sherrill
Simpson
Slotkin
Smith (MO)
Smith (NE)
Smith (NJ)
Smucker
Soto
Spanberger
Spartz
Stanton
Stauber
Steel
Stefanik
Steil
Steube
Stevens
Strickland
Strong
Tenney
Thanedar
Thompson (MS)
Thompson (PA)
Tiffany
Timmons
Titus
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trone
Valadao
Van Drew
Moran
Van Dwyne
Van Orden
Vasquez
Veasey
Wagner
Walberg
Wasserman
Schultz
Weber (TX)
Webster (FL)
Wenstrup
Westerman
Wexton
Wild
Williams (NY)
Williams (TX)
Wilson (SC)
Wittman
Womack
Yakym
Zinke

Mr. BOWMAN. Mr. Chair, during rollcall No. 544 on H.R. 4394, I mistakenly recorded my vote as “no” when I should have voted “aye.”

AMENDMENT NO. 37 OFFERED BY MR. GARAMENDI

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 37, printed in part B of House Report 118-242 offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. GARAMENDI), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This is a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 121, noes 299, not voting 18, as follows:

[Roll No. 545]

AYES—121

Adams
Aguilar
Auchincloss
Balint
Barragán
Beatty
Beyer
Blunt Rochester
Bonamici
Bowman
Brown
Burchett
Bush
Carbajal
Cárdenas
Carter (LA)
Casar
Casten
Castro (TX)
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Chu
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleaver
Crockett
Crow
Davis (IL)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeSaulnier
Dingell
McClellan
Doggett
McGarvey
McGovern
Meeks
Evans
Foster
Foushee
Frost
Gallogo
Garamendi

NOES—299

Aderholt
Alford
Allen
Allred
Amodei
Armstrong
Arrington
Babin
Bacon
Baird
Balderson
Banks
Barr
Bean (FL)
Bentz
Bera
Bergman
Bice
Biggs
Bilirakis

Crawford
Crenshaw
Cuellar
Curtis
D’Esposito
Davids (KS)
Davidson
Davis (NC)
DeLauro
DelBene
Deluzio
DesJarlais
Diaz-Balart
Donalds
Duarte
Duncan
Dunn (FL)
Edwards
Ellzey
Emmer
Escobar
Estes
Ezell
Fallon
Feenstra
Ferguson
Finstad
Fischbach
Fitzgerald
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Fletcher
Flood
Foxy
Frankel, Lois
Franklin, Scott
Fry
Fulcher
Gaetz
Gallagher
Garbarino
Garcia, Mike
Gimenez
Gonzales, Tony
Gonzalez,
Vicente
González-Colón
Good (VA)
Gooden (TX)
Gosar
Gottheimer
Granger
Graves (LA)
Graves (MO)
Green (TN)
Greene (GA)
Griffith
Grothman
Guest
Guthrie
Hageman
Harris
Harshbarger
Hayes
Hern
Higgins (LA)
Higgins (NY)
Hill
Himes
Hinson
Horsford
Houchin
Houlahan
Hoyer
Huizenga
Hunt
Issa
Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jackson (TX)

James
Jeffries
Johnson (OH)
Johnson (SD)
Jordan
Joyce (OH)
Joyce (PA)
Kaptur
Kean (NJ)
Kelly (MS)
Kiggans (VA)
Kiley
Kilmer
Kim (CA)
Kustoff
LaHood
LaLota
LaMalfa
Lamborn
Landsman
Langworthy
Larson (CT)
Latta
LaTurner
Lawler
Lee (FL)
Lee (NV)
Letlow
Loudermilk
Lucas
Luna
Luttrell
Lynch
Mace
Magaziner
Malliotakis
Mann
Manning
Mast
McBath
McCarthy
McCaul
McClain
McClintock
McCollum
McCormick
Meuser
Miller (IL)
Miller (WV)
Miller-Meeks
Mills
Molinaro
Moolenaar
Mooney
Moore (AL)
Moore (UT)
Moran
Morelle
Moskowitz
Moulton
Mrvan
Neal
Nehls
Newhouse
Norcross
Norman
Nunn (IA)
Obernolte
Ogles
Owens
Palmer
Pappas
Pascrell
Pence
Perez
Perry
Peters
Pettersen
Pfluger
Plaskett
Posey

NOT VOTING—18

Correa Lesko
De La Cruz McHenry
Golden (ME) Miller (OH)
Hudson Chavez-DeRemer
Jackson Lee Ciscomani
Kelly (PA) Cline
Pelosi Cloud
Turner Clyburn
Waltz Clyde
Cohen
Cole
Collins
Comer
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crane

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR
The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1250

So the amendment was rejected.
The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 39 OFFERED BY MS. HAGEMAN

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 39, printed in part B of House Report 118-242 offered by the gentlewoman from Wyoming (Ms. HAGEMAN), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 176, noes 241, not voting 21, as follows:

[Roll No. 546]

AYES—176

Aderholt	Fulcher	Moore (AL)
Alford	Gaetz	Moore (UT)
Allen	Gallagher	Moran
Armstrong	Garbarino	Murphy
Arrington	Garcia, Mike	Nehls
Babin	Gimenez	Norman
Bacon	González-Colón	Oberholte
Balderson	Good (VA)	Ogles
Banks	Gooden (TX)	Owens
Barr	Gosar	Palmer
Bean (FL)	Graves (LA)	Perry
Bentz	Green (TN)	Pfuger
Bergman	Greene (GA)	Posey
Bice	Grothman	Radewagen
Biggs	Guest	Reschenthaler
Bilirakis	Guthrie	Rodgers (WA)
Bishop (NC)	Harris	Rogers (AL)
Boebert	Harshbarger	Rogers (KY)
Bost	Hern	Rose
Brecheen	Higgins (LA)	Rosendale
Buchanan	Hill	Rouzer
Buck	Hinson	Roy
Bucshon	Houchin	Rutherford
Burchett	Huizenga	Salazar
Burgess	Hunt	Scalise
Burlison	Issa	Schweikert
Calvert	Jackson (TX)	Scott, Austin
Cammack	James	Self
Carey	Johnson (OH)	Sessions
Carl	Johnson (SD)	Smith (MO)
Carter (GA)	Jordan	Smith (NJ)
Ciscomani	Kelly (MS)	Smucker
Cline	Kustoff	Spartz
Cloud	LaLota	Stauber
Clyde	LaMalfa	Stefanik
Cole	Lamborn	Steil
Collins	Langworthy	Steube
Comer	Latta	Strong
Crane	Lee (FL)	Tenney
Crawford	Letlow	Thompson (PA)
D'Esposito	Loudermilk	Tiffany
Davidson	Luna	Timmons
DesJarlais	Luttrell	Valadao
Donalds	Malliotakis	Van Drew
Duarte	Mann	Van Dwyne
Duncan	Massie	Van Orden
Dunn (FL)	Mast	Wagner
Ellzey	McCarthy	Walberg
Emmer	McClain	Weber (TX)
Estes	McClintock	Webster (FL)
Ezell	McCormick	Westerman
Fallon	Meuser	Williams (NY)
Feenstra	Miller (IL)	Williams (TX)
Ferguson	Miller (WV)	Wilson (SC)
Finstad	Miller-Meeks	Wittman
Fitzgerald	Mills	Womack
Fox	Molinaro	Yakym
Franklin, Scott	Moolenaar	Zinke
Fry	Mooney	

NOES—241

Adams	Balint	Blumenauer
Aguiar	Barragán	Blunt Rochester
Allred	Beatty	Bonamici
Amodei	Bera	Bowman
Auchincloss	Beyer	Boyle (PA)
Baird	Bishop (GA)	Brown

Brownley	Higgins (NY)	Panetta
Budzinski	Himes	Pappas
Bush	Horsford	Pascarell
Caraveo	Houlahan	Payne
Carbajal	Hoyer	Peltola
Cárdenas	Hoyle (OR)	Pence
Carson	Huffman	Perez
Carter (LA)	Ivey	Peters
Carter (TX)	Jackson (IL)	Pettersen
Cartwright	Jackson (NC)	Plaskett
Casar	Jacobs	Pocan
Case	Jayapal	Porter
Casten	Jeffries	Pressley
Castor (FL)	Johnson (GA)	Quigley
Castro (TX)	Joyce (OH)	Ramirez
Chavez-DeRemer	Joyce (PA)	Raskin
Cherfilus-	Kamla-Dove	Ross
McCormick	Kaptur	Ruiz
Chu	Kean (NJ)	Ruppersberger
Clark (MA)	Keating	Ryan
Clarke (NY)	Kelly (IL)	Sablan
Cleaver	Khanna	Salinas
Clyburn	Kiggans (VA)	Sánchez
Cohen	Kildee	Sarbanes
Connolly	Kiley	Scanlon
Costa	Kilmer	Schakowsky
Courtney	Kim (CA)	Schiff
Craig	Kim (NJ)	Schneider
Crenshaw	Krishnamoorthi	Scholten
Crockett	Kuster	Schrier
Crow	LaHood	Scott (VA)
Cuellar	Landsman	Scott, David
Curtis	Larsen (WA)	Sewell
David (KS)	Larson (CT)	Sherman
Davis (IL)	LaTurner	Sherrill
Davis (NC)	Lawler	Simpson
Dean (PA)	Lee (CA)	Slotkin
DeGette	Lee (NV)	Smith (NE)
DeLauro	Lee (PA)	Smith (WA)
DeBene	Leger Fernandez	Sorensen
Deluzio	Levin	Soto
DeSaulnier	Lieu	Spanberger
Diaz-Balart	Lofgren	Stansbury
Dingell	Lucas	Stanton
Doggett	Lynch	Steel
Edwards	Mace	Stevens
Escobar	Magaziner	Strickland
Eshoo	Manning	Sykes
Espallat	Matsui	Takano
Evans	McBath	Thanedar
Fitzpatrick	McCaul	Thompson (CA)
Fleischmann	McClellan	Thompson (MS)
Fletcher	McCollum	Titus
Flood	McGarvey	Tlaib
Foster	McGovern	Tokuda
Foushee	Meeks	Tonko
Frankel, Lois	Menendez	Torres (CA)
Frost	Meng	Torres (NY)
Gallego	Mfume	Trahan
Garamendi	Morelle	Trone
Garcia (IL)	Moskowitz	Underwood
Garcia (TX)	Moulton	Vargas
Garcia, Robert	Mrvan	Vasquez
Goldman (NY)	Mullin	Veasey
Gomez	Nadler	Velázquez
Gonzales, Tony	Napolitano	Wasserman
Gonzalez,	Neal	Schultz
Vicente	Neguse	Waters
Gottheimer	Newhouse	Watson Coleman
Granger	Nickel	Wenstrup
Graves (MO)	Norcross	Wexton
Green, Al (TX)	Norton	Wild
Griffith	Nunn (IA)	Williams (GA)
Grijalva	Ocasio-Cortez	Wilson (FL)
Harder (CA)	Omar	
Hayes	Pallone	

NOT VOTING—21

Correa	Kelly (PA)	Pelosi
De La Cruz	Lesko	Phillips
Fischbach	Luetkemeyer	Pingree
Golden (ME)	McHenry	Santos
Hageman	Miller (OH)	Swalwell
Hudson	Moore (WI)	Turner
Jackson Lee	Moylan	Waltz

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote). There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1254

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

□ 1300

AMENDMENT NO. 41 OFFERED BY MR. JACKSON

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 41 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. JACKSON of Texas. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used by the National Nuclear Security Administration to halt the construction of a High Explosive Synthesis, Formulation, and Production facility at the Pantex Plant near Amarillo, Texas.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from Texas (Mr. JACKSON) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Texas.

Mr. JACKSON of Texas. Mr. Chair, the National Nuclear Security Administration's Pantex plant in Amarillo, Texas, is one of our Nation's most valuable and vital military assets as it is our strategic force's only nuclear weapons assembly and disassembly facility.

The saying within the military's nuclear enterprise is "all roads lead to Pantex" because this site in my district is a mandatory stop for every single nuclear weapon within our inventory.

This amendment will prohibit the Biden administration from halting construction of the much-needed High Explosive Synthesis, Formulation, and Production Facility at Pantex.

This major construction project will enhance our nuclear deterrence capability by allowing the NNSA to modernize and scale its high explosive production capabilities to meet pressing and urgent stockpile requirements.

Right now, we rely on a single, external vendor for large-scale synthesis, formulation, and blending for high explosive products. There have been repeated issues with this vendor, including lack of prioritization and even late deliveries. This presents a single point of failure in the nuclear enterprise which jeopardizes our nuclear weapons production.

Once this new facility is constructed at Pantex, NNSA will be able to meet all long-term high explosive material needs for the weapons stockpile while successfully mitigating nearly all risks associated with production.

Given the threat environment we face in the world today, many people might assume that the Federal Government has made adequate investments in Pantex and modernized appropriately. Those assumptions would be dead wrong. Many of the facilities at the Pantex plant were built in the 1940s and the 1950s.

Today, in 2023, you are required to wear a hardhat when entering some of the buildings because the ceiling is

crumbling down on top of the workers that work there.

Since I have been in Congress, I have ensured that adequate funding has been provided each year to maintain the facility's modernization efforts.

While I have disagreed with the Biden administration nearly every step of the way on just about every issue, one of the only things they seemed to be doing right was prioritizing modernization of our Nation's nuclear enterprise.

Just when I thought this administration grasped how critical it is to ensure the viability of our Nation's nuclear deterrent, I opened the budget request for this year only to see that they had completely zeroed out this project.

Now, this administration wants to let our nuclear forces erode while they continue to pump billions of dollars into woke, green, and social initiatives.

This cut was rejected by both the House and Senate Armed Services Committees, as well as by House appropriators, because we can all see what President Biden apparently cannot.

The United States must be the unquestioned leader in the ability to project peace through strength.

The House has successfully authorized and will soon appropriate the funds for Pantex because we all understand how critical it is to modernize the facilities where our nuclear weapons are made. We must take our Nation's nuclear enterprise out of the crosshairs of the Biden administration.

The world is a dangerous place at the moment with global threats from China, Iran, Russia, and North Korea. We must provide adequate investment in our nuclear deterrence capability to ensure these bad actors never doubt our strategic readiness, and the Pantex plant in Amarillo is a key component of that.

I urge all Members to support my amendment to prohibit the administration from halting construction on this critical modernization initiative.

Madam Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I rise in opposition to this amendment.

The Acting CHAIR (Mrs. KIM of California). The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I have long been a champion of ensuring that the United States maintains a safe, secure, and credible nuclear deterrent while addressing the threat of nuclear proliferation and terrorism.

I wholeheartedly agree with Chair FLEISCHMANN that the National Nuclear Security Administration needs to improve its program and project management given that more than half of its projects are over cost or behind schedule.

We must also face the realities of future defense caps and begin making important decisions to prioritize within this program.

As one step in the prioritization process, the National Nuclear Security

Administration proposed pausing, not phasing out, construction of this facility to focus resources on high-priority items necessary for nuclear weapon modernization efforts.

Only through strategic prioritization can the program achieve success in meeting the needs of stockpile requirements and maintaining the nation's nuclear deterrent.

We should not prohibit the NNSA from pausing certain activities, especially since those issues will be resolved through conferencing funding levels.

Madam Chair, I urge my colleagues to vote against this amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. JACKSON of Texas. Madam Chair, I appreciate having the support of all my colleagues on this amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Texas (Mr. JACKSON).

The amendment was agreed to.

AMENDMENT NO. 42 OFFERED BY MR. LAMBORN

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 42 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. LAMBORN. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. ____ None of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act may be used to admit any individual who is a citizen of any country on the current list of sensitive countries to any facility of a national security laboratory, as such term is defined in section 4002 of the Atomic Energy Defense Act, other than areas accessible to the general public.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. LAMBORN) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Colorado.

Mr. LAMBORN. Madam Chair, I rise today in support of my amendment that restricts citizens of any country on the list of sensitive countries from entering any U.S. national security laboratory facility.

From Los Alamos to Oak Ridge, our national labs perform critical national security activities that are the bedrock of our defense. They oversee the stewardship of our national stockpile which maintains our safe, secure, credible, and effective nuclear deterrent force.

Unlike our adversaries, the United States has upheld the zero-yield testing standard set in place by the Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty. We have done this by choosing to make a massive investment in our national labs to develop a more responsible nuclear testing regime that does not require super-critical explosions.

I was stunned to hear recent reports, though, of Biden administration offi-

cials inviting citizens from our two greatest adversaries to observe U.S. nuclear weapons tests. Russia and China should not have insider access to our testing. This is the latest in a series of misguided and naive national security actions made by Biden administration officials. These are the same officials who have sworn oaths to protect and defend the U.S. Constitution and who are appointed as caretakers for our Nation's most sensitive national security activities.

Proponents of this policy argue that inviting foreign observers to view our tests would encourage our adversaries to be more transparent about their activities. However, China and Russia have had ample opportunity to be more open about their nuclear weapons development and deployments and refuse to do so.

Allowing adversaries to observe our nuclear testing activities is allowing them to derive our methods and procedures, and this destroys deterrence. As chairman of the House Armed Services Strategic Forces Subcommittee, one of my priorities has been to strengthen and protect our nuclear arsenal.

In the world today, nothing could jeopardize our national security more than losing this advantage. For that reason, I encourage my colleagues to adopt this amendment and protect our nuclear assets.

Madam Chair, I close by saying that I ask that we adopt this amendment by acclamation, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. LAMBORN).

The amendment was agreed to.

AMENDMENT NO. 43 OFFERED BY MRS. LUNA

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 43 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mrs. LUNA. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. ____ The salary of Michael Connor, Assistant Secretary of the Army for Civil Works, shall be reduced to \$1.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentlewoman from Florida (Mrs. LUNA) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Florida.

Mrs. LUNA. Madam Chair, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

The Army Corps has halted beach renourishment projects in Florida due to the perpetual public easement access policy. This is now affecting more than nine counties in Florida where the Corps has refused to renourish our beaches without stripping property rights from every homeowner, an unattainable requirement.

The Corps has renourished Florida's beaches for the past two decades using

temporary construction easements to proceed with beach renourishment. The Corps is now going back and enforcing this new policy dating back to 1996, but it has not enforced the same policy for the past two decades. They refuse to address the threat of shore erosion while continuing to watch our beaches disappear before our very eyes.

Numerous members of the Florida delegation have reached out to Assistant Secretary Conner at the Corps to resolve this issue. The unelected bureaucrats at the Army Corps of Engineers have a different agenda. They have stonewalled every single one of us every single step of the way. The Corps has neither followed up nor followed through on proceeding with scheduled beach renourishment projects where we are in dire need due to damage from recent hurricanes.

If the Army Corps does nothing, our beaches will continue to dissipate and our homes will be susceptible to destruction.

The truth is, the Army Corps did not require perpetual easements before, and they do not need them now. The responsibility for the inevitable degradation of Florida beaches, marine life, and economy will rest entirely with the Army Corps of Engineers.

I do not know who the Army Corps works for, but it is clear that it is not the American people. This amendment puts the Army Corps on notice for their shameful neglect of Floridians and forces them to get to work on restoring our beaches.

Madam Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I rise in opposition to the amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, this amendment the gentlewoman has offered raises serious constitutional issues and may amount to an unconstitutional bill of attainder.

This is not the way to handle policy disputes, with Michael Conner, the Assistant Secretary of the Army for civil works.

This amendment prioritizes, I am sad to say, legislative theater over the American people, and it has no chance of becoming law.

Madam Chair, I strongly urge my colleagues to vote against this harmful amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mrs. LUNA. Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I yield to the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. FLEISCHMANN), the chair of the Energy and Water Subcommittee.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Madam Chair, I thank the ranking member for yielding.

While I can completely understand the frustrations many of my colleagues may experience in some of their dealings with some of the aspects and personnel in the executive branch, respectfully, I think reducing the sala-

ries to a dollar is not likely to solve the problem. In fact, it may create even more problems in a challenging environment.

So with all due respect to my colleague from Florida, I urge my colleagues to oppose this amendment.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentlewoman from Florida (Mrs. LUNA).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentlewoman from Florida will be postponed.

□ 1315

AMENDMENT NO. 44 OFFERED BY MRS. LUNA

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 44 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mrs. LUNA. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. ____ None of the funds made available by this Act may be used to implement or enforce Corps of Engineers memorandum CERE-AP, issued by the South Atlantic division on July 9, 1996, relating to "Approval of Perpetual Beach Storm Damage Reduction Easement as a Standard Estate".

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentlewoman from Florida (Mrs. LUNA) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Florida.

Mrs. LUNA. Madam Chair, I yield myself such time as I may consume.

The Army Corps has halted many beach renourishment projects in Florida. It is now affecting nine counties. Ultimately, in our eyes, this 1996 policy is completely out of date and needs to be defunded.

Obviously we have massive concerns, to include habitat for endangered species in my community; a number of private homeowners that will have their properties destroyed; and, in addition to that, it is going to financially impact our community, as much of our income for that area depends on travel as well as our beaches.

I am asking for support for this amendment. I think that it is something that would benefit not just my constituents, but many of those in Florida.

Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I rise in opposition to this amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, this amendment would prohibit funds for

the Corps of Engineers to implement or enforce guidance from the 1996 memo called Approval of Perpetual Beach Storm Damage Reduction Easement As a Standard Estate. That is engineering language. While this may sound like a lot of jargon, it is actually an attempt to have one area of Florida treated differently than other areas.

Beach renourishment is an important function of the Corps of Engineers and includes the adding of sediment onto or directly adjacent to an eroding beach, something that our country on many coasts now is experiencing. The Corps of Engineers generally requires that real estate easements are granted when performing work, which makes sense, because the taxpayers are footing the bill for the improvement.

Further, it seems particularly of interest to taxpayers that, if our taxpayer dollars are improving private property, then there should be an easement provided.

In this case, that wasn't required in the past, but the Corps of Engineers realized it wasn't following standard procedures and decided to implement that going forward.

This really comes down to one basic question: Do we want to treat one area of the country differently than all the rest of the areas are supposed to be treated? I believe we should strive for consistency in implementing the laws and regulations of this country, especially when it comes to projects funded with taxpayer dollars.

For these reasons, I urge my colleagues to vote against this amendment.

Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentlewoman from Florida (Mrs. LUNA).

The amendment was agreed to.

AMENDMENT NO. 45 OFFERED BY MR. MCCORMICK

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 45 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. MCCORMICK. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. ____ None of the funds made available by this Act may be used to close the Toto Creek, Bolding Mill, Duckett Mill, Old Federal, Van Pugh South Campground, Sawnee, or Bald Ridge Creek campgrounds located at Lake Sidney Lanier, Georgia.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. MCCORMICK) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Georgia.

Mr. MCCORMICK. Madam Chair, I rise to offer my amendment No. 45 to H.R. 4394, the Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act for fiscal year 2024.

My amendment No. 45 prevents the Army Corps of Engineers from closing campgrounds around Lake Lanier. My amendment will ensure that these campgrounds are open for my constituents and for people all over the country to enjoy the outdoors of Georgia's Sixth District.

Lake Lanier is the most visited lake of the 464 federally operated lakes in the United States, with well over 10 million visitors from all over the country annually. The Army Corps of Engineers runs the lake and the campgrounds and parks surrounding it.

Over the past summer, the Corps suggested they close some of the campgrounds around the lake citing the lack of appropriations and need for maintenance. Congress provided \$8.31 billion in annual appropriations for 2023, which was 26 percent above the fiscal year 2023 Presidential budget request. Frankly, the Corps seems to have not properly budgeted.

This is Big Government at its finest, wasteful, always asking for more, and never trying to save or be more efficient. The Army Corps must do better by focusing on the needs of the community where it operates. The more control locally, the better.

The families of Georgia's Sixth, as well as all those who seek to visit Lake Lanier, should not have to bear the consequences of mismanagement of funds. These campgrounds must remain open.

I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I rise in opposition to the amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. This amendment prohibits funds provided by this act from closing campgrounds or parks operated by the Army Corps of Engineers and located at or around Lake Sidney Lanier, Georgia.

I can certainly understand the strong interest in preventing the Corps from closing campgrounds and parks in a particular area. Frankly, I wish my area had one, but we don't have Corps facilities like that. The gentleman has been blessed.

The Corps of Engineers is one of the Nation's leading Federal providers of outdoor recreation. Its recreation sites receive 262 million visits each year and include more than 400 lake and river projects in 43 States. Unfortunately, the Corps of Engineers' recreation funding has been declining in recent years.

I support the notion that we do not want the Corps to begin closing recreation sites due to lack of funding. However, this is an issue that affects hundreds of sites across dozens of States. I do not believe we here today should begin the practice of using funding prohibitions to carve out special designations, but instead should develop a comprehensive solution, fair to all regions across our Nation, to address the challenge of funding the Corps' recreation sites.

I would welcome the opportunity to work with the gentleman on that and obviously the chair of the full committee.

For this reason, I oppose the amendment at this time, but look forward to working with my colleagues to develop a solution to the larger problem. Maybe we can even give a little attention to the Great Lakes. Wouldn't that be great?

Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. McCORMICK. Madam Chair, I am glad it is agreed that this is a problem nationwide. I am focused on my district, however. I think I am the representation for my district.

I think, in fiscal year 2023, the operations and management budget for the Army Corps was 11 percent more than the previous year, at \$5.08 billion instead of \$4.57 billion, which makes our case that there is no reason to use these funds to close the most popular destination for people from all over to come to our lake in our district.

Therefore, Madam Chair, I now, more than ever, think it is important to protect our outdoors. Keep the campgrounds around Lake Lanier open and accessible to the public.

Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Georgia (Mr. McCORMICK).

The amendment was agreed to.

AMENDMENT NO. 46 OFFERED BY MR. NORMAN

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 46 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. ____ None of the funds made available by this Act may be used to carry out the final rule titled "Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for Manufactured Housing" (88 Fed. Reg. 32728 (May 31, 2022)).

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from South Carolina for 5 minutes.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, my amendment would prohibit funding for the Biden administration's rule titled, "Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for Manufactured Housing." It would prohibit the Department of Energy from carrying out regulations that increase the regulatory burdens.

This is a topic that I am very familiar with. I met with the manufacturers of some manufactured housing. For those who don't know, manufactured housing is built in an enclosed environment. What they have done with the

passage of the regulations would put the most affordable housing out of business, like changing the rafter sizes from 2 by 2s, 2 by 4s to 2 by 10s or 2 by 8s, 2 by 6s. It is just not practically feasible to do this.

Who would be against the title of an energy conservation program? What this does is much deeper than what this title says.

In May 2022, the DOE developed the energy standards for manufactured homes that would raise the price of new manufactured homes by, in total, thousands of dollars, which would be passed onto the homeowners from cost increases that is far in excess of any return that they would get from the energy savings. Since then, the costs of these DOE standards have become even higher as mortgage rates have increased dramatically.

The standards would limit consumer choices and severely threaten the affordability of new manufactured homes, and this is the most affordable home that the country is now putting on the market. Stick-built homes or building custom homes, as we did in the old days, are just not feasible now.

Manufactured housing represents one of the best opportunities for helping families realize the American Dream, and it counts for roughly 6 percent of the housing stock, this being the largest source of unsubsidized affordable housing in the country.

In South Carolina, one in five South Carolina families lives in a manufactured home. The average price of a new manufactured home is \$75,000. The median income of a manufactured home buyer in South Carolina is about 30,000. The availability of affordable manufactured homeownership is in jeopardy if this new regulation is put into effect. We shouldn't trade off housing affordability for the sake of energy efficiency, which will limit the dream of homeownership.

Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN).

The amendment was agreed to.

□ 1330

AMENDMENT NO. 47 OFFERED BY MR. NORMAN

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 47 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. ____ None of the funds made available by this Act may be used for the Department of Energy Office of Science's Office of Scientific Workforce Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman

from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from South Carolina.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, my amendment would prohibit funding for policies that advance the Biden administration's radical DEI agenda, diversity, equity, and inclusion.

Specifically, my amendment would prohibit the use of funds for the Department of Energy's Office of Scientific Workforce Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion. This office's mission is to promote diverse, equitable, and inclusive workplaces. Now, even science must bow to equity and inclusion. Science should be rooted in fact and research, not wokeism.

We have seen what happens when DOE prioritizes diversity and inclusion over all else. It results in hiring non-binary nuclear officials like Sam Brinton, who uses they/them pronouns to address his cohorts.

It is time to be serious. We cannot waste taxpayer dollars funding an office of science whose sole purpose is to promote diversity, equity, and inclusion over science.

Madam Chair, I urge my colleagues to support my amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I rise in strong opposition to this amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, as I understand it, this amendment prohibits the use of funds for the Department of Energy's Office of Scientific Workforce Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion.

This bill already includes harmful riders that show Republicans are not interested in bills that can gain bipartisan support and become law.

During our full committee markup—I remember it well—Republicans added a provision that prohibits funds for any diversity, equity, and inclusion office, program, or training. The underlying bill already includes section 606 that prohibits funds related to advancing racial equity and support for underserved communities and related to diversity, equity, inclusion, and accessibility in the Federal workforce.

In addition, section 605 of the underlying bill prohibits any activities related to “critical race theory” that, as we heard during the markups when I asked the question, none of my Republican colleagues could even define. I don't see a definition in your presentation here today.

How many times do the individuals on the other side of the aisle need to emphasize that they do not like the words “diversity, equity, and inclusion?”

I know when we were educated, we were always taught about “*e pluribus unum*,” out of many, one. That is what makes our Nation great, that we aren't just one widget, that, in fact, our common experience is our shared heritages, wherever they might be from. It makes

us a more interesting place, and it also connects us to the broader world beyond our shores.

I really do not understand why these provisions are necessary on an energy and water bill, and I hope that my colleagues would stop targeting those who may be different from themselves—or they might think they are—and embrace acceptance or at least tolerance of others.

Madam Chair, I urge my colleagues to reject this amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, I think my good friends on the left don't realize the cost of DEI is borne by the businesses in this country now more than ever when they are paying double and triple for gas and have supply chain shortages, interest rates at a 40-year high, and inflation that we have never seen the likes of.

We have seen what DEI does in the military. The military is down 25 to 30 percent. If you want a definition, define for me the pronouns “they” and “them.” If you are referring to your fellow coworkers as “they” and “them,” does that make sense? No, that is the stupidest, craziest idea to even entertain.

People are trying to put food on the table, trying to protect their loved ones, and you are really promoting this with a price tag? You all ought to be ashamed of yourselves for doing this at a time when America is struggling like never before.

It has a price tag to it, and to even have to discuss this is really unbelievable in today's world.

Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentleman from South Carolina will be postponed.

AMENDMENT NO. 48 OFFERED BY MR. NORMAN

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 48 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used for the Interagency Working Group on the Social Cost of Greenhouse Gases.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from South Carolina.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, this is my amendment, which is similar to what we talked about before on the DEI lunacy. My amendment would prohibit funds from being used by the Interagency Working Group on the Social Cost of Greenhouse Gases.

The interagency working group was originally convened by the Obama administration before being disbanded by the Trump administration and reimposed through Biden's radical climate Executive Order No. 13990. Democrats use the social cost of greenhouse gas metrics to justify sweeping climate policies and strict regulations.

I will add that President Biden, when asked what the main concerns and threats for America are, mentioned climate change. We have people being blown up over in Israel, and his focus is climate change.

Madam Chair, I urge my colleagues to support my amendment and ensure we don't waste valuable tax dollars and resources to fund the Biden administration's radical climate agenda.

The other thing I would add is we have to, for dollars that are just vaguely named in these bills, see where the money actually goes. I think America would be astounded.

Madam Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I rise in strong opposition to this amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, this amendment would prohibit funds for the Interagency Working Group on the Social Cost of Greenhouse Gases.

In my part of the country, we recognize what greenhouse gases are. We have to contain methane at many landfills that have let that stuff belch out into the atmosphere. The satellites that take photos of the Earth from a distance can show us that when we weren't conscious of greenhouse gases, we were breaking through the ozone layer, and we have been able to heal that over time with concerted effort. Those who care to know about greenhouse gases have plenty of evidence around us.

We know that the work of this particular group is crucial to making sure the government accounts for the potential impacts of government actions on the climate.

Now, I just left a group of farmers back in Ohio, and I can tell you that their fields are being washed out because of added rainfall at a level they have never seen before.

We have the saltwater creeping up the Mississippi River right now. I was just talking to one of the Members on the other side of the aisle yesterday concerned about Baton Rouge and what is happening with the ocean and saltwater coming north. This has never happened before. This is very unusual.

Whether it is gases in the air—I think of Canada this past summer. In

my part of the country, we never had the kind of fog, I call it, that came from those forest fires down into our region and even made it here to Washington, D.C., and down to the panhandle. This is all new.

As I have said, it is undeniable that we are witnessing growing weather events stemming from climate change occurring in real time, even to the point where we can see it with our own eyes.

As of the end of August, there have been more than 23 disasters in 2023 alone costing at least \$1 billion each. With the costs of trying to pick up after these terrible events, whether we are talking about Hawaii or other places in our country that have been hit hard, our homeland security and disaster assistance accounts have tripled because of what is going on.

We know that the events this year have exceeded the previous records set in 2020, and we still have a few more months to go before this year is done. We don't have the luxury to pretend that climate change isn't impacting us—whatever name you call it—or that our actions aren't somehow related to it.

Tell the American citizens who lost businesses or homes and loved ones from hurricanes, wildfires, and other recent natural disasters, and those who continue to face unrelenting flooding in the Midwest, that there are no costs from climate change because there sure are.

It is already past time for aggressive action to address climate change and its impacts.

The truth is that it is having catastrophic social and economic impacts here in the United States and across the globe, and these are real and unrelenting. Pretending that it doesn't exist simply won't make it go away.

Madam Chair, I strongly urge my colleagues to vote against this harmful amendment and would enjoy talking to the gentleman at any time about my part of the country and what we endure. From what I see in your part of the country, you have issues there, as well.

Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, I am glad the gentlewoman mentioned forest fires. If you talk to any forester, this is something we could have a direct impact on.

Do you know how much thatch is causing a lot of these fires? Thatch, in a lot of cases, is this high, and the environmentalists won't let them cut some dead trees and won't let them take the thatch out. How stupid is that? It defies logic.

You mentioned the oceans. Try to explain to anybody in this country how man is going to control the oceans.

We are all for clean water and clean air, but the price tag that is put on these programs that are paying some bureaucrat to give his opinion is, again, lunacy at its highest at a time

in this country when Americans cannot afford it.

I promise in your district, if you talk to your constituents and put the price tag on it, I think they would have a different opinion than your President saying that climate change is the biggest existential threat in this country. There are far greater things than that.

Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN).

The amendment was agreed to.

□ 1345

AMENDMENT NO. 49 OFFERED BY MR. NORMAN

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 49 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used to consider the social cost of greenhouse gases in the development and implementation of a budget for a Federal agency, in any Federal procurement processes, or when preparing an environmental review pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.).

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from South Carolina.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Speaker, this is similar to the other amendments we have been talking about. This particular amendment, 49, prohibits the use of funds for the consideration of the social cost of greenhouse gases in the development and implementation of budgets, Federal procurement processes, or environmental reviews.

I don't know how you calculate that, but the dollars are going toward it. President Biden is directing agencies to consider the social cost of greenhouse gases in the development and implementation of budgets in the Federal procurement process.

Democrats use the social cost of greenhouse gas metrics to justify funding sweeping climate policies and strict regulations.

Where is it legitimately going to? To my good friends on the left, if it were coming out of your paycheck, I think you would probably have a different opinion of where the money should be used.

This is, again, similar to what we have been talking about. It is similar to what we face in the Financial Services Committee where groups are demanding banks, banks that loan money, fill out 500-page reports on the carbon imprint that banks have. How stupid is that?

Again, this is down the same lines we have talked about.

Madam Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I rise in strong opposition to this amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, all I wish to say on this is there is an old expression: Don't try to fool Mother Nature. I would say and advise, don't ignore Mother Nature.

I strongly urge my colleagues to vote against this harmful amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, I wish during a lot of the hearings I have been to and the advocates for us humans controlling the climate and those like Al Gore who says, "the oceans are boiling"—he literally said that—it fits right in line with this radical agenda that America can't afford now.

I urge support of my amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN).

The amendment was agreed to.

AMENDMENT NO. 50 OFFERED BY MR. NORMAN

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 50 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used for the American Climate Corps.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from South Carolina.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, my amendment is similar to the others that I have proposed. It prohibits funding for the American Climate Corps that the Biden administration recently established through an executive order. Thank God it is not binding after his administration is gone.

The Biden administration describes the American Climate Corps as a workforce training and service initiative for careers in the clean energy and climate reliance economy. The corps will focus on equity and environmental justice.

Instead of funding Democrats woke climate agenda, why don't you focus on a pro-growth agenda that spurs the economy and prioritizes American energy independence?

Imagine if this administration reversed course and instead of buying it from OPEC countries that hate America, maybe buying it from our country where we have a 100-year supply, if not more, and become energy independent.

I am in the construction business. I haven't seen too many trucks that operate on batteries. When I get on a plane, I don't see too many airplanes flying on batteries or solar panels, much less the batteries that are made predominantly in China, which is a country that doesn't like us.

I urge passage of my amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I rise in opposition to this amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, here is another amendment that prohibits something else. The gentleman's amendment would prohibit funding for the American Climate Corps.

I have been a long-time supporter of the idea of engaging young Americans in helping to build our country forward as the original Civilian Conservation Corps did many, many years ago.

People who became a part of that saw a part of America that they had never seen before. They made friends. They learned new skills. It gave people a pride in our Nation that was incalculable.

The whole intent of the American Climate Corps is to engage young Americans in helping our Nation build forward, whether they would be weatherizing homes, planting trees, installing solar infrastructure, mitigating coastal erosion, permitting fires and flooding—the gentleman talked about some of the needs of our national forests—constructing and maintaining public trails, and so much more.

From the western Great Plains to the coast and Great Lakes, we are witnessing the wreckage brought about by changing climate with a ferocity that knows no bounds.

Our success in tackling this challenge will require bold and innovative strategies and connecting to the younger generation.

Last month when the President announced the American Climate Corps, he talked about training young people in high-demand skills for jobs in the clean energy economy, as well.

This program will give a new generation of Americans the skills that our grandparents had, which are necessary to access good-paying jobs that are aligned with high-quality employment opportunities after they complete their paid training and service. It is really a program for America and for the next generation, and I would welcome that.

It used to be that most persons had someone in their family who joined the U.S. military. Today, less than 1 percent of America's families are connected to the U.S. military.

We have to find other means to engage our younger people in patriotic service, and this is one of those. I believe we must continue to invest in America's next generation, our future workforce, and this is such a positive way to do it.

I strongly urge my colleagues to vote against this amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, to my friends on the other side of the aisle, I agree with you. The people that joined the corps, they are well-meaning people.

They work. They build trails, as you mentioned. They fix houses up. Their motives are pure, or they wouldn't do that. It requires physical labor. I have met them on-site.

What this does has nothing to do with the good that they do. It just burdens them. In America, we have become the country we were in the past not by guaranteeing equal outcomes but by guaranteeing equal opportunity.

What I want to do is grant the opportunity for people to join the American Climate Corps to reach their highest potential.

It is not putting the money or making them fill out some crazy form like the banks are having to do. For those who have been in the private sector, they would be with us at every level to stop this kind of rampant spending of our tax dollars.

I urge support of this amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentleman from South Carolina will be postponed.

AMENDMENT NO. 51 OFFERED BY MR. NORMAN

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 51 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. The salary of Jennifer M. Granholm, Secretary of the Department of Energy, shall be reduced to \$1.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from South Carolina.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, my amendment cuts the salary of the Secretary of the Department of Energy, Jennifer Granholm, to \$1. The job that she has done is far below standard by any measure.

She testified and promoted a company in Greenville—my State, not in my district but my State—that she was a former board member on and requested funds from the American taxpayer.

I have learned now with bureaucrats who make wrong decisions, the only way you deal with them is to cut their salary. I recommend that her salary be cut to a dollar.

I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I rise in opposition.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, this amendment raises serious constitutional issues and may amount to an unconstitutional bill of attainder. This is not the way to handle policy disputes with the Secretary of Energy for our country.

This amendment prioritizes legislative theater over the American people and doesn't have a chance of becoming law.

I strongly urge my colleagues to vote against this harmful amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, I yield the balance of my time to the gentleman from Michigan (Mr. JAMES), my good friend.

Mr. JAMES. Madam Chair, this is not political theater, far from it. This is accountability to the American people.

I rise today in support of this amendment to reduce the salary of Secretary Granholm to \$1 because I cannot make her pay us back.

The job of the Secretary of Energy is to secure American energy independence, but she is not securing American energy independence. She is depleting it, and she should be held accountable to the people for failing to deliver on her job.

You see, Madam Speaker, before Ms. Granholm was Energy Secretary, she promoted the same failed policies while serving as Governor of Michigan and presided over what is now known as Michigan's Lost Decade, a legacy that we are still paying for at home.

She presided over the mass exodus of our jobs and our children from our State. She presided over the crippling of our economy, foreclosures of so many of our homes, and the closing of our businesses.

She embarrassed us with the RASCO fiasco when she offered \$9 million in tax credits to promote a job program that actually went to a convicted embezzler who lived out of a trailer.

You know what she did when she was done gutting and embarrassing our State, Madam Speaker? She left. She got on a plane and headed for California where she took a faculty position at Berkeley while leaving Michiganders at home struggling in the snow.

Madam Chair, while this amendment today is not about her time in Michigan, past behavior is the best indicator of future performance.

We should be appalled but not surprised by the same malpractice, malfeasance, and mistreatment of the office that she assumes currently, and she has inflicted serious pain on the

American people and jeopardizes our American independence moving forward.

Since this administration took office, Madam Chair, we have gone from energy independence to energy reliance on dictators and despots around the world.

Secretary Granholm sold off our Strategic Petroleum Reserve and sold out Americans and our national security. All the worse, she went on television and laughed in our faces just before gas prices hit their peak.

The American people's pain is their plan, Madam Chair. They are making gas unaffordable and are trading away our national resources to China, our number one adversary, all so they can implement their pipe dream of forced EV transition. I won't call it treason, but many in my district have.

The policies she is seeking to impose, the billions of dollars in penalties for our autos through her EV mandates would crater the number one industry in Michigan.

We do not fear the future, but we demand to be a part of it. Madam Chair, the consequence of her failures is the reason folks in my district are standing on a picket line right now.

The unrealistic, untimely, and unjust forced EV mandates she supports is building the Chinese middle class on the backs of middle-class families in Michigan and around America.

It is time for her to pay, and Congress is holding her accountable. This is the essence of what the Article I branch of government should be doing. It is holding an out-of-control administration accountable to the people. She failed in Michigan, and we will not let her fail America.

This is a warning to the American people that policies that hurt them will stop with the 118th Congress.

□ 1400

These policies have not worked anywhere. They have tried and they have failed. In the real world, failure means your employer takes your pay. This town needs to start operating a little bit more like the real world.

Madam Chair, that is why I support this resolution, and I encourage all of my colleagues to support it as well.

Mr. NORMAN. Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I would say in reaction to what I just heard on the floor here, there must be two Jennifer Granholms because the one I know is simply exceptional.

Madam Chair, I yield to the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. FLEISCHMANN), the chair of the Energy and Water Subcommittee.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Madam Chair, I thank my ranking member for yielding to me, and I did hear both of my colleagues. Respectfully, I disagree with this amendment.

I do not think that attempting to reduce salaries to a dollar is likely to address this problem, and it may very

well create more problems than it attempts to solve.

Madam Chair, I respectfully oppose the amendment and urge my colleagues to oppose the same.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is now on the amendment offered by the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the yeas appeared to have it.

Mr. JAMES. Madam Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentleman from South Carolina will be postponed.

AMENDMENT NO. 52 OFFERED BY MR. OGLES

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 52 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. OGLES. Madam Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title) insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used to enforce any COVID-19 mask mandates.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. OGLES) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Tennessee.

Mr. OGLES. Madam Chair, my amendment prohibits the funds from being appropriated by this Act for being used to enforce any COVID-19 mask mandates. Policies involving mandatory masks implementation are not about safety nor are they about science. Mask mandates are, at their core, about control.

Dr. Tom Jefferson, a leading epidemiologist who coauthored what The New York Times opinion section called the most rigorous and comprehensive analysis of scientific studies conducted on the efficacy of masks for reducing the spread of respiratory illnesses, including COVID-19, found that there was no evidence that masks made any difference.

He found that wearing a mask in public places makes little or no difference in the number of infections. For my colleagues and friends on the other side who do privately believe that masks or a mask mandate should be in place, I would say that unfortunately mask mandates include all masks. Yet, the gold standard, N95 masks, have been proven ineffective.

Madam Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Madam Chair, I rise in opposition to this amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chairman, his amendment would prohibit any funds to enforce COVID-19 mask mandates.

I must say, America used to focus on big issues. I remember as a child we tried to figure out how to eradicate polio coast-to-coast, and you know what, we did it.

America was inspired by a great a President, JOHN KENNEDY, to land a man on the moon, and we did. America did it. We worked together to defeat Soviet communism, and guess what, we did it. We have remnants of that tyrannical regime still seated, and history will show whether we meet the challenge or not. But most of America wants to defeat Vladimir Putin's unconscionable invasion, unprovoked to the adjoining nation of Ukraine.

This amendment is one more controversial poison pill policy rider dealing with face masks. You know what, I didn't really come to Congress to worry about the face masks. I find the majority's odd interest in this peculiar.

Preventing diseases reduces healthcare costs, such as hospitalizations, pharmaceuticals, and benefits employers by resulting in less employee absenteeism. I find it very odd—here we are moving into Halloween and people are spending millions of dollars on masks to go all around the country and parade around in neighborhoods in masks.

Yet, when we talk about facial masks to fight the COVID-19 virus, which is a wicked one, it has been politicized to a level that it is almost a theater of the absurd.

From January 3, 2020, to September 27, 2023, there were how many deaths in our country from COVID?

Madam Chair, there were 1,127,152 deaths from COVID-19 in our country alone. That is 1,127,152 deaths. Some of the people who died we knew and loved, and some were people serving in this room.

Madam Chair, I strongly urge my colleagues to vote against this harmful amendment and to focus on great quests, not ridiculousness.

Madam Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. OGLES. Mr. Chair, I too believe in reaching for the moon, for achieving big things. We eradicated polio using science. We went to the moon using science. Mask mandates were based off of fear and control.

Dr. Jefferson goes on to say in his study that policymakers who impose mask mandates on Americans were convinced by nonrandomized studies—flawed observational studies not rooted in science. It was about control.

Mr. Chairman, I find, as a Member of Congress, any action of this body that infringes on liberty to be a problem, any action by this body that infringes on law to be a problem, and any action by this body that infringes the Constitution of this great country to be a problem.

Mr. Chairman, I stand here in great opposition to using money to take the

liberty away from hardworking Americans of freedom that has been fought for and bled for, and I will not rest.

Mr. Chairman, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR (Mr. MOORE of Alabama). The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. OGLES).

The amendment was agreed to.

AMENDMENT NO. 53 OFFERED BY MR. OGLES

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 53 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. OGLES. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used to finalize the rule entitled "Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for Automatic Commercial Ice Makers" published by the Department of Energy in the Federal Register on September 25, 2023 (88 Fed. Reg. 65628).

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. OGLES) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Tennessee.

Mr. OGLES. Mr. Chairman, well, here we go again, the administration's war on appliances continues.

First it was gas stoves, then it was water heaters, and now it is ice makers. I live in the country; I like a glass of iced tea—operative word there is iced.

The Department of Energy has proposed a rule to impose stringent regulations on commercial automatic ice makers in the name of energy efficiency. For my fellow Americans watching this amendment debate, if someone knocks on the door of your local business and tells you they are from the Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy, don't answer.

We have seen this play before. In 2014, the Obama administration pushed a rule to force different sectors of the American economy to comply with more restrictive energy standards—targeting hotels, targeting hospitals, targeting schools, office buildings, supermarkets, and restaurants.

At the time, the proposed rule was projected to cost manufacturers \$24 million over a 30-year period, about a quarter of industry's profits. That is what this rule would do. It is time to get the government out of the ice making business and get back to the business of achieving great things.

Mr. Chairman, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chairman, I rise to oppose the gentleman's amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chairman, the Department of Energy is charged with im-

plementing congressionally directed energy efficiency standards. So the Department is fulfilling the obligations in law. Now, if individuals want to comment on that there is a way to do that, to fully participate in the rulemaking process, and I urge our colleagues to do that.

Again, the gentleman's interests seem to be rather narrow, and to create false fears—whether it is masks or whether it is trying to get better equipment—more energy efficient equipment in the country to help everyone, businesses that use ice making machines, and homeowners who have ice making in their home.

This specific rule would save Americans over \$44 million in annual operating costs. That is pretty good. We make American industry more efficient and we make it cheaper. They save money.

We are trying to act in the interest of the American people. There is a quote in this Chamber, "Let us develop the resources of our land, call forth its powers, build up its institutions, promote all its great interests and see whether we also in our day and generation may not perform something worthy to be remembered." That is what we should aspire to.

In saving the American people money in helping them to promote their companies to save money to make America better, I think that we are on the right path. I think the gentleman's amendment is misdirected, and I oppose it.

Mr. Chairman, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. OGLES. Mr. Chairman, I appreciate my colleague's sentiment, and I would just say that at a time when we have increased electrification in this country, at a time when we have continued stress and demand for electricity in this country—even in Tennessee the lauded and respected TVA had brownouts this past winter because of the demand for energy.

Rather than increasing our own energy production, rather than focusing on supporting a new innovative nuclear technology to expand our ability to be energy independent, to produce more energy, they are focusing on ice makers.

Mr. Chairman, this is ridiculous. This is absurd. This is nothing more than a woke Biden administration that is, once again, regulating and rulemaking against businesses that ultimately will cost consumers more money.

Mr. Chairman, I would ask for adoption of my amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. OGLES).

The amendment was agreed to.

□ 1415

AMENDMENT NO. 54 OFFERED BY MR. PALMER

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 54 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. None of the funds made available by this Act may be used to implement, administer, or enforce the rule entitled "Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for Room Air Conditioners" published by the Department of Energy in the Federal Register on May 26, 2023 (88 Fed. Reg. 34298).

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from Alabama (Mr. PALMER) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Alabama.

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Chairman, I rise in support of my amendment.

Federal bureaucrats at the Department of Energy are once again attacking Americans' freedom to choose the appliances that they want in their homes. They tried to take 50 percent of the gas stoves off the market. Now, they are coming for your room air-conditioners. My straightforward amendment would block DOE's overzealous regulation on room air-conditioner units from taking effect.

Summers in Alabama, as you know, Mr. Chairman, are hot. My constituents, like millions of Americans, use air-conditioners to fight this heat. For people who are so concerned about global warming, you would think they would want to make air-conditioners less expensive, not more.

I grew up dirt poor, and we couldn't afford an air-conditioner. That was the case for most of the people we knew where I grew up.

What I am afraid of is that the Biden administration wants us to go back to those times. This rule fits a pattern of Democratic energy policies that make life more difficult and more expensive, especially for low-income and middle-income Americans who will struggle to afford the up-front costs of more expensive air-conditioning units.

Mr. Chairman, this amendment shows the clear difference in the vision between House Republicans and the Biden administration and House Democrats. House Republicans believe in American energy abundance, and the administration believes in energy restrictions. We believe in consumer choice, and the administration believes in heavyhanded government mandates. We believe consumers back home can make their own decisions, while the administration believes Federal Biden bureaucrats should decide what Americans can and can't do on a daily basis.

If a consumer wants a more energy-efficient room air-conditioning unit, they have the freedom to choose one based on what they think is best, not what the Biden bureaucrats think is best. This rule is another example of vast government overreach and should be stopped.

Mr. Chairman, I therefore urge my colleagues to support my amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I rise in opposition to the amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, the Department of Energy is charged with implementing congressionally directed energy efficiency standards, and I think it is safe to assume that virtually all Americans, let alone all the people in this room, have benefited from these types of efficiency standards over the course of their lifetimes.

Today, the typical new room air-conditioner uses 39 percent less energy than its 1990 counterpart. In that 33-year time span, the Department of Energy raised the efficiency standard for room air-conditioners three times, and real results happened.

The Department of Energy estimates that these new standards will save American families and consumers approximately—are you ready?—\$1.5 billion per year on their electricity bills.

Mr. Chair, I urge my colleagues to reject this amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. PALMER. Mr. Chair, this is another example of bureaucratic overreach. Congress is pretty clear in its lawmaking, and as we are finding out, as the Supreme Court takes up these issues, we are trying to restore legislative authority to this House.

In regard to this amendment, again, as I said, it shows the clear difference between the vision of the House Republicans and the Biden administration and the House Democrats.

I think what the American public needs is the opportunity to choose what they need for their homes, and I believe if we continue down this path with Republican initiatives on energy, we are going to bring down energy costs, but we will also respect the right of American citizens to buy whatever they think they need.

Mr. Chairman, I urge a “yea” vote on my amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Alabama (Mr. PALMER).

The amendment was agreed to.

The Acting CHAIR. The Chair understands that amendment No. 55 will not be offered.

AMENDMENT NO. 56 OFFERED BY MR. PFLUGER

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 56 printed in part B of House Report 118–242.

Mr. PFLUGER. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. The salary of Gene Rodrigues, Assistant Secretary for Electricity for the Office of Electricity, shall be reduced to \$1.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman

from Texas (Mr. PFLUGER) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Texas.

Mr. PFLUGER. Mr. Chairman, it is unfortunate that we have to be here to talk about this. As a member of the Energy and Commerce Committee, as the Representative of one of the most important energy production areas in the country, this is a national security issue.

The Biden administration's assault on our baseload, dispatchable generation of electricity has resulted in record-high prices for consumers and looming resource inadequacies throughout the country, and it has threatened our grid reliability.

Just a few weeks ago, the Department of Energy's Assistant Secretary for Electricity, Mr. Rodrigues, testified before the Energy and Commerce Committee regarding policies to enhance the reliability and efficiency in powering American homes. I am sad to say that at this hearing, Mr. Rodrigues, who is the head of electricity at the Department of Energy, had no idea how much electricity the United States uses each year. He stated that the reason he was chosen for this position was not because he was a subject matter expert.

It saddens me to be standing here, but that is just not an acceptable position, and this glaring lack of knowledge is not okay. It is unacceptable from the head of the Department of Energy's electricity division.

This administration has worked every day to transform energy industries and to push a green agenda that doesn't work, that is not reliable, that doesn't take into account reliability. Their own named Assistant Secretary doesn't know how much electricity we use.

When you look at examples of what they have pushed for—a substantial increase in electric vehicles and other policies—you have to ask the question: If they don't know how much electricity we currently use, then will they know how much electricity we would require with their mandates for electric vehicles?

In Texas alone, if all of our cars were electrified today, just as an example, the State would need approximately an additional 110 terawatt-hours of electricity per year, the average annual electricity consumption of 11 million homes. The added electricity demand would result in a 30 percent increase over current consumption. That is the kind of example that I expect Mr. Rodrigues and others within the Department of Energy to know.

This is a gigantic increase in demand. This administration continues to put American producers and consumers in a bad situation. It is critical that we have good leadership at DOE.

Let me make this clear: I want the Assistant Secretary to be successful. We should all want these people in

leadership positions to be successful. If he succeeds, our country wins. However, when you are the Assistant Secretary for Electricity and don't know every detail about electricity in the United States, then you are not succeeding.

It is for that reason that I recommend this amendment to reduce his salary to \$1 and remind DOE of their core mission, which is to help Americans with reliable and affordable energy.

Mr. Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I rise in opposition to the amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, this amendment raises serious constitutional issues and may amount to an unconstitutional bill of attainder.

This is not the way to handle policy disputes with Mr. Rodrigues, the Assistant Secretary for Electricity at the Department of Energy's Office of Electricity. He has very impressive credentials, with over two decades of work in industry in California and Arizona, parts of our country that understand the new pressures on producing power. Look at the forest fires that have occurred out there and the stresses on the environment that cause millions of people not to have electricity. He has actually lived in places in our country that have experienced it first.

He has impressive degrees in law and obviously in business, so I don't think they are being fair to this gentleman, and this is certainly not the way to handle this.

This amendment prioritizes legislative theater over the American people. It has no chance of becoming law.

Mr. Chair, I strongly urge my colleagues to vote against this harmful amendment, and I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. PFLUGER. Mr. Chair, I yield to the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. FLEISCHMANN).

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chairman, I hold my dear colleague and friend from Texas in the highest esteem. I think he is one of our brightest and best Members, and he has served so well on the Energy and Commerce Committee. It is a pleasure and privilege to serve with him. I play baseball with him, and candidly, he is a much better baseball player than I am. I trust his judgment, but respectfully, on this issue, I want to be consistent.

I have opposed reducing salaries to \$1 in the previous amendments. He articulated his issues very well, but I do think this causes a dangerous, difficult precedent. In that regard, I urge a “no” vote.

Mr. PFLUGER. Mr. Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I yield back the balance of my time, as well.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Texas (Mr. PFLUGER).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Texas will be postponed.

AMENDMENT NO. 57 OFFERED BY MR. PFLUGER

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 57 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. PFLUGER. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. The salary of Andrew Light, Assistant Secretary of Energy for International Affairs, shall be reduced to \$1.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from Texas (Mr. PFLUGER) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Texas.

Mr. PFLUGER. Mr. Chair, the most important tool our country has is energy. It is the underpinning of our economy. It forms a foundational piece of our national security. We see this playing out in all parts of the world right now.

The prosperity of our country rests on the abundant natural resources that we have that no other country has. We are blessed to have those natural resources.

This has been reaffirmed as Americans have seen the events unfold in places like Ukraine. Make no mistake, the single biggest important impetus for Russia's unprovoked attack on Ukraine was the belief that Vladimir Putin would not weaponize energy, and he did.

We recognize the critical importance of secure, abundant, affordable resources and affordable energy better than anywhere else. Because we know what it takes to produce it, we understand how devastating it would be to lose it, and we see the potential before us if we had the opportunity to unleash our full energy capabilities.

Our Nation is blessed with natural resources and a strong, innovative spirit that encapsulates the American character. Nowhere is this more evident than in my own district with the Permian Basin, which produces over 40 percent of the country's oil production.

While climate alarmists scream that oil and gas are bad, I feel confident in saying that if they were serious about reducing carbon emissions, we would actually produce it here, where we do it much cleaner, much better, more efficiently, and with higher labor standards than anywhere else. Don't export that to our adversaries.

Unfortunately, this administration has done just that. They would rather

look to our adversaries for energy than embrace the innovation that is being done right here at home.

When looking to supply the energy needs for Americans, I respectfully ask that the President call the mayor of Midland, Texas, not OPEC, for our energy needs.

At a time when our world is increasingly destabilized, our Nation needs us to lead from the front. Our domestic energy production is too important an asset to be left out of our national security toolkit, and we must use this unique asset not only for our benefit here domestically but around the world.

LNG, much of which is produced in the Permian Basin—10 percent, by the way, worldwide—will play the leading role in helping reach developing nations to provide them with clean, affordable, reliable energy to power their economies.

Global demand for LNG will continue to increase, with estimates nearly double what it is now in the next 20 years.

□ 1430

This is a massive opportunity for our country to lead, and if we don't have advisers in this administration who think critically about American energy as a national security tool, the consequences will be severe.

Under this administration, senior advisers have praised China as a leader in clean energy, begged OPEC to produce more oil than doing it here domestically and tried to sabotage the credibility of American producers here.

That is why I am leading an amendment to reduce the salary of Andrew Light, the Department of Energy's Assistant Secretary for International Affairs, to \$1. We need the administration to focus on our own strength, our own inventions, and our own capabilities.

Mr. Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I rise in opposition to the amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, first of all, the gentleman's amendment raises serious constitutional issues, and like others this afternoon, may amount to an unconstitutional bill of attainder. This is really not the way to handle policy disputes with Andrew Light, Assistant Secretary of Energy for International Affairs.

First of all, I think I have to say: Energy security for our country understands the global environment in which we exist and function, and that is both the commercial marketplace as well as on the defense ledger.

This is a very, very important job. This gentleman has very broad experience prior to coming to his current position, even in the area of atmospheric sciences, trying to understand some of the science as well as the security issues involved in America remaining energy independent in perpetuity here at home.

The amendment prioritizes legislative theater again over the American people. It doesn't have any chance of becoming law, and I strongly urge my colleagues to vote against this harmful amendment.

Mr. Chair, I yield to the gentleman from Tennessee (Mr. FLEISCHMANN), Chair of the Energy and Water Development, and Related Agencies Subcommittee.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chair, I thank the gentlewoman for yielding to me.

Mr. Chair, as with the previous amendment, I fully understand and appreciate my distinguished colleague's frustrations. However, I respectfully disagree that reducing the salary to a dollar is the way to address that.

Mr. Chair, I respectfully urge a "no" vote on that, and I thank my esteemed colleague for his amendment.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Texas (Mr. PFLUGER).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Texas will be postponed.

AMENDMENT NO. 58 OFFERED BY MR. ROSENDALE

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 58 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. The total amount of appropriations made available by this Act is hereby reduced by \$1,553,000,000.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from Montana (Mr. ROSENDALE) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Montana.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Chairman, my amendment No. 58 would reduce the total appropriations for the Department of the Interior, Environment, and Related Agencies by \$1.55 billion, bringing the total cost of the bill down from nearly \$58 billion to \$56.4 billion.

I submitted this amendment to get the total cost of this year's appropriation bills closer to the fiscal year 2022 levels.

I have been traveling around the State of Montana for quite extensive periods of time over the last several months and I have yet to find a single person that feels like we didn't have enough spending or government in fiscal year 2022.

As a matter of fact, most of them truly believe that we had far too much government and it was engaged in trying to run their lives and they did not want to see it anymore.

I believe that the Federal Government had more than enough funding in FY22 and that it is time to rein in the out-of-control spending. To get their spending under control, the Federal agencies must begin operating at the same levels, or at very least, receive only modest increases.

The American people are sick and tired of the D.C. cartel running up the tab on the American people while our constituents are struggling to make ends meet.

To be clear, my amendment still allows for modest increases in the fiscal year 2022 spending for energy and water. I am not trying to slash funding or cripple necessary infrastructure. I am trying to ensure that taxpayer dollars are used efficiently and that we get the government off the path to financial ruin.

Mr. Chair, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Will the gentleman yield?

Mr. ROSENDALE. I yield to the gentlewoman from Ohio.

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I have a parliamentary inquiry.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman will state her parliamentary inquiry.

Ms. KAPTUR. When the gentleman began his remarks, he referred to the Interior bill. This is the Energy bill. I wonder if the gentleman could clarify that.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Chair, I misspoke. This is for Interior. This is for Interior. Excuse me. Mr. Chair, this is for Energy.

Ms. KAPTUR. I think the RECORD will have to be corrected.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chair, I claim time in opposition to the amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman from Tennessee is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chair, in regard to the energy and water bill that is before the House today, I respectfully rise in opposition to the amendment.

We discussed earlier today in some very strong and positive debates about the role of the NNSA and the strong nuclear arsenal aspect of the Department of Energy, which is so critically important, and I debated against my Democratic colleagues in that regard. That is all part of this great energy and water bill. It is a wonderful robust bill, not only for the Department of Energy, but also for the water side of the bill.

The reduction proposed in this amendment would negatively impact national security and critical infrastructure programs in the bill. As I alluded to, this bill has both defense and nondefense spending in it.

The amendment makes no distinction of where the reductions would come from, instead allowing the Biden administration to administer the reductions as they see fit. I would not trust the administration to do that. I think Congress needs to do that. That would likely affect the NNSA, as I have alluded to, and I cannot respectfully support any amendment that would jeopardize the balance of this bill, therefore, I oppose the gentleman's amendment.

Mr. Chair, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Chair, under Secretary Granholm, we have seen America's energy prices skyrocket with no clear plan to help Americans other than to further deplete our Strategic Petroleum Reserves.

The Department of Energy has done nothing to show they deserve an increase in funding from last year. Secretary Granholm routinely speaks about how her intention is to quickly move away from traditional energy industries. Many Americans rely on these industries for their livelihoods. This administration shows a lack of clear consideration of these people and industries, even as they are necessary during our transition to clean energy.

Furthermore, the very people that get hurt the most by this reckless administration's actions are the ones at the lowest end of the income scale. Quite frankly, if you just look at one section of this legislation, we don't want to compromise our national defense. One section, \$1.2 billion, the Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy is where the Federal Government is picking winners and losers to try and develop different types of fuel, including biofuels and batteries and the Federal Government should not be involved in that.

The free market knows how to do it. They know how to do it the best. They have demonstrated they know how to do it the most efficiently.

Further, Mr. Chair, I would just like to say that there is no reason that we cannot remove a meager \$1.55 billion from this total bill.

I yield back the balance of my time.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Montana (Mr. ROSENDALE).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Montana will be postponed.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I rise as the designee of the gentlewoman from Connecticut (Ms. DELAURO).

Mr. Chair, I move to strike the last word.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I yield 5 minutes to the gentlewoman from Florida (Ms. CASTOR).

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. CASTOR of Florida. Mr. Chair, I thank Ranking Member KAPTUR for her leadership in yielding the time and I thank the gentleman from Tennessee and all the professional staff who have been working hard over the past day and a half to get appropriations back on track in the people's House.

Mr. Chair, I rise in opposition to H.R. 4394.

In the midst of all the turmoil across the globe and weeks of GOP chaos here on Capitol Hill, there is good news to share with the American people. It is a story of American innovation that is benefiting our neighbors and communities all across this great country. Innovation that is putting money back into people's pockets at a time they really need it.

Over the past year since Democrats passed and President Biden signed historic laws investing in infrastructure and clean energy and American workers, the American economy has been booming and our neighbors are enjoying some lower costs, good-paying jobs are being created, and folks back home are building safer, healthier, more resilient communities.

Infrastructure and clean energy are reducing pollution. They are improving our health. They are countering China's push to control supply chains, and that is why this GOP bill must fail.

The GOP bill takes America backwards. The GOP bill is a gift to China. This GOP bill is a recipe for higher energy bills.

The Democrats simply are not going to let the GOP take us backwards. It has been about 1 year since I stood by President Biden as he signed the historic clean energy law, the Inflation Reduction Act, and let me tell you it has been difficult to keep up with all of the announcements of new American factories and jobs in Ohio, in Tennessee, in Kentucky, Georgia, South Carolina, Pennsylvania.

I keep a list here. Suniva, a U.S. solar manufacturer in Norcross, Georgia, announced 240 jobs. They are the ones who fought cheap Chinese exports.

Stellantis and Samsung are building an EV battery plant in Kokomo, Indiana, 1,400 workers.

Polaris is building in Huntsville, Alabama, electric utility vehicles for the Army.

LG Energy Solution and Honda, \$3.8 billion for EV battery plants. The list goes on and on.

America is the envy of the world because we have a clean energy law that is creating jobs. Along with the infrastructure and the CHIPS and Science Act, in Florida, we have seen about \$500 million in new investments and about 1,700 jobs. Across the country at the lowest estimate, there are about 170,000 new jobs.

America is the envy of the world because of our clean energy laws. I will

say it again. Our economy is booming, and we are not going to let the Republicans take us backwards.

Just this morning, it was announced that U.S. gross domestic product, a measure of all goods and services produced in the United States, rose at 4.9 percent which was much better than anyone expected. Private sector investment is flocking to clean energy and infrastructure projects in your districts and mine.

Clean energy projects don't just create new good-paying jobs. They also lower energy costs for our neighbors back home and all American families and we sure do need it.

In the Tampa-St. Pete area that I have the privilege of representing, electric bills are out of sight. They are astronomical.

□ 1445

In a single year, this past year, the average Tampa Electric Company customer saw an increase by a whopping \$492. Why? Because they generate electricity based on oil and gas, primarily.

Thankfully, cleaner, cheaper energy, and energy efficiency is on its way to lower people's electric bills, and we cannot let the Republicans gut what we are doing in clean energy to lower electric bills.

Here is another good, new report that Floridians and all Americans needed.

Yesterday, the Biden administration announced help for consumers to afford these high energy bills. Florida will receive \$106 million in Federal funds to lower home energy bills. I haven't even mentioned the high cost of extreme weather. Extreme heat across the country is hurting farmers. It is fueling fires and costly extreme weather events, and it is creating higher insurance premiums. Indeed, we just lived through the hottest summer on record. It was roasting. We have to reduce pollution that is causing this overheating and the higher cost on communities.

Mr. Chair, at the appropriate time today, I will offer this motion to recommit to send this bill back to committee. If the House rules permitted, I would have offered the motion with an important amendment to this bill. My amendment would strike two sections, 311 and 312.

Mr. Chair, I include in the RECORD the text of my amendment.

Ms. Castor of Florida moves to recommit the bill H.R. 4394 to the Committee on Appropriations with the following amendment. Strike sections 311 and 312.

Ms. CASTOR of Florida. Mr. Chair, I urge my colleagues to vote "yes." Please tank this bill which takes us backwards.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chairman, I yield back the balance of my time.

AMENDMENT NO. 59 OFFERED BY MR. ROSENDALE

The Acting CHAIR (Mr. MURPHY). It is now in order to consider amendment No. 59 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Chair, I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title), insert the following:

SEC. _____. The total amount of appropriations made available by title I of this Act is hereby reduced by \$620,000,000.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from Montana (Mr. ROSENDALE) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Montana.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Chairman, my amendment No. 59 reduces spending; specifically, it cuts funding for the Army Corps of Engineers back to the FY22 levels.

This year's appropriation would increase Army Corps' funding by \$910 million from last year. My amendment would reduce funding for the Army Corps by \$620 million in order to bring it back to FY22 levels. That still leaves in place a \$290 million increase.

Unfortunately, the Army Corps of Engineers has a long history of running over budget and out of schedule. The solution to the Army Corps wasting taxpayers' money is not to reward them with more money. Instead, we must demand that the Army Corps of Engineers be more responsible and more efficient.

In Montana alone, there are multiple instances of the Army Corps' projects running well beyond their budgets and then turning to State and local governments to make up the costs.

The Army Corps has shown a complete dereliction of duty by trying to transfer costs, operation, and maintenance of the Fish Bypass Channel, which is part of the Lower Yellowstone Irrigation Project.

The Army Corps is shifting operating costs that they agreed to take on to the farmers and ranchers who are already facing increased costs. In fact, before the Army Corps of Engineers even cut the ribbon on this project, it was in need of repairs. I witnessed it myself.

The Lower Yellowstone Irrigation Project was created as the Newlands Reclamation Act, signed into law in 1902. The purpose of the Lower Yellowstone Irrigation Project is to divert water from the Yellowstone River to irrigators in eastern Montana and western North Dakota.

Currently, the Lower Yellowstone Irrigation Project is a dependable, reliable source of irrigation water for approximately 58,000 acres of land in four irrigation districts across Montana.

The Army Corps of Engineers proposed a fish bypass channel in Montana to address the pallid sturgeon populations in the Lower Missouri River because it was cheaper, not out of the goodness of their heart.

The farmers did not ask for nor did they receive more water or a better system. No, as a matter of fact, just

quite the opposite has happened. The system doesn't function as well and it costs them more to operate.

The Army Corps now wants to wash its hands of this project and pass the cost to 350 families and communities that rely upon this irrigation to provide for their livelihoods. This burden from the lack of planning by the Corps of Engineers should only be transferred on to a third party that is at fault.

The government is the only one who decided to place the pallid sturgeon on the Endangered Species List and should pay for the consequences and costs resulting from that action, not the small community that has relied upon this irrigation for over the past century.

Mr. Chairman, I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chairman, I rise to oppose the amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentleman from Tennessee is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Chair, I wish to thank my friend, the distinguished gentleman from Montana, for offering this amendment.

I know many of us have frustrations with some of the Army Corps' projects. However, this reduction by \$620 million I must oppose for several reasons.

The reduction proposed in this amendment would, in my view, jeopardize critical ongoing Corps of Engineers projects across this great country, including in my district, the great Chickamauga Lock Project in the Third District of Tennessee.

All too often the Corps of Engineers fails to finish what it starts. This bill provides funding to complete a number of significant projects. A cut of this magnitude would, in my view, undermine public safety and America's economic competitiveness.

It is in that regard that I respectfully urge my colleagues to oppose this amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Chairman, FY 2022, Corps of Engineers, \$8.34 billion. FY 2023, \$8.66 billion. FY24, \$5.57 billion.

We cannot continue to reward bad behavior.

A recent project in Texas, the Ike Dike coastal barrier project, is currently projected to cost \$57 billion, representing the largest civil engineering project in United States history, which is 68 percent higher than the recent estimate of \$34 billion.

There is not a contractor that has built a home that would have a homeowner abide by those types of terms and conditions.

How can the Army Corps of Engineers be allowed to receive such a massive amount of funds when their project estimates are so routinely off base? Their time frames with which they are estimating to complete them are just as bad.

A project in Michigan for the New Lock at the Soo is currently projected

to cost \$394 million more than the Biden administration's proposed funding.

The list goes on and on and on. We cannot continue to reward this bad behavior.

Mr. Chairman, once again, we have seen these projects go over budget and over time. The Corps of Engineers should not be rewarded, and I urge my colleagues to support this amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Montana (Mr. ROSENDALE).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the noes appeared to have it.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Montana will be postponed.

AMENDMENT NO. 60 OFFERED BY MR. ROSENDALE

The Acting CHAIR. It is now in order to consider amendment No. 60 printed in part B of House Report 118-242.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Chair, I rise as the designee of the gentleman from Texas (Mr. ROY), and I have an amendment at the desk.

The Acting CHAIR. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The text of the amendment is as follows:

At the end of the bill (before the short title) insert the following:

SEC. ____ None of the funds made available by this Act may be used to implement any of the following Executive orders:

(1) Executive Order 13990, relating to Protecting Public Health and the Environment and Restoring Science To Tackle the Climate Crisis.

