Formal Specification and Verification of Solidity Contracts with Events

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Solidity Smart Contracts and Events

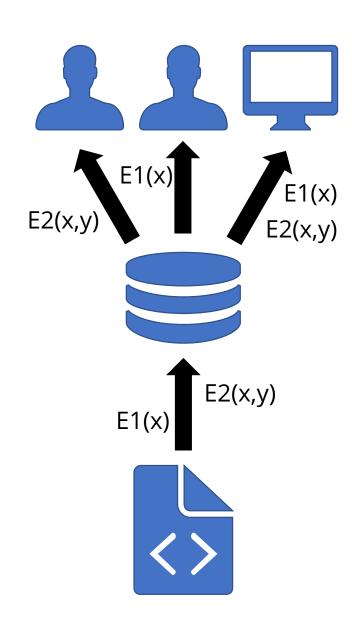
```
contract Token {
 mapping(address=>uint) balances;
 event transferred(address from, address to, uint amount);
 function transfer(address to, uint amount) public {
   require(balances[msg.sender] >= amount && msg.sender != to);
   balances[msg.sender] -= amount;
   balances[to] += amount;
   emit transferred(msg.sender, to, amount);
```

Solidity Events

Stored in blockchain logs

- Contract communicates with user
 - Important state changes

- Abstract view of execution
 - Relevant aspect to each user





Motivation

Do we always emit if balances change?

Was there a change when we emitted?

Can we trust (rely on) the emitted events?

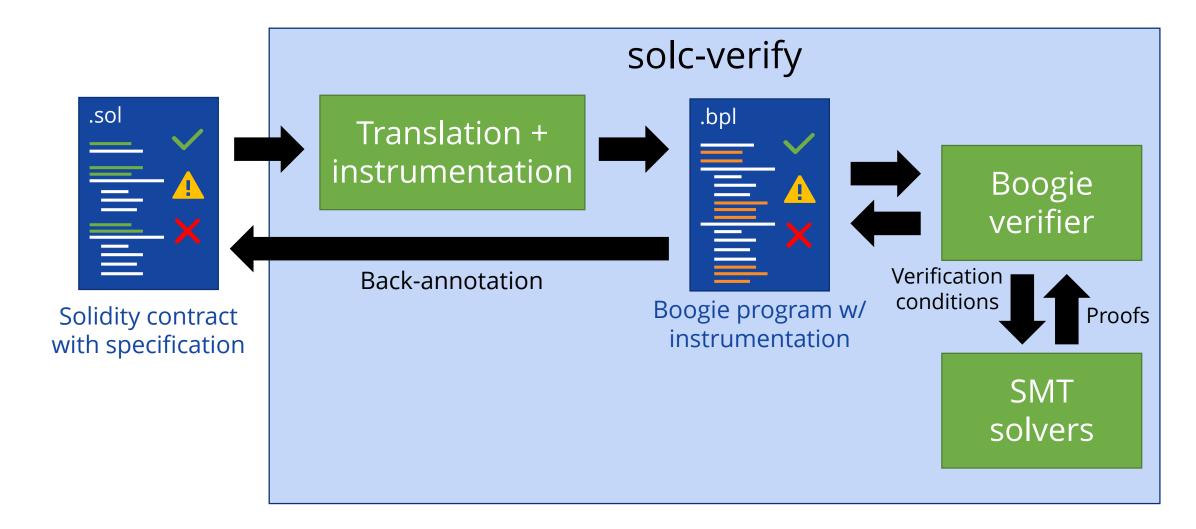
Did we really transfer 100 tokens?

Not really...

Formal Specification of Events

```
contract Token {
 mapping(address=>uint) balances;
                                               Emit iff there is a change
                                                               Condition(s) before
  /// @notice tracks-changes-in balances
                                                                  the change
     @notice precondition balances[from] >= amount
  /// @notice postcondition balances[from] == before(balances[from]) - amount
  /// @notice postcondition balances[to] == before(balances[to]) + amount
  event transferred(address from, address to, uint amount);
                                                                            Condition(s) after
                                       Can possibly emit
                                                                              the change
  /// @notice emits transferred
  function transfer(address to, uint amount) public {
    require(balances[msg.sender] >= amount && msg.sender != to);
    balances[msg.sender] -= amount;
    balances[to] += amount;
    emit transferred(msg.sender, to, amount);
```

Formal Verification of Events



Example

```
contract Token {
 mapping(address=>uint) balances;
 /// @notice tracks-changes-in balances
 /// @notice precondition balances[from] >= amount
     @notice postcondition balances[from] == before(balances[from]) - amount
 /// @notice postcondition balances[to] == before(balances[to]) + amount
 event transferred(address from, address to, uint amount);
 /// @notice emits transferred
 function transfer(address to, uint amount) public {
   require(balances[msg.sender] >= amount && msg.sender != to);
   balances[msg.sender] -= amount;
   balances[to] += amount;
   //emit transferred(msg.sender, to, amount);
               $ solc-verify.py SimpleToken.sol
               Token::transfer: ERROR
                 - SimpleToken.sol:10:5: Function can end without triggering event
               Errors were found by the verifier.
```

Example

```
contract Token {
 mapping(address=>uint) balances;
 /// @notice tracks-changes-in balances
 /// @notice precondition balances[from] >= amount
     @notice postcondition balances[from] == before(balances[from]) - amount
 /// @notice postcondition balances[to] == before(balances[to]) + amount
 event transferred(address from, address to, uint amount);
 /// @notice emits transferred
 function transfer(address to, uint amount) public {
   require(balances[msg.sender] >= amount && msg.sender != to);
   balances[msg.sender] -= amount;
   balances[to] += amount;
   emit transferred(msg.sender, msg.sender, amount);
                 $ solc-verify.py SimpleToken.sol
                 Token::transfer: ERROR
                  - SimpleToken.sol:17:14: Event postcondition 'balances[to] ==
                 before(balances[to]) + amount' might not hold before emit
                 transferred.
                 Errors were found by the verifier.
```

Example

```
contract Token {
 mapping(address=>uint) balances;
 /// @notice tracks-changes-in balances
 /// @notice precondition balances[from] >= amount
 /// @notice postcondition balances[from] == before(balances[from]) - amount
 /// @notice postcondition balances[to] == before(balances[to]) + amount
 event transferred(address from, address to, uint amount);
 /// @notice emits transferred
 function transfer(address to, uint amount) public {
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   balances[msg.sender] -= amount;
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   emit transferred(msg.sender, to, amount);
```

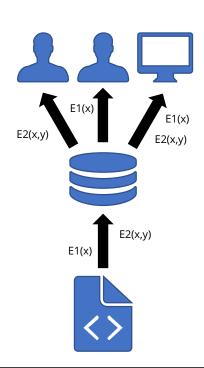
```
$ solc-verify.py SimpleToken.sol
Token::transfer: OK
No errors found.
```

Conclusions

- Solidity events provide abstract view
- Formal specification and verification
 - In-code annotations
 - Instrumentation



- arxiv.org/abs/2005.10382
- **™** github.com/SRI-CSL/solidity
- hajduakos.github.io



```
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   mapping(address=>uint) balances;

/// @notice tracks-changes-in balances
/// @notice precondition balances[from] >= amount
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}
```

