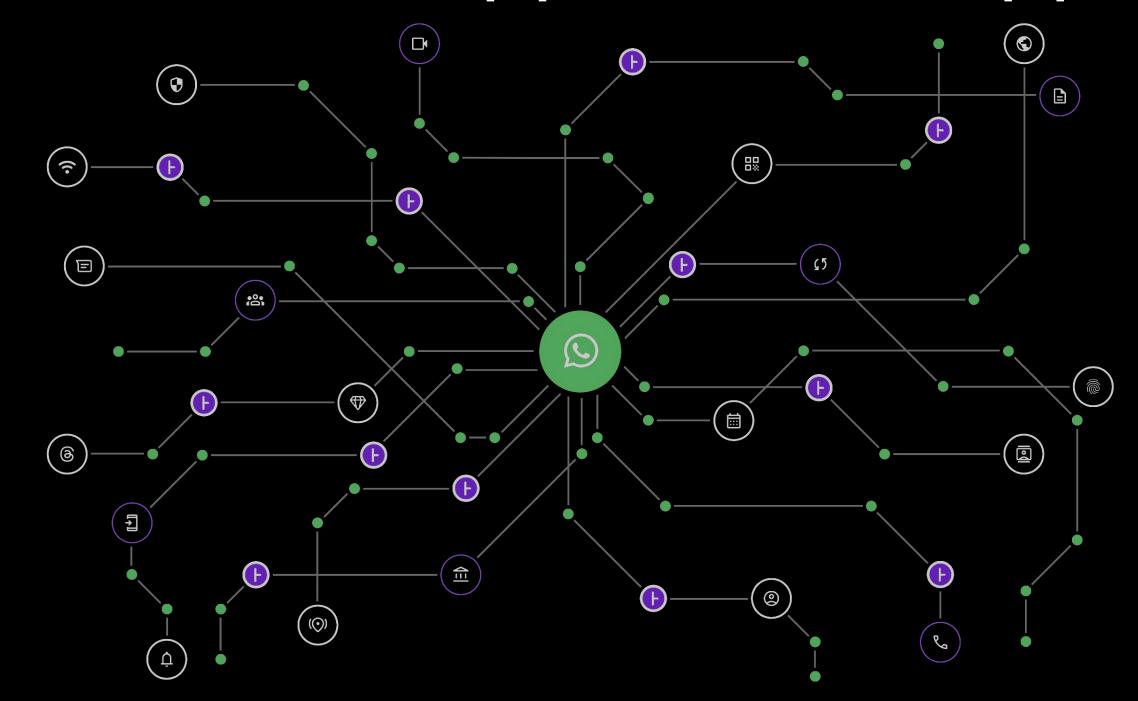
# Compositional Static Callgraph Reachability Analysis for WhatsApp Android App Health



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#### Motivation

Performance critical functions (transitively) calling computationally expensive ones?

```
void somethingOnTheUI() {
 checkSomething();
void checkSomething() {
 readFromDatabase();
void readFromDatabase() {
 /* Slow stuff */
```

## Challenges

#### Specification

What's performance critical and what's computationally expensive?