(2) Executive Order 14008, relating to Tackling the Climate Crisis at Home and Abroad.

(3) Section 6 of Executive Order 14013, relating to Rebuilding and Enhancing Programs To Resettle Refugees and Planning for the Impact of Climate Change on Migration.

(4) Executive Order 14030, relating to Climate-Related Financial Risk.

(5) Executive Order 14057, relating to Catalyzing Clean Energy Industries and Jobs Through Federal Sustainability.

(6) Executive Order 14082, relating to Implementation of the Energy and Infrastructure Provisions of the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022.

(7) Executive Order 14096, relating to Revitalizing Our Nation's Commitment to Environmental Justice for All.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to House Resolution 756, the gentleman from Montana (Mr. ROSENDALE) and a Member opposed each will control 5 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Montana.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Chairman, this amendment prohibits any of the funding in the Energy and Water Appropriations bill from being used to carry out President Biden's executive orders on climate change.

These executive orders served as the catalyst for some of the Department of Energy's most radical actions, includ-

ing the Justice40 Initiative, a radical environmental justice initiative that directs 40 percent of Federal clean energy and energy efficiency spending based on race, migrant status, and other characteristics.

A moment ago, you heard me speaking about relying upon the marketplace and the free market to develop the most effective, efficient, and technologically advanced methods with which we can fuel everything that we have now, whether that is electric turbines or motor vehicles. To base it upon race, migrant status, and other characteristics demonstrates why exactly the Federal Government should not be involved in this type of action.

The Department of Energy's transition to carbon pollution-free energy sources, a zero-emissions fleet, and a net-zero building portfolio—the power grid from Canada to Mexico around the country cannot sustain pushing everything to renewable energies when they are only operating at solar about 18 percent and wind energy at the very most efficient, 40 percent of full power when we happen to have wind blowing.

This is not the way for us to go, and I would ask that we prohibit those funds from being used for such purposes.

Mr. Chairman, I reserve the balance of my time.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, I rise in strong opposition to this amendment.

The Acting CHAIR. The gentlewoman from Ohio is recognized for 5 minutes.

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Chair, as of the end of August, there have been more than 23 disasters in our country, just this year, costing at least a billion dollars each—each. That exceeds the previous record set in 2020, and we have not even finished this year yet.

This morning, as I drove to work, I was listening to the Representative from Hawaii talk about the recovery in Maui and ongoing efforts there and the struggle and the positive attitude of the people to try to rebuild. Don't try to tell American citizens who have lost businesses or homes and loved ones from hurricanes, wildfires, other natural disasters and who continue to face unrelenting flooding in the middle part of the country that there are no costs from climate change.

Talk to any insurance company, property insurance company. Disaster costs have risen substantially across this country, and they are growing. In fact, they have tripled. The Federal Disaster Assistance Office, just the Federal side, it is billions and billions and billions more dollars.

It is already past time for aggressive action to address climate change and its impacts, and pretending that it doesn't exist won't make it go away.

We must maintain American leadership for our clean energy future and not cede all the economic opportunity, which Congresswoman CASTOR just talked about when she was here on the floor, to China and other countries who surely want to be right at our ankles

and try to dump product into this country.

We have to stand on our own two feet and be as great a Nation as we really are and seize the horizon.

Mr. Chair, I strongly urge my colleagues to vote against this harmful amendment, and I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Chairman, building on the coast does not cause climate change, but it certainly exposes you to incredible risk of having your house washed away. Now, I am not a genius, nor am I climatologist or a weatherman, but even I know that simple fact.

In 2021, the Strategic Petroleum Reserve had a total of 610 million barrels of crude oil in it.

Here is what our Department of Energy has done: reduced it down to 347 million barrels of crude, the lowest level since 1983.

The emissions in our country have gone down. It is demonstrated very clearly that by placing us more obligated to purchase our energy overseas, all we are doing is creating more pollution problems around the Earth. We do it cleaner. We do it safer. We do it with the strongest environmental standards, and we do it with the best labor practices around the world.

Mr. Chairman, I hope my colleagues can support this. There is no reason for the Federal Government to be involved in directing what type of energies we should develop.

Mr. Chairman, I yield back the balance of my time.

□ 1500

The Acting CHAIR. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Montana (Mr. ROSENDALE).

The question was taken; and the Acting Chair announced that the noes appeared to have it.

Mr. ROSENDALE. Mr. Chair, I demand a recorded vote.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, further proceedings on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Montana will be postponed.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6 of rule XVIII, proceedings will now resume on those amendments printed in part B of House Report 118-242 on which further proceedings were postponed, in the following order:

Amendment No. 43 by Mrs. LUNA of Florida.

Amendment No. 47 by Mr. NORMAN of South Carolina.

Amendment No. 50 by Mr. NORMAN of South Carolina.

Amendment No. 51 by Mr. NORMAN of South Carolina.

Amendment No. 56 by Mr. PFLUGER of Texas.

Amendment No. 57 by Mr. PFLUGER of Texas.

Amendment No. 58 by Mr. ROSENDALE of Montana.

Amendment No. 59 by Mr. ROSENDALE of Montana.

Amendment No. 60 by Mr. ROSENDALE of Montana.

The Chair will reduce to 2 minutes the minimum time for any electronic vote after the first vote in this series.

AMENDMENT NO. 43 OFFERED BY MRS. LUNA

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 43, printed in part B of House Report 118–242 offered by the gentleman from Florida (Mrs. LUNA), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 15-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 120, noes 291, not voting 27, as follows:

[Roll No. 547]

AYES—120

Aderholt	Fitzgerald	Miller (WV)
Alford	Foxx	Mills
Allen	Franklin, Scott	Moolenaar
Arrington	Fry	Mooney
Babin	Fulcher	Moore (AL)
Balderson	Gaetz	Murphy
Banks	Gallagher	Nehls
Bean (FL)	Gonzales, Tony	Norman
Bentz	Good (VA)	Ogles
Bergman	Gooden (TX)	Palmer
Biggs	Gosar	Pfluger
Bishop (NC)	Green (TN)	Posey
Boebert	Grothman	Reschenthaler
Brecheen	Guthrie	Rodgers (WA)
Buchanan	Hageman	Rosendale
Burchett	Harris	Roy
Burgess	Harshbarger	Rutherford
Burlison	Hern	Schweikert
Cammack	Higgins (LA)	Self
Carey	Houchin	Sessions
Carl	Hudson	Smith (MO)
Carter (GA)	Hunt	Smith (NE)
Carter (TX)	Jackson (TX)	Smucker
Cline	Johnson (SD)	Stefanik
Cloud	Jordan	Steil
Clyde	LaHood	Steube
Collins	LaMalfa	Strong
Comer	Lamborn	Tenney
Crane	Langworthy	Tiffany
Curtis	Letlow	Timmons
Davidson	Loudermilk	Van Drew
DesJarlais	Luna	Van Dwyne
Donalds	Luttrell	Van Orden
Duarte	Mann	Weber (TX)
Duncan	Massie	Webster (FL)
Emmer	Mast	Williams (TX)
Estes	McClain	Wilson (SC)
Ferguson	McCormick	Wittman
Finstad	McHenry	Yakym
Fischbach	Miller (IL)	Zinke

NOES—291

Adams	Bishop (GA)	Cárdenas
Aguilar	Blumenauer	Carson
Allred	Blunt Rochester	Carter (LA)
Amodei	Bonamici	Cartwright
Armstrong	Bost	Casar
Auchincloss	Bowman	Case
Bacon	Boyle (PA)	Casten
Baird	Brown	Castor (FL)
Balint	Brownley	Castro (TX)
Barr	Buck	Chavez-DeRemer
Barragán	Bucshon	Cherfilus-
Beatty	Budzinski	McCormick
Bera	Bush	Chu
Beyer	Calvert	Ciscomani
Bice	Caraveo	Clark (MA)
Bilirakis	Carbajal	Clarke (NY)

Cleaver	Joyce (PA)	Pettersen
Clyburn	Kamlager-Dove	Plaskett
Cole	Kaptur	Pocan
Connolly	Kean (NJ)	Porter
Costa	Keating	Pressley
Courtney	Kelly (IL)	Quigley
Craig	Kelly (MS)	Radewagen
Crawford	Khanna	Ramirez
Crenshaw	Kiggans (VA)	Raskin
Crockett	Kildee	Rogers (AL)
Crow	Kiley	Rogers (KY)
Cuellar	Kilmer	Rose
D'Esposito	Kim (CA)	Ross
Daids (KS)	Kim (NJ)	Rouzer
Davis (IL)	Krishnamoorthi	Ruiz
Davis (NC)	Kuster	Ruppersberger
Dean (PA)	Kustoff	Ryan
DeGette	LaLota	Sablan
DelBene	Landsman	Salinas
Deluzio	Larsen (WA)	Sánchez
DeSaulnier	Larson (CT)	Sarbanes
Diaz-Balart	Latta	Scalise
Dingell	LaTurner	Scanlon
Doggett	Lawler	Schakowsky
Dunn (FL)	Lee (CA)	Schiff
Edwards	Lee (FL)	Schneider
Elizy	Lee (NV)	Scholten
Escobar	Lee (PA)	Schrier
Eshoo	Leger Fernandez	Scott (VA)
Españalat	Levin	Scott, Austin
Evans	Lieu	Scott, David
Ezell	Lofgren	Sewell
Feenstra	Lucas	Sherman
Fitzpatrick	Luetkemeyer	Sherrill
Fleischmann	Lynch	Simpson
Fletcher	Mace	Slotkin
Flood	Magaziner	Smith (NJ)
Foster	Malliotakis	Smith (WA)
Foushee	Manning	Sorensen
Frankel, Lois	Matsui	Soto
Frost	McBath	Spanberger
Gallego	McCaul	Spartz
Garamendi	McClellan	Stansbury
Garbarino	McClintock	Stanton
Garcia (IL)	McGarvey	Steel
Garcia, Mike	McGovern	Stevens
Garcia, Robert	Meeks	Strickland
Jimenez	Menendez	Sykes
Goldman (NY)	Meng	Takano
Gomez	Meuser	Thanedar
Gonzalez,	Mfume	Thompson (CA)
Vicente	Miller-Meeks	Thompson (MS)
Gottheimer	Molinaro	Thompson (PA)
Granger	Moore (UT)	Titus
Graves (LA)	Moran	Tlaib
Graves (MO)	Morelle	Tokuda
Green, Al (TX)	Moskowitz	Tonko
Grijalva	Moulton	Torres (CA)
Guest	Mrvan	Torres (NY)
Harder (CA)	Mullin	Trahan
Hayes	Nadler	Trone
Higgins (NY)	Napolitano	Turner
Hill	Neal	Underwood
Himes	Neguse	Valadao
Hinson	Newhouse	Vargas
Horsford	Nickel	Vasquez
Houlihan	Norcross	Veasey
Hoyer	Norton	Velázquez
Hoyle (OR)	Nunn (IA)	Wagner
Huffman	Obernolte	Walberg
Huizenga	Ocasio-Cortez	Wasserman
Issa	Omar	Schultz
Ivey	Owens	Waters
Jackson (IL)	Pallone	Watson Coleman
Jackson (NC)	Panetta	Wenstrup
Jacobs	Pappas	Westerman
James	Pascrell	Wexton
Jayapal	Payne	Wild
Jeffries	Peltola	Williams (GA)
Johnson (GA)	Pence	Williams (NY)
Johnson (OH)	Perez	Wilson (FL)
Joyce (OH)	Peters	Womack

NOT VOTING—27

Cohen	Griffith	Pelosi
Correa	Jackson Lee	Perry
De La Cruz	Kelly (PA)	Phillips
DeLauro	Lesko	Pingree
Fallon	McCarthy	Salazar
Garcia (TX)	McCormack	Santos
Golden (ME)	Miller (OH)	Staubert
González-Colón	Moore (WI)	Stawell
Greene (GA)	Moylan	Waltz

□ 1529

Messrs. OWENS, TONKO, BAIRD, AUSTIN SCOTT of Georgia, MOORE of Utah, BARR, WENSTRUP, and Ms.

WILSON of Florida changed their vote from “aye” to “no.”

Messrs. BERGMAN and GROTHMAN changed their vote from “no” to “aye.”

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Stated against:

Ms. MCCOLLUM. Mr. Chair, had I been present, I would have voted “no” on rollcall No. 547.

AMENDMENT NO. 47 OFFERED BY MR. NORMAN

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 47, printed in part B of House Report 118–242 offered by the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 207, noes 204, not voting 28, as follows:

[Roll No. 548]

AYES—207

Aderholt	Edwards	Kelly (MS)
Alford	Elizy	Kiggans (VA)
Allen	Emmer	Kiley
Amodei	Estes	Kustoff
Armstrong	Ezell	LaHood
Arrington	Feenstra	LaLota
Babin	Ferguson	LaMalfa
Bacon	Finstad	Lamborn
Baird	Fischbach	Langworthy
Balderson	Fitzgerald	Latta
Banks	Fleischmann	LaTurner
Barr	Flood	Lawler
Bean (FL)	Foxx	Lee (FL)
Bentz	Franklin, Scott	Letlow
Bergman	Fry	Loudermilk
Bice	Fulcher	Lucas
Biggs	Gaetz	Luetkemeyer
Bilirakis	Gallagher	Luna
Bishop (NC)	Garcia, Mike	Luttrell
Boebert	Jimenez	Mace
Bost	Gonzales, Tony	Malliotakis
Brecheen	Good (VA)	Mann
Buchanan	Gooden (TX)	Massie
Buck	Gosar	Mast
Bucshon	Granger	McCaul
Burchett	Graves (LA)	McClain
Burgess	Graves (MO)	McClintock
Burlison	Green (TN)	McCormick
Calvert	Griffith	McHenry
Cammack	Grothman	Meuser
Carey	Guest	Miller (IL)
Carl	Guthrie	Miller (WV)
Carter (GA)	Hageman	Miller-Meeks
Carter (TX)	Harris	Mills
Ciscomani	Harshbarger	Molinaro
Cline	Hern	Moolenaar
Cloud	Higgins (LA)	Mooney
Clyde	Hill	Moore (AL)
Cole	Hinson	Moore (UT)
Collins	Houchin	Moran
Comer	Hudson	Murphy
Crane	Huizenga	Nehls
Crawford	Hunt	Newhouse
Crenshaw	Issa	Norman
Curtis	Jackson (TX)	Nunn (IA)
D'Esposito	James	Obernolte
Davidson	Johnson (LA)	Ogles
DesJarlais	Johnson (OH)	Owens
Diaz-Balart	Johnson (SD)	Palmer
Donalds	Jordan	Pence
Duarte	Joyce (OH)	Pfluger
Duncan	Joyce (PA)	Posey
Dunn (FL)	Kean (NJ)	Radewagen

Reschenthaler
Rodgers (WA)
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Rose
Rosendale
Rouzer
Roy
Rutherford
Salazar
Scalise
Schweikert
Scott, Austin
Self
Sessions
Simpson

Smith (MO)
Smith (NE)
Smith (NJ)
Smucker
Spartz
Steel
Stefanik
Steil
Steube
Strong
Tenney
Thompson (PA)
Tiffany
Timmons
Turner
Valadao

Van Drew
Van Duyne
Van Orden
Wagner
Walberg
Weber (TX)
Webster (FL)
Wenstrup
Westerman
Williams (NY)
Williams (TX)
Wilson (SC)
Wittman
Womack
Yakym
Zinke

□ 1535

Mses. SALAZAR and GRANGER changed their vote from “no” to “aye.” So the amendment was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

Stated against:

Ms. MCCOLLUM. Mr. Chair, had I been present, I would have voted “NO” on rollcall No. 548.

AMENDMENT NO. 50 OFFERED BY MR. NORMAN

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 50, printed in part B of House Report 118-242 offered by the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 208, noes 209, not voting 22, as follows:

[Roll No. 549]

AYES—208

NOES—204

Adams
Aguilar
Allred
Auchincloss
Balint
Barragán
Beatty
Bera
Beyer
Bishop (GA)
Blumenauer
Blunt Rochester
Bonamici
Bowman
Boyle (PA)
Brown
Brownley
Budzinski
Bush
Caraveo
Carbajal
Cárdenas
Carson
Carter (LA)
Cartwright
Casar
Case
Casten
Castor (FL)
Castro (TX)
Chavez-DeRemer
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Chu
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleaver
Clyburn
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeBene
Deluzio
DeSaulnier
Dingell
Doggett
Escobar
Espallat
Evans
Fitzpatrick
Fletcher
Foster
Foushee
Frankel, Lois
Frost
Gallego
Garamendi
Garcia (IL)
Garcia, Robert

NOT VOTING—28

Cohen
Correa
De La Cruz
DeLauro
Fallon
Garbarino
Garcia (TX)
Golden (ME)
Gonzalez,
Vicente

Goldman (NY)
Gomez
González-Colón
Gottheimer
Green, Al (TX)
Grijalva
Harder (CA)
Hayes
Higgins (NY)
Himes
Horsford
Houlahan
Hoyer
Hoyle (OR)
Huffman
Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jacobs
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)
Kamlager-Dove
Kaptur
Keating
Kelly (IL)
Khanna
Kildee
Kilmer
Kim (CA)
Kim (NJ)
Krishnamoorthi
Kuster
Landsman
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)
Lee (CA)
Lee (NV)
Lee (PA)
Leger Fernandez
Levin
Lieu
Lofgren
Lynch
Magaziner
Manning
Matsui
McBath
McClellan
McGarvey
McGovern
Meeks
Menendez
Meng
Mfume
Morelle
Moskowitz
Moulton
Mrvan
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Neguse
Nickel
Norcross
Norton
Ocasio-Cortez
Omar
Pallone

Panetta
Pappas
Pascarell
Payne
Peltola
Perez
Peters
Pettersen
Plaskett
Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Quigley
Ramirez
Raskin
Ross
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Ryan
Sablan
Salinas
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Scholten
Schrier
Scott (VA)
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Slotkin
Sorensen
Soto
Spanberger
Stansbury
Stanton
Stevens
Strickland
Sykes
Takano
Thanedar
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Titus
Tlaib
Tokuda
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trahan
Trone
Underwood
Vargas
Vasquez
Veasey
Velázquez
Wasserman
Schultz
Waters
Watson Coleman
Wexton
Williams (GA)
Wilson (FL)

Aderholt
Alford
Allen
Amodei
Armstrong
Arrington
Babin
Bacon
Baird
Balderson
Banks
Barr
Bean (FL)
Bentz
Bergman
Bice
Biggs
Bilirakis
Bishop (NC)
Boebert
Bost
Brecheen
Buchanan
Buck
Bucshon
Burchett
Burgess
Burlison
Calvert
Cammack
Carey
Carl
Carter (GA)
Carter (TX)
Ciscomani
Cline
Cloud
Clyde
Cole
Collins
Comer
Crane
Crawford
Crenshaw
Curtis
D'Esposito
Davidson
DesJarlais
Diaz-Balart
Donalds
Duarte
Duncan
Dunn (FL)
Edwards

Ellzey
Emmer
Estes
Ezell
Feenstra
Ferguson
Finstad
Fischbach
Fitzgerald
Fleischmann
Flood
Foxy
Franklin, Scott
Fry
Fulcher
Gaetz
Gallagher
Garbarino
Garcia, Mike
Gimenez
Gonzales, Tony
Good (VA)
Gooden (TX)
Gosar
Granger
Graves (LA)
Graves (MO)
Green (TN)
Griffith
Grothman
Guest
Guthrie
Hageman
Harris
Harshbarger
Hern
Higgins (LA)
Hill
Hinson
Houchin
Hudson
Huizenga
Hunt
Issa
Jackson (TX)
James
Johnson (LA)
Johnson (OH)
Johnson (SD)
Jordan
Joyce (PA)
Kean (NJ)
Kelly (MS)
Kiggans (VA)

Kiley
Kim (CA)
Kustoff
LaHood
LaLota
LaMalfa
Lamborn
Langworthy
Latta
LaTurner
Lawler
Lee (FL)
Letlow
Loudermilk
Lucas
Luettkemeyer
Luna
Luttrell
Mace
Malliotakis
Mann
Massie
Mast
McCaul
McClain
McClintock
McCormick
McHenry
Meuser
Miller (IL)
Miller (WV)
Miller-Meeks
Mills
Molinaro
Moolenaar
Mooney
Moore (AL)
Moore (UT)
Moran
Murphy
Nehls
Newhouse
Norman
Nunn (IA)
Oberholte
Ogles
Owens
Palmer
Pence
Pfluger
Posey
Radewagen
Reschenthaler
Rodgers (WA)

Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Rose
Rosendale
Rouzer
Roy
Rutherford
Salazar
Scalise
Schweikert
Scott, Austin
Self
Sessions
Simpson
Smith (MO)
Smith (NE)

Smith (NJ)
Smucker
Spartz
Steel
Stefanik
Steil
Steube
Strong
Tenney
Thompson (PA)
Tiffany
Timmons
Turner
Valadao
Van Drew
Van Duyne

NOES—209

Adams
Aguilar
Allred
Auchincloss
Balint
Barragán
Beatty
Bera
Beyer
Bishop (GA)
Blumenauer
Blunt Rochester
Bonamici
Bowman
Boyle (PA)
Brown
Brownley
Budzinski
Bush
Caraveo
Carbajal
Cárdenas
Carson
Carter (LA)
Cartwright
Casar
Case
Casten
Castor (FL)
Castro (TX)
Chavez-DeRemer
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Chu
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleaver
Clyburn
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DeBene
Deluzio
DeSaulnier
Dingell
Doggett
Escobar
Espallat
Evans
Fitzpatrick
Fletcher
Foster
Foushee
Frankel, Lois
Frost
Gallego
Garamendi
Garcia (IL)
Garcia, Robert
Goldman (NY)

Gomez
Gonzalez,
Vicente
González-Colón
Gottheimer
Green, Al (TX)
Grijalva
Harder (CA)
Hayes
Higgins (NY)
Himes
Horsford
Houlahan
Hoyer
Hoyle (OR)
Huffman
Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jacobs
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)
Joyce (OH)
Kamlager-Dove
Kaptur
Keating
Kelly (IL)
Khanna
Kildee
Kilmer
Kim (NJ)
Krishnamoorthi
Kuster
Landsman
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)
Lee (CA)
Lee (NV)
Lee (PA)
Leger Fernandez
Levin
Lieu
Lofgren
Lynch
Magaziner
Manning
Matsui
McBath
McClellan
McCollum
McGarvey
McGovern
Meeks
Menendez
Meng
Mfume
Morelle
Moskowitz
Moulton
Mrvan
Mullin
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Neguse
Nickel
Norcross
Norton
Ocasio-Cortez
Omar

NOT VOTING—22

Cohen
Correa
De La Cruz
Fallon
Garbarino
Garcia (TX)
Golden (ME)
Greene (GA)
Jackson Lee

Kelly (PA)
Lesko
McCarthy
Miller (OH)
Moore (WI)
Moylan
Perry
Phillips

Van Orden
Wagner
Walberg
Weber (TX)
Webster (FL)
Wenstrup
Westerman
Williams (NY)
Williams (TX)
Wilson (SC)
Wittman
Womack
Yakym
Zinke

Pallone
Panetta
Pappas
Pascarell
Payne
Pelosi
Peltola
Perez
Peters
Pettersen
Plaskett
Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Quigley
Ramirez
Raskin
Ross
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Ryan
Sablan
Salinas
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Scholten
Schrier
Scott (VA)
Scott, David
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Slotkin
Sorensen
Soto
Spanberger
Stansbury
Stanton
Stevens
Strickland
Sykes
Takano
Thanedar
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Titus
Tlaib
Tokuda
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trahan
Trone
Underwood
Vargas
Vasquez
Veasey
Velázquez
Wasserman
Schultz
Waters
Watson Coleman
Wexton
Williams (GA)
Wilson (FL)

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1543

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The Acting CHAIR. Pursuant to clause 6(h) of rule XVIII, the Committee rises.

Accordingly, the Committee rose; and the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania) having assumed the chair, Mr. MURPHY, Acting Chair of the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, reported to the House that during consideration of the bill (H.R. 4394) making appropriations for energy and water development and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes, pursuant to House Resolution 756, the votes cast by the Delegates and the Resident Commissioner were decisive on a recorded vote on the amendment offered by the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN).

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will designate the amendment.

The Clerk designated the amendment.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 6(h) of rule XVIII, the Chair will put the question to the House de novo.

The question is on the amendment.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. MEEKS. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 207, nays 204, not voting 22, as follows:

[Roll No. 550]

YEAS—207

Aderholt	Carter (TX)	Franklin, Scott
Alford	Ciscomani	Fry
Allen	Cline	Fulcher
Amodei	Cloud	Gaetz
Armstrong	Clyde	Gallagher
Arrington	Cole	Garbarino
Babin	Collins	Garcia, Mike
Bacon	Comer	Gimenez
Baird	Crane	Gonzales, Tony
Balderson	Crawford	Good (VA)
Banks	Crenshaw	Gooden (TX)
Barr	Curtis	Gosar
Bean (FL)	D'Esposito	Granger
Bentz	Davidson	Graves (LA)
Bergman	DesJarlais	Graves (MO)
Bice	Diaz-Balart	Green (TN)
Biggs	Donalds	Griffith
Bilirakis	Duarte	Grothman
Bishop (NC)	Duncan	Guest
Boebert	Dunn (FL)	Guthrie
Bost	Edwards	Hageman
Brecheen	Elizey	Harris
Buchanan	Emmer	Harshbarger
Buck	Estes	Hern
Bucshon	Ezell	Higgins (LA)
Burchett	Feenstra	Hill
Burgess	Ferguson	Hinson
Burlison	Finstad	Houchin
Calvert	Fischbach	Hudson
Cammack	Fitzgerald	Huizenga
Carey	Fleischmann	Hunt
Carl	Flood	Issa
Carter (GA)	Foxx	Jackson (TX)

James	McHenry	Scott, Austin
Johnson (LA)	Meuser	Self
Johnson (OH)	Miller (IL)	Sessions
Johnson (SD)	Miller (WV)	Simpson
Jordan	Miller-Meeks	Smith (MO)
Joyce (PA)	Mills	Smith (NE)
Kean (NJ)	Molinaro	Smith (NJ)
Kelly (MS)	Moolenaar	Smucker
Kiggans (VA)	Mooney	Spartz
Kiley	Moore (AL)	Steel
Kim (CA)	Moore (UT)	Stefanik
Kustoff	Moran	Steil
LaHood	Murphy	Steube
LaLota	Nehls	Strong
LaMalfa	Newhouse	Tenney
Lamborn	Norman	Thompson (PA)
Langworthy	Nunn (IA)	Tiffany
Latta	Obernolte	Timmons
LaTurner	Ogles	Turner
Lawler	Owens	Valadao
Lee (FL)	Palmer	Van Drew
Letlow	Pence	Van Duyne
Loudermilk	Pfluger	Van Orden
Lucas	Posey	Wagner
Luetkemeyer	Rescenthaler	Walberg
Luna	Rodgers (WA)	Weber (TX)
Luttrell	Rogers (AL)	Webster (FL)
Mace	Rogers (KY)	Wenstrup
Malliotakis	Rose	Westerman
Mann	Rosendale	Williams (NY)
Massie	Rouzer	Williams (TX)
Mast	Roy	Wilson (SC)
McCaul	Rutherford	Wittman
McClain	Salazar	Womack
McClintock	Scalise	Yakym
McCormick	Schweikert	Zinke

NAYS—204

Adams	Fletcher	McGovern
Agullar	Poster	Meeks
Allred	Poushee	Menendez
Auchincloss	Frankel, Lois	Meng
Balint	Frost	Mfume
Barragán	Gallego	Morelle
Beatty	Garamendi	Moskowitz
Bera	Garcia (IL)	Moulton
Beyer	Garcia, Robert	Mrvan
Bishop (GA)	Goldman (NY)	Mullin
Blumenauer	Gomez	Nadler
Blunt Rochester	Gonzalez,	Napolitano
Bonamici	Vicente	Neal
Bowman	Gottheimer	Neguse
Boyle (PA)	Green, Al (TX)	Nickel
Brown	Grijalva	Norcross
Brownley	Harder (CA)	Ocasio-Cortez
Budzinski	Hayes	Omar
Bush	Higgins (NY)	Pallone
Caraveo	Himes	Panetta
Carbajal	Horsford	Pappas
Cárdenas	Houlahan	Pascrell
Carson	Hoyer	Payne
Carter (LA)	Hoyle (OR)	Pelosi
Cartwright	Huffman	Peltola
Casar	Ivey	Perez
Case	Jackson (IL)	Peters
Casten	Jackson (NC)	Petterson
Castor (FL)	Jacobs	Pocan
Castro (TX)	Jayapal	Porter
Chavez-DeRemer	Jeffries	Pressley
Cheriflous	Johnson (GA)	Quigley
McCormick	Joyce (OH)	Ramirez
Chu	Kamlager-Dove	Raskin
Clark (MA)	Kaptur	Ross
Clarke (NY)	Keating	Ruiz
Cleaver	Kelly (IL)	Ruppersberger
Clyburn	Khanna	Ryan
Connolly	Kildee	Salinas
Costa	Kilmer	Sánchez
Courtney	Kim (NJ)	Sarbanes
Craig	Krishnamoorthi	Scanlon
Crockett	Kuster	Schakowsky
Crow	Landsman	Schiff
Cuellar	Larsen (WA)	Schneider
Davids (KS)	Larson (CT)	Scholten
Davis (IL)	Lee (CA)	Schrier
Davis (NC)	Lee (NV)	Scott (VA)
Dean (PA)	Lee (PA)	Scott, David
DeGette	Leger Fernandez	Sewell
DeLauro	Levin	Sherman
DelBene	Lieu	Sherrill
Deluzio	Lofgren	Slotkin
DeSaulnier	Lynch	Sorensen
Dingell	Magaziner	Soto
Doggett	Manning	Spanberger
Escobar	Matsui	Stansbury
Eshoo	McBath	Stanton
Españal	McClellan	Stevens
Evans	McCollum	Strickland
Fitzpatrick	McGarvey	Sykes

Takano	Torres (CA)	Velázquez
Thanedar	Torres (NY)	Wasserman
Thomson (CA)	Trahan	Schultz
Thompson (MS)	Trone	Watson Coleman
Titus	Underwood	Wexton
Tlaib	Vargas	Wild
Tokuda	Vasquez	Williams (GA)
Tonko	Veasey	Wilson (FL)

NOT VOTING—22

Cohen	Kelly (PA)	Santos
Correa	Lesko	Smith (WA)
De La Cruz	McCarthy	Stauber
Fallon	Miller (OH)	Swalwell
Garcia (TX)	Moore (WI)	Waltz
Golden (ME)	Perry	Waters
Greene (GA)	Phillips	
Jackson Lee	Pingree	

□ 1549

So the amendment was agreed to.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 6(h) of rule XVIII, the Committee will resume its sitting.

□ 1553

IN THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Accordingly, the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill (H.R. 4394) making appropriations for energy and water development and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes, with Mr. MURPHY (Acting Chair) in the chair.

The Clerk read the title of the bill.

The Acting CHAIR. When the Committee of the Whole rose earlier today, the amendment offered by the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN) had been rejected and agreed to on a recorded vote which the votes cast by the Delegates and Resident Commissioner were decisive.

That result has since been rejected by the House.

□ 1545

AMENDMENT NO. 51 OFFERED BY MR. NORMAN

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment 51, printed in part B of House Report 118-242 offered by the gentleman from South Carolina (Mr. NORMAN), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 166, noes 247, not voting 26, as follows:

[Roll No. 551]

AYES—166

Aderholt	Babin	Bentz
Alford	Baird	Bergman
Allen	Balderson	Biggs
Amodei	Banks	Bilirakis
Armstrong	Barr	Bishop (NC)
Arrington	Bean (FL)	Boebert

Bost	Harris	Murphy	Magaziner	Perez	Stanton	Carl	Hern	Moran
Brecheen	Harshbarger	Nehls	Manning	Peters	Steel	Carter (GA)	Higgins (LA)	Murphy
Buchanan	Hern	Norman	Matsui	Pettersen	Stevens	Cline	Hill	Nehls
Burchett	Higgins (LA)	Ogles	McBath	Plaskett	Strickland	Cloud	Houchin	Norman
Burgess	Hill	Owens	McClellan	Pocan	Sykes	Clyde	Hudson	Ogles
Burlison	Houchin	Palmer	McCollum	Porter	Takano	Collins	Huizenga	Palmer
Cammack	Hudson	Pence	McGarvey	Pressley	Thanedar	Comer	Hunt	Pence
Carey	Huizenga	Pfluger	McGovern	Ramirez	Thompson (CA)	Crane	Issa	Pfluger
Carl	Hunt	Posey	Meeks	Raskin	Thompson (MS)	Crawford	Jackson (TX)	Posey
Carter (GA)	Issa	Radewagen	Menendez	Rodgers (WA)	Titus	Crenshaw	Johnson (LA)	Reschenthaler
Cline	Jackson (TX)	Reschenthaler	Meng	Rogers (KY)	Tlaib	Curtis	Johnson (OH)	Rodgers (WA)
Cloud	James	Rogers (AL)	Mfume	Ross	Tokuda	Davidson	Johnson (SD)	Rogers (AL)
Clyde	Johnson (LA)	Rose	Moore (UT)	Ruiz	Tonko	DesJarlais	Jordan	Rose
Collins	Johnson (OH)	Rosendale	Morelle	Ruppersberger	Torres (CA)	Donalds	Joyce (PA)	Rosendale
Comer	Johnson (SD)	Rouzer	Moskowitz	Ryan	Torres (NY)	Duarte	Kelly (MS)	Rouzer
Crane	Jordan	Roy	Moulton	Sablan	Trahan	Duncan	Kustoff	Rutherford
Crawford	Joyce (PA)	Rutherford	Mrvan	Salazar	Trone	Dunn (FL)	LaHood	Scalise
Crenshaw	Kelly (MS)	Scalise	Mullin	Salinas	Turner	Ellzey	LaLota	Schweikert
Davidson	Nadler	Schweikert	Napolitano	Sánchez	Underwood	Emmer	LaMalfa	Self
DesJarlais	LaHood	Scott, Austin	Neal	Sarbanes	Valadao	Estes	Lamborn	Sessions
Donalds	LaMalfa	Self	Neguse	Scanlon	Vargas	Ezell	Langworthy	Smith (MO)
Duarte	Lamborn	Sessions	Newhouse	Schakowsky	Vasquez	Feenstra	Latta	Smith (NE)
Duncan	Langworthy	Smith (MO)	Nickel	Schiff	Veasey	Finstad	LaTurner	Smith (NJ)
Dunn (FL)	Latta	Smith (NE)	Norcross	Schneider	Velázquez	Fischbach	Lee (FL)	Smucker
Emmer	LaTurner	Smith (NJ)	Norton	Scholten	Wagner	Fitzgerald	Letlow	Spartz
Estes	Lee (FL)	Smucker	Nunn (IA)	Schrier	Scott (VA)	Fox	Loudermilk	Stefanik
Ezell	Letlow	Spartz	Obornolte	Scott, David	Sewell	Franklin, Scott	Luetkemeyer	Steube
Feenstra	Loudermilk	Stefanik	Ocasio-Cortez	Scott, David	Shultz	Fry	Luna	Strong
Ferguson	Luetkemeyer	Steil	Omar	Sherman	Watson	Fulcher	Luttrell	Tenney
Finstad	Luna	Luttrell	Pallone	Sherrill	Watson Coleman	Gaetz	Malliotakis	Tiffany
Fischbach	Mace	Steube	Panetta	Simpson	Wexton	Gallagher	Mann	Timmons
Fitzgerald	Mace	Strong	Pappas	Slotkin	Wild	Garcia, Mike	Massie	Mast
Fox	Malliotakis	Tenney	Pascarell	Sorensen	Williams (GA)	Gimenez	Gonzales, Tony	McCauley
Franklin, Scott	Mann	Thompson (PA)	Payne	Soto	Williams (NY)	Good (VA)	Good (VA)	McClain
Fry	Massie	Tiffany	Pelosi	Spanberger	Wilson (FL)	Gooden (TX)	McClintock	Mooney
Fulcher	Mast	Timmons	Peltola	Stansbury	Womack	Gosar	McCormick	Mooney
Gaetz	McCauley	Van Drew				Graves (LA)	McHenry	Mooney
Gallagher	McClain	Van Duyn				Graves (MO)	Meuser	Miller (IL)
Garcia, Mike	McClintock	Walberg				Green (TN)	Miller (WV)	Miller (WV)
Gimenez	McCormick	Weber (TX)				Grothman	Miller-Meeks	Mills
Gonzales, Tony	Meuser	Webster (FL)				Guest	Moore (AL)	Mooney
Good (VA)	Miller (IL)	Wenstrup				Guthrie	Moore (AL)	Mooney
Gooden (TX)	Miller (WV)	Westerman				Hageman	Mooney	Mooney
Gosar	Miller-Meeks	Williams (TX)				Harris	Mooney	Mooney
Graves (MO)	Mills	Wilson (SC)				Harshbarger	Mooney	Mooney
Green (TN)	Molinaro	Wittman					Mooney	Mooney
Grothman	Moolenaar	Yakym					Mooney	Mooney
Guest	Mooney	Zinke					Mooney	Mooney
Guthrie	Moore (AL)						Mooney	Mooney
Hageman	Moran						Mooney	Mooney

NOES—247

Adams	Costa	Grijalva
Aguilar	Courtney	Harder (CA)
Allred	Craig	Hayes
Auchincloss	Crockett	Higgins (NY)
Bacon	Crow	Himes
Balint	Cuellar	Hinson
Barragán	Curtis	Horsford
Beatty	D'Esposito	Houlihan
Bera	Davids (KS)	Hoyer
Beyer	Davis (IL)	Hoyle (OR)
Bice	Davis (NC)	Huffman
Bishop (GA)	Dean (PA)	Ivey
Blumenauer	DeGette	Jackson (IL)
Blunt Rochester	DeLauro	Jackson (NC)
Bonamici	DelBene	Jacobs
Bowman	Deluzio	Jayapal
Boyle (PA)	DeSaulnier	Jeffries
Brown	Diaz-Balart	Johnson (GA)
Brownley	Dingell	Joyce (OH)
Buck	Doggett	Kamlaager-Dove
Bucshon	Edwards	Kaptur
Budzinski	Ellzey	Kean (NJ)
Bush	Eshoo	Keating
Calvert	Españillat	Kelly (IL)
Caraveo	Evans	Khanna
Carbajal	Fitzpatrick	Kiggans (VA)
Cárdenas	Fleischmann	Kildee
Carson	Fletcher	Kiley
Carter (LA)	Flood	Kilmer
Carter (TX)	Foster	Kim (CA)
Cartwright	Foushee	Kim (NJ)
Casar	Frankel, Lois	Krishnamoorthi
Case	Frost	Kuster
Casten	Gallego	LaLota
Castor (FL)	Garamendi	Landsman
Castro (TX)	Garbarino	Larsen (WA)
Chavez-DeRemer	Garcia (IL)	Larson (CT)
Cherfilus-	Garcia, Robert	Lawler
McCormick	Goldman (NY)	Lee (CA)
Chu	Gomez	Lee (NV)
Ciscomani	Gonzalez,	Lee (PA)
Clark (MA)	Vicente	Leger Fernandez
Clarke (NY)	González-Colón	Levin
Cleaver	Gotthelmer	Lieu
Clyburn	Granger	Lofgren
Cole	Graves (LA)	Lucas
Connolly	Green, Al (TX)	Lynch

NOT VOTING—26

Cohen Jackson Lee Phillips
Correa Kelly (PA) Pingree
De La Cruz Lesko
Escobar McCarthy Quigley
Fallon McHenry Santos
Garcia (TX) Miller (OH) Smith (WA)
Goldin (ME) Moore (WI) Stauber
Greene (GA) Moylan Swallow
Griffith Perry Waltz

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1553

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 56 OFFERED BY MR. PFLUGER

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on amendment No. 56, printed in
part B of House Report 118-242 offered
by the gentleman from Texas (Mr.
PFLUGER), on which further pro-
ceedings were postponed and on which
the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 160, noes 250,
not voting 29, as follows:

[Roll No. 552]

AYES—160

Aderholt	Barr	Bost
Alford	Bean (FL)	Brecheen
Allen	Bentz	Buchanan
Armstrong	Bergman	Burchett
Arrington	Biggs	Burgess
Babin	Bilirakis	Burlison
Balderson	Bishop (NC)	Cammack
Banks	Boebert	Carey
		Adams
		Aguilar
		Allred
		Amodei
		Auchincloss
		Bacon
		Baird
		Balint
		Barragán
		Beatty
		Bera
		Beyer
		Bice
		Bishop (GA)
		Blumenauer
		Blunt Rochester
		Bonamici
		Bowman
		Boyle (PA)
		Brown
		Brownley
		Buck
		Bucshon
		Budzinski
		Bush
		Calvert
		Caraveo
		Carbajal
		Cárdenas
		Carson
		Carter (LA)
		Carter (TX)
		Cartwright
		Casar
		Case
		Casten
		Castor (FL)
		Castro (TX)
		Chavez-DeRemer
		Cherfilus-
		McCormick
		Chu
		Ciscomani
		Clark (MA)
		Clarke (NY)
		Cleaver
		Clyburn
		Cole
		Connolly
		Costa
		Courtney
		Craig
		Crockett
		Crow
		Cuellar
		D'Esposito
		Davids (KS)
		Davis (IL)
		Davis (NC)
		Dean (PA)
		DeGette
		DeLauro
		DelBene
		Deluzio
		DeSaulnier
		Diaz-Balart
		Dingell
		Doggett
		Edwards
		Eshoo
		Españillat
		Evans
		Fitzpatrick
		Fleischmann
		Fletcher
		Flood
		Foster
		Foushee
		Frankel, Lois
		Frankel, Lois
		Gallago
		Garamendi
		Garbarino
		Garcia (IL)
		Garcia, Robert
		Goldman (NY)
		Gomez
		Gonzalez,
		Vicente
		González-Colón
		Gotthelmer
		Granger
		Green, Al (TX)
		Grijalva
		Harder (CA)
		Hayes
		Higgins (NY)
		Himes
		Hinson
		Horsford
		Houlihan
		Hoyer
		Hoyle (OR)
		Huffman
		Ivey
		Jackson (IL)
		Jackson (NC)
		Jacobs
		James
		Jayapal
		Jeffries
		Johnson (GA)
		Joyce (OH)
		Kamlaager-Dove
		Kaptur
		Kean (NJ)
		Keating
		Kelly (IL)
		Khanna
		Kiggans (VA)
		Kildee
		Kiley
		Kilmer
		Kim (CA)
		Kim (NJ)
		Krishnamoorthi
		Kuster
		Landsman
		Larsen (WA)
		Lawler
		Lee (CA)
		Lee (NV)
		Lee (PA)
		Leger Fernandez
		Levin
		Lieu
		Lofgren
		Lucas
		Lynch
		Mace
		Magaziner
		Manning
		Matsui
		McBath
		McClellan
		McCollum
		McGarvey
		McGovern
		Meeks
		Menendez
		Meng
		Mfume
		Molinaro
		Zinke

NOES—250

Adams	Craig	Hoyle (OR)
Aguilar	Crockett	Huffman
Allred	Crow	Ivey
Amodei	Cuellar	Jackson (IL)
Auchincloss	D'Esposito	Jackson (NC)
Bacon	Davids (KS)	Jacobs
Baird	Davis (IL)	James
Balint	Davis (NC)	Jayapal
Barragán	Dean (PA)	Jeffries
Beatty	DeGette	Johnson (GA)
Bera	DeLauro	Joyce (OH)
Beyer	DelBene	Kamlaager-Dove
Bice	Deluzio	Kaptur
Bishop (GA)	DeSaulnier	Kean (NJ)
Blumenauer	Diaz-Balart	Keating
Blunt Rochester	Dingell	Kelly (IL)
Bonamici	Doggett	Khanna
Bowman	Edwards	Kiggans (VA)
Boyle (PA)	Eshoo	Kildee
Brown	Españillat	Kiley
Brownley	Evans	Kilmer
Buck	Fitzpatrick	Kim (CA)
Bucshon	Fleischmann	Kim (NJ)
Budzinski	Fletcher	Krishnamoorthi
Bush	Flood	Kuster
Calvert	Foster	Landsman
Caraveo	Foushee	Larsen (WA)
Carbajal	Frankel, Lois	Lawler
Cárdenas	Frost	Lee (CA)
Carson	Gallego	Lee (NV)
Carter (LA)	Garamendi	Lee (PA)
Carter (TX)	Garbarino	Leger Fernandez
Cartwright	Garcia (IL)	Levin
Casar	Garcia, Robert	Lieu
Case	Goldman (NY)	Lofgren
Casten	Gomez	Lucas
Castor (FL)	Gonzalez,	Lynch
Castro (TX)	Vicente	Mace
Chavez-DeRemer	González-Colón	Magaziner
Cherfilus-	Gotthelmer	Manning
McCormick	Granger	Matsui
Chu	Green, Al (TX)	McBath
Ciscomani	Grijalva	McClellan
Clark (MA)	Harder (CA)	McCollum
Clarke (NY)	Hayes	McGarvey
Cleaver	Higgins (NY)	McGovern
Clyburn	Himes	Meeks
Cole	Hinson	Menendez
Connolly	Horsford	Meng
Costa	Houlihan	Mfume
Courtney	Hoyer	Molinaro

Moore (UT) Radewagen Strickland
 Moore (WI) Ramirez Sykes
 Morelle Raskin Takano
 Moskowitz Rogers (KY) Thanedar
 Moulton Ross Thompson (CA)
 Mrvan Ruiz Thompson (MS)
 Mullin Ruppertsberger Thompson (PA)
 Nadler Ryan
 Napolitano Sablan
 Neal Salazar
 Neguse Salinas
 Newhouse Sanchez
 Nickel Sarbanes
 Norcross Scanlon
 Norton Schakowsky
 Nunn (IA) Schiff
 Obernolte Schneider
 Ocasio-Cortez Scholten
 Omar Schrier
 Owens Scott (VA)
 Pallone Scott, Austin
 Panetta Scott, David
 Pappas Sewell
 Pascrell Sherman
 Payne Sherrill
 Pelosi Simpson
 Peltola Slotkin
 Perez Sorensen
 Peters Soto
 Pettersen Spanberger
 Plaskett Stansbury
 Pocan Stanton
 Porter Wilson
 Pressley Steel
 Stevens

NOT VOTING—29

Cohen Jackson Lee
 Correa Kelly (PA)
 De La Cruz Larson (CT)
 Escobar Lesko
 Fallon McCarthy
 Ferguson Miller (OH)
 Garcia (TX) Moylan
 Golden (ME) Perry
 Greene (GA) Phillips
 Griffith Pingree

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
 There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1556

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
 as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 57 OFFERED BY MR. PFLUGER

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
 business is the demand for a recorded
 vote on amendment No. 57, printed in
 part B of House Report 118–242 offered
 by the gentleman from Texas (Mr.
 PFLUGER), on which further pro-
 ceedings were postponed and on which
 the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
 amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
 ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
 has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-
 minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
 vice, and there were—ayes 164, noes 249,
 not voting 26, as follows:

[Roll No. 553]

AYES—164

Aderholt Bentz
 Alford Bergman
 Allen Biggs
 Armstrong Bilirakis
 Arrington Bishop (NC)
 Babin Boebert
 Balderson Bost
 Banks Brecheen
 Barr Buchanan
 Bean (FL) Burchett

Burgess Burlison
 Cammack
 Carey
 Carl
 Carter (GA)
 Cline
 Cloud
 Clyde
 Collins

Comer Crane
 Crawford Crawford
 Crenshaw Crenshaw
 Curtis Issa
 D'Esposito Jackson (TX)
 Davidson Johnson (LA)
 DesJarlais Johnson (OH)
 Donalds Johnson (SD)
 Duarte Jordan
 Duncan Joyce (PA)
 Dunn (FL) Kelly (MS)
 Elizey Kustoff
 Emmer LaHood
 Estes LaLota
 Ezell LaMalfa
 Feenstra Lamborn
 Ferguson Langworthy
 Finstad Latta
 Fischbach LaTurner
 Fitzgerald Lee (FL)
 Foxx Letlow
 Franklin, Scott Loudermilk
 Fry Luetkemeyer
 Fulcher Luna
 Gaetz Luttrell
 Gallagher Malliotakis
 Garcia, Mike Mann
 Gimenez Massie
 Gonzales, Tony Mast
 Good (VA) McCaul
 Gooden (TX) McClain
 Gosar McClintock
 Graves (LA) McCormick
 Graves (MO) McHenry
 Green (TN) Meuser
 Grothman Miller (IL)
 Guest Miller (WV)
 Guthrie Miller-Meeks
 Hageman Mills
 Harris Moolenaar
 Harshbarger Mooney
 Hern Moore (AL)
 Higgins (LA) Moran
 Hill Murphy

NOES—249

Adams Crow
 Aguilar Cuellar
 Alred Davids (KS)
 Amodei Davis (IL)
 Auchincloss Davis (NC)
 Bacon Dean (PA)
 Baird DeGette
 Balint DeLauro
 Barragán DelBene
 Beatty Deluzio
 Bera DeSaulnier
 Beyer Diaz-Balart
 Bice Dingell
 Bishop (GA) Doggett
 Blumenauer Edwards
 Blunt Rochester Eshoo
 Bonamici Espallat
 Bowman Evans
 Boyle (PA) Fitzpatrick
 Brown Fleischmann
 Brownley Fletcher
 Buck Flood
 Bucshon Foster
 Budzinski Foushee
 Bush Frankel, Lois
 Calvert Frost
 Caraveo Gallego
 Carbajal Garamendi
 Carson Garbarino
 Carter (LA) Garcia (IL)
 Carter (TX) Garcia, Robert
 Cartwright Goldman (NY)
 Casar Gomez
 Case Gonzalez,
 Casten Vicente
 Castor (FL) González-Colón
 Castro (TX) Gottheimer
 Chavez-DeRemer Granger
 Cherfilus- Green, Al (TX)
 McCormick Grijalva
 Chu Harder (CA)
 Ciscomani Hayes
 Clark (MA) Higgins (NY)
 Clarke (NY) Himes
 Cleaver Hinson
 Clyburn Horsford
 Cole Houlihan
 Connolly Hoyer
 Costa Hoyle (OR)
 Courtney Huffman
 Craig Ivey
 Crockett Jackson (IL)

Houchin Nehls
 Hudson Norman
 Huizenga Ogles
 Hunt Palmer
 Issa Pence
 Jackson (TX) Pfluger
 Johnson (LA) Posey
 Johnson (OH) Reschenthaler
 Johnson (SD) Rodgers (WA)
 Jordan Rogers (AL)
 Joyce (PA) Rose
 Kelly (MS) Rosendale
 Kustoff Rouzer
 LaHood Roy
 LaLota Rutherford
 LaMalfa Scalise
 Lamborn Schweikert
 Langworthy Self
 Latta Sessions
 LaTurner Smith (MO)
 Lee (FL) Smith (NE)
 Letlow Smith (NJ)
 Loudermilk Smucker
 Luetkemeyer Spartz
 Luna Stefanik
 Luttrell Steil
 Malliotakis Steube
 Mann Strong
 Massie Tenney
 Mast Tiffany
 McCaul Timmons
 McClain Van Drew
 McClintock Van Duyne
 McCormick Van Orden
 McHenry Walberg
 Meuser Weber (TX)
 Miller (IL) Webster (FL)
 Miller (WV) Wenstrup
 Mills Westerman
 Moolenaar Williams (TX)
 Mooney Wilson (SC)
 Moore (AL) Wittman
 Moran Yakym
 Murphy Zinke

Jackson (NC)
 Jacobs
 James
 Jayapal
 Jeffries
 Johnson (GA)
 Joyce (OH)
 Kamlager-Dove
 Kaptur
 Kean (NJ)
 Keating
 Kelly (IL)
 Khanna
 Kiggans (VA)
 Kildee
 Kiley
 Kilmer
 Kim (CA)
 Kim (NJ)
 Krishnamoorthi
 Kuster
 Landsman
 Larsen (WA)
 Larson (CT)
 Lawler
 Lee (CA)
 Lee (NV)
 Lee (PA)
 Leger Fernandez
 Levin
 Lieu
 Lofgren
 Lucas
 Lynch
 Mace
 Magaziner
 Manning
 Matsui
 McBath
 McClellan
 McCollum
 McGarvey
 McGovern
 Meeks
 Menendez
 Meng
 Mfume
 Molinaro
 Moore (UT)
 Moore (WI)
 Morelle
 Moskowitz

Moulton Raskin
 Mrvan Rogers (KY)
 Mullin Ross
 Nadler Ruiz
 Napolitano Ruppertsberger
 Neal Ryan
 Neguse Sablan
 Newhouse Salazar
 Nickel Salinas
 Norcross Sanchez
 Norton Sarbanes
 Nunn (IA) Scanlon
 Obernolte Schakowsky
 Ocasio-Cortez Schiff
 Omar Schneider
 Owens Scholten
 Pallone Schrier
 Panetta Scott (VA)
 Pappas Scott, Austin
 Pascrell Scott, David
 Payne Sewell
 Pelosi Sherman
 Peltola Sherrill
 Perez Simpson
 Peters Slotkin
 Pettersen Sorensen
 Plaskett Soto
 Pocan Spanberger
 Porter Stansbury
 Pressley Stanton
 Radewagen Steel
 Ramirez Stevens

NOT VOTING—26

Cárdenas Griffith
 Cohen Jackson Lee
 Correa Kelly (PA)
 De La Cruz Lesko
 Escobar McCarthy
 Fallon Miller (OH)
 Garcia (TX) Moylan
 Golden (ME) Perry
 Greene (GA) Phillips

Pingree
 Quigley
 Santos
 Smith (WA)
 Stauber
 Swalwell
 Waltz
 Waters

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
 There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1559

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
 as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 58 OFFERED BY MR. ROSENDALE

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
 business is the demand for a recorded
 vote on amendment No. 58, printed in
 part B of House Report 118–242 offered
 by the gentleman from Montana (Mr.
 ROSENDALE), on which further pro-
 ceedings were postponed and on which
 the ayes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
 amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
 ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
 has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This is a 2-
 minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
 vice, and there were—ayes 100, noes 314,
 not voting 25, as follows:

[Roll No. 554]

AYES—100

Arrington Burgess
 Babin Burlison
 Banks Cammack
 Barr Cline
 Bean (FL) Cloud
 Bergman Clyde
 Biggs Collins
 Bilirakis Comer
 Bishop (NC) Crane
 Boebert Davidson
 Brecheen DesJarlais
 Buck Donalds
 Burchett Duarte

Duncan
 Estes
 Ezell
 Ferguson
 Fischbach
 Fitzgerald
 Franklin, Scott
 Fry
 Fulcher
 Gaetz
 Good (VA)
 Gooden (TX)
 Gosar

Green (TN)
Grothman
Hageman
Harris
Harshbarger
Hern
Higgins (LA)
Hill
Houchin
Hudson
Huizenga
Hunt
Issa
Jackson (TX)
Johnson (LA)
Johnson (SD)
Jordan
Kelly (MS)
Kustoff
LaMalfa
Lamborn

NOES—314

Adams
Aderholt
Aguilar
Alford
Allen
Allred
Amodei
Armstrong
Auchincloss
Bacon
Baird
Balderson
Balint
Barragán
Beatty
Bentz
Bera
Beyer
Bice
Bishop (GA)
Blumenauer
Blunt Rochester
Bonamici
Bost
Bowman
Boyle (PA)
Brown
Brownley
Buchanan
Buchshon
Budzinski
Bush
Calvert
Caraveo
Carbajal
Carey
Carl
Carson
Carter (GA)
Carter (LA)
Carter (TX)
Cartwright
Casar
Case
Casten
Castor (FL)
Castro (TX)
Chavez-DeRemer
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Chu
Ciscomani
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleaver
Clyburn
Cole
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crawford
Crenshaw
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Curtis
D'Esposito
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DelBene
Deluzio

DeSaulnier

Diaz-Balart

Dingell

Doggett

Dunn (FL)

Edwards

Ellzey

Emmer

Eshoo

Españat

Evans

Feenstra

Finstad

Fitzpatrick

Fleischmann

Fletcher

Flood

Foster

Foushee

Foxy

Frankel, Lois

Frost

Gallagher

Gallego

Garamendi

Garbarino

Garcia (IL)

Garcia, Mike

Garcia, Robert

Gimenez

Goldman (NY)

Gomez

Gonzales, Tony

Gonzalez,

Vicente

González-Colón

Gottheimer

Granger

Graves (LA)

Graves (MO)

Green, Al (TX)

Griffith

Grijalva

Guest

Guthrie

Harder (CA)

Hayes

Higgins (NY)

Himes

Hinson

Horsford

Houlahan

Hoyer

Hoyle (OR)

Huffman

Ivey

Jackson (IL)

Jackson (NC)

Jacobs

James

Jayapal

Jeffries

Johnson (GA)

Johnson (OH)

Joyce (OH)

Joyce (PA)

Kamlager-Dove

Kaptur

Kean (NJ)

Keating

Kelly (IL)

Khanna

Kiggans (VA)

Kildee

Kiley

Kilmer

Rosendale
Roy
Scalise
Schweikert
Mace
Mann
Massie
McClintock
McCormick
McHenry
Miller (WV)
Timmons
Van Drew
Van Dwyne
Weber (TX)
Webster (FL)
Westerman
Williams (TX)
Wilson (SC)
Wittman

Kim (CA)

Kim (NJ)

Krishnamoorthi

Kuster

LaHood

LaLota

Landsman

Langworthy

Larsen (WA)

LaTurner

Lawler

Lee (CA)

Lee (FL)

Lee (NV)

Lee (PA)

Leger Fernandez

Letlow

Levin

Lieu

Lofgren

Lucas

Luetkemeyer

Lynch

Magaziner

Malliotakis

Manning

Mast

Matsui

McBath

McCarthy

McCaul

McClain

McClellan

McCollum

McGarvey

McGovern

Meeks

Menendez

Meng

Meuser

Mfume

Miller (IL)

Miller-Meeks

Molinaro

Moolenaar

Moore (AL)

Moore (UT)

Moran

Morelle

Moskowitz

Moulton

Mrvan

Mullin

Nadler

Napolitano

Neal

Neguse

Newhouse

Nickel

Norcross

Norton

Nunn (IA)

Oberholte

Ocasio-Cortez

Omar

Owens

Pallone

Panetta

Pappas

Pascarell

Payne

Pelosi

Peltola

Pence

Perez

Peters
Pettersen
Pfluger
Plaskett
Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Radewagen
Ramirez
Raskin
Reschenthaler
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Ross
Rouzer
Ruiz
Ruppersberger
Rutherford
Ryan
Sablan
Salazar
Salinas
Sánchez
Sarbanes
Scanlon
Schakowsky
Schiff
Schneider
Scholten
Schrier

Cárdenas

Cohen

Correa

De La Cruz

Escobar

Fallon

Garcia (TX)

Golden (ME)

Greene (GA)

Scott (VA)
Scott, Austin
Scott, David
Sessions
Sewell
Sherman
Sherrill
Simpson
Slotkin
Smith (MO)
Smith (NE)
Smith (NJ)
Sorensen
Soto
Spanberger
Stansbury
Stanton
Steel
Steil
Stevens
Strickland
Sykes
Takano
Tenney
Thanedar
Thompson (CA)
Thompson (MS)
Thompson (PA)
Tiffany
Titus

NOT VOTING—25

Jackson Lee

Kelly (PA)

Larson (CT)

Lesko

Miller (OH)

Moylan

Perry

Phillips

Pingree

Tlaib
Tokuda
Tonko
Torres (CA)
Torres (NY)
Trahan
Trone
Turner
Underwood
Valadao
Van Orden
Vargas
Vasquez
Veasey
Velázquez
Wagner
Walberg
Wasserman
Schultz
Watson Coleman
Wenstrup
Wexton
Wild
Williams (GA)
Williams (NY)
Wilson (FL)
Womack
Yakym
Zinke

Quigley

Santos

Smith (WA)

Staubert

Swalwell

Waltz

Waters

Lamborn
Luna
Luttrell
Mann
Massie
McClintock
McCormick
McHenry
Mills
Mooney
Moore (AL)

NOES—335

Adams
Aderholt
Aguilar
Alford
Allred
Amodei
Auchincloss
Babin
Bacon
Baird
Balderson
Balint
Barragán
Beatty
Bentz
Bera
Bergman
Beyer
Bice
Bilirakis
Bishop (GA)
Blumenauer
Blunt Rochester
Bonamici
Bost
Bowman
Boyle (PA)
Brown
Brownley
Buchanan
Buchshon
Budzinski
Burgess
Bush
Calvert
Caraveo
Carbajal
Carey
Carl
Carson
Carter (GA)
Carter (LA)
Carter (TX)
Cartwright
Casar
Case
Casten
Castor (FL)
Castro (TX)
Chavez-DeRemer
Cherfilus-
McCormick
Chu
Ciscomani
Clark (MA)
Clarke (NY)
Cleaver
Clyburn
Cole
Connolly
Costa
Courtney
Craig
Crenshaw
Crockett
Crow
Cuellar
Curtis
D'Esposito
Davids (KS)
Davis (IL)
Davis (NC)
Dean (PA)
DeGette
DeLauro
DelBene
Deluzio
DeSaulnier
Diaz-Balart
Dingell
Doggett
Dunn (FL)
Edwards
Ellzey
Eshoo
Españat

Nehls
Norman
Ogles
Palmer
Posey
Rodgers (WA)
Rose
Rosendale
Roy
Schweikert
Scott, Austin

NOES—335

Evans
Ezell
Feenstra
Ferguson
Finstad
Fischbach
Fitzgerald
Fitzpatrick
Fleischmann
Fletcher
Flood
Foster
Foushee
Frankel, Lois
Frost
Gallagher
Gallego
Garamendi
Garbarino
Garcia (IL)
Garcia, Mike
Garcia, Robert
Gimenez
Goldman (NY)
Gomez
Gonzales, Tony
Gonzalez,
Vicente
González-Colón
Gottheimer
Granger
Graves (LA)
Graves (MO)
Green, Al (TX)
Griffith
Grijalva
Guest
Guthrie
Harder (CA)
Harris
Hayes
Higgins (NY)
Hill
Himes
Hinson
Horsford
Houchin
Houlahan
Hoyer
Hoyle (OR)
Hudson
Huffman
Ivey
Jackson (IL)
Jackson (NC)
Jacobs
James
Jayapal
Jeffries
Johnson (GA)
Johnson (OH)
Johnson (SD)
Joyce (OH)
Joyce (PA)
Kamlager-Dove
Kaptur
Kean (NJ)
Keating
Kelly (IL)
Kelly (MS)
Khanna
Kiggans (VA)
Kildee
Kiley
Kilmer
Kim (CA)
Kim (NJ)
Krishnamoorthi
Kuster
Kustoff
LaHood
LaLota
Landsman
Langworthy
Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)

Self
Smucker
Spartz
Steube
Timmons
Van Dwyne
Williams (TX)
Wilson (SC)
Wittman

NOES—335

Latta
LaTurner
Lawler
Lee (CA)
Lee (FL)
Lee (NV)
Lee (PA)
Leger Fernandez
Letlow
Levin
Lieu
Lofgren
Loudermilk
Lucas
Luetkemeyer
Lynch
Mace
Magaziner
Malliotakis
Manning
Mast
Matsui
McBath
McCarthy
McCaul
McClain
McClellan
McCollum
McGarvey
McGovern
Meeks
Menendez
Meng
Meuser
Mfume
Miller (IL)
Miller (WV)
Molinaro
Moolenaar
Moore (UT)
Moore (WI)
Moran
Morelle
Moskowitz
Moulton
Mrvan
Mullin
Murphy
Nadler
Napolitano
Neal
Neguse
Newhouse
Nickel
Norcross
Norton
Nunn (IA)
Oberholte
Ocasio-Cortez
Omar
Owens
Pallone
Panetta
Pappas
Pascarell
Payne
Pelosi
Peltola
Pence
Perez
Peters
Pettersen
Pfluger
Plaskett
Pocan
Porter
Pressley
Radewagen
Ramirez
Raskin
Reschenthaler
Rogers (AL)
Rogers (KY)
Ross
Rouzer

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR
The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1602

So the amendment was rejected.
The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 59 OFFERED BY MR. ROSENDALE

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished
business is the demand for a recorded
vote on amendment No. 59, printed in
part B of House Report 118-242 offered
by the gentleman from Montana (Mr.
ROSENDALE), on which further pro-
ceedings were postponed and on which
the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the
amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amend-
ment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote
has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This is a 2-
minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic de-
vice, and there were—ayes 76, noes 335,
not voting 27, as follows:

[Roll No. 555]

AYES—76

Allen
Arrington
Banks
Barr
Bean (FL)
Biggs
Bishop (NC)
Boebert
Brecheen
Buck
Burlison
Cammack
Cline
Cloud
Collins
Comer
Crane
Crawford
Davidson
DesJarlais
Donalds
Duarte
Duncan
Emmer
Estes
Foxy
Franklin, Scott
Fry
Fulcher
Gaetz
Good (VA)
Gooden (TX)
Gosar
Green (TN)
Grothman
Hageman
Harshbarger
Hern
Higgins (LA)
Huizenga
Issa
Jackson (TX)
Jordan
LaMalfa

Ruiz	Sorensen	Turner	Feenstra	Jordan	Posey	Pallone	Sarbanes	Thompson (CA)
Ruppersberger	Soto	Underwood	Ferguson	Joyce (OH)	Reschenthaler	Panetta	Scanlon	Thompson (MS)
Rutherford	Spanberger	Valadao	Finstad	Joyce (PA)	Rodgers (WA)	Pappas	Schakowsky	Titus
Ryan	Stansbury	Van Drew	Fischbach	Kelly (MS)	Rogers (AL)	Pascarell	Schiff	Tlaib
Sablan	Stanton	Van Orden	Fitzgerald	Kiggans (VA)	Rogers (KY)	Payne	Schneider	Tokuda
Salazar	Steel	Vargas	Fleischmann	Kim (CA)	Rose	Pelosi	Scholten	Tonko
Salinas	Stefanik	Vasquez	Flood	Kustoff	Rosendale	Peltola	Schrier	Torres (CA)
Sánchez	Steil	Veasey	Foxx	LaHood	Rouzer	Perez	Scott (VA)	Torres (NY)
Sarbanes	Stevens	Velázquez	Franklin, Scott	LaLota	Roy	Peters	Scott, David	Trahan
Scalise	Strickland	Fry	Franklin, Scott	LaMalfa	Rutherford	Pettersen	Sewell	Trone
Scanlon	Strong	Fulcher	Gaetz	Lamborn	Salazar	Plaskett	Sherman	Underwood
Schakowsky	Sykes	Walberg	Gallagher	Langworthy	Scalise	Pocan	Sherrill	Vargas
Schiff	Takano	Wasserman	Garbarino	Latta	Schweikert	Porter	Simpson	Vasquez
Schneider	Tenney	Schultz	Garcia, Mike	LaTurner	Scott, Austin	Pressley	Slotkin	Veasey
Scholten	Thanedar	Watson Coleman	Gimenez	Lawler	Self	Radewagen	Sorensen	Velázquez
Schrier	Thompson (CA)	Webster (FL)	Gonzales, Tony	Loudermilk	Sessions	Ramirez	Soto	Wagner
Scott (VA)	Thompson (MS)	Wenstrup	González-Colón	Lucas	Smith (MO)	Raskin	Spanberger	Wasserman
Scott, David	Thompson (PA)	Westerman	Good (VA)	Luetkemeyer	Smith (NE)	Ross	Stansbury	Schultz
Sessions	Tiffany	Wexton	Gooden (TX)	Luna	Smith (NJ)	Ruiz	Stanton	Watson Coleman
Sewell	Titus	Wild	Gosar	Luttrell	Smucker	Ruppersberger	Stevens	Wexton
Sherman	Tlaib	Williams (GA)	Granger	Mann	Spartz	Ryan	Strickland	Wild
Sherrill	Tokuda	Williams (NY)	Graves (LA)	Massie	Steel	Sablan	Sykes	Williams (GA)
Simpson	Tonko	Wilson (FL)	Graves (MO)	Mast	Stefanik	Salinas	Takano	Wilson (FL)
Slotkin	Torres (CA)	Womack	Green (TN)	McClain	Steil	Sánchez	Thanedar	Zinke
Smith (MO)	Torres (NY)	Yakym	Griffith	McClintock	Steube			
Smith (NE)	Trahan	Zinke	Grothman	McCormick	Strong			
Smith (NJ)	Trone		Guest	McHenry	Tenney			

NOT VOTING—27

Armstrong	Garcia (TX)	Phillips
Burchett	Golden (ME)	Pingree
Cárdenas	Greene (GA)	Quigley
Clyde	Jackson Lee	Santos
Cohen	Kelly (PA)	Smith (WA)
Correa	Lesko	Stauber
De La Cruz	Miller (OH)	Swalwell
Escobar	Moylan	Waltz
Fallon	Perry	Waters

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1606

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

AMENDMENT NO. 60 OFFERED BY MR. ROSENDALE

The Acting CHAIR. The unfinished business is the demand for a recorded vote on amendment No. 60, printed in part B of House Report 118–242 offered by the gentleman from Montana (Mr. ROSENDALE), on which further proceedings were postponed and on which the noes prevailed by voice vote.

The Clerk will redesignate the amendment.

The Clerk redesignated the amendment.

RECORDED VOTE

The Acting CHAIR. A recorded vote has been demanded.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The Acting CHAIR. This will be a 2-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 192, noes 222, not voting 25, as follows:

[Roll No. 556]

AYES—192

Aderholt	Bishop (NC)	Collins
Alford	Boebert	Comer
Allen	Bost	Crane
Amodei	Brecheen	Crenshaw
Armstrong	Buck	Curtis
Arrington	Burchett	D'Esposito
Babin	Burgess	Davidson
Bacon	Burlison	DesJarlais
Baird	Calvert	Diaz-Balart
Balderson	Cammack	Donalds
Banks	Carey	Duarte
Barr	Carl	Duncan
Bean (FL)	Carter (TX)	Dunn (FL)
Bentz	Ciscomani	Edwards
Bergman	Cline	Ellzey
Bice	Cloud	Emmer
Biggs	Clyde	Estes
Bilirakis	Cole	Ezell

Adams	Dean (PA)
Aguilar	DeGette
Allred	DeLauro
Auchincloss	DelBene
Balint	Deluzio
Barragán	DeSaulnier
Beatty	Dingell
Bera	Doggett
Beyer	Eshoo
Bishop (GA)	Españillat
Blumenauer	Evans
Blunt Rochester	Fitzpatrick
Bonamici	Fletcher
Bowman	Foster
Boyle (PA)	Foushee
Brown	Frankel, Lois
Brownley	Frost
Buchanan	Gallego
Bucshon	Garamendi
Budzinski	Garcia (IL)
Bush	Garcia, Robert
Caraveo	Goldman (NY)
Carbajal	Gomez
Carson	Gonzalez,
Carter (GA)	Vicente
Carter (LA)	Gottheimer
Cartwright	Green, Al (TX)
Casar	Grijalva
Case	Harder (CA)
Casten	Hayes
Castor (FL)	Higgins (NY)
Castro (TX)	Himes
Chavez-DeRemer	Horsford
Cherfilus-	Houlahan
McCormick	Hoyer
Chu	Hoyle (OR)
Clark (MA)	Huffman
Clarke (NY)	Ivey
Cleaver	Jackson (IL)
Clyburn	Jackson (NC)
Connolly	Jacobs
Costa	Jayapal
Courtney	Jeffries
Craig	Johnson (GA)
Crawford	Kamlager-Dove
Crockett	Kaptur
Crow	Kean (NJ)
Cuellar	Keating
Davids (KS)	Kelly (IL)
Davis (IL)	Khanna
Davis (NC)	Kildee

NOES—222

Kiley	Kilmer
Kim (NJ)	Krishnamoorthi
Kuster	Kramer
Landsman	Larsen (WA)
Larson (CT)	Lee (CA)
Lee (CA)	Lee (FL)
Lee (FL)	Lee (NV)
Lee (NV)	Lee (PA)
Lee (PA)	Leger Fernandez
Letlow	Levin
Lieu	Lofgren
Lofgren	Lynch
Mace	Magaziner
Magaziner	Malliotakis
Manning	Matsui
McBath	McCarthy
McCauley	McCaul
McClellan	McClellan
McCollum	McCollum
McGarvey	McGovern
McGovern	Meeks
Meeks	Menendez
Menendez	Meng
Mfume	Molinaro
Molinaro	Moore (WI)
Moore (WI)	Moskowitz
Moulton	Mrvan
Mrvan	Mullin
Mullin	Nadler
Nadler	Napolitano
Napolitano	Neal
Neal	Neguse
Neguse	Newhouse
Newhouse	Nickel
Nickel	Norcross
Norcross	Norton
Norton	Nunn (IA)
Nunn (IA)	Ocasio-Cortez
Ocasio-Cortez	Omar

NOT VOTING—25

Cárdenas	Jackson Lee	Quigley
Cohen	Kelly (PA)	Santos
Correa	Lesko	Smith (WA)
De La Cruz	Miller (OH)	Stauber
Escobar	Morelle	Swalwell
Fallon	Moylan	Waltz
Garcia (TX)	Perry	Waters
Golden (ME)	Phillips	
Greene (GA)	Pingree	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE ACTING CHAIR

The Acting CHAIR (during the vote).
There is 1 minute remaining.

□ 1609

So the amendment was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced
as above recorded.

