

Automated Verification of Solidity Smart Contracts

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Bugs in smart contracts

- Example: reentrancy in the DAO

```
contract DAO {  
    mapping(address=>uint) user_balances;  
  
    function withdraw(uint amount) public {  
        if (user_balances[msg.sender] >= amount) {  
            if (!msg.sender.call.value(amount)("")) {  
                revert();  
            }  
            user_balances[msg.sender] -= amount;  
        }  
    }  
}
```



A Hacking of More Than \$50 Million Dashes Hopes in the World of Virtual Currency

By Nathaniel Popper

GOOD JOB | By Jordan Pearson | Nov 7 2017, 11:24am

Someone 'Accidentally' Locked Away \$150M Worth of Other People's Ethereum Funds

And a hard fork is on the way

Parity Multisig Hacked. Again

Yesterday, Parity Multisig Wallet was hacked again:

<https://paritytech.io/blog/security-alert.html>

ETHEREUM, TECHNOLOGY

BatchOverflow Exploit Creates Trillions of Ethereum Tokens, Major Exchanges Halt ERC20 Deposits



Sam Town

April 25, 2018

3 min read

5827 Views

Verification

- We want it to be



Expressive

Wide range of specifications to be expressed



User friendly

Formal methods expertise not required



Sound, precise

Find bugs without overwhelming false alarms



Automated

No user interaction required

- Our approach


- Specification annotations
- Transformation to intermediate verification language
- Modular verification using SMT solvers

Specification annotations

- Written in Solidity
 - Contract invariants
 - Function pre- and postconditions
 - Assertions, requires
 - Loop invariants
- Extensions (e.g. sum)
- Overflows

```
/** @notice invariant
 *  this.balance == _verifier_sum(user_balances)
 */
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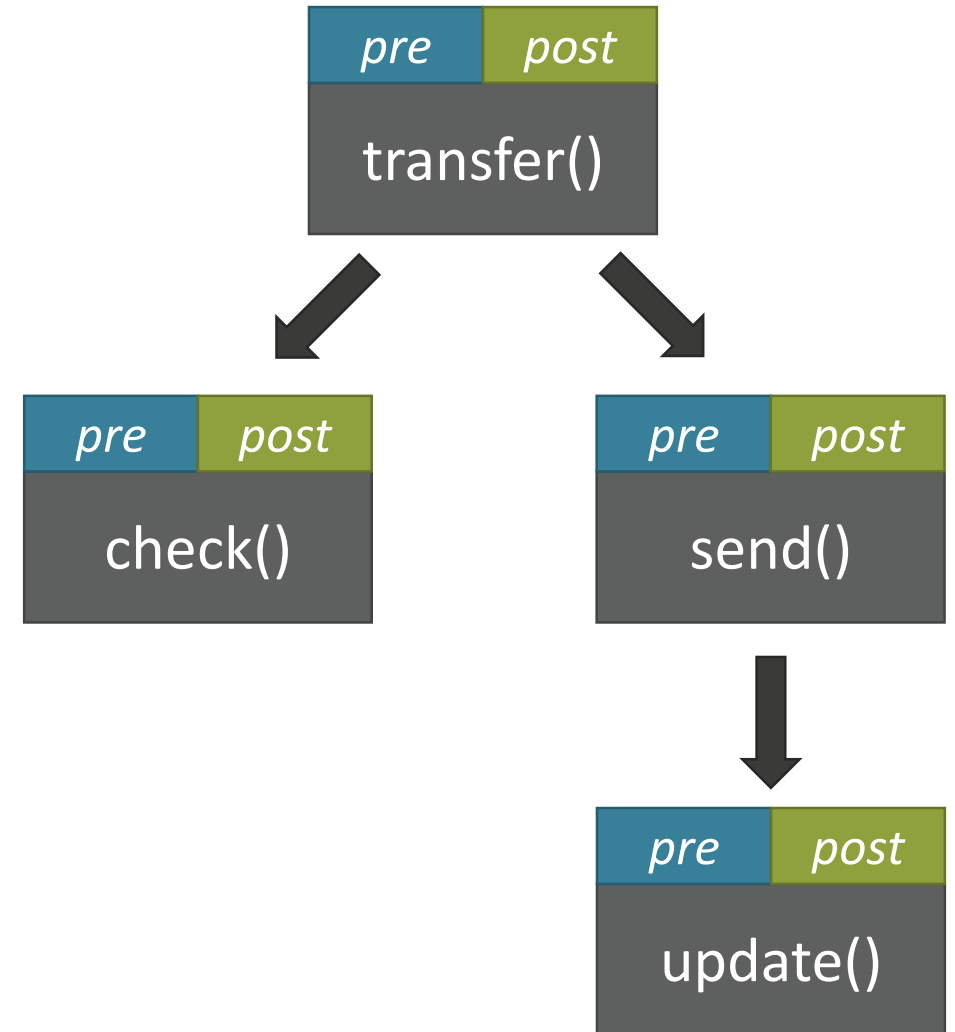
Transformation

- Boogie Intermediate Verification Language
- Basics
 - State variable \rightarrow global variable
 - Heap-based memory model
 - Function \rightarrow procedure
- Different arithmetic encodings
 - Scalable bit-precise reasoning
 - Detecting overflows

```
var x : int;  
var y : int;  
  
procedure add(n : int)  
  requires n >= 0;  
  requires x == y;  
  ensures  x == y;  
{  
  x := x + n;  
  while (y < x)  
    invariant y <= x;  
  {  
    y := y + 1;  
  }  
}
```

Verification

- Modular verification: units are functions
 - $pre \wedge body \rightarrow post$
 - SMT solvers
 - Replace calls with specifications
- Functional correctness with respect to completed transactions
 - Not concerned with termination
 - Not concerned with expected failures



Summary

- Automated formal verification of Solidity smart contracts
 - Specification annotations
 - Transformation to intermediate verification language
 - Modular verification using SMT solvers



Expressive



User friendly



Sound, precise



Automated

inf.mit.bme.hu/en/members/hajdua

csl.sri.com/users/dejan

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