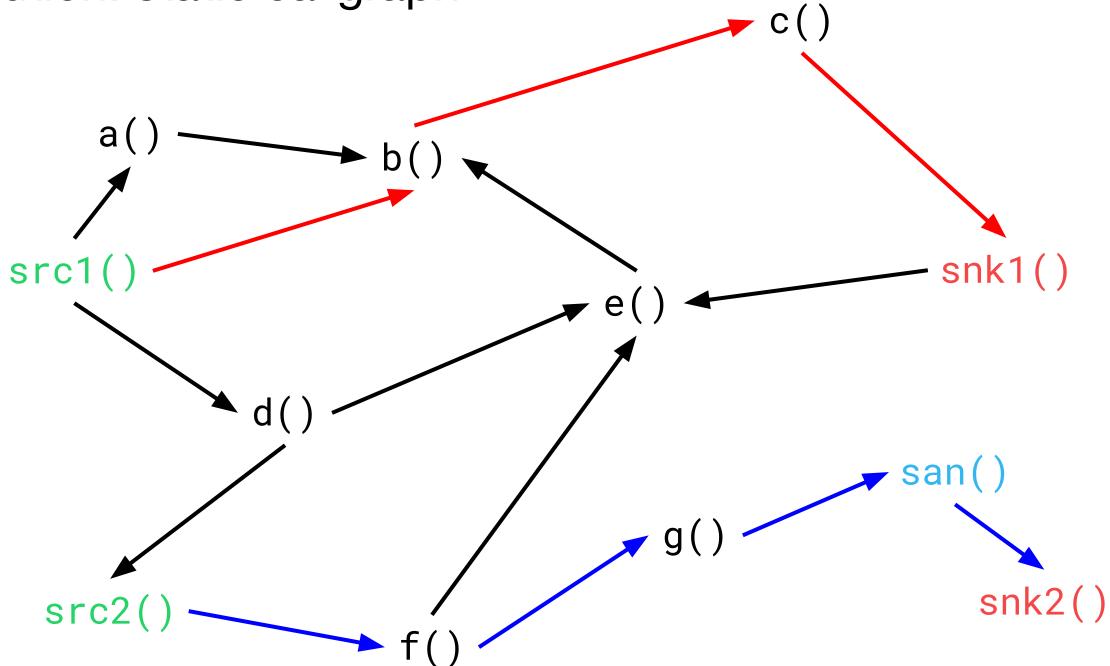
## Analyzer

Automated and fast enough to give feedback on code changes

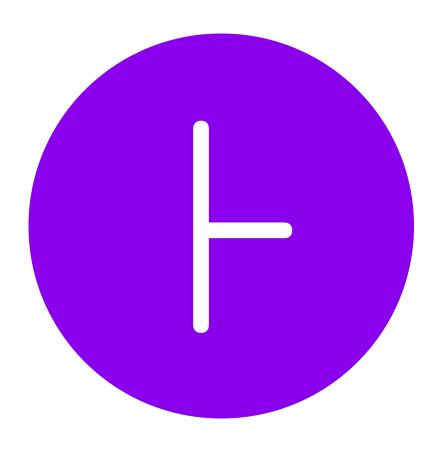
## Reachability

Source to sink call chain without sanitizer

Approximate solution: static callgraph



# Infer



# Open-source static analysis platform fbinfer.com github.com/facebook/infer

## Developed at Meta

Runs on tens of thousands of code changes monthly, reporting thousands of issues

## Language frontends

C, C++, Objective-C, Java/Kotlin, C#, Erlang

#### Checkers

Memory safety, data races, deadlocks, temporal properties, annotation reachability,

. .

## Annotation reachability - Specification

#### Java annotations

```
@PerfCrit
void somethingOnTheUI() {
checkSomething();
void checkSomething() {
 readFromDatabase();
@Expensive
void readFromDatabase() {
 /* Slow stuff */
```

```
"annotation-reachability-custom-pairs":
[{
    "sources": ["PerfCrit"],
    "sinks": ["Expensive"]
}]
```