The Acting CHAIR (Mr. NUNN). There being no further amendments, under the rule, the Committee rises.

Accordingly, the Committee rose; and the Speaker pro tempore (Mr. MURPHY) having assumed the chair, Mr. NUNN, Acting Chair of the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union, reported that that Committee, having had under consideration the bill (H.R. 4394) making appropriations for energy and water development and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes, and, pursuant to House Resolution 756, he reported the bill back to the House with sundry amendments adopted in the Committee of the Whole.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the rule, the previous question is ordered.

Is a separate vote demanded on any amendment reported from the Committee of the Whole? If not, the Chair will put them en gros.

The amendments were agreed to.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

MOTION TO RECOMMIT

Ms. CASTOR of Florida. Mr. Speaker, I have a motion to recommit at the desk.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The Clerk will report the motion to recommit.

The Clerk read as follows:

Ms. Castor of Florida moves to recommit the bill H.R. 4394 to the Committee on Appropriations.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 2(b) of rule XIX, the previous question is ordered on the motion to recommit.

The question is on the motion to recommit.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the yeas appeared to have it.

Ms. CASTOR of Florida. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 9 of rule XX, the Chair will reduce to 5 minutes the minimum time for any electronic vote on the question of passage.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 199, nays 210, not voting 23, as follows:

[Roll No. 557]

YEAS—199

Adams	Gonzalez,	Pallone
Aguilar	Vicente	Panetta
Allred	Gottheimer	Pappas
Auchincloss	Green, Al (TX)	Pascarell
Balint	Grijalva	Payne
Barragán	Harder (CA)	Pelosi
Beatty	Hayes	Peltola
Bera	Higgins (NY)	Perez
Beyer	Himes	Peters
Bishop (GA)	Horsford	Pettersen
Blumenauer	Houlihan	Pocan
Blunt Rochester	Hoyer	Porter
Bonamici	Hoyle (OR)	Pressley
Bowman	Huffman	Ramirez
Boyle (PA)	Ivey	Raskin
Brown	Jackson (IL)	Ross
Brownley	Jackson (NC)	Ruiz
Budzinski	Jacobs	Ruppersberger
Bush	Jayapal	Ryan
Caraveo	Jeffries	Salinas
Carbajal	Johnson (GA)	Sánchez
Carson	Kamlager-Dove	Sarbanes
Carter (LA)	Kaptur	Scanlon
Cartwright	Keating	Schakowsky
Casar	Kelly (IL)	Schiff
Case	Khanna	Schneider
Casten	Kildee	Scholten
Castor (FL)	Kimmer	Schrier
Castro (TX)	Kim (NJ)	Scott (VA)
Cherfilus-	Krishnamoorthi	Scott, David
McCormick	Kuster	Sewell
Chu	Landsman	Sherman
Clark (MA)	Larsen (WA)	Sherrill
Clarke (NY)	Larson (CT)	Slotkin
Cleaver	Lee (CA)	Sorensen
Clyburn	Lee (NV)	Soto
Connolly	Lee (PA)	Spanberger
Costa	Leger Fernandez	Stansbury
Courtney	Levin	Stanton
Craig	Lieu	Stevens
Crockett	Lofgren	Strickland
Crow	Lynch	Sykes
Cuellar	Magaziner	Takano
Davids (KS)	Manning	Thanedar
Davis (IL)	Matsui	Thompson (CA)
Davis (NC)	McBath	Thompson (MS)
Dean (PA)	McClellan	Titus
DeGette	McCollum	Tlaib
DeLauro	McGarvey	Tokuda
DeBene	McGovern	Tonko
Deluzio	Meeks	Torres (CA)
DeSaulnier	Menendez	Torres (NY)
Dingell	Meng	Trahan
Doggett	Mfume	Trone
Eshoo	Moore (WI)	Underwood
Espallat	Morelle	Vargas
Evans	Moskowitz	Vasquez
Fletcher	Moulton	Veasey
Foster	Mrvan	Velázquez
Foushee	Mullin	Wasserman
Frankel, Lois	Nadler	Schultz
Frost	Napolitano	Watson Coleman
Galleo	Neal	Wexton
Garamendi	Neguse	Wild
Garcia (IL)	Nickel	Williams (GA)
Garcia, Robert	Norcross	Wilson (FL)
Goldman (NY)	Ocasio-Cortez	
Gomez	Omar	

NAYS—210

Fulcher	Miller (IL)
Alford	Miller (WV)
Gaetz	Miller-Meeks
Gallagher	Mills
Garbarino	Molinaro
Garcia, Mike	Moolenaar
Gimenez	Mooney
Gonzales, Tony	Moore (AL)
Good (VA)	Moore (UT)
Gooden (TX)	Moran
Gosar	Murphy
Granger	Nehls
Graves (LA)	Newhouse
Graves (MO)	Norman
Green (TN)	Nunn (IA)
Griffith	Obernolte
Grothman	Ogles
Guest	Owens
Guthrie	Palmer
Hageman	Pence
Harris	Pfuger
Harshbarger	Posey
Hern	Reschenthaler
Higgins (LA)	Rodgers (WA)
Hill	Rogers (AL)
Hinson	Rogers (KY)
Houchin	Rose
Hudson	Rosendale
Huizenga	Rouzer
Hunt	Roy
Issa	Rutherford
Jackson (TX)	Salazar
James	Scalise
Carter (GA)	Johnson (OH)
Carter (TX)	Johnson (SD)
Chavez-DeRemer	Jordan
Ciscomani	Joyce (OH)
Cline	Joyce (PA)
Cloud	Kean (NJ)
Clyde	Kelly (MS)
Cole	Kiggans (VA)
Collins	Kiley
Comer	Kim (CA)
Crane	Kustoff
Crawford	LaHood
Crenshaw	LaLota
Curtis	LaMalfa
D'Esposito	Lamborn
Davidson	Langworthy
DesJarlais	Latta
Diaz-Balart	LaTurner
Donalds	Lawler
Duarte	Lee (FL)
Duncan	Letlow
Dunn (FL)	Loudermilk
Edwards	Lucas
Elizy	Luetkemeyer
Emmer	Luna
Estes	Luttrell
Ezell	Mace
Feenstra	Malliotakis
Ferguson	Mann
Finstad	Massie
Fischbach	Mast
Fitzgerald	McCarthy
Fitzpatrick	McCauley
Fleischmann	McClain
Flood	McClintock
Foxx	McCormick
Franklin, Scott	McHenry
Fry	Meuser

NOT VOTING—23

Cárdenas	Greene (GA)	Quigley
Cohen	Jackson Lee	Santos
Correa	Kelly (PA)	Smith (WA)
De La Cruz	Lesko	Staubert
Escobar	Miller (OH)	Swalwell
Fallon	Perry	Waltz
Garcia (TX)	Phillips	Waters
Golden (ME)	Pingree	

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). There are 2 minutes remaining.

□ 1618

So the motion to recommit was rejected.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

Pursuant to clause 10 of rule XX, the yeas and nays are ordered.

This is a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—yeas 210, nays 199, not voting 24, as follows:

[Roll No. 558]

YEAS—210

Aderholt	Gaetz	Miller (IL)
Alford	Gallagher	Miller (WV)
Allen	Garbarino	Miller-Meeks
Amodei	Garcia, Mike	Mills
Armstrong	Gimenez	Molinaro
Arrington	Gonzales, Tony	Moolenaar
Babin	Good (VA)	Mooney
Bacon	Gooden (TX)	Moore (AL)
Baird	Gosar	Moore (UT)
Balderson	Granger	Moran
Banks	Graves (LA)	Murphy
Barr	Graves (MO)	Nehls
Bean (FL)	Green (TN)	Newhouse
Bentz	Griffith	Norman
Bergman	Grothman	Nunn (IA)
Bice	Guest	Obernolte
Biggs	Guthrie	Ogles
Bilirakis	Hageman	Owens
Bishop (NC)	Harris	Palmer
Boebert	Harshbarger	Pence
Bost	Hern	Pfuger
Brecheen	Higgins (LA)	Posey
Buchanan	Hill	Reschenthaler
Buchshon	Hinson	Rodgers (WA)
Burchett	Houchin	Rogers (AL)
Burgess	Hudson	Rogers (KY)
Burlison	Huizenga	Rose
Calvert	Hunt	Rosendale
Cammack	Issa	Rouzer
Carey	Jackson (TX)	Roy
Carl	James	Rutherford
Carter (GA)	Johnson (LA)	Salazar
Carter (TX)	Johnson (OH)	Scalise
Chavez-DeRemer	Johnson (SD)	Schweikert
Ciscomani	Jordan	Scott, Austin
Cline	Joyce (OH)	Self
Cloud	Joyce (PA)	Sessions
Clyde	Kean (NJ)	Simpson
Cole	Kelly (MS)	Smith (MO)
Collins	Kiggans (VA)	Smith (NE)
Comer	Kiley	Smith (NJ)
Crane	Kim (CA)	Smucker
Crawford	Kustoff	Spartz
Crenshaw	LaHood	Steel
Curtis	LaLota	Stefanik
D'Esposito	LaMalfa	Stell
Davidson	Lamborn	Steube
DesJarlais	Langworthy	Strong
Diaz-Balart	Latta	Tenney
Donalds	LaTurner	Thompson (PA)
Duarte	Lawler	Tiffany
Duncan	Lee (FL)	Timmons
Dunn (FL)	Letlow	Turner
Edwards	Loudermilk	Valadao
Elizy	Lucas	Van Drew
Emmer	Luetkemeyer	Van Dwyne
Estes	Luna	Van Orden
Ezell	Luttrell	Wagner
Feenstra	Mace	Walberg
Ferguson	Malliotakis	Weber (TX)
Finstad	Mann	Webster (FL)
Fischbach	Massie	Wenstrup
Fitzgerald	Mast	Westerman
Fitzpatrick	McCarthy	Williams (NY)
Fleischmann	McCauley	Williams (TX)
Flood	McClain	Wilson (SC)
Foxx	McClintock	Wittman
Franklin, Scott	McCormick	Womack
Fry	McHenry	Yakym
Fulcher	Meuser	Zinke

NAYS—199

Adams	Caraveo	Courtney
Aguilar	Carbajal	Craig
Allred	Carson	Crockett
Auchincloss	Carter (LA)	Crow
Balint	Cartwright	Cuellar
Barragán	Casar	Davids (KS)
Beatty	Case	Davis (IL)
Bera	Casten	Davis (NC)
Beyer	Castor (FL)	Dean (PA)
Bishop (GA)	Castro (TX)	DeGette
Blumenauer	Cherfilus-	DeLauro
Blunt Rochester	McCormick	DeBene
Bonamici	Chu	Deluzio
Bowman	Clark (MA)	DeSaulnier
Boyle (PA)	Clarke (NY)	Dingell
Brown	Cleaver	Doggett
Buck	Clyburn	Eshoo
Budzinski	Connolly	Espallat
Bush	Costa	Evans

Fletcher	Levin	Salinas
Foster	Lieu	Sánchez
Foushee	Lofgren	Sarbanes
Frankel, Lois	Lynch	Scanlon
Frost	Magaziner	Schakowsky
Gallego	Manning	Schiff
Garamendi	Matsui	Schneider
Garcia (IL)	McBath	Scholten
Garcia, Robert	McClellan	Schrier
Goldman (NY)	McCollum	Scott (VA)
Gomez	McGarvey	Scott, David
Gonzalez,	McGovern	Sewell
Vicente	Meeks	Sherman
Gottheimer	Menendez	Sherrill
Green, Al (TX)	Meng	Slotkin
Grijalva	Mfume	Sorensen
Harder (CA)	Moore (WI)	Soto
Hayes	Morelle	Spanberger
Higgins (NY)	Moskowitz	Stansbury
Himes	Moulton	Stanton
Horsford	Mrvan	Stevens
Houlahan	Mullin	Strickland
Hoyer	Nadler	Sykes
Hoyle (OR)	Napolitano	Takano
Huffman	Neal	Thanedar
Ivey	Neguse	Thompson (CA)
Jackson (IL)	Nickel	Thompson (MS)
Jackson (NC)	Norcross	Titus
Jacobs	Ocasio-Cortez	Tlaib
Jayapal	Omar	Tokuda
Jeffries	Pallone	Tonko
Johnson (GA)	Panetta	Torres (CA)
Kamlager-Dove	Pappas	Torres (NY)
Kaptur	Pascarell	Trahan
Keating	Payne	Trone
Kelly (IL)	Pelosi	Underwood
Khanna	Peltola	Vargas
Kildee	Perez	Vasquez
Killmer	Peters	Veasey
Kim (NJ)	Pettersen	Velázquez
Krishnamoorthi	Pocan	Wasserman
Kuster	Porter	Schultz
Landsman	Pressley	Watson Coleman
Larsen (WA)	Ramirez	Wexton
Larson (CT)	Raskin	Wild
Lee (CA)	Ross	Williams (GA)
Lee (NV)	Ruiz	Wilson (FL)
Lee (PA)	Ruppersberger	
Leger Fernandez	Ryan	

NOT VOTING—24

Brownley	Golden (ME)	Pingree
Cárdenas	Greene (GA)	Quigley
Cohen	Jackson Lee	Santos
Correa	Kelly (PA)	Smith (WA)
De La Cruz	Lesko	Stauber
Escobar	Miller (OH)	Swalwell
Fallon	Perry	Waltz
Garcia (TX)	Phillips	Waters

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. VALADAO) (during the vote). There are 2 minutes remaining.

□ 1624

So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION

Mr. SWALWELL. Mr. Chair, I was unfortunately unable to attend today's vote for personal reasons. Had I been in attendance, I would have voted on:

Roll Call No. 529: NO; Roll Call No. 530: YES; Roll Call No. 531: NO; Roll Call No. 532: NO; Roll Call No. 533: NO; Roll Call No. 534: NO; Roll Call No. 535: NO; Roll Call No. 536: NO; Roll Call No. 537: NO; Roll Call No. 538: NO; Roll Call No. 539: NO; Roll Call No. 540: NO; Roll Call No. 541: NO; Roll Call No. 542: NO; Roll Call No. 543: NO; Roll Call No. 544: NO.

Roll Call No. 545: NO; Roll Call No. 546: NO; Roll Call No. 547: NO; Roll Call No. 548: NO; Roll Call No. 549: NO; Roll Call No. 550: NO; Roll Call No. 551: NO; Roll Call No. 552: NO; Roll Call No. 553: NO; Roll Call No. 554: NO; Roll Call No. 555: NO; Roll Call No. 556:

NO; Roll Call No. 557: YES; and Roll Call No. 558: NO.

□ 1630

AUTHORIZING THE CLERK TO MAKE CORRECTIONS IN ENGROSSMENT OF H.R. 4394, ENERGY AND WATER DEVELOPMENT AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2024

Mr. FLEISCHMANN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the Clerk be authorized to make technical corrections in the engrossment of H.R. 4394, to include corrections in spelling, punctuation, section numbering cross-referencing, and the insertion of appropriate headings.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Tennessee?

There was no objection.

REMOVAL OF NAME OF MEMBER AS COSPONSOR OF H.R. 3347

Mrs. CHAVEZ-DeREMÉR. Mr. Speaker, I hereby remove my name as cosponsor of H.R. 3347.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman's request is granted.

MOMENT OF SILENCE HONORING VICTIMS OF BOMBINGS IN BEIRUT, LEBANON

(Mr. MURPHY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute.)

Mr. MURPHY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor those servicemembers whose lives were taken in the tragic Beirut bombing 40 years ago.

On October 23, 1983, 2 suicide bombers took the lives of 220 marines, 18 sailors, and 3 soldiers at the marine barracks in Beirut, Lebanon, wounding another 128 Americans.

A few minutes later, in a coordinated attack, another suicide bomber blew up the French barracks about 4 miles away, killing 58 French paratroopers.

On Monday, my good friend Congressman GREG PENCE—who had been stationed in these barracks not a week prior to the attack—and I attended the 40th anniversary memorial service in my district, in Jacksonville, North Carolina.

Jacksonville is home to the world renowned Camp Lejeune, for which the 24th Marine Amphibious Unit deployed to Beirut under the direction of President Ronald Reagan.

Their mission was a peacekeeping one. Today, etched in the stone of the Beirut Memorial in Jacksonville is a line that reads: "They came in peace."

Eastern North Carolina continues to grief today for the loss of life and the loss of loved ones in the devastating attack 40 years ago.

Mr. Speaker, in honor of these fallen heroes, I ask that the House observe a moment of silence.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO OFFER RESOLUTION RAISING A QUESTION OF THE PRIVILEGES OF THE HOUSE

Ms. BALINT. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to clause 2(a)(1) of rule IX, I rise to give notice of my intention to raise a question of the privileges of the House.

The form of the resolution is as follows:

H. Res. 610, Censuring Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE.

Whereas, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE has repeatedly fanned the flames of racism, anti-Semitism, hate speech against the LGBTQ community, Islamophobia, anti-Asian hate, xenophobia, and other forms of hatred;

Whereas, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE has repeatedly debased the memories of thousands of victims of the terrorist attacks on September 11, 2001, by perpetuating conspiracy theories to shift blame and responsibility for the mass murder;

Whereas, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE has repeatedly assaulted the foundation of our democracy by perpetuating conspiracy theories related to the January 6 attack on the Capitol which sought to halt the peaceful transfer of power;

Whereas, MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE has repeatedly called for violence against elected Representatives and their families;

Whereas, MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE has repeatedly espoused anti-Semitic rhetoric and conspiracy theories, including through inflammatory evocations of the Holocaust;

Whereas, on May 20, 2021, MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE said that the mask mandate in the House of Representatives was akin to Jews being "put in trains and taken to gas chambers in Nazi Germany";

Whereas, on May 25, 2021, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE tweeted that, "Vaccinated employees get a vaccination logo just like the Nazis forced Jewish people to wear a gold star";

Whereas, on February 26, 2022, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE appeared at a white nationalist event that was condemned by the Republican Jewish coalition as "appalling and outrageous that a Member of Congress would share a platform with an individual who has actively spread anti-Semitic bile, mocked the Holocaust, and promoted dangerous anti-Israel conspiracy theories;

Whereas, on September 1, 2022, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE posted a tweet comparing President Joe Biden to Adolf Hitler that said, "Joe Biden is Hitler. #NaziJoe has to go";

Whereas, on September 1, 2022, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE posted another tweet of a doctored video showing President Biden speaking with audio of Hitler, swastikas in the background and a mustache akin to that of Hitler;

Whereas, on July 21, 2021, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE said

that if she was “in charge” she would “kick out every single Chinese in this country that is loyal to the CCP. They would be gone”;

Whereas, on December 19, 2021, while at a Turning Point USA conference, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE referred to Asian Americans as “yellow people,” a slur that has been historically used to malign the Asian-American community in the United States;

Whereas, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE has a history of perpetuating LGBTQ hate speech, including through her use of offensive posters in the halls of congressional office buildings beginning on February 24, 2021;

Whereas, on November 22, 2022, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE tweeted that an LGBTQ California State Senator was a “communist groomer,” an offensive slur that has been used to stoke fear and incite hatred of LGBTQ Americans;

Whereas, on March 7, 2023, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE again referred to members of the LGBTQ community as “groomers” and spouted anti-trans rhetoric on the floor of the House of Representatives;

Whereas, on June 1, 2023, the first day of Pride Month, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE tweeted a photo showing an anti-trans poster that she had displayed in the hall outside of her congressional office;

Whereas, on February 22, 2019, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE posted a video on Facebook claiming that the Muslim-American Members of Congress were not “really official” because they didn’t take the oath of office on the Bible;

Whereas, on June 17, 2020, Politico reported that Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE repeatedly engaged in Islamophobic rhetoric and suggested that Muslim Americans do not belong in the United States Government;

Whereas, on May 10, 2021, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE yet again referred to fellow Muslim-American Members of Congress as the “Jihad Squad”;

Whereas, on June 17, 2020, Politico reported that Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE referred to Black Americans as “slaves to the Democratic Party” and said that they should be proud to see Confederate monuments;

Whereas, on June 17, 2020, Politico further reported that Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE stated in a video, “I know a ton of White people that are as lazy and sorry and probably worse than Black people”;

Whereas, on May 18, 2023, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE compared being called a white supremacist to a person of color being called the “N-word,” a vile racial slur;

Whereas, on January 28, 2021, a video of Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE resurfaced in which she used a harmful and offensive slur targeting

Americans with disabilities, which the National Down Syndrome Society called “heartbreaking and unacceptable”;

Whereas, on November 1, 2018, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE denied the attacks on September 11 saying there was a “so-called plane that crashed into the Pentagon” and that “It is odd there is never any evidence shown for a plane in the Pentagon”;

Whereas, on November 17, 2018, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE peddled a vile anti-Semitic trope when she claimed that wildfires in California were caused by space lasers operated by members of the Jewish community;

Whereas, on August 17, 2020, a video of Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE resurfaced in which she stated that the mass shooting at a country music festival in Las Vegas, Nevada, where 60 people were murdered, was perpetuated in order to pass anti-gun legislation;

Whereas, on January 19, 2021, Media Matters published a screenshot of a Facebook comment from Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE where she emphatically agreed that the mass shooting at Marjory Stoneman Douglas High School, where 17 American students and teachers were murdered, was a false flag event;

Whereas, on January 21, 2021, Media Matters published a screenshot of a Facebook comment liked by Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE that claimed 9/11 was “done by our own government”, to which she responded, “That is all true”;

Whereas, that same comment liked and agreed to by Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE further claimed that the mass shooting at Sandy Hook Elementary where 26 people, including 20 precious children were murdered, was staged;

Whereas, on September 3, 2020, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE posted an image of herself holding a gun next to images of three Members of Congress with a caption encouraging “going on offense” after them;

Whereas, on January 26, 2021, CNN reported on posts, comments, and likes by Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE from 2018 and 2019 in which Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE liked several posts and comments on Facebook demonstrating her support for the execution of several members of the Democratic Party, including the Speaker of the House NANCY PELOSI, Secretary of State Hillary Clinton, and President Barack Obama;

Whereas, on January 26, 2021, CNN further reported that MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE liked a Facebook comment on January 2019 that stated, “a bullet to the head would be quicker” in reference to the removal of Speaker NANCY PELOSI;

Whereas, on January 26, 2021, CNN also reported that deleted videos showed Representative MARJORIE TAY-

LOR GREENE calling for the execution of Speaker NANCY PELOSI and stating that she was “a traitor to our country, she is guilty of treason,” and should “suffer death or she will be in prison”;

Whereas, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE has perpetuated the “big lie” related to the 2020 Presidential election by espousing conspiracy theories and by threatening and inciting violence;

Whereas, on October 26, 2021, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE downplayed the actions of those who participated in the January 6 attack on the Capitol and said “if you think about what our Declaration of Independence says, it says to overthrow tyrants”;

Whereas, on November 4, 2021, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE went to visit those incarcerated related to the January 6 attack on the Capitol in what she referred to as “the patriot wing” of the D.C. Jail;

Whereas, on November 10, 2021, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE referred to those who participated in the January 6 attack on the Capitol as “political prisoners of war”;

Whereas, on December 10, 2022, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE said that if she had organized the January 6 attack on the Capitol, “we would have won. Not to mention, it would have been armed”;

Whereas, on July 19, 2023, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE displayed graphic pornographic images during an official committee hearing that she claimed depicted a member of President Biden’s family;

Whereas, on July 19, 2023, Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE sent an official press release and posted to her official congressional website public hearing commentary featuring graphic pornographic images she claimed depicted a member of President Biden’s family; and

Whereas, Members of Congress have promised to always have the back of Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE no matter the extent of her vile and hateful behavior;

Now, therefore, be it resolved that Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE be censured; Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE forthwith present herself in the well of the House of Representatives for the pronouncement of censure; and Representative MARJORIE TAYLOR GREENE be censured with the public reading of this resolution by the Speaker.

□ 1645

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under rule IX, a resolution offered from the floor by a Member other than the majority leader or the minority leader as a question of the privileges of the House has immediate precedence only at a time designated by the Chair within 2 legislative days after the resolution is properly noticed.

Pending that designation, the form of the resolution noticed by the gentlewoman from Vermont will appear in the RECORD at this point.

The Chair will not at this point determine whether the resolution constitutes a question of privilege. That determination will be made at the time designated for consideration of the resolution.

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO OFFER RESOLUTION RAISING A QUESTION OF THE PRIVILEGES OF THE HOUSE

Mr. D'ESPOSITO. Mr. Speaker, pursuant to clause 2(a)(1) of rule IX, I rise to give notice of my intention to raise a question of the privileges of the House.

The form of the resolution is as follows:

H. Res. 773 providing for the expulsion of Representative GEORGE SANTOS from the House of Representatives.

Whereas, GEORGE ANTHONY DEVOLDER SANTOS, known as GEORGE SANTOS, was elected to represent New York's Third Congressional District in the House of Representatives on November 8, 2022;

Whereas, after election day, it was revealed GEORGE SANTOS lied about a significant portion of his background, including his education and previous employment;

Whereas, GEORGE SANTOS has a long history of misrepresenting his and his family's connections to major events, including the Holocaust, the September 11 terrorist attacks, and the Pulse nightclub shooting;

Whereas, on May 9, 2023, GEORGE SANTOS was indicted on 13 counts of wire fraud, money laundering, stealing public funds, and lying on Federal financial disclosure forms to the House of Representatives;

Whereas, a Federal grand jury indicted an aide to GEORGE SANTOS' campaign on charges of wire fraud and identity theft for defrauding potential donors by impersonating Speaker KEVIN MCCARTHY's former chief of staff;

Whereas, on October 5, 2023, GEORGE SANTOS' former campaign treasurer pled guilty to falsifying campaign finance records, including lying about a \$500,000 loan that GEORGE SANTOS claimed to have donated to the campaign himself;

Whereas, on October 10, 2023, GEORGE SANTOS was federally charged with an additional 10 criminal counts;

Whereas, the additional charges were serious in nature, including conspiracy to commit offenses against the United States, wire fraud, aggravated identity theft, access device fraud, false statements to the Federal Election Commission, and falsifying records to obstruct the Commission;

Whereas, the indictment outlined a vast amount of evidence against Santos, including conversations he held with his former campaign treasurer outlining plans to commit the fraud he is charged with;

Whereas, these charges indicate that GEORGE SANTOS engaged in serious financial fraud throughout his 2022 campaign for the House of Representatives;

Whereas, GEORGE SANTOS stole over \$44,000 from donors by charging their credit cards without authorization;

Whereas, GEORGE SANTOS directly profited from his fraudulent actions, including transferring money to his own bank account to buy luxury items and pay off debts;

Whereas, GEORGE SANTOS engaged in election fraud throughout his 2022 campaign by deceiving voters regarding his biography, defrauding donors, and engaging in other illegal campaign behavior; and

Whereas, as a result of these actions, GEORGE SANTOS is not fit to serve his constituents as a United States Representative;

Now, therefore, be it resolved that, pursuant to Article I, Section 5, Clause 2 of the Constitution of the United States of America, Representative GEORGE SANTOS be, and he hereby is, expelled from the House of Representatives.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under rule IX, a resolution offered from the floor by a Member other than the majority leader or the minority leader as a question of the privileges of the House has immediate precedence only at a time designated by the Chair within 2 legislative days after the resolution is properly noticed.

Pending that designation, the form of the resolution noticed by the gentleman from New York will appear in the RECORD at this point.

The Chair will not at this point determine whether the resolution constitutes a question of privilege. That determination will be made at the time designated for consideration of the resolution.

ACKNOWLEDGING 75TH ANNIVERSARY OF NITTANY VALLEY VOLUNTEER FIRE COMPANY

(Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to acknowledge the remarkable history of the Nittany Valley Volunteer Fire Company located in Clinton County. Their story is one of courage, dedication, and community spirit.

Their story begins in 1948 as a group led by Jim Wolfe made history by bidding \$300.01 to purchase a retired 1916 Ahrens Fox Pumper from the Citizens Hose Company in Lock Haven, Pennsylvania. Over the years, they acquired essential equipment, including a tank truck with a mounted pump and a 1952 International truck.

Their commitment to the community has never wavered, and they are always ready to respond to emergencies. The volunteer firefighter department has evolved over time. Today, residents only have one number to call, but in the beginning, calls were directed to the Mabus home, which was directly next to the fire station.

The Nittany Valley Volunteer Fire Company stands as a testament to the unwavering dedication of its members, past and present, to safeguarding their community. Their history is one of resilience and community support.

Mr. Speaker, I thank the Nittany Valley Volunteer Fire Company, upon their 75th anniversary, for their enduring commitment to the safety and well-being of our community.

DISCUSSING THE NEW HOUSE SPEAKER

(Mr. PAYNE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PAYNE. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to discuss the new House Speaker, Representative MIKE JOHNSON.

In doing some research, not knowing the gentleman very well, I have come to find out that he is not the moderate unifier that we need right now.

Speaker Johnson was a key player in Trump's plot to overthrow our democracy. He worked to justify the tragic January 6 insurrection, an attack that threatened the lives of my House colleagues, Republican and Democrat alike.

Speaker Johnson wants the government to control a woman's right to her healthcare decisions. He wants the government to control who Americans can marry. He wants the government to ban interracial marriage.

He also wants to slash funding for Social Security, Medicare, and Medicaid and deny critical healthcare to vulnerable seniors.

Americans reject these extreme agenda items, yet Republicans voted for him to lead the people's House. Once again, they are putting politics over the American people.

RECOGNIZING AMERICAN PHARMACISTS MONTH

(Mr. CARTER of Georgia asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. CARTER of Georgia. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize October as American Pharmacists Month.

As a pharmacist myself, I recognize pharmacists' contributions to our healthcare system and our communities.

Pharmacists play a crucial role in our communities. Over 90 percent of the U.S. population can access a pharmacy within a 5-mile radius of their homes. For many, they are their main access to healthcare. Ninety percent of COVID-19 vaccinations, 60 to 70 percent of flu vaccines, and over 80 percent of overall vaccines in the United States are administered in pharmacies.

It is no wonder that pharmacists are the most trusted and accessible healthcare professionals in the Nation. I could talk for days about the importance of pharmacists in the American

healthcare system, and I am proud of my own time as a pharmacist.

During this month of October, make sure to thank a pharmacist, as they truly are the backbone of our healthcare system.

QUICK PACE

(Mr. DAVIS of North Carolina asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. DAVIS of North Carolina. Mr. Speaker, I am so glad we have reopened the House.

There is much work ahead of us. We are just days away from a government shutdown that could disrupt the essential services that our children, veterans, military families, and seniors rely on.

The American people are counting on us to deliver a bipartisan farm bill that uplifts farmers, producers, and communities across our Nation.

We must also address security at our southern border and our more than \$33 trillion national debt. Above all, we must remain committed to the safety and security of the American people.

Our ally, Israel, is engaged in a war against Hamas fighters. Meanwhile, we must stop Putin in his tracks. There is also Iran and China. A threat to democracy anywhere in the world is a threat to democracy here in the United States of America.

RAISING AWARENESS ABOUT CREUTZFELDT-JAKOB DISEASE

(Mr. VALADAO asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. VALADAO. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to raise awareness for Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease, or CJD.

CJD is a rare brain disease that causes a rapid decline in a person's cognitive health and often leads to death within only a few months to 1 year following the onset of symptoms. There are about 500 new cases in the United States each year.

Though rare, every CJD patient and thousands of people in their communities have a story of how their lives have been impacted by this disease. I personally have dealt with the loss of a dear friend and mentor, the former mayor of Bakersfield, Harvey L. Hall.

Harvey Hall was a passionate man with a great love for life, his family, his community, and his country. He was a beloved member of our community and the longest serving mayor in Bakersfield history.

Mayor Hall lost his life from CJD just 2 weeks after diagnosis. His sudden death was a shock to our community and devastating for all who knew him, including his wife of 28 years, who is here with us today, Lavonne Hall.

Today, I am introducing a resolution that would designate November 12, 2023, as CJD Awareness Day to honor

Mayor Hall's memory and help raise awareness for CJD patients and their families across the country.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues to join me in supporting this bipartisan resolution.

NOT ONE MORE

(Ms. SALINAS asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. SALINAS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today out of deep sadness, frustration, and anger.

Last night, we witnessed yet another mass shooting, in Maine, that claimed the lives of at least 18 innocent people. These tragedies have come to define daily life in America, but it doesn't have to.

We need to pass commonsense gun safety legislation that a majority of Americans support, including expanded background checks and a Federal assault weapons ban.

At the same time, we need to address the mental health crisis in our communities by expanding access to care and ensuring more people can get the help they need.

There are many solutions to this problem and no time to waste.

Mr. Speaker, I urge my colleagues on both sides of the aisle to join me in saying not one more, no more lives taken and families irreparably broken by gun violence, and no more thoughts and prayers without action.

□ 1700

REMEMBERING WILLIAM CHERRY

(Mr. ROSE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. ROSE. Mr. Speaker, today, I rise to remember a fallen officer from Tennessee, Sergeant William Cherry of the Macon County Sheriff's Department.

Sergeant Cherry passed away following a head-on collision that occurred while he was conducting a routine patrol on July 29, 2023.

Those who worked alongside him described the sergeant as a leader and mentor. They say he wore the badge with honor and that he truly carried out his oath as a law enforcement officer.

Sergeant Cherry cared deeply about protecting his community, especially protecting children from potential harm. The outpouring of support shown to his family since his passing is a testament to his impact on the community he cared so much about, an impact that will be felt for some time to come.

We lost a truly dedicated public servant and a great example of what it means to be a Tennessean.

Mr. Speaker, I extend my deepest condolences to his wife and daughter.

HONORING THE LIFE OF CYNTHIA VERNON WARREN

(Ms. STANSBURY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. STANSBURY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the life of Cynthia Vernon Warren.

Cynthia came to New Mexico in 1958 and fell in love with our beautiful State. While she lived in Albuquerque for over 50 years, Cynthia had a soft spot for the village of Truchas, frequently visiting the awe-inspiring Sangre de Cristo Mountains. It is also where many of her dearest lifelong friends lived.

Cynthia was an educator. She worked hard to support communities in the South Valley. She taught English and reading, and started the English as a second language program at Rio Grande High School. She was a leader and served our kids as the chair of the reading and languages department.

Cynthia also had a passion for politics, especially social and environmental justice issues and civil rights. Along with her husband, Bill, who served in the State legislature, Cynthia believed that she was here on this Earth and in our communities to work for a better future.

When Cynthia passed away last July, we lost a beloved wife, mother, aunt, and member of the community. Today, it is an honor to pay tribute to a woman who touched so many lives and so many New Mexicans with love, care, and a passion for service.

HONORING THE LIFE AND LEGACY OF JIM HENRY

(Mr. PFLUGER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PFLUGER. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the life and the legacy of Mr. Jim Henry.

Mr. Henry's legacy is one of true innovation and foresight. His pioneering work in the Permian Basin oilfields, particularly in opening the Wolfberry play, laid the groundwork for the shale revolution that reinvigorated the entire region. His dedication, expertise, and tireless efforts transformed not only the industry but also the lives of countless families throughout America and beyond.

Beyond his professional accomplishments, Mr. Henry was known for his generous spirit and philanthropy. He understood the importance of giving back to the community that had given him so much.

As a prominent businessman in Midland, Texas, said, he was a legend and a sweet man at the same time, a rare combination.

His legacy will be forever woven into the fabric of the Permian Basin, a testament to the power of vision, hard work, and dedication.

Mr. Henry's family and loved ones are in my prayers and in my thoughts. Our community will continue to honor Jim's remarkable achievements and his positive impact on the world.

HOUSE MUST ACT NOW TO END GUN VIOLENCE

(Ms. SCANLON asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. SCANLON. Mr. Speaker, my heart is breaking for the parents, children, friends, and neighbors in Lewiston, Maine, who woke up today to the unfathomable grief of yet another mass shooting.

We do not have to live like this. My constituents know it, and, Mr. Speaker, your constituents know it, too.

Americans are disgusted by Congress' failure to check the gun violence that is so rampant across our country, and they should be. Gun violence now impacts all of us, in urban areas, in rural areas, and in red and blue States. We must work together to address the gun violence crisis.

The House can and must act now to consider the numerous gun violence prevention bills that are waiting to be brought to the floor and that a majority of Americans, Democrats, Independents, and Republicans, support.

We call on Speaker JOHNSON to bring these commonsense and constitutional bills to the floor as soon as possible. Our constituents, our children, deserve to know where their Representatives stand on these bills. The very least we can do is have the courage to show them.

SAGE GROUSE AND COWS CAN COEXIST

(Mr. LAMALFA asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. LAMALFA. Mr. Speaker, a recent study that has taken over 10 years by the University of Idaho has shown that cattle and sage grouse can indeed coexist.

There has been a great battle for many years over the sage grouse habitat in Western States, including in my own district in northern California, and the interaction of cattle on that, whether grazing is appropriate or not.

It is found during the study that not only is there no net negative effect for light to medium grazing but that it actually can be a positive benefit in helping to move about the soil and increase the insect biomass that is important for the grouse itself.

The idea of it being a negative has been dispelled by a very long and comprehensive study. It goes to show that what mankind can do with the interaction of nature can be very positive.

Grazing is also very well adapted to fire safety as a plus in our forested areas, as well. We need more to be done

by the U.S. Forest Service to have grazing be part of the solution for wildfire in Western States.

HONORING THE LIFE OF MAUREEN SCHEUERMANN

(Mr. CARTER of Louisiana asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. CARTER of Louisiana. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the life of Maureen Rosary O'Donnell Scheuermann, who peacefully departed this world on the eve of her 90th birthday.

Maureen's life was dedicated to love, devotion, and service.

Her journey began as a secretary at Loyola University, where fate led her to the love of her life, Rags Scheuermann. Their union in 1959 marked the beginning of a lifelong partnership, and her unwavering support defined the legacy of the Scheuermann family in New Orleans baseball. From the start of the Delgado Community College athletic department to her tireless leadership of Rags' New Orleans Boosters, Maureen became the beloved First Lady of New Orleans Baseball.

Maureen's life of service extended to the city of New Orleans, where she worked for over three decades in various roles at city hall. Her dedication as a secretary to three mayors underscored her commitment to public service.

Maureen's light touched everyone she encountered, and her "MawMaw" wisdom, faith, hope, and joy left a lasting mark on our hearts.

Mr. Speaker, Maureen is loved and missed. May she rest in peace.

TAKE POLITICIANS OUT OF REDISTRICTING

(Mr. NICKEL asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. NICKEL. Mr. Speaker, yesterday, the North Carolina General Assembly voted to pass an extreme, partisan gerrymander of our State's congressional map.

To be clear, this is Republican legislators trying to handpick their own voters and predetermine the outcome of elections before they ever happen.

This is not a new practice. In nearly every State, partisan gerrymandering has been used as a tool by politicians to manipulate electoral outcomes with surgical precision.

It doesn't matter who is doing it—Democrats or Republicans—gerrymandering is bad for democracy. It is time to end gerrymandering and implement a nonpartisan, independent redistricting commission in every State.

We need to pass the Freedom to Vote Act now.

By taking politicians out of the redistricting process, we can restore fair-

ness and ensure that voters are the ones choosing their politicians, not the other way around.

No matter what happens, I am going to keep fighting for North Carolina. It is time to restore faith in our government, end gerrymandering, and protect the right to vote for every single North Carolinian.

CONGRATULATING LAS VEGAS ACES

(Mr. HORSFORD asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. HORSFORD. Mr. Speaker, I rise today with great pride to congratulate our own Las Vegas Aces on their remarkable achievement of back-to-back WNBA Championship wins.

This team has done it again. Their hard work, talent, and teamwork have demonstrated what a never-give-up attitude can achieve, battling past setbacks from injuries, including star and last year's Finals MVP Chelsea Gray.

I recognize this year's Finals MVP, A'ja Wilson, and the Aces' coach, Becky Hammon.

Mr. Speaker, it is not every day that a city gets to celebrate three championships in just over a year, two from the Las Vegas Aces. That is why I was proud to join Vice President KAMALA HARRIS in recognizing the team at the White House in August.

Las Vegas is a city of champions. For the second straight year, the team finished with the best regular season record.

Mr. Speaker, I congratulate everyone on this achievement, especially the players and coaching staff.

Southern Nevada is excited to see more of what this team has, and we look forward to many more successes.

PAYING TRIBUTE TO THE HONORABLE DIANNE FEINSTEIN

(Ms. KAPTUR asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend her remarks.)

Ms. KAPTUR. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to a dear friend and congressional colleague who passed away late last month, Senator Dianne Feinstein of California.

I was deeply saddened at the news of the passing of Dianne, whom I worked with closely over many years on energy independence for our Nation and to protect the waters of the United States, which are amongst our Nation's most precious resources. Her acute mastery of the energy and water needs of our Nation had no comparison.

Throughout her career, Dianne shattered glass ceilings, first on the San Francisco Board of Supervisors, serving as the board's first female president, then as the first woman to serve as mayor of San Francisco, and, finally, as the first female Senator from the State of California.

She would go on to become the longest serving woman in the history of the U.S. Senate and was a champion for LGBTQ rights and our environmental needs throughout her career.

My thoughts and prayers are with her dear daughter, Katherine, and all who knew and loved her, including her staff in the Senate. Rest in peace, my dear friend.

Mr. Speaker, I include in the RECORD an opinion piece celebrating her life, which was published this past month.

[From the Washington Post, Oct. 2, 2023]

OPINION—OUR NATION IS IN DIRE NEED OF LEADERS LIKE DIANNE FEINSTEIN

(By Hillary Rodham Clinton)

One day, on the floor of the Senate in 1993, Idaho Republican Larry Craig condescended to Dianne Feinstein, the Democratic sponsor of a proposed ban on assault weapons. “The gentle lady from California needs to become a little bit more familiar with firearms and their deadly characteristics,” he said. Craig, a board member of the National Rifle Association, had picked the wrong target.

“I am quite familiar with firearms,” Dianne responded, with fire in her eyes. “I became mayor as a product of assassination. I found my assassinated colleague and put a finger through a bullet hole trying to get a pulse. I was trained in the shooting of a firearm when I had terrorist attacks, with a bomb in my house, when my husband was dying, when I had windows shot out. Senator, I know something about what firearms can do.”

Craig was left sputtering, and the Senate passed the assault weapons ban thanks to Dianne’s tireless advocacy. My husband proudly signed the ban, and it helped keep millions of Americans safer for a decade.

Feinstein, who passed away on Thursday evening, was a giant of the Senate. She was brave, honorable, honest and unafraid to do what was right for her constituents and her country. We both came to Washington in 1993, I as first lady and Dianne as a senator. When she used her first floor speech to support the Family and Medical Leave Act, I knew I had found a kindred spirit.

When I joined Dianne in the small sisterhood of Senate women eight years later, I gained an appreciation for her blend of principle and pragmatism. In an institution known for show horses, she was a workhorse. Perhaps because she had been a mayor, she believed in delivering results, not rhetoric—and that’s what she did.

Dianne was tough and sometimes formal, but she had a big heart and enormous compassion. She was an early advocate for LGBTQ rights and people suffering from HIV and AIDS. As a trailblazer for women in politics, she opened space for those of us who followed.

I learned a tremendous amount from Dianne. We strategized, commiserated, laughed, drank California chardonnay and one time even planned a covert operation: Dianne hosted a secret meeting in the living room of her Northwest D.C. home, where then-Sen. Barack Obama and I made peace after the grueling 2008 primary. We chose to meet there because we both trusted Dianne. (She let us in, offered a glass of wine and left us alone.)

For all of us who loved Dianne, her passing is a deep personal loss. It is also a loss for our country when we are in desperate need of leaders willing to show half the backbone she displayed throughout her storied career.

Her calm determination in the wake of the 1978 assassination of San Francisco Mayor George Moscone and city Supervisor Harvey

Milk by a fellow council member reassured a shaken city. That tragedy didn’t just make her mayor; it gave her a mission. She took on the NRA and won. She became a champion for the rule of law and democratic institutions and refused to be intimidated by anyone.

As the chair of the Senate Intelligence Committee, she exposed torture and other abuses committed by the CIA after 9/11, despite efforts to keep her silent. She was a strong supporter of the intelligence community, but she believed those abuses could not be covered up. “History will judge us by our commitment to a just society governed by law and the willingness to face an ugly truth and say ‘never again,’” she said.

Those are words we should remember as we face the challenges ahead. Dianne has left the national scene at another moment of political violence and threats to the rule of law. So, we must again face ugly truths and do what is right.

The cries of an insurrectionist mob have barely faded from the halls of the Capitol. Former president Donald Trump, whose incendiary rhetoric has repeatedly incited violence, recently said Army Gen. Mark A. Milley, the just-retired chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, had committed “a treasonous act” for which “in times gone by, the punishment would have been DEATH!” As President Biden noted, while most Republicans may not agree, the silence is deafening.

Trump and his supporters have also suggested that if he regains the presidency, he will seek to gut checks on executive power, weaponize the Justice Department to pursue political opponents, eviscerate the civil service and attempt to put himself above the law. This is a man who has been indicted on a charge of a conspiracy to overturn an election and called for the “termination of all rules, regulations, and articles, even those found in the Constitution.”

We should believe him when he tells us what he’ll do next.

We could have used Dianne’s voice in the fights ahead. Democracy needs champions. So do our institutions, creaky and frustrating as they might be. The United States needs leaders willing to respond to attacks on the rule of law with the same fearlessness that Dianne showed when she exposed unlawful “enhanced interrogation techniques.” We must summon the passion of Dianne’s answer to Sen. Craig back in 1993. We all can honor her legacy by finding in ourselves the courage that Dianne showed on that bloody day in 1978.

Dianne’s journey has ended, but the fights of her life are far from over.

ADJOURNMENT FROM THURSDAY,
OCTOBER 26, 2023, TO MONDAY,
OCTOBER 30, 2023

Mr. ROY. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that when the House adjourns today, it adjourn to meet at noon on Monday, October 30, 2023.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. CRANE). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Texas?

There was no objection.

REDIRECTION OF CONGRESS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under the Speaker’s announced policy of January 9, 2023, the gentleman from Texas (Mr. ROY) is recognized for 60 minutes as the designee of the majority leader.

Mr. ROY. Mr. Speaker, I have no doubt the floor staff is overjoyed to be

returning to the floor and having business get back to normal. I will be sure to try to make sure I use the entirety of the 60 minutes and regale our fine staff.

I do want to take a moment to thank the staff, as the Speaker did when he was voted into office and sworn in yesterday. We have great staff who work hard here on the floor and keep this institution functioning even when sometimes we are not functioning much as a body. I am grateful for the staff. As a former staffer, I know how hard they work, and I am deeply appreciative of it.

We have had an interesting few weeks, and a lot of people around the country were asking questions about what we were doing in having a debate about the Speaker of the House. My response has largely been: We are doing our job. We are having a debate in this body about the future of the country, and that is actually what we are supposed to do.

Choosing a Speaker of the House, following a Speaker of the House, removing a Speaker of the House, all of those are things that are part of our job to figure out what we need to do to make sure that we are doing the people’s work in the people’s House.

All of this will be forgotten in a matter of hours, days, and certainly in history books. The only thing that is going to matter is what we do with our power in this institution, in the House of Representatives, to represent the people. That is all that is really going to matter in the end.

□ 1715

All of the noise, all of the debate, all of the reporters scurrying around, all of the interviews and 24/7 news shows, none of that will matter.

None of that will be remembered. None of our kids and none of our grandkids are going to be wandering around in 10 years or 40 years or 100 years saying, well, man, what about that interview on Sean Hannity or on MSNBC or something.

They are not going to know anything about that. The only question that will matter is are they living in a free and strong country. That is the only thing that is going to matter.

Are they able to carry out their God-given rights that are protected under our Constitution and under the laws of the United States or are they not?

One of the things that I think is really important that I have observed throughout this process, as I sit here in a largely empty Chamber with two Members of Congress, a lot of my colleagues are catching their flights home after a few weeks of drama surrounding the Speaker.

One of the things that I have observed in this debate about who should be the Speaker and what House Republicans want to do with the majority is that my Democrat colleagues are nowhere to be found on any of the issues that matter to the people I represent

and the vast majority of the American people. That is the simple truth.

With all due respect to my Democrat colleagues, some of whom I consider friends and I have worked to move legislation with, happy to have debates with, they are utterly missing in action when it comes to anything that matters to the people that I represent: \$33.5 trillion in debt, \$2 trillion a year in deficit spending, and my colleagues' objective other side of the aisle, and frankly, a decent number of my own colleagues on this side of the aisle, are completely missing in action when it comes to figuring out how to stop spending money we don't have.

When it comes to open borders, my colleagues on the other side of the aisle not only won't sit down and figure out solutions, they are actively working to thwart any possible path to doing what we need to do to secure the border of the United States.

The American people, particularly the Texans that I represent, are looking with abject horror on the utter and complete failure that is this body and the Senate and the White House's response to wide open borders and in fact, their active engagement in creating the environment where our borders can be exploited.

Again, just to be very specific, the American people that I talk to and my constituents that I represent, they want us to stop spending money we don't have and to stop racking up debt. My colleagues on the other side of the aisle refuse to do anything about it.

The constituents I represent, the American people I talk to, want us to secure the border of the United States and stop the endless streaming of fentanyl into our communities, the empowerment of cartels, the empowerment of China, the destruction, the murder, the mayhem, the deaths of migrants, the deaths of our own citizens all from wide open borders that are directly contrary to law. The American people want us to stop it.

My Democratic colleagues refuse, and in fact, are all too happy to participate in the human smuggling chain that is decimating Americans and migrants. That is the truth. It is generally, observably speaking, an undeniable truth.

My Democratic colleagues will not respond to the constituents that I represent or the American people I talk to who are asking for our military to focus on its core mission rather than be turned into a social engineering experiment in a uniform.

The American people don't want that. They don't want to destroy the culture of the military. They don't want to undermine the ability of the military to perform. They don't want recruiting to be in the basement.

They want their military to be very good at killing people and destroying things when called into action to do so. They want it to be used sparingly.

They don't want to be involved in endless wars. They don't want us to be

engaged in foreign entanglements, to use the wording of President Washington, endlessly. They want us to stop that.

My Democratic colleagues have no interest in ensuring that our national defense, that our military is focused on its mission rather than on funding transgender surgeries, funding offices of so-called diversity, equity, and inclusion and chief diversity officers and all the things that divide us up by race, that divide us up instead of making us unified.

All of the things that the people that I represent, all of those things: the weaponization of government against the people, concerns about an FBI targeting parents, concerns about an FBI that is politicized, an ATF that wants to undermine your ability to defend yourself in your communities even while my Democratic colleagues refuse to stand by law enforcement and ensure that our communities are safe.

Even as I saw San Antonio police officers again last week shot on our streets with a Democrat district attorney, a Soros-funded district attorney, utterly incapable and refusing to do his job to ensure those criminals are locked up behind bars. Instead, they are out on the streets shooting our police officers.

Everybody in this country knows the state of affairs. The communities are not safe because we allow criminals to roam them.

They know that our border and our country is not safe because people affiliated with terrorist organizations and gangs and cartels are coming across our border.

They know that fentanyl is streaming into our communities. They know that the Chinese are exploiting our border, working with cartels to do it.

They know that we are catching people from Iran, from Lebanon, from Indonesia, from places all over the world at our border, people affiliated with dangerous organizations in Colombia and South America. They also know that there are hundreds of thousands, millions who are got-aways that get into our country.

Again, I want to say this because it is really important—that our Democratic colleagues refuse to work with us on any of those issues, period. Full stop.

I am happy to engage in any debate with any of my Democratic colleagues any time on any of these issues and have them bring forward any meaningful policies that will make a difference on any of those things.

Now, why is that important? Why is it important to make very clear to the American people that my Democratic colleagues have no interest in working with us on any of the issues that deal with debt, deficit spending, open borders, a military that is not focused on its mission, crime on our streets, cutting spending to stop inflation so the American people are no longer suffering, why is it important to make that crystal clear?

The American people are wondering why Washington is broken, and I will tell you. It has been decades of rot, decades of institutional powers that are making decisions in this town, and they don't like it if you change it. They don't like it if you are fighting back.

That matters in the context of the debate over the Speaker of the House. The 221 Republicans in the House of Representatives, a thin majority, are having a full and open debate in front of the American people about the future of this country.

I have strong disagreements with a number of my colleagues in the Republican Party, but the debate that is going on in the Republican Party is the debate that is going on across this country, but it is a debate being fully ignored by my Democratic colleagues. They are not a part of it.

I listened to the minority leader speak from the rostrum before the newly elected Speaker of the House spoke yesterday.

I heard Minority Leader JEFFRIES talking about all of the things the Democrats have done to save this country this year: how it was Democrats who stepped in, in his words, at the brink of a so-called default in June. It was Democrats who stepped in at the brink of a so-called shutdown in November. It was Democrats who stepped in in the Speaker's race, by the way.

Keep in mind that my Democratic colleagues when they say they are saving things, they are driving the train for \$4 trillion of increased national debt in a continuing resolution to keep this government going at a \$2 trillion deficit.

That is what my Democratic colleagues are championing as saving this country. Somebody explain that to me. Somebody explain to me how that is what the American people sent us here to do.

For my Republican colleagues, what are we going to do to change it? Eight of my colleagues vacated the Chair.

What that means is they called the question on the Speaker of the House. Lots of my colleagues on this side of the aisle, and many Republicans across the country, stood in violent disagreement with those eight.

I didn't vote alongside those eight at that moment. I thought we should try to finish it out for another month or 2 under the structures we had put in place in January to change this institution, to put more conservatives on the Appropriations Committee, to put more conservatives on the Rules Committee, to have more engagement, all of which led to very good legislation.

The strongest border security bill we have ever passed in H.R. 2, the strongest national defense authorization bill that we have ever passed that would repurpose and refocus the military on its mission rather than being woke and engaged in social engineering, a strong Limit, Save, Grow bill that would have modestly increased the debt while

transforming spending in this town, we did that.

We passed four appropriations bills. In a town that never passes appropriations bills any longer, we did that.

Those eight stood up for a reason, and they should be proud that they stood up for that reason because those eight stood up for change.

You see, the status quo in this town is going to destroy this country. The status quo continuing to do the same thing we have done over and over and over again is going to change this country and destroy it.

I have a 14-year-old son. I have a 12-year-old daughter. I know my friend from Tennessee behind me and my friend from Arizona in the Chair, proud fathers, family men, a veteran, we want to save this country for our kids and our grandkids.

My question for my colleagues on this side of the aisle as we elect a new Speaker—and we have 220 united behind that Speaker—is: Are you going to unite behind that Speaker to change this town and change this country; yes or no?

Now is the time. I am tired of all the empty rhetoric about unity. I am tired of all the empty rhetoric about what we need to do and that whatever the majority of this conference says, goes.

No. I didn't swear an allegiance to the Republican Party. I didn't swear an allegiance to a majority of my Republican colleagues.

I took an oath to the Constitution of the United States under God in representing the people who sent me here to represent them. Nothing more.

I have for my entire life—I am 51 years old—been watching a majority of this body and often a majority of this Republican Conference destroy this country day in, day out.

A genuine question I ask of my colleagues to which I don't get much of a response, do you believe that the majority of the Republican House of Representatives, the Republican Conference, has done a good job over the last half century, in my 51 years?

The majority of Republicans, have we stood up to cut spending, or have we instead increased spending and increased debt?

Everyone knows the answer to that question. Have we increased the size and scope of the Federal Government, or have we decreased it? Everybody knows the answer to that question.

Have we as Republicans, the majority, making decisions and selecting the Speaker and doing the same thing over and over and over again, have we led to open borders and an insecure border, or have we created a secure and sovereign border?

□ 1730

Have we sided with the Chamber of Commerce and cheap labor and all the lobbyists in town, or have we stood with the people to say that the border should be secure so that we are safe and, importantly, that the rule of law is being enforced?

Everybody knows the answer to that question.

Have we engaged constantly in putting ourselves in foreign entanglements endlessly without clear mission and without clear ends, or have we had a very specific and concrete mission that we use our military discretely, powerfully, limitedly, and come home?

I think everybody who has eyes can see the answer to that question. The number of our own Members who are missing an eye, wearing a patch, a man without legs, a man without an arm—battle scars from generations of endless conflict as long as I have been alive.

Are we a country that believes that we are supposed to declare war and have a Congress that stands behind that and gets in and out, or do we believe we should have endless conflict?

Again I ask—a majority of Republicans have put those policies forward: more debt, open borders, a military that has lost its way, its focus, and engaged in endless conflict, expanded the Federal Government at exponential levels. Just today, trying to be a team player—many of us who strongly oppose continued funding of programs and agencies that we don't support because they are vastly out of their constitutional role, the Department of Energy and all sorts of programs—we voted for a bill to try to move the ball forward as a team, trying to cut spending and get appropriations bills so we can change this town. We were met with abject resistance from this side of the Conference saying, no, we are not going to keep cutting spending. We are going to oppose your amendments cutting programs and spending. We are not going to do the work that we said we would do to balance the budget, limit the size and scope of government. We meet resistance every day within our own party.

So how, pray tell, can we save this country if half of the body has no interest in being sovereign, no interest in having a secure border, no interest in cutting spending, no interest in having a defense that is mission-focused instead of being woke and socially engineered?

Half of the body is only slightly less. How can we do that?

I will tell you the answer. The answer is that some of us are going to continue to force change in this town. When this Congress began there was a debate about the Speaker. We forced change through rules. We demanded that we get to read the bills. We demanded that we would have more representation on the committees. We demanded that there would be single-subject legislation. We demanded that we would get appropriations bills done.

Only four times in my lifetime, in 50 years, have we passed all 12 appropriations bills, rather than letting deals get cut in smoke-filled rooms. It worked for a while and we made this place better. But, as usual, the powers that be circled, and so more change is needed.

Now we have a new Speaker, and the question before us is what we will do with that. I believe we have to be very clear. I believe we need to tell the administration, Senate Democrats, House Democrats, Senate Republicans, and indeed some in our own Conference, we need to tell them very clearly that it is a new day and that it is time for the American people to be represented. It is time for this town to no longer roll over the American people for their own special interests or just sheer laziness.

Specifically, House Republicans must stand to thwart the Biden administration and Senate Democrats with the help of Senate Republicans' objective to force through a massive supplemental bill for funding for Israel, Ukraine, Taiwan, and allegedly the border, of some hundred billion dollars or any other number.

Instead, House Republicans should send over a standalone Israel bill fully paid for. There is a novel concept—fully paying for something. Under no circumstances should the House Republican Conference allow legislation to get to the floor of this House that is not paid for and that is not focused entirely on Israel with respect to this package.

We should stand by Israel; it is in our interest. But it is not in our interest or, frankly, Israel's, for us to continue to borrow money we don't have to fund it. We should pay for it.

The second thing we should do is continue to move appropriations bills, but not for the sake of it. With all due respect to some of my colleagues who think it is an end unto itself to move appropriations bills, it is not. We must move appropriations bills that are responsible, that pull back on the abuses of this administration and, importantly, reduce spending. We are not there yet. We have more to do.

Thirdly, when it comes to November 17, this House Republican Conference must not blink. The fact that funding expires in 3 weeks means we should get our job done to get appropriations bills passed and any stopgap spending measure should be short and focused on forcing the Senate and the White House to come to the table and cut spending.

It cannot be that we are going to continue to do what we have always done, which is to kick the can down the road, spend money we don't have, rack up debt, and do the same old thing we have always done.

Fourth, this is probably the most important thing that needs to be said. I don't care who is in charge. I don't care who the Speaker is. I don't care what this Republican Conference puts out or doesn't put out. We have an obligation as Republicans, who campaign on securing the border, who go on TV and do interviews, and go to our constituents and do mailers and do fundraisers talking about securing the border, to fully and completely secure the border.

Under no circumstances should we allow a single dollar to even be considered for Ukraine, if at all, and certainly not without having done our job to secure the border, which means—let me be very clear for everyone in the Senate and all of my House colleagues, Democrat or Republican—a secure border starts with H.R. 2 and every component in it. I don't want to hear all of your excuses about what the Senate will take or not take. Otherwise, take your Ukraine funding and shove it.

I am sick and tired of this place doing the same old thing. Again, it does not matter who is in the chair. It does not matter who is in the Senate. It does not matter who is in the White House. We have an obligation as Members of this body to do our job.

As I said before, we are a massively divided country and a massively divided House of Representatives representing that divided country. There are people in this country who are suffering as a result. There are people in Texas who are taking it on the chin with tens of thousands of people pouring into our communities, hospital getting overrun, schools getting overrun, police losing their lives and getting overrun, cartels empowered, and fentanyl pouring into our communities. I am sick and tired of it.

I am glad that some of my colleagues have finally awakened in New York and elsewhere because, oh, you got 100,000 people suddenly. Guess what, we have had millions pouring through Texas. My friend from Arizona in the chair has had millions pouring through Arizona.

All we do is give lip service to it. We talk about securing the border. All of my colleagues are running around saying: CHIP, come to me, tell me, what do you think the Democrats will actually take? That is what is wrong with this place. It is not about what they will take, it is about doing the right thing.

I know the people that I represent, I know the people that my friend from Tennessee represents, I know that the people that my friend from Arizona represents are sick and tired of words. Yet, all we really have, as Members of Congress, are words and our vote.

We use our vote the best way we know how to shape the direction of this country. Sometimes that is not easy. Sometimes you do have to compromise to figure out how to make it work in a legislative body. That is fine.

But the words we use matter. When the Speaker of the House, my friend MIKE JOHNSON, took the oath yesterday and then spoke to the American people from the rostrum, he spoke very eloquently about our motto "In God We Trust." He spoke very eloquently about our constitutional principles and about what it means to be an American, about our founding.

We have an obligation as Members of this body to fight for the American people who send us here. There are 330 million Americans who rely upon the 435 of us to fight for them, to fight to

defend and uphold all of the values that are represented by the flag hanging behind my friend from Arizona.

Whenever we come to the floor and whenever we give speeches—by the way, I am happy to yield to my friend from Tennessee if he would like any time—whenever we come to the floor and give speeches to an empty Chamber, you ask: What is the point?

The point is actually to try to highlight that we are supposed to use this Chamber to debate and be deliberative. We set out to change this place almost a year ago and we have made some pretty good strides, but we are far from it.

I would ask my friend from Tennessee and I would ask my friend who is in the chair: What are the great debates we have seen on the floor of the House? Where are the great engagements we have seen? Or is it rather that all we see are the rote procedures of coming down and standing at the mike and offering an amendment for 3 minutes and then 3 minutes and then back and then back and it is all set up, and the votes are all set up, and then we are done—or are we actually debating the future of the country?

That is what is at stake. We can talk about debt commissions, we can talk about whatever things that we might do in the future one day, but the country is hurting while we are sitting here in this Chamber not getting it done.

My main hope with having a new Speaker, my friend MIKE JOHNSON, who is a man of faith, a family man, a father of five who gave a moving accounting of the loss of his father right before he became an elected representative—my hope is that the hand of God is at play with the current makeup of the leaders of this country in this body to have the courage to stand up and follow where the Lord is opening the door for us to go, if we will have the will to do it.

□ 1745

I don't pretend to have all the right answers or know every right play or move on a spending bill or a piece of legislation. What I do know is that we cannot continue to do what we have been doing. What I do know is that if we have any single responsibility as Members of Congress, it is to follow the Constitution of the United States, defend the rule of law, and secure the blessings of liberty as we are called upon to do in the Constitution of the United States.

We cannot do that if we continue the lie that we can print money and spend money we don't have to create programs that cannot be funded to drive up the cost of healthcare, to drive up the cost of housing, to drive up the cost of energy, to utterly fail to do our actual responsibilities to secure the Nation and to secure our communities. Those are the things that failed states do, and we are dangerously close to the cliff.

The question becomes whether Republicans are going to do what they

said they will do. I, for one, am ready to be here all day, every day, until we get this right. I think I have seen my wife, son, and daughter maybe 5 or 6 days over the last 45 days. We have an obligation to do our job.

I have to say something to my colleagues, a couple of whom left today. They had some medical reasons, and that is all fine. But if I hear another one of my colleagues talk about needing to be home for Halloween, if I hear another one of my colleagues talking about, "I need to fly out so I can get home to a fundraiser," or another one of my colleagues talking about needing to make it home, "Oh, I have to see my newborn," all right, what do you think our men and women in uniform want to do when they are deployed for a year?

If you run for Congress, mean it. If you run for Congress, come up here and be willing to work. I am sick and tired of my friends and colleagues who run around campaigning on doing the hard work of shrinking the government, cutting spending, securing the border, making our defense strong, and then abandoning duty, walking out.

Fly in on Monday, fly out on Thursday at noon. What in the hell is that?

We should come in next week, after Speaker JOHNSON has been able to get his office set up, and when we are in here next Wednesday, we should not leave. We should stay here. We should pass the appropriations bills. We should pass responsible legislation to support our friend Israel, but pay for it. We should pass legislation, if necessary, as a cut stopgap measure to deal with the appropriations process, but we shouldn't leave town.

I cannot go home to the constituents I represent and look them in the eye and say we did our job when I have to meet another mother who lost her son or daughter to fentanyl, another spouse of a Border Patrol agent who lost their husband or wife in the line of duty, or the spouse of a police officer lost in the line of duty because we failed to do our job.

The American people expect us to do ours. All of this drama about the Speaker is utter nonsense, a footnote in history. All that matters is what we do as a body. For the 220 Republicans who united around Speaker JOHNSON and voted for him yesterday, that is only as good as uniting to actually carry out conservative policies that the American people sent you here to carry out. That is it. Otherwise, it is all a show.

Today, we did the opposite. We funded programs we campaign against. We spent more money that we don't have.

My question for my Republican colleagues is, are we going to do what we said we were going to do? It is a pretty simple question, and I hope my colleagues will go back and look at what they campaign on and then actually do it.

One final point I think merits observation. We have conflicts in Israel. Around this country, we have protests

by a generation of Americans who don't have the first clue of what actual sacrifice looks like, don't have the first clue of what they are talking about with respect to what was wrought on the Israeli people by the barbaric acts of Hamas.

In this country, we are enormously blessed, but we have foolishly funded an education system that allows for individuals to spend their time advancing radical, hateful, anti-Semitic, uninformed, ignorant nonsense in the name of free speech.

Our friends in Israel were attacked violently and barbarically. The vast majority of Americans recognize that and proudly stand alongside Israel, but we have a problem in this country when there are people taking to the streets in support of a violent, terroristic organization, Hamas, in the false name of apartheid, in the false name of the supposed need for a two-state solution.

The fact of the matter is, our friends in Israel, Israelis, our Jewish friends, have been on that land for millennia. I will not blink in standing alongside Israel. It is in our national security interest to do so. It is also the right thing to do.

However, if my colleagues think that we are going to save this country through sheer force without recognizing the cultural rot eating away at our own children, whether it is through electronic devices or our own education system, then they are mistaken. We cannot continue to fund the destruction of our own country, yet that is what we do every single time we vote to perpetuate a broken education system and to fund the very programs that are funding the very rot that is destroying us from within.

Some of our greatest leaders have observed that we will not be defeated by a foreign enemy, but we will be defeated from within. Our great calling, in my opinion, as Members of Congress today, this generation of leaders, is to stand up in defense of our core values, proudly in defense of our Western civilization values, of our belief in God, our Constitution, our belief in limited government, our belief in the rule of law, and not shudder, not walk away in fear, but to proudly stand up in defense of that and to stop perpetuating the very cultural rot that undermines it. It is the only way that we will save this last great hope for mankind.

I am endlessly optimistic for the future of the country because of the people who love to live free, the Riley Gaineses of the world who dare to say no, the Scott Smiths of the world who dare to say no, the Chloe Coles of the world who dare to say no, the Mark Houcks of the world who dare to say no.

The strength of this country is with the American people. It always has been and always will be. Our calling is to make sure that this government, that this government that represents them, empowers them and protects

their liberties and nothing more. That is our calling.

That is what I believe that our Speaker, Speaker MIKE JOHNSON, will enable us to do because I know he believes in those principles, but the only way that MIKE JOHNSON can be successful as Speaker is if 221 Republicans rally around him in defense of the Constitution of the United States and the rule of law and actually do what they campaigned on doing rather than coming here and doing the same old thing, advancing the status quo and everything in this town that has been destroying our country from within for as long as I have been alive.

It is time for Republicans to stand up. It is time for Republicans to actually defend the Constitution of the United States. It is time for Republicans to cut spending. It is time for Republicans to secure the border. It is time for Republicans to stand up in defense of our military. It is time for Republicans to do their damn job.

Mr. Speaker, I yield back the balance of my time.

ADJOURNMENT

Mr. ROY. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn.

The motion was agreed to; accordingly (at 5 o'clock and 57 minutes p.m.), under its previous order, the House adjourned until Monday, October 30, 2023, at noon.

EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS, ETC.

Under clause 2 of rule XIV, executive communications were taken from the Speaker's table and referred as follows:

EC-2187. A letter from the Alternate OSD FRLO, Department of Defense, transmitting the Department's interim final rule — Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement: Limitation on Certain Institutes of Higher Education (DFARS Case 2021-D023) [Docket: DARS-2023-0029] (RIN: 0750-AL41) received October 13, 2023, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Armed Services.

EC-2188. A letter from the Alternate OSD FRLO, Department of Defense, transmitting the Department's interim rule — Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement: Replacement of Fluorinated Aqueous Film Forming Foam (DFARS Case 2020-D011) [Docket: DARS-2023-0028] (RIN: 0750-AK98) received October 13, 2023, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Armed Services.

EC-2189. A letter from the Alternate OSD FRLO, Department of Defense, transmitting the Department's final rule — Privacy Act of 1974; Implementation [Docket ID: DoD-2022-OS-0142] (RIN: 0790-AL62) received October 13, 2023, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Armed Services.

EC-2190. A letter from the Secretary, Department of Commerce, transmitting a report certifying that the export of the listed item to the People's Republic of China is not detrimental to the U.S. space launch industry, pursuant to 22 U.S.C. 2778 note; Public

Law 105-261, Sec. 1512 (as amended by Public Law 105-277, Sec. 146); (112 Stat. 2174); to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

EC-2191. A letter from the Assistant Secretary, Bureau of Legislative Affairs, Department of State, transmitting Transmittal No. DDTC 23-049 Certification of Proposed Issuance of an Export License Pursuant to Sec 36(c) of the Arms Export Control Act; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

EC-2192. A letter from the Assistant Secretary, Bureau of Legislative Affairs, Department of State, transmitting Transmittal No. DDTC 23-052 Certification of Proposed Issuance of an Export License Pursuant to Sec 36(c) of the Arms Export Control Act; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

EC-2193. A letter from the Assistant Secretary, Bureau of Legislative Affairs, Department of State, transmitting Transmittal No. DDTC 23-064 Certification of Proposed Issuance of an Export License Pursuant to Sec 36(c) of the Arms Export Control Act; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

EC-2194. A letter from the Acting Assistant Secretary, Bureau of Legislative Affairs, Department of State, transmitting a Memorandum of Justification for the drawdown of defense articles and services and military education and training under section 506(a)(1) of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 to provide immediate military assistance to Ukraine; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

EC-2195. A letter from the Wildlife Biologist, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior, transmitting the Department's Major final rule — Migratory Bird Hunting; Final 2023-24 Frameworks for Migratory Bird Hunting Regulations [Docket No.: FWS-HQ-MB-2022-0090; FF09M31000-234-FXMB1231099BPP0] (RIN: 1018-BF64) received October 12, 2023, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Natural Resources.

EC-2196. A letter from the Chief, Division of Bird Conservation, permits and Regulations, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior, transmitting the Department's final rule — General Provisions; Revised List of Migratory Birds [Docket No.: FWS-HQ-MB-2022-0036; FXMB12320900000//234//FF09M30000] (RIN: 1018-BG04) received October 12, 2023, pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 801(a)(1)(A); Public Law 104-121, Sec. 251; (110 Stat. 868); to the Committee on Natural Resources.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES ON PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XIII, reports of committees were delivered to the Clerk for printing and reference to the proper calendar, as follows:

Mr. JORDAN: Committee on the Judiciary. H.R. 5721. A bill to amend the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 to require certain reporting on sexual assault kit testing; with an amendment (Rept. 118-256). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state the Union.

Mr. GRAVES of Missouri: Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure. H.R. 4693. A bill to provide that the Federal Reports Elimination and Sunset Act of 1995 does not apply to certain reports required to be submitted by the Tennessee Valley Authority, and for other purposes; with an amendment (Rept. 118-257). Referred to the Committee of the Whole House on the state the Union.

PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 2 of rule XII, public bills and resolutions of the following

titles were introduced and severally referred, as follows:

[Submitted October 3, 2023]

By Mr. CAREY (for himself and Mr. SCHNEIDER):

H.R. 5882. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to modify the rehabilitation credit to allow such credit to be taken in one taxable year; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. CONNOLLY (for himself and Mr. FITZPATRICK):

H.R. 5883. A bill to provide and expand gratuities for employees killed in the line of duty, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability, and in addition to the Committees on Foreign Affairs, Armed Services, Veterans' Affairs, Transportation and Infrastructure, Homeland Security, and Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. CRAIG:

H.R. 5884. A bill to provide members of the President's Cabinet an allowance to acquire security equipment and services for the personal residences of such members, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. FEENSTRA:

H.R. 5885. A bill to establish a grant program to facilitate the veterinary care of former law enforcement canines, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Ms. KELLY of Illinois:

H.R. 5886. A bill to direct the Federal Communications Commission to establish a program to make grants available to States to inform Medicaid enrollees, SNAP participants, and low-income residents of potential eligibility for the Affordable Connectivity and Lifeline programs of the Commission, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. KHANNA (for himself, Mr. TIMMONS, Mr. DONALDS, and Mr. LOUDERMILK):

H.R. 5887. A bill to amend chapter 3 of title 5, United States Code, to improve Government service delivery, and build related capacity for the Federal Government, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

By Ms. LEGER FERNANDEZ:

H.R. 5888. A bill to amend the Hermit's Peak/Calf Canyon Fire Assistance Act to authorize assistance for damage resulting from the Cerro Pelado Fire, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. LEGER FERNANDEZ:

H.R. 5889. A bill to amend the Hermit's Peak/Calf Canyon Fire Assistance Act to extend the time period for the submission of claims, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. LUTTRELL:

H.R. 5890. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to limit the authority of the

Secretary of Veterans Affairs to deny the claim of a veteran for benefits under the laws administered by such Secretary on the sole basis that such veteran failed to appear for a medical examination associated with such claim; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. LUTTRELL:

H.R. 5891. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to improve decisions issued by the Board of Veterans' Appeals; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Ms. TLAIB (for herself, Mr. THANEDAR, Mr. BERGMAN, Mr. MOOLENAAR, Ms. SCHOLTEN, Mr. HUIZENGA, Mr. WALBERG, Mrs. DINGELL, Ms. SLOTKIN, Mr. KILDEE, Mrs. MCCLAIN, Mr. JAMES, and Ms. STEVENS):

H.R. 5892. A bill to designate the Federal building located at 985 Michigan Avenue in Detroit, Michigan, as the "Rosa Parks Federal Building", and for other purposes; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Mr. GOODEN of Texas (for himself, Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio, Mr. TIFFANY, Mr. SANTOS, Mr. OWENS, Mr. YAKYM, Mr. OGLES, Mr. WEBER of Texas, Mr. GIMENEZ, Mr. SELF, Mr. FRY, Mr. FALLON, Mr. JACKSON of Texas, Ms. SALAZAR, and Mr. BIGGS):

H. Con. Res. 71. A concurrent resolution expressing the sense of Congress to encourage full participation of Taiwan in the Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation forum; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania (for himself, Mr. DAVID SCOTT of Georgia, Mrs. RODGERS of Washington, and Mr. CUELLAR):

H. Res. 760. A resolution expressing support for the designation of October 1 through October 7, 2023, as "National 4-H Week"; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce, and in addition to the Committee on Agriculture, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

[Submitted October 6, 2023]

By Ms. ADAMS (for herself, Ms. NORTON, Mrs. BEATTY, Mr. CARSON, Ms. LEE of California, Ms. SEWELL, Mr. PAYNE, Ms. BUSH, Mr. MCGOVERN, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Mr. THANEDAR, Ms. CROCKETT, Mr. JACKSON of Illinois, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Mr. HORSFORD, Mr. BOWMAN, and Mrs. CHERFILUS-MCCORMICK):

H.R. 5895. A bill to amend the Higher Education Act of 1965 to provide for additional uses of funds for grants to strengthen historically Black colleges and universities, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Ms. ADAMS (for herself, Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi, Ms. SEWELL, and Ms. LEE of California):

H.R. 5896. A bill to award a congressional gold medal to the United Negro College Fund, Inc. and the 2 institutions that make up its membership on the occasion of its 80th year of existence; to the Committee on Financial Services.

By Mr. AGUILAR (for himself, Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY, and Ms. GARCIA of Texas):

H.R. 5897. A bill to amend the Animal Welfare Act to direct the Secretary of Agriculture to establish a program under which the Secretary will award grants to entities for purposes of supporting the capability of such entities to provide care to animals in their care, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. BACON:

H.R. 5898. A bill to authorize the Secretary of Defense to enter into a limited number of cost-plus incentive-fee contracts for the Sentinel Intercontinental Ballistic Missile program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. DAVIS of North Carolina (for himself, Ms. MACE, Ms. MCCLELLAN, Mr. FRY, Ms. ROSS, Mr. WILSON of South Carolina, and Mr. NICKEL):

H.R. 5899. A bill to reauthorize the Southeast Crescent Regional Commission, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, and in addition to the Committee on Financial Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee considered.

By Mr. GAETZ:

H.R. 5900. A bill to prohibit individuals from publicizing certain information relating to security clearances; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. HUDSON (for himself and Mr. ALLRED):

H.R. 5901. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to encourage programs to address college athlete mental health; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. JAMES (for himself and Ms. FOX):

H.R. 5902. A bill to amend the Higher Education Act of 1965 to require staff and faculty to report foreign gifts and contracts; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mrs. NAPOLITANO (for herself and Mr. ROUZER):

H.R. 5903. A bill to authorize the International Boundary and Water Commission to accept funds for activities relating to wastewater treatment and flood control works, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Ms. PEREZ (for herself and Mr. JAMES):

H.R. 5904. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to improve services provided by the Department of Veterans Affairs for veteran families, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs, and in addition to the Committee on Armed Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. POCAN (for himself and Mr. BERGMAN):

H.R. 5905. A bill to protect access to kratom; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. SABLON (for himself, Mr. MOYLAN, Ms. PLASKETT, and Mrs. RADEWAGEN):

H.R. 5906. A bill to amend title XI of the Social Security Act to exclude expenditures attributable to a State Medicaid fraud control unit from the payment limits under Medicaid for Guam, the Northern Mariana Islands, and American Samoa; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. SCHIFF (for himself, Mr. QUIGLEY, Mr. HIMES, Ms. NORTON, Mr. COHEN, Mr. CARSON, Mr. SHERMAN, Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Mr. MCGOVERN, and Mr. CASE):

H.R. 5907. A bill to criminalize transnational repression, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. SHERRILL (for herself, Mr. LAWLER, Mr. DAVIS of North Carolina, Mrs. FOUSHEE, Mr. GOTTHEIMER,

Mr. KIM of New Jersey, Ms. MANNING, Mr. PANETTA, and Mr. TRONE):

H.R. 5908. A bill to provide funding to summer youth employment programs to expand the availability of subsidized jobs for youths and to develop innovative program activities that improve academic, economic, and criminal justice outcomes for youths, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Ms. SPANBERGER (for herself and Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS):

H.R. 5909. A bill to amend title XXVII of the Public Health Service Act to limit cost sharing for prenatal services in certain circumstances; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. THANEDAR:

H.R. 5910. A bill to prioritize educating and training for existing and new environmental health professionals; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Education and the Workforce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. THANEDAR (for himself and Ms. TLAIIB):

H.R. 5911. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to exclude strike benefits from gross income; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. WALTZ:

H.R. 5912. A bill to continue in effect certain Executive orders imposing sanctions with respect to Iran, to prevent the waiver of certain sanctions imposed by the United States with respect to Iran until the Government of Iran ceases to attempt to assassinate United States officials, other United States citizens, and Iranian nationals residing in the United States, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committees on Financial Services, the Judiciary, Oversight and Accountability, and Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. LEGER FERNANDEZ (for herself, Ms. BROWNLEY, Ms. NORTON, Mr. CASTRO of Texas, Mr. DOGGETT, Mr. CORREA, Ms. DELAUNO, Ms. SALINAS, Ms. GARCIA of Texas, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Mr. RUIZ, Mr. ESPAILLAT, Mrs. RAMIREZ, Mr. GOMEZ, Ms. CASTOR of Florida, Mr. SOTO, Mr. VARGAS, Ms. SÁNCHEZ, Mr. CÁRDENAS, Ms. BONAMICI, Mr. CLEAVER, Mr. CARBAJAL, Mr. GARCIA of Illinois, Ms. PORTER, and Ms. CARAVEO):

H. Con. Res. 72. Concurrent resolution recognizing the significance of equal pay and the disparity in wages paid to Latina women in comparison to men; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. MOONEY (for himself, Mr. DIAZ-BALART, Mr. GIMENEZ, Ms. SALAZAR, Mr. NORMAN, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. WALTZ, and Ms. LEE of Florida):

H. Con. Res. 73. Concurrent resolution condemning the Cuban regime and the Chinese Communist Party for their reported intent to build a joint military training base on the island of Cuba, 100 miles from the United States; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. BOYLE of Pennsylvania (for himself, Ms. PORTER, Mr. MFUME, Mr. CARSON, Mr. GOMEZ, and Mr. CORREA):

H. Res. 761. A resolution amending the Rules of the House of Representatives to limit the eligibility for nomination to serve as Speaker of the House of Representatives to Members and Members-elect of the House; to the Committee on Rules.

By Mr. CÁRDENAS (for himself, Ms. SALAZAR, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Mr. VALADAO, Mr. CASTRO of Texas, Mr. GRIJALVA, Ms. SALINAS, Mr. GOMEZ, Ms. STANSBURY, Mr. RUIZ, Mr. SOTO, Mr. CARSON, Ms. CARAVEO, Mr. ESPAILLAT, Mr. CORREA, Ms. LEGER FERNANDEZ, Mr. VICENTE GONZALEZ of Texas, and Ms. STEVENS):

H. Res. 762. A resolution expressing support for increasing the number of Latino students and young professionals entering careers in science, technology, engineering, and mathematics fields; to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, and in addition to the Committee on Education and the Workforce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. CASTRO of Texas (for himself, Mr. GARCÍA of Illinois, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Mr. CASAR, Ms. OMAR, Mr. VARGAS, Ms. TLAIIB, Mr. ESPAILLAT, Ms. KAMLAGER-DOVE, Ms. TITUS, Ms. LEE of California, Mrs. RAMIREZ, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. GRIJALVA, Ms. JACOBS, Mr. LEGER FERNANDEZ, Mr. GOMEZ, Mr. ROBERT GARCIA of California, Mrs. CHERFILUS-McCORMICK, Mr. CARSON, Mr. LIEU, Mrs. TORRES of California, Ms. NORTON, Ms. SALINAS, Ms. GARCIA of Texas, Ms. ESCOBAR, Ms. CROCKETT, Ms. SÁNCHEZ, Mr. CÁRDENAS, Mr. BOWMAN, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Mr. KHANNA, Mr. BLUMENAUER, and Ms. BARRAGÁN):

H. Res. 763. A resolution reaffirming the United States commitment to respecting the sovereignty of Mexico and condemning calls for military action in Mexico without Mexico's consent and congressional authorization; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. GARBARINO (for himself, Mr. AMODEI, Mr. LALOTA, Mr. D'ESPOSITO, Mr. MOLINARO, Ms. MALLIOTAKIS, Ms. TENNEY, Mr. LAWLER, Ms. STEFANIK, Mr. LANGWORTHY, Mr. WILLIAMS of New York, Mr. VAN DREW, Mr. FLEISCHMANN, Mrs. MILLER of West Virginia, and Mr. LAMALFA):

H. Res. 764. A resolution expressing support for the recognition of Christopher Columbus and his impact on the Italian-American community, and recognizing the second Monday in October as "Columbus Day"; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

By Mr. PASCRELL (for himself, Mr. AMODEI, Ms. BONAMICI, Mr. DELUZIO, Ms. DELAUNO, Mr. PETERS, Mr. GARBARINO, Mr. PALLONE, Mr. PANETTA, Ms. FOXX, and Ms. SALAZAR):

H. Res. 765. A resolution urging the people of the United States to observe the month of October 2023 as Italian and Italian-American Heritage Month; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

By Mr. PAYNE (for himself, Mr. LANDSMAN, Mr. DAVIS of Illinois, Ms. SEWELL, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Mr. DAVIS of North Carolina, Mr. CLEAVER, Mr. TONKO, Mr. NADLER, Ms. NORTON, and Ms. WILD):

H. Res. 766. A resolution supporting the designation of October 7, 2023, as National Ostomy Awareness Day; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. THOMPSON of California (for himself, Mr. WITTMAN, Mrs. GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN, Mr. VASQUEZ, and Ms. STANSBURY):

H. Res. 767. A resolution expressing support for the designation of the week beginning on October 8, 2023, as "National Wildlife Refuge Week"; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

[Submitted October 10, 2023]

By Mr. VAN ORDEN

H.R. 5913. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to improve employment services for veterans by consolidating various programs in the Department of Veterans Affairs, and for other purposes;

By Mr. VAN ORDEN:

H.R. 5914. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to improve the processes to approve programs of education for purposes of the educational assistance programs of the Department of Veterans Affairs, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Ms. ADAMS (for herself, Ms. BROWN, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. JACKSON of Illinois, Ms. WILLIAMS of Georgia, Ms. NORTON, Ms. CROCKETT, Mr. DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. PAYNE, Ms. SLOTKIN, Mr. RASKIN, Mr. GOTTHEIMER, Mr. MCGOVERN, and Ms. JACKSON LEE):

H.R. 5915. A bill to amend the Department of Agriculture Reorganization Act of 1994 to improve the Office of Urban Agriculture and Innovative Production, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. BOST:

H.R. 5916. A bill to require the Secretary of Agriculture to designate and maintain at least 20 percent of the total number of trails in the Shawnee National Forest for trail riding by covered vehicles, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. GALLAGHER (for himself and Mr. SHERMAN):

H.R. 5917. A bill to amend the Sanctioning the Use of Civilians as Defenseless Shields Act to modify and extend that Act, and for other purposes;

By Ms. TENNEY (for herself, Mr. GOTTHEIMER, Mr. MILLER of Ohio, Mr. SCHNEIDER, Mr. GARBARINO, Mr. SHERMAN, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. LAWLER, Mr. NUNN of Iowa, Ms. STEFANIK, Mr. LANGWORTHY, Ms. SALAZAR, Mr. KUSTOFF, Mr. BANKS, Mr. MOSKOWITZ, Mr. D'ESPOSITO, Mr. MCCLINTOCK, Mr. FITZPATRICK, and Mr. GOODEN of Texas):

H.R. 5918. A bill making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024; to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. MCCAUL (for himself, Mr. MEEKS, Mr. MCCARTHY, Mr. JEFFRIES, Mr. SCALISE, Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts, Mr. EMMER, Mr. CLYBURN, Ms. STEFANIK, Mr. AGUILAR, Mr. WILSON of South Carolina, Mr. PHILLIPS, Mr. JACKSON of Texas, Mr. NADLER, Mr. KUSTOFF, Mr. SCHNEIDER, Mr. LAWLER, Mr. HOYER, Mr. ROGERS of Alabama, Mr. GALLEGO, Mr. TURNER, Ms. MANNING, Mr. JORDAN, Mr. SHERMAN, Mr. GREEN of Tennessee, Mr. SMITH of Washington, Mrs. WAGNER, Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. RESCENHALER, Mr. KEATING, Mrs. RODGERS of Washington, Mr. MOSKOWITZ, Mr. KEAN of New Jersey, Ms. WILD, Mr. BARR, Mr. VARGAS, Mr. WALTZ, Ms. CROCKETT, Mrs. KIM of California, Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mr. LIEU, Ms. TENNEY, Mr. CARTER of Louisiana, Ms. SALAZAR, Mr. AUCHINCLOSS, Mr. DIAZ-BALART, Mr. TORRES of New York, Mr. SIMPSON, Mr. CARTWRIGHT, Mr. VAN DREW, Mr. DOGGETT, Mr. CISCOMANI, Mr. BERA, Mr. MOOLENAAR, Ms. WILLIAMS of Georgia, Mrs. MILLER of West Virginia, Ms. STRICKLAND, Mr. ROGERS of Kentucky, Ms. TITUS, Mr. LUTTRELL, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. BALDERSON, Mr. KIM of

New Jersey, Mr. NEHLS, Ms. BONAMICI, Mr. GIMENEZ, Mr. DAVIS of North Carolina, Mr. GOODEN of Texas, Mr. JACKSON of Illinois, Mr. HUIZENGA, Mr. RYAN, Mr. GUEST, Mr. DELUZZIO, Mr. WEBER of Texas, Mr. TRONE, Mr. WOMACK, Ms. BARRAGAN, Mr. CRENSHAW, Mr. PAPPAS, Mr. JAMES, Mr. BOYLE of Pennsylvania, Mr. BERGMAN, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Mr. FITZGERALD, Ms. PETTERSEN, Mr. ARMSTRONG, Ms. TOKUDA, Mr. COLE, Mr. THOMPSON of California, Mrs. CHAVEZ-DEREMER, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Mr. TONY GONZALES of Texas, Ms. BROWNLEY, Mr. YAKYM, Ms. MENG, Mr. SMITH of Missouri, Ms. SLOTKIN, Mr. HUDSON, Mr. GOLDEN of Maine, Mr. GALLAGHER, Ms. BALINT, Mrs. BICE, Mrs. TRAHAN, Mr. MAST, Ms. SCHOLTEN, Mr. MANN, Ms. CARAVEO, Mr. FEENSTRA, Mr. GOTTHEIMER, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mrs. MCBATH, Mrs. KIGGANS of Virginia, Mr. BISHOP of Georgia, Mr. LATURNER, Ms. DEAN of Pennsylvania, Mr. BUCHANAN, Mr. RUPPERSBERGER, Mr. BEAN of Florida, Ms. CRAIG, Mr. CALVERT, Mr. MULLIN, Mr. D'ESPOSITO, Mr. LANDSMAN, Ms. MALLIOTAKIS, Mr. VEASEY, Mr. KELLY of Pennsylvania, Ms. CASTOR of Florida, Mr. GARBARINO, Mr. SORESENSEN, Mr. VAN ORDEN, Ms. KUSTER, Mr. MIKE GARCIA of California, Ms. SALINAS, Mrs. HOUCHIN, Ms. SPANBERGER, Mr. GUTHRIE, Mr. NORCROSS, Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Mr. SELF, Mr. HUFFMAN, Mr. MOLINARO, Ms. HOYLE of Oregon, Mr. LANGWORTHY, Mr. ALLRED, Mr. WALBERG, Mr. PALLONE, Mr. LUCAS, Mr. MAGAZINER, Mr. LATTI, Ms. STEVENS, Mr. LALOTA, Mr. LARSON of Connecticut, Mr. AMODEI, Mr. COURTNEY, Mr. WITTMAN, Mr. HIGGINS of New York, Mr. CLYDE, Mr. HARDER of California, Mr. BACON, Mr. KHANNA, Mr. FULCHER, Ms. ROSS, Mr. FINSTAD, Ms. KAPTUR, Ms. LETLOW, Ms. LEE of Nevada, Mr. FRY, Ms. BUDZINSKI, Mr. STAUBER, Ms. SCHRIER, Ms. FOX, Mr. VASQUEZ, Mr. CLINE, Mr. SARBANES, Mr. MORAN, Mr. COHEN, Mr. NUNN of Iowa, Mr. SWALWELL, Mr. LOUDERMILK, Mr. PANETTA, Mr. HARRIS, Mr. KILMER, Mr. PALMER, Mr. NICKEL, Mr. ALLEN, Ms. ESCOBAR, Mr. WILLIAMS of New York, Mr. CUELLAR, Mr. AUSTIN SCOTT of Georgia, Mr. ESPAILLAT, Mr. LAMBORN, Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Mr. VALADAO, Ms. MATSUI, Mr. OGLES, Ms. SHERRILL, Mr. MCCORMICK, Mrs. FOUSHEE, Mrs. HINSON, Mr. SOTO, Mr. MCCLAIN, Mr. LARSEN of Washington, Mr. JOYCE of Ohio, Ms. WEXTON, Mr. FLOOD, Mr. PASCRELL, Mr. WESTERMAN, Mr. TONKO, Mr. MOONEY, Mr. MENENDEZ, Mr. DESJARLAIS, Mr. SCOTT of Virginia, Mrs. CAMMACK, Mr. CARBAJAL, Mr. ADERHOLT, Mr. DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. ISSA, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. WILLIAMS of Texas, Mr. CORREA, Mr. CARL, Mr. GOMEZ, Mr. MILLER of Ohio, Ms. PORTER, Mr. ROUZER, Ms. KAMLAGER-DOVE, Mr. CARTER of Georgia, Ms. HOULAHAN, Mr. COMER, Mr. VICENTE GONZALEZ of Texas, Mr. BANKS, Mr. NEGUSE, Mr. GRAVES of Louisiana, Ms. SANCHEZ, Mr. GRIFFITH, Mr. THANEDAR, Ms. BOEBERT, Mrs. SYKES, Mr. HILL, Ms. LOIS FRANKEL of Florida, Mr. JOHNSON of Louisiana, Ms. CHU, Mrs. FISCHBACH, Mr. DESAULNIER, Mr. ALFORD, Ms. PEREZ, Mrs. MILLER of Illinois, Mr. CLEAVER, Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS, Mr.

ROBERT GARCIA of California, Mr. CAREY, Mrs. TORRES of California, Mr. NEWHOUSE, Mr. HORSFORD, Mr. MOORE of Utah, Mr. GOLDMAN of New York, Mrs. STEEL, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. ZINKE, Mr. MRVAN, Mr. DUNN of Florida, Mr. MCGARVEY, Mr. SMITH of Nebraska, Mrs. BEATTY, Mr. BIGGS, Mr. GRAVES of Missouri, Mr. PETERS, Mr. CRANE, Mr. HIMES, Mr. BUCSHON, Mr. GARAMENDI, Mr. NORMAN, Mr. STANTON, Mr. SCHWEIKERT, Ms. BLUNT ROCHESTER, Mr. ROSE, Ms. LEGER FERNANDEZ, Mr. HIGGINS of Louisiana, Mr. CROW, Mr. KELLY of Mississippi, Ms. SEWELL, Mr. WENSTRUP, Mr. RUIZ, Mr. SCOTT FRANKLIN of Florida, Mr. MORELLE, Mr. MILLS, Mr. MOULTON, Mr. SESSIONS, Ms. BROWN, Mr. BURCHETT, Mr. CASE, Mr. BAIRD, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Mr. PFLUGER, Mr. LYNCH, Mr. ELLZEY, Mrs. HAYES, Mr. SMUCKER, Mr. MFUME, Ms. HAGEMAN, Mr. CASTEN, Mr. BURLISON, Mr. FOSTER, Mr. WEBSTER of Florida, Ms. DAVIDS of Kansas, Mr. JOYCE of Pennsylvania, Mrs. DINGELL, Mr. EZELL, Ms. DELAURO, Mrs. LESKO, Mr. DAVID SCOTT of Georgia, Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota, Ms. ESHOO, Ms. VAN DUYN, Ms. PINGREE, Mr. PENCE, Mr. TIMMONS, Mr. KILDEE, Mr. SANTOS, Ms. DELBENE, Mr. POSEY, Mr. MOORE of Alabama, Mr. EVANS, Mr. KILEY, Mr. GRIJALVA, Mr. BURGESS, Mr. QUIGLEY, Mr. MEUSER, Ms. LEE of California, Ms. DE LA CRUZ, Ms. KELLY of Illinois, Mr. LAHOOD, Ms. JACOBS, Mr. CURTIS, Ms. MCCLELLAN, Mr. ESTES, Mrs. FLETCHER, Mr. CRAWFORD, Ms. DEGETTE, Mr. OWENS, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Mrs. HARSHBARGER, Mr. FROST, Mr. PERRY, Ms. JAYAPAL, Mr. MURPHY, Mr. JACKSON of North Carolina, Ms. LEE of Florida, Ms. ADAMS, Mr. RUTHERFORD, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Mr. CÁRDENAS, Mr. CASAR, Mr. COLLINS, Mr. BILIRAKIS, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. STRONG, Mr. COSTA, Mrs. CHERFILUS-MCCORMICK, Mr. ROSENDALE, Mrs. PELTOLA, Mr. BUCK, Mr. TAKANO, Mr. BISHOP of North Carolina, Mr. CONNOLLY, Mr. BRECHEEN, Mr. TIFFANY, Mr. CASTRO of Texas, Mr. BOST, Mr. DUARTE, Mr. EDWARDS, Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania, Mr. GROTHMAN, Mr. FALLON, Mr. CARTER of Texas, Mr. LAMALFA, Mr. LUTKEMEYER, Mr. OBERNOLTE, Mr. ARRINGTON, and Mr. GARCÍA of Illinois):

H. Res. 768. A resolution standing with Israel as it defends itself against the barbaric war launched by Hamas and other terrorists; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mrs. MCCLAIN (for herself, Ms. FOX, and Mrs. MILLER of Illinois):

H. Res. 769. A resolution expressing support for the designation of October 10, 2023 as "Real Women's Day"; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. NUNN of Iowa (for himself, Mr. DAVIS of North Carolina, Mr. LAWLER, Mr. ALFORD, Mr. CISCOMANI, Mrs. CHAVEZ-DEREMER, Mr. FRY, Mr. DUARTE, Mr. MOYLAN, Mrs. LUNA, Mrs. KIGGANS of Virginia, Mr. YAKYM, Mr. MORAN, Mr. LANGWORTHY, Mr. KEAN of New Jersey, Mr. COLLINS, Mrs. HOUCHIN, Ms. SHERRILL, Ms. BUDZINSKI, Mrs. SPARTZ, Ms. CRAIG, Mr. SORESENSEN, Mr. BACON, Mr. TRONE, Ms. PETTERSEN, Mr. RYAN, Mr. FEENSTRA, Ms. TENNEY, Mr. MOLINARO, Mr. LALOTA, Ms. SLOTKIN, Mr. BAIRD, and Mr. VAN DREW):

H. Res. 770. A resolution condemning an act of war against Israel by Hamas, the Palestinian Islamic Jihad, and associated forces, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

[Submitted October 11, 2023]

By Mr. CURTIS:

H.R. 5919. A bill to require the Secretary of the Interior to conduct an assessment to identify locations in National Parks in which there is the greatest need for broadband internet access service and areas in National Parks in which there is the greatest need for cellular service, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. GROTHMAN (for himself, Mr. CARTER of Louisiana, Mr. DAVIS of Illinois, Ms. DELBENE, Mr. GAETZ, Mr. GOTTHEIMER, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Mr. LATURNER, Mrs. LESKO, Mrs. MILLER of Illinois, Ms. SEWELL, Mr. STEUBE, Mr. SWALWELL, Mr. TRONE, and Mr. GOMEZ):

H.R. 5920. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow married couples to apply the student loan interest deduction limitation separately to each spouse, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. HUIZENGA (for himself, Mrs. WAGNER, Mr. MEUSER, Mr. POSEY, Mr. NUNN of Iowa, Mr. LOUDERMILK, Mr. WILLIAMS of Texas, Mr. RESCHENTHALER, Mr. MCCORMICK, Ms. SALAZAR, Mr. FEENSTRA, Mr. LUTKEMEYER, Mr. SCOTT FRANKLIN of Florida, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. JAMES, Mr. SELF, Mr. RUTHERFORD, Mr. BARR, and Mr. OGLES):

H.R. 5921. A bill to prohibit the Secretary of the Treasury from authorizing certain transactions by a United States financial institution in connection with Iran, to prevent the International Monetary Fund from providing financial assistance to Iran, to codify prohibitions on Export-Import Bank financing for the Government of Iran, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Financial Services.

By Mr. LAWLER (for himself and Ms. SLOTKIN):

H.R. 5922. A bill to amend the Food Security Act of 1985 to address emissions of certain greenhouse gasses and carbon storage through conservation incentive contracts; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. LAWLER (for himself, Mr. GOTTHEIMER, Mr. DONALDS, and Mr. LOUDERMILK):

H.R. 5923. A bill to impose restrictions on correspondent and payable-through accounts in the United States with respect to Chinese financial institutions that conduct transactions involving the purchase of petroleum or petroleum products from Iran; to the Committee on Financial Services.

By Mr. MAGAZINER:

H.R. 5924. A bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act with respect to the timing of changes to the annual out-of-pocket threshold for the Medicare prescription drug benefit, and to amend title XI of such Act with respect to the timing of the Medicare drug price negotiation program;

By Mr. MCCORMICK:

H.R. 5925. A bill to authorize the seizure of the property of certain sanctioned individuals for purposes of covering expenses relating to the Ukraine-Russia conflict, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. MOOLENAAR (for himself, Mr. WEBER of Texas, Ms. MACE, and Mr. BISHOP of North Carolina):

H.R. 5926. A bill to require the review by the Committee on Foreign Investment in the

United States of greenfield investments by the People's Republic of China;

By Mr. NEWHOUSE:

H.R. 5927. A bill to require the Secretary of the Interior to withdraw certain documents relating to grizzly bears; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. PANETTA (for himself, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mr. KILMER, and Mr. COLE):

H.R. 5928. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to allow early childhood educators to take the educator expense deduction, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Ms. PETTERSEN (for herself and Mr. DUARTE):

H.R. 5929. A bill to amend section 6906 of title 31, United States Code, to permanently authorize the Payment in Lieu of Taxes program; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. POSEY:

H.R. 5930. A bill to amend title 5, United States Code, to require a clarification of the underlying authority for a rulemaking; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. ROSE

H.R. 5931. A bill to require a briefing from a senior official of the Department of Defense on actions by the People's Republic of China in Africa that pose a threat to United States national security; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. SCHWEIKERT (for himself, Mr. CRENSHAW, Mr. NUNN of Iowa, Mr. HIGGINS of Louisiana, Mr. SELF, Mr. DONALDS, Mr. EDWARDS, Mr. FEENSTRA, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mr. CAREY, Mr. MCCORMICK, and Mr. ROSENDALE):

H.R. 5932. A bill to authorize additional assistance to Israel using assets confiscated from the Iran, and for other purposes;

By Mrs. STEEL (for herself, Ms. FOXX, Mr. OWENS, Mr. WILSON of South Carolina, Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania, Mr. GROTHMAN, Ms. STEFANIK, Mr. SMUCKER, Mrs. MCCLAIN, Ms. LETLOW, Mr. WILLIAMS of New York, Mrs. HOUCHIN, Mr. ESTES, and Mr. WALBERG):

H.R. 5933. A bill to amend the Higher Education Act of 1965 to require additional information in disclosures of foreign gifts and contracts from foreign sources, restrict contracts with certain foreign entities and foreign countries of concern, require certain staff and faculty to report foreign gifts and contracts, and require disclosure of certain foreign investments within endowments; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Ms. GREENE of Georgia:

H.J. Res. 95. A joint resolution declaring a state of war between certain cartels and the United States of America and making provision to prosecute the same; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. MCCAUL (for himself, Mr. MEEKS, Mr. MCCARTHY, Mr. JEFFRIES, Mr. SCALISE, Ms. CLARK of Massachusetts, Mr. EMMER, Mr. CLYBURN, Ms. STEFANIK, Mr. AGUILAR, Mr. WILSON of South Carolina, Mr. PHILLIPS, Mr. JACKSON of Texas, Mr. NADLER, Mr. KUSTOFF, Mr. SCHNEIDER, Mr. LAWLER, Mr. HOYER, Mr. ROGERS of Alabama, Mr. GALLEGGO, Mr. TURNER, Mr. RASKIN, Ms. GRANGER, Ms. PELOSI, Mr. JORDAN, Ms. MANNING, Mr. GREEN of Tennessee, Mr. SHERMAN, Mrs. WAGNER, Mr. SMITH of Washington, Mr. RESCHENTHALER, Mr. SCHIFF, Mrs. RODGERS of Washington, Mr. MOSKOWITZ, Mr. KEAN of New Jersey, Ms. WILD, Mr. BARR, Mr. VARGAS, Mrs. KIM of California, Ms.

WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mr. LIEU, Ms. TENNEY, Mr. CARTER of Louisiana, Ms. SALAZAR, Mr. AUCHINCLOSS, Mr. DIAZ-BALART, Mr. TORRES of New York, Mr. SIMPSON, Mr. CARTWRIGHT, Mr. VAN DREW, Mr. DOGGETT, Mr. CISCOMANI, Mr. BERA, Mr. MOOLENAAR, Ms. WILLIAMS of Georgia, Mr. DUNCAN, Mrs. MILLER of West Virginia, Ms. STRICKLAND, Mr. ROGERS of Kentucky, Ms. TITUS, Mr. LUTTRELL, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. BALDERSON, Mr. KIM of New Jersey, Mr. NEHLS, Ms. BONAMICI, Mr. GIMENEZ, Mr. DAVIS of North Carolina, Mr. GOODEN of Texas, Mr. JACKSON of Illinois, Mr. HUIZENGA, Mr. RYAN, Mr. GUEST, Mr. DELUZIO, Mr. WEBER of Texas, Mr. TRONE, Mr. WOMACK, Ms. BARRAGAN, Mr. CRENSHAW, Mr. PAPPAS, Mr. JAMES, Mr. BOYLE of Pennsylvania, Mr. BERGMAN, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Mr. FITZGERALD, Ms. PETTERSEN, Mr. ARMSTRONG, Ms. TOKUDA, Mr. COLE, Mr. THOMPSON of California, Mrs. CHAVEZ-DEREMER, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Mr. TONY GONZALES of Texas, Ms. BROWNLEY, Mr. YAKYM, Ms. MENG, Mr. SMITH of Missouri, Ms. SLOTKIN, Mr. HUDSON, Mr. GOLDEN of Maine, Mr. GALLAGHER, Ms. BALINT, Mrs. BICE, Mrs. TRAHAN, Mr. MAST, Ms. SCHOLTEN, Mr. MANN, Ms. CARAVEO, Mr. FEENSTRA, Mr. GOTTHEIMER, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mrs. MCBATH, Mrs. KIGGANS of Virginia, Mr. BISHOP of Georgia, Mr. LATURNER, Ms. DEAN of Pennsylvania, Mr. BUCHANAN, Mr. RUPPERSBERGER, Mr. BEAN of Florida, Ms. CRAIG, Mr. CALVERT, Mr. MULLIN, Mr. D'ESPOSITO, Mr. LANDSMAN, Ms. MALLIOTAKIS, Mr. VEASEY, Mr. KELLY of Pennsylvania, Ms. CASTOR of Florida, Mr. GARBARINO, Mr. SORENSEN, Mr. VAN ORDEN, Ms. KUSTER, Mr. MIKE GARCIA of California, Ms. SALINAS, Mrs. HOUGHIN, Ms. SPANBERGER, Mr. GUTHRIE, Mr. NORCROSS, Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Mr. SELF, Mr. HUFFMAN, Mr. MOLINARO, Ms. HOYLE of Oregon, Mr. LANGWORTHY, Mr. ALLRED, Mr. WALBERG, Mr. PALLONE, Mr. LUCAS, Mr. MAGAZINER, Mr. LATTI, Ms. STEVENS, Mr. LALOTA, Mr. LARSON of Connecticut, Mr. AMODEI, Mr. COURTNEY, Mr. WITTMAN, Mr. HIGGINS of New York, Mr. CLYDE, Mr. HARDER of California, Mr. BACON, Mr. KHANNA, Mr. FULCHER, Ms. ROSS, Mr. FINSTAD, Ms. KAPTUR, Ms. LETLOW, Ms. LEE of Nevada, Mr. FRY, Ms. BUDZINSKI, Mr. STAUBER, Ms. SCHRIER, Ms. FOXX, Mr. VASQUEZ, Mr. CLINE, Mr. SARBANES, Mr. MORAN, Mr. COHEN, Mr. NUNN of Iowa, Mr. SWALWELL, Mr. LOUDERMILK, Mr. PANETTA, Mr. HARRIS, Mr. KILMER, Mr. PALMER, Mr. NICKEL, Mr. ALLEN, Ms. ESCOBAR, Mr. WILLIAMS of New York, Mr. CUELLAR, Mr. AUSTIN SCOTT of Georgia, Mr. ESPAILLAT, Mr. LAMBORN, Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Mr. VALADAO, Ms. MATSUI, Mr. OGLES, Ms. SHERRILL, Mr. MCCORMICK, Mrs. FOUSHEE, Mrs. HINSON, Mr. SOTO, Mrs. MCCLAIN, Mr. LARSEN of Washington, Mr. JOYCE of Ohio, Ms. WEXTON, Mr. FLOOD, Mr. PASCRELL, Mr. WESTERMAN, Mr. TONKO, Mr. MOONEY, Mr. MENENDEZ, Mr. DESJARLAIS, Mr. SCOTT of Virginia, Mr. CAMMACK, Mr. CARBAJAL, Mr. ADERHOLT, Mr. DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. ISSA, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. WILLIAMS of Texas, Mr. CORREA, Mr.

CARL, Mr. GOMEZ, Mr. MILLER of Ohio, Ms. PORTER, Mr. ROUZER, Ms. KAMLAGER-DOVE, Mr. CARTER of Georgia, Ms. HOULAHAN, Mr. COMER, Mr. VICENTE GONZALEZ of Texas, Mr. BANKS, Mr. NEGUSE, Mr. GRAVES of Louisiana, Ms. SANCHEZ, Mr. GRIF-FITH, Mr. THANEDAR, Ms. BOEBERT, Mrs. SYKES, Mr. HILL, Ms. LOIS FRANKEL of Florida, Mr. JOHNSON of Louisiana, Ms. CHU, Mrs. FISCHBACH, Mr. DESAULNIER, Mr. ALFORD, Ms. PEREZ, Mrs. MILLER of Illinois, Mr. CLEAVER, Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS, Mr. ROBERT GARCIA of California, Mr. CAREY, Mrs. TORRES of California, Mr. NEWHOUSE, Mr. HORSFORD, Mr. MOORE of Utah, Mr. GOLDMAN of New York, Mrs. STEEL, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. ZINKE, Mr. MRVAN, Mr. DUNN of Florida, Mr. MCGARVEY, Mr. SMITH of Nebraska, Mrs. BEATTY, Mr. BIGGS, Mr. PETERS, Mr. GRAVES of Missouri, Mr. HIMES, Mr. CRANE, Mr. GARAMENDI, Mr. BUCHSHON, Mr. STANTON, Mr. NORMAN, Ms. BLUNT ROCH-ESTER, Mr. SCHWEIKERT, Ms. LEGER FERNANDEZ, Mr. ROSE, Mr. CROW, Mr. HIGGINS of Louisiana, Ms. SEWELL, Mr. KELLY of Mississippi, Mr. RUIZ, Mr. WENSTRUP, Mr. MORELLE, Mr. SCOTT FRANKLIN of Florida, Mr. MOULTON, Mr. MILLS, Ms. BROWN, Mr. SESSIONS, Mr. CASE, Mr. BURCHETT, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Mr. BAIRD, Mr. LYNCH, Mr. PFLUGER, Mrs. HAYES, Mr. ELLZEY, Mr. MFUME, Mr. SMUCKER, Mr. CASTEN, Ms. HAGEMAN, Mr. FOSTER, Mr. BURLISON, Ms. DAVIDS of Kansas, Mr. WEBSTER of Florida, Mrs. DINGELL, Mr. JOYCE of Pennsylvania, Ms. DELAURO, Mr. EZELL, Mr. DAVID SCOTT of Georgia, Mrs. LESKO, Ms. ESHOO, Mr. JOHNSON of South Dakota, Ms. PINGREE, Ms. VAN DUYN, Mr. PENCE, Mr. KILDEE, Mr. TIMMONS, Ms. DELBENE, Mr. SANTOS, Mr. EVANS, Mr. POSEY, Mr. GRIJALVA, Mr. MOORE of Alabama, Mr. QUIGLEY, Mr. KILEY, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. BURGESS, Ms. KELLY of Illinois, Mr. MEUSER, Ms. JACOBS, Ms. DE LA CRUZ, Ms. MCCLELLAN, Mr. LAHOOD, Mrs. FLETCHER, Mr. CURTIS, Ms. DEGETTE, Mr. ESTES, Ms. VELAZQUEZ, Mr. CRAWFORD, Mr. FROST, Mr. OWENS, Ms. JAYAPAL, Mrs. HARSHBARGER, Mr. JACKSON of North Carolina, Mr. PERRY, Ms. ADAMS, Mr. MURPHY, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Ms. LEE of Florida, Mr. CASAR, Mr. RUTHERFORD, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Mr. CARDENAS, Mr. NEAL, Mr. COLLINS, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. BILIRAKIS, Mr. COSTA, Mr. STRONG, Mrs. CHERFILUS-MCCORMICK, Mr. STEIL, Mrs. PELTOLA, Mr. ROSENDALE, Mr. TAKANO, Mr. BUCK, Mr. CONNOLLY, Mr. BISHOP of North Carolina, Mr. KEATING, Mr. BRECHEEN, Mr. CASTRO of Texas, Mr. TIFFANY, Ms. CROCKETT, Mr. BOST, Mr. GARCIA of Illinois, Mr. DUARTE, Ms. GARCIA of Texas, Mr. EDWARDS, Ms. NORTON, Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Mr. GROTHMAN, Ms. LOFGREN, Mr. FALLON, Mr. PAYNE, Mr. CARTER of Texas, Mr. BEYER, Mr. LAMALFA, Ms. SCANLON, Mr. LUETKEMEYER, Mr. POCAN, Mr. OBERNOLTE, Mr. WALTZ, Mr. ROY, Mr. HERN, Mr. ARRINGTON, Mr. BABIN, Mrs. SPARTZ, Mr. DAVIDSON, Mr. DONALDS, Mrs. GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN, Mr. FLEISCHMANN, Mr. FERGUSON, Ms. MACE, Mr. STEUBE, Mr. MCCLINTOCK, Mr. CLOUD, Mrs. LUNA, Mr. GOOD of Virginia, Mr. HUNT, Mr. IVEY, and Ms. GREENE of Georgia):

H. Res. 771. A resolution standing with Israel as it defends itself against the barbaric war launched by Hamas and other terrorists; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs. considered and agreed to.

By Mr. BERGMAN (for himself, Mr. FRY, Mr. LUTTRELL, Mr. COLLINS, Ms. BOEBERT, Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS, Mr. NORMAN, and Ms. GREENE of Georgia):

H. Res. 772. A resolution censuring Representative Rashida Tlaib;

By Mr. D'ESPOSITO (for himself, Mr. MOLINARO, Mr. LALOTA, Mr. WILLIAMS of New York, and Mr. LAWLER):

H. Res. 773. A resolution providing for the expulsion of Representative George Santos from the House of Representatives; to the Committee on Ethics.

By Mr. KELLY of Pennsylvania (for himself and Mr. ZINKE):

H. Res. 774. A resolution recognizing the influx of known or suspected terrorists through America's northern border as a threat to national security; to the Committee on Homeland Security.

By Mr. LAWLER (for himself, Ms. MALLIOTAKIS, Mr. VAN DREW, Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS, Mr. MOLINARO, Mr. NORMAN, Ms. TENNEY, Mr. FEENSTRA, Mr. GARBARINO, Mr. LANGWORTHY, Mr. D'ESPOSITO, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, and Mr. WILLIAMS of New York):

H. Res. 775. A resolution condemning the New York City-Democratic Socialists of America (NYC-DSA) antisemitic and anti-Israel rally on October 8, 2023;

By Mr. LAWLER (for himself, Mr. ZINKE, Mr. BILIRAKIS, Ms. MALLIOTAKIS, Mr. POSEY, Mr. FEENSTRA, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. LANGWORTHY, and Ms. GREENE of Georgia):

H. Res. 776. A resolution urging the Biden administration to rescind the release of \$6,000,000,000 in frozen Iranian funds and to lawfully enforce the Taylor Force Act; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS (for herself, Mr. LALOTA, Mr. MCCLINTOCK, Mrs. HARSHBARGER, Mr. RESCHENTHALER, Mr. SCOTT FRANKLIN of Florida, Mr. CISCOMANI, Mr. DONALDS, Mr. NORMAN, Mr. BERGMAN, Mr. VAN DREW, Mrs. CAMMACK, Mr. FEENSTRA, Mr. CARTER of Texas, Mr. BACON, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. LANGWORTHY, Mr. GARBARINO, Mr. NUNN of Iowa, Mr. MOOLENAAR, Mr. VAN ORDEN, Ms. LETLOW, Mr. BANKS, Mr. SIMPSON, Mr. CARTER of Georgia, Mr. LAMALFA, Mr. CAREY, Mrs. HINSON, Mr. GUEST, and Mr. GRIFFITH):

H. Res. 777. A resolution urging the Biden administration to demand the release of all hostages in Gaza; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. RYAN (for himself, Mr. MOULTON, Mr. HORSFORD, Ms. STRICKLAND, Mr. NADLER, Mr. GOLDMAN of New York, Ms. SHERRILL, Mr. JACKSON of North Carolina, Mr. AUCHINCLOSS, Mr. MEEKS, and Mr. MOSKOWITZ):

H. Res. 778. A resolution demanding Senator Tommy Tuberville stop threatening United States and Israel security;

By Mr. SOTO:

H. Res. 779. A resolution recognizing the importance of the National Park Service in preserving the legacy of LGBTQI+ people and honoring their contributions to American history through the preservation of historic places and landmarks; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. VEASEY (for himself, Mr. DOGETT, Mr. PAYNE, and Ms. SEWELL):

H. Res. 780. A resolution expressing support for the goals of "World Sight Day" by promoting the importance of accessible, affordable, and inclusive eye care; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

[Submitted October 12, 2023]

By Ms. PEREZ (for herself and Ms. FOXX):

H.R. 5934. A bill to improve the effectiveness and performance of certain Federal financial assistance programs, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

By Ms. STANSBURY (for herself and Mr. BURGESS):

H.R. 5935. A bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to extend the Quality Payment Program-Small Practice, Underserved, and Rural Support program; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. AGUILAR (for himself, Mrs. GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN, Mr. EVANS, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Mr. GOMEZ, and Ms. MENG):

H.R. 5936. A bill to require institutions of higher education to designate at least one employee to coordinate compliance with title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. CAREY (for himself, Ms. NORTON, Mr. RASKIN, Mr. BEYER, Ms. WEXTON, Mr. SARBANES, Mr. SWALWELL, and Mr. FITZPATRICK):

H.R. 5937. A bill to amend title 40, United States Code, to require the Administrator of General Services to enter into a cooperative agreement with the National Children's Museum to provide the National Children's Museum rental space without charge in the Ronald Reagan Building and International Trade Center, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Mr. CISCOMANI (for himself and Mrs. CHERFILUS-McCORMICK):

H.R. 5938. A bill to amend the Veterans' Benefits Improvements Act of 1996 and the Johnny Isakson and David P. Roe, M.D. Veterans Health Care and Benefits Improvement Act of 2020 to improve the temporary licensure requirements for contract health care professionals who perform medical disability examinations for the Department of Veterans Affairs, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. CROW (for himself and Mr. GARBARINO):

H.R. 5939. A bill to require the Administrator of the Small Business Administration to establish a program to encourage small business concerns to make business succession plans, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Small Business, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. GREEN of Texas:

H.R. 5940. A bill to establish a community disaster assistance fund for housing and community development and to authorize the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development to provide, from the fund, assistance through a community development block grant disaster recovery program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Financial Services, and in addition to the Committee on Appropriations, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

sions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. HARDER of California (for himself and Mr. GOLDEN of Maine):

H.R. 5941. A bill to amend the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 to limit the authority of corporations to establish and operate separate segregated funds utilized for political purposes, including the establishment or operation of a political committee, to nonprofit corporations, and for other purposes; to the Committee on House Administration.

By Mr. LALOTA:

H.R. 5942. A bill to withhold the pay of Members of Congress in certain cases, and for other purposes; to the Committee on House Administration.

By Ms. LEGER FERNANDEZ (for herself and Ms. STANSBURY):

H.R. 5943. A bill to withdraw certain Federal land in the Pecos Watershed area of the State of New Mexico from mineral entry, to designate the Thompson Peak Wilderness Area in the State of New Mexico, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Ms. MACE (for herself, Mr. PANNETTA, and Ms. PINGREE):

H.R. 5944. A bill to require the Administrator of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration to establish an assessment program for offshore aquaculture, to establish Aquaculture Centers of Excellence, to require a study and report, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources, and in addition to the Committee on Education and the Workforce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. MEUSER (for himself, Mr. RESCHENTHALER, Ms. MALLIOTAKIS, Mr. DONALDS, Mr. MANN, Mr. TIMMONS, Mrs. HOUGHIN, Mr. STEIL, Mr. YAKYM, Mr. BACON, Mr. NORMAN, Ms. TENNEY, and Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS):

H.R. 5945. A bill to reinstate certain sanctions imposed with respect to Iran; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committees on Financial Services, Oversight and Accountability, and Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. PFLUGER (for himself, Mr. HERN, Mr. WILSON of South Carolina, Mr. GALLAGHER, Mr. ALFORD, Mr. ALLEN, Mr. BANKS, Mr. BARR, Mr. BENTZ, Ms. BOEBERT, Mr. WILLIAMS of New York, Mr. BUCHANAN, Mr. BURCHETT, Mrs. CAMMACK, Mr. CAREY, Mrs. MILLER of West Virginia, Mr. CISCOMANI, Mr. CLOUD, Mr. COLLINS, Mr. BISHOP of North Carolina, Mr. DONALDS, Mr. DUARTE, Mr. DUNCAN, Mr. ELLZEY, Mr. FEENSTRA, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mr. FLEISCHMANN, Mr. FRY, Mr. MIKE GARCIA of California, Mr. GIMENEZ, Mr. GOODEN of Texas, Mr. GRIFFITH, Mr. GUEST, Ms. HAGEMAN, Mrs. HARSHBARGER, Mrs. HINSON, Mr. JACKSON of Texas, Mr. JOYCE of Pennsylvania, Mr. KUSTOFF, Mr. LANGWORTHY, Mr. MANN, Mrs. MILLER of Illinois, Mr. MCCLINTOCK, Mr. MEUSER, Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS, Mr. MOOLENAAR, Mr. MOORE of Utah, Mr. MORAN, Mr. NEHLS, Mr. NORMAN, Mr. NUNN of Iowa, Mr. OGLES, Mr. OWENS, Mr. PALMER, Mr. PENCE, Mr. RESCHENTHALER, Mr. ROSENDALE, Mr. ROY, Mr. RUTHERFORD, Mr. SANTOS, Mr. SELF, Mr. SESSIONS, Mr. SMITH of

New Jersey, Mr. STAUBER, Ms. STEFANIK, Mr. STEUBE, Mr. TIFFANY, Mr. TIMMONS, Mrs. WAGNER, Mr. WEBER of Texas, Mr. WEBSTER of Florida, Mr. WESTERMAN, Mr. YAKYM, Mr. ZINKE, Mr. LUTTRELL, Mr. LAMBORN, Mr. LOUDERMILK, Mr. WALBERG, Mr. BIGGS, Mr. BRECHEEN, Mr. WALTZ, Ms. VAN DUYN, Mr. EZELL, Mr. GOOD of Virginia, Mr. CLINE, Mr. BILIRAKIS, Mr. CRENSHAW, Mr. FINSTAD, Mrs. LESKO, Mr. GRAVES of Missouri, Mr. WENSTRUP, Mr. BURGESS, Mr. ROSE, Mr. SMITH of Missouri, Ms. SALAZAR, Mr. GREEN of Tennessee, Mr. D'ESPOSITO, Mr. TONY GONZALES of Texas, Mr. HILL, Mr. LATURNER, Ms. LETLOW, Ms. TENNEY, Mr. CRAWFORD, Mr. BALDERSON, Mr. BOST, Ms. GREENE of Georgia, and Mr. ROGERS of Kentucky):

H.R. 5947. A bill to provide for the rescission of certain waivers and licenses relating to Iran, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committees on Financial Services, Oversight and Accountability, and Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. ROSENDALE (for himself, Mr. DONALDS, Mr. GOSAR, Mr. HIGGINS of Louisiana, Mr. BURLISON, Mr. BIGGS, Mr. GOOD of Virginia, Mr. CRANE, Mr. DUNCAN, and Mr. COLLINS):

H.R. 5948. A bill to terminate the Office of Gun Violence Prevention in the Executive Office of the President and prohibit the establishment of any similar successor office, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. ROSENDALE (for himself, Mr. GOSAR, Ms. VAN DUYN, Mr. MOORE of Alabama, Mr. WEBER of Texas, Mr. BUCK, Mr. BRECHEEN, Mr. DUNCAN, and Mr. COLLINS):

H.R. 5949. A bill to amend title 18, United States Code, to enhance the privacy of legal gun owners, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Ms. SALINAS (for herself and Mr. BAIRD):

H.R. 5950. A bill to amend the National Quantum Initiative Act to upgrade and improve access to quantum research resources, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology.

By Ms. SALINAS (for herself, Ms. BONAMICI, Mr. BLUMENAUER, and Ms. HOYLE of Oregon):

H.R. 5951. A bill to require the Secretary of Agriculture to establish and maintain a training program for Department of Agriculture personnel and third-party providers on the rapidly evolving methodologies, science, and practices of biological soil health management systems on agricultural land, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mrs. STEEL:

H.R. 5952. A bill to prohibit United States funds to the Palestinian Authority; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mrs. SYKES:

H.R. 5953. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to expand the earned income and child tax credits, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Ms. TENNEY (for herself, Mr. MORELLE, Mr. LANGWORTHY, Mr. D'ESPOSITO, and Mr. GARBARINO):

H.R. 5954. A bill to amend the John D. Dingell, Jr. Conservation, Management, and Recreation Act to designate as a component of the National Heritage Area System the Finger Lakes National Heritage Area in the

State of New York, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. GOOD of Virginia (for himself, Mr. GOLDEN of Maine, Mr. GUEST, Mr. KELLY of Mississippi, Mr. GRIFFITH, Mr. ROSENDALE, and Mr. BENTZ):

H. Res. 781. A resolution expressing support for the designation of October 12, 2023, as "National Loggers Day"; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

By Mr. JOYCE of Ohio (for himself and Ms. BONAMICI):

H. Res. 782. A resolution thanking and promoting the professions of perinatal nurses by encouraging participation in National Perinatal Nurses Week; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Ms. PINGREE (for herself, Ms. SALAZAR, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. COSTA, Ms. CROCKETT, and Ms. BROWN):

H. Res. 783. A resolution supporting the designation of October 16, 2023, and October 16, 2024, as "World Food Day"; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

[Submitted October 13, 2023]

By Mr. ESPAILLAT (for himself, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Ms. ESCOBAR, Mr. BOWMAN, Ms. MCCOLLUM, and Mr. THANEDAR):

H.R. 5955. A bill to amend the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 to establish a repatriation grant program; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mrs. KIGGANS of Virginia:

H.R. 5956. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to direct the Secretary of Veterans Affairs to provide additional information about certain postsecondary educational institutions to individuals entitled to educational assistance under the laws administered by such Secretary; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Ms. MENG (for herself, Mr. KHANNA, Ms. CHU, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Ms. MOORE of Wisconsin, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, and Ms. CROCKETT):

H.R. 5957. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to establish a program of research regarding the risks posed by the presence of dioxins, phthalates, pesticides, chemical fragrances, and other components of menstrual products and intimate care products; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Ms. SPANBERGER (for herself and Mr. NUNN of Iowa):

H.R. 5958. A bill to amend title XI of the Social Security Act to require that direct-to-consumer advertisements for drugs and biologicals include an appropriate disclosure of pricing information;

By Mr. TIFFANY (for himself and Mr. OGLES):

H.R. 5959. A bill to make ineligible for visas, admission, or parole aliens that are holders of passports issued by the Palestinian Authority; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. SCHNEIDER (for himself, Mr. HILL, Ms. CROCKETT, Mr. DAVIS of Illinois, Ms. SEWELL, Mr. GRIJALVA, Ms. NORTON, Mr. JACKSON of Illinois, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Mr. CAREY, and Mr. SOTO):

H. Res. 784. A resolution supporting the designation of October 15, 2023, as "National Pregnancy and Infant Loss Remembrance Day" and recognizing the people who have lost a pregnancy or an infant; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

By Mr. SOTO (for himself, Ms. CROCKETT, Ms. BARRAGÁN, Mr. GARCÍA of Illinois, Mr. VICENTE GONZALEZ of Texas, Ms. KUSTER, Mr. VARGAS, Mr. COSTA, Mr. CORREA, Ms. SALINAS, and Ms. ESCOBAR):

H. Res. 785. A resolution recognizing the diaspora of Hispanic culture, and the represen-

tation of Hispanics in the legal profession and the judiciary; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

[Submitted October 16, 2023]

By Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY (for himself and Mr. JAMES):

H.R. 5960. A bill to amend the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 to impose restrictions relating to prospective employees' educational credentials, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. MCCAUL (for himself, Mr. SCALISE, Ms. STEFANIK, Mr. WILSON of South Carolina, Mrs. RODGERS of Washington, Mr. BARR, Mr. BURCHETT, Mrs. WAGNER, Ms. SALAZAR, Mr. KEAN of New Jersey, Mr. BAIRD, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. ISSA, Mr. MORAN, Mr. JAMES, Mr. WALTZ, Mr. SELF, Mrs. RADEWAGEN, Mr. MAST, Mr. MCCORMICK, Mrs. KIM of California, Mr. BUCK, Mr. MILLS, Mr. HUIZENGA, Mr. JACKSON of Texas, and Mr. LAWLER):

H.R. 5961. A bill to freeze certain Iranian funds involved in the 2023 hostage deal between the United States and Iran, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. NEGUSE (for himself and Ms. PETERSEN):

H.R. 5962. A bill to redesignate the Mount Evans Wilderness as the "Mount Blue Sky Wilderness", and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Ms. NORTON:

H.R. 5963. A bill to amend title 11, District of Columbia Official Code, to provide that grand and petit jurors serving in the Superior Court of the District of Columbia shall receive fees and expenses at the same rates paid to grand and petit jurors appearing in the district courts of the United States; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

By Ms. BUSH (for herself, Ms. TLAI, Mr. CARSON, Ms. LEE of Pennsylvania, Mrs. RAMIREZ, Mr. BOWMAN, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Mr. GARCÍA of Illinois, Mr. JACKSON of Illinois, Ms. OCASIO-CORTEZ, Ms. OMAR, Ms. PRESSLEY, and Ms. VELÁZQUEZ):

H. Res. 786. A resolution calling for an immediate deescalation and cease-fire in Israel and occupied Palestine; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. KELLY of Pennsylvania:

H. Res. 787. A resolution electing Representative Patrick T. McHenry Speaker pro tempore; to the Committee on Rules.

By Ms. NORTON:

H. Res. 788. A resolution honoring the lives, work, and sacrifice of Joseph Curseen, Jr., and Thomas Morris, Jr., the 2 United States Postal Service employees who died as a result of their contact with anthrax while working at the United States Postal facility located at 900 Brentwood Road NE, Washington, DC, during the anthrax attack in the fall of 2001; United States Postal Service employees, who have continued to work diligently in service to the people of the United States notwithstanding the anthrax attack; as well as the other 3 Americans who died and the 17 who became ill in the attack; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

By Mr. VAN DREW:

H. Res. 789. A resolution condemning the heinous actions of Hamas and affirming the support of the United States for Israel's right to exist and defend itself; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

[Submitted October 17, 2023]

By Mr. CURTIS:

H.R. 5964. A bill to reduce methane emissions from flaring and venting natural gas

during oil and natural gas production activities, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. SMITH of New Jersey (for himself and Ms. MANNING):

H.R. 5965. A bill to amend the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 to provide for an exemption of reimbursement for certain travel to return to the United States, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. BEYER:

H.R. 5966. A bill to amend the Commodity Exchange Act with respect to reporting digital commodity transactions; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. EDWARDS

H.R. 5967. A bill to amend titles III and IX of the Social Security Act to require individuals receiving unemployment compensation to fulfill certain requirements in relation to suitable work, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. LANGWORTHY (for himself, Mr. WEBER of Texas, Mr. DONALDS, Mr. STEUBE, Ms. MALLIOTAKIS, Mrs. CAMMACK, Mr. LAMBORN, and Mr. BALDERSON):

H.R. 5968. A bill to amend the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 to provide for a crisis evacuation loan program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committee on Appropriations, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. LUTTRELL:

H.R. 5969. A bill to direct the Secretary of Homeland Security to revise certain regulations to permit certain children to accompany their parents or legal guardians through Global Entry airport lanes, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Homeland Security, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. NEGUSE (for himself and Mr. COLE):

H.R. 5970. A bill to amend the Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance Act to allow the Secretary of Agriculture to enter into self-determination contracts with Indian Tribes and Tribal organizations to carry out supplemental nutrition assistance programs; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. NEGUSE:

H.R. 5971. A bill to require the Secretary of Agriculture to direct a study on soil health of Federal lands, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. NEGUSE:

H.R. 5972. A bill to direct the Secretary of Defense to provide temporary housing for military families on housing waitlists; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. NEWHOUSE (for himself, Mr. CARBAJAL, Mr. PANETTA, Ms. PINGREE, and Mr. VALADAO):

H.R. 5973. A bill to amend the Organic Foods Production Act of 1990 to provide for continuous improvement of organic standards, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Ms. NORTON

H.R. 5974. A bill to prohibit the use of Federal funds to install new permanent fencing around the United States Capitol, any of the

Capitol Buildings, or any portion of the Capitol Grounds; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN (for herself, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mr. KEAN of New Jersey, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Ms. NORTON, Mr. TRONE, Mr. ALLRED, Mr. JACKSON of Illinois, Mr. MOSKOWITZ, Ms. CROCKETT, Ms. SALINAS, Ms. LEE of California, Ms. BALINT, Mr. HARDER of California, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Mr. TORRES of New York, Mr. BOWMAN, Mr. MULLIN, Ms. DEAN of Pennsylvania, Mr. RUIZ, Mr. CARTER of Louisiana, Ms. PETERSEN, Mr. MAGAZINER, Ms. MCCOLLUM, and Ms. VELÁZQUEZ):

H.R. 5976. A bill to establish a Youth Mental Health Research Initiative in the National Institutes of Health for purposes of encouraging collaborative research to improve youth mental health; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. WENSTRUP (for himself and Ms. SPANBERGER):

H.R. 5977. A bill to improve the classification and declassification of national security information, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability, and in addition to the Committees on Intelligence (Permanent Select), and Energy and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. BEYER (for himself and Ms. MACE):

H. Res. 790. A resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that corporations should commit to utilizing the benefits of gender diversity in boards of directors and other senior management positions; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. GARBARINO (for himself, Mr. SOTO, Ms. NORTON, Mr. FITZPATRICK, and Mr. BACON):

H. Res. 791. A resolution expressing support for the designation of October 2023 as "National Down Syndrome Awareness Month"; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia (for himself, Ms. BLUNT ROCHESTER, Ms. SEWELL, Ms. STRICKLAND, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Mr. VEASEY, Ms. DEAN of Pennsylvania, Ms. WILLIAMS of Georgia, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. GRIJALVA, Mr. CARTER of Louisiana, Ms. CROCKETT, Mr. DAVID SCOTT of Georgia, Mr. COHEN, Mr. BILIRAKIS, Mr. DAVIS of North Carolina, and Mrs. CHERFILUS-McCORMICK):

H. Res. 792. A resolution expressing support for the designation of October 17, 2023, as "National Vitiligo Awareness Day"; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Ms. STEVENS (for herself, Mr. HILL, Ms. NORTON, Mr. VARGAS, Mr. MCCLINTOCK, Mr. COHEN, Mr. FLEISCHMANN, Ms. LEE of California, Mrs. CHERFILUS-McCORMICK, Mr. BOST, Mrs. CROCKETT, Mr. DONALDS, Mr. NICKEL, Mrs. TORRES of California, Mr. MOSKOWITZ, Ms. TENNEY, Mr. POSEY, Mr. TONKO, Ms. WILD, Mr. COSTA, Mr. TORRES of New York, Mrs. DINGELL, Ms. KAPTUR, Ms. STANSBURY, Mr. BEYER, Mr. CARSON, Ms. GARCIA of Texas, Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio, Mr. LANDSMAN, Ms. MACE, Mr. NORMAN, Mr. MOLINARO, Mr. WALBERG, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Ms. SCHOLTEN, Mr. RUIZ, Mrs. TRAHAN, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Mr. LAMBORN, Mr. STEIL, Mr. BURGESS, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Ms. BUDZINSKI, Mr. BEAN of Florida, Mr. THOMPSON of California,

Mr. McCORMICK, Mrs. KIM of California, Mr. IVEY, Mr. STANTON, Mr. ARMSTRONG, Mr. FULCHER, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Mr. SCHNEIDER, Ms. WILLIAMS of Georgia, Mr. PETERS, Mr. WESTERMAN, Mr. GREEN of Texas, Mr. BOYLE of Pennsylvania, Ms. SLOTKIN, Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Mr. NORCROSS, Ms. SCHRIER, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Mr. WEBSTER of Florida, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mr. OGLES, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Mr. MORAN, Mr. EDWARDS, Ms. STEFANIK, Mr. BISHOP of Georgia, Ms. MANNING, Mr. BOWMAN, Mr. DAVIS of Illinois, Mr. BIGGS, Mr. BAIRD, Ms. SALAZAR, Mr. NUNN of Iowa, Mr. NEWHOUSE, Ms. TITUS, Ms. PRESSLEY, Mr. KILMER, Ms. LOFGREN, Mr. QUIGLEY, Mr. AUCHINCLOSS, Mr. WILLIAMS of Texas, Mr. CONNOLLY, Ms. PORTER, Mr. BUCHSHON, Mr. MAGAZINER, Ms. BARRAGAN, Mr. DOGGETT, Mr. RYAN, Mr. DUARTE, Ms. MOORE of Wisconsin, Mr. GRIJALVA, Mr. GOLDMAN of New York, Mr. CARTER of Louisiana, Mr. GOTTHEIMER, Mr. VAN DREW, Mr. PANETTA, Mr. WOMACK, Mr. KILDEE, Mr. CUELLAR, Mr. CROW, Ms. LEE of Nevada, Ms. KELLY of Illinois, Mr. SWALWELL, Mr. TRONE, Mrs. BEATTY, Ms. LOIS FRANKEL of Florida, Ms. KAMLAGER-DOVE, Ms. BONAMICI, Mr. RASKIN, Mr. PASCRELL, Ms. BROWNLEY, Mr. LIEU, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Mr. CASAR, Mr. ROBERT GARCIA of California, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Mr. EVANS, Ms. JACOBS, Mr. MOULTON, Ms. PETERSEN, Ms. CASTOR of Florida, Ms. OMAR, Mr. THANEDAR, Mr. DESAULNIER, Ms. CRAIG, Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi, Ms. LEE of Pennsylvania, Ms. BROWN, Ms. ADAMS, Mr. KUSTOFF, Ms. TOKUDA, Mr. MFUME, Mr. GARCÍA of Illinois, Ms. CHU, Ms. OCASIO-CORTEZ, Mr. KEATING, Ms. HOYLE of Oregon, Ms. DE LA CRUZ, Mr. LYNCH, Mrs. MILLER of West Virginia, Ms. MALLIOTAKIS, Mr. PAPPAS, Mr. GARBARINO, Ms. SEWELL, Ms. ROSS, Ms. MENG, Ms. DEAN of Pennsylvania, Mr. RUPPERSBERGER, Ms. SHERRILL, Mr. SORENSEN, Ms. SÁNCHEZ, Ms. STRICKLAND, Mr. DELUZIO, Mr. JACKSON of Illinois, Mr. GOMEZ, Mr. CISCOMANI, Mr. SHERMAN, Mr. CLYDE, Mr. LEVIN, Mrs. FLETCHER, Mr. MORELLE, Mr. CÁRDENAS, Mr. SARBANES, Mrs. CHAVEZ-DEBERNARD, Mr. MCGOVERN, Ms. BALINT, Mr. CLEAVER, Mr. PALLONE, Mr. MANN, Mr. CASE, Mr. AMODEI, Ms. DEGETTE, Mr. KIM of New Jersey, Mr. PAYNE, Mr. MENENDEZ, Mr. GREEN of Tennessee, Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, Mr. ARRINGTON, Mr. COURTNEY, Mr. LUTTRELL, Mr. ALLRED, Ms. MATSUI, Ms. MCCLELLAN, Mr. CORREA, Ms. BUSH, Mr. CASTEN, Mr. LANGWORTHY, Mr. BILIRAKIS, Mr. HOYER, Mrs. RAMIREZ, and Mr. STAUBER):

H. Res. 793. A resolution calling on Hamas to immediately release hostages taken during October 2023 attack on Israel; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

[Submitted October 18, 2023]

By Mr. BUCHSHON:

H.R. 5978. A bill to amend the Fair Packaging and Labeling Act to establish a Federal standard relating to ingredient disclosure in cleaning products, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Ms. DE LA CRUZ (for herself, Mr. GREEN of Texas, Mr. CRENSHAW, Mr. POSEY, Mr. OGLES, Mr. GOODEN of Texas, Mr. MOORE of Alabama, and Mr. SESSIONS):

H.R. 5979. A bill to require each enterprise to include on the Uniform Residential Loan Application a disclaimer to increase awareness of the direct and guaranteed home loan programs of the Department of Veterans Affairs, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Financial Services.

By Mr. ESPAILLAT (for himself and Ms. NORTON):

H.R. 5980. A bill to amend title 49, United States Code, to authorize state of good repair grants to be used for public transportation resilience improvement, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Mr. TONY GONZALES of Texas:

H.R. 5981. A bill to prohibit the use of Federal funds to be used to support drag theater performances; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

By Ms. KAMLAGER-DOVE (for herself and Ms. SALAZAR):

H.R. 5982. A bill to provide visa availability for the Government Employee Immigrant Visa program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. LARSEN of Washington (for himself, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Mr. BEYER, Ms. STANSBURY, Mr. AGUILAR, Mr. ALLRED, Mr. AUCHINCLOSS, Ms. BALINT, Ms. BARRAGÁN, Mrs. BEATTY, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Ms. BONAMICI, Mr. BOWMAN, Ms. BROWNLEY, Mr. CARBAJAL, Mr. CÁRDENAS, Mr. CARSON, Mr. CARTER of Louisiana, Mr. CASAR, Mr. CASE, Ms. CASTOR of Florida, Mr. CLEAVER, Mr. COHEN, Mr. CONNOLLY, Ms. CROCKETT, Mr. CROW, Mr. DAVIS of Illinois, Ms. DeGETTE, Mr. DESAULNIER, Mrs. DINGELL, Ms. ESCOBAR, Mr. ESPAILLAT, Mr. EVANS, Mrs. FOUSHEE, Ms. LOIS FRANKEL of Florida, Mr. GARCÍA of Illinois, Mr. ROBERT GARCIA of California, Ms. GARCIA of Texas, Mr. GOLDMAN of New York, Mr. GOMEZ, Mr. GOTTHEIMER, Mr. GRIJALVA, Ms. HOYLE of Oregon, Mr. HUFFMAN, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Ms. JACOBS, Ms. JAYAPAL, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Ms. KAMLAGER-DOVE, Ms. KAPTUR, Mr. KHANNA, Mr. KILMER, Mr. KIM of New Jersey, Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. LIEU, Mr. LYNCH, Mr. MAGAZINER, Ms. MATSUI, Ms. MCCLELLAN, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Mr. MCGARVEY, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. MENENDEZ, Ms. MENG, Mr. MFUME, Ms. MOORE of Wisconsin, Mr. MORELLE, Mr. MOULTON, Mr. MULLIN, Mr. NADLER, Mr. NEGUSE, Mr. NORCROSS, Ms. NORTON, Ms. OCASIO-CORTEZ, Mr. PALLONE, Mr. PASCRELL, Mr. PAYNE, Mr. PETERS, Ms. PINGREE, Ms. PORTER, Ms. PRESSLEY, Mrs. RAMIREZ, Mr. RASKIN, Mr. RUPPERSBERGER, Ms. SALINAS, Ms. SÁNCHEZ, Mr. SARBANES, Ms. SCANLON, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. SCHNEIDER, Ms. SCHOLTEN, Mr. SCOTT of Virginia, Ms. SEWELL, Mr. SMITH of Washington, Ms. STEVENS, Ms. STRICKLAND, Mr. TAKANO, Mr. THANEDAR, Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi, Ms. TITUS, Ms. TOKUDA, Mr. TONKO, Mr. TORRES of New York, Mrs. TRAHAN, Mr. TRONE, Mr. VARGAS, Mr. VASQUEZ, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Ms. WEXTON, Ms. WILLIAMS of Georgia, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Mr. CASTRO of Texas, and Ms. WATERS):

H.R. 5983. A bill to amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act to restore a national minimum standard of protection for the water resources of the United States while providing certainty to regulated enti-

ties; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Mr. LAWLER (for himself and Mr. ESPAILLAT):

H.R. 5984. A bill to authorize the Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting through the Administrator of the Health Resources and Services Administration, to award grants for expanding, modernizing, or streamlining emergency room operations; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. LEVIN (for himself, Mrs. KIM of California, Ms. SÁNCHEZ, Mrs. STEEL, Mr. CORREA, Mr. ISSA, Ms. PORTER, Mr. PETERS, Ms. JACOBS, and Mr. VARGAS):

H.R. 5985. A bill to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 517 Seagaze Drive in Oceanside, California, as the "Charlesetta Reece Allen Post Office Building"; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

By Mr. MAST:

H.R. 5986. A bill to prohibit funds for the Palestinian-controlled West Bank or Gaza; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mrs. MCBATH (for herself, Ms. MAN-NING, and Mr. MRVAN):

H.R. 5987. A bill to amend the Adult Education and Family Literacy Act and the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act to strengthen adult education; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Ms. BROWNLEY (for herself, Mrs. HOCHIN, Ms. NORTON, Ms. CROCKETT, and Mr. TAKANO):

H. Res. 794. A resolution recognizing the significance of "National Learning Disabilities Awareness Month"; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. GARBARINO (for himself, Mr. SWALWELL, Ms. LEE of Florida, Mr. LAWLER, Mr. D'ESPOSITO, Mr. CARTER of Louisiana, Mr. LUTTRELL, Mr. GIMENEZ, Ms. BLUNT ROCHESTER, Mr. MENENDEZ, Ms. JACKSON LEE, and Mr. EZELL):

H. Res. 795. A resolution expressing support for the proclamation of a "National Cybersecurity Awareness Month"; to the Committee on Homeland Security, and in addition to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. TONY GONZALES of Texas:

H. Res. 796. A resolution condemning foreign nationals in the United States who have endorsed and espoused the actions of foreign terrorist organizations (FTO) in Gaza who, on October 7, 2023, launched attacks against the State of Israel, and killed innocent Israeli and United States citizens; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

[Submitted October 19, 2023]

By Mr. SMITH OF MISSOURI (for himself, Mr. NEAL, Mr. SMITH of Nebraska, Mr. KELLY of Pennsylvania, Mr. SCHWEIKERT, Mr. LAHOOD, Mr. SMUCKER, Mr. MURPHY, Mr. KUSTOFF, Ms. TENNEY, Mr. MOORE of Utah, Mrs. STEEL, Mr. CAREY, Ms. SÁNCHEZ, Ms. DELBENE, Ms. CHU, and Mr. WENSTRUP):

H.R. 5988. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide special rules for the taxation of certain residents of Taiwan with income from sources within the United States; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Ms. CARAVEO (for herself, Mr. MOOLENAAR, Mr. MOYLAN, and Ms. SALINAS):

H.R. 5989. A bill to authorize rural health facilities to use certain Federal agricultural credit assistance for the purpose of refinancing debt obligations, updating necessary services, technology, and equipment, and supporting ancillary needs; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. CISCOMANI (for himself and Mr. VICENTE GONZALEZ of Texas):

H.R. 5990. A bill to amend the Homeland Security Act of 2002 to authorize Office of Field Operations positions, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Homeland Security.

