

## 1) Which month has seen the biggest change in capacity (ASM) since last year? What could be the impact of this change?

Month 9 has experienced the largest value for "ASM YoY" with a 64% increase.

- Lower Load Factor (LF): If demand remains relatively constant, capacity increase may lead to lower LF. As we can see for month9, "LF YoY" is -7.9% which is the lowest.
- **Lower Revenue:** If demand remains relatively constant, capacity increase may lead to lower revenue. It can be seen for month 9, "RASM YoY" is -27% which is the lowest.
- •Why "Yield YoY" is not the lowest?
  - ➤ It is based on RPM, even if RASM and LF are the lowest, if the number of passenger increases, RPM increases.
- **Strategic Considerations:** Capacity increase may put downward pressure on fares as airlines try to fill more seats. <u>BUT</u> looking at the Fare Class table, they are mainly in the middle for this month. Maybe fares are adjusted based on competitors.

- 2) Which month has the highest TMC this year? The biggest LF to date this year, and the biggest final LF last year? 5.1) The best performance month this year
- 2.1 Month 7 has the highest TMC by \$524
- 2.2 Month 7 shows the highest LF by 40.4%.
- 2.3 Month 10 indicates the highest LF Final last year by 94.3%.
- 5.1 Month 7 is the best performance due to highest "RASM CY", "Yield CY", and "TMC CY".

| Departure<br>Month | ASM<br>Share | ASM<br>YoY | RASM<br>CY | RASM<br>YoY % | LFCY   | LF Yo          |      | LF<br>2023<br>Final | LF Var<br>CY 7D<br>(Pts) | Ecart LF<br>YoY 7D<br>(Pts) | Pax Var<br>7D Vs<br>LW % | Yield<br>CY | Yield YoY<br>% | Yield<br>CY<br>WoW | TMC<br>CY | TM<br>CY<br>Wo |
|--------------------|--------------|------------|------------|---------------|--------|----------------|------|---------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------|----------------|
| ⊡ 07-              | 12%          | 46 %       | 6,6        | -9 %          | 40,4 % | <b>\lambda</b> | -5,7 | 90,9 %              | 2,0                      | -25                         | 10 %                     | \$16,4      | 4%             | -0,1               | \$524     | (5             |
| 08                 | 13%          | 3%         | 4,3        | -10 %         | 21,4 % | A .            | -3,4 | 88,9 %              | 1,9                      | -15                         | 5%                       | \$15,7      | 0 1%           | 0,1                | 3504      |                |
| 09-,               | 21%          | 64 %       | 3,9        | -27 %         | 25,4 % | <b>\Q</b>      | -7,9 | 92.5%               | 2,2                      | -1,4                        | -22 %                    | \$15,5      | A -4%          | 0,1                | \$496     | 5              |
| 10-,               | 20%          | 49 %       | 3,1        | -11 %         | 20,7 % |                | -0,2 | 94,3 %              | 1,9                      | -05                         | -48 %                    | \$15,0      | → -10          | 0,2                | \$480     |                |
| 11-:               | 19%          | 45 %       | 3,4        | -14 %         | 21,7%  |                | -3,1 | 91,8 %              | 2,2                      | -039                        | -40 %                    | \$15,7      | A -2%          | 0,1                | \$502     | 9              |
| 12-                | 14%          | 63 %       | 1,9        | 14 %          | 11,7 % | 0              | 2,3  | 80,3 %              | 1,1                      | 0,5                         | 72 %                     | \$15,8      | ♦ -8%          | -0,1               | \$507     | (\$            |
| Total              | 100%         | 44 %       | 3,7        | -15 %         | 23,8%  |                | 3,5  | 90,2 %              | 1,9                      | -1,0                        | -26 %                    | \$15,7      | -2 %           | 0,1                | \$502     | 5              |

3) Can you pinpoint when the data were observed (Observation Date)? Does the data reflect a time far from the start, or rather close to it