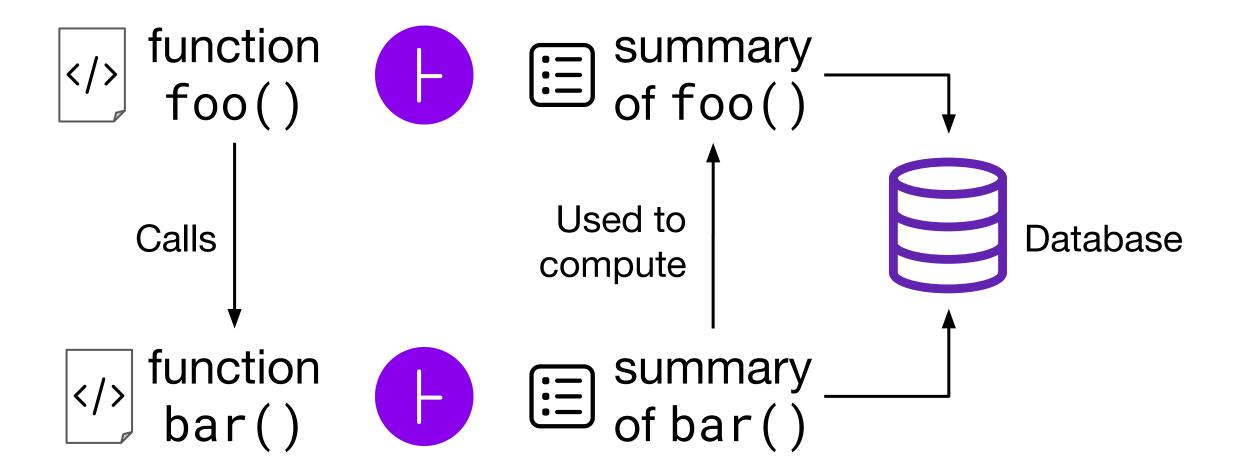
#### Infer checkers

Modular: analyze one procedure at a time

Abstract interpretation: propagate state, obtain summary

Compositional: summary can be used in all calling contexts

On-demand: analyze dependencies as needed



## Annotation reachability - Analysis

Abstract state at F: set of (G, N, H, A) tuples
Just one step towards sink

$$F()$$
  $\xrightarrow{\text{calls}} G()$  ----  $\xrightarrow{\text{eventually}} H()$  at line  $N$ 

Initial state: empty

Traverse instructions in-order

Transfer function: call to some G

If G is sink  $\rightarrow$  add entry for G (via G)

If G can reach  $H \rightarrow add$  entry for H (via G)

Check for sanitizer

Join: set join

Summary: state at exit

Flow- and path-insensitive

#### Overapproximate

E.g. calls guarded by infeasible conditions

#### Underapproximate

E.g. dynamic dispatch, lambdas

## Annotation reachability - Analysis

```
PerfCrit
void somethingOnTheUI() {
   checkSomething();
}

void checkSomething() {
   readFromDatabase();
}

perfCrit
void somethingOnTheUI() {
   checkSomething();
}

Report an issue: source function has sink in summary
   (somethingOnTheUI, @PerfCrit, readFromDatabase, @Expensive)
}

Report an issue: source function has sink in summary
   (somethingOnTheUI, @PerfCrit, readFromDatabase, @Expensive)
}
```

Path: reconstruct from summary recursively

somethingOnTheUI() → checkSomething() → readFromDatabase()

## Annotation reachability - extensions

#### Regular expressions

External code, compactness, other languages

```
"annotation-reachability-custom-models": {
    "Expensive": ["com\.library\.SomeClass\..*"]
}
```

#### Path minimization

```
source minimal
a() \rightarrow b() \rightarrow c() \rightarrow d() \rightarrow e() \rightarrow f() \rightarrow g()
sink minimal
```

#### Loop highlighting

Rely on SCC computation

```
void source() {
  sink();
}
void source() {
  for (...) sink();
}
```

## Reachability analysis for WhatsApp Android

## Specification

Collaborate with WhatsApp app health team: 2 properties, 8 annotations, 11 regexps

#1 Sources: performance critical (e.g. UI event handlers)
Sinks: computationally expensive (e.g. worker thread, file IO)
Sanitizers: not shipped in production (tests, debug utils)

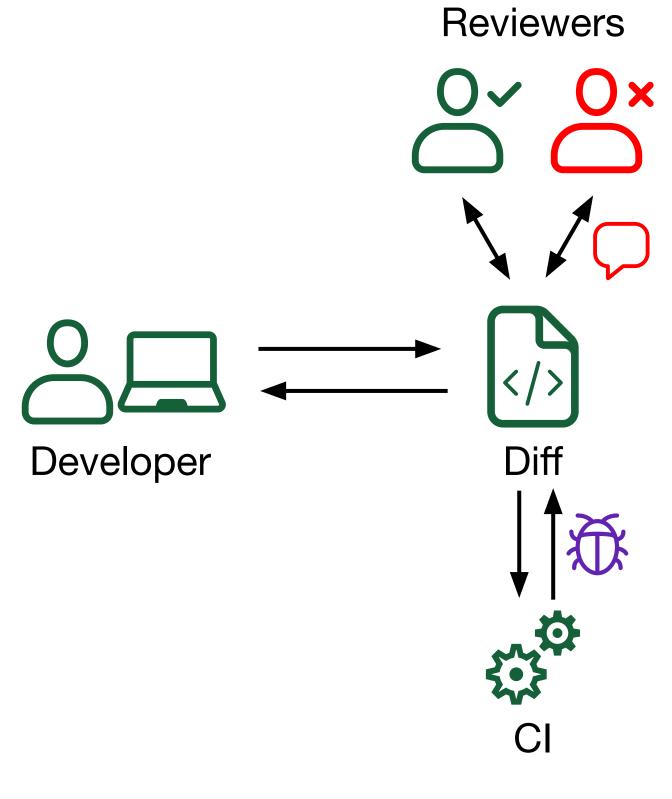
#2 Incompatible threading annotations (worker thread calling main)