By Mr. GARAMENDI:

H.R. 5991. A bill to require the Commandant of the Coast Guard and the Commissioner of U.S. Customs and Border Protection to make certain determinations in enforcing the Jones Act, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, and in addition to the Committee on Rules, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. HARDER OF CALIFORNIA (for himself and Mr. MANN):

H.R. 5992. A bill to amend the Federal Crop Insurance Act to modify eligibility for prevented planting insurance under certain drought conditions, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. HILL:

H.R. 5993. A bill to amend the Consumer Financial Protection Act of 2010 to clarify the funding of the Bureau of Consumer Financial Protection, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Financial Services.

By Mr. ISSA:

H.R. 5994. A bill to provide for full enforcement of oil sanctions against Iran, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committees on Financial Services, Ways and Means, and Oversight and Accountability, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. KILMER (for himself, Mr. CONNOLLY, Mr. VALADAO, and Mr. BACON):

H.R. 5995. A bill to amend title 5, United States Code, to provide that civilian service in a temporary position after December 31, 1988, may be creditable service under the Federal Employees Retirement System, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

By Mr. KUSTOFF (for himself, Mr. LAWLER, and Mr. MILLER of Ohio):

H.R. 5996. A bill to prohibit any direct or indirect United States funding for the territory of Gaza unless certain conditions are met; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Ms. LEE OF NEVADA (for herself, Mr. CISCOMANI, and Mr. TONKO):

H.R. 5997. A bill to require the Secretary of Energy to further develop and support the adoption of a voluntary streamlined permitting and inspection process for authorities having jurisdiction over the permitting of qualifying distributed energy systems, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Ms. LEGER FERNANDEZ (for herself, Mr. SCOTT of Virginia, Ms. DEAN of Pennsylvania, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Mrs. CHERFILUS-McCORMICK, Ms. ADAMS, Mr. VARGAS, and Mr. GARCÍA of Illinois):

H.R. 5998. A bill to amend the Higher Education Act of 1965 to establish grants for tuition-free community colleges, student success grants, and grants for Historically

Black Colleges and Universities, Tribal Colleges and Universities, and Minority-Serving Institutions, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. MFUME (for himself, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Mr. THANEDAR, Ms. SCHOLTEN, Mr. MCGARVEY, Mr. LANDSMAN, and Mr. PHILLIPS):

H.R. 5999. A bill to enhance the ability of the Office of the National Ombudsman to assist small businesses in meeting regulatory requirements and develop outreach initiatives to promote awareness of the services the Office of the National Ombudsman provides, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Small Business.

By Mr. NUNN of Iowa (for himself and Mr. LUETKEMEYER):

H.R. 6000. A bill to freeze \$6,000,000,000 of Iranian funds held in Qatar, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committees on Financial Services, Oversight and Accountability, and Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. PANETTA (for himself, Mr. AUSTIN SCOTT of Georgia, Mr. KELLY of Mississippi, Mr. HUDSON, and Mr. CARBAJAL):

H.R. 6001. A bill to provide that members of the Armed Forces performing services in Niger, Mali, Burkina Faso, and Chad shall be entitled to tax benefits in the same manner as if such services were performed in a combat zone; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. PHILLIPS (for himself, Mr. HILL, and Ms. DAVIDS of Kansas):

H.R. 6002. A bill to allow participants in the Service Corps of Retired Executives to teach entrepreneurship at community learning centers, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Small Business, and in addition to the Committee on Education and the Workforce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. PORTER (for herself, Ms. BARRAGÁN, Mr. DOGGETT, Ms. JAYAPAL, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Ms. NORTON, Ms. SCANLON, Mr. TONKO, Mr. MULLIN, Mr. NEGUSE, Ms. TLAIB, Ms. CHU, Ms. MENG, Ms. CASTOR of Florida, Mrs. FOUSHEE, Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Mr. JACKSON of Illinois, Ms. SPANBERGER, Ms. OMAR, Mr. GRIJALVA, Mr. POCAN, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. MCGOVERN, and Ms. LEE of California):

H.R. 6003. A bill to amend the Fair Credit Reporting Act to prohibit the inclusion of medical debt on a consumer report, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Financial Services.

By Ms. PRESSLEY (for herself, Ms. ADAMS, Ms. BUSH, Ms. TLAIB, Ms. UNDERWOOD, Ms. KELLY of Illinois, Ms. MATSUI, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Mr. COHEN, Ms. NORTON, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Mr. LYNCH, Ms. CROCKETT, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, and Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN):

H.R. 6004. A bill to amend titles XIX and XXI of the Social Security Act to improve Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program for low-income mothers; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. RUPPERSBERGER (for himself and Mr. LAWLER):

H.R. 6005. A bill to amend the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023, to expand the replacement of stolen EBT benefits under the supplemental nutrition assistance program; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Ms. SALINAS (for herself and Ms. HOYLE of Oregon):

H.R. 6006. A bill to amend the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act to establish a vehicle summer meal delivery pilot program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Ms. TENNEY (for herself and Mr. KILDEE):

H.R. 6007. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide for a micro-employer pension plan startup credit; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MILLS (for himself, Ms. MALLIOTAKIS, Mr. DONALDS, Mrs. CHAVEZ-DE REMER, Mr. LAWLER, Mr. COLLINS, Mrs. LUNA, Mr. NORMAN, Mr. BIGGS, Mr. WEBER of Texas, Mr. DUNCAN, Mr. MCCORMICK, Mrs. CAMMACK, Mr. OWENS, Mr. CAREY, Mr. KELLY of Pennsylvania, Mr. JACKSON of Texas, Mr. D'ESPOSITO, and Mr. TIMMONS):

H. Res. 797. A resolution condemning the Biden Administration for failing to fulfill the United States Government's duty to American citizens left stranded in Israel; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Ms. PLASKETT:

H. Res. 799. A resolution honoring the Virgin Islands National Guard on its 50th anniversary; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Ms. TITUS (for herself, Mr. HORSFORD, and Ms. LEE of Nevada):

H. Res. 800. A resolution congratulating the Las Vegas Aces for winning the 2023 Women's National Basketball Association Finals; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

[Submitted October 20, 2023]

By Mr. GRAVES of Louisiana (for himself, Mr. EZZELL, Mr. CARL, and Mr. HUNT):

H.R. 6008. A bill to prohibit the implementation of certain documents until the Assistant Administrator for Fisheries of the National Marine Fisheries Service issues documents relating to the Rice's whale; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Ms. BOEBERT (for herself, Ms. HAGEMAN, Mr. STAUBER, Mr. GOSAR, Mr. LAMBORN, Mr. MCCLINTOCK, Mr. NORMAN, Mrs. MILLER of Illinois, Mr. HIGGINS of Louisiana, Mr. NEHLS, and Mr. OGLES):

H.R. 6009. A bill to require the Director of the Bureau of Land Management to withdraw the proposed rule relating to fluid mineral leases and leasing process, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. MCCORMICK (for himself, Mr. COLLINS, Mr. MCCLINTOCK, Mr. WALTZ, and Mr. CLYDE):

H.R. 6010. A bill to invalidate the use of United States passports to travel to Iran, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. VALADAO (for himself and Mr. NEWHOUSE):

H.R. 6011. A bill to direct the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture to notify applicants of the completion status of right-of-way applications under section 501 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 and section 28 of the Mineral Leasing Act; to the Committee on Natural Resources, and in addition to the Committee on Agriculture, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. CARBAJAL (for himself, Mrs. CHAVEZ-DE REMER, Mr. COSTA, and Mr. VALADAO):

H.R. 6012. A bill to authorize the Secretary of Agriculture to permit removal of trees

around electrical lines on National Forest System land without conducting a timber sale, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture, and in addition to the Committee on Natural Resources, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. CORREA (for himself, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. GRIJALVA, Ms. NORTON, Ms. TLAIB, Mr. THANEDAR, and Mr. TRONE):

H.R. 6013. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to establish a business tax credit for the purchase of zero-emission electric lawn, garden, and landscape equipment, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Ms. DEAN of Pennsylvania (for herself, Ms. SCANLON, Mr. COHEN, Mr. SWALWELL, and Ms. NORTON):

H.R. 6014. A bill to amend chapter 44 of title 18, United States Code, to restrict the ability to transfer business inventory firearms, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. LUETKEMEYER:

H.R. 6015. A bill to require the President to prevent the abuse of financial sanctions exemptions by Iran, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committee on Financial Services, Oversight and Accountability, and Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. OBERNOLTE (for himself and Mr. MULLIN):

H.R. 6016. A bill to improve coordination between the Department of Energy and the National Science Foundation on activities carried out under the National Quantum Initiative Program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology.

By Mrs. STEEL (for herself, Mr. OWENS, Mr. GIMENEZ, Mr. LAMALFA, and Mr. WEBER of Texas):

H.R. 6017. A bill to revoke the waiver determination submitted to Congress on September 11, 2023, with respect to certain sanctions imposed with respect to Iran; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committees Financial Services, Ways and Means, and Oversight and Accountability, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. TENNEY (for herself, Mrs. MILLER of West Virginia, and Mr. KUSTOFF):

H.R. 6018. A bill making supplemental appropriations, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Appropriations, and in addition to the Committee on Budget, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. GROTHMAN (for himself, Ms. MOORE of Wisconsin, Mr. LAMALFA, Mrs. KIM of California, Mrs. STEEL, Mr. GALLAGHER, Mr. PETERS, Mr. COSTA, Mr. PHILLIPS, Mr. POCAN, Mr. STEEL, Ms. JACOBS, Mr. FITZGERALD, and Ms. MCCOLLUM):

H. Res. 801. A resolution recognizing the celebration of the Hmong New Year in 2023; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

By Mr. HUFFMAN (for himself and Mr. GRAVES of Louisiana):

H. Res. 802. A resolution supporting the designation of October 23, 2023, as "National

Marine Sanctuary Day"; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. LALOTA (for himself, Mr. MOSKOWITZ, Ms. MALLIOTAKIS, Mr. NADLER, Mr. BUCHANAN, Mr. GOLDMAN of New York, Mr. DONALDS, Mr. CISCOMANI, Mr. MANN, Mr. HUDSON, Mrs. MILLER of Illinois, Mr. FLEISCHMANN, Mr. VAN DREW, Ms. STEFANIK, Mrs. WAGNER, Mr. WEBSTER of Florida, Mr. SCOTT FRANKLIN of Florida, Mr. CRENSHAW, Mr. GOODEN of Texas, Ms. DE LA CRUZ, Mrs. LUNA, Ms. TENNEY, Mr. CAREY, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mr. BILIRAKIS, Mr. GIMENEZ, Mr. GUEST, Mr. KEAN of New Jersey, Mr. LATTA, Mr. LAWLER, Mr. DUNCAN, Mr. FEENSTRA, Mr. JOHNSON of Ohio, Mr. MILLS, Mr. EDWARDS, Mr. DUARTE, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. FALLON, Mr. SELF, Mr. WALBERG, Mr. WILLIAMS of New York, and Mr. MOLINARO):

H. Res. 803. A resolution honoring the American and Israeli civilians murdered and unaccounted for in the brutal attacks by Hamas terrorists; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. MOOLENAAR:

H. Res. 804. A resolution expressing support for the designation of the week of October 15 through 21, 2023, as "National Chemistry Week"; to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology.

[Submitted October 24, 2023]

By Mr. OBERNOLTE (for himself and Ms. DELBENE):

H.R. 6020. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to eliminate consideration of the income of organ recipients in providing reimbursement of expenses to donating individuals, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. BEYER:

H.R. 6021. A bill to prohibit the transportation, sale, and purchase of donkeys or donkey hides for the purpose of producing ejiao, to prohibit the transportation, sale, and purchase of products containing ejiao, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Ways and Means, Foreign Affairs, the Judiciary, and Transportation and Infrastructure, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. BURLISON (for himself and Mr. LATTA):

H.R. 6022. A bill to direct the Secretary of Homeland Security to exempt from CFATS regulations certain propane tanks, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Homeland Security, and in addition to the Committees on Energy and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. CARBAJAL (for himself and Mr. BACON):

H.R. 6023. A bill to amend title 38, United States Code, to provide for the retroactive payment of benefits for veterans with covered mental health conditions based on military sexual trauma, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Ms. DEAN of Pennsylvania (for herself and Mr. FITZPATRICK):

H.R. 6024. A bill to amend the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 to extend the increased transfer authority for a certain study on per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances contamination in drinking water, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mrs. DINGELL (for herself and Mr. MCGOVERN):

H.R. 6025. A bill to amend the State Department Basic Authorities Act of 1956 to eliminate the repatriation loan program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. FOSTER:

H.R. 6026. A bill to amend section 262 of the Museum and Library Services Act to authorize the Director of the Institute of Museum and Library Services to award grants to institutions of higher education for courses that use only publicly available digital resources for required reading assignments, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. LOUDERMILK (for himself and Mr. DAVID SCOTT of Georgia):

H.R. 6027. A bill to amend the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 to revise the definition of a facility; to the Committee on Financial Services.

By Ms. MACE (for herself, Mr. MCCLINTOCK, Mr. PHILLIPS, Mr. TRONE, and Mr. GAETZ):

H.R. 6028. A bill to amend the Controlled Substances Act regarding marijuana, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on the Judiciary, Natural Resources, Agriculture, Transportation and Infrastructure, Armed Services, Ways and Means, Small Business, Veterans' Affairs, Oversight and Accountability, Education and the Workforce, and Foreign Affairs, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. PANETTA (for himself, Ms. TOKUDA, Ms. CROCKETT, Ms. BLUNT ROCHESTER, Ms. NORTON, Ms. MOORE of Wisconsin, and Mr. SOTO):

H.R. 6029. A bill to provide Medicaid assistance to individuals and families affected by a disaster or emergency, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. PHILLIPS (for himself, Ms. BROWNLEY, Mr. CASTEN, Ms. LOIS FRANKEL of Florida, Ms. KAPTUR, Mr. NEGUSE, Mr. SOTO, Ms. TITUS, and Mr. VEASEY):

H.R. 6030. A bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to provide an option for first responders age 50 to 64 who are separated from service due to retirement or disability to buy into Medicare; to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. SANCHEZ (for herself, Mr. POCAN, Mr. PANETTA, Ms. STRICKLAND, Ms. WILLIAMS of Georgia, Ms. GARCIA of Texas, Ms. NORTON, Mr. TAKANO, Ms. DAVIDS of Kansas, Mr. COSTA, Ms. WILD, Mr. GOMEZ, Ms. JAYAPAL, Mr. EVANS, Mr. ESPAILLAT, Ms. SEWELL, Mr. DOGGETT, Mrs. RAMIREZ, Ms. CRAIG, Mr. LYNCH, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Ms. STEVENS, Ms. BONAMICI, Mrs. MCBATH, Mr. VARGAS, Mr. PETERS, Ms. SALINAS, Mr. CLEAVER, Ms. MOORE of Wisconsin, Mr. TRONE, Ms. ESCOBAR, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. QUIGLEY, Mr. RUIZ, Mr. THANEDAR, Mr. BOWMAN, Mr. TORRES of New York, Mr. CASTEN, Mrs. CHERFILUS-MCCORMICK, Mr. KIM

of New Jersey, Ms. BUSH, Mr. MOULTON, Mr. SWALWELL, Ms. KAPTUR, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Ms. SPANBERGER, Mr. MULLIN, Ms. LOFGREN, Mr. BISHOP of Georgia, Mr. DAVIS of North Carolina, Mr. CARTWRIGHT, Ms. BROWNLEY, Mrs. BEATTY, Ms. PETERSEN, Ms. CROCKETT, Mr. SOTO, Mr. LEVIN, Ms. CARAVEO, Mr. SCHIFF, Ms. CHU, Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Ms. SCHRIER, Mr. NADLER, Mr. CARBAJAL, Mrs. FLETCHER, Ms. LEE of Pennsylvania, Ms. KELLY of Illinois, Ms. SLOTKIN, Mr. VEASEY, Ms. JACOBS, Ms. SCANLON, Mr. CASTRO of Texas, Ms. MCCOLLUM, Mr. FOSTER, Ms. LOIS FRANKEL of Florida, Mr. BLUMENAUER, Mr. GRIJALVA, Ms. BARRAGAN, Mr. RUPPERSBERGER, and Mr. Cárdenas):

H.R. 6031. A bill to address and take action to prevent bullying and harassment of students; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mrs. SCHRIER (for herself and Mrs. CHAVEZ-DEREMER):

H.R. 6032. A bill to amend Public Law 88-657 to require greater transparency in the consideration of projects for the Forest Service Legacy Road and Trail Remediation Program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture, and in addition to the Committee on Natural Resources, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mrs. STEEL (for herself, Mr. GOMEZ, Mr. CISCOMANI, Mr. ESPAILLAT, Mr. Cárdenas, Ms. DE LA CRUZ, Mrs. KIM of California, Mr. CUELLAR, Ms. CHU, Mr. PANETTA, Mr. VALADAO, Mr. VARGAS, Mr. CARBAJAL, Ms. LEE of Nevada, and Ms. SEWELL):

H.R. 6033. A bill to require the Secretary of Health and Human Services to establish a task force to improve access to health care information technology for non-English speakers; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mrs. SYKES:

H.R. 6034. A bill to criminalize stalking using an unauthorized geotracking device, modify the 10-year marriage rule relating to spouse's and surviving spouse's insurance benefits in cases of domestic violence, ensure that healthcare providers can assist survivors of domestic violence, provide additional housing protections for survivors of domestic violence, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committees on Ways and Means, and Financial Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mrs. SYKES:

H.R. 6035. A bill to criminalize stalking using an unauthorized geotracking device; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. THANEDAR:

H.R. 6036. A bill to require GAO to conduct annual assessments to determine the extent to which TSA's passenger security screening practices comply with TSA non-discrimination policies to identify any needed actions to improve compliance, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Homeland Security.

By Ms. TOKUDA (for herself and Mr. CASE):

H.R. 6037. A bill to direct the Administrator of the Small Business Administration to establish the Emergency Micro-enterprise Recovery Grant Pilot Program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Small Business, and in addition to the Committee on

Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. WASSERMAN SCHULTZ (for herself, Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY, and Mr. DESAULNIER):

H.R. 6038. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to provide for a Reducing Youth Use of E-Cigarettes Initiative; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Ms. WATERS (for herself, Mr. DAVIS of Illinois, Ms. DELAULO, Ms. GARCIA of Texas, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. MFUME, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Mr. TAKANO, and Ms. VELÁZQUEZ):

H.R. 6039. A bill to provide that chapter 1 of title 9 of the United States Code, relating to the enforcement of arbitration agreements, shall not apply to enrollment agreements made between students and certain institutions of higher education, and to prohibit limitations on the ability of students to pursue claims against certain institutions of higher education; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce, and in addition to the Committee on Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. BANKS (for himself, Mr. DUNCAN, Mr. MOOLENAAR, Mr. LAMALFA, Mr. HIGGINS of Louisiana, Mr. CLYDE, Mr. BUCSHON, Mrs. MILLER of Illinois, Mr. POSEY, Mr. HARRIS, Mr. GUEST, Mr. BIGGS, Mr. FLEISCHMANN, Mr. MOONEY, Mr. MCCORMICK, Mr. WEBER of Texas, Mr. LUETKEMEYER, Mr. MANN, Mr. WENSTRUP, Mr. CLINE, and Mr. ADERHOLT):

H. Con. Res. 74. Concurrent resolution expressing support for the Geneva Consensus Declaration on Promoting Women's Health and Strengthening the Family and urging that the United States rejoin this historic declaration; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Ms. BALINT:

H. Res. 805. A resolution expressing support for the designation of the week of October 24, 2023, to October 31, 2023, as "BatWeek"; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Ms. BLUNT ROCHESTER (for herself and Ms. LETLOW):

H. Res. 806. A resolution expressing support for the recognition of October 2023, as "World Menopause Awareness Month" and expressing the sense of the House of Representatives regarding global awareness and access to care during the menopausal transition and post-menopause; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Armed Services, and Veterans, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. GREENE of Georgia (for herself, Mr. CARTER of Texas, Mr. COLLINS, Mrs. MILLER of Illinois, Mr. WEBER of Texas, and Mr. VAN DREW):

H. Res. 807. A resolution censuring Representative Rashida Tlaib for antisemitic activity, sympathizing with terrorist organizations, and leading an insurrection at the United States Capitol Complex; to the Committee on Ethics, and in addition to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. PENCE (for himself, Mr. BOST, Mr. MCCORMICK, Mr. MOULTON, Mr. CARBAJAL, Mr. GALLEGO, Mr. MURPHY, Mr. GOLDEN of Maine, Mr. MIL-

LER of Ohio, Mr. GALLAGHER, and Mr. WITTMAN):

H. Res. 808. A resolution recognizing the 40th anniversary of the terrorist attack on the United States Marine Corps barracks in Beirut, Lebanon, on October 23, 1983; to the Committee on Armed Services, and in addition to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. WEBER of Texas:

H. Res. 809. A resolution recognizing Rett Reef off the coast of San Leon, Texas, in Galveston Bay, and all those associated with bringing the project to fruition; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

[Submitted October 26, 2023]

By Ms. BONAMICI (for herself, Mr. MOLINARO, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mr. LAWLER, and Mr. CUELLAR):

H.R. 6067. A bill to amend the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act to improve the child and adult care food program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. MCCARTHY (for himself, Mr. THOMPSON of California, Mr. CISCOMANI, Mr. ARRINGTON, Mr. BILIRAKIS, Ms. DELBENE, Mr. ESTES, Mr. MIKE GARCIA of California, Mr. KELLY of Pennsylvania, Mr. LAHOOD, Mr. SMITH of Nebraska, Mr. SMUCKER, Mrs. STEEL, and Mr. WENSTRUP):

H.R. 6068. A bill to allow a period in which members of the clergy may revoke their exemption from Social Security coverage, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. ALFORD:

H.R. 6069. A bill to state the policy of the United States with respect to religious freedom in the People's Republic of China, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs, and in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. AMODEI:

H.R. 6070. A bill to amend the Military Lands Withdrawal Act of 1999 to clarify the authority of Department of Defense to conduct certain military activities at the Nevada test and training range, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources, and in addition to the Committee on Armed Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. BEYER (for himself and Mr. GOMEZ):

H.R. 6071. A bill to modernize unemployment compensation benefits; to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committee on the Budget, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. BILIRAKIS (for himself, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. STEUBE, Mr. PANETTA, Mrs. MILLER of West Virginia, Mr. VALADAO, Ms. SALAZAR, Mr. SOTO, Mr. CARTER of Georgia, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Ms. CASTOR of Florida, Mr. CÁRDENAS, and Ms. KELLY of Illinois):

H.R. 6072. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide tax credits for carriage of independent programmers by certain multichannel video programming distributors; to the Committee on Ways and

Means, and in addition to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. BOYLE of Pennsylvania (for himself, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mr. MEUSER, Mr. KELLY of Pennsylvania, Mr. EVANS, Mr. RESCHENTHALER, Ms. HOULAHAN, Ms. WILD, Ms. DEAN of Pennsylvania, Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania, Mr. SMUCKER, Mr. DELUZIO, Mr. CARTWRIGHT, Mr. JOYCE of Pennsylvania, Ms. LEE of Pennsylvania, Ms. SCANLON, and Mr. PERRY):

H.R. 6073. A bill to designate the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 9925 Bustleton Avenue in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, as the "Sergeant Christopher David Fitzgerald Post Office Building"; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

By Mr. BURLISON (for himself, Mr. BIGGS, Mr. NEHLS, Mr. WEBER of Texas, Mr. ROSENDALE, Mr. OGLES, Mr. BRECHEEN, Mr. GOSAR, Mr. CRANE, and Mr. SANTOS):

H.R. 6074. A bill to allow States to authorize State and local law enforcement officers to enforce the provisions of Federal immigration law relating to unlawful entry into the United States and to authorize States along the southern land border to construct barriers on Federal lands to prevent unlawful entry into the United States; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. CARTWRIGHT (for himself, Ms. ADAMS, Mr. BOWMAN, Ms. LEE of California, and Mr. SOTO):

H.R. 6075. A bill to establish a program to make grants to institutions of higher education to provide courses relating to critical legacy computer languages, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. CARTWRIGHT (for himself, Ms. BUDZINSKI, Mr. CARSON, Mr. COHEN, Mr. DELUZIO, Mr. HUFFMAN, Mr. RASKIN, and Mr. TONKO):

H.R. 6076. A bill to establish the Financing Energy Efficient Manufacturing Program at the Department of Energy to provide financial assistance to promote energy efficiency and onsite renewable technologies in manufacturing facilities, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, and in addition to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. CHU (for herself, Mr. PETERS, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Ms. DEAN of Pennsylvania, Mr. BEYER, Ms. SÁNCHEZ, Ms. BROWNLEY, Ms. TITUS, Mr. SWALWELL, Ms. NORTON, Mr. VARGAS, Ms. LEE of California, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, and Mr. TAKANO):

H.R. 6077. A bill to amend the Higher Education Act of 1965 to reinstate the authority of the Secretary of Education to make Federal Direct Stafford Loans to graduate and professional students; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. CISCOMANI (for himself, Mrs. CHERFILUS-MCCORMICK, Mr. JAMES, Mr. TRONE, Mrs. KIGGANS of Virginia, and Ms. PEREZ):

H.R. 6078. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Acts to make community colleges eligible to participate in the Nurse Education, Practice, Quality, and Retention-Pathway to Registered Nurse Program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Ms. DELAULO (for herself, Mr. POCAN, Ms. LOFGREN, Mr. NADLER,

Ms. NORTON, Mr. DAVIS of Illinois, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Mr. ESPAILLAT, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Ms. UNDERWOOD, and Ms. JACKSON LEE):

H.R. 6079. A bill to strengthen protections against child labor violations, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce, and in addition to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. FROST (for himself and Mr. WEBSTER of Florida):

H.R. 6080. A bill to require the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration to carry out research and development to improve the understanding of how the public receives, interprets, and responds to and values hurricane forecasts and warnings, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology.

By Mr. GARAMENDI (for himself, Ms. PELOSI, Ms. LOFGREN, Mr. COSTA, Mr. ROBERT GARCIA of California, Ms. PORTER, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. HARDER of California, Mr. RUIZ, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Ms. BROWNLEY, Mr. TAKANO, Mr. DESAULNIER, Mr. CORREA, Mrs. TORRES of California, Mr. AGUILAR, Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. PANNETTA, Ms. KAMLAGER-DOVE, Mr. LIEU, Ms. MATSUI, Ms. SÁNCHEZ, Mr. MULLIN, Mr. VARGAS, Ms. JACOBS, Mr. CARBAJAL, Mr. SHERMAN, Mr. BERA, Mr. PETERS, Ms. BARRAGÁN, Mr. THOMPSON of California, Mr. GOMEZ, Ms. WATERS, Mr. LEVIN, Mr. SWALWELL, Ms. ESHOO, Ms. CHU, Mr. KHANNA, Mr. CÁRDENAS, Mr. HUFFMAN, Ms. TITUS, Mr. AMODEI, Mr. HORSFORD, and Ms. LEE of Nevada):

H.R. 6081. A bill to amend the short title of the Lake Tahoe Restoration Act to be the Dianne Feinstein Lake Tahoe Restoration Act; to the Committee on Natural Resources, and in addition to the Committees on Transportation and Infrastructure, and Agriculture, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. GARBARINO:

H.R. 6082. A bill to amend the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 to establish a pilot program to increase the allowable amounts of advance payments under the National Flood Insurance Program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Financial Services.

By Mr. GRAVES of Louisiana (for himself and Mr. CARTER of Louisiana):

H.R. 6083. A bill to amend the FAA Reauthorization Act of 2018 to extend waiver of duplicate benefits limitation for certain payments to individuals in the event of a major disaster, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Mr. GRAVES of Louisiana (for himself and Ms. PLASKETT):

H.R. 6084. A bill to amend the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act to ensure that unmet needs after a major disaster are met; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Ms. HAGEMAN:

H.R. 6085. A bill to prohibit the implementation of the Draft Resource Management Plan and Environmental Impact Statement for the Rock Springs RMP Revision, Wyoming, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Ms. JAYAPAL (for herself, Ms. CHU, Ms. DELBENE, Mr. GOMEZ, Mr. GREEN

of Texas, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. TAKANO, Mr. THANEDAR, and Ms. TOKUDA):

H.R. 6086. A bill to amend the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 to require that annual State report cards reflect the same race groups as the decennial census of population; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Ms. KAMLAGER-DOVE (for herself and Mrs. KIM of California):

H.R. 6087. A bill to establish a comprehensive United States Government initiative to build the capacity of young leaders and entrepreneurs in Africa, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. KILEY (for himself and Ms. GARCIA of Texas):

H.R. 6088. A bill to require the National Academy of Sciences to establish a grant program to develop safe AI models and safe AI research, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology.

By Mr. LANGWORTHY (for himself, Mr. FALLON, Mr. TONY GONZALES of Texas, Mr. LAWLER, Ms. MALLIOTAKIS, Mr. MCCINTOCK, Mr. MOYLAN, Mr. NEWHOUSE, Ms. TENNEY, Mr. VALADAO, Mr. ZINKE, and Mr. HIGGINS of Louisiana):

H.R. 6089. A bill to prohibit States or local governments from prohibiting the connection, reconnection, modification, installation, or expansion of an energy service based on the type or source of energy to be delivered, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Mr. LAWLER (for himself, Mr. GOTTHEIMER, Mr. MILLER of Ohio, Mr. MOSKOWITZ, Mr. KEAN of New Jersey, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Ms. STEFANK, Mr. KUSTOFF, Mr. NORCROSS, and Ms. BROWN):

H.R. 6090. A bill to provide for the consideration of a definition of antisemitism set forth by the International Holocaust Remembrance Alliance for the enforcement of Federal antidiscrimination laws concerning education programs or activities, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Ms. LEE of California (for herself, Ms. TOKUDA, Mr. THANEDAR, Ms. CROCKETT, Ms. SALINAS, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, and Mrs. CHERFILUS-MCCORMICK):

H.R. 6091. A bill to amend the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 to direct the Secretary of Education to make grants to States for assistance in hiring additional school-based mental health and student service providers; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. LIEU (for himself, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. GOMEZ, Mr. IVEY, and Mr. VEASEY):

H.R. 6092. A bill to regulate law enforcement use of facial recognition technology, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. LUCAS (for himself, Ms. LOFGREN, Mr. MILLER of Ohio, Mr. WEBER of Texas, Mr. BABIN, Mr. BAIRD, Mr. MIKE GARCIA of California, Mrs. BICE, Mr. OBERNOLTE, Mr. FLEISCHMANN, Ms. TENNEY, Mr. MCCORMICK, Mr. COLLINS, and Mr. KEAN of New Jersey):

H.R. 6093. A bill to improve the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's weather research, support improvements in weather forecasting and prediction, expand

commercial opportunities for the provision of weather data, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology.

By Ms. MATSUI (for herself, Mr. DUNN of Florida, Mr. THOMPSON of California, and Mr. KELLY of Pennsylvania):

H.R. 6094. A bill to amend titles XVIII and XIX of the Social Security Act and title XXVII of the Public Health Service Act to refine the set of information sources for determining coverage of certain drugs and biologicals used in the treatment or management of a rare disease or condition, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. MCCLELLAN (for herself, Mrs. KIGGANS of Virginia, Ms. ROSS, Ms. MACE, Mr. SCOTT of Virginia, Mr. FITZPATRICK, Mr. PAPPAS, and Mr. LAWLER):

H.R. 6095. A bill to require the Secretary of Defense to request modifications relating to certain permits issued under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Armed Services, and in addition to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. MOONEY (for himself, Mr. NORMAN, Mr. BISHOP of North Carolina, Mr. WEBER of Texas, and Mr. BIGGS):

H.R. 6096. A bill to require annual reports on allied contributions to the common defense, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. MRVAN:

H.R. 6097. A bill to amend the Family Violence Prevention and Services Act to authorize grants to ensure access for victims of family violence, domestic violence, and dating violence to substance use disorder treatment that allows parents (or legal guardians) and their children, stepchildren, or other dependents to remain together throughout the course of treatment, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. NEHLS:

H.R. 6098. A bill to terminate certain contracts relating to the construction of the border fence and to transfer unused border fence materials to the States along the southwest border of the United States; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability, and in addition to the Committees on Homeland Security, and Armed Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. OGLES (for himself and Mr. TIFFANY):

H.R. 6099. A bill to amend the Immigration and Nationality Act to provide for the expedited removal of aliens who are unlawfully present in the United States and are residents of Palestinian-administered territories within Judea and Samaria or Gaza; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. PERRY:

H.R. 6100. A bill to repeal the Military Selective Service Act, including the registration requirements of the Military Selective Service Act; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. POCAN (for himself, Mr. TAKANO, Ms. DAVIDS of Kansas, Mr. ROBERT GARCIA of California, Ms.

BALINT, Mr. TORRES of New York, Mr. PAPPAS, Ms. CRAIG, and Mr. SORENSEN):

H.R. 6101. A bill to establish within the Smithsonian Institution the National Museum of American LGBTQI+ History and Culture, and for other purposes; to the Committee on House Administration, and in addition to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. POCAN (for himself, Mr. TAKANO, Ms. DAVIDS of Kansas, Mr. ROBERT GARCIA of California, Mr. BALINT, Mr. TORRES of New York, Mr. PAPPAS, Ms. CRAIG, and Mr. SORENSEN):

H.R. 6102. A bill to establish the Commission to Study the Potential Creation of a National Museum of American LGBTQI+ History and Culture, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Natural Resources, and in addition to the Committees on House Administration, and the Budget, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. PRESSLEY (for herself, Ms. NORTON, Mr. BOWMAN, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Ms. CROCKETT, Mr. JACKSON of Illinois, Mr. THANEDAR, Mr. CARSON, Ms. SALINAS, Mr. BOYLE of Pennsylvania, Ms. CHU, Ms. BUSH, Ms. PINGREE, Mr. IVEY, and Ms. WILLIAMS of Georgia):

H.R. 6103. A bill to allow Americans to receive paid leave time to process and address their own health needs and the health needs of their partners during the period following a pregnancy loss, an unsuccessful round of intrauterine insemination or of an assisted reproductive technology procedure, a failed adoption arrangement, a failed surrogacy arrangement, or a diagnosis or event that impacts pregnancy or fertility, to support related research and education, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce, and in addition to the Committees on House Administration, Oversight and Accountability, and the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. SANCHEZ (for herself and Mr. FITZPATRICK):

H.R. 6104. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide a credit for the labor costs of installing mechanical insulation property; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Ms. SCHAKOWSKY (for herself, Ms. DELAURO, Mrs. DINGELL, Ms. NORTON, Ms. PINGREE, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Mr. LYNCH, and Mr. GRIJALVA):

H.R. 6105. A bill to amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to deem certain substances to be unsafe for use as food contact substances, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

By Ms. SHERRILL (for herself, Mr. BERGMAN, Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Mrs. HINSON, Mr. NEWHOUSE, Mr. GARAMENDI, Mr. CROW, Mr. FINSTAD, Mr. CARSON, and Ms. TOKUDA):

H.R. 6106. A bill to create a risk framework to evaluate foreign mobile applications of concern, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. SIMPSON (for himself, Mr. FULCHER, and Mr. NEWHOUSE):

H.R. 6107. A bill to amend the Omnibus Public Land Management Act of 2009 to au-

thorize certain extraordinary operation and maintenance work for urban canals of concern; to the Committee on Natural Resources.

By Mr. STEUBE:

H.R. 6108. A bill to amend the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act to provide assistance for common interest communities, condominiums, and housing cooperatives damaged by a major disaster, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Ms. TENNEY:

H.R. 6109. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to establish the generic drugs and biosimilars production credit, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania (for himself and Mr. COURTNEY):

H.R. 6110. A bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to restore physician judgment to prescribe the appropriate mix of skilled modalities that constitute an intensive rehabilitation therapy program in an inpatient rehabilitation hospital or unit; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mrs. TORRES of California (for herself and Ms. BONAMICI):

H.R. 6111. A bill to require the Director of the National Institute of Standards and Technology and the Secretary of Transportation to take certain actions to develop physical alternatives to better protect pedestrians and vulnerable road users against traffic incidents, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, and in addition to the Committee on Science, Space, and Technology, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. WALTZ:

H.R. 6112. A bill to establish postmarket reporting requirements for pharmaceuticals, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Ms. BALINT (for herself, Mr. POCAN, Ms. BONAMICI, Ms. CROCKETT, Ms. DAVIDS of Kansas, Mr. ROBERT GARCIA of California, Mr. GRIJALVA, Ms. JACOBS, Ms. JAYAPAL, Ms. LEE of Pennsylvania, Mr. MULLIN, Ms. NORTON, Mr. PETERS, Mr. TAKANO, Ms. SANCHEZ, Mr. SCHIFF, Mr. TORRES of New York, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, and Mr. FROST):

H. Res. 815. A resolution expressing support for the recognition of October 26, 2023, as "Intersex Awareness Day", and supporting the goals and ideals of Intersex Awareness Day; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Education and the Workforce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

By Mr. CÁRDENAS (for himself, Mr. TRONE, and Ms. MOORE of Wisconsin):

H. Res. 816. A resolution expressing support for the designation of October 2023 as "National Youth Justice Action Month"; to the Committee on Education and the Workforce.

By Mr. CARTER of Louisiana (for himself, Mrs. CHERFILUS-MCCORMICK, Mr. FROST, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Ms. JACKSON LEE, Ms. WILLIAMS of Georgia, Mr. PAYNE, Mr. IVEY, Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi, Ms. ADAMS, Ms. NORTON, Mr. BISHOP of Georgia, Mr.

DAVID SCOTT of Georgia, Mr. CLEAVER, Mr. GREEN of Texas, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Mr. CARSON, Ms. SEWELL, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Mr. EVANS, Mr. NEGUSE, Ms. BROWN, Ms. CROCKETT, Mr. DAVIS of North Carolina, and Ms. MCCLELLAN):

H. Res. 817. A resolution expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that the African Americans who duly won election to the House during the post-Civil War Reconstruction Era but were wrongly denied the right to take their seats should be recognized as former Members of the House; to the Committee on House Administration.

By Ms. DELAURO (for herself, Mrs. CAMMACK, Mr. COURTNEY, and Mr. FITZPATRICK):

H. Res. 818. A resolution expressing support for the designation of October 28, 2023, as "Honoring the Nation's First Responders Day"; to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure.

By Ms. LEE of Pennsylvania (for herself, Mr. DELUZIO, Mr. THOMPSON of California, Ms. MCCLELLAN, Ms. NORTON, Mr. BOYLE of Pennsylvania, Mr. BOWMAN, Ms. ADAMS, Ms. WILSON of Florida, Ms. CROCKETT, Mr. JOHNSON of Georgia, Ms. BROWN, Mr. ESPAILLAT, Ms. SCHAKOWSKY, Ms. TLAI, Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY, Ms. TITUS, Mr. DAVIS of Illinois, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, Ms. DEAN of Pennsylvania, Ms. SEWELL, Mr. PAYNE, Ms. JACOBS, Mr. TAKANO, Mrs. CHERFILUS-MCCORMICK, Ms. WILD, Ms. KAMLAGER-DOVE, Ms. OMAR, Ms. PRESSLEY, Ms. OCASIO-CORTEZ, Mr. LIEU, Mr. CLEAVER, Ms. GARCIA of Texas, Mrs. RAMIREZ, Mr. CARSON, Ms. JAYAPAL, Mr. COHEN, Mr. CASAR, Mr. MULLIN, Mr. CARTWRIGHT, Mr. GREEN of Texas, Mr. SWALWELL, Mr. ROBERT GARCIA of California, Mr. KIM of New Jersey, Ms. CHU, Mr. SCHIFF, Ms. SCANLON, Ms. STANSBURY, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Mr. SCOTT of Virginia, Ms. DELBENE, Mrs. FLETCHER, Mr. EVANS, Ms. BUSH, Mr. PETERS, Ms. KUSTER, Ms. LEE of California, Mr. GARCÍA of Illinois, Ms. PORTER, Ms. HOULAHAN, Mr. JACKSON of Illinois, Mr. KILDEE, Mr. CORREA, Ms. MOORE of Wisconsin, Ms. CLARKE of New York, Mr. FROST, Mr. MAGAZINER, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Ms. LEE of Nevada, Mr. CROW, Ms. PLASKETT, and Mr. MFUME):

H. Res. 819. A resolution recognizing the 5-year anniversary of the horrific antisemitic attack at the Tree of Life Synagogue in Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, on October 27, 2018, and condemning antisemitism; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

By Mr. PAPPAS (for himself, Mr. BILIRAKIS, Ms. TITUS, Ms. MALLIOTAKIS, and Mr. SARBANES):

H. Res. 820. A resolution expressing support for the designation of October 28 as "Oxi Day" to commemorate the anniversary of Greek Prime Minister Ioannis Metaxas' answer of "Oxi!" or "No!" to surrender to the Axis forces, inflicting a fatal wound that helped save democracy for the world; to the Committee on Oversight and Accountability.

By Mr. VALADAO (for himself, Mr. COSTA, Ms. BROWN, Ms. SLOTKIN, Mr. JOYCE of Ohio, and Mr. MCCARTHY):

H. Res. 821. A resolution supporting the goals and ideals of "Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease (CJD) Awareness Day"; to the Committee on Energy and Commerce.

PRIVATE BILLS AND
RESOLUTIONS*[Submitted October 20, 2023]*

Under clause 3 of rule XII,

Mr. CORREA introduced A bill (H.R. 6019) to For the relief of Ivana Alexandra Sifuentes Arbirio and Luisa Mariana Sifuentes Arbirio.

CONSTITUTIONAL AUTHORITY AND
SINGLE SUBJECT STATEMENTS

Pursuant to clause 7(c)(1) of rule XII and Section 3(c) of H. Res. 5 the following statements are submitted regarding (1) the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution and (2) the single subject of the bill or joint resolution.

By Ms. BONAMICI:

H.R. 6067.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

Child Nutrition

By Mr. McCARTHY:

H.R. 6068.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 1

The single subject of this legislation is:

To allow a period in which members of the clergy may revoke their exemption from Social Security coverage, and for other purposes.

By Mr. ALFORD:

H.R. 6069.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8, Clause 18 of the United States Constitution.

The single subject of this legislation is:

To state the policy of the United States with respect to religious freedom in the People's Republic of China.

By Mr. AMODEI:

H.R. 6070.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

The constitutional authority for which this bill is authorized is under Article I, Section 8, granting Congress the Power to provide for the common defense.

The single subject of this legislation is:

This legislation authorizes the United States Air Force to establish and use of up to 15 equipment pads at the Nevada Test and Training Range.

By Mr. BEYER:

H.R. 6071.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

To update and expand unemployment insurance so that the program is ready to respond to the next recession and meet the needs of the modern workforce.

By Mr. BILIRAKIS:

H.R. 6072.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

to foster the inclusion of independent programmers in the media marketplace.

By Mr. BOYLE of Pennsylvania:

H.R. 6073.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 Section 8 Clause 7

The single subject of this legislation is:

Designates the facility of the United States Postal Service located at 9925 Bustleton Avenue in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, as the "Sergeant Christopher David Fitzgerald Post Office Building".

By Mr. BURLISON:

H.R. 6074.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section VIII of the United States Constitution

The single subject of this legislation is:

The bill relates to immigration/U.S. southern border

By Mr. CARTWRIGHT:

H.R. 6075.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1; Section 8; Clause 1 of the Constitution states The Congress shall have the Power To lay and collect Taxes, Duties, Imposts, and Excises, to pay the Debts and provide for the common Defense and general Welfare of the United States . . .

The single subject of this legislation is:

To establish a program to make grants to institutions of higher education to provide courses relating to critical legacy computer languages, and for other purposes

By Mr. CARTWRIGHT:

H.R. 6076.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I

The single subject of this legislation is:

Energy

By Ms. CHU:

H.R. 6077.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clause 1 of Section 8 of Article I

The single subject of this legislation is:

To amend the Higher Education Act of 1965 to reinstate the authority of the Secretary of Education to make Federal Direct Stafford Loans to graduate and professional students.

By Mr. CISCOMANI:

H.R. 6078.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

Grants for health care workforce program

By Ms. DELAURIO:

H.R. 6079.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, clause 3 provides Congress with the power to "regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes."

The single subject of this legislation is:

This bill would update civil penalties for child labor violations, strengthen the Department of Labor's ability to enforce the FLSA, expand child labor provisions to hold suppliers and subcontractors responsible, and allow children who have been seriously injured to be compensated by their employers.

By Mr. FROST:

H.R. 6080.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 1 and 18 of the U.S. Constitution

The single subject of this legislation is;

To require the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration to carry out research and development to improve the understanding of how the public receives, interprets, and responds to and values hurricane forecasts and warnings, and for other purposes.

By Mr. GARAMENDI:

H.R. 6081.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article IV, Section 3, Clause 2 of the U.S. Constitution

The single subject of this legislation is: Public Lands and Natural Resources

By Mr. GARBARINO:

H.R. 6082.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

This bill creates a pilot program centered on the use of remote sensing technology monitoring data to enhance FEMA's National Flood Insurance Program and advanced payment program.

By Mr. GRAVES of Louisiana:

H.R. 6083.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution

The single subject of this legislation is:

Emergency management

By Mr. GRAVES of Louisiana:

H.R. 6084.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution

The single subject of this legislation is:

Emergency Management

By Ms. HAGEMAN:

H.R. 6085.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

To prohibit the implementation of the Draft Resource Management Plan and Environmental Impact Statement for the Rock Springs RMP Revision.

By Ms. JAYAPAL:

H.R. 6086.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is enacted pursuant to the power granted to Congress under Article I of the United States Constitution and its subsequent amendments, and further clarified and interpreted by the Supreme Court of the United States.

The single subject of this legislation is:

Education

By Ms. KAMLAGER-DOVE:

H.R. 6087.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

This bill is introduced pursuant to the powers granted to Congress under the General Welfare Clause (Art. 1 Sec. 8 Cl. 1), the Commerce Clause (Art. 1 Sec. 8 Cl. 3), and the Necessary and Proper Clause (Art. 1 Sec. 8 Cl. 18). Further, this statement of constitutional authority is made for the sole purpose of compliance with clause 7 of Rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives and shall have no bearing on judicial review of the accompanying bill

The single subject of this legislation is:

This bill codifies the Young African Leaders' Initiative to encourage the development of young leaders and entrepreneurs across the African continent through professional development, leadership training, exchanges with the U.S., and networking opportunities.

By Mr. KILEY:

H.R. 6088.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

To require the National Academy of Sciences to establish a grant program to develop safe AI models and safe AI research, and for other purposes.

By Mr. LANGWORTHY:

H.R. 6089.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1 Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is: Preemption of State Prohibitions on types of energy.

By Mr. LAWLER:

H.R. 6090.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, section 8, clause 18 of the U.S. Constitution

The single subject of this legislation is:

To provide for the consideration of a definition of antisemitism set forth by the International Holocaust Remembrance Alliance for the enforcement of Federal antidiscrimination laws concerning education programs or activities, and for other purposes.

By Ms. LEE of California:

H.R. 6091.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the Constitution

The single subject of this legislation is:

Education

By Mr. LIEU:

H.R. 6092.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

U.S. Const., Art. 1, Sec. 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

Data privacy

By Mr. LUCAS:

H.R. 6093.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18:

"The Congress shall have Power . . . To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers, and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in the Government of the United States, or in any Department or Officer thereof."

The single subject of this legislation is:

To improve the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration's weather research, forecasting, prediction, and provision of weather data.

By Ms. MATSUI:

H.R. 6094.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

section 8 of article I of the Constitution

The single subject of this legislation is:

health care

By Ms. McCLELLAN:

H.R. 6095.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Congress has authority for this legislation under Article I, Section 8, Clause 14 of the Constitution

The single subject of this legislation is:

Defense, particularly regulation of DoD properties and facilities.

By Mr. MOONEY:

H.R. 6096.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

Defense

By Mr. MRVAN:

H.R. 6097.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 3—Interstate Commerce Clause

The single subject of this legislation is:

Domestic Violence Prevention and Support Services

By Mr. NEHLS:

H.R. 6098.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Pursuant to clause 7 of Rule XII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the following statement is submitted regarding

the specific powers granted to Congress in the Constitution to enact the accompanying bill or joint resolution. Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following: Article I, Section 8 of the United States Constitution.

The single subject of this legislation is:

The Border's Unused Idle and Lying Dormant Inventory Transfer (BUILD It) Act would require the federal government to transfer any material associated with the construction of the Southern border barrier to any state, upon request, for the materials' original purpose.

By Mr. OGLES:

H.R. 6099.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

This bill provides for expedited removal of illegal aliens from Gaza and Judea and Samaria.

By Mr. PERRY:

H.R. 6100.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

To repeal the Military Selective Service Act.

By Mr. POCAN:

H.R. 6101.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

LGBTQI+ History

By Mr. POCAN:

H.R. 6102.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

LGBTQI+ History

By Ms. PRESSLEY:

H.R. 6103.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the United States Constitution

The single subject of this legislation is:

This bill will increase access to resources, workforce support and patient-centered care for those experiencing pregnancy loss.

By Ms. SANCHEZ:

H.R. 6104.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

clause 1 of section 8 of article I of the Constitution, to "provide for the common Defence and general Welfare of the United States."

The single subject of this legislation is:

Tax

By Ms. SCHAKOWSKY:

H.R. 6105.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Clauses 3 and 18 of Section 8 of Article 1 of the Constitution

The single subject of this legislation is:

To amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to deem certain substances to be unsafe for use as food contact substances, and for other purposes.

By Ms. SHERRILL:

H.R. 6106.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

ARTICLE 1, SECTION 8, CLAUSE 14

The single subject of this legislation is:

To have the Department of Defense create a risk framework to evaluate foreign mobile applications of concern, and for other purposes.

By Mr. SIMPSON:

H.R. 6107.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article 1, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

to amend the Bureau of Reclamation's cost-sharing authority for emergency work on certain urban canals of concern.

By Mr. STEUBE:

H.R. 6108.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I Section 8 Clause 1

The single subject of this legislation is:

To amend the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act to provide assistance for common interest communities, condominiums, and housing cooperatives damaged by a major disaster, and for other purposes.

By Ms. TENNEY:

H.R. 6109.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

It would establish tax credits to spur the reshoring of U.S. production of generic medicines.

By Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania:

H.R. 6110.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8, Clause 18 of the U.S. Constitution in that the legislation exercises legislative powers granted to Congress by that clause "to make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers and all other Powers vested by the Constitution in the Government of the United States or any Department or Office thereof."

The single subject of this legislation is:

to allow physicians to prescribe the appropriate mix of skilled modalities that constitute an intensive rehabilitation therapy program in an inpatient rehabilitation hospital or unit.

By Mrs. TORRES of California:

H.R. 6111.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

According to Article 1: Section 8: Clause 18: of the United States Constitution, seen below, this bill falls within the Constitutional Authority of the United States Congress.

Article 1: Section 8: Clause 18: To make all Laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into Execution the foregoing Powers and all other Powers vested by this Constitution in

The single subject of this legislation is:

Pedestrian safety

By Mr. WALTZ:

H.R. 6112.

Congress has the power to enact this legislation pursuant to the following:

Article I, Section 8

The single subject of this legislation is:

Health and pharmaceutical supply chains.

ADDITIONAL SPONSORS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were added to public bills and resolutions, as follows:

H.R. 33: Mr. LANDSMAN and Mrs. CHERFILUS-McCORMICK.

H.R. 40: Ms. SANCHEZ and Ms. BARRAGÁN.

H.R. 175: Mr. BILIRAKIS.

H.R. 235: Mr. EVANS.

H.R. 309: Ms. CROCKETT.

H.R. 329: Mr. KILMER.

H.R. 447: Ms. MALLIOTAKIS.

H.R. 537: Mr. TIMMONS.

H.R. 798: Ms. VELÁZQUEZ.

H.R. 882: Mr. GARAMENDI.
 H.R. 884: Mr. HORSFORD.
 H.R. 926: Mr. NEGUSE.
 H.R. 953: Mr. TONKO, Ms. SÁNCHEZ, and Ms. BARRAGAN.
 H.R. 954: Mr. CLEAVER.
 H.R. 1097: Mr. KIM of New Jersey.
 H.R. 1200: Mr. ELLZEY.
 H.R. 1222: Ms. ROSS.
 H.R. 1247: Mrs. PELTOLA, Mr. JEFFRIES, Mr. CLYBURN, Ms. UNDERWOOD, Ms. OMAR, Ms. PRESSLEY, and Ms. STRICKLAND.
 H.R. 1249: Ms. NORTON, Mr. HUFFMAN, Ms. LEE of Pennsylvania, Mr. RASKIN, and Ms. JAYAPAL.
 H.R. 1298: Mr. ESPAILLAT.
 H.R. 1359: Mrs. CHERFILUS-McCORMICK.
 H.R. 1447: Ms. PEREZ.
 H.R. 1465: Mr. PASCRELL.
 H.R. 1468: Ms. TLAI.
 H.R. 1478: Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Mr. SARBANES, Mr. SMITH of Washington, Mr. CORREA, and Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY.
 H.R. 1563: Mr. ROUZER.
 H.R. 1588: Mr. RASKIN and Mr. ALLRED.
 H.R. 1610: Mrs. DINGELL.
 H.R. 1633: Mr. MOLINARO.
 H.R. 1680: Mrs. MILLER of West Virginia and Mr. KELLY of Mississippi.
 H.R. 1809: Mr. ALLRED.
 H.R. 1823: Mr. DONALDS.
 H.R. 1833: Mr. TONKO.
 H.R. 2407: Mr. DUNCAN.
 H.R. 2413: Mrs. RAMIREZ.
 H.R. 2431: Mr. SCHIFF.
 H.R. 2448: Mr. LAWLER and Mr. MOLINARO.
 H.R. 2501: Ms. NORTON, Ms. OMAR, Mr. GRIJALVA, Mr. PALLONE, Mr. DOGGETT, and Mr. BEYER.
 H.R. 2534: Mr. GOLDMAN of New York and Ms. WEXTON.
 H.R. 2548: Mr. KEATING.
 H.R. 2639: Mr. SMUCKER.
 H.R. 2700: Mr. BILIRAKIS.
 H.R. 2715: Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY and Mr. MENENDEZ.
 H.R. 2732: Mr. CARTER of Louisiana.
 H.R. 2742: Mr. LIEU.
 H.R. 2753: Mr. NEGUSE.
 H.R. 2757: Mr. LAWLER, Mr. HUIZENGA, and Mrs. RADEWAGEN.
 H.R. 2821: Ms. STANSBURY.
 H.R. 2847: Ms. DELBENE.
 H.R. 2923: Ms. STEVENS.
 H.R. 2941: Mr. THOMPSON of Pennsylvania, Mr. CLEAVER, and Mr. EVANS.
 H.R. 2943: Mr. LAWLER.
 H.R. 2992: Mr. GARAMENDI.
 H.R. 3029: Mr. SMITH of Washington.
 H.R. 3073: Mr. CONNOLLY and Ms. NORTON.
 H.R. 3078: Mr. MCGOVERN.
 H.R. 3086: Ms. SCHOLTEN, Mr. CONNOLLY, Ms. KUSTER, and Ms. CHU.
 H.R. 3145: Mr. PETERS.
 H.R. 3227: Mr. DAVIS of North Carolina.
 H.R. 3269: Mr. CLINE.
 H.R. 3312: Mr. EVANS.
 H.R. 3381: Ms. JACKSON LEE, Mr. GALLEGU, Mr. CARTER of Georgia, Mr. HARDER of California, Mr. VASQUEZ, Mrs. GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN, Mrs. PELTOLA, Mr. JOHNSON of Louisiana, Ms. SCHOLTEN, Mr. PASCRELL, Ms. GRANGER, Ms. WILD, Mr. GROTHMAN, Mr. LOUDERMILK, and Mr. FEENSTRA.
 H.R. 3382: Ms. WATERS.
 H.R. 3411: Mr. LAWLER.
 H.R. 3444: Mr. RASKIN.
 H.R. 3503: Ms. CARAVEO.
 H.R. 3520: Mr. ROUZER.
 H.R. 3530: Ms. SEWELL.
 H.R. 3563: Mr. RASKIN.

H.R. 3608: Mr. MCCARTHY.
 H.R. 3635: Mr. BURCHETT.
 H.R. 3639: Ms. SPANBERGER.
 H.R. 3751: Mr. KEATING.
 H.R. 3773: Mr. STRONG.
 H.R. 3774: Mr. MCCAUL.
 H.R. 3867: Mr. VALADAO and Mr. HOYER.
 H.R. 3933: Mr. BARR, Ms. CROCKETT, Mr. STEIL, and Mr. FALLON.
 H.R. 3973: Mrs. FOUSHEE.
 H.R. 3982: Mr. CAREY.
 H.R. 4035: Mr. HUDSON.
 H.R. 4089: Ms. PEREZ and Mr. LAWLER.
 H.R. 4122: Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi.
 H.R. 4175: Ms. NORTON and Mr. GOLDMAN of New York.
 H.R. 4223: Ms. JAYAPAL and Mr. MOLINARO.
 H.R. 4327: Mr. KRISHNAMOORTHY.
 H.R. 4408: Mr. PHILLIPS.
 H.R. 4438: Mr. SMITH of Nebraska.
 H.R. 4515: Ms. CROCKETT.
 H.R. 4519: Ms. SPANBERGER and Mr. MENENDEZ.
 H.R. 4569: Mrs. CHERFILUS-McCORMICK, Mr. CLEAVER, and Mr. SCHIFF.
 H.R. 4577: Mr. GALLEGU.
 H.R. 4603: Mr. KEATING.
 H.R. 4610: Ms. DE LA CRUZ, Mr. VICENTE GONZALEZ of Texas, Mr. GOODEN of Texas, and Ms. CROCKETT.
 H.R. 4721: Mr. LAMALFA.
 H.R. 4727: Mr. DONALDS.
 H.R. 4751: Mr. BRECHEEN.
 H.R. 4752: Mr. MAGAZINER and Mr. RASKIN.
 H.R. 4769: Ms. CARAVEO.
 H.R. 4812: Ms. CROCKETT.
 H.R. 4844: Mr. GARAMENDI.
 H.R. 4851: Mr. KILMER.
 H.R. 4893: Ms. BLUNT ROCHESTER, Mr. CASE, Ms. CASTOR of Florida, Ms. DAVIDS of Kansas, Ms. ESHOO, Mr. HIMES, Mr. PAPPAS, Mr. SABLAN, Mr. TRONE, Mr. VEASEY, and Mr. RASKIN.
 H.R. 4960: Mr. QUIGLEY and Ms. MOORE of Wisconsin.
 H.R. 4974: Mr. KILMER and Ms. JAYAPAL.
 H.R. 4993: Mr. KELLY of Mississippi and Mr. HIGGINS of Louisiana.
 H.R. 5012: Ms. MATSUI, Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN, and Mr. ALLRED.
 H.R. 5013: Mr. SOTO and Mr. VAN DREW.
 H.R. 5044: Mr. MORAN.
 H.R. 5049: Mr. FOSTER.
 H.R. 5097: Mr. KHANNA.
 H.R. 5143: Mr. FITZPATRICK.
 H.R. 5145: Mr. SMITH of Washington.
 H.R. 5175: Mr. KEATING.
 H.R. 5224: Mr. HUIZENGA, Mr. DAVIS of North Carolina, Mr. GRIJALVA, Mr. MRVAN, Ms. BONAMICI, and Mr. ZINKE.
 H.R. 5283: Mr. MCCAUL.
 H.R. 5319: Mr. HARRIS and Mr. TIMMONS.
 H.R. 5383: Mr. FITZPATRICK.
 H.R. 5399: Mr. DAVIS of North Carolina.
 H.R. 5408: Mr. KILDEE, Mr. LAWLER, Mr. BLUMENAUER, and Mr. MOLINARO.
 H.R. 5411: Mr. DONALDS.
 H.R. 5420: Mr. KEATING.
 H.R. 5433: Mr. DELUZIO, Ms. LEE of Pennsylvania, Mr. DAVID SCOTT of Georgia, and Mr. MCGOVERN.
 H.R. 5467: Mrs. WATSON COLEMAN.
 H.R. 5476: Mr. CARTWRIGHT.
 H.R. 5526: Mr. VAN DREW.
 H.R. 5535: Mr. TIMMONS.
 H.R. 5555: Mr. SMITH of Nebraska and Ms. SEWELL.
 H.R. 5561: Mr. DONALDS.
 H.R. 5564: Mr. MCGOVERN.
 H.R. 5569: Mrs. CHERFILUS-McCORMICK, Mr. DAVIS of North Carolina, Ms. SEWELL, Mr. MULLIN, and Ms. STANSBURY.

H.R. 5572: Mr. SCHIFF.
 H.R. 5622: Mr. LAMALFA.
 H.R. 5623: Ms. PEREZ.
 H.R. 5635: Mr. DONALDS.
 H.R. 5644: Mr. CORREA.
 H.R. 5650: Mrs. GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN.
 H.R. 5654: Mr. DONALDS.
 H.R. 5713: Mr. DONALDS.
 H.R. 5740: Ms. MANNING.
 H.R. 5754: Mr. BERA, Ms. BROWNLEY, Mr. HORSFORD, Ms. KAMLAGER-DOVE, Mr. SWALWELL, Mr. PANETTA, and Mr. TAKANO.
 H.R. 5784: Mr. KEATING.
 H.R. 5820: Mr. LAHOOD and Ms. ESHOO.
 H.R. 5864: Ms. NORTON.
 H.R. 5867: Mr. FROST.
 H.R. 5879: Mrs. LESKO, Mr. EZELL, Ms. CROCKETT, and Mr. RUTHERFORD.
 H.R. 5948: Mrs. MILLER of Illinois.
 H.R. 5961: Ms. DE LA CRUZ, Mrs. HOUGHIN, and Mr. GUTHRIE.
 H.R. 5967: Mr. WEBER of Texas.
 H.R. 5974: Mr. WILSON of South Carolina.
 H.R. 5975: Ms. STANSBURY.
 H.R. 5976: Mr. RASKIN, Mr. ESPAILLAT, and Ms. WILD.
 H.R. 5995: Mr. VAN DREW.
 H.R. 5996: Mr. SMITH of New Jersey.
 H.R. 6001: Mr. MOYLAN.
 H.R. 6031: Mr. KEATING and Ms. STANSBURY.
 H.R. 6039: Mr. CARSON, Mrs. CHERFILUS-McCORMICK, and Ms. JAYAPAL.
 H.R. 6046: Mrs. MILLER-MEEKS.
 H.R. 6049: Mr. NEGUSE.
 H.R. 6056: Mr. LARSEN of Washington and Mr. DAVIS of North Carolina.
 H.J. Res. 53: Mr. BRECHEEN.
 H.J. Res. 72: Mr. ESPAILLAT and Ms. STANSBURY.
 H.J. Res. 76: Mr. EVANS, Ms. ROSS, and Ms. MENG.
 H.J. Res. 83: Mr. DONALDS.
 H.J. Res. 92: Mr. ROUZER.
 H. Con. Res. 44: Mr. SMITH of Washington and Ms. SÁNCHEZ.
 H. Con. Res. 71: Mr. DONALDS and Mr. MILLER of Ohio.
 H. Res. 154: Mrs. SPARTZ.
 H. Res. 262: Mr. MAGAZINER and Ms. TOKUDA.
 H. Res. 561: Mr. SARBANES, Ms. CHU, Mr. ALLRED, and Mr. KILMER.
 H. Res. 627: Mr. CLYDE, Mrs. FLETCHER, Mr. TAKANO, and Mr. CLINE.
 H. Res. 683: Mr. DONALDS.
 H. Res. 793: Mr. BENTZ.
 H. Res. 796: Mr. CARTER of Texas, Mr. WILLIAMS of Texas, Mr. VAN DREW, Mr. ELLZEY, Mr. GOODEN of Texas, Mr. NEHLS, Mr. DONALDS, Mrs. LUNA, Mr. BABIN, Mr. SELF, and Mr. WEBER of Texas.
 H. Res. 798: Mr. ESTES, Mr. KILEY, Mr. KUSTOFF, Ms. TENNEY, Mr. POSEY, Mr. BURGESS, and Mrs. GONZÁLEZ-COLÓN.
 H. Res. 801: Ms. TITUS.
 H. Res. 806: Ms. CROCKETT.
 H. Res. 807: Mr. DUNCAN.

DELETIONS OF SPONSORS FROM PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 7 of rule XII, sponsors were deleted from public bills and resolutions, as follows:

H.R. 3347: Mrs. CHAVEZ-DeREMER.
 H.R. 3721: Mr. GARAMENDI.



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No. 177

Senate

The Senate met at 10 a.m. and was called to order by the President pro tempore (Mrs. MURRAY).

PRAYER

The Chaplain, Dr. Barry C. Black, offered the following prayer:

Let us pray.

Almighty God, each day, it seems we face new challenges, unexpected hurdles, and tragic realities. Have mercy upon us and this land we love. Remind us that Your plans for us are better than anything we can plan for ourselves.

Today, as our lawmakers depend on You for help, respond to their intercession with Your peace that transcends human understanding. Lord, fill them with the joy that comes from the strength You provide those who refuse to become weary in doing what is right.

Remind us all that we are travelers in this life in search of a city that You have prepared for us.

Lord, we mourn the tragic loss of life in the Maine mass shooting.

We pray in Your Holy Name. Amen.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

The President pro tempore led the Pledge of Allegiance, as follows:

I pledge allegiance to the Flag of the United States of America, and to the Republic for which it stands, one nation under God, indivisible, with liberty and justice for all.

RESERVATION OF LEADER TIME

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Under the previous order, the leadership time is reserved.

CONCLUSION OF MORNING BUSINESS

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Morning business is closed.

LEGISLATIVE SESSION

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, VETERANS AFFAIRS AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2024—Continued

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. Under the previous order, the Senate will resume consideration of H.R. 4366, which the clerk will report.

The senior assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (H.R. 4366) making appropriations for military construction, the Department of Veterans Affairs, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes.

Pending:

Schumer (for Murray/Collins) amendment No. 1092, in the nature of a substitute.

Murray motion to suspend rule XVI for the consideration of Schumer (for Murray/Collins) amendment No. 1092 (listed above) to the bill.

Mr. WARNOCK. Madam President, I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDENT pro tempore. The clerk will call the roll.

The senior assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. SCHUMER. I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. WARNOCK). Without objection, it is so ordered.

RECOGNITION OF THE MAJORITY LEADER

The majority leader is recognized.

MAINE SHOOTING

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, this morning, the Nation grieves with the people of Lewiston, ME. After last night's horrible, senseless mass shooting, the shooter remains at large, and we pray that there is no more bloodshed after the horrors of last night.

The stories coming out of Lewiston are gut-wrenching—people gunned down while just trying to enjoy their Wednesday night out at the bowling alley and a restaurant—a bowling alley

and a restaurant. These are supposed to be places where families go to have a good time, but now they have become sites—too many places—of tragic mass shootings in America. It is beyond heartbreaking that mass shootings like this continue to happen in our country.

My condolences are with the families and loved ones. I can just imagine them sitting at home just wondering, why did this happen to us? My prayers will be with all Mainers and first responders as authorities keep working to locate the shooter. Today, our hearts are with Lewiston.

SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE MIKE JOHNSON

Mr. President, on the new Speaker, yesterday, after a monthlong paralysis in Congress, House Republicans finally—finally—elected a new Speaker of the House.

I spoke with Speaker JOHNSON last night and expressed my congratulations on his election to the speakership. I told Speaker JOHNSON the exact same thing I told Speaker MCCARTHY: In a divided government, the only way we will avoid a shutdown, fund the government, or pass the supplemental is bipartisanship.

I hope the new Speaker learns lessons from the disastrous experiences of his predecessors—Speakers Boehner, Ryan, and MCCARTHY—and realizes that coddling the hard right is disastrous both for the country and for the Republican leadership because, like it or not, Speaker JOHNSON will not be able to ignore the need for bipartisanship in divided government.

Right now, the world is in crisis. Americans and the citizens of the world—people across the world—are looking for a Congress that is functional, decisive, and able to reach across the aisle.

We must work together to send Israel the help she needs. We must stand with our friends in Ukraine, which majorities in both Chambers have made clear they support. To allow Putin to succeed is to endanger America's national

● This “bullet” symbol identifies statements or insertions which are not spoken by a Member of the Senate on the floor.



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security, and it is alarming that a growing number of House Republicans don't seem to care about this. We also need humanitarian aid to reduce the suffering in the Middle East, in Ukraine, and elsewhere.

We must also finish the bipartisan appropriations process. Extremist funding bills that make cuts way below the bipartisan June agreement will not fly. If Speaker Johnson tries to send those cuts over here, they are not going to happen. They will be dead on arrival. All they will do is waste more time at a moment when every day counts. So he cannot listen to these 30 Members of the hard right who somehow think they have all the knowledge and all right on their side and then tie us in a knot.

Again, whether House Republicans like it or not, this is divided government. Bipartisanship is the only way we will be able to get anything done. I hope and pray Speaker JOHNSON realizes this quickly. If Speaker JOHNSON repeats the mistakes of Speaker MCCARTHY, if he tumbles down the MAGA road, it will be inevitable that the House finds itself trapped in even more chaos very soon. If Speaker JOHNSON lives up to the label that Congressman GAETZ has given him, "MAGA Mike," he will fail, as the previous Speakers have. But if Speaker JOHNSON chooses the bipartisan path, we can do great things for the American people, just as we did last Congress with an evenly divided Senate and a narrowly divided House.

I look forward to working constructively with Speaker JOHNSON and congratulate him on his election.

GOVERNMENT FUNDING

Mr. President, on the minibus, the Senate today will continue the bipartisan appropriations process here on the floor.

Yesterday, Senators were busy voting through a number of amendments offered by both sides. We held rollcall votes on 4 amendments offered by our Republican colleagues and adopted 25 additional amendments, many of them bipartisan, by voice vote. We have more amendment votes to hold later today, and Members should expect to keep voting into next week. It is my hope that we can wrap up work on these appropriations bills as soon as next week.

When the Senate passes these three bills, they will be the only appropriations bills passed in either Chamber that both parties support, and I think that is key to remember as we move forward. As I said a moment ago, when I spoke to the newly elected Speaker JOHNSON, I said the only way we will solve our most pressing problems—funding the government, avoiding a shutdown, passing a supplemental—will be bipartisanship.

The Senate has been a model for how we can make bipartisanship happen, and it is all to the credit of our appropriators, particularly Chair MURRAY and Vice Chair COLLINS. I thank my

colleagues for their work. I look forward to holding more amendment votes today and into next week.

DOMESTIC SUPPLEMENTAL FUNDING

Mr. President, on the domestic supplemental, as the Senate works on America's needs on the world stage, including passing robust funding for Israel, Ukraine, the Pacific region, and humanitarian aid for Gaza, for Israel, and for Ukraine, we will also work to take care of our needs at home.

Last week, the President released his emergency supplemental to help our friends in Israel and Ukraine defend themselves. Now Democrats are working with the administration on a domestic supplemental to support the needs of American families.

Our domestic supplemental will fund bipartisan priorities for Americans, like disaster response, securing American energy independence, fighting the scourge of fentanyl, expanding access to affordable high-speed internet, and so much more.

Among our greatest needs right now is addressing childcare, which remains outrageously expensive for too many families and something I want to see the Senate address. I have had many conversations recently with my colleagues about how the Senate can make childcare more affordable. We are at a cliff now. As of September 30, funding was greatly decreased, and now childcare workers are being laid off and childcare slots are being rescinded. Families are in turmoil when that happens. We have to work on making childcare more affordable, and we have to work on it on the domestic side and have to keep it in the domestic supplemental and do everything we can to get it done.

Just as we have to work on national security on a bipartisan basis, the Senate should absolutely work on America's domestic needs with equal bipartisan fervor. You can't have one try to argue against the other. We need both domestic help and national security. It is not an either-or in this situation. The President has wisely offered a supplemental on domestic issues.

NOMINATION OF JACOB J. LEW

Mr. President, on the nomination of Jack Lew, yesterday, the Senate Foreign Relations Committee voted 12 to 9 to report out the nomination of Jack Lew, President Biden's pick to serve as Ambassador to Israel. Later today, I will file cloture on this most urgent nomination so Mr. Lew can be appointed to the post of Ambassador ASAP.

The team at the U.S. Embassy is doing a heroic job right now under terrible circumstances, including a wonderful charge d'affaires who helped us during our visit.

Israel is in crisis. America needs to stand with her, and a most urgent and obvious step would be to make sure we have an American Ambassador in place.