While without an explicit timestamp, it is challenging to judge the timing, I assume:

- Data is collected at similar time and fixed interval each year for comparative analysis.
- Data is observed close to beginning of each month due to unmature "LF CY". It would be closer
  to "LF 2023 Final + LF YoY" if it were observed at the end of the month.

| Departure<br>Month | ASM<br>Share | ASM<br>YoY |
|--------------------|--------------|------------|
| ⊕ 07-              | 12%          | 46 %       |
| ⊕ 08               | 13%          | 3 %        |
| ⊕ 09-,             | 21%          | 64 %       |
| ⊡ 10-,             | 20%          | 49 %       |
| ⊡ 11-:             | 19%          | 46 %       |
| ⊡ 12-              | 14%          | 63 %       |
| Total              | 100%         | 44 %       |

| RASM<br>CY | RASM<br>YoY% | LFCY   |           | YoY<br>Pts) | LF<br>2023<br>Final | LF Var<br>CY 7D<br>(Pts) | Ecart LF<br>YoY 7D<br>(Pts) | Pax Var<br>7D Vs<br>LW % | Yield<br>CY | Yield YoY<br>% | Yield<br>CY<br>WoW | TMC<br>CY | TMC<br>CY<br>WoW |
|------------|--------------|--------|-----------|-------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------|------------------|
| 6,6        | -9 %         | 40,4 % | <b>\Q</b> | -5,7        | 90,9 %              | 2,0                      | -25                         | 10 %                     | \$16,4      | 4%             | -0,1               | \$524     | (\$3)            |
| 4,3        | -10 %        | 27,4%  |           | -3,4        | 88,9 %              | 1,9                      | -15                         | 5%                       | \$15,7      | 1%             | 0,1                | \$504     | \$2              |
| 3,9        | -27 %        | 25,4 % | <b>\Q</b> | -7,9        | 92,5 %              | 2,2                      | -14                         | -22 %                    | \$15,5      | A -4%          | 0,1                | \$496     | \$2              |
| 3,1        | -11 %        | 20,7 % | 0         | -0,2        | 94,3 %              | 1,9                      | -0.5                        | -48 %                    | \$15,0      | → -10          | 0,2                | \$480     | \$5              |
| 3,4        | -14 %        | 21,7%  |           | -3,1        | 91,8%               | 2,2                      | -039                        | -40 %                    | \$15,7      | A -2%          | 0,1                | \$502     | \$5              |
| 1,9        | 14 %         | 11,7 % | 0         | 2,3         | 80,3 %              | 1,1                      | 0,5                         | 72 %                     | \$15,8      | ♦ -8%          | -0,1               | \$507     | (\$2)            |
| 3,7        | -15 %        | 23,8 % |           | -3,5        | 90,2 %              | 1,9                      | -1,0                        | -26 %                    | \$15,7      | -2 %           | 0,1                | \$502     | \$2              |

## 5.2) The month with the worst performance. 6) Is the worst performing month in the process of improvement? Strategy

- 5.2 Although "Yield CY" and "TMC CY" are lowest in month 10, I select month 12 as the worst performing month due to the lowest "RASM CY".
  - It seems the extra capacity (ASM YoY = 63%) has not been used properly yet and "LF CY" is the lowest, 11.7%.
- 6 Yes, month 12 metric are improving both compared to last year and within current year.
  - "RASM YoY" is positive by 14%. "Pax Var 7D Vs LW%" is also significant and positive, 72%.
  - > Strategy Recommendation: Fare class can be increased, yet cautiously since LF is still low.