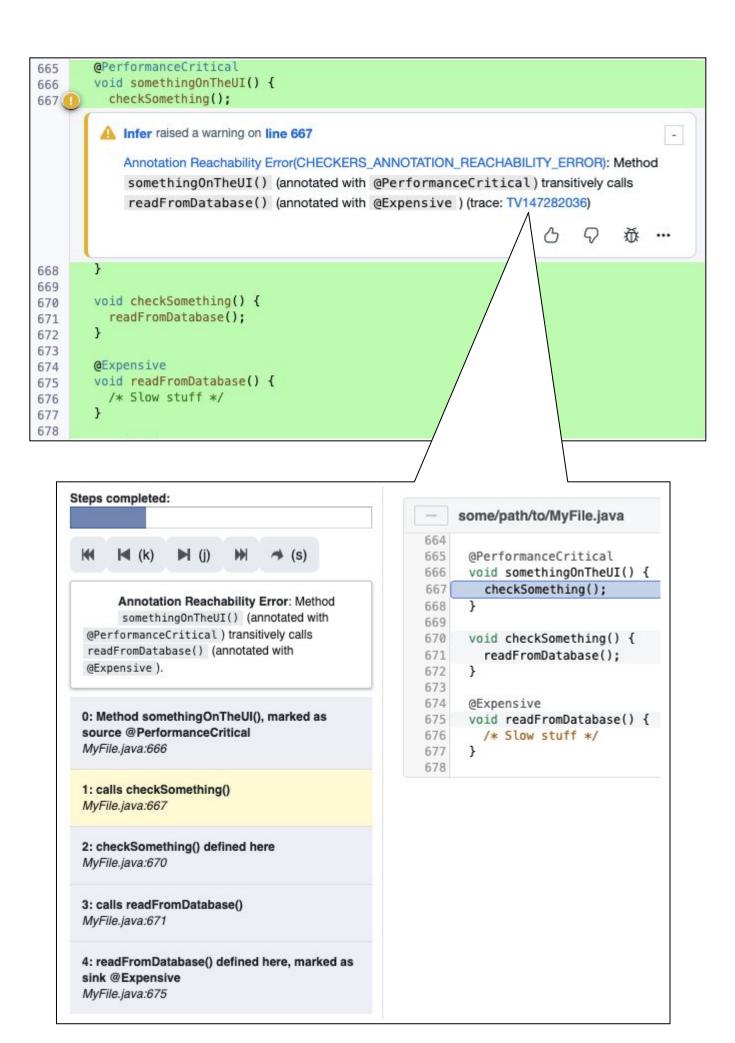
WA Android function coverage

Prop.	Sources	Sinks	Sanitizers
#1	0.356%	2.689%	0.198%
#2	16.267%	0.002%	0.000%

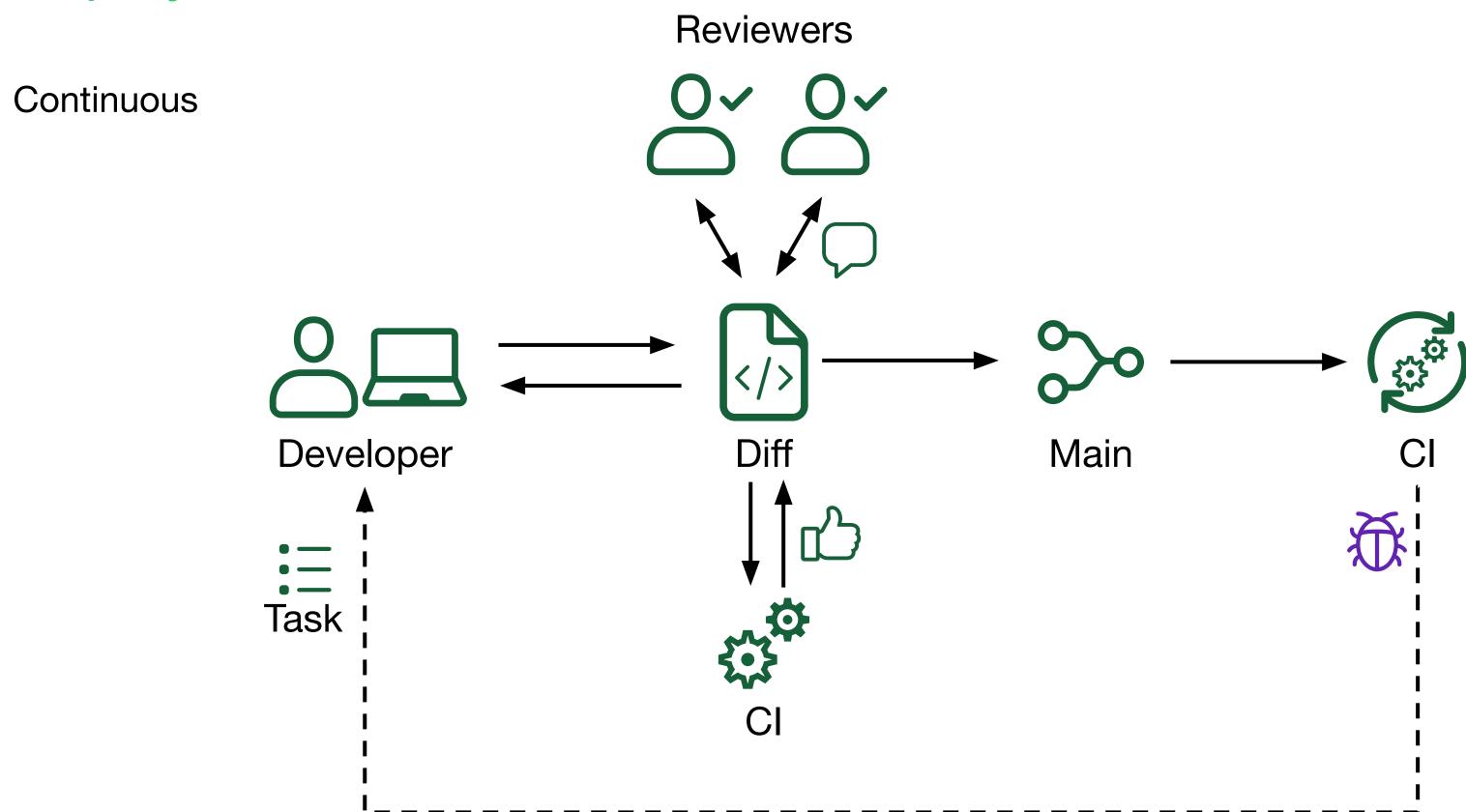
## Deployment

Diff-time





## Deployment



## Deployment

#### Pre-existing issues

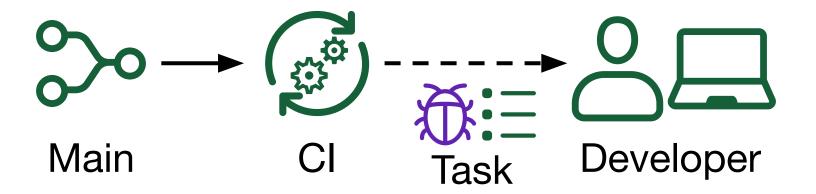
Quality Volume

	No sink min.	Sink min.
No source min.	12 500	1 600
Source min.	10 600	1 100

Diffs: shadow mode → early adopters → full rollout

#### Results

## Pre-existing



59 tasks filed, 7 fixed

#### Example:

reduced ANRs by 0.56% 1.25% chat loading speedup globally

## Diffs



3 months

174 reported, 92 fixed

53% fixrate

#### Unfixed

Adding new sources and sinks

 $\operatorname{src}() \longrightarrow f() \qquad g() \longrightarrow \operatorname{snk}()$ 

Kotlin conversion

Mutual recursion & scheduling

Flow- and path-insensitivity

```
void source() { // Needs path-sensitivity
  if (is_debug()) sink();
}
```

```
void source() { // Needs flow-sensitivity
  beginSanitizing();
  sink();
  endSanitizing();
}
```

#### Performance

Hard to measure: caching, multiple checkers, parallelism

Continuous (p90 execution time)

33 mins 53 mins

Compilation Analysis (all checkers)

15 mins

Reachability only

Diffs (p90 execution time)

32 mins

Total time: parent+current, all checkers, changed files (and deps) only

#### **Takeaway**

Fast enough to run multiple times a day in continuous mode

Provide timely feedback on diffs

Reachability is not the bottleneck

## Summary

Callgraph reachability for WhatsApp Android app health via Infer

3 months, prevented 92 regressions + 7 pre-existing fixes, end-user measurable impact