AUSTRALIA

Mr. President, finally, later this morning, it will be my honor to wel-

come Prime Minister Anthony Albanese of Australia to the U.S. Capitol for a bipartisan meeting.

Australia is a key ally, partner, and friend of the United States. The strength of the U.S.-Australia alliance is illustrated powerfully by the AUKUS trilateral agreement and by our shared commitment to enhancing Indo-Pacific security and by our strong economic bonds.

I will tell the Prime Minister that the Senate will keep working to pass all of the AUKUS agreement, because our national security interests align with respect to China. I was proud to work alongside my Senate colleagues to include AUKUS Pillar II in the Senate NDAA, and I will work with my House colleagues during the NDAA conference to ensure its inclusion in the final bill. We are now working to make sure Australia can receive the Virginia-class submarines that are an essential part of the trilateral agreement.

So, again, I thank Prime Minister Albanese for meeting with us today. I look forward to discussing the importance of AUKUS and finding new, innovative ways to collaborate.

UNITED AUTO WORKERS

Mr. President, on the UAW, I am so pleased to hear that Ford and UAW may have reached a tentative agreement. I hope that this spurs GM and Stellantis, as well as the UAW, to continue negotiating in good faith.

The bottom line is simple, the workers gave up plenty when the auto industry was in trouble. Now that the auto industry is making large profits, the workers need to share fairly in that.

I yield the floor.

I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will call the roll.

The senior assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. MCCONNELL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

RECOGNITION OF THE MINORITY LEADER

The Republican leader is recognized.

MAINE SHOOTING

Mr. MCCONNELL. Mr. President, I was devastated to hear the news last night of a deadly shooting in Lewiston, ME. I know the entire Senate stands behind our colleagues Senator COLLINS and Senator KING as they help their State marshal its response.

We pray especially for the victims of this senseless violence, for their families, and for the law enforcement personnel working tirelessly to save lives and bring the suspect to justice.

SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE MIKE JOHNSON

Mr. President, now, on an entirely different matter, yesterday, I spoke with the newly elected Speaker of the House, MIKE JOHNSON. I congratulated him on his victory, and I expressed my support as he begins to steer the House Republican majority.

We have a lot of work ahead of us. House and Senate Republicans need to work together on a number of urgent priorities, beginning with supplemental appropriations for a number of our national security priorities. So I look forward to meeting with the Speaker soon to begin this important work.

ISRAEL

Mr. President, every day brings new harrowing details of the terrorist attacks of October 7, and we continue to learn more about the role Iran plays in aiding and abetting terror. Just yesterday, new reports indicated that hundreds of terrorists from Hamas and Palestinian Islamic Jihad traveled to Iran last month for specialized combat training with Tehran's murderous Quds Force.

Of course, waiting for specific evidence of tactical involvement really misses the point. Iran is the world's leading state sponsor of terror. It has spent decades supporting proxy terrorists who share their hatred for Israel and America precisely so Tehran can maintain plausible deniability. We cannot lose sight of this savage charade. Evil will continue to target the United States and our allies, whether we pay attention to it or not.

And the threats our adversaries pose are all connected. Iran doesn't just underwrite terrorist attacks on Israel; it outfits Russia with drones to help kill Ukrainians. China doesn't just menace Taiwan; it helps Iran circumvent international sanctions by trading consumer goods for oil. And Russia isn't just pummeling a sovereign neighbor; it has joined China for joint naval exercises in the Sea of Japan, as well as off the coast of Alaska.

Our adversaries' ambitions are not local. They have been showing us for years that they are determined to challenge American leadership, undermine our interests, and weaken our alliances.

But on every front, the Biden administration's response has fallen short. The President was hesitant to deter Russia's aggression in the first place and has dithered about helping equip Ukraine to defeat it. He has prioritized engagement with China on climate policy over building resilient supply chains with trusted allies.

And just listen to his administration's jaw-dropping naivete after 3 years of squandering leverage on Iran. In early October, the President's National Security Advisor wrote a self-congratulatory article assessing the administration's foreign policy.

Here is some of what he said about the Middle East:

In the face of serious frictions, we have de-escalated crises in Gaza and restored direct diplomacy.

He went on:

U.S. troops were under regular attack in Iraq and Syria. . . . Such attacks, at least for now, have largely stopped.

Finally, he claimed that the President's approach "frees up resources for

other global priorities" and "reduces the risk of new Middle Eastern conflicts."

Well, at least that was the account that went to print before 1,400 Israelis were murdered on a Saturday morning and before Iran-backed terrorists injured two dozen servicemembers in numerous attacks in Iraq and in Syria.

The incongruity between the administration's spin and the reality has since been scrubbed from the article online, but the Biden administration's naive approach to terror remains woefully inadequate to meet the growing threat of radical Islamic terrorism—from Afghanistan to Yemen, to Iraq and the Levant, to the Sahel.

Abandoning Afghanistan, obsessing about closing Guantanamo Bay, removing the Houthis' designation as a terrorist organization, turning the other cheek when terrorists attack Americans and our allies, squandering leverage over Iran—weakness in one theater begets weakness in another.

The United States is a global superpower, and it is high time we started embracing and properly resourcing the responsibilities that come with that role. Now is the time to invest deeper in our alliances and partnerships. It is time to restore credible deterrence with hard power.

That is why I will oppose Senator PAUL's resolution to compel the withdrawal of American servicemembers from Niger later today. Radical Islamic terrorism in that part of the world is on the rise, and we should be working more closely with local partners, not abandoning them. We should be conducting more surveillance flights, not blinding ourselves by abandoning strategic airfields in Niger. Russia and China are working overtime to displace American influence in Africa. We should not be making their job any easier.

Beyond today's vote, the Senate should recognize the opportunity before us to shape a supplemental appropriations bill that equips our military, our defense industrial base, and our allies and partners to meet the growing threats that we face—from our southern border to radical Islamic terrorism, to authoritarian aggression. We have a chance to demonstrate the American leadership our people, our allies, and our interests require. We should take it.

I yield the floor.

I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will call the roll.

The senior assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

Mr. GRASSLEY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The Senator from Iowa.

FISCAL RESPONSIBILITY

Mr. GRASSLEY. Mr. President, 59 years ago tomorrow—in other words, Friday—Ronald Reagan delivered his

iconic "A Time for Choosing" speech. In this speech, the future President laid out, in very stark terms, the challenges that Americans faced as a nation, all due to a bloated Federal Government that threatened America's prosperity and individual freedoms.

Well, America is once again at a time for choosing, and much like in Reagan's time, the issues confronting us cross party lines. This would be a good time for me to say that we have a partial step in this direction because of the Biden-McCarthy agreement in June not to shut down the government because the government couldn't issue debt.

So here we are again. The non-partisan Congressional Budget Office and others have warned policymakers for decades that, absent changes, the retirement of the baby boom generation would result in an explosion of debt and deficit.

Yet we in the Congress have turned a blind eye as the country walked headlong towards a fiscal cliff. For 40 years, our public debt averaged around 35 percent of our economy. But over the past 15 years, that debt has grown by leaps and bounds.

First came the 2008 financial crisis, which led to a \$6 trillion leap in public debt in just 4 years after 2008. This amounted to a doubling of the national debt as a share of the economy, rising from 35 percent—where it was for about 40 years—to over 70 percent of GDP.

Then, we all know what the pandemic has done to the public debt. The pandemic hits, and public debt went upwards by \$7.5 trillion over 3 years. As a result, public debt soared to roughly equal to our Nation's entire annual economic output—or what you have economists tell you: That is about 100 percent of GDP.

Now that brings us to where we are today and to take Ronald Reagan's advice very seriously: a nation drowning in a sea of red ink with no life preserver or a rescue boat in sight.

What is more, debt continues to rain down upon us at a record clip. The fiscal year 2023 deficit checked in at 2 trillion once you adjust for the Supreme Court striking down the Biden student loan bailout.

Measured as a share of GDP the 2023 deficit was larger than in all but 5 years since 1945.

Our historic deficit was fueled, in part, by rising interest payments on the debt, which alone cost \$711 billion. The cost to service our debt is expected to consume an increasingly larger share of the Federal budget. While we argue about what we should or shouldn't spend taxpayers' money on, interest on the debt is crowding out our priorities and shrinking our options going forward. And this all automatically happens because you pay the interest on the national debt or you default; and we don't want to do that. And that is what the Biden-McCarthy agreement of June kept from happening.

Going back to June, the CBO projected that servicing our debt over the next 10 years would cost 10.4 trillion; however, that projection was made before rates on treasury bonds used to finance our debt surged to a 16-year high. The rate on a 10-year treasury bond is now a full percentage point higher than what CBO assumed this spring. All of that adding to our deficit problems. But these higher than expected borrowing costs persist. It will be trillions more spent simply servicing that debt.

What is more, we haven't yet hit the precipice of the fiscal cliff that CBO and other nonpartisan experts have been warning will result due to the aging population. And, of course, that involves Social Security and Medicare. And the trustees of these two programs say the trust funds for both programs will be insolvent within the next 10 years. Moreover, CBO projects that spending for major health programs will skyrocket from 32 percent of Federal revenue this day to 45 percent of revenue at midcentury.

We can no longer afford to kick the can down the road. We must put an end to governing crisis to crisis and get back to the fundamentals of government. And the fundamentals of government for Social Security and Medicare should cause us to look at the success that Reagan and then-Democratic speaker Tip O'Neill of the House of Representatives said: We can't let Social Security go bankrupt. And they fixed it to this very day by tough decisions that we ought to be making today to fix it for the next 50 years like they did. And I will bet maybe they, at that time, thought maybe they were only fixing it for 10 or 20 years. But that is from 1983 till now. Social Security is supposed to run out of resources, reserves by, I think, 2033.

So what I am saying is it means actually managing the government instead of doing it from crisis to crisis and to do it by not chasing an elusive partisan ideal. That will require implementing honest budget and appropriations practices that will enable us to begin to chip away at this daunting debt.

According to the well-regarded Penn Wharton Budget Model, the United States has about 20 years to take corrective action to avoid fiscal disaster. I almost hate to say 20 years—but Penn Wharton is respected—because that means that maybe we won't take the necessary action in the near term. And it is always easier to solve these problems yesterday than it is tomorrow. The longer we wait to take these actions, then, obviously, I am saying the more painful those actions will be.

In Penn Wharton's estimation, if we put off corrective action until the fiscal crisis is at our doorstep, no amount of future tax hikes or spending cuts will enable us to avoid defaulting on our debt.

When I just said—as I did—until a fiscal crisis is upon our doorstep, Iowans

at my 99-county meetings that I hold every year would say that we are already at that point. And when you talk about maybe it can be done or not done, then you can imagine the cynical people of Iowa—just like the cynical people of the United States as a whole—are even going to have less confidence in our government institutions.

Now, we all know there is plenty of blame to go around for how we got into our current fiscal situation, but no amount of finger-pointing—political or otherwise—will change where we find ourselves today. We must now make a choice. We can either continue down the path to fiscal ruin, or we can begin to rein in a bloated Federal Government in pursuit of a more prosperous tomorrow.

Well, remember what I said about Ronald Reagan 59 years ago tomorrow, also in the words of Ronald Reagan:

You and I have a rendezvous with destiny. We will preserve for our children this, the last best hope of man on earth or we will sentence them to take the last step into a thousand years of darkness.

We see on television a lot of times people saying how God-awful this country is. And yet on that same television day, you can see 10,000 people crossing the border to come to our country. For those people that live in America and have lived here all their life and find that America is not such a great place, they ought to wonder why people all over the world want to come to America.

Or sometimes I tell people at citizenship ceremonies in the courthouses of Iowa when I am able to go there, I say to this group—many of them have come from autocracies to America where they have less freedom than they have in America today—and I say to those people, I hope when you hear somebody that was born in America bellyaching about the God-awful wrongs we have in this country, I hope you will remind them as a person born in another country how great this country is because people that were born here lose sight of how great America is.

So getting back to this fiscal issue I have been talking about, whether Ronald Reagan says it or I say it or each of my 99 colleagues say it—because I think, to some extent, we are all on the same page—maybe not how to solve the problem, but that there is a problem—then I say, like Reagan said: The choice is clear. It is time we do what our constituents sent us here to do. And that basically means to lead—to lead us out of this fiscal crisis.

I yield the floor.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Missouri.

CONDEMNING HAMAS AND ANTISEMITIC STUDENT ACTIVITIES ON COLLEGE CAMPUSES IN THE UNITED STATES

Mr. HAWLEY. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Com-

mittee on Foreign Relations be discharged from further consideration and the Senate now proceed to S. Res. 418.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The clerk will report the resolution by title.

The senior assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A resolution (S. Res. 418) condemning Hamas and antisemitic student activities on college campuses in the United States.

There being no objection, the committee was discharged, and the Senate proceeded to consider the resolution.

Mr. HAWLEY. I know of no further debate on the measure.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there further debate?

If not, the question is on agreeing to the resolution.

The resolution (S. Res. 241) was agreed to.

Mr. HAWLEY. I ask unanimous consent that the preamble be agreed to and that the motions to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table with no intervening action or debate.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The preamble was agreed to.

(The resolution, with its preamble, is printed in the RECORD of October 19, 2023, under "Submitted Resolutions.")

Mr. HAWLEY. Mr. President, 1 week ago, I came to this floor to try and pass this very resolution that condemns the violent, genocidal, anti-Semitic rhetoric and actions on our college campuses all across this country. Sadly, I was blocked by one of my Democratic colleagues. And since then, the situation at our universities has only worsened.

I offer you just two examples. I could multiply these examples, sadly, but let's just take two.

On Tuesday of this week, just 2 or 3 miles from where we stand now on the floor of the U.S. Senate, at the George Washington University, pro-Hamas students projected onto the side of the university library various anti-Semitic, anti-Israel, pro-genocide slogans, including "Glory to Our Martyrs," in reference to the terrorists who attacked the State of Israel, and not just the State of Israel, but who committed cold-blooded murder of babies, cutting off their heads, shooting women and children in their homes, executing soldiers as they lay sleeping in their barracks.

These same students projected other slogans onto the library wall: "Free Palestine From the River to the Sea".

What does that mean? Well, it is a reference to Hamas's longstanding call for the extermination of the State of Israel.

Let's just be clear. This is a reference to their call for genocide of Jews in the Middle East and everywhere they can get their hands on them. This is what is going on, on our college campuses.

If you talk to the students who were there at George Washington University

that night, what they will tell you is, they feared for their safety; they feared for their lives; they don't know if they are any longer welcome on campus or physically safe on campus.

What did the university do in the wake of this attack? Well, the answer has become all too familiar. Virtually nothing. They issued a statement saying that the students weren't authorized to project these genocidal slogans onto the library wall, and that is about it.

We have to do a heck of a lot better than that.

Last night, at Cooper Union, an institution of higher education in the State of New York, Jewish students were barricaded inside their own library as a pro-Hamas group rampaged through the building shouting violent slurs at these students and then pounded on the library doors seeking to gain entrance.

This morning's New York Post reads: "Cooper Union barricades Jewish students inside library as pro-Palestinian protesters bang on [the] doors."

The students who were there last night spoke of being herded into the library, of campus security saying they didn't think they could protect them; campus security then locking the doors to the library to try and keep the Jewish students inside and an angry mob assembling.

There are photos of this. Don't take my word for it. The video is available everywhere. Go look for yourself.

An angry mob of pro-Palestinian, pro-Hamas students were banging on the windows—the glass windows—of the library at the Jewish students who were literally barricaded inside.

These students were calling 9-1-1, calling their relatives, asking for help. Eventually, an hour or more later, campus security reportedly took them out through the back door. They couldn't walk out the front door of a library in their own school. They had to be taken out the back for fear, I guess, of their safety, perhaps also for appearances.

I can't help but think, 50 years ago, 60 years ago, the President of the United States had to activate the 101st Airborne Division to make sure African-American students could go to class in this country without being physically assaulted. Is that what it has come to now on America's college campuses?

Are we going to have to activate the National Guard to see that Jewish students can go to class in safety without being in fear of their lives?

I would just say this: As a nation, we must speak with one voice and say that there is a right, and there is a wrong; there is good, and there is evil; and threatening to kill an entire class of people is wrong and it is evil.

Speaking up, shouting in support of genocide is wrong, and it is evil. Threatening the lives of your fellow students because they are Jewish is wrong, and it is evil.

Plainly, these institutions of so-called higher learning have failed these

students. These students have clearly no idea what right and wrong means. You project stuff like this on a library wall while your Jewish classmates stand in fear for their lives, you don't have any idea about what right and wrong is.

Clearly, these institutions have failed these students, which is why we need to speak with moral clarity now. This is a teachable moment. This is a moment for us to say that genocide is wrong, that terrorist attacks against Jews are wrong, that threats on the lives of Jewish people anywhere—the Middle East, in this country, Europe, anywhere—is wrong.

This shouldn't be hard. But we have to do it so that these students and everywhere within the sound of our voice can understand what right and wrong means—can understand the moral gravity of the situation we are now confronting.

That is why what we are doing today matters, and that is why I am pleased today that we are able now, finally, to pass this resolution that explicitly names the rhetoric, explicitly calls out the language of pro-violence, pro-genocide, and says that is wrong.

Now, I want to be clear. Our First Amendment—of which I am a great defender—our First Amendment allows people to say the most terrible things—vile, horrible, reprehensible things. The First Amendment, as I have often said, is the right to be wrong. And these students are absolutely wrong.

So they may have the right to say these things—although I must add, nobody has the right to threaten violence against other Americans or anybody within their ambit. They may have the right to say terrible things, to say that they are in favor of genocide, to say that they want to see Jewish people killed. They may have the right to say those things, but that doesn't mean that we have to agree with it. That doesn't mean that we have to say: Oh, that is morally neutral. Sure, you can say it, fine. We have no opinion.

No, no, no. The answer to that kind of hateful, virulent, dangerous speech is speech with moral purpose. It is language with moral clarity. It is a moral stand that says: No, that is wrong. That is not us. That is not the United States of America. That is what we are doing right here, right now, on this floor today.

I yield the floor.

I suggest the absence of a quorum.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will call the roll.

The senior assistant legislative clerk proceeded to call the roll.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Kentucky.

Mr. PAUL. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the order for the quorum call be rescinded.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

MOTION TO DISCHARGE—S.J. RES 44

Mr. PAUL. Mr. President, so much senseless violence, so much death and destruction, shouldn't we at least avoid wars of choice? Shouldn't we at least not go looking for trouble in every corner of the planet?

With the Middle East on fire, what sense does it make to have over 1,000 troops in Niger? Does it make sense to station over 1,000 troops in a country ruled by a military junta? Does it make sense to scour the back roads of Africa droning potential villains?

Today, the Senate will debate and vote on whether U.S. troops should remain engaged in hostilities in Niger. It should not go unnoticed that Congress never voted to send troops to Niger in the first place.

Presidents of both parties have used the September 11, 2001, authorization to use military force to justify wars in dozens of countries from Afghanistan to Libya, to Syria, to Somalia, to Yemen. Niger is but 1 of over 20 countries that the U.S. conducts military operations in, supposedly justified by the 9/11 authorization to use military force.

The impetus for this War Powers Resolution in 2001 has nothing to do with the situation of Africa today. This War Powers Resolution today, though, is related to the July 26 coup in which members of Niger's Presidential Guard, including some officers who were trained in the United States, removed the democratically elected President, Mohammed Bazoum, from power.

Now, the surrounding states around Niger are unhappy with this. The Economic Community of West African States is an organization of 15 countries. They have declared their intention to intervene militarily in Niger if President Bazoum is not restored to power.

We are in the middle of a potential war, with 1,100 troops in Niger, where a democratically elected President has been deposed, and they are being ruled by a military junta and still our troops are there.

In September, two other countries—Mali and Burkina Faso—that have experienced their own armed coups in recent years, signed a mutual defense pact to defend the military junta in Niger.

Niger's new leaders have put its military on maximum alert, citing an increased risk of attack. For its part, the Economic Community of West African States—15 countries—has imposed sanctions, instituted a no-fly zone, and closed border crossings. Recent reports indicate that Nigerian troops have been deployed along the border of the country Benin.

The Sahel is a powder keg, and we have over 1,000 military troops and personnel sitting in the middle of it. The Middle East is on fire, and yet we have 1,100 troops sitting in the middle of a potential war that we could be drug into. American forces face a very real

risk of being caught in the crossfire of a regional African war. That is all we need, is another war.

What are we doing in Niger? As I mentioned earlier, Congress never voted to send troops there. Congress never authorized the use of military force. Yet, on multiple occasions, U.S. forces in Niger have engaged in fire-fights with hostile groups. Sadly, American lives have already been lost.

My colleagues may recall that on October 4, 2017, four U.S. soldiers—SFC Jeremiah Johnson, SSG Bryan Black, SSG Dustin Wright, and SGT La David Johnson—were ambushed and killed while on a mission near the village of Tongo Tongo, Niger. This tragic incident was the largest loss of life for U.S. forces in Africa since the 1993 Black Hawk down incident.

At the time, the New York Times reported in a piece called “An Endless War” that two senior U.S. Senators, a Republican and a Democrat—both of whom still serve in this body—were surprised to learn that the United States even had troops in Niger. This is how distant we have become from controlling our intervention in war—that people in the body, in the upper body of the Congress, don’t even know we have troops in certain countries. We lose soldiers in countries, and nobody even knew we were there. There has been no vote of Congress. There has been no support of the people. This is being done by an administration—the previous administration, the one previous to that, and the current administration.

These Senators were surprised because Congress has abdicated its constitutional war powers to the executive branch. These Senators were surprised because this institute is content to allow the President to sidestep the Constitution and unilaterally deploy U.S. forces anywhere in the world, anytime, for any reason, by citing a virtually limitless interpretation of the 9/11 AUMF.

The country of Niger—the junta, the coup, the discord in Niger—has nothing to do with the attack on 9/11/2001. This attack prompted Congress to authorize war against those who attacked us on 9/11. It was passed in the days following the tragic events. The AUMF was narrowly tailored to bring justice to those responsible for attacking us on 9/11, but an ever-aggrandizing executive deliberately misinterprets—both Republican executives and Democrat executives deliberately misinterpret this AUMF as a limitless document to empower the President to go to war everywhere, all the time, forever.

Administrations of both parties cite this 2001 authorization for use of military force to continue U.S. military operations against various groups in 20 different countries. The majority of these countries—I would say all of these countries—had absolutely nothing to do with 9/11. Many of the groups we are targeting have no connection to 9/11. Many of them didn’t exist in 2001,

and many of their members weren’t even born in 2001. Using an AUMF from 22 years ago—an authorization to get the people who attacked us on 9/11—to justify a war in Niger is a ridiculous notion and should be rejected out of hand.

Deferring the decision as to when, where, and why our country goes to war is a dereliction of duty. Think about it. Our young men and women whom we send into harm’s way who may give up their lives anywhere around the world—don’t they deserve a debate? Don’t they deserve a vote? Don’t the 1,100 troops in Niger deserve that we debate on the floor of the Senate whether they should be there or not? God forbid they are your sons or your daughters, and they lose their lives in a remote corner of Africa, and there has never been one debate on the floor over whether or not we should even be there.

The Middle East is on fire, and we have 1,100 troops in Africa. These military interventions have been carried out across Africa, across the Middle East, and they have cost thousands of lives, trillions of dollars, and have made us less safe and less prosperous. In many cases, our interventions have been counterproductive, destabilizing, and have helped to create the conditions for Islamic extremism to prosper.

Does anybody remember our intervention in Libya? I know many policy-makers in this city think that is ancient history, but that Obama-led offensive helped to destroy the country of Libya. The U.S.-led coalition toppled the government of Muammar Qadhafi, killed hundreds of civilians, fomented anarchy which still exists today throughout the country of Libya, and opened the floodgates for widespread extremist terrorism to spread throughout the region.

If you look objectively, is there more or less terrorism in Libya than before we got rid of Qadhafi, before we intervened and the French and all of the countries intervened? There is more terrorism now. It is more of a problem. Libyans today are unambiguously worse off than before the intervention, than before the war.

In 2010, the U.N. Human Development Index ranked Libya 53rd in the world and 1st in Africa. This year, after the war, after 10 years of chaos, after 10 years of anarchy, Libya ranks near the bottom of all countries. They are 104th in the world. The country is a mess. It is destroyed. It has two governments. It has become a foundation for extremism throughout Africa.

We need to think about our interventions before they occur.

In 2010, the World Bank assessed Libya’s per capita GDP as \$11,600. Ten years later, the per capita GDP is almost half of that—\$5,910.

The U.N. Human Rights Office reports that the execution and torture of civilians in Libya happen on a regular occurrence. The U.N. has also identified the existence of open slave mar-

kets, where migrants and refugees transiting Libya are bought and sold as slaves. Thank goodness the developed world came in to remove the government of Libya and civilize the country that is now a huge mess and a huge sore.

The disasters the Obama administration helped unleash in Libya have had longlasting consequences in the entire region. Libyan arms, including heavy weaponry such as anti-aircraft guns and surface-to-air missiles, have been traced to criminals and terrorists across the region.

So we destroyed any sense of stability in Libya; the chaos spread throughout; and now we say: Oh, now we need to kill all the people who are spreading throughout the region who came from Libya.

We have traced their weapons to terrorists in Niger, in Mali, in Tunisia, in Syria, and in Algeria. Tragically, they are now showing up in Gaza. Some of the weapons in Gaza being launched against Israel are weapons that came out of the war in Libya.

The United States now uses Niger as a drone base to kill and try to clean up the mess that the United States and others created in Libya. The war in Libya that we, the French, and other countries participated in that left a power vacuum, that left a mess, spilled terrorists over into other countries. So what do we do? We create a drone base in Niger to kill these people. What happens when you kill the wrong people? What happens when the drone lands on a wedding, and 22 innocent people die at a wedding? What do you think happens to their relatives? How many terrorists are created for every innocent civilian killed?

You only have to think back to Afghanistan, the mess of leaving Afghanistan. I was for leaving Afghanistan, but it was a terrible military blunder. When we did, the executive branch, to save face—what did they do? They droned somebody. They just droned the wrong person. They droned a humanitarian aid worker and a bunch of kids. What do you think that does for terrorism? When you drone an aid worker and their kids, do you think you get more terrorism? Hell yes, you do. You get 10 more terrorists for every civilian you kill.

There is no reason in the world we should be in the heart of Africa with drones, killing people.

Unfortunately, it is rarely asked if our interminable military interventions create the very terrorists we seek to destroy. It is a question this body needs to answer.

When four of our soldiers were killed in Niger, many believed they were on a mission to track down a person named Doundou Chefou. According to the previous Nigerian Government, Doundou Chefou is a terrorist, but before he took up arms, he was a cattle herder of the Fulani Tribe who had no hatred for the Nigerian Government or the U.S. Government. Members of a rival Tribe,

the Tuareg Tribe, became mercenaries for Qadhafi. Once Libya was destroyed, guess what. They decided to come back to Niger. They were attacking the cattle herder, Chefou.

These are local disputes that have to do with armed mercenaries coming from Libya into Niger. So what do we do? We get involved in that, and tragically American lives were lost getting involved in something when maybe our country never should have been there to begin with.

After Qadhafi was deposed, the mercenaries from Libya returned home to Niger, but they were now armed with weapons of war. They turned these arms on the Fulani Tribe to pillage their cattle. This was a dispute over thieves taking people's cattle. Do you think that necessitates a predator drone to be dropped on these people? Do you think that somehow we are eliminating terrorism by droning people involved in a cattle dispute? Although it may not be justified, should we be surprised that Chefou turned to people who happened to be Islamist for guns and training?

Do the proponents of Western military intervention not understand that we may be creating the terrorists we seek to destroy? Do we not see the folly of our adventurism that transforms cattle herders into jihadists?

U.S. troops have been stationed in Niger since at least 2013. There has been no vote. The Constitution is clear: We do not fight wars without the approval of Congress. Yet, for a decade, we have had troops over there. Both parties, Republican and Democrat, gradually increased and gradually increased. We drone people. We sometimes drone parents. Sometimes we drone people at a wedding. Ten years later, our presence in Niger has multiplied, and not once has this body debated the merits of our mission there, let alone authorized the use of military force.

We will debate it today not because they are interested in the subject, not because they wish to put an imprimatur on war, not because they think they have any responsibility to our soldiers or any responsibility to the people in Africa whether we should be there; we will debate it today because I forced them to debate it. This is a privileged motion, and they can't stop me. This debate over whether or not there should be a war in Africa—a war in Niger—or whether any of our troops should be there is only because I forced them to debate this. They want nothing to do with this. In fact, they would just as soon rely on a resolution from 2001. They want nothing to do with this. They want no responsibility. They want to wash their hands of this. Then one day, when they wake up and discover that four soldiers have died in a country they didn't even know we were involved with, they say: Not my problem. That is a Presidential thing.

That is not what the Constitution intended. The Constitution intended that

we would be involved and that the loss of life and the sending of our troops overseas would be our responsibility and that we would be reticent to do it. Instead, we do nothing; we turn the other way. And when our soldiers die in a heroic fashion, fighting for a cause where the symbolism of the cause is just, there has been no debate. They say: Oh, we voted on that before you were born. You were born long after 2001, but somebody, somewhere, once upon a time, voted for a resolution in 2001, and that is good enough. We wash our hands.

Well, today, we will vote. This will put the Senate on record, and they will be responsible for their vote. Will they vote to end our presence in a country that is now run by a military coup? a country where there is threatened war from all sides? Will we enter into a war that is clearly a war of choice or will we say: No. Maybe it is time to get the heck out of there, to get the heck out of the middle of a war.

Either way, I will put them on record today—but not because they want to but because they are forced to debate this issue because I bring it to the floor.

We have learned that the soldiers who perished tragically in 2017 in Niger were on a mission authorized by section 127e of title 10 of the United States Code. What is that? It is a piece of the law that unfortunately has been put forward by the legislature to give the President the power to do whatever he wants up to \$100 million, the authority to expend up to \$100 million during a fiscal year to “provide support to foreign forces, irregular forces, groups, or individuals engaged in supporting or facilitating authorized ongoing military operations.”

Those are a lot of fancy words to say the President can do anything he wants anywhere in the world because we gave him this power. But there is something in the Constitution that says we cannot delegate our power. The Constitution doesn't allow the legislature to delegate their power to the Executive.

We can't give up our warmaking power. This is unconstitutional. You cannot allow just little wars to happen, up to \$100 million per year, without any vote. That is giving up the authority the Constitution gave to us. It is clearly unconstitutional and should be repealed.

In short, this section of legal code provides the Pentagon unilateral authority to wage secret wars anywhere in the world without any oversight by Congress and even less public scrutiny. Unfortunately, the loss of four of our soldiers illuminates the fact that our troops who are operating under this authority are also in harm's way.

Earlier this month, the Biden administration finally formally declared that a military coup took place in Niger. Once that declaration was made, the United States was statutorily required to suspend all foreign and military as-

sistance. You would think that would include having 1,000 troops there.

A senior administration official stated to CNN that the counterterrorism operations will remain paused, as will all U.S. training activities to build the capacity of the Nigerian forces.

It seems as if our troops have no mission. Someone should explain why we are still leaving them in the middle of a war. French President Emmanuel Macron recently announced that France will end its military presence in Niger and bring some 1,500 soldiers home. We should also bring our 1,000 troops home.

To commit America's military to fight wars on behalf of the Nation is the most consequential and humbling responsibility that Congress is entrusted with. Can we not, at the very least, muster the courage to have a debate? If America's interest in Niger is of such vital importance that we ask our young men to fight and potentially pay the ultimate sacrifice to defend it, we at least owe our soldiers a debate in Congress—not, “Your grandparents debated this,” “Your parents debated this,” or, “Another generation debated this,” but that we are willing to debate, here and now, whether or not we should be at war in Niger.

A “yes” vote on my resolution gives each of us an opportunity to go on record and tell our constituents that we will no longer stand idly by as the President sends their sons and daughters into harm's way to fight wars, with no clear objective, with no definition of victory, with no exit strategy, and with no constitutional authorization.

I encourage my colleagues to vote yes to take America out of hostilities in Niger.

MOTION TO DISCHARGE

Mr. President, I move to discharge S.J. Res. 44.

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. LUJÁN). The clerk will report the motion to discharge.

The legislative clerk read as follows:

Motion to discharge from the Committee on Foreign Relations, S.J. Res. 44, directing the removal of United States Armed Forces from hostilities in the Republic of Niger that have not been authorized by Congress.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Idaho.

Mr. RISCH. Mr. President, I rise in opposition to my friend's motion to discharge this from our committee.

Let me start where he left off. He is asking that we remove our troops from hostilities in Niger. Let me say this as clearly as I can: We have no troops involved in hostilities in Niger. If we did, this would be a big deal and this place would be full and we would be talking about combat operations. We do not have that.

The United States is not involved in combat operations in Niger. We do conduct focused intelligence operations to protect our troops in the region as well as our partners and allies and, most importantly, to monitor threats.

It is inaccurate to equate routine security assistance in counterterrorism operations and monitoring with involvement in hostilities. This incorrect assumption threatens U.S. security assistance around the globe.

A swift U.S. withdrawal from Niger, as proposed in this resolution, would weaken our regional reconnaissance efforts to monitor terrorist activities, which, of course, are in the national security interests of the United States of America and all American citizens. It would also leave the door open for Russia to come in and take over our facilities.

In early 2023, AFRICOM Commander Gen. Michael Langley told Congress that “Africa is the epicenter of international terrorism,” an understatement, at best, and something we all knew. Since then, the threat has nothing but grown against U.S. interests and partners in the Sahel. As it has grown, Iran and the Wagner Group, backed by the Kremlin, seek to exploit Sahel’s weakness by aligning with military juntas.

Despite the recent coup in Niger weakening the country’s security, invoking U.S. restrictions on aid, Niger remains vital for Western counterterrorism in the Sahel and for observation purposes.

America cannot be the policemen of the world, but that does not mean we should not have observation posts, we should not do counterintelligence and national security monitoring, and it doesn’t mean that we shouldn’t do intelligence operations.

With all due respect to my friend, I know that this is well-intentioned, but the result would be very negative for U.S. national security.

I yield the floor.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Maryland.

Mr. CARDIN. Mr. President, I, too, also oppose this motion for the reasons that Senator RISCH outlined.

Our presence there are not troops in hostility. To the contrary. We have been asked. Our African partners have asked for our support, and our European allies are looking for us to stand firm.

This is a situation where our troops are welcomed in order to prevent the terrorist activities that are taking place in that part of Africa.

We had a committee hearing on the Sahel this week. You saw the circumstances in this part of Africa. It is dangerous there. The U.S. presence is helping save lives and to contain terrorism. Our partners in Africa want us there to deal with that threat. Now is not the time to signal that we are abandoning them. This is not the time to draw down our military presence in Niger, which could directly impact their security.

Now is not the time for the United States to send a message that we cannot be relied upon. Think about what this says to our partners if we were to pull out. Think about what it says to

our enemies. Russia already has a foothold in Africa, including right next door in Mali. Their presence has been absolutely devastating for the people of the countries where it operates.

Russia’s affiliated forces have committed horrific human rights atrocities. Just in Mali, the Wagner mercenaries and multiple armed forces are believed to have massacred 500 people in March of 2022. That is why our presence is so valuable and so important to that region. We do not give enough attention to that part of the world. We certainly don’t want to signal that we are abandoning that part of the world. If we do that, we leave a vacuum. If we leave a vacuum, Russia will fill it; the Wagner mercenaries will fill it.

I urge my colleagues to defeat the motion.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Kentucky.

Mr. PAUL. Mr. President, the opponents of the resolution have stated here today on the floor that no troops are involved in combat in Niger. I think the families of the four soldiers who died over there would be surprised to find out that their loved ones who gave their lives were not involved in combat. What an insult.

They would also be surprised—or people would be surprised—to find out that killing someone with a drone is not combat. One of the main bases we have in Niger is a drone base for killing people. So if it is not combat to kill people with a drone and it is not combat to have four soldiers die, I am not sure what combat is. But this is clearly combat. It is clearly wrong. It clearly has not been authorized. It should not be authorized.

The argument has also been made by opponents of this resolution that they want us there; that all of Africa is in open arms and wants us there. Well, guess what, the people who rule the country of Niger don’t. They asked the French to leave, and the French are leaving. All 1,500 troops are leaving. They have asked us to leave. Maybe we should take their advice.

It is not a democratically elected government. So the military junta that took over and put the President in jail wants us to leave. The people who want us to stay are in other countries who have threatened war with Niger for imprisoning the President. There is a conflict. There have been 17 military coups in this part of the world. This part of Africa, in the last decade, has had 17 coups and, guess what, 11 of the coups are led by people trained in the United States.

This is a policy that is not working. We think it is a benign policy. It is a terrible policy. We are bringing them here, training them; they are going over and deposing the democratically elected President. Don’t be fooled. There is combat there. Four of our soldiers have died, and it is an insult to their families to say it is not combat.

They don’t want us; the juntas asked us to leave; and I would support this

resolution, which says we need to bring our troops home.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Maryland.

Mr. CARDIN. Mr. President, I just want to correct the record. It is correct that they asked the French to leave, but they want America’s presence there. They have not asked America and its troops to leave. That is why it is not hostilities. We are there at their invitation, not as a hostile force.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Idaho.

Mr. RISCH. Mr. President, very briefly to respond to my good friend from Kentucky, first of all, we are not conducting drone strikes out of Niger. We have not. We are not. We will not.

As far as the four troops who were killed in 2017, the good Senator knows that was well investigated; it was not during combat operations that they were killed that U.S. troops were involved in. It was a one-off that certainly was accidental. We are not engaged in hostilities or combat in Niger.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Kentucky.

Mr. PAUL. Mr. President, opponents of this resolution say we are not involved in combat and that drones aren’t killing people. Guess what. All those records are secretive. They are all classified and put away from the American people. We have no idea what they are doing with drones. I tend to doubt it, and I do think drones have killed people.

I also think that we are using our ability to surveil and oversee the region to give them targets for their own drones. So, no, we are involved.

When they say that the people of Niger want us to stay, are they talking about the President who is in jail? The guy who was elected is in jail. Are they now saying it is justified to stay because a bunch of thugs who took over the government by military force want us to stay? What a crazy notion.

You are here on the floor today supporting the junta. You will support whatever it takes to stay there. You don’t care whether it is a democratically elected government or a junta, but it is a mess. The surrounding countries support the President, who is in jail—some of them. Two or three of them who have had juntas themselves support the junta. It is a mess. The French are leaving because it is a mess.

There is no clear mission. Our mission was to train their troops. Are you going to train the junta’s troops?

They have been declared a coup. Even the Biden administration has declared them a coup, and we are cutting off funding, but we are going to leave troops in the middle of a war. If they are killed by a terrorist attack, if hundreds of our soldiers are killed as they were in Beirut, I think people will rue the day you put our soldiers in the middle of a thankless situation, with no mission, no plan, and no approval by Congress.

I recommend a “yes” vote on the resolution.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Maryland.

UNANIMOUS CONSENT AGREEMENT—H.R. 4366

Mr. CARDIN. Mr. President, I would ask unanimous consent that there be 2 minutes of debate, equally divided, prior to each rollcall vote during the consideration of H.R. 4366.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. CARDIN. Mr. President, I would ask consent that the vote scheduled for 11:30 begin immediately.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

VOTE ON MOTION TO DISCHARGE

Mr. PAUL. Mr. President, I would ask unanimous consent that we proceed to the roll call vote, and I ask for the yeas and nays on this resolution.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the motion to discharge.

Is there a sufficient second?

There appears to be a sufficient second.

The clerk will call the roll.

The legislative clerk called the roll.

Mr. DURBIN. I announce that the Senator from Maine (Mr. KING) and the Senator from California (Mr. PADILLA) are necessarily absent.

Mr. THUNE. The following Senator is necessarily absent: the Senator from South Carolina (Mr. SCOTT).

The result was announced—yeas 11, nays 86, as follows:

[Rollcall Vote No. 270 Leg.]

YEAS—11

Braun	Markey	Sanders
Kaine	Marshall	Vance
Kennedy	Merkley	Welch
Lee	Paul	

NAYS—86

Baldwin	Fetterman	Reed
Barrasso	Fischer	Ricketts
Bennet	Gillibrand	Risch
Blackburn	Graham	Romney
Blumenthal	Grassley	Rosen
Booker	Hagerty	Rounds
Boozman	Hassan	Rubio
Britt	Hawley	Schatz
Brown	Heinrich	Schmitt
Budd	Hickenlooper	Schumer
Butler	Hirono	Scott (FL)
Cantwell	Hoeven	Shaheen
Capito	Hyde-Smith	Sinema
Cardin	Johnson	Smith
Carper	Kelly	Stabenow
Casey	Klobuchar	Sullivan
Cassidy	Lankford	Tester
Collins	Lujan	Thune
Coons	Lummis	Tillis
Cornyn	Manchin	Tuberville
Cortez Masto	McConnell	Van Hollen
Cotton	Menendez	Warner
Cramer	Moran	Warnock
Crapo	Mullin	Warren
Cruz	Murkowski	Whitehouse
Daines	Murphy	Wicker
Duckworth	Murray	Wyden
Durbin	Ossoff	Young
Ernst	Peters	

NOT VOTING—3

King	Padilla	Scott (SC)
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The motion was rejected.

MILITARY CONSTRUCTION, VETERANS AFFAIRS AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2024—Continued

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. HEINRICH). The Senator from Indiana.

AMENDMENT NO. 1182

Mr. BRAUN. Mr. President, I call up my amendment No. 1182 and ask that it be reported by number.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report.

The senior assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

The Senator from Indiana [Mr. BRAUN], for himself and others, proposes an amendment numbered 1182 to amendment No. 1092.

The amendment is as follows:

(Purpose: To prohibit earmarks)

On page 2, after line 19, add the following:

SEC. 4. PROHIBITION ON EARMARKS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any provision of any division of this Act, none of the funds made available under any division of this Act may be used to implement any earmark, Community Project Funding, or Congressionally Directed Spending specified in any provision of any division of this Act or in any report described in section 3.

(b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this section shall prevent funds allocated for any earmark, Community Project Funding, or Congressionally Directed Spending included in any division of this Act or in a report described in section 3 of the matter preceding division A in this Act from being awarded under a merit-based process under existing law.

Mr. BRAUN. Mr. President, Americans are hurting more than I think in any other time since I have been here for sure; high inflation—I calculate in the 5 years I have been here, we have added 15 trillion to our national debt—struggling to make ends meet and I think inflation, and all of this is DC's fault.

Starting in 2021, Congress kept passing huge spending bills. We have never gone off of it since then. We now borrow a trillion dollars every 6 months; it used to be annually. Massive spending packages sail through this place because they are packed with pet projects. We have even brought back earmarks. Earmarks give Representatives, give Senators, the incentive to be big spenders. We should cut every earmark out of this bill and ban them permanently and quit loading up our kids and grandkids with the debt to pay for all this.

Shameful, in my mind.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Washington.

MAINE SHOOTING

Mrs. MURRAY. Mr. President, before I speak, I just want to take a moment to speak to the gut-wrenching shooting that occurred in Maine last night. The situation, I know, is still developing, and I am sure there will be more to say about what the Lewiston community is going through and what steps we, as a nation, must take to prevent gun violence.

But even as we get more information, it is painfully clear this was a horrific blow to a close-knit community, and I want my colleagues from Maine and everyone in Maine to know that my heart goes out to them, everyone who is affected by this tragedy, and I think I speak for all of us when I say the Senate stands with both of our colleagues from Maine.

AMENDMENT NO. 1182

Mr. President, now to the task at hand. Last Congress, Senate and House Committees on Appropriations leaders reinstated the practice of congressionally directed spending—or CDS—with bipartisan support. CDS is an important way for Senators to advocate for their States and the communities they know best through their investments in projects to improve transportation and drinking water infrastructure, support workforce development programs, childcare centers, so much more.

So at the beginning of this year, the Senator from Maine and I laid out a robust process to accept CDS requests for fiscal year 2024, and that process included extremely important guardrails: requiring each Senator who requested a CDS to certify neither they nor their immediate family members have any financial interest in the project, to ensure that each funded project is clearly identified in the reports with the requesting Senator's name and posted on our committee website, required Senators to publish their CDS requests on their own websites, established an audit process with the GAO, prohibited for-profit entities from receiving CDS funding, and established a total limit on the amount of funding that could be dedicated to CDS in our Senate bills.

Across the three bills in this funding package, the committee received nearly 7,000 CDS requests from 66 Senators on both sides of the aisle. Then our staff worked diligently to review all of those requests to make sure they met Agency eligibility requirements and complied with Senate rules and the additional guidelines we had set—if the project met those requirements, eligible for funding.

We respect the projects that Senators choose to request and their decisions on CDS priorities for their States and their constituents. And through the CDS process, Congress is exercising our constitutional power of the purse. After all, we all know better than anyone about the needs of our States and our constituents.

So I oppose this amendment, and I urge my colleagues to do so as well.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Maine.

MAINE SHOOTING

Ms. COLLINS. Mr. President, before I address the amendment offered by Senator BRAUN, let me thank the Senator from Washington State for her very kind comments expressing condolences to the people of Maine.

Our hearts are so heavy today. This heinous attack, which has robbed the lives of at least 18 Mainers and injured so many more, is the worst mass shooting that we could ever imagine in our State. This is a dark day for our State.

I am grateful for the expressions of support and offers of help and condolences that I have received from my colleagues and friends across the Nation as well as from the administration.

I have had conversations both last night throughout the night and early

this morning with President Biden, Secretary Mayorkas, Attorney General Merrick Garland, and special advisor to the President Tom Perez, who has been particularly helpful in mobilizing resources for the State of Maine so that this killer can be captured.

S.J. RES. 44

It is hard to transition from the terrible attack in Maine to talk about the Braun amendment, but that is what I must do.

First, let me make a very important point. What we are talking about is whether the legislative branch of government should make decisions about government spending or whether that decisionmaking should be given entirely to the executive branch when it comes to specific projects.

We are not talking about adding more money; we are talking about who makes the decision. And, indeed, in our Senate appropriations bills, less than one-half of 1 percent of the funding is allocated to congressionally directed spending projects.

This process has provided opportunities for Members of Congress from both parties who understand the needs of their constituents far better than every Federal Agency to advocate for specific investments in their local communities.

As Chair MURRAY has said, we have included safeguards to promote transparency and accountability. First, we prohibit for-profit entities from eligibility. Second, we require public disclosure to ensure that spending decisions are made in the light of day. For the appropriation measures before us today, each Member's CDS request has been posted online since April. There is no secrecy here. They also include a certification that neither the Member of Congress nor members of their immediate family have any financial interest in the CDS items that they have requested.

Further, the disclosure tables for each bill list each Member who submitted a request for a particular project that was funded. These tables have been available online since this past summer when the bills were considered and approved in committee.

The directed investments of these three bills that we are considering will make a difference to our constituents. They include funding to support agricultural research, local transportation and community development projects, as well as military construction projects that are on the service's unfunded priorities list.

So I urge my colleagues to protect our constitutional power of the purse and support the Senate's ability to make substantive, tangible investments in our communities. I urge a "no" vote on Senator BRAUN's amendment.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Indiana.

Mr. BRAUN. First of all, I echo the comments of Senators Collins and Murray on the tragedy in Maine. We see it all too often.

When it comes to this place, we don't do budgets anymore. We haven't done them—that we have adhered to—in over 20 years.

We piled up—to give you a little taste of debt—\$5 trillion in debt in 2000. We added another \$6 trillion, I believe, or \$5 trillion by 2008. We added another 8 from 2008 to 2016. Where is it going to end?

Yes, Congressional Directive Spending would be OK if it was in the context of actually doing budgets and not borrowing all this money from our kids and grandkids.

This is symbolic mostly, but going back to earmarks just says we are putting a rubber stamp on the dysfunction that drives this place in the first place.

I yield.

VOTE ON AMENDMENT NO. 1182

Mr. BRAUN. And I ask for the yeas and nays.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment.

Is there a sufficient second?

There appears to be a sufficient second.

The clerk will call the roll.

The senior assistant legislative clerk called the roll.

Mr. DURBIN. I announce that the Senator from Maine (Mr. KING) and the Senator from California (Mr. PADILLA) are necessarily absent.

Mr. THUNE. The following Senator is necessarily absent: the Senator from South Carolina (Mr. SCOTT).

The result was announced—yeas 35, nays 62, as follows:

[Rollcall Vote No. 271 Leg.]

YEAS—35

Barrasso	Fischer	Ricketts
Blackburn	Grassley	Risch
Braun	Hagerty	Romney
Budd	Hawley	Rubio
Cassidy	Hoeven	Schmitt
Cornyn	Johnson	Scott (FL)
Cotton	Kennedy	Tester
Cramer	Lankford	Thune
Crapo	Lee	Tuberville
Cruz	Lummis	Vance
Daines	Marshall	Young
Ernst	Paul	

NAYS—62

Baldwin	Hassan	Reed
Bennet	Heinrich	Rosen
Blumenthal	Hickenlooper	Rounds
Booker	Hirono	Sanders
Boozman	Hyde-Smith	Schatz
Britt	Kaine	Schumer
Brown	Kelly	Shaheen
Butler	Klobuchar	Sinema
Cantwell	Lujan	Smith
Capito	Manchin	Stabenow
Cardin	Markey	Sullivan
Carper	McConnell	Tillis
Casey	Menendez	Van Hollen
Collins	Merkley	Warner
Coons	Moran	Warnock
Cortez Masto	Mullin	Warren
Duckworth	Murkowski	Welch
Durbin	Murphy	Whitehouse
Fetterman	Murray	Wicker
Gillibrand	Ossoff	Wyden
Graham	Peters	

NOT VOTING—3

King	Padilla	Scott (SC)
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The amendment (No. 1182) was rejected.

PROVIDING FOR CONGRESSIONAL DISAPPROVAL UNDER CHAPTER 8 OF TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE, OF THE RULE SUBMITTED BY THE FOOD AND NUTRITION SERVICE RELATING TO "APPLICATION OF BOSTOCK V. CLAYTON COUNTY TO PROGRAM DISCRIMINATION COMPLAINT PROCESSING-POLICY UPDATE"

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. PETERS). Under the previous order, the Senate will proceed to the consideration of S.J. Res. 42, which the clerk will report.

The senior assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A joint resolution (S.J. Res. 42) providing for congressional disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Food and Nutrition Service relating to "Application of Bostock v. Clayton County to Program Discrimination Complaint Processing-Policy Update".

The PRESIDING OFFICER. There is now 30 minutes of debate, equally divided.

The Senator from Michigan.

Ms. STABENOW. Mr. President, also from Michigan, it is wonderful to see you in the Chair.

Mr. President, I want to explain how we got here today because you are going to hear a lot of things that are just false today and, frankly, are things that, I believe, are mean and using some of our most vulnerable children for political stunts.

But let's start. Why are we having this discussion? Well, the Supreme Court has ruled that discrimination based on sex includes sexual orientation and gender identity. In general, it makes sense. The administration, including the U.S. Department of Agriculture, is simply updating its policies to comply with the law.

Now, last year, 22 Republican attorneys general took the Department of Agriculture to court based on the argument that you will hear today from this resolution's sponsor. Everything you will hear they sued the Department of Agriculture over, and the court just dismissed the case. They completely dismissed the case. In fact, the opinion dismissing the lawsuit called the Republicans out for their political stunt. This is the judge saying this, stating that this case had nothing to do with bathrooms or sports teams. And the judge then said that this case is about food stamps and nutrition—not bathrooms, not sports teams, not free speech, and not religious exercise. It is about whether or not the USDA—how they administer food benefits: school breakfast, school lunch, after-school snacks, and other kinds of school and other food programs. And the judge said: The plaintiff States want to ignore a Federal statute and discriminate against poor people who do not conform to traditional conception of sex.

So this is about food programs.

And then the judge went on to say: The plaintiff States' insistence to the

contrary is no more than an invitation to join a political discussion untethered to applicable statutes or precedent. The court will instead simply apply the law.

So I urge the rejection of what has been called a political stunt by the Federal court. I am calling it a political stunt because it is very clear that children are being used to address what some colleagues have said is just “red meat” to Republicans, to feed the cultural wars.

Now, I want to say that I am really glad that my Republican colleagues are so concerned about feeding kids, and they should be happy to know that the USDA food and nutrition policies have nothing to do with school bathrooms and nothing to do with school sports. The USDA food programs have nothing to do with funding the rest of the school programs. The Federal nutrition money is not used on anything else. It can't be withheld on anything else or for funding anything else, other than the school meals. That is what it is all about.

This whole exercise is nothing more than a political stunt using children, as I said before, to stoke the made-up cultural wars. Every child deserves to enjoy school breakfast or lunch without being singled out for being LGBTQ+, period. That is all this is about.

I also want to just add that the Biden administration is focused on making sure the kids have access to meals and families can put food on their table, and it is absurd that anyone would say otherwise. They have increased access to free meals for students, expanded local food options, and are making meals healthier.

And we came together, at the end of last year, Senator BOOZMAN and I, and led an effort to expand summer meals. It was a wonderful bipartisan effort to make sure, in the summer, that we have 29 million children, who would otherwise not eat healthy meals, have a chance to get a healthy meal.

So we should be working together on bipartisan efforts to provide healthy food for our children. This exercise does not accomplish that. It is nothing more, unfortunately, than a cruel political stunt.

I urge my colleagues to vote no.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Wisconsin.

Ms. BALDWIN. Mr. President, I rise today in strong opposition to S.J. Res. 42, which I view as a cruel effort to green-light discrimination against LGBTQ+ children.

My colleagues—some of them—across the aisle have made false claims about a policy that the Biden administration has released, a policy that makes clear the obvious: that every child should be able to get lunch at school no matter their race, religion, ability, gender identity, sex, or sexual orientation. That is it—a simple, narrow directive from the USDA that says schools that receive Federal funding for nutrition

assistance must not discriminate within the confines of these nutrition programs on the basis of gender identity, sex, or sexual orientation.

This is not about bathrooms. This is not about locker rooms. This is not about sports. This is also not about pushing some alleged agenda. This is about feeding children, period.

Since this policy was issued over a year ago, in May of 2022, the USDA has initiated no enforcement-related actions, not a single case—zip, nada, zero. This is a “solution” in search of a problem. The actual problem is some of my Republican colleagues’ continued efforts to pick on LGBTQ+ children for their own political gain. By overturning this policy, my Republican colleagues are essentially arguing that discrimination based on gender identity, sex, and sexual orientation is OK.

Well, I am so glad that there haven't been any instances of this happening. Just imagine the scenario that my colleagues are trying to allow. All of us—all of us—in the Senate represent LGBTQ+ children and their families.

Say you are one of those children and you are told you can't have your school breakfast or lunch because of who you are, depriving a child of eating because Congress has decided that that would be OK.

This is not OK. This resolution is not about doing good for the American people or making their lives better. In fact, it is quite the opposite. Resolutions like these have a profound impact on LGBTQ+ kids and their families.

I rise today to remind my Republican colleagues that their actions do not go unnoticed by LGBTQ+ children, kids who already face increased adversity every day in the form of harassment or bullying or discrimination. As a consequence, LGBTQ+ youth are four times as likely to attempt suicide than their peers, and nearly 60 percent of LGBTQ+ youth report experiencing symptoms of depression.

Our words matter. Our actions here matter. When some Republicans attack gay and trans children, our kids hear that. They hear that they are not welcome at school, in public, and, tragically, sometimes even at home. They hear that their rights are lesser than their peers because of simply who they are. They hear that they don't have the same freedoms and liberties as every other kid. They hear that the adults in the room, including some of my colleagues here in Congress, do not care.

Well, I care, and that is why I am standing up against this attack and, frankly, all the attacks I am seeing on gay and trans kids. LGBTQ+ children deserve the freedom to be like any other kids, whether that be playing sports, joining a club, or just being a kid, free from bullying and harassment and discrimination. And that, of course, includes the school lunch line. These kids have a right to a life without harassment or further stigmatization.

Should this misguided resolution go through, Congress is giving folks a free

pass to deny a school lunch to a kid just because of who they are. And, make no mistake, this resolution would make our LGBTQ+ kids feel less welcome and less safe in their own schools. This policy is about feeding children no matter who they are, and it is just that simple. Please vote no.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Hawaii.

Mr. SCHATZ. Mr. President, Republicans need to leave the kids alone—leave the kids alone. Right now, they are trying to deny food to LGBTQ kids because they have disagreements about policies concerning trans people. Instead of debating those disagreements among adults, they are holding school lunches for kids hostage.

I want to be really clear about what this proposal would do and the message that it would send to millions of Americans. It would overturn a policy that prevents LGBTQ kids and adults from being discriminated against while accessing Federal nutrition assistance like school meals, food banks, SNAP benefits.

You have an issue with high school sports? I think you are wrong, but have at it. You have a view about trans people? I think you are wrong, I think it is terrible, but have at it. But leave the kids alone. Let them eat. Let the children have a lunch. Every kid deserves a square meal. Leave them alone.

Most people are fortunate enough to not have to worry about where their next meal will come from. It is just a routine part of life. But that isn't the case for many queer Americans who are twice as likely to experience food insecurity, according to the Census Bureau. And trans people are three times as likely to be food insufficient compared to cisgender individuals.

This policy is not just another line in the rule book; it is the difference between people having a meal and going to bed hungry. If we can't hold kids harmless—if we can't hold kids harmless—what the hell are we doing here? Can't we have some boundaries to the culture wars? Can't we have some disagreements without looping in the children? They are kids; we are adults. We are responsible for their health and safety. Let them have a square meal.

I yield the floor.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Kansas.

Mr. MARSHALL. Mr. President, it is always a great honor to come to this hallowed floor to fight for our youth, our Nation's greatest treasure.

I would ask the White House to leave our kids alone. They are the ones that have picked this fight. It is the White House that won't leave our kids alone.

I rise in support of S.J. Res. 42, which would strike down a policy memorandum regarding the Federal school lunch program that the USDA issued that has been weaponized against our youth. That is right. This administration is using school lunches to attack our youth, to implement their transgender policies.

Let me begin by stating as a physician, as an OB/GYN, I devoted my entire life to the health and well-being of moms and children. From a mother's first visit to our office to the baby's birth and during the childhood, nutrition is a key to the healthy development and growth of every infant, toddler, and school-age child. During my time as a doctor and now on Capitol Hill, there is nothing I stress more to moms than the importance of nutrition.

With that being said, I would like to make it abundantly clear as I address this Chamber, there is no greater champion for children's health and nutrition than me. That is why, as you can imagine, I am deeply troubled by the way my friends across the aisle have described the intent of this resolution today. I am actually shocked by just how wrong and, frankly, deceitful they are with their tactics and messaging on this CRA.

Let me be clear, the only player in this policy fight that wants to and has actually suspended access to the school lunch program is the Biden administration. After 3 years, I thought I had seen it all when it came to what this current administration is willing to do in order to force its radical transgender agenda on the American people. Unfortunately, we have underestimated how committed they are to forcing this harmful ideology on all of us.

Today, I am bringing this resolution to the floor to expose the lengths the Biden administration is willing to go to appease the far-left factions of their party. I learned a long time ago with this White House: Don't listen to what they say; watch what they do. Take note; observe their actions.

Listen to this: A memorandum issued by the USDA last May shows they have extended fighting the cultural war in a way that leaves school lunches for children hanging in the balance. Right now, as I stand here in this Chamber, the Biden administration is threatening food assistance for low-income kids unless the schools they attend carry out their transgender agenda, putting children's access to lunch at risk.

This resolution of disapproval we are considering today aims to overturn this horrific policy memorandum for the USDA which would deny low-income kids access to the Federal school lunch program if their school does not adhere to the Biden administration's mandate. This includes, but is not limited to, requiring biological boys to be given access to girls' bathrooms and locker rooms or allowing biological boys to compete in girls' sports.

We have heard all these stories of young women denied opportunities to win a championship or gain a scholarship because a biological boy was allowed to compete in their events. Listen, this is flat-out wrong. As someone who was a middle school student when title IX was enacted and I saw firsthand the value of that law to allow

young girls to participate in school sports—many of whom went on to receive athletic scholarships—to see this action by the White House is heart-breaking.

The USDA memorandum would force Christian schools to abandon their religious beliefs. Listen, this is not hyperbole or political rhetoric. The Biden administration has already weaponized the school lunch program and suspended access to the school lunch program specifically in two schools, requiring both to file lawsuits over losing Federal food assistance.

In California, the USDA has actually taken away school lunch funding from kids because a Christian school refused to violate their closely held religious beliefs and their hiring policies because this school wanted to draw the workforce from a pool of individuals who share their values and live out their religious convictions. Children, including LGBTQ families, had their Federal funding for their lunches taken away. This is fact.

What is ironic here is there was an original case in Florida where USDA granted an exemption for religious schools and forced the Federal statute that includes a robust religious exception. But this year, a second lawsuit has been filed because the USDA wasn't abiding by the standard the statute set. If the USDA is not going to follow its own exemption and ignore Federal law, then we must act—and we must act today.

More than 20 Republican attorneys general agree with me and are suing the USDA over the policy memorandum. If this USDA policy continues, schools risk losing Federal funds for free and reduced lunches.

In total, more than 29 million students nationwide receive free or reduced lunch programs, something I am proud to support.

We must protect these children's food security, their privacy, and their safety at all costs. The USDA has no authority to force this on our children or the schools they attend; to adhere to woke mandate such as requiring boys to be given access to girls' bathrooms and locker rooms or allowing boys to compete against girls in girls' sports. The USDA has no authority to tell Christian schools they have to violate their religious beliefs.

I will wrap up it up with this. We must stop this policy dead in its tracks to protect access to school lunches for students across this country and send a clear message to this administration: Stop weaponizing the Federal Government.

Let me state again: The only player in this policy fight aiming to take away access to the school lunch program is the Biden administration. This CRA would not allow for discrimination against kids in the lunch line. That is protected by Federal law. It is in the statute.

With that, I encourage my colleagues to support its passage.

I would like to yield the remainder of my time to the Senator from the great State of Texas, Senator CRUZ.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Texas.

Mr. CRUZ. Mr. President, I rise today to support Senator MARSHALL's resolution of disapproval of this outrageous rule.

I have to say, as I sat here on the Senate floor, I listened to my friend from Hawaii give his floor remarks. As I listened to what he said, I wrote down some of what he said. He said "Kids need to eat." He said "Don't take the food away from children." And he said "Don't drag children into the culture wars."

I have to admit, Mr. President, I felt like I was in "Alice in Wonderland" and that I had gone through the looking glass because I agree emphatically with all three of those statements; and, for a moment there, I thought the Senator from Hawaii had given a speech in support of this resolution of disapproval.

What is this issue about? Understand what it is about. It is Joe Biden and the Democrats who are taking food away from children. The U.S. Department of Agriculture has told schools: We will cut off your school lunch funding. We will take the food off of your plates and out of your mouths unless the schools comply with the Biden administration's radical transgender policies.

It is Joe Biden and the Democrats and every Democrat who votes in favor of this policy who are saying: We are going to take food away from kids. Why? Because to today's Democratic Party, feeding children—and, mind you, we are talking about low-income kids, many of whom the only food they get that day, they get at school—and the Democrats are going to say: We are taking away your food. Why? Because today's Democrat Party is committed to the proposition that a boy who identifies as a girl should be allowed to use the girls' restrooms; should be allowed to shower with teenage girls, even if the girls don't want it; that 10-, 12-, 14-, 15-year-old girls should be forced to shower naked next to someone who is biologically male. This is not hypothetical. Members of the Judiciary Committee listened to the testimony of Riley Gaines, a national champion swimmer who was forced, under these same idiotic policies, to shower in a shower next to someone biologically male with full male equipment. She wasn't asked for her consent. I ask the women in this Chamber: How many of you would be excited to be forced to shower with someone biologically of the opposite sex?

Today's Democratic Party has embraced the radical and extremes. When it comes to sports, their view also is that boys should be able to compete against girls in sports and men should be able to compete against women in sports. And this is happening all over the country.

I believe in women's sports. I believe in girls' sports. I have two young daughters. Sports are amazing for girls to learn discipline, hard work, and teamwork. Title IX has opened doors for young women to go to college. And yet the Democrats' extreme transgender ideology is destroying girls' sports and women's sports.

This is not a matter of gender or gender identity; this is a matter of fairness. Anyone who is not consumed by ideology understands there is a difference between boys and girls. There are biological differences between boys and girls. There is a reason why, recently, in Canadian power lifting, a biological male won the women's power lifting, beating the second-place competitor by, if I remember correctly, 463 pounds. It is not fair to force little girls to compete against biological boys.

The Democrats don't care about fairness. They care about extreme ideology. And every Democrat who votes against this CRA is voting to take the food from hungry kids because that is how radical they are in enforcing this policy.

I urge every Senator to vote aye.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Connecticut.

Mr. MURPHY. I ask unanimous consent that I be permitted to speak for up to 5 minutes and Senator STABENOW be permitted to speak up to 1 minute prior to the scheduled vote.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Mr. MURPHY. Mr. President, on the merits, this resolution is just absurd. The Department of Agriculture is not, as Senator CRUZ alleges, punishing schools based upon how they label bathrooms or what they teach in health classes. The offenses that Senator MARSHALL and Senator CRUZ are alleging here are just made up.

What the Department is saying is simple: If you are feeding poor kids, it shouldn't matter whether that kid is straight or gay or transgender, whether they are Black or White, whether they are Catholic or Protestant. You can't choose not to feed a kid because of their ethnicity, their race, or their sexual orientation. That is just common sense. I will guarantee you, 90 percent of the Americans agree with that sentiment.

The reason we are debating this resolution, though, isn't because there is a problem that needs to be solved. We are debating this resolution because the rightwing in this Nation has launched a relentless and unceasing campaign to marginalize, demonize, and bully kids who are gay, transgender, or non-binary.

All across the country, the Republican State legislatures are introducing bills designed to demonize gay children, to make people believe that these kids are a threat to others, hundreds and hundreds of bills all centered on the same lie as this resolution: That it is not OK to be gay, that it is abnormal

to be transgender, and that society should rally around efforts to bully and shame these children and their families.

A few weeks ago, I finished up my annual walk across the State of Connecticut. I do it each year. I spend a week walking about 20 miles a day, talking to hundreds of people—most of them totally nonpolitical—about what they care about and what they want their leaders to be working on. Do you know what nobody talked to me about on that walk? Children's sexual orientation, drag shows in schools, bathroom labeling. Do you know what they did talk to me about? Wages not keeping up with costs, the safety of their neighborhoods, Israel, opioids, drug costs.

This obsession that Senator MARSHALL and Senator CRUZ and their rightwing allies have with the sexual orientation of our kids is so divorced from what people are actually talking about in this country.

It is no wonder the candidacy of Ron DeSantis—really founded on his relentless similar campaign of attacks against gay kids and adults in Florida—is floundering because even primary voting Republicans think that this obsession that Republicans have with children's sexual orientation or gender identity is just super creepy and super weird, and it has nothing to do with the actual set of problems this Nation is facing.

But there is one problem attached to this resolution: There are consequences to what Senator MARSHALL and Senator CRUZ are proposing. When leaders choose to make bullying and marginalizing gay kids a top priority, kids listen. Fuel gets given to their bullies. People like the Senators who are sponsoring this resolution legitimize attacks on gay kids and make those kids feel inferior and alone.

The students at Seth Walsh's school were systematic in the way they targeted him because he was gay. They pushed him down the stairs. They kicked him until he was badly bruised. They screamed at him. They called him names. No doubt these bullies took direction and inspiration from adults who paved the way, who endorsed this kind of behavior.

Then one day after one of these incidents, a frightened Seth called his mom, and he said, "Mom, you have to come get me right now." His mother could feel the fear in his voice, so she grabbed Seth's little brother, and they rushed out the door, they went to the school, and they brought him home. His mom was so supportive. That afternoon, they just sat and they talked.

Seth went upstairs and took a shower to calm himself down. Afterwards, he came downstairs and asked his mom for a pen, told her he was going outside to play with the dogs. Ten minutes later, his mom went outside to continue this conversation with her son, but it was too late. Seth had hung him-

self from a tree, and the pen he had asked for was for his suicide note.

Seth Walsh was 13 years old.

A recent survey of transgender youth showed that half of them—52 percent of them—have contemplated suicide over the last year. Just think about that for a second. Half of the kids who are transgender come to the conclusion at some point in their young lives that they would be better off dead—dead—than to live in a world that believes they are threats to be marginalized or expunged.

How small, how tiny do you have to be to reach a position of political leadership and choose to use that position to bully or shame kids like Seth.

This campaign of targeting and marginalizing gay and transgender kids, trying to convince the country that they are threats to this country, it is just wrong on the facts, it is wrong morally, it has lethal consequences, and it should stop.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Michigan.

Ms. STABENOW. Mr. President, I want to thank my colleague for his comments.

This is so serious for children. But let me be clear. Clear. The U.S. Department of Agriculture nutrition programs do not fund anything related to school bathrooms or school sports. This is a rule about making sure all children have access to school meals. They are not discriminated against. The children aren't blocked from getting school meals if they are gay or nonbinary or transgender.

And it is true, there were 22 Republican attorneys general who took the Department of Agriculture to court. Do you know why? The case got thrown out. The case got thrown out, and the judge called it a political stunt.

The USDA has not threatened to withhold food from any child in school. In fact, the case that my friend talked about was a California statute, not USDA. The USDA has not threatened to withhold food from any child in school, period.

So I am committed to advancing real policies that make a difference to our children but not wasting the Senate's time on political stunts.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator's time is expired.

Ms. STABENOW. I urge my colleagues to vote no.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The Senator from Kansas.

Mr. MARSHALL. I ask unanimous consent for 30 more seconds for one brief point.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there objection?

Hearing none.

Mr. MARSHALL. The only player in this policy fight that wants to take away lunches from schoolchildren is the Biden administration. Since they are unaware this is already happening, here are the two court cases where schools have had to sue in order to feed children at their schools. The first one

is Grant Park Christian Academy v. Fried; the second, the Church of Compassion v. Johnson. The USDA was party to those.

I urge a "yes" vote.
I yield back.

VOTE ON S.J. RES. 42

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will read the bill by title for the third time.

The joint resolution was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading and was read the third time. The PRESIDING OFFICER. The joint resolution having been read the third time, Shall the joint resolution pass?

Mr. MARSHALL. Mr. President, I ask for the yeas and nays.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Is there a sufficient second?

There appears to be a sufficient second.

The clerk will call the roll.

The bill clerk called the roll.

Mr. DURBIN. I announce that the Senator from Maine (Mr. KING) and the Senator from California (Mr. PADILLA) are necessarily absent.

Mr. THUNE. The following Senator is necessarily absent: the Senator from South Carolina (Mr. SCOTT).

The result was announced—yeas 47, nays 50, as follows:

[Rollcall Vote No. 272 Leg.]

YEAS—47

Barrasso	Graham	Paul
Blackburn	Grassley	Ricketts
Boozman	Hagerty	Risch
Braun	Hawley	Romney
Britt	Hoeven	Rounds
Budd	Hyde-Smith	Rubio
Capito	Johnson	Schmitt
Cassidy	Kennedy	Scott (FL)
Cornyn	Lankford	Sullivan
Cotton	Lee	Thune
Cramer	Lummis	Tillis
Crapo	Manchin	Tuberville
Cruz	Marshall	Vance
Daines	McConnell	Wicker
Ernst	Moran	Young
Fischer	Mullin	

NAYS—50

Baldwin	Hassan	Rosen
Bennet	Heinrich	Sanders
Blumenthal	Hickenlooper	Schatz
Booker	Hirono	Schumer
Brown	Kaine	Shaheen
Butler	Kelly	Sinema
Cantwell	Klobuchar	Smith
Cardin	Lujan	Stabenow
Carper	Markey	Tester
Casey	Menendez	Van Hollen
Collins	Merkley	Warner
Coons	Murkowski	Warnock
Cortez Masto	Murphy	Warren
Duckworth	Murray	Welch
Durbin	Ossoff	Whitehouse
Fetterman	Peters	Wyden
Gillibrand	Reed	

NOT VOTING—3

King	Padilla	Scott (SC)
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The joint resolution (S.J. Res. 42) was rejected.

(Mr. SCHATZ assumed the Chair.)

The PRESIDING OFFICER (Mr. BOOKER). The majority leader.

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, before I begin, I want to note that I am wearing a dog tag given to me this morning by one of the families of the hostages held in Gaza. So we pray and hope for their release.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

EXECUTIVE CALENDAR

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, I move to proceed to executive session to consider Calendar No. 306.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will report the nomination.

The senior assistant legislative clerk read the nomination of Matthew James Maddox, of Maryland, to be United States District Judge for the District of Maryland.

CLOTURE MOTION

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, I send a cloture motion to the desk.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The cloture motion having been presented under rule XXII, the Chair directs the clerk to read the motion.

The senior assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

CLOTURE MOTION

We, the undersigned Senators, in accordance with the provisions of rule XXII of the Standing Rules of the Senate, do hereby move to bring to a close debate on the nomination of Executive Calendar No. 306, Matthew James Maddox, of Maryland, to be United States District Judge for the District of Maryland.

Charles E. Schumer, Richard J. Durbin, Tammy Duckworth, Mazie Hirono, Richard Blumenthal, Christopher A. Coons, Alex Padilla, Patty Murray, Sheldon Whitehouse, Debbie Stabenow, Tina Smith, Benjamin L. Cardin, Chris Van Hollen, Tim Kaine, Brian Schatz, Christopher Murphy, Peter Welch.

LEGISLATIVE SESSION

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, I move to proceed to legislative session.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

EXECUTIVE SESSION

EXECUTIVE CALENDAR

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, I move to proceed to executive session to consider Calendar No. 370.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The question is on agreeing to the motion.