| Departure<br>Month | ASM<br>Share | ASM<br>YoY |
|--------------------|--------------|------------|
| ⊕ 07-              | 12%          | 46 %       |
| ⊞ 08               | 13%          | 3 %        |
| ⊕ 09-,             | 21%          | 64 %       |
| ⊡ 10-,             | 20%          | 49 %       |
| ⊡ 11-:             | 19%          | 46 %       |
| ⊡ 12-              | 14%          | 63 %       |
| Total              | 100%         | 44 %       |

| RASM<br>CY | RASM<br>YoY % | IFCY   |                | YoY<br>Pts) | LF<br>2023<br>Final | LF Var<br>CY 7D<br>(Pts) | Ecart LF<br>YoY 7D<br>(Pts) | Pax Var<br>7D Vs<br>LW % | Yield<br>CY | Yield YoY<br>% | Yield<br>CY<br>WoW | TMC<br>CY | TMC<br>CY<br>WoW |
|------------|---------------|--------|----------------|-------------|---------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|----------------|--------------------|-----------|------------------|
| 6,6        | -9 %          | 40,4 % | <b>\limits</b> | -5,7        | 90,9 %              | 2,0                      | -25                         | 10 %                     | \$16,4      | 4%             | -0,1               | \$524     | (\$3)            |
| 4,3        | -10 %         | 27,4 % | A              | -3,4        | 88,9 %              | 1,9                      | -1,5                        | 5%                       | \$15,7      | 1%             | 0,1                | \$504     | \$2              |
| 3,9        | -27 %         | 25,4 % | <b>\Q</b>      | -7,9        | 92,5 %              | 2,2                      | -1,4                        | -22 %                    | \$15,5      | A -4%          | 0,1                | \$496     | \$2              |
| 3,1        | -11 %         | 20,7 % | 0              | -0,2        | 94,3 %              | 1,9                      | -0.5                        | -48 %                    | \$15,0      | → -10          | 0,2                | \$480     | \$5              |
| 2.4        | -14 %         | 21.7%  |                | -3,1        | 91,8 %              | 2,2                      | -039                        | -40 %                    | \$15,7      | A -2 %         | 0,1                | \$502     | \$5              |
| 1,9        | 14 %          | 11,7 % |                | 2,3         | 80,3 %              | 1,1                      | 0,5                         | 72 %                     | \$15,8      | ♦ -8%          | -0,1               | \$507     | (\$2)            |
| 3,7        | -15 %         | 23,8 % |                | -3,5        | 90,2 %              | 1,9                      | -1,0                        | -26 %                    | \$15,7      | -2 %           | 0,1                | \$502     | \$2              |

7) Comment on month 11's current performance and strategy, then make a recommendation for a better strategy than the one currently in place.

8) Which month do you think has generated the most revenue so far? Please explain.

- Decline in "RASM YoY" [-14%], "LF YoY" [-3.1], "Yield YoY" [-2%], "Pax Var 7D Vs LW %" [-40]
- ➤ **Problem:** There is underutilized capacity, combined with relatively low demand
- Recommendation: Promotional campaigns and fare sales to stimulate demand

- •"RASM CY" \* "ASM Share"=Revenue share
- Month 7: 6.6 \* 12% = 0.792
- Month 8: 4.3 \* 13% = 0.559
- Month 9: 3.9 \* 21% = 0.819
- Month 10 : 3.1 \* 20% = 0.62
- Month 11: 3.4 \* 19% = 0.646
- Month 12: 1.9 \* 14% = 0.266

## Questions to ask, information to seek

- 1. Competitive Landscape: presence of other airlines operating on the same route, their capacity changes, Market Share, etc.
- 2. Operational Cost
- Economic Factors: Cost of living, fuel. Affecting both demand and pricing.
- 4. Marketing Initiatives: Promotional campaigns
- 5. Customer Segmentation Data: Traveler demographics, preferences, and behavior patterns
- 6. Historical Data: Passenger demand trends for the route over the same period. Booking patterns, seasonality factors, etc.
- 7. Total Number of Seats / Flights: [Q4) Are you able to determine the number of departures per month or the month with the highest number of departures/seats? Not the exact numbers, we only know the "ASM share" showing month 9 is highest 21%]