The motion was agreed to.

The clerk will report the nomination. The senior assistant legislative clerk read the nomination of Jacob J. Lew, of New York, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to the State of Israel.

CLOTURE MOTION

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, I send a cloture motion to the desk.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The cloture motion having been presented under rule XXII, the Chair directs the clerk to read the motion.

The senior assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

CLOTURE MOTION

We, the undersigned Senators, in accordance with the provisions of rule XXII of the Standing Rules of the Senate, do hereby move to bring to a close debate on the nomination of Executive Calendar No. 370, Jacob J. Lew, of New York, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to the State of Israel.

Charles E. Schumer, Benjamin L. Cardin, Debbie Stabenow, Tammy Duckworth, Mark Kelly, Tina Smith, Tammy Baldwin, Robert P. Casey, Jr., Elizabeth Warren, Christopher A. Coons, Tim Kaine, Christopher Murphy, Sheldon Whitehouse, Jeanne Shaheen, Richard Blumenthal, Chris Van Hollen, Richard J. Durbin.

Mr. SCHUMER. Finally, I ask unanimous consent that the mandatory quorum calls for the cloture motions filed today, October 26, be waived.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

LEGISLATIVE SESSION

MORNING BUSINESS

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate proceed to legislative session and be in a period of morning business, with Senators permitted to speak therein for up to 10 minutes each.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

TRIBUTE TO SYDNEY BURGESS

Mr. BARRASSO. Mr. President, I would like to take the opportunity to express my appreciation to Sydney for her hard work as an intern in my Washington, DC, office. I recognize her efforts and contributions to my office, as well as to the State of Wyoming.

Sydney is a native of Virginia. She is currently a junior at the Madeira School in McLean, VA. She has demonstrated a strong work ethic, which has made her an invaluable asset to our office. The quality of her work is reflected in her great efforts over the last several months.

I want to thank Sydney for the dedication she has shown while working for me and my staff. It is a pleasure to have her as part of our team. I know she will have continued success with all of her future endeavors. I wish her all my best on her journey.

TRIBUTE TO SHAWN GREMP

Mr. BARRASSO. Mr. President, I would like to take the opportunity to express my appreciation to Shawn for his hard work as an intern in my Washington, DC, office. I recognize his efforts and contributions to my office, as well as to the State of Wyoming.

Shawn is a native of Casper. He recently graduated from the University of Wyoming, with a degree in criminal justice and a minor in psychology. He has demonstrated a strong work ethic,

which has made him an invaluable asset to our office. The quality of his work is reflected in his great efforts over the last several months.

I want to thank Shawn for the dedication to our office. It is a pleasure to have him as part of our team.

TRIBUTE TO CASSIE HENGEL

Mr. BARRASSO. Mr. President, I would like to take the opportunity to express my appreciation to Cassie for her hard work as an intern in the Energy and Natural Resources Committee. I recognize her efforts and contributions to my office, as well as to the State of Wyoming.

Cassie is a native of Buffalo. She attends the University of Wyoming, where she studies environment and natural resources concurrent with political science. She has demonstrated a strong work ethic, which has made her an invaluable asset to our office. The quality of her work is reflected in her great efforts over the last several months.

I want to thank Cassie for the dedication to our office. It is a pleasure to have her as part of our team.

MESSAGES FROM THE PRESIDENT

Messages from the President of the United States were communicated to the Senate by Mrs. Stringer, one of his secretaries.

EXECUTIVE MESSAGES REFERRED

As in executive session the Presiding Officer laid before the Senate messages from the President of the United States submitting sundry nominations which were referred to the appropriate committees.

(The messages received today are printed at the end of the Senate proceedings.)

MEASURES PLACED ON THE CALENDAR

The following bill was read the second time, and placed on the calendar:

S. 3135. A bill making emergency supplemental appropriations for assistance for the situation in Israel for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes.

EXECUTIVE AND OTHER COMMUNICATIONS

The following communications were laid before the Senate, together with accompanying papers, reports, and documents, and were referred as indicated:

EC-2616. A communication from the Assistant Secretary of the Army (Civil Works), Department of Defense, transmitting a legislative proposal that would authorize the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) to transfer funds received for the replacement or rehabilitation of Corps-owned bridges to state and local agencies for those agencies to use for necessary rehabilitation or replacement to facilitate the transfer of ownership of

those bridges from the Corps to those agencies; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

EC-2617. A communication from the Wildlife Biologist of Migratory Bird Management, Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Migratory Bird Hunting; Final 2023-24 Frameworks for Migratory Bird Hunting Regulations" (RIN1018-BF64) received in the Office of the President of the Senate on October 16, 2023; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

EC-2618. A communication from the Wildlife Biologist of Migratory Bird Management, Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Migratory Bird Hunting; 2023-24 Seasons for Certain Migratory Game Birds" (RIN1018-BF64) received in the Office of the President of the Senate on October 16, 2023; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

EC-2619. A communication from the Administrative Assistant, Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Endangered and Threatened Wildlife and Plants; Reclassification of the Relict Darter from Endangered to Threatened With a Section 4(d) Rule" (RIN1018-BF56) received in the Office of the President of the Senate on October 16, 2023; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

EC-2620. A communication from the Chief of Bird Conservation, Permits, and Regulations, Fish and Wildlife Service, Department of the Interior, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "General Provisions; Revised List of Migratory Birds" (RIN1018-BG04) received in the Office of the President of the Senate on October 16, 2023; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

EC-2621. A communication from the Director of Congressional Affairs, Nuclear Regulatory Commission, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Increase in the Maximum Amount of Primary Nuclear Liability Insurance" (RIN3150-AL02) received in the Office of the President of the Senate on October 23, 2023; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

EC-2622. A communication from the Director of Congressional Affairs, Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research, Nuclear Regulatory Commission, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Regulatory Guide (RG) 1.183 Rev 1, 'Alternative Radiological Source Terms for Evaluating Design Basis Accidents at Nuclear Power Reactors'" received in the Office of the President of the Senate on October 16, 2023; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

EC-2623. A communication from the Director of Congressional Affairs, Office of Nuclear Regulatory Research, Nuclear Regulatory Commission, transmitting, pursuant to law, the report of a rule entitled "Regulatory Guide (RG) 1.183 Rev 1, 'Alternative Radiological Source Terms for Evaluating Design Basis Accidents at Nuclear Power Reactors'" received in the Office of the President of the Senate on October 16, 2023; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

PETITIONS AND MEMORIALS

The following petition or memorial was laid before the Senate and was referred or ordered to lie on the table as indicated:

POM-80. A joint resolution adopted by the Legislature of the State of Alaska urging the

United States Environmental Protection Agency to develop a woodstove certification program that addresses the threat to clean and healthy winter air in Fairbanks and urging the state Department of Environmental Conservation to develop an economically and legally defensible state implementation plan for the Fairbanks North Star Borough nonattainment area; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION No. 11

Whereas, in November 2009, the United States Environmental Protection Agency designated part of the Fairbanks North Star Borough a nonattainment area for fine particle pollution; and

Whereas, in May 2017, the United States Environmental Protection Agency reclassified the Fairbanks North Star Borough nonattainment area from moderate to serious for particulate matter 2.5 (PM_{2.5}), which are fine inhalable particles with diameters that are generally 2.5 micrometers and smaller; and

Whereas PM_{2.5} pollution is of serious concern and is harmful to the health of vulnerable Alaskans subjected to it; and

Whereas, in the winter, PM_{2.5} concentrations in the Fairbanks North Star Borough nonattainment area routinely exceed federal health-based standards; and

Whereas air quality issues could affect large-scale economic development, including military expansion; and

Whereas studies have identified wood burning as the greatest contributor of PM_{2.5} pollution; and

Whereas the state Department of Environmental Conservation has developed a state implementation plan to address wood burning as the root cause of PM_{2.5} pollution; and

Whereas actual PM_{2.5} pollution measured across the Fairbanks North Star Borough nonattainment area has halved as the result of efforts taken under the state Department of Environmental Conservation's moderate and serious state implementation plans; and

Whereas a significant reduction in PM_{2.5} emissions has been attributed to the replacement of solid fuel burning appliances, also known as woodstoves, with either new United States Environmental Protection Agency-certified solid fuel burning appliances or non-solid fuel burning appliance alternatives; and

Whereas United States Environmental Protection Agency-certified appliances installed in the Fairbanks North Star Borough nonattainment area did not decrease PM_{2.5} emissions when compared to previously installed solid fuel burning appliances because of the United States Environmental Protection Agency's failure to competently manage and implement testing standards for this program; and

Whereas the United States Environmental Protection Agency approved the state Department of Environmental Conservation's standards for wood-fired heating devices and solid fuel burning appliance control measures from the serious state implementation plan in September 2021, effectively supporting the state Department of Environmental Conservation's finding that the United States Environmental Protection Agency's national wood heater certification program is deeply flawed; and

Whereas, at the national policy level, the United States Environmental Protection Agency seems intent on turning attentions toward so-called greener sources of heat, including electric heat pumps, that will not work as solutions in the Fairbanks North Star Borough because the second law of thermodynamics states that heat always moves from hotter objects to colder objects, unless energy in some form is supplied to reverse the direction of heat flow; and

Whereas residents of the Fairbanks North Star Borough need adequate and affordable sources of heat in harsh subarctic winter conditions, and the state Department of Environmental Conservation has acknowledged that a pathway for the use of solid fuel burning appliances is essential to these Alaskans; and

Whereas the state Department of Environmental Conservation's state implementation plan was crafted in adherence to an enormous effort from the local stakeholders group; and

Whereas the United States Environmental Protection Agency has yet to provide a working model necessary to dismiss overly burdensome and expensive controls on local power plants that insignificantly contribute to air pollution during air alert days in the Fairbanks North Star Borough; and

Whereas the United States Environmental Protection Agency proposes to mandate these more expensive controls, even though such an investment would be unlikely to reduce exposure to unhealthy air; and

Whereas the United States Environmental Protection Agency would further mandate ultra-low-sulfur diesel for home heating oil, driving up the cost of living for residents of the Fairbanks North Star Borough; and

Whereas these actions will drive residents to solid fuel burning appliances as a source of heat; and

Whereas the United States Environmental Protection Agency has nevertheless reverted to a liability-averse course of disapproval for the state Department of Environmental Conservation's state implementation plan that would impose costly and burdensome regulations; Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Alaska State Legislature urges the United States Environmental Protection Agency to develop a woodstove certification program that the state Department of Environmental Conservation and residents of the Fairbanks North Star Borough nonattainment area can rely on to address the core threat to clean and healthy winter air in Fairbanks; and be it further

Resolved, That the Alaska State Legislature urges the state Department of Environmental Conservation to continue efforts to develop and defend a state implementation plan for the Fairbanks North Star Borough serious nonattainment area that acknowledges the unique challenges Alaskans face, is economically and technically feasible, and is legally defensible, while avoiding costly and burdensome requirements that further such hardships; and be it further

Resolved, That the Alaska State Legislature urges the state Department of Environmental Conservation to investigate all options to defend its state implementation plan, which reflects the community's needs and engagement, from federal attack, in court if necessary.

Copies of this resolution shall be sent to the Honorable Joseph R. Biden, President of the United States; the Honorable Kamala D. Harris, Vice President of the United States and President of the U.S. Senate; the Honorable Deb Haaland, United States Secretary of the Interior; the Honorable Michael S. Regan, Administrator of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency; and the Honorable Lisa Murkowski and the Honorable Dan Sullivan, U.S. Senators, and the Honorable Mary Peltola, U.S. Representative, members of the Alaska delegation in Congress.

EXECUTIVE REPORTS OF COMMITTEES

The following executive reports of nominations were submitted:

By Mr. REED for the Committee on Armed Services.

*Patricia L. Lee, of South Carolina, to be a Member of the Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board for a term expiring October 18, 2027.

Navy nomination of Rear Adm. (1h) Jeffrey J. Czerewko, to be Rear Admiral.

Army nomination of Col. Paul T. Sellars, to be Brigadier General.

Army nomination of Col. Michael C. Henderson, to be Brigadier General.

Army nominations beginning with Brig. Gen. Richard T. Appelhaus and ending with Brig. Gen. Richard L. Zellmann, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on September 21, 2023. (minus 2 nominees: Brig. Gen. Jason E. Kelly; Brig. Gen. Hope C. Rumpy)

Army nominations beginning with Col. Kristina J. Green and ending with Col. Colin J. Morrow, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on September 21, 2023.

Army nomination of Col. Anthony B. Poole, to be Brigadier General.

Army nominations beginning with Brig. Gen. James A. Benson and ending with Brig. Gen. Katherine E. White, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on September 21, 2023. (minus 1 nominee: Brig. Gen. Patrick C. Thibodeau)

Air Force nomination of Brig. Gen. Michael J. Regan, Jr., to be Major General.

Air Force nomination of Col. Harold W. Linnean III, to be Brigadier General.

*Army nomination of Lt. Gen. Douglas A. Sims II, to be Lieutenant General.

*Army nomination of Maj. Gen. David T. Isaacson, to be Lieutenant General.

*Space Force nomination of Maj. Gen. Douglas A. Schiess, to be Lieutenant General.

Mr. REED. Mr. President, for the Committee on Armed Services I report favorably the following nomination lists which were printed in the RECORDS on the dates indicated, and ask unanimous consent, to save the expense of reprinting on the Executive Calendar that these nominations lie at the Secretary's desk for the information of Senators.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

Air Force nomination of William D. Magee, to be Colonel.

Air Force nominations beginning with Reagan Howard Beaton and ending with Pilar G. Wennrich, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on October 19, 2023.

Air Force nominations beginning with Joseph Benjamin Ahlers and ending with Laura Ashley Wagner, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on October 19, 2023.

Air Force nominations beginning with Jeremiah L. Blackburn and ending with Thomas A. Webb, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on October 19, 2023.

Army nomination of Zara M. Scribner, to be Major.

Army nominations beginning with Donald T. Criswell and ending with Peter A. Williams, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on October 19, 2023.

Army nominations beginning with Joseph M. Baumann and ending with Jacob H. Youmans, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on October 19, 2023.

Army nominations beginning with David A. Brunais and ending with Jeremiah J.

Oligario, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on October 19, 2023.

Army nomination of Erick Leon, to be Major.

Army nomination of Brian C. Satterlee II, to be Lieutenant Colonel.

Army nomination of Michael D. Norton, to be Colonel.

Army nominations beginning with Michael A. Bryant and ending with Steven L. Williams, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on October 19, 2023.

Army nomination of Joshua W. Brown, to be Colonel.

Marine Corps nomination of Christopher F. Melling, to be Major.

Navy nomination of T. M. Alford, to be Captain.

Space Force nomination of Dustin L. White, to be Lieutenant Colonel.

Space Force nominations beginning with John S. Donelson and ending with Ryan M. Wilson, which nominations were received by the Senate and appeared in the Congressional Record on September 27, 2023.

By Mr. DURBIN for the Committee on the Judiciary.

John A. Kazen, of Texas, to be United States District Judge for the Southern District of Texas.

Shanlyn A.S. Park, of Hawaii, to be United States District Judge for the District of Hawaii.

Jamel Semper, of New Jersey, to be United States District Judge for the District of New Jersey.

Micah W.J. Smith, of Hawaii, to be United States District Judge for the District of Hawaii.

*Nomination was reported with recommendation that it be confirmed subject to the nominee's commitment to respond to requests to appear and testify before any duly constituted committee of the Senate.

(Nominations without an asterisk were reported with the recommendation that they be confirmed.)

INTRODUCTION OF BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

The following bills and joint resolutions were introduced, read the first and second times by unanimous consent, and referred as indicated:

By Ms. HASSAN (for herself and Mrs. BLACKBURN):

S. 3136. A bill to amend title XIX of the Social Security Act to extend the requirement for State Medicaid plans to provide coverage for medication-assisted treatment; to the Committee on Finance.

By Ms. DUCKWORTH (for herself, Ms. BALDWIN, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. CASEY, Mr. FETTERMAN, Mrs. GILLIBRAND, Ms. HIRONO, Mr. MERKLEY, Mr. PADILLA, Ms. SMITH, Ms. WARREN, and Mr. WHITEHOUSE):

S. 3137. A bill to allow Americans to receive paid leave time to process and address their own health needs and the health needs of their partners during the period following a pregnancy loss, an unsuccessful round of intrauterine insemination or of an assisted reproductive technology procedure, a failed adoption arrangement, a failed surrogacy arrangement, or a diagnosis or event that impacts pregnancy or fertility, to support related research and education, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

By Mr. BROWN (for himself, Ms. BALDWIN, Ms. WARREN, and Mr. WHITEHOUSE):

S. 3138. A bill to amend titles XIX and XXI of the Social Security Act to provide for 12-month continuous enrollment of individuals under the Medicaid program and Children's Health Insurance Program; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. BOOKER (for himself and Mr. HAWLEY):

S. 3139. A bill to ensure that Federal contractors comply with child labor laws, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs.

By Mr. WYDEN (for himself, Mr. BENNETT, Mr. FETTERMAN, Ms. WARREN, Mr. BROWN, Mr. REED, Mr. BOOKER, and Mr. SANDERS):

S. 3140. A bill to modernize unemployment compensation benefits; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mrs. BRITT (for Mr. SCOTT of South Carolina (for himself, Mr. RICKETTS, Mrs. BRITT, Mr. HAWLEY, Mr. SCOTT of Florida, and Mr. BOOZMAN)):

S. 3141. A bill to provide for the consideration of a definition of antisemitism set forth by the International Holocaust Remembrance Alliance for the enforcement of Federal antidiscrimination laws concerning education programs or activities, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

By Mr. RUBIO (for himself, Mr. PADILLA, Mr. HICKENLOOPER, and Mr. MARSHALL):

S. 3142. A bill to amend the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 to expand the prohibition related to child labor, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

By Mr. RUBIO (for himself, Mr. ROUNDS, and Mr. CRAMER):

S. 3143. A bill to establish postmarket reporting requirements for pharmaceuticals, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

By Ms. CORTEZ MASTO (for herself and Ms. ERNST):

S. 3144. A bill to protect survivors from brain injury by authorizing the Secretary of Health and Human Services to collect data on the prevalence of brain injuries resulting from domestic and sexual violence; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

By Mr. CORNYN (for himself and Mr. LUJÁN):

S. 3145. A bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to authorize fellowships under the Minority Fellowship Program to be awarded for training for professionals in the addiction medicine field; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

By Mr. DURBIN (for himself and Mr. GRASSLEY):

S. 3146. A bill to amend the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 to establish a voluntary program to reduce food loss and waste, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

By Mr. RICKETTS (for himself and Mrs. GILLIBRAND):

S. 3147. A bill to modify Department of Agriculture programs to improve flood protection and infrastructure resiliency, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

By Mr. LEE:

S. 3148. A bill to prohibit the use of funds by the Secretary of the Interior to finalize and implement certain travel management plans in the State of Utah; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

By Mr. COONS (for himself, Mr. SCOTT of South Carolina, Mr. KAINE, and Mr. WICKER):

S. 3149. A bill to encourage the growth of research partnerships between historically Black colleges and universities and Federal agencies to advance development in sub-Saharan Africa; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

By Mr. SCOTT of Florida (for himself and Mr. CRUZ):

S. 3150. A bill to prohibit representatives of the United States from voting at the International Monetary Fund for any Special Drawing Rights allocations, quota increases, or policy modifications that would benefit certain countries, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

By Ms. HIRONO:

S. 3151. A bill to direct the Administrator of the Small Business Administration to establish the Emergency Micro-enterprise Recovery Grant Pilot Program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Finance.

By Ms. HIRONO (for herself, Mr. MARKEY, Mrs. GILLIBRAND, Mr. BOOKER, and Ms. WARREN):

S. 3152. A bill to amend the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 to require that annual State report cards reflect the same race groups as the decennial census of population; to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions.

By Mr. KENNEDY:

S. 3153. A bill to amend the National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 to establish a pilot program to increase the allowable amounts of advance payments under the National Flood Insurance Program, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs.

By Mr. THUNE (for himself and Mr. WYDEN):

S. 3154. A bill to improve the effectiveness of tribal child support enforcement agencies, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. REED (for himself, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Ms. BALDWIN, Ms. WARREN, Mr. MERKLEY, Mr. VAN HOLLEN, and Mr. SANDERS):

S. 3155. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to expand the denial of deduction for certain excessive employee remuneration, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. MERKLEY:

S. 3156. A bill to establish the Financing Energy Efficient Manufacturing Program at the Department of Energy to provide financial assistance to promote energy efficiency and onsite renewable technologies in manufacturing facilities, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

By Ms. STABENOW (for herself and Mr. DAINES):

S. 3157. A bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to expand eligibility for incentives under the Medicare health professional shortage area bonus program to practitioners furnishing mental health and substance use disorder services; to the Committee on Finance.

By Ms. STABENOW (for herself and Mr. DAINES):

S. 3158. A bill to require the Secretary of Health and Human Services to issue guidance to States on strategies under Medicaid and CHIP to increase mental health and substance use disorder care provider education, training, recruitment, and retention; to the Committee on Finance.

By Mr. CRUZ (for himself, Mr. RUBIO, Mr. BARRASSO, Mr. SCOTT of Florida, Mr. YOUNG, Mr. RICKETTS, and Mr. HAGERTY):

S. 3159. A bill to establish a Venezuela Restoration Fund, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

By Mr. VAN HOLLEN (for himself and Mr. ROUNDS):

S. 3160. A bill to establish a comprehensive United States Government initiative to build the capacity of young leaders and entrepreneurs in Africa, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

SUBMISSION OF CONCURRENT AND SENATE RESOLUTIONS

The following concurrent resolutions and Senate resolutions were read, and referred (or acted upon), as indicated:

By Mr. WELCH (for himself and Mr. SANDERS):

S. Res. 433. A resolution commemorating the 80th anniversary of the establishment of the Missisquoi National Wildlife Refuge; to the Committee on Environment and Public Works.

By Mr. RISCH (for himself, Mr. RICKETTS, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. SCOTT of Florida, Mr. GRASSLEY, Mr. CRAPO, Mrs. BLACKBURN, Mr. VANCE, Mr. RUBIO, and Mr. SCOTT of South Carolina):

S. Res. 434. A resolution commemorating the 200th anniversary of the Monroe Doctrine; to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

By Ms. ERNST (for herself, Ms. DUCKWORTH, Mr. CRAPO, Ms. ROSEN, Mr. TUBERVILLE, Ms. BALDWIN, Mr. DAINES, Mr. BOOKER, Mr. RISCH, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. WICKER, Ms. HIRONO, Mr. RUBIO, Mr. CASEY, Mr. HOEVEN, Ms. CORTEZ MASTO, Mrs. FISCHER, Ms. KLOBUCHAR, Mr. BUDD, Mr. REED, Mr. CRUZ, Mr. OSSOFF, Mr. HAGERTY, Mr. KELLY, Mrs. BLACKBURN, Ms. SMITH, Mr. RICKETTS, Mr. KAINE, Ms. COLLINS, Mr. KING, Mrs. HYDE-SMITH, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. BARRASSO, Mr. HICKENLOOPER, Mr. KENNEDY, Mrs. SHAHEEN, Mr. TILLIS, Ms. HASSAN, Mr. MORAN, Mr. MANCHIN, Mrs. BRITT, Mr. LUJÁN, Mr. CASSIDY, Mr. COONS, Mr. HAWLEY, Ms. CANTWELL, Mrs. CAPITO, Mr. CARDIN, Mr. SCOTT of Florida, Mr. PETERS, Mr. YOUNG, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. SULLIVAN, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. MARSHALL, Mr. BOOZMAN, Mr. COTTON, Mr. GRAHAM, Ms. LUMMIS, and Mr. SCHMITT):

S. Res. 435. A resolution recognizing the week of October 30 through November 4, 2023, as "National Veterans Small Business Week"; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. WELCH (for himself and Mr. BRAUN):

S. Res. 436. A resolution expressing support for the designation of the week of October 24, 2023, to October 31, 2023, as "BatWeek"; considered and agreed to.

By Mrs. BLACKBURN (for herself, Ms. ROSEN, Mr. LANKFORD, and Mr. VAN HOLLEN):

S. Res. 437. A resolution condemning antisemitism at institutions of higher education in the United States and encouraging college and university leaders, administrators, and faculty to speak out against antisemitism; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. OSSOFF (for himself, Mr. RUBIO, Mr. WARNOCK, and Mr. SCOTT of Florida):

S. Res. 438. A resolution congratulating Coco Gauff for her inspiring victory at this year's US Open Tennis Championships; considered and agreed to.

By Ms. SMITH (for herself, Ms. COLLINS, Ms. WARREN, Mr. KAINE, and Mr. CASEY):

S. Res. 439. A resolution supporting after-school programs and Lights On Afterschool, a national celebration of afterschool programs held on October 26, 2023; considered and agreed to.

By Mr. CASSIDY (for himself, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. LEE, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. RISCH, Mr. RICKETTS, Mr. MARSHALL, Mr. BARRASSO, Mr. HOEVEN, Ms. LUMMIS, Mr. ROUNDS, Mr. BUDD, Mr. LANKFORD, Mr. CRUZ, and Mrs. HYDE-SMITH):

S. Con. Res. 23. A concurrent resolution expressing the sense of Congress that a carbon tax would be detrimental to the economy of the United States; to the Committee on Finance.

ADDITIONAL COSPONSORS

S. 1189

At the request of Mrs. CAPITO, the name of the Senator from Oregon (Mr. WYDEN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1189, a bill to establish a pilot grant program to improve recycling accessibility, and for other purposes.

S. 1800

At the request of Ms. MURKOWSKI, the name of the Senator from Wisconsin (Ms. BALDWIN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1800, a bill to amend the Public Health Service Act to reauthorize and extend the Fetal Alcohol Spectrum Disorders Prevention and Services program, and for other purposes.

S. 1829

At the request of Mr. RUBIO, the name of the Senator from Kansas (Mr. MORAN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1829, a bill to impose sanctions with respect to persons engaged in the import of petroleum from the Islamic Republic of Iran, and for other purposes.

S. 1909

At the request of Mr. HEINRICH, the name of the Senator from Maine (Mr. KING) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1909, a bill to amend title 18, United States Code, to prohibit the illegal modification of firearms, and for other purposes.

S. 1937

At the request of Mr. PAUL, the name of the Senator from North Dakota (Mr. CRAMER) was added as a cosponsor of S. 1937, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to repeal the excise tax on indoor tanning services.

S. 2037

At the request of Mr. MENENDEZ, the names of the Senator from Delaware (Mr. COONS) and the Senator from North Carolina (Mr. BUDD) were added as cosponsors of S. 2037, a bill to amend the Agriculture Improvement Act of 2018 to prohibit the slaughter of equines for human consumption.

S. 2085

At the request of Mr. CRAPO, the name of the Senator from Minnesota (Ms. KLOBUCHAR) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2085, a bill to amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to provide for Medicare coverage of multicancer early detection screening tests.

S. 2496

At the request of Mr. CARDIN, the name of the Senator from Florida (Mr. SCOTT) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2496, a bill to amend the National Housing Act to include information re-

garding VA home loans in the Informed Consumer Choice Disclosure required to be provided to prospective FHA borrowers.

S. 2555

At the request of Mr. BLUMENTHAL, the name of the Senator from Minnesota (Ms. SMITH) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2555, a bill to amend the Animal Welfare Act to expand and improve the enforcement capabilities of the Attorney General, and for other purposes.

S. 2777

At the request of Mrs. MURRAY, the name of the Senator from Nevada (Ms. ROSEN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2777, a bill to increase child care options for working families and support child care providers.

S. 2829

At the request of Ms. STABENOW, the name of the Senator from New Mexico (Mr. LUJÁN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2829, a bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide for an exclusion for assistance provided to participants in certain veterinary student loan repayment or forgiveness programs.

S. 2926

At the request of Mr. DURBIN, the name of the Senator from Massachusetts (Ms. WARREN) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2926, a bill to prohibit the importation, sale, manufacture, transfer, or possession of .50 caliber rifles, and for other purposes.

S. 2931

At the request of Ms. BALDWIN, the name of the Senator from California (Mr. PADILLA) was added as a cosponsor of S. 2931, a bill to amend the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of 2002 to modify the Rural Energy for America Program, and for other purposes.

S. 3099

At the request of Mr. HEINRICH, the name of the Senator from Connecticut (Mr. BLUMENTHAL) was added as a cosponsor of S. 3099, a bill to require the Secretary of Energy to further develop and support the adoption of a voluntary streamlined permitting and inspection process for authorities having jurisdiction over the permitting of qualifying distributed energy systems, and for other purposes.

S. 3135

At the request of Mr. MARSHALL, the names of the Senator from Tennessee (Mrs. BLACKBURN), the Senator from Wisconsin (Mr. JOHNSON), the Senator from Wyoming (Ms. LUMMIS) and the Senator from Alabama (Mr. TUBERVILLE) were added as cosponsors of S. 3135, a bill making emergency supplemental appropriations for assistance for the situation in Israel for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes.

S. CON. RES. 18

At the request of Mr. CASEY, the names of the Senator from North Carolina (Mr. TILLIS) and the Senator from

Delaware (Mr. COONS) were added as cosponsors of S. Con. Res. 18, a concurrent resolution calling for the immediate release of Marc Fogel, a United States citizen and teacher, who was given an unjust and disproportionate criminal sentence by the Government of the Russian Federation in June 2022.

S. RES. 333

At the request of Mr. DURBIN, the name of the Senator from Pennsylvania (Mr. CASEY) was added as a cosponsor of S. Res. 333, a resolution designating 2024 as the Year of Democracy as a time to reflect on the contributions of the system of Government of the United States to a more free and stable world.

STATEMENTS ON INTRODUCED BILLS AND JOINT RESOLUTIONS

By Mr. DURBIN (for himself and Mr. GRASSLEY):

S. 3146. A bill to amend the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 to establish a voluntary program to reduce food loss and waste, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture, Nutrition, and Forestry.

Mr. DURBIN, Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that the text of the bill be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the text of the bill was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

S. 3146

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Reduce Food Loss and Waste Act".

SEC. 2. FOOD LOSS AND WASTE CERTIFICATION PROGRAM.

Subtitle A of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (7 U.S.C. 1621 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"SEC. 210B. FOOD LOSS AND WASTE CERTIFICATION PROGRAM.

"(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

"(1) APPARENTLY WHOLESOME FOOD.—The term 'apparently wholesome food' has the meaning given the term in subsection (b) of the Bill Emerson Good Samaritan Food Donation Act (42 U.S.C. 1791(b)).

"(2) CERTIFIED PARTICIPANT.—The term 'certified participant' means an eligible participant that has been certified under subsection (d).

"(3) ELIGIBLE PARTICIPANT.—The term 'eligible participant' means—

"(A) a contractor that has entered into a contract with an executive agency, the Senate, or the House of Representatives for the provision, service, or sale of food in the United States;

"(B) a State, local, municipal, or Tribal government;

"(C) a corporation, partnership, organization, or association;

"(D) a farm or a food producer, manufacturer, processor, holder, or packer;

"(E) a retail grocer;

"(F) a restaurant or similar food service establishment;

"(G) an institution of higher education or a consortium of those institutions; or

"(H) a primary or secondary school or a consortium of those institutions.

"(4) EXCESS.—The term 'excess', with respect to food, means that the food would otherwise be discarded.

“(5) **FOOD.**—The term ‘food’ means food (as defined in section 201 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321)) that is intended for human consumption.

“(6) **PROGRAM.**—The term ‘program’ means the Food Loss and Waste Reduction Certification Program established under subsection (b).

“(7) **SECRETARY.**—The term ‘Secretary’ means the Secretary of Agriculture.

“(b) **ESTABLISHMENT.**—The Secretary shall establish a voluntary program, to be known as the ‘Food Loss and Waste Reduction Certification Program’—

“(1) to certify eligible participants in accordance with subsection (d); and

“(2) to promote certified participants in accordance with subsection (e).

“(c) **PURPOSES.**—The purposes of the program are—

“(1) to reduce food loss and waste;

“(2) to increase donations of excess, apparently wholesome food to nonprofit organizations that provide food assistance to individuals in need; and

“(3) to increase the use of alternative disposal methods for food, such as redirection to animal feed, anaerobic digestion, and composting.

“(d) **CERTIFICATION.**—

“(1) **CRITERIA.**—

“(A) **IN GENERAL.**—

“(i) **ESTABLISHMENT AND PUBLICATION.**—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of the Reduce Food Loss and Waste Act, the Secretary shall establish and publish in the Federal Register criteria for the certification of an eligible participant under the program.

“(ii) **INCLUSIONS.**—Criteria described in clause (i) shall include the submission to a third-party certifier accredited under paragraph (3) of documentation from 12 consecutive months on the quantity of food that the eligible participant—

“(I) has donated to nonprofit organizations that provide food assistance for individuals in need; or

“(II) has sent to be disposed of.

“(B) **STAKEHOLDER INPUT.**—The Secretary shall solicit comments from interested parties prior to the establishment or revision of the criteria described in subparagraph (A).

“(C) **REVISIONS.**—

“(i) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary shall revise the criteria described in subparagraph (A) on a periodic basis.

“(ii) **PUBLICATION.**—The Secretary shall publish in the Federal Register criteria revised under clause (i) not later than 270 days before the effective date of the revised criteria, including an explanation of the revisions.

“(2) **ACCREDITATION BODIES.**—

“(A) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of the Reduce Food Loss and Waste Act, the Secretary shall establish a process to recognize accreditation bodies to accredit third-party certifiers under paragraph (3)(A).

“(B) **STANDARDS.**—The Secretary shall recognize an accreditation body under subparagraph (A) if the accreditation body meets such standards as the Secretary shall establish.

“(3) **THIRD-PARTY CERTIFIERS.**—

“(A) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 18 months after the date of enactment of the Reduce Food Loss and Waste Act, the Secretary shall establish a process for accreditation bodies recognized under paragraph (2) to accredit third-party certifiers to review and certify eligible participants under the program.

“(B) **STANDARDS.**—An accreditation body recognized under paragraph (2) shall accredit a third-party certifier under subparagraph

(A) if the third-party certifier meets such standards as the Secretary shall establish.

“(C) **PREFERENCE.**—In accrediting third-party certifiers under subparagraph (A), an accreditation body recognized under paragraph (2) shall give preference to institutions of higher education that have expertise in food loss and waste reduction.

“(D) **CERTIFICATION.**—A third-party certifier accredited under subparagraph (A) shall review and certify an eligible participant under the program if the eligible participant meets the criteria established under paragraph (1).

“(4) **PUBLICATION.**—The Secretary shall maintain on a publicly available website of the Department of Agriculture—

“(A) a list of accreditation bodies recognized under paragraph (2); and

“(B) a list of third-party certifiers accredited under paragraph (3).

“(e) **PROMOTION.**—

“(1) **IN GENERAL.**—The Secretary shall promote a certified participant under the program, including through—

“(A) voluntary labeling established under paragraph (2); and

“(B) such other communications as the Secretary determines to be appropriate relating to the products, buildings, practices, and policies of the certified participant, such as—

“(i) publication on the website of the Department of Agriculture of information relating to the certified participant; and

“(ii) holding events to promote the certified participant or otherwise relating to the program.

“(2) **VOLUNTARY LABELING.**—The Secretary shall establish 1 or more voluntary labels that indicate that a certified participant is certified under the program.

“(f) **INTERAGENCY COORDINATION.**—The Secretary shall carry out this section in coordination with the Commissioner of Food and Drugs and the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, in accordance with the memorandum of understanding revised under section 3 of the Reduce Food Loss and Waste Act.

“(g) **AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**—There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section, including for the hiring of additional personnel, \$3,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2024 through 2028, to remain available until expended.”

SEC. 3. MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING.

The Secretary of Agriculture, the Commissioner of Food and Drugs, and the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall revise, in accordance with section 210B of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 (as added by section 2), the agreement signed on December 17, 2020, relating to cooperation and coordination on food loss and waste.

By Mr. THUNE (for himself and Mr. WYDEN):

S. 3154. A bill to improve the effectiveness of tribal child support enforcement agencies, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. THUNE. Madam President, I ask unanimous consent that the text of the bill be printed in the RECORD.

There being no objection, the text of the bill was ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

S. 3154

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Tribal Child Support Enforcement Act”.

SEC. 2. IMPROVING THE EFFECTIVENESS OF TRIBAL CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES.

(a) **IMPROVING THE COLLECTION OF PAST-DUE CHILD SUPPORT THROUGH STATE AND TRIBAL PARTNERSHIP IN THE ALLOWABLE USE OF TAX INFORMATION.**—

(1) **AMENDMENT TO THE SOCIAL SECURITY ACT.**—Section 464 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 664) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(d) **APPLICABILITY TO INDIAN TRIBES AND TRIBAL ORGANIZATIONS RECEIVING A GRANT UNDER THIS PART.**—This section, except for the requirement to distribute amounts in accordance with section 457, shall apply to an Indian tribe or tribal organization receiving a grant under section 455(f) in the same manner in which this section applies to a State with a plan approved under this part.”.

(2) **AMENDMENTS TO THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE.**—

(A) Section 6103(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking “any local child support enforcement agency” and inserting “any tribal or local child support enforcement agency”.

(B) Section 6103(a)(3) of such Code is amended by inserting “(8)” after “(6)”.

(C) Section 6103(l) of such Code is amended—

(i) in paragraph (6)—

(I) by striking “or local” in subparagraph (A) and inserting “tribal, or local”;

(II) by striking “AND LOCAL” in the heading thereof and inserting “TRIBAL, AND LOCAL”;

(III) by striking “The following” in subparagraph (B) and inserting “The”;

(IV) by striking the colon and all that follows in subparagraph (B) and inserting a period; and

(V) by adding at the end the following:

“(D) **STATE, TRIBAL, OR LOCAL CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT AGENCY.**—For purposes of this paragraph, the following shall be treated as a State, tribal, or local child support enforcement agency:

“(i) Any agency of a State or political subdivision thereof operating pursuant to a plan described in section 454 of the Social Security Act which has been approved by the Secretary of Health and Human Services under part D of title IV of such Act.

“(ii) Any child support enforcement agency of an Indian tribe or tribal organization receiving a grant under section 455(f) of the Social Security Act.”;

(ii) in paragraph (8)—

(I) in subparagraph (A), by striking “or State or local” and inserting “State, tribal, or local”;

(II) by adding the following at the end of subparagraph (B): “The information disclosed to any child support enforcement agency under subparagraph (A) with respect to any individual with respect to whom child support obligations are sought to be established or enforced may be disclosed by such agency to any agent of such agency which is under contract with such agency for purposes of, and to the extent necessary in, establishing and collecting child support obligations from, and locating, individuals owing such obligations.”;

(III) by striking subparagraph (C) and inserting the following:

“(C) **STATE, TRIBAL, OR LOCAL CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT AGENCY.**—For purposes of this paragraph, the term ‘State, tribal, or local child support enforcement agency’ has the same meaning as when used in paragraph (6)(D).”;

(IV) by striking “AND LOCAL” in the heading thereof and inserting “TRIBAL, AND LOCAL”;

(iii) in paragraph (10)(B), by adding at the end the following new clause:

“(iii) The information disclosed to any child support enforcement agency under subparagraph (A) with respect to any individual with respect to whom child support obligations are sought to be established or enforced may be disclosed by such agency to any agent of such agency which is under contract with such agency for purposes of, and to the extent necessary in, establishing and collecting child support obligations from, and locating, individuals owing such obligations.”.

(D) Section 6103(p) of such Code is amended—

(i) in paragraph (4), by striking “subsection (1)(10), (13)(A), (13)(B), (13)(C), (13)(D)(i), (16), (18), (19), or (20) or any entity” each place it appears in subparagraph (F) and in the matter preceding subparagraph (A) and inserting “subsection (1)(6), (8), (10), (13)(A), (13)(B), (13)(C), (13)(D)(i), (16), (18), (19), or (20), or any Indian tribe or tribal organization receiving a grant under section 455(f) of the Social Security Act, or any entity”, and

(ii) in paragraph (9), by striking “or local” and inserting “tribal, or local”.

(E) Subsection (c) of section 6402 of such Code is amended by adding at the end the following: “For purposes of this subsection, any reference to a State shall include a reference to any Indian tribe or tribal organization receiving a grant under section 455(f) of the Social Security Act.”.

(b) REIMBURSEMENT FOR REPORTS.—Section 453(g) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 653(g)) is amended—

(1) in the subsection heading, by striking “STATE”; and

(2) by striking “and State” and inserting “, State, and tribal”.

(c) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—Paragraphs (7) and (33) of section 454 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 654) are each amended by striking “450b” and inserting “5304”.

By MR. REED (for himself, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. WHITEHOUSE, Ms. BALDWIN, Ms. WARREN, Mr. MERKLEY, Mr. VAN HOLLEN, and Mr. SANDERS):

S. 3155. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to expand the denial of deduction for certain excessive employee remuneration, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. REED. Madam President, I am reintroducing the Stop Subsidizing Multimillion Dollar Corporate Bonuses Act with Senators BLUMENTHAL, WHITEHOUSE, MERKLEY, BALDWIN, WARREN, VAN HOLLEN, and SANDERS. This legislation would finally fully close a loophole that allows publicly traded corporations to deduct the cost of multimillion-dollar bonuses from their corporate tax bills. At a time when the gulf in pay between CEOs and average workers is 272 to 1, it is infuriating that U.S. taxpayers are being forced to subsidize lavish executive compensation packages, but that is what is happening.

Under section 162(m) of the Tax Code, publicly traded corporations cannot deduct more than \$1 million in compensation paid to their top executives. But section 162(m) does not cover compensation paid to all public company employees, and corporations have long exploited this loophole to claim tax deductions for executive compensation

packages that far exceed \$1 million. Indeed, publicly traded corporations are offering these lucrative compensation deals to ever increasing numbers of executives—not just a few at the very top of the organization.

Both Republican and Democratic administrations have recognized the need to close loopholes in section 162(m). Indeed, both President Trump and President Biden signed laws based on earlier versions of my legislation in order to curtail the abuse of this deduction. This includes ensuring that performance-based compensation is actually counted as compensation under section 162(m) and increasing the number of highly paid executives who are subject to section 162(m). Partially tightening the law in these ways has saved taxpayers well over \$9.2 billion. But the full loophole has still not been closed and taxpayers continue to subsidize billions of dollars in extravagant compensation.

The Stop Subsidizing Multimillion Dollar Corporate Bonuses Act would address the remaining gaps by applying section 162(m) restrictions to all employees of publicly traded corporations so that all compensation is subject to a deductibility cap of \$1 million per employee.

To be clear, under my bill, publicly traded corporations would still be able to pay their executives as much as they desire, but individual compensation packages above and beyond \$1 million would no longer be subsidized through our Tax Code. This is a matter of fairness. It ensures that corporations and shareholders—not hard-working taxpayers—are shouldering the cost of the multimillion-dollar compensation packages they provide to their top earners.

I thank Public Citizen, Americans for Financial Reform, the AFL-CIO, the International Brotherhood of Teamsters, MIT Professor Simon Johnson, Take On Wall Street, and the Institute for Policy Studies, Global Economy Project for their support. I urge our colleagues to join us in cosponsoring this legislation and pressing for its passage.

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 433—COMMEMORATING THE 80TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE MISSISQUOI NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE

Mr. WELCH (for himself and Mr. SANDERS) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works:

S. RES. 433

Whereas the Missisquoi National Wildlife Refuge (referred to in this preamble as the “Refuge”) was established in 1943 under the authority of the Migratory Bird Conservation Act (16 U.S.C. 715 et seq.) for the protection and management of migratory birds;

Whereas the Refuge is located on land sacred to the tribes of the Western Abenaki;

Whereas the Refuge encompasses 6,729 acres of protected land in Franklin County, Vermont;

Whereas more than half of this acreage is protected as an inviolate sanctuary, preserving pristine habitats for wildlife and native plant species to thrive;

Whereas the Refuge is part of the Atlantic Flyway system of National Wildlife Refuges connecting the northern breeding grounds and southern wintering areas of migratory birds;

Whereas the Refuge was designated as a RAMSAR Wetland of International Importance in 2013, 1 of just 41 national wildlife refuges in the United States so designated;

Whereas the Refuge is recognized as an Important Bird Area by the National Audubon Society;

Whereas habitats found in the Refuge include floodplain forests, wetlands, shrublands, bogs, grasslands, and upland areas;

Whereas the natural environment of the Refuge is essential to the ecosystems of Lake Champlain, supporting wildlife and preserving clean water resources;

Whereas these ecosystems mitigate climate change by sequestering carbon and strengthening the resilience of neighboring communities;

Whereas the 900-acre Maquam bog located in the Refuge is designated as a Research Natural Area and is the only pitch pine woodland bog in New England;

Whereas the Refuge is home to vital feeding, resting, and breeding habitats for birds, which have supported more than 200 bird species;

Whereas the Refuge is home to the largest concentration of waterfowl in the Champlain Valley and hosts more than 20,000 ducks during their fall migration, including wood ducks, mallards, green-winged teal, and ring-necked ducks;

Whereas the grassland habitats of the Refuge are home to bobolink, meadowlark, and savannah sparrows;

Whereas the wetland habitats of the Refuge are populated by reptiles, fish, and amphibians;

Whereas pollinators thrive in the shrublands and grasslands of the Refuge, including 13 species of bumblebees;

Whereas other species that call the Refuge home include raccoons, black bears, coyotes, skunks, beavers, red foxes, river otters, bobcats, porcupines, muskrats, and minks;

Whereas many of these animals are protected by the State of Vermont as threatened or endangered, such as the black tern and eastern sand darter;

Whereas more than 80,000 visitors travel to the Refuge annually to partake in hiking, birding, fishing, boating, and hunting;

Whereas visitors to the Refuge travel from all 50 states and multiple foreign countries to appreciate the beauty and biodiversity of the Refuge;

Whereas the Refuge provides a valuable educational and interpretive resource for visitors and neighboring communities;

Whereas the experience in nature while visiting the Refuge fosters a spiritual connection between people and the land they inhabit;

Whereas the Refuge and the natural environment of Vermont support a vibrant outdoor recreation industry that has contributed billions of dollars to the State's economy;

Whereas archaeologists have documented a cultural heritage in the Refuge dating back more than 5,000 years; and

Whereas the United States Fish and Wildlife Service and the Abenaki community

work in partnership to protect and maintain these cultural sites, preserving them for generations to come: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) commemorates the 80th anniversary of the establishment of the Missisquoi National Wildlife Refuge;

(2) recognizes the importance of this protected land to biodiversity and fragile ecosystems in Vermont and the world; and

(3) resolves to support the National Wildlife Refuge System, including the Missisquoi National Wildlife Refuge, by providing the necessary financial and staffing resources to carry out its mission of conserving wildlife, protecting habitats, and providing access to outdoor recreational opportunities.

SENATE RESOLUTION 434—COMMEMORATING THE 200TH ANNIVERSARY OF THE MONROE DOCTRINE

Mr. RISCH (for himself, Mr. RICKETTS, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. SCOTT of Florida, Mr. GRASSLEY, Mr. CRAPO, Mrs. BLACKBURN, Mr. VANCE, Mr. RUBIO, and Mr. SCOTT of South Carolina) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations:

S. RES. 434

Whereas, on December 2, 1823, President James Monroe articulated what became to be known as the “Monroe Doctrine” in his seventh annual message to Congress;

Whereas, in the Monroe Doctrine, President Monroe asserted “a principle in which the rights and interests of the United States are involved, that the American continents, by the free and independent condition which they have assumed and maintain, are henceforth not to be considered as subjects for future colonization” by foreign powers;

Whereas the Monroe Doctrine asserted a spirit of solidarity with the newly independent republics of Latin America and established the principle that autocratic influences and depredations by powers outside the region present dangers to the peace, safety, and independence of the free nations of the Western Hemisphere;

Whereas President Monroe established the defensive character of the Monroe Doctrine by asserting that, “It is only when our rights are invaded or seriously menaced that we resent injuries or make preparation for our defense.”;

Whereas President Monroe proclaimed the doctrine after the Russian Empire attempted to claim and colonize territories in present-day Alaska and the Pacific Northwest in 1821, and the seizure of the USS Pearl by the Russian sloop Apollon in 1822;

Whereas, according to the National Archives, the United States Government invoked the Monroe Doctrine in 1865 to exert diplomatic and military pressure in support of the Mexican President Benito Juárez, which enabled Juárez to lead a successful revolt against the Emperor Maximilian, who had been placed on the throne by the French Empire;

Whereas, according to the National Archives, President John F. Kennedy invoked the Monroe Doctrine when the Soviet Union built missile launch sites in Cuba in 1962, and as part of the successful actions of his administration to see the Soviet missiles withdrawn from the dismantled missile launch sites in Cuba;

Whereas, on September 17, 1987, the Senate adopted an amendment, by a bipartisan vote of 90 to 2, to S. 1174 (100th Congress), known as the “National Defense Authorization Act

for Fiscal Years 1988 and 1989”, affirming “the sense of the Senate that the policy of the United States toward Central America should be based on the principles of the Monroe Doctrine”;

Whereas the National Security Strategy dated October 2022 states that “no region impacts the United States more directly than the Western Hemisphere,” and acknowledges the threat of external interference or coercion in the Western Hemisphere from the People’s Republic of China, the Russian Federation, and the Islamic Republic of Iran;

Whereas the 2023 Posture Statement of the United States Southern Command acknowledges that external malign actors like the People’s Republic of China and the Russian Federation are aggressively exerting influence over neighboring countries in Latin America and the Caribbean and raises concerns about Iranian intelligence and security activities;

Whereas the 2023 Posture Statement of the United States Southern Command notes that the People’s Republic of China is encroaching upon sensitive critical infrastructure in the Western Hemisphere through investments, including in deep-water ports, cyber facilities, and space facilities which can have a potential dual use for malign commercial and military activities;

Whereas the 2023 Posture Statement of the United States Southern Command notes that the Russian Federation undertakes extensive disinformation campaigns in Latin America, bolsters authoritarian regimes like the Republic of Cuba, the Republic of Nicaragua, and the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, and pursues military engagement and gray zone operations in this region;

Whereas the posture statement for 2023 of the United States Northern Command asserts “Our competitors and potential adversaries, particularly the People’s Republic of China and Russia, continue to challenge the rules-based international order” and “seek to advance their interests and gain global advantages through political intimidation, economic coercion, cyber and information operations, asymmetric attacks on infrastructure, and the direct threat or actual employment of military force”;

Whereas the letter and spirit of the Monroe Doctrine continue to inspire the efforts of the people of the United States to—

(1) maintain robust domestic, economic, and defense capabilities; and

(2) partner with democratic nations of the Western Hemisphere on a basis of mutual respect and support for shared beneficial diplomatic, commercial, and security endeavors: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) commemorates the 200th anniversary of the promulgation of the Monroe Doctrine;

(2) reasserts the rights and interests of the United States, in accordance with the Monroe Doctrine, to oppose a foreign power extending malign influence that could endanger or undermine the democracies of the Western Hemisphere; and

(3) recognizes the principles of hemisphere freedom and independence, as enshrined in the Monroe Doctrine, as an enduring foundational cornerstone of the foreign policy of the United States.

SENATE RESOLUTION 435—RECOGNIZING THE WEEK OF OCTOBER 30 THROUGH NOVEMBER 4, 2023, AS “NATIONAL VETERANS SMALL BUSINESS WEEK”

Ms. ERNST (for herself, Ms. DUCKWORTH, Mr. CRAPO, Ms. ROSEN, Mr. TUBERVILLE, Ms. BALDWIN, Mr. DAINES,

Mr. BOOKER, Mr. RISCH, Mr. BLUMENTHAL, Mr. WICKER, Ms. HIRONO, Mr. RUBIO, Mr. CASEY, Mr. HOEVEN, Ms. CORTEZ MASTO, Mrs. FISCHER, Ms. KLOBUCHAR, Mr. BUDD, Mr. REED, Mr. CRUZ, Mr. OSSOFF, Mr. HAGERTY, Mr. KELLY, Mrs. BLACKBURN, Ms. SMITH, Mr. RICKETTS, Mr. Kaine, Ms. COLLINS, Mr. KING, Mrs. HYDE-SMITH, Mrs. MURRAY, Mr. BARRASSO, Mr. HICKENLOOPER, Mr. KENNEDY, Mrs. SHAHEEN, Mr. TILLIS, Ms. HASSAN, Mr. MORAN, Mr. MANCHIN, Mrs. BRITT, Mr. LUJÁN, Mr. CASSIDY, Mr. COONS, Mr. HAWLEY, Ms. CANTWELL, Mrs. CAPITO, Mr. CARDIN, Mr. SCOTT of Florida, Mr. PETERS, Mr. YOUNG, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. SULLIVAN, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. MARSHALL, Mr. BOOZMAN, Mr. COTTON, Mr. GRAHAM, Ms. LUMMIS, and Mr. SCHMITT) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 435

Whereas the Armed Forces of the United States train individuals with the skills, discipline, and leadership necessary to establish and operate a successful business;

Whereas there are over 1,700,000 veteran-owned small businesses in the United States, employing over 2,900,000 individuals;

Whereas veteran-owned small businesses make up nearly 5 percent of all businesses in the United States;

Whereas veteran-owned small businesses account for more than \$800,000,000,000 in total receipts every year;

Whereas there are over 160,000 women veteran-owned small businesses in the United States, employing over 119,000 individuals;

Whereas the Small Business Administration hosts events honoring National Veterans Small Business Week from October 30 through November 4, 2023;

Whereas the Committee on Small Business and Entrepreneurship of the Senate celebrates National Veterans Small Business Week during the week of October 30 through November 4, 2023; and

Whereas the week of October 30 through November 4, 2023, would be an appropriate time to celebrate National Veterans Small Business Week: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) recognizes the week of October 30 through November 4, 2023, as “National Veterans Small Business Week”;

(2) supports the goals and ideals of National Veterans Small Business Week;

(3) recognizes the importance of creating policies that promote a business-friendly environment for small business owners that is free of unnecessary and burdensome regulations and red tape; and

(4) expresses appreciation for the continued service to the United States by the veterans of the United States through small business ownership and entrepreneurship.

SENATE RESOLUTION 436—EXPRESSING SUPPORT FOR THE DESIGNATION OF THE WEEK OF OCTOBER 24, 2023, TO OCTOBER 31, 2023, AS “BATWEEK”

Mr. WELCH (for himself and Mr. BRAUN) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 436

Whereas bats are vital to the sustainability of natural ecosystems, national economies, and human health by controlling

damaging insect pests, pollinating plants that produce fruits and vegetables, dispersing seeds to ensure healthy functioning forests and fields, and saving farmers in the United States more than \$3,000,000,000 in pest control every year;

Whereas bats have captured the human imagination through backyard sightings, folklore, art, myths, and legends, making outreach and education about the importance of bats instrumental;

Whereas bats are present throughout the world, except in extremely cold regions, and are the second-largest order of mammals with over 1,400 species;

Whereas white-nose syndrome, a fungal disease that has killed millions of bats in North America, has now spread to 40 States and 12 species of hibernating bats;

Whereas the disease has caused significant declines in populations of the tricolored bat, the little brown bat, and the northern long-eared bat, which is listed as endangered by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service under the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.);

Whereas the Department of the Interior, through the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, the United States Geological Survey, the National Park Service, and the Bureau of Land Management, is leading the international response to the disease in partnership with the United States Forest Service and more than 150 Federal and State agencies, Tribes, nongovernmental organizations, and universities;

Whereas the United States Geological Survey and the United States Fish and Wildlife Service co-lead the multinational, multi-agency North American Bat Monitoring Program, which, since 2015, has consolidated nearly 89,000,000 records from partners in 49 States, 9 Canadian Provinces, and 19 Tribal organizations, demonstrating the power of collaborative conservation science to monitor changes in North American bat populations;

Whereas the United States Geological Survey conducts scientific research on bats that helps resource managers and policymakers make informed decisions regarding the conservation of bats across North America; and

Whereas, in the past decade, the international partnership of States, Tribes, Federal agencies, non-governmental organizations, and other institutions has made extraordinary progress to understand white-nose syndrome, slow the spread of the disease, and develop treatments that hold promise for ending this epidemic: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) expresses support for the designation of “BatWeek”;

(2) encourages the observance of BatWeek with appropriate events and activities;

(3) acknowledges the important role bats play as pollinators and pest control for agriculture; and

(4) intends to—

(A) continue working to conserve bat species and their habitat; and

(B) work to defeat the disease known as white-nose syndrome.

SENATE RESOLUTION 437—CON-DEMNING ANTISEMITISM AT INSTITUTIONS OF HIGHER EDUCATION IN THE UNITED STATES AND ENCOURAGING COLLEGE AND UNIVERSITY LEADERS, ADMINISTRATORS, AND FACULTY TO SPEAK OUT AGAINST ANTISEMITISM

Mrs. BLACKBURN (for herself, Ms. ROSEN, Mr. LANKFORD, and Mr. VAN

HOLLEN) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 437

Whereas, in the aftermath of the terrorist attack on Israel by Hamas on October 7, 2023, there has been a rise in incidents of antisemitism, including hate speech and intimidation, on college campuses and universities in the United States, creating an atmosphere of fear for Jewish students and faculty;

Whereas the International Holocaust Remembrance Alliance has developed a widely accepted working definition of antisemitism which can serve as a helpful tool for education administrators and faculty to identify antisemitism;

Whereas acts of hate, discrimination, and violence based on religion or ethnicity have no place at institutions that exist to further education and understanding between diverse student bodies; and

Whereas freedom of speech and expression are foundational principles of institutions of higher education in the United States, but when these principles are used to promote violence, hatred, or discrimination on the basis of religious beliefs, national origin, or ancestry, higher education leaders have the right and an obligation to respond: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) strongly condemns any instances of antisemitism occurring at colleges and universities in the United States;

(2) encourages higher education leaders, including presidents, deans, and administrators, to publicly condemn speech that incites or celebrates violence against any people based on religious beliefs, national origin, or ancestry; and

(3) encourages institutions of higher education to engage with Jewish student organizations and ensure that Jewish students, faculty, and staff can pursue their academic and personal aspirations without fear.

SENATE RESOLUTION 438—CONGRATULATING COCO GAUFF FOR HER INSPIRING VICTORY AT THIS YEAR'S US OPEN TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIPS

Mr. OSSOFF (for himself, Mr. RUBIO, Mr. WARNOCK, and Mr. SCOTT of Florida) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 438

Whereas, on September 9, 2023, Coco Gauff won her first Grand Slam title at the US Open;

Whereas, on March 13, 2004, Coco Gauff was born in Atlanta, Georgia, and grew up in Delray Beach, Florida, where she still lives today;

Whereas, while still living in Atlanta, Coco Gauff began playing tennis at the age of 6;

Whereas, on June 9, 2018, Coco Gauff won the girls' singles title at Roland-Garros;

Whereas, on March 19, 2019, Coco Gauff made her Women's Tennis Association (referred to in this preamble as the “WTA”) Tour debut at the Miami Open;

Whereas, on July 1, 2019, Coco Gauff shocked the tennis world by defeating Venus Williams at The Championships, Wimbledon at the age of 15 years old;

Whereas, on October 13, 2019, Coco Gauff won her first WTA singles title at the Upper Austria Ladies Linz;

Whereas, on September 9, 2023, Coco Gauff's US Open victory made her the youngest American to win a Grand Slam since Serena Williams won the US Open in 1999;

Whereas, on September 11, 2023, Coco Gauff rose to number 3 in the WTA's world rankings;

Whereas, on September 11, 2023, Coco Gauff became the number 1 ranked doubles player in the world alongside her doubles partner, fellow American, Jessica Pegula;

Whereas Coco Gauff's talent led her to win her first US Open Tennis Championships women's singles title;

Whereas Coco Gauff has won 6 WTA Tour singles titles and 8 WTA Tour doubles titles; and

Whereas Coco Gauff is an inspiration to millions of young girls and boys across the country with her passion for the sport, faith and victories; Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate congratulates Coco Gauff for her inspiring victory at this year's US Open Tennis Championships.

SENATE RESOLUTION 439—SUPPORTING AFTERSCHOOL PROGRAMS AND LIGHTS ON AFTERSCHOOL, A NATIONAL CELEBRATION OF AFTERSCHOOL PROGRAMS HELD ON OCTOBER 26, 2023

Ms. SMITH (for herself, Ms. COLLINS, Ms. WARREN, Mr. KAINE, and Mr. CASEY) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 439

Whereas millions of children in the United States have parents who work outside the home;

Whereas high-quality programs that expand learning opportunities for children, such as afterschool, before-school, summer, and expanded learning opportunities, provide safe, challenging, engaging, and fun learning experiences, including experiences that encourage the study of science, technology, engineering, and math that help children and youth develop social, emotional, physical, cultural, and academic skills;

Whereas high-quality afterschool programs and high-quality expanded learning opportunities provide students with hands-on, engaging lessons that are aligned with the school day;

Whereas high-quality afterschool programs complement regular and expanded school days and support working families by ensuring that the children of those families are safe and productive during the hours parents are working;

Whereas high-quality afterschool programs engage families, schools, and diverse community partners in advancing the well-being of children and youth in the United States;

Whereas high-quality afterschool programs that partner with high-quality community-based organizations build stronger communities by integrating schools with the larger community; and

Whereas Lights On Afterschool, a national celebration of afterschool, before-school, summer, and expanded learning opportunities programs was held on October 26, 2023, to highlight the critical importance of those high-quality programs to children and the families and communities of those children: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate supports Lights On Afterschool, a national celebration of afterschool programs held on October 26, 2023.

SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION 23—EXPRESSING THE SENSE OF CONGRESS THAT A CARBON TAX WOULD BE DETRIMENTAL TO THE ECONOMY OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. CASSIDY (for himself, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. LEE, Mr. CORNYN, Mr. RISCH, Mr. RICKETTS, Mr. MARSHALL, Mr. BARRASSO, Mr. HOEVEN, Ms. LUMMIS, Mr. ROUNDS, Mr. BUDD, Mr. LANKFORD, Mr. CRUZ, and Mrs. HYDE-SMITH) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Finance:

S. CON. RES. 23

Whereas a carbon tax is a regressive domestic Federal tax on carbon dioxide released in the United States;

Whereas a carbon tax will—

- (1) discourage manufacturing and energy production in the United States;
- (2) lead to more jobs and businesses moving overseas;
- (3) lead to less economic growth;
- (4) restrict the global competitiveness of the United States; and
- (5) primarily harm the working-class families of the United States;

Whereas the ingenuity of the United States in energy development practices has increased the availability of the energy resources of the United States and lowered the pollution associated with extracting and producing these energy resources;

Whereas the energy policy of the United States should encourage continued private sector innovation and development and not increase the existing tax burden on manufacturers;

Whereas the production of the energy resources of the United States projects geopolitical strength and increases the ability of the United States to maintain a competitive advantage in the global economy;

Whereas the loss of jobs and businesses to countries overseas—

- (1) serves to weaken the supply chain security of the United States; and
- (2) represents a threat to the economic security and economic and social development of the United States;

Whereas the only countries that stand to benefit as a result of the United States implementing a carbon tax are countries that ignore responsible development and lower prices of manufacturing by polluting without consequence;

Whereas the United States' most pressing strategic rival, China, stands to benefit the most from the United States choosing to undercut domestic industry through a carbon tax;

Whereas China, by far the world's largest polluter, accounts for approximately 30 percent of global carbon dioxide emissions and subsidizes its exports by not imposing or enforcing reasonable environmental or labor standards;

Whereas, even without a carbon tax, manufacturers in the United States are forced to compete with companies in China and elsewhere that face few limits on how much they pollute;

Whereas, without a carbon tax, the United States, domestic energy producers, and domestic manufacturers have reduced greenhouse gas emissions more than any other economy since 2005;

Whereas a carbon tax would undercut the ability of manufacturers in the United States to invest in further development and other efforts that would continue to voluntarily reduce pollution in their operations;

Whereas it is inconceivable that the United States Government would punish the work-

ers and manufacturers of the United States with a carbon tax despite the United States' standing as a global leader in relation to the environmental performance of its industry;

Whereas the loss of jobs and businesses to countries overseas serves to result in greater pollution;

Whereas more production in the United States is also a benefit to the environment by preventing the expansion of less efficient production in other countries like China;

Whereas anti-carbon tax, pro-growth solutions can reverse the trend of the people of the United States being left behind economically; and

Whereas the Congress and the President should focus on pro-growth solutions that encourage increased development of domestic resources: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That it is the sense of Congress that a carbon tax would be detrimental to the families and businesses of the United States while severely harming the economic and national security of the United States.

AUTHORITY FOR COMMITTEES TO MEET

Mr. SCHUMER. Madam President, I have five requests for committees to meet during today's session of the Senate. They have the approval of the Majority and Minority Leaders.

Pursuant to rule XXVI, paragraph 5(a), of the Standing Rules of the Senate, the following committees are authorized to meet during today's session of the Senate:

COMMITTEE ON BANKING, HOUSING, AND URBAN AFFAIRS

The Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, October 26, 2023, at 10 a.m., to conduct a hearing.

COMMITTEE ON ENERGY AND NATURAL RESOURCES

The Committee on Energy and Natural Resources is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, October 26, 2023, at 9:30 a.m., to conduct a hearing.

COMMITTEE ON THE JUDICIARY

The Committee on the Judiciary is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, October 26, 2023, at 10 a.m., to conduct an executive business meeting.

SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON AGING

The Special Committee on Aging is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, October 26, 2023, at 10 a.m., to conduct a hearing.

SUBCOMMITTEE ON CHEMICAL SAFETY, WASTE MANAGEMENT, ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE, AND REGULATORY OVERSIGHT

The Subcommittee on Chemical Safety, Waste Management, Environmental Justice, and Regulatory Oversight of the Committee on Environment and Public Works is authorized to meet during the session of the Senate on Thursday, October 26, 2023, at 10 a.m., to conduct a hearing.

MEASURE PLACED ON THE CALENDAR—S. 3135

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, I understand there is a bill at the desk that is due for a second reading.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The clerk will read the bill by title for the second time.

The senior assistant legislative clerk read as follows:

A bill (S. 3135) making emergency supplemental appropriations for assistance for the situation in Israel for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, and for other purposes.

Mr. SCHUMER. In order to place the bill on the calendar under the provisions of rule XIV, I would object to further proceeding.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. The objection having been heard, the bill will be placed on the calendar.

RESOLUTIONS SUBMITTED TODAY

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that the Senate now proceed to the en bloc consideration of the following Senate resolutions, which were submitted earlier today: S. Res. 435, S. Res. 436, S. Res. 437; S. Res. 438, and S. Res. 439.

There being no objection, the Senate proceeded to consider the resolutions en bloc.

Mr. SCHUMER. I ask unanimous consent that the resolutions be agreed to, the preambles be agreed to, and that the motions to reconsider be considered made and laid upon the table, all en bloc.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

The resolutions were agreed to.

The preambles were agreed to.

(The resolutions, with their preambles, are printed in today's RECORD under "Submitted Resolutions.")

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, I would just note that one of these resolutions condemns anti-Semitism, which we see on too many campuses these days.

ORDERS FOR MONDAY, OCTOBER 30, 2023

Mr. SCHUMER. Finally, Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent that when the Senate completes its business today, it stand adjourned until 3 p.m. on Monday, October 30; that following the prayer and pledge, the Journal of proceedings be approved to date, the morning hour be deemed expired, the time for the two leaders be reserved for their use later in the day, and morning business be closed; that upon the conclusion of morning business, the Senate proceed to executive session to resume consideration of the Maddox nomination; further, that the cloture motions filed during today's session ripen at 5:30 p.m. on Monday.

The PRESIDING OFFICER. Without objection, it is so ordered.

ADJOURNMENT UNTIL 3 P.M.,
MONDAY, OCTOBER 30, 2023

Mr. SCHUMER. Mr. President, if there is no further business to come before the Senate, I ask that it stand adjourned under the previous order.

There being no objection, the Senate, at 3:15 p.m., adjourned until 3 p.m. on Monday, October 30, 2023.

NOMINATIONS

Executive nominations received by
the Senate:

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

JOHN W. MCINTYRE, OF TEXAS, A CAREER MEMBER OF THE SENIOR FOREIGN SERVICE, CLASS OF MINISTER-COUNSELOR, TO BE AMBASSADOR EXTRAORDINARY AND PLENIPOTENTIARY OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA TO THE KINGDOM OF ESWATINI.

IN THE AIR FORCE

THE FOLLOWING NAMED OFFICER FOR APPOINTMENT IN THE UNITED STATES AIR FORCE TO THE GRADE INDICATED UNDER TITLE 10, U.S.C., SECTION 624:

To be major general

BRIG. GEN. THOMAS P. SHERMAN

IN THE COAST GUARD

THE FOLLOWING NAMED OFFICERS FOR APPOINTMENT IN THE UNITED STATES COAST GUARD RESERVE TO THE GRADE INDICATED UNDER TITLE 10, U.S.C., SECTION 12203(A):

To be captain

LORI A. ARCHER
ERNEST N. BROWN
DAVID J. CRIPE
JAMES W. FITZGERALD
BENJAMIN J. LEHRFELD
JENNIFER T. LOTH
JAMES V. LOVENSTEIN
FRANK A. PUZZINI
LINEKA N. QUIJANO
GREGORY S. ROGERS
SHARON E. RUSSELL

EXTENSIONS OF REMARKS

STANDING WITH ISRAEL AS IT DEFENDS ITSELF AGAINST THE BARBARIC WAR LAUNCHED BY HAMAS AND OTHER TERRORISTS

SPEECH OF

HON. GWEN MOORE

OF WISCONSIN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, October 25, 2023

Ms. MOORE of Wisconsin. Mr. Speaker, I join my colleagues in condemning the horrific and heartbreaking terror attacks by Hamas as articulated in H. Res. 771.

I have been horrified by and strongly condemn the terrorist attack that has unleashed another cycle of violence that has millions of innocent civilians in the region under threat.

Let me be clear: Hamas is a terrorist organization that has shown time and again its disregard for innocent human life and does not represent the aspirations or speak for the Palestinians. Hamas—which has long been designated a foreign terrorist organization by the U.S. and subject to sanctions—has no regard for the lives it puts in danger, Israeli or Palestinian.

My heart continues to be heavy as I mourn the innocent Israeli lives lost and those kidnapped and taken hostage, including Americans and other foreign nationals.

I agree with many of my colleagues who have pointed out a glaring omission in this resolution: the lack of any real acknowledgment of the hardships, suffering, and loss being imposed on innocent civilians in Gaza, including the children who have died, who hate Hamas as much as anyone in this chamber and simply want to live their lives in peace. We have to be clear that this body deplores the loss of all innocent lives.

I refuse the narrative that you cannot condemn Hamas while also expressing concerns for the fate of innocent Palestinians whose lives, livelihoods, and homes are now in turmoil and under threat.

I reiterate the call from the Biden Administration, and others, that Israel's right to defend itself and its people, brings with it the responsibility to do so in accordance with international law, including the protection of civilian life. And this must include working to restore a supply of basic needs (food, water, medicines) to the civilians trapped in Gaza.

Hamas' inhumanity and acts of terrorism should not induce the rest of us to abandon our principles and international law.

You wouldn't know it from this resolution but there is an urgent humanitarian crisis that is being made worse every minute in Gaza. The longer the fighting goes, the worse I fear the impact will be for these civilians who did nothing to start this fight and have nowhere safe to go.

How does another massive humanitarian crisis help Israel's security or the ability of civilians to live in peace? I was pleased to join a number of my colleagues on a recent letter urging President Biden to make humanitarian

needs of innocent civilians in Gaza a priority. This must remain a priority for U.S. diplomatic efforts in the region, including directly by President Biden himself. I hope this chamber would have joined us in sharing that sense of urgency and decency.

And lastly, even as Israeli forces are gathering for a devastating ground war in Gaza that will increase the suffering of innocent Palestinians, we all have to recognize that, at some point, the fighting will end.

I hope it is much sooner rather than later for the sake of innocent civilians.

The resolution is however conspicuously silent on what happens when the violence ends or on the two-state solution that I and others have pressed for over the years and which sadly, continues to be sidelined which is the goal of groups like Hamas.

Let's be clear—to permanently end this cycle, we don't need more nonbinding resolutions and condemnations. Tough choices, Tough decision, Tough compromises have to be made. And those decisions will not be made here on the floor of the House of Representatives.

What happens when the rocket fire stops is going to be the most important indicator of, if and when, we can break this cycle of violence or how soon we will once again have sirens going off in Israel and Palestinians in Gaza told to flee without any actual ability to flee.

The need for greater political and diplomatic engagement will not end with the fighting. In fact, its need increases exponentially if you really want to protect innocent civilians.

I can tell you there are Palestinian moms and dads huddling with their children in some awful place begging for peace right now.

I also hear cries for peace from families, relatives, and friends of Israeli's who died or were wounded or who are being held hostages. I don't need thousands more innocent Israeli's and/or Palestinians under threat to know that they are hungry for anything that brings them closer to peace and farther from fearing for their lives at every moment.

Security for Palestinians and Israelis are linked. So is prosperity and hope for a better future.

I want this fighting to come to an end as soon as possible. Military means have never brought peace to this region.

ENERGY AND WATER DEVELOPMENT AND RELATED AGENCIES APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2024

SPEECH OF

HON. BETTY MCCOLLUM

OF MINNESOTA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Wednesday, October 25, 2023

Ms. MCCOLLUM. Mr. Chair, I rise in strong opposition to H.R. 4394, Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024. This bill makes devastating cuts that will harm consumers, take

us backwards in the green energy transition, and threaten good-paying, clean energy jobs.

Just as the heat is being turned on for the winter, House Republicans are putting forth H.R. 4394 which will raise energy costs for more than 250,000 American households. Additionally, H.R. 4394 includes provisions that limit the Department of Energy's ability to set energy efficiency standards for home appliances. Mr. Speaker, why wouldn't we want more efficient appliances? Contrary to Republican talking points, the Biden administration is not coming to take your gas stove. That is simply untrue. The Department of Energy does not have the authority to ban gas stoves or other appliances based on fuel sources, nor should it have the authority.

The growing threat of climate change is real, and in order to protect our planet, we must reduce carbon emissions and embrace a green energy future. Congressional Republicans have long been hostile to investments in clean energy and they are using H.R. 4394 as an opportunity to slow down the transition to green energy and rescind the historic investments in clean energy made in the Inflation Reduction Act and Bipartisan Infrastructure Law. H.R. 4394 includes a 42 percent cut to the Department of Energy's Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy account. This office is critical to developing manufacturing, building efficiency, clean energy like hydrogen and solar, and weatherization technologies that are essential to our nation's growth and resilience in the face of climate change.

As we make the transition to green energy, opportunities for clean energy jobs are growing. In 2022, clean energy companies employed nearly 60,000 Minnesotans—and jobs in clean energy grew 50 percent faster than the state's overall economy. In fact, the biggest sector in Minnesota's clean energy industry is energy efficiency. Over 43,000 Minnesotans work to manufacture and install energy efficient appliances, lighting, heating, ventilation, HVAC systems, and advanced building materials in commercial buildings and homes. The drastic cuts in this bill and the attack on energy efficiency incentives will threaten the vibrancy of Minnesota's clean energy economy.

Mr. Chair, instead of reevaluating their extreme 2024 funding bills and working to find a bipartisan path forward to fund the government beyond November 17th, House Republicans are moving forward with passing bills that have no chance of ever becoming law. With this bill, House Republicans are harming consumers, threatening our clean energy economy, and failing to address the existential threat of climate change. For all of these reasons, I must vote against H.R. 4394.

• This "bullet" symbol identifies statements or insertions which are not spoken by a Member of the Senate on the floor.

Matter set in this typeface indicates words inserted or appended, rather than spoken, by a Member of the House on the floor.

HONORING ANA IBARRA AS 2023
VALLEY LUCHADORA FOR HIS-
PANIC HERITAGE MONTH

HON. TONY CÁRDENAS

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Mr. CÁRDENAS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor Ana Ibarra, also known as “Doña Ana”, as a Valley Luchadora. Doña Ana is the founder and owner of Pozoleria Doña Ana.

Ana was born and raised in Nayarit, Mexico, and came to the United States 44 years ago at the age of 18. With only a middle school education, Ana began her business in her living room in Panorama City, selling a popular Mexican dish, pozole.

Despite struggling with depression, Doña Ana found motivation to pursue the American dream and open her own small business.

Despite three localities denying her the license to open her restaurant, she persevered and is now located in the heart of Panorama City. Today, she has brought people from all over the United States to try her meals and bring people together through her food.

Doña Ana is the embodiment of the American dream and our community’s ‘si se puede’ mantra.

Since her one-year anniversary she shared through her restaurant funds, she has been able to send donations to over 300 children in Mexico because she remembers her humble beginnings.

It is this same spirit of generosity that she has taught to her family-owned restaurant and customers. Today, Doña Ana feeds any homeless person that enters her restaurant because she believes “a nadie se le niega un taco,” which loosely translates to “you don’t deny anyone food.”

I thank Ana. It is my honor to recognize her as a distinguished leader and luchador during Hispanic Heritage Month.

RECOGNIZING LIFE DIRECTIONS

HON. RASHIDA TLAI

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Ms. TLAIB. Mr. Speaker, today I want to honor Life Directions, a community-based organization whose mission is to motivate young adults, to mature into responsible, productive adults through self-direction, as they celebrate fifty years of service.

Life Directions was founded in Detroit in 1973 when five like-minded individuals, Alexander and Judith MacDonald, Reverend John Phelps, Sister Rosalie Esquerra, and Reverend Alex Steinmiller, came together in search of community-based solution to combat increasing rates of violence in impoverished areas of the city that was impacting and taking the lives of young people. From these initial meetings, Life Directions peer mentorship programming was born. Eventually Life Directions’ programs such as Peer Motivation, Peer Mentor and other enrichment programs were offered in schools to help teens and young adults navigate better solutions and become peace builders in their communities.

The Life Directions Programs were established in Detroit, Tucson, New Orleans, Chi-

cago, and San Antonio. To date, Life Directions combined programs, Peer Motivation, Peer Mentor, Neighborhood Enrichment, focus: Life Retreats, Focus Family, Enfoque la familia, Women Bridging Change and Men Bridging Change has reached over 180,000 youth and young adults.

Please join me in recognizing Life Directions’ commitment to building a brighter future for young people, as they celebrate fifty years.

RECOGNIZING THE 100TH ANNIVERSARY OF TURKISH REPUBLIC DAY

HON. PETE SESSIONS

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Mr. SESSIONS. Mr. Speaker, today I stand to commemorate the 100th anniversary of Turkish Republic Day, a significant milestone that encapsulates a century of the Turkish people’s dedication to resilience, progress, and liberty. This is not just a celebration of Turkey’s freedom but also a testament to the enduring friendship between the United States and Turkey, allies whose shared values lay the foundation for a bright future.

Central to our relationship is the substantial economic partnership that we have cultivated. This bilateral relationship extends across critical sectors including defense, energy, and commerce. It is within this sphere of trade and investment that both nations encounter vast untapped potential, promising mutual prosperity.

We engage in a strong trade relationship, exchanging billions of dollars annually worth of essential goods. Turkey ranks as a key market for American enterprises, while Turkish investments on American soil continue to spur job creation and innovation, enriching our local communities.

We recognize that our commercial relationship, albeit robust, has room for growth. Turkey’s strategic location, bordering countries across the Eurasian region, positions it as a pivotal ally for U.S. interests now more than ever. Turkey is an attractive destination for foreign direct investment and economic collaboration, particularly in emerging sectors like technology, renewable energy, and healthcare.

As we mark Turkey’s centennial Republic Day, it is incumbent upon us to recommit to nurturing this partnership. By emboldening our economic ties and exploring collaborative ventures, we can co-create a pathway towards sustained economic vitality and security. This celebration is not just about reflecting on Turkey’s admirable past; it’s about forging ahead, side by side, towards a prosperous and peaceful future.

I extend heartfelt Republic Day greetings to the Turkish people. Here’s to a friendship that, built on mutual respect and common aspirations, will continue to flourish for generations.

HONORING JULIETA GARCIA AS
2023 VALLEY LUCHADORA FOR
HISPANIC HERITAGE MONTH

HON. TONY CÁRDENAS

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Mr. CÁRDENAS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor Julieta Garcia as a Valley Luchadora. Julieta is a compassionate woman who saw a need in her community and decided to act. Born in Sinaloa Mexico, Julieta migrated to Los Angeles, California in 1968 where she decided to pursue the American Dream.

She worked hard to make it in this country, overcoming many obstacles to initiate a long career in post-secondary education.

In 1981, she opened a vocational school that provided injured workers with career focused training.

To many, that is a summation of a life’s work—but not for Julieta. After retiring, she decided to give even more to her community.

In 2015, she founded Plaza Comunitaria Sinaloa (PCS), a non-profit dedicated to empowering the immigrant community through adult education. Her belief in the power of education is the driving force to empower a whole community.

Julieta and her family, Julie and Jaqueline, help people just like my parents, Andres and Maria Cardenas, who emigrated from Mexico with a first and second grade level education, to learn English, learn to use computers, get their GED, pass their citizenship exam, and provide mental health and domestic violence prevention workshops.

Plaza Comunitaria Sinaloa grew by word of mouth from the comadres network.

As many of us know, a comadres network is an informal group of mothers in the community connecting others with vital information and resources.

Julieta has partnered with various neighborhood councils, businesses, and foundations.

With the support of the community, PCS has grown tremendously since 2021 and continues to expand programs and services based on community needs, priorities, and values.

I thank Julieta. It is my honor to recognize her as a distinguished community leader and luchadora during this Hispanic Heritage Month.

RECOGNIZING JANICE McDONALD

HON. JASON CROW

OF COLORADO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Mr. CROW. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize Janice McDonald for her decades of service to the Cherry Creek School District, City of Aurora, and surrounding communities.

A Colorado native, Janice graduated from East High School in Denver before moving with her husband to Aurora in 1957. All five of their children and fourteen of their grandchildren attended Cherry Creek Schools.

Over the years, Janice dedicated much of her time and energy to giving back to children and her community. At Ponderosa High School, she served as the Vice President and

President of the Parent Teacher Community Organization and represented the school on the Parents Council. Janice also served on the School Accountability Committee and started several multi-cultural programs at Prairie Middle School. Each month, she would offer a presentation to students about diverse cultures, countries, and industries. She also developed a student-adult mentoring program specifically geared toward young African American students.

In November 2015, Janice was elected to the Cherry Creek School Board of Education as the first African-American woman to serve in that role. As the representative for District B, she prioritized strengthening community involvement and focused on closing the achievement gap for all students. With her vast personal and professional experience in the district, she wanted to give back to a community that she believed had served her children and family well.

On October 9, 2023, Janice delivered final remarks during her final board meeting as a Cherry Creek School District Board Member. In part they read:

"In retrospect, I have been afforded the opportunity to serve eight years. An opportunity that I haven't taken for granted. I truly believe to whom much has been given, much is required. I have been committed. When my five children came through the district I wanted the best for them, now my grandchildren. I want the best for them as well, but beyond my personal desires, I have truly wanted the best for all students." Her parting advice was to "Let the agenda always support what's best for the children in every deliberation."

Janice's colleagues also offered remarks in honor of her service and to pay tribute to her unwavering focus on the children and her well-known and often-asked line, "How are the children?"

I commend and thank Janice for her decades of service to the community, including eight years of service to the Cherry Creek School District. As she begins her retirement, may Janice's experience and commitment to service leave a lasting legacy on the students, faculty, and the Board in the years ahead.

HONORING THE LONGEST SERVING MAYOR OF LAS CRUCES MAYOR KEN MIYAGISHIMA

HON. GABE VASQUEZ

OF NEW MEXICO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Mr. VASQUEZ. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor Mayor Ken Miyagishima on the occasion of his retirement and to recognize his work as a public servant who has tirelessly represented Las Cruces as Mayor for 16 years. The longest serving mayor in the city's history.

Mayor Miyagishima moved from Mississippi to Las Cruces at the age of eight. He attended New Mexico State University in Las Cruces and graduated in 1985. In 1992, at 28, he became the first American of Japanese-Mexican descent to be elected to public office in New Mexico when he became Commissioner for Doña Ana County.

In 2001, he was elected to the Las Cruces City Council, serving until 2007. Mr.

Miyagishima was later elected mayor of Las Cruces, becoming the first person of Japanese and Mexican descent to be elected mayor. Following this election, he became only the second person in Doña Ana County's history to have been elected both as Chairman of the Doña Ana County Commission and the Mayor of Las Cruces. As Mayor, Ken was an advocate for our youth, spearheaded the growth of our city, and brought forth generational change to our city.

Throughout Mayor Miyagishima's more than 30 years of public service, he has served with integrity and courage, fought to improve the lives of Las Cruces, and elevated our city at the national level. Mayor Miyagishima received the 2002 Commander's Award for Public Service from the Department of the Army and the 2016 Antonio Villaraigosa Award.

On behalf of the great people of New Mexico's 2nd Congressional District, I thank Mayor Ken Miyagishima for his life of service to Las Cruces and Doña Ana County. His work has made his community and New Mexico a stronger and more equitable community. We wish him well in his next chapter.

HONORING MANNY FLORES AS 2023 VALLEY LUCHADOR FOR HIS- PANIC HERITAGE MONTH

HON. TONY CÁRDENAS

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Mr. CÁRDENAS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor Manny Flores as a Valley Luchador. Manny Flores is the Executive Director for North Valley Caring Services.

Throughout the last decade, he has played a key role at North Valley Caring Services.

Manny was impacted by the criminal justice system where he found a new path and began his commitment to help others find theirs.

Through his hard work and dedication to his community and his faith in God, he transformed a small non-profit organization into a powerhouse that helps many Valley families.

Their programs include a food pantry, hot meals for families living in motels, a Safe Parking program for the unhoused, and homeless outreach.

During the pandemic, demand for NVCS services exploded as more people found themselves housing insecure, food insecure, and job insecure. Manny led the NVCS team as they rose to meet the challenge, expanding services like their food bank to help 4,000 families, ten times the number of families they fed pre-pandemic. He and his team worked tirelessly to ensure that families in need got the food and essential goods they needed during the public health emergency.

They organized drive-thru food banks at their headquarters at the North Hills United Methodist Church, and lines would wrap around Sepulveda Boulevard and Nordhoff Street.

They even took the drive-thru food bank to other locations such as Sun Valley and Van Nuys.

They mastered the logistical skill of organizing drive-thru food pantries with volunteer power.

Manny, the NVCS team, and the volunteers under his leadership have changed countless lives in our community.

Manny is a shining example of a Luchador who helped his community in the most difficult circumstances.

Unfortunately, he lost his son Joseph Flores this year. Joseph was one of Manny's most dedicated volunteers.

Even with this loss, Manny honors his son every day by supporting the families in his community that need support.

I thank Manny for his countless years of public service. It is my honor to recognize him as a distinguished community leader and luchador during Hispanic Heritage Month.

RECOGNIZING TURKEY'S 100TH AN- NIVERSARY AND JAZZ DIPLO- MACY

HON. ANDRÉ CARSON

OF INDIANA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Mr. CARSON. Mr. Speaker, today, I rise to recognize a historic milestone, the 100th anniversary of the Republic of Turkey.

One remarkable aspect of Turkey's presence in the United States is the Turkish Embassy in Washington, D.C. Over the years, the Embassy has played a vital role in enhancing cultural diplomacy and fostering friendships between our nations. Notably, the Turkish Embassy's dedication to hosting jazz events has left an indelible mark on our cultural landscape. Jazz, a truly American art form, has found a welcoming home within the walls of the Turkish Embassy. These events have transcended mere musical performances; they have served as bridges connecting hearts and minds across cultures, and continue to prove the non-negligible, connecting nature of music.

At the height of Jim Crow segregation in the U.S., the Turkish Embassy's jazz concerts in the 1930's and 1940's were significant during the anti-racism struggle. At this time, Black Americans were not allowed to sit next to whites in many places like restaurants and concert halls. Yet, the Turkish Embassy in Washington broke down prejudice and barriers by opening their doors to Black jazz musicians. Münir Ertegün, Turkey's second ambassador to the U.S. who served between 1934 and 1944, and his two sons, Ahmet and Nesuhi—also the founders of the top recording company Atlantic Records—challenged racism in the U.S. by inviting African American jazz performers to the Turkish Embassy for concerts and jam sessions in Washington, D.C. during these years. These Embassy concerts featured iconic performers like Louis Armstrong, Duke Ellington, Teddy Wilson, and Lester Young. These groundbreaking gatherings showed the potential of jazz diplomacy. The Ertegün brothers went further by organizing Washington's first integrated concert in 1942 at the Jewish Community Center on 16th Street. Some described the powerful imagery of two Muslim men bringing Black music to a Jewish-owned institution. This desegregation through music and culture launched a legacy worth recognizing.

Turkey's efforts extend far beyond its musical contributions to the global community and the United States. It has been a source of inspiration for countless individuals, including African American writers like James Baldwin. Baldwin, whose literary brilliance continues to

resonate, routinely found solace and creativity in Turkey.

Baldwin, who famously stated: “Turkey saved my life!” lived off and on in Istanbul for nearly ten years beginning in 1961. The nation’s rich history, vibrant culture, and diverse society provided Baldwin with the backdrop and inspiration for some of his most profound works. This connection between Turkey and a literary giant like James Baldwin demonstrates the transformative power of cultural exchange and the enduring bonds that can be forged between nations.

As we recognize Turkey’s 100th anniversary, let us not only honor its remarkable journey but also reaffirm our commitment to strengthening the bonds of friendship and cultural understanding between Turkey and the United States. May the jazz that has filled the halls of the Turkish Embassy continue to serve as a powerful reminder of our shared values and aspirations. Especially in these turbulent times, working together for our shared goals of peace, fairness, and justice is more important than ever. May the spirit of democracy, liberty, and cultural exchange continue to flourish between our two great nations in the years to come.

HONORING THE LIFE AND LEGACY OF PROFESSOR AN YIN

HON. TED LIEU

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Mr. LIEU. Mr. Speaker, I rise today with a heavy heart to honor the life and legacy of Professor An Yin, who passed away on July 12, 2023. Mr. Yin was a distinguished Professor of Earth, Planetary, and Space Sciences at the University of California, Los Angeles located in my congressional district.

Professor Yin was born on June 24, 1959, in Harbin, China. He was a part of an intellectual family with both of his parents being medical professors. Mr. Yin was inspired by his family to pursue a career in science. He began his academic career at Beijing University where he studied Geomechanics before transferring to the University of Southern California (USC) in 1982 to join their master’s and doctoral degree programs in structural geology.

Professor Yin officially received his doctoral degree from USC in 1988 and was offered a tenure tracked professorship at the University of California, Los Angeles. By 1996, he ascended to full Professor status at UCLA, even earning a title of Distinguished Professor for the year of 1995. During this time, Mr. Yin was sharing a joint appointment with the Institute of Geophysics and Planetary Physics from 1995 to 2011. He made important contributions to the field of geophysics by integrating a range of geological observations into unexplored fields in Earth and planetary science.

Professor Yin was recognized widely for his innovative efforts to help understand how the planetary lithosphere forms and deforms. He was awarded the Young Scientist award and became a fellow of the Geological Society of America in 1994. He was then elected as a fellow of the American Geophysical Union in 2013. Another significant recognition he received was the prestigious Penrose Medal in

2022, which is the highest medal granted at the Geological Society of America.

Professor Yin also kept a continued focus on the geology of China and East Asia. He and his colleagues worked together to construct views of many critical issues in key places throughout the territory, including fault systems in Central Tibet, possible seismic gaps in northern China, and a metamorphic belt in Qiangtang. He was a founding member of the International Professionals for Advancement of Chinese Earth Sciences in 1999, a non-profit organization established to promote earth science research and education in China and international collaborations. Mr. Yin offered lectures and courses to numerous students in China and inspired many young academic professionals to pursue interests in geophysics, geology, and geochemistry.

Professor Yin is remembered for being an excellent advisor to many graduate and undergraduate students at UCLA. He supervised over 40 graduate theses and was considered the backbone of the UCLA field research curriculum for over 30 years. Many of his students have gone on to accept professorships themselves and one of his doctoral graduates is a NASA astronaut. He set a high bar for the scientific community that remains an inspiration to all who studied under him.

An Yin is survived by his wife Sandy and children, Daniel, and Hanah, along with his numerous mentees and academic colleagues who credit him with inspiring their strong work ethic and creative mindsets. May his memory live on in all those he taught and inspired in life.

HONORING PIERRE IVAN ARREOLA AS 2023 VALLEY LUCHADOR FOR HISPANIC HERITAGE MONTH

HON. TONY CÁRDENAS

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Mr. CÁRDENAS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor Pierre Ivan Arreola as a Valley Luchador.

Pierre Ivan Arreola aka Pierre Boogie is a proud son of immigrants that grew up in Pacoima.

As he was growing up, he felt a deep connection to the arts through music and dance from his parents.

In high school, Pierre and his friends created The GR818ERS (pronounced ‘GREAT-ONE-EIGHTERS’), a collective that aims to uplift and empower their community through Hip Hop culture.

Today, with the direction of Pierre, the GR818ERS host community events and youth programs throughout the year that highlight Hip-Hop culture as a platform for self expression and social justice.

The GR818ERS founded AWOKE, a non-profit organization inspired by empowerment and the arts.

After a decade of building the movement, they opened the UNITE Cultural Center in Canoga Park—a San Fernando Valley-based hub for youth and community development through creative transformation, civic engagement, and collective healing.

As the Executive Director of AWOKE, Pierre manages development efforts, administers

funding contracts, and oversees a team of 15 cultural ambassadors. One of the locations I would like to highlight is Sheldon Skate Park where the GR818ERS are bringing vital resources and programming to the youth and skaters.

Pierre was a first-generation college student and received his bachelor’s degree in Sociology from Brown University.

Pierre has always been dedicated to his community and was recognized as the City of Los Angeles Impact Maker to Watch in 2016. Pierre has used his positions to continue to uplift vulnerable communities, spread hope, and advocate for justice.

Currently Pierre serves as a commissioner on the City of Los Angeles’ Human Relations Commission.

He was appointed to the City of Los Angeles’ Executive Task Force on Youth Development to help craft the blueprint for the City of Los Angeles’ inaugural Youth Development Department.

Pierre also serves as a board member of two academic centers at Cal State University, Northridge: The Center for Southern California Studies and the Center for the Interdisciplinary Pursuit of Hip Hop Elevation & Research.

In 2022, Pierre received the Mentorship Award from the San Fernando Valley Young Democrats.

I thank Pierre. It is my honor to recognize him as a distinguished leader and luchador during Hispanic Heritage Month.

CELEBRATING THE RETIREMENT OF BISHOP MARC ANDRUS

HON. NANCY PELOSI

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Ms. PELOSI. Mr. Speaker, it is with overwhelming joy that I rise today to pay tribute to Bishop Marc Andrus, Bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of California: a spiritual luminary and moral leader whose more than three decades of service has been nothing short of exceptional. Bishop Marc embodies the creed of the City of St. Francis: ‘Lord, make me an instrument of thy peace.’ Indeed, as an instrument of peace, he has played a beautiful symphony: honoring our sacred responsibility to care for those in need, to defend the dignity of all God’s children and to preserve our precious planet.

Whether in the pulpit or in our communities, the magnificent ministry of Bishop Marc has made a direct, and extraordinary, impact. He has held the position of Bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of California since 2006. As such, he leads a flock of 27,000 Episcopalians across 75 congregations in Northern California: walking with them down the path toward salvation and social justice. At the same time, his support for the Episcopal Impact Fund and a capital campaign to support Bay Area congregations has only amplified his impact—empowering more people of faith to perform good works in their communities. And his leadership on the San Francisco Interfaith Council helps bring our City together to work for housing and health care, education and environmental impact, justice and peace.

When St. Luke’s Hospital was on the verge of closure, Bishop Marc stepped forward to

help marshal an effort to rescue this pillar of health, healing and history in San Francisco's Mission neighborhood. The Blue Ribbon Panel that he co-chaired—which brought together community members, labor leaders, local officials, health professionals and industry stakeholders—quickly assembled a plan of action to rebuild the hospital so that it could continue to provide outstanding medical care. And when COVID struck, he was an invaluable resource for helping his diocese—and our City—navigate the chaos and uncertainty, convening experts twice a week to coordinate on policy decisions and public outreach.

Bishop Marc's clarion call for marriage equality was consequential in moving the nationwide fight forward. At a time when the Episcopal Church had not approved of rites for same-sex marriage, Bishop Marc publicly urged all couples—gay or straight—to be married in a civil ceremony with a blessing to be performed by the clergy. He went on to lead efforts within the Episcopal Church to win official marriage rites for same-sex couples, and he supported two amici curiae briefs bolstering marriage equality in the courts. And he brought great pride to our City when, as the very first person that he ordained as Bishop, he ordained the first transgender member of the Diocese of California clergy.

Growing up among the rolling hills and mighty rivers of eastern Tennessee, Bishop Marc could hear the Lord's call to be good stewards of His Creation. As an influential voice across the Episcopal Church, and co-chair of its Environmental Task Force, he has helped formulate climate policy recommendations and design initiatives to mobilize for climate action. In 2021, Bishop Marc led an Episcopal delegation to COP26—not only to reaffirm our moral duty to care for God's Creation, but also our obligation to advance eco-justice for communities hit hardest by the climate crisis. Thanks to his efforts, the Episcopal Church gained official observer status, giving it a platform to engage more directly with negotiators on all areas of the convention to address the climate crisis. At COP27, speaking at a panel that I appeared on, he offered striking moral clarity on the need to rescue our planet for future generations.

How fitting that, this Saturday, many from his congregation and his many friends in our City will gather at Grace Cathedral in San Francisco for the 174th Convention of the Diocese of California, where we will celebrate his towering legacy. But more profound than the praise we will offer him at the event will be the impact of prayerful leadership and service, which will be forever etched in the hearts of so many in the Bay Area and beyond.

I thank Bishop Marc for walking with us down the righteous path. May his retirement be filled with the same faith, charity and hope that he has so generously shared with us for so long.

CONGRATULATING “THE VOICE OF THE GRIZ” PETER CHRISTIAN TO HONOR HIS 50 YEARS IN PUBLIC BROADCASTING AND HIS IMPACT ON MISSOULA RADIO AND THE MONTANA GRIZZLIES

HON. RYAN K. ZINKE

OF MONTANA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Mr. ZINKE. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to express my congratulations to an iconic Montanan and the Voice of the Griz, Peter Christian and celebrate his 50 years in broadcasting. This Montana legend and esteemed member of the community has won 25 first-place ‘Craney’ awards from the Montana Broadcasters Association for his news coverage on KGVO based out of Missoula, Montana. Beloved by thousands of fans across many generations, Peter has also been the Public Address Announcer for the Montana Grizzlies at Washington Grizzly Stadium since 1998.

On behalf of the people of Montana's first Congressional District, it is my pleasure to honor and recognize Peter Christian for his meaningful contributions to our community through public broadcasting.

Bravo Zulu, Peter.

HONORING VIRGINIA STATON DEROSSETT—100TH BIRTHDAY

HON. JAMES COMER

OF KENTUCKY

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Mr. COMER. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor Ms. Virginia Staton DeRossett of the First District of Kentucky who is turning 100 years old on November 1st. Ms. DeRossett is a Clinton County resident.

Ms. DeRossett diligently served her country throughout her 20-year tenure at the Pentagon, retiring in 1962. In addition to her civil service during World War II and the Korean war, her three brothers served in our nation's military, further solidifying her sense of duty.

Ms. DeRossett remains an engaged member of the community who continually seeks opportunities to better the lives of her fellow citizens. Ms. DeRossett's patriotic spirit and dedication to her country are rivaled only by her fervent commitment to her family and her conservative ideology.

I join with her family and loved ones, including her daughter and her extended family, in celebrating her lifetime of accomplishments and recognizing her valiant efforts serving our Nation.

HONORING XIOMARA FLORES-HOLGUIN AS 2023 VALLEY LUCHADORA FOR HISPANIC HERITAGE MONTH

HON. TONY CÁRDENAS

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Mr. CÁRDENAS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor Xiomara Flores-Holguin as a Valley Luchadora.

Xiomara is famous in Los Angeles County for her work as a social worker and protecting thousands of kids during her amazing career.

She grew up a child of immigrants from Nicaragua. As a first generation American whose first language was Spanish, Xiomara has always understood the importance of inclusion, representation, and protecting those without a voice.

She received her master's degree in social work from the University of Southern California and got her start working with the Los Angeles County Department of Children and Family Services.

During her time posted with the Emergency Response Command, there were many nights when she was the only Spanish-speaking social worker in the entire county available to respond to emergency calls to accompany law enforcement to homes where Spanish-speaking children needed care.

When LAPD units answered calls about gang violence, Xiomara was there. When LAPD busted a human trafficking ring, Xiomara was there. When they raided a house where drugs were being manufactured, Xiomara was there.

Her primary concern was always the innocent children caught up in the violence, usually standing to the side, quiet and frightened while police arrested the adults around them. She made sure they were cared for and reunited with family whenever possible or placed into the foster system.

Xiomara retired after 36 years with the Department of Children and Family Services. She leaves behind a legacy of new policies that protect the welfare of vulnerable children throughout Los Angeles.

She continues to give back to her community by way of teaching part-time at the California State University Northridge Department of Social Work. Xiomara understands the need for compassion and trained, culturally competent crisis professionals to respond to urgent calls, values she passes on to her students.

In addition to her work at CSUN, she remains a tireless worker and advocate for underserved populations and is a major influencing member of the San Fernando Valley Coalition on Gangs.

I thank Xiomara. It is my honor to recognize her as a distinguished community leader and luchadora during this Hispanic Heritage Month.

CELEBRATING THE LEGACY OF MAYOR KEN MARSHBURN

HON. WILEY NICKEL

OF NORTH CAROLINA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Mr. NICKEL. Mr. Speaker, today, I rise to honor and celebrate the exemplary service of Mayor Ken Marshburn, a distinguished leader, and devoted public servant to the Town of Garner. I'm privileged to recognize his remarkable contributions to our community and express our collective gratitude.

Before Ken Marshburn was elected as Garner's mayor in 2019, he served on the Town Council for twelve years. He was also on the board of the Garner Economic Development Corporation, which led the redevelopment of

the former ConAgra site into a bustling Amazon fulfillment center, further solidifying Garner's role in the economic prosperity of our region.

Beyond his civic leadership, Mayor Marshburn has exhibited a life of dedication to public service, retiring as the Chief of U.S. Pretrial Services for the Eastern District of North Carolina, after a laudable 26-year career. He and his wife, the equally esteemed Ms. Faye Marshburn, who served the Wake County Public School System, have been pillars of the Garner community for over three decades.

It's impossible to miss the philanthropic spirit of the Marshburns. Both Mayor Marshburn and Mrs. Marshburn have been steadfast volunteers with Meals on Wheels of Wake County as well as active members of Garner First Baptist Church.

Furthermore, Mayor Marshburn's passion for education and youth empowerment is evident from his fourteen-year service as guardian ad litem for Wake County, his fifteen-year tenure as a reading tutor in Garner schools, and his unwavering commitment to the Garner Morning Rotary Club for nearly two decades.

Mayor Marshburn's leadership has steered Garner towards a positive and prosperous future. His commitment to fiscal responsibility has laid a solid foundation for the town's growth, attracting new businesses that enrich our economic diversity. His legacy is one of leadership, service, and unwavering dedication to our community.

I ask my colleagues to join me in applauding Mayor Ken Marshburn for his unwavering commitment and invaluable contributions to Garner and extending our best wishes to him and his family as they embark on this well-deserved retirement.

Our community is undeniably richer and brighter due to his leadership and service.

INTRODUCTION OF THE DIANNE FEINSTEIN LAKE TAHOE RESTORATION ACT

HON. JOHN GARAMENDI

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Mr. GARAMENDI. Mr. Speaker, today I introduce a bill cosponsored by every California Democrat and the entire Nevada delegation renaming the Lake Tahoe Restoration Act of 2000 (Public Law 106–506) in honor of the late U.S. Senator Dianne Feinstein (D–CA). We recognize her legacy and leadership spanning more than three decades to Keep Tahoe Blue.

Among her many accomplishments, Senator Feinstein secured more than \$715 million in authorized federal funding under this landmark 2000 law to conserve Lake Tahoe and the surrounding basin for future generations. Senator Feinstein's 2016 amendments to this law provided new authorities for the U.S. Forest Service to combat wildfires across the Tahoe Basin. These authorities were first employed in combating the devastating Caldor Fire in 2021 and in the recovery since.

Nobody in government has done more to Keep Tahoe Blue than Senator Feinstein. She organized the first annual Tahoe Summit in 1997, while I served as Deputy Secretary of

the Interior during the Clinton Administration. The California and Nevada Senators have since rotated hosting the Tahoe Summit annually, which I have been honored to attend over the years.

In 1999, Senator Feinstein sponsored the original Lake Tahoe Restoration Act, the companion of which by then-Congressman John T. Doolittle (R–CA) was enacted into law in the year 2000. In the 114th Congress, I was honored to sponsor the companion to Senator Feinstein's "Lake Tahoe Restoration Act of 2015" with then-U.S. Senator Dean Heller (R–NV), which was enacted into law the following year.

Under the Water Resources Development Act of 2020 (Division AA of Public Law 116–260), she worked with Congresswoman DINA TITUS (D–NV), U.S. Senator ALEX PADILLA (D–CA), and me to authorize the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers new invasive species in alpine lakes pilot project to safeguard Lake Tahoe. Under the Water Resources Development Act of 2022 (Title LXXXI of Public Law 117–263), she worked again with us to secure an additional \$25 million in federal funding for restoration efforts across the Lake Tahoe Basin, such as restoration of the Upper Truckee River and Marsh.

This past March, Senator Feinstein sponsored the "Lake Tahoe Restoration Reauthorization Act of 2023" with the entire Nevada delegation to provide an additional \$415 million in federal funding until 2034. I can think of no better tribute to Senator Feinstein's decades of leadership to help conserve Lake Tahoe than passing this bipartisan reauthorization into law. I am deeply saddened by the passing of this amazing public servant, longtime friend, and treasured colleague. Senator Feinstein will be missed dearly, but her legacy will endure through the lives of the countless Californians she improved during her storied life and career.

My colleagues and I from the California and Nevada delegations are honored to recognize Senator Feinstein's tireless advocacy for our public lands by sponsoring this bill to rename the landmark Lake Tahoe Restoration Act in her honor. Mr. Speaker, I encourage all members to join us in cosponsoring this bill.

CONGRATULATING THE REPUBLIC OF TÜRKIYE ON ITS 100TH ANNIVERSARY

HON. STEVE COHEN

OF TENNESSEE

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Mr. COHEN. Mr. Speaker, on October 29, 2023, the Republic of Türkiye celebrates the 100th anniversary of its founding, and I congratulate the People of Türkiye and Turkish Americans on this 100th commemoration.

As a co-chair of the Congressional Caucus on U.S.–Türkiye Relations and Turkish Americans and the only Member of Congress of Turkish descent, I recognize the vast reforms that were undertaken by Mustafa Kemal Atatürk and his vision for a reformed, modernized, and democratic Turkish Republic. Today, Turkish Americans represent a vital thread of the American fabric, and with rich culture and history, they serve as the best ambassadors for strong relations between our two countries.

I take pride in the contributions and cultural richness brought by Turkish-Americans to the United States. Our heritage is a tapestry woven into the diverse fabric of this nation, and we remain committed to fostering understanding and collaboration between Türkiye and the United States.

I congratulate the Turkish people and Turkish Americans on this centennial milestone and look forward to strengthening U.S. Türkiye relations.

HONORING VICTOR GARZA

HON. ZOE LOFGREN

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Ms. LOFGREN. Mr. Speaker, I rise to recognize the accomplishments of Mr. Victor Garza. He is a longtime community advocate and Latino leader in San Jose, CA.

Victor Garza was born in Eagle Pass, Texas, and moved to California in 1960. He enlisted in the United States Navy and when he left the Navy, he realized there were limited services for veterans in the community. He observed that Latinos were struggling to gain a political voice and recognized that two key areas that needed to be addressed were educational attainment of Latinos and increasing their political participation and increasing services to people in need throughout the community. He was active in one of the most important veterans' groups in the nation, the American GI Forum.

Victor became the first Manager of the Santa Clara County Office of Veterans Services. He has received numerous commendations and awards for his long history of political activism and community involvement including proclamations from the U.S. Congress, State Legislature, County of Santa Clara, and the City of San Jose. He was awarded "Outstanding Young Man of America" by the U.S. Jaycees, recognized by the Santa Clara County Human Relations Commission for outstanding service and dedication to the community, and was an Olympic Cross Country Torch Relay Participant in 1996. The Victor Garza Community Center in Austin, Texas bears his name, as does the Victor Garza Educational Center at Evergreen Valley College.

He founded the La Raza Roundtable in 1988, Santa Clara County's largest coalition of Latino and Mexican American organizations, and spent the last 4 decades fighting for his community. In 1998, Victor was invited by the White House to participate in President Clinton's Initiative on Race and Poverty.

Victor has been a strong voice for equitable education, social and health services, immigration issues, employment and promotional issues that impact the Latino workforce, as well as veterans affairs. He is truly the best our community has to offer, and it has been my privilege to work alongside him and I am proud to call him my friend.

HONORING FABIAN ALOMAR AS
2023 VALLEY LUCHADOR FOR
HISPANIC HERITAGE MONTH

HON. TONY CÁRDENAS

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Mr. CÁRDENAS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor Fabian Aiomar as a Valley Luchador.

Fabian is a professional skateboarder and actor. He stated his career in the '90s, and since then he has involved himself in community advocacy. He most recently appeared in *FLAMIN' HOT*, an ode to the invention of Hot Cheetos—a beloved snack.

A former resident of Panorama City, Fabian balances acting with his love for skateboarding. He supports the sport and kids interested in it by donating skateboards so they can get involved in and improve at skateboarding.

Over four years ago, Fabian became involved with the Anti-Recidivism Coalition as a formerly incarcerated individual. The ARC empowers formerly and currently incarcerated people to thrive by providing a support network, comprehensive reentry services, and opportunities to advocate for policy changes that will help others caught in cycles of incarceration.

Today, Fabian uses his platform to share the mission of ARC to help others who are formerly incarcerated integrate back into society.

Fabian, like me, is the son of immigrants and came from a lineage of farmers.

He told one of our local newspapers, the *San Fernando Sun*, that he recently reconnected with his campesino roots and is expanding his advocacy efforts to include agricultural workers.

His advocacy, energy, and compassion are limitless, and we are proud to call him a Valley native.

I thank Fabian. It is my honor to recognize him as a distinguished leader and luchador during Hispanic Heritage Month.

RECOGNIZING MRS. PENNY
HARTSFIELD WHITE ON HER RE-
TIREMENT AS SUPERVISOR OF
THE 4TH EPISCOPAL DISTRICT
WOMEN'S MISSIONARY SOCIETY
OF THE AFRICAN METHODIST
EPISCOPAL CHURCH

HON. DANNY K. DAVIS

OF ILLINOIS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Mr. DAVIS of Illinois. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize the exceptional service of Mrs. Penny Hartsfield White, 4th Episcopal District Supervisor of the Women's Missionary Society of the African Methodist Episcopal Church. The 4th Episcopal District is headquartered in the 7th Congressional District of Illinois.

Penny is a native of Tallahassee, Florida, and the fifth of nine siblings, six girls and three boys. Her father, the late Richard Allen Hartsfield, Sr., was the Assistant County Agent, and her mother, the late Mrs. Mamie S. Hartsfield, was an elementary educator and a staff member of Florida A. & M. University.

Penny, along with her family, grew up in Fountain Chapel A.M.E. Church in Tallahassee where she participated in the Youth Choir and the YPD's (Young People and Children's Division).

Under Episcopal Supervisor Penny Hartsfield White's leadership, the members of the Women's Missionary Society have grown in their mission focus. Episcopal Supervisor Penny is intentional about ensuring the missionaries bless organizations that serve "the least of these." Donations of diapers, clothing, socks, coats, toiletries, toys, and funds are just a sampling of the ways the missionaries have an impact.

Penny's service to her community is rich and extensive, including serving: with Big Brothers Big Sisters of Greater Miami; as Chair and Co-Chair of United Way Campaigns; as a Co-Chair for multiple March of Dimes sub-committees; on Committees within the American Cancer Society; as Treasurer for the Miami-Dade Chamber of Commerce Trustee Council; with the Chamber as they travelled to Brazil and South Africa to foster working relationships between countries; and as an officer of the Fort Lauderdale Chapter of The Links, Incorporated. Penny currently serves as a Board Member of the Black Women's Agenda, Inc.

During her tenure, Episcopal Supervisor Penny Hartsfield White spearheaded the project to build a home for a pastor in Africa when she learned he needed a place to live. She led the construction of a commercial kitchen in the public library in Pembroke, Illinois, to ensure the community had a suitable gathering place. She also coordinated the purchase of sewing machines for widowed women in India so they could make items to sell to support their families.

I join with members of the 4th Episcopal District of the African Methodist Episcopal Church and the global community to thank Mrs. Penny Hartsfield White for her exceptional service to the church and our nation. I wish her health and happiness in her well-deserved retirement.

TRIBUTE TO MRS. MARY ELLEN
RIVERS SMITH

HON. JAMES E. CLYBURN

OF SOUTH CAROLINA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Mr. CLYBURN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to pay tribute to a committed educator, devout Christian, and dedicated public servant, Mrs. Mary Ellen Rivers Smith. Ms. Smith transitioned from this life on October 14, 2023. She was born in Charleston, South Carolina, on February 13, 1931, the third of four children born to Addell and Mitchell Rivers.

Ms. Smith was a proud graduate of the Charleston School System, having attended Simonton Elementary School, where I began my professional career, and the historic Avery Institute, the first accredited secondary school for African Americans in Charleston. The Avery Institute had a special place in her heart. Decades after graduation, Mrs. Smith donated several artifacts from her school days to what has become the Avery Research Center for African American History and Culture.

Ms. Smith matriculated at North Carolina Central University, then North Carolina Col-

lege, in Durham, North Carolina, in 1952 and graduated with a Bachelor of Arts degree in Health and Physical Education with a minor in Education. An avid and talented singer, Mrs. Smith earned the nickname "Songbird" as a soloist in the University Choir. After graduation, she returned to Charleston to teach high school and shortly thereafter married Reverend Dr. Charles F. Thomas.

Mrs. Smith was deeply dedicated to uplifting and shaping young minds. Over her six-decades-long career as an educator, she taught in elementary and middle schools in South Carolina; Biloxi, Mississippi; Lanon, Philippine Islands; Minneapolis, Minnesota; and Omaha, Nebraska. After residing in Omaha for many years, she moved with her family to Huntsville, Alabama.

In Huntsville, Mrs. Smith became Education Director for the Comprehensive Childcare program. She retired from teaching in 1999 but continued her commitment to educating the next generation of young minds as a substitute elementary school teacher. Additionally, during this time, she met and married Frank C. Smith of Charleston. Her dedication to education and community service served as an inspiration to her five children, all of whom served as educators in various capacities.

Mrs. Smith accepted Christ as her Lord and Savior at a young age and was baptized at Calvary Baptist Church. Her love for the Lord would follow her throughout the entirety of her life. A longtime devoted parishioner of Morris Street Baptist Church in Charleston, Mrs. Smith was involved in the Senior Choir, Hour of Power Choir, Educational Ministry, Newsletter Ministry, Social Butterflies, Senior Ministry, Pastoral Aid, Senior Citizens, and Sunday School.

After relocating to the Washington, D.C. area to live with her daughter Jennifer, Mrs. Smith became a member of the Reid Temple AME Church. There, she participated in the Reid Temple Senior Services Bible study. However, Morris Street Baptist always remained dear to her heart.

Mr. Speaker, I ask that you and our colleagues join me in honoring the remarkable life of Mrs. Mary Ellen Rivers Smith. She is remembered fondly by her children, grandchildren, great-grandchild, beloved relatives, church family, and dear friends. Mrs. Smith lived a life full of love, devotion, public service, and grace. She will be sorely missed and well-remembered by all blessed to know her.

RECOGNIZING THE LIFE OF
CAMILLE BRANDON

HON. BRIAN HIGGINS

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Mr. HIGGINS of New York. Mr. Speaker, today I am honored to recognize the life of Camille Brandon, a dedicated public servant and advocate for causes about which she cared deeply. Those of us who are fortunate enough to have worked with her will recall the kindness, the decency and the warmth that she brought to all of her governmental, political and civic efforts.

Camille was the Deputy Erie County Clerk under elected clerks of both major parties, was a trusted advisor in the administration of

Erie County Executive Dennis Gorski and held important positions at the Buffalo City Court. She was the Vice President of the Pulaski Association, chaired the Youth Services and Citizens Police Advisory Boards in the Town of Cheektowaga, and sat on the board of the YWCA Institute for Public Leadership Planning. She was an American Heart Association board member and had been Grand Marshall of Buffalo's Pulaski Day Parade.

Active in politics, she was a delegate to the Democratic National Convention in 1992, 1996, and 2012. She generously lent her time, her expertise, and her friendly and positive attitude to political efforts.

We join our friend, Camille's dedicated husband, Bob Brandon, in mourning this tremendous loss. All of us who knew and worked with Camille will remember her with deep gratitude and affection. If more people in the realms of politics, government and civic affairs shared Camille's deep commitment to kindness, decency and mutual understanding, our nation would be far better off. May she continue to be an example to all of us.

**HONORING THE NORTH CENTRAL
MASSACHUSETTS CHAMBER OF
COMMERCE AS THE 2023 CHAM-
BER OF THE YEAR**

HON. JAMES P. MCGOVERN

OF MASSACHUSETTS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Mr. MCGOVERN. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to celebrate the recognition by the Association of Chamber of Commerce Executives of the North Central Massachusetts Chamber of Commerce as the 2023 Chamber of the Year. I am so proud that the North Central Chamber of Commerce is the first Chamber of Commerce in Massachusetts and New England to be recognized with this prestigious national honor. The Chamber will be celebrating this success at their Congressional Luncheon on November 1, 2023. Congresswoman LORI TRAHAN and I will jointly celebrate this monumental achievement.

The North Central Chamber demonstrates excellence in operations, member services, and community leadership. The Chamber provides immeasurable support to budding and established entrepreneurs in the region, which helps our businesses thrive. From new programs supporting Latinx small business, to revamping highly trafficked tourism destinations, the Chamber tirelessly works to improve the life of residents and guests to Central Massachusetts.

This recognition affirms what my constituents already know: the North Central Chamber of Commerce goes above and beyond for all. The Chamber's commitment to continued improvement is what makes them so successful.

And, of course, Mr. Speaker, I would like to recognize the countless partners that help the Chamber excel at their work. North Central Massachusetts's educational, economic, non-profit, cultural, and governmental organizations each have seamlessly integrated into the Chamber's purview. The over 700 businesses and organizations the Chamber assists rightly trust the Chamber to help them serve the twenty-seven communities across North Central Massachusetts.

Mr. Speaker, I am proud to celebrate the remarkable contributions of the North Central Massachusetts Chamber of Commerce. Congratulations to such a great organization for another year of phenomenal work.

**CELEBRATING THE 10TH ANNIVER-
SARY OF THE MILITARY WORK-
ING DOG TEAMS NATIONAL
MONUMENT**

HON. CHIP ROY

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Mr. ROY. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to commemorate the 10th anniversary of the Military Working Dog Teams National Monument located at Joint Base San Antonio—Lackland.

For the past ten years, the Military Working Dog Teams National Monument has served as a physical symbol of the loyal service and unconditional sacrifice that military working dogs have made alongside our men and women in uniform since WWII.

It is a privilege and an honor to celebrate the anniversary of the Military Working Dog Teams National Monument. I hope this record serves as an acknowledgment of the immeasurable debt of gratitude owed to both soldiers and K-9s by the American people. On behalf of Texas' 21st Congressional District, I ask my colleagues to join me in recognizing the extraordinary sacrifice of these individuals and animals.

**HONORING THE MEMORY OF
SAMANTHA WOLL**

HON. RASHIDA TLAIB

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Ms. TLAIB. Mr. Speaker, today I want to recognize an incredible friend and community leader, Samantha Woll. Our community is deeply saddened by her tragic death and the sudden loss of a courageous and tenacious fighter for all.

I first met Samantha, affectionately known as Sam, in 2016. Sam was driven by her Jewish faith that led to her interfaith work. Sam had the ability to connect with diverse communities and bring people together in a way that made us all stronger. Her lasting impact is a testament to her strong values and character.

Not only did she serve as the President of the Isaac Agree Detroit Downtown Synagogue where she worked tirelessly in preparation of its recent re-opening, Sam also served with numerous community organizations, including serving on the board of the Mary Turner Center for Advocacy. Through her work, Sam created spaces for both Muslim and Jewish youth together. Sam served on a number of Democratic campaigns and volunteered for many political causes, helping support local, state and national issues.

Above all, Sam was a daughter, sister and aunt who absolutely adored her family. If she wasn't actively organizing her community, she was spending most of her time with family and traveling. Sam was our beacon of hope and a light for many.

Samantha Woll's infectious spirit, warmth, and friendship will be sorely missed. Please join me in recognition of Samantha Woll's life and legacy. May her memory be a blessing.

**CELEBRATING THE LAS VEGAS
ACES FOR WINNING THE 2023
WOMEN'S NATIONAL BASKET-
BALL ASSOCIATION CHAMPION-
SHIP**

HON. DINA TITUS

OF NEVADA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Ms. TITUS. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to acknowledge and congratulate the Las Vegas Aces on winning the 2023 Women's National Basketball Association Finals.

On October 18, 2023, the Las Vegas Aces defeated the New York Liberty, 70–69, in Game 4 of the WNBA Finals. The Aces won the championship three games to one and became the first professional team in Nevada to win two championships. They won despite two of their starters being out with injuries, star guard Chelsea Gray and center Kiah Stokes.

They also became the first WNBA team in 21 years to win consecutive championships.

Hall of Fame head coach Becky Hammon led the team to victory and became the third coach in either the NBA or WNBA to win two championships in her first two seasons.

Even before the playoffs, the Aces had an incredible season, clinching first seed in the playoffs after dominating the regular season with a record of 34–6. They set a new league record for wins and led the league in points per game and field goal percentage.

At home, the Aces went 19–1 in the regular season and undefeated in the postseason, setting attendance records and even hosting the All-Star Game.

Owner Mark Davis and Team President Nikki Fargas proved once again that investing in women's sports is investing in success, thereby setting an example for others to follow.

In the championship-clinching game, Finals Most Valuable Player A'ja Wilson led the way with 24 points and 16 rebounds, while Jackie Young added 16 points and seven assists. And Kelsey Plum delivered a well-rounded performance of eight rebounds, five assists, and seven points. The Aces never trailed in the fourth quarter.

The Aces certainly raised the stakes when securing another championship for Vegas, firmly establishing District One as the Sports Capital of the World.

All of Southern Nevada is very proud and I can't wait to cheer the team on next year as they go for three in a row.

**RECOGNIZING BOB GATT'S
SERVICE TO THE CITY OF NOVI**

HON. DEBBIE DINGELL

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, October 26, 2023

Mrs. DINGELL. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to recognize Bob Gatt, Mayor of Novi, Michigan, on the occasion of his retirement. His decades

of tireless service to the city of Novi are worthy of commendation.

Born and raised in Detroit, it was a childhood dream of Bob's to become a police officer. When looking for a position, Bob was saddened to find that most police departments at that time had a height requirement. Luckily for Bob and for Novi, the Novi Police Department had no such requirement. Bob began his service to the City of Novi as a police officer in 1975.

Soon after starting the job, Bob learned about the Drug Abuse Resistance Education (DARE) program. After attending a two-week course and becoming a DARE Officer, Bob

launched the DARE program here in Novi. To this day, Bob teaches DARE to the children of Novi. Bob's leadership within the department led him to be promoted to the role of Detective, later earning the rank of Sergeant shortly before his retirement in 2002.

After spending some time on Novi's Zoning Board of Appeals, Bob decided to run for City Council, a seat he would hold for the next 8 years. In 2011, Bob took the next step and was elected Mayor of the City of Novi. His 12 years at the helm has led Novi to reduce its debt by 75 percent and cut its crime rate in half. Novi has received national recognition for their support of small businesses, community

schools, and technology innovation. In 2022, Fortune Magazine ranked Novi in the Top Ten Best Places to Live for Families in the United States.

Mr. Speaker, I ask my colleagues to join me today in recognizing Bob Gatt and the 48 years of service he has given to the residents of Novi. While he is retiring from local politics, service runs in his blood, and Bob plans to continue as the Manager of the Oakland County Animal Shelter. We thank Bob for his tremendous service and wish him some much-deserved tranquility in this next chapter of life. I thank Bob.

Daily Digest

Senate

Chamber Action

Routine Proceedings, pages S5197–S5220

Measures Introduced: Twenty-five bills and eight resolutions were introduced, as follows: S. 3136–3160, S. Res. 433–439, and S. Con. Res. 23.

Pages S5212–14

Measures Passed:

Condemning Hamas and Antisemitic Activities on College Campuses: Committee on Foreign Relations was discharged from further consideration of S. Res. 418, condemning Hamas and antisemitic student activities on college campuses in the United States, and the resolution was then agreed to.

Pages S5200–05

National Veterans Small Business Week: Senate agreed to S. Res. 435, recognizing the week of October 30 through November 4, 2023, as “National Veterans Small Business Week”.

Page S5219

BatWeek: Senate agreed to S. Res. 436, expressing support for the designation of the week of October 24, 2023, to October 31, 2023, as “BatWeek”.

Page S5219

Condemning Antisemitism at Institutions of Higher Education: Senate agreed to S. Res. 437, condemning antisemitism at institutions of higher education in the United States and encouraging college and university leaders, administrators, and faculty to speak out against antisemitism.

Page S5219

Congratulating Coco Gauff: Senate agreed to S. Res. 438, congratulating Coco Gauff for her inspiring victory at this year’s US Open Tennis Championships.

Page S5219

Lights On Afterschool: Senate agreed to S. Res. 439, supporting afterschool programs and Lights On Afterschool, a national celebration of afterschool programs held on October 26, 2023.

Page S5219

Measures Failed:

Application of Bostock v. Clayton County to Program Discrimination Complaint Processing-Policy Update: By 47 yeas to 50 nays (Vote No. 272), Senate failed to pass S.J. Res. 42, providing for congressional

disapproval under chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code, of the rule submitted by the Food and Nutrition Service relating to “Application of Bostock v. Clayton County to Program Discrimination Complaint Processing-Policy Update”.

Page S5210

Measures Considered:

Military Construction, Veterans Affairs, and Related Agencies Appropriations Act: Senate continued consideration of H.R. 4366, making appropriations for military construction, the Department of Veterans Affairs, and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, taking action on the following amendments and motion proposed thereto:

Pages S5197–S5200, S5205–06

Rejected:

By 35 yeas to 62 nays (Vote No. 271), Braun Amendment No. 1182 (to Amendment No. 1092), to prohibit earmarks.

Page S5206

Pending:

Schumer (for Murray/Collins) Amendment No. 1092, in the nature of a substitute.

Page S5197

Niger War Powers: By 11 yeas to 86 nays (Vote No. 270), Senate rejected the motion to discharge the Committee on Foreign Relations of S.J. Res. 44, directing the removal of United States Armed Forces from hostilities in the Republic of Niger that have not been authorized by Congress.

Page S5205

Maddox Nomination—Cloture: Senate began consideration of the nomination of Matthew James Maddox, of Maryland, to be United States District Judge for the District of Maryland.

Page S5210

A motion was entered to close further debate on the nomination, and, in accordance with the provisions of Rule XXII of the Standing Rules of the Senate, and pursuant to the unanimous-consent agreement of Thursday, October 26, 2023, a vote on cloture will occur at 5:30 p.m. on Monday, October 30, 2023.

Page S5219

Prior to the consideration of this nomination, Senate took the following action:

Senate agreed to the motion to proceed to Executive Session to consider the nomination. **Page S5210**

A unanimous-consent agreement was reached providing that Senate resume consideration of the nomination at approximately 3 p.m., on Monday, October 30, 2023; and that the motions to invoke cloture filed during the session of Thursday, October 26, 2023 ripen at 5:30 p.m. **Page S5219**

Lew Nomination—Cloture: Senate began consideration of the nomination of Jacob J. Lew, of New York, to be Ambassador to the State of Israel, Department of State. **Page S5210**

A motion was entered to close further debate on the nomination, and, in accordance with the provisions of Rule XXII of the Standing Rules of the Senate, a vote on cloture will occur upon disposition of the nomination of Matthew James Maddox, of Maryland, to be United States District Judge for the District of Maryland. **Page S5210**

Prior to the consideration of this nomination, Senate took the following action:

Senate agreed to the motion to proceed to Legislative Session. **Page S5210**

Senate agreed to the motion to proceed to Executive Session to consider the nomination. **Page S5210**

Nominations Received: Senate received the following nominations:

John W. McIntyre, of Texas, a Career Member of the Senior Foreign Service, Class of Minister-Counselor, to be Ambassador to the Kingdom of Eswatini.

1 Air Force nomination in the rank of general.

Routine lists in the Coast Guard. **Page S5220**

Measures Placed on the Calendar: **Page S5211**

Executive Communications: **Page S5211**

Petitions and Memorials: **Pages S5211–12**

Executive Reports of Committees: **Page S5212**

Additional Cosponsors: **Page S5214**

Statements on Introduced Bills/Resolutions:
Pages S5214–19

Additional Statements:

Authorities for Committees to Meet: **Page S5219**

Record Votes: Three record votes were taken today. (Total—272) **Pages S5205–06, S5210**

Adjournment: Senate convened at 10 a.m. and adjourned at 3:15 p.m., until 3 p.m. on Monday, October 30, 2023. (For Senate's program, see the remarks of the Majority Leader in today's Record on page S5220.)

Committee Meetings

(Committees not listed did not meet)

BUSINESS MEETING

Committee on Armed Services: Committee ordered favorably reported the nomination of Patricia L. Lee, of South Carolina, to be a Member of the Defense Nuclear Facilities Safety Board, and 185 nominations in the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, and Space Force.

ILLICIT FINANCE AND TERRORISM

Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs: Committee concluded a hearing to examine combating the networks of illicit finance and terrorism, including S. 3049, to freeze \$6,000,000,000 of Iranian funds held in Qatar, S. 2355, to clarify the applicability of sanctions and antimoney laundering compliance obligations to United States persons in the decentralized finance technology sector and virtual currency kiosk operators, S. 2281, to provide for consumer protection and responsible financial innovation, to bring crypto assets within the regulatory perimeter, and S. 2669, to require the Financial Crimes Enforcement Network to issue guidance on digital asset, after receiving testimony from Matthew Levitt, The Washington Institute for Near East Policy, and Danielle Pletka, American Enterprise Institute, both of Washington, D.C.; and Shlomit Wagman, Harvard Kennedy School, Cambridge, Massachusetts.

FEDERAL OFFSHORE ENERGY

Committee on Energy and Natural Resources: Committee concluded a hearing to examine Federal offshore energy strategy and policies, after receiving testimony from Elizabeth Klein, Director, Bureau of Ocean Energy Management, Department of the Interior; and Janet Coit, Assistant Administrator for Fisheries, National Marine Fisheries Service, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, Department of Commerce.

SINGLE-USE PLASTICS

Committee on Environment and Public Works: Subcommittee on Chemical Safety, Waste Management, Environmental Justice, and Regulatory Oversight concluded a hearing to examine evaluating alternative materials for single-use plastics, after receiving testimony from Marcus Eriksen, The 5 Gyres Institute, Santa Monica, California; Erin Simon, World Wildlife Fund, Washington, D.C.; and Humberto Kravetz, GSF Upcycling, Donostia-San Sebastian, Spain.

BUSINESS MEETING

Committee on the Judiciary: Committee ordered favorably reported the nominations of John A. Kazen, to be United States District Judge for the Southern District of Texas, Shanlyn A.S. Park, and Micah W.J. Smith, both to be a United States District Judge for the District of Hawaii, and Jamel Semper, to be United States District Judge for the District of New Jersey.

RARE, PROGRESSIVE, AND SERIOUS DISEASE THERAPIES

Special Committee on Aging: Committee concluded a hearing to examine access to therapies for people

with rare, progressive, and serious diseases, after receiving testimony from Brian Wallach, I AM ALS, Kenilworth, Illinois; Margaret Plews-Ogan, University of Virginia, Charlottesville; Anish Bhatnagar, Soleno Therapeutics, Redwood City, California; Holly Fernandez Lynch, University of Pennsylvania Perelman School of Medicine and Carey Law School, Philadelphia; Keith Desserich, The Cure Starts Now, Cincinnati, Ohio; and Maureen Bell, Chalfont, Pennsylvania.

House of Representatives

Chamber Action

Public Bills and Resolutions Introduced: 198 public bills, H.R. 5882–5892, 5895–6018, 6020–6039, 6067–6112; 1 private bill, 6016; and 57 resolutions, H. J. Res 95; H. Con. Res 71–74; H. Res. 760–797, 799–809, 815–821, were introduced. **Pages H5161–5175**

Additional Cosponsors: **Pages H5176–77**

Reports Filed: Reports were filed today as follows:

H.R. 5721, to amend the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 to require certain reporting on sexual assault kit testing, with an amendment (H. Rept. 118–256) and

H.R. 4693, to provide that the Federal Reports Elimination and Sunset Act of 1995 does not apply to certain reports required to be submitted by the Tennessee Valley Authority, and for other purposes, with an amendment (H. Rept. 118–257). **Page H5161**

Chaplain: The prayer was offered by the Guest Chaplain, Reverend John Matthews, Grace Lutheran Church, Apple Valley, Minnesota. **Page H5109**

Privileged Resolution—Intent to Offer: Representative Greene (GA) announced her intent to offer a privileged resolution. **Page H5110**

Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024: The House passed H.R. 4394, making appropriations for energy and water development and related agencies for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, by a yeas-and-nays vote of 210 yeas to 199 nays, Roll No. 558. Consideration began October 25th. **Pages H5110–52**

Rejected the Castor (FL) motion to recommit the bill to the Committee on Appropriations, by a yeas-and-nays vote of 199 yeas to 210 nays, Roll No. 557.

Agreed to:

Hageman amendment (No. 38 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that prohibits funds for DOE's implementation of their proposed Industrial Decarbonization Roadmap; **Pages H5115–16**

Hageman amendment (No. 40 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that prohibits the use of funds to finalize, implement, or enforce rulemaking pertaining to energy conservation standards for consumer water heaters; **Pages H5117–18**

Neguse amendment (No. 12 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that was debated on October 25th that increases the Water and Related Resources Account by \$1 million to be directed to the Colorado River Compliance Activities account, specifically for the Upper Colorado and San Juan River Endangered Fish Recovery programs (by a recorded vote of 277 yeas to 142 nays, Roll No. 530); **Pages H5119–20**

Jackson amendment (No. 41 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that prohibits NNSA from halting construction on the HE Synthesis, Formulation, and Production facility at the Pantex Plant; **Pages H5130–31**

Lamborn amendment (No. 42 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that prohibits funds from this act from granting access of citizens from countries on the sensitive countries list to non-public areas of National Security Laboratories; **Pages H5131–32**

Luna amendment (No. 44 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that prohibits funds to implement or enforce Corps of Engineers memo CERE-AP,

issued by the South Atlantic division on July 9, 1996, relating to “Approval of Perpetual Beach Storm Damage Reduction Easement as a Standard Estate” which has halted beach renourishment projects across the country, including the aftermath of natural disasters; **Page H5132**

McCormick amendment (No. 45 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that prohibits funds provided by this Act from closing campgrounds operated by the Army Corps of Engineers that are located at Lake Sidney Lanier, Georgia; **Pages H5132–33**

Norman amendment (No. 46 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that prohibits funding for the rule titled “Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for Manufactured Housing”; **Page H5133**

Norman amendment (No. 48 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that prohibits funding for the Interagency Working Group on the Social Cost of Greenhouse Gases; **Pages H5134–35**

Norman amendment (No. 49 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that prohibits funds for the consideration of the Social Cost of Greenhouse Gases (SC–GHG) in the development and implementation of budgets, federal procurement processes, or environmental reviews; **Page H5135**

Ogles amendment (No. 52 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that prohibits funds for enforcing any COVID–19 mask mandates; **Pages H5137–38**

Ogles amendment (No. 53 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that prohibits funds to be used to finalize the rule entitled “Energy Conservation Program: Energy Conservation Standards for Automatic Commercial Ice Makers”; **Page H5138**

Palmer amendment (No. 54 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that prohibits the Department of Energy from using funds to implement, administer, or enforce its rule regarding Room Air Conditioners; **Pages H5138–39**

Norman amendment (No. 47 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that prohibits funds for Department of Energy Office of Science’s Office of Scientific Workforce Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion (SW–DEI) (by a recorded vote of 207 ayes to 204 noes, Roll No. 548); and **Pages H5133–34, H5144–45**

Norman amendment (No. 50 printed in H. Rept. 118–142) that prohibits funding for the American Climate Corps. Pursuant to the provisions of clause 6(h) of rule XVIII of the rules of the House, the votes of the delegates were decisive on the vote (recorded vote of 208 ayes to 209 noes, Roll No. 549) and a separate vote in the House was required (recorded vote of 207 ayes to 204 noes, Roll No. 550). **Pages H5135–36, H5145**

Rejected:

Perry amendment (No. 3 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that was debated on October 25th that sought to reduce the funding for Army Corps of Engineers—Civil; Investigations by \$715,000 for the purpose of eliminating funding for the Delaware River Basin Commission (by a recorded vote of 156 ayes to 265 noes, Roll No. 529); **Pages H5118–19**

Westerman amendment (No. 14 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that was debated on October 25th that sought to reduce funding for the Bureau of Reclamation’s Policy and Administration to Fiscal Year 2022 levels consistent with the Limit, Save, Grow Act (by a recorded vote of 212 ayes to 213 noes, Roll No. 531); **Page H5120**

Griffith amendment (No. 15 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that was debated on October 25th that sought to increase funds for the Fossil Energy and Carbon Management program within the Department of Energy by \$600 million and reduces funds for the Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy program by \$1.1 billion (by a recorded vote of 161 ayes to 257 noes, Roll No. 532); **Pages H5120–21**

Roy amendment (No. 16 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that was debated on October 25th that sought to eliminate funding for DOE’s Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (by a recorded vote of 137 ayes to 287 noes, Roll No. 533); **Pages H5121–22**

Perry amendment (No. 19 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that was debated on October 25th that sought to strike funding for Clean Energy Demonstrations (by a recorded vote of 135 ayes to 284 noes, Roll No. 534); **Page H5122**

Norman amendment (No. 20 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that was debated on October 25th that sought to eliminate funding (\$470,000,000) for Advanced Research Projects Agency’Energy (by a recorded vote of 105 ayes to 319 noes, Roll No. 535); **Pages H5122–23**

Perry amendment (No. 25 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that was debated on October 25th that sought to reduce the funding level in this bill for the Appalachian Regional Commission to FY19 levels (by a recorded vote of 115 ayes to 306 noes, Roll No. 536); **Pages H5123–24**

Perry amendment (No. 26 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that was debated on October 25th that sought to reduce the funding level for the Delta Regional Commission to the FY19 level (by a recorded vote of 123 ayes to 300 noes, Roll No. 537); **Page H5124**

Perry amendment (No. 27 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that was debated on October 25th

that sought to reduce funding for the Denali Commission to FY19 levels (by a recorded vote of 137 ayes to 283 noes, Roll No. 538); **Pages H5124–25**

Perry amendment (No. 28 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that was debated on October 25th that sought to eliminate funding for the Denali Commission (\$17 million) (by a recorded vote of 105 ayes to 316 noes, Roll No. 539); **Pages H5125–26**

Perry amendment (No. 29 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that was debated on October 25th that sought to reduce funding for the Northern Border Regional Commission to FY19 levels (by a recorded vote of 134 to 283 noes, Roll No. 540);

Page H5126

Perry amendment (No. 30 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that was debated on October 25th that sought to reduce funding for the Southeast Crescent Regional Commission to FY19 level (by a recorded vote of 122 ayes to 299 noes, Roll No. 541);

Pages H5126–27

Perry amendment (No. 31 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that was debated on October 25th that sought to cut funding for the Southwest Border Regional Commission in half (by a recorded vote of 130 ayes to 287 noes, Roll No. 542); **Pages H5127–28**

Perry amendment (No. 32 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that was debated on October 25th that sought to cut the funding for the Great Lakes Authority in half (by a recorded vote of 122 ayes to 295 noes, Roll No. 543);

Page H5128

Garamendi amendment (No. 36 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that sought to prohibit funding for plutonium pit production at the Savannah River Plutonium Processing Facility (by a recorded vote of 116 ayes to 303 noes, Roll No. 544);

Pages H5111–13, H5128–29

Garamendi amendment (No. 37 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that sought to prohibit funds for the W87'1 modification program to enable additional analysis of the underlying program justifications, planning and budget (by a recorded vote of 121 ayes to 299 noes, Roll No. 545);

Pages H5114–15, H5129

Hageman amendment (No. 39 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that sought to prohibit any funding from going towards the SuperTruck III program at DOE (by a recorded vote of 176 ayes to 241 noes, Roll No. 546);

Pages H5116–17, H5130

Luna amendment (No. 43 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that sought to reduce the salary of Michael Connor, Assistant Secretary of the Army for Civil Works, to \$1 (by a recorded vote of 120 ayes to 291 noes, Roll No. 547);

Page H5144

Norman amendment (No. 51 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that sought to reduce the salary of Jennifer M. Granholm, Secretary of the Depart-

ment of Energy, to \$1 (by a recorded vote of 166 ayes to 247 noes, Roll No. 551);

Pages H5136–37, H5146–47

Pfluger amendment (No. 56 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that sought to reduce the salary of Gene Rodrigues, Assistant Secretary for Electricity for the Office of Electricity, to \$1 (by a recorded vote of 160 ayes to 250 noes, Roll No. 552);

Pages H5139–40, H5147–48

Pfluger amendment (No. 57 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that sought to reduce the salary of Andrew Light, Assistant Secretary of Energy for International Affairs, to \$1 (by a recorded vote of 164 ayes to 249 noes, Roll No. 553);

Pages H5140, H5148

Rosendale amendment (No. 58 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that sought to reduce Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2024 by \$1,553,000,000 to match FY22 levels (by a recorded vote of 100 ayes to 314 noes, Roll No. 554);

Pages H5140–41, H5148–49

Rosendale amendment (No. 59 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that sought to reduce funds appropriated to the US Army Corp of Engineers—Civil by \$620,000,000 to match FY22 levels (by a recorded vote of 76 ayes to 335 noes, Roll No. 555); and

Pages H5142–43, H5149–50

Rosendale amendment (No. 60 printed in part B of H. Rept. 118–242) that sought to prohibit funds from being used to implement any of the Administration's climate change executive orders (by a recorded vote of 192 ayes to 222 noes, Roll No. 556).

Pages H5143, H5150

H. Res. 756, the rule providing for consideration of the bills (H.R. 4394) and (H.R. 4364) was agreed to on Tuesday, October 3rd.

Agreed that in the engrossment of the foregoing bill, the clerk be authorized to make technical corrections to include corrections in spelling, punctuation, section numbering and cross-referencing, and the insertion of appropriate headings.

Page H5152

Privileged Resolution—Intent to Offer: Representative Balint announced her intent to offer a privileged resolution (H. Res. 610) censuring Representative Marjorie Taylor Greene.

Pages H5152–54

Privileged Resolution—Intent to Offer: Representative D'Esposito announced his intent to offer a privileged resolution (H. Res. 773) providing for the expulsion of Representative George Santos from the House of Representatives.

Page H5154

Meeting Hour: Agreed by unanimous consent that when the House adjourns today, it adjourn to meet at noon on Monday, October 30th.

Page H5161

Quorum Calls—Votes: Three yea-and-nay votes and 27 recorded votes developed during the proceedings of today and appear on pages H5118–19, H5119, H5120, H5120–21, H5121–22, H5122, H5122–23, H5123–24, H5124, H5124–25, H5125–26, H5126, H5126–27, H5127–28, H5128, H5128–29, H5129, H5130, H5144, H5144–45, H5145–46, H5146, H5146–47, H5147–48, H5148, H5148–49, H5149–50, H5150, H5151 and H5151–52.

Adjournment: The House met at 10 a.m. and adjourned at 5:57 p.m.

Committee Meetings

MOVING THE MONEY: UNDERSTANDING THE IRANIAN REGIME’S ACCESS TO MONEY AROUND THE WORLD AND HOW THEY USE IT TO SUPPORT TERRORISM

Committee on Financial Services: Subcommittee on Oversight and Investigations held a hearing entitled “Moving the Money: Understanding the Iranian Regime’s Access to Money Around the World and How They Use It to Support Terrorism”. Testimony was heard from Clayton Thomas, Specialist in Middle Eastern Affairs Foreign Affairs, Defense, and Trade Division, Congressional Research Service, Library of Congress; and public witnesses.

MISCELLANEOUS MEASURES

Committee on Natural Resources: Full Committee concluded a markup on H.R. 1792, the “South Pacific Tuna Treaty Act of 2023”; H.R. 2560, the “Sea Turtle Rescue Assistance Act of 2023”; H.R. 3415, the “Pilot Butte Power Plant Conveyance Act”; H.R.

4587, the “Red Snapper Act”; H.R. 4770, the “Chesapeake Bay Science, Education, and Ecosystem Enhancement Act of 2023”; H.R. 5009, the “WILD Act”; H.R. 5283, the “Protecting our Communities from Failure to Secure the Border Act of 2023”; and H.R. 5616, the “BRIDGE Production Act of 2023”. H.R. 3415 and H.R. 5009 were ordered reported, without amendment. H.R. 1792, H.R. 2560, H.R. 4770, H.R. 4587, H.R. 5283, and H.R. 5616 were ordered reported, as amended.

ONE MILLION CLAIMS AND GROWING: IMPROVING SOCIAL SECURITY’S DISABILITY ADJUDICATION PROCESS

Committee on Ways and Means: Subcommittee on Social Security held a hearing entitled “One Million Claims and Growing: Improving Social Security’s Disability Adjudication Process”. Testimony was heard from Linda Kerr-Davis, Acting Assistant Deputy Commissioner of Operations, Social Security Administration; and public witnesses.

Joint Meetings

No joint committee meetings were held.

COMMITTEE MEETINGS FOR MONDAY, OCTOBER 30, 2023

(Committee meetings are open unless otherwise indicated)

Senate

No meetings/hearings scheduled.

House

No hearings are scheduled.

Next Meeting of the SENATE

3 p.m., Monday, October 30

Next Meeting of the HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

12 noon, Monday, October 30, 2023

Senate Chamber

Program for Monday: Senate will resume consideration of the nomination of Matthew James Maddox, of Maryland, to be United States District Judge for the District of Maryland, and vote on the motion to invoke cloture thereon at 5:30 p.m.

House Chamber

Program for Monday: House will meet in Pro Forma session at noon.

Extensions of Remarks, as inserted in this issue

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