

Sei Solo.

a  
Violino  
tenuta  
Basso  
accompagnato -

Libro Primo.

Da

Joh. S. Bach.  
anno. MDCCX.



**Recommendations:**

*A  $\leq$  432Hz*

*Almost no vibrato*

*No additional ornaments*

*Shortening the bow grip as appropriate*











Partia 1<sup>ma</sup> à Violino Solo senza Basso.





A handwritten musical score for a string quartet, consisting of ten staves of music. The music is written in black ink on five-line staff paper. Red numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) are handwritten above certain notes and slurs to indicate performance techniques. The score includes dynamic markings such as  $\times$ ,  $\ddot{\times}$ , and  $\times \ddot{\times}$ . The final measure contains the instruction "U.S. volta".

Red markings present in the score:

- Musical Staff 1: Note 4 (measures 1-2), Note 2 (measures 2-3).
- Musical Staff 2: Note 1 (measures 3-4), Note 2 (measures 4-5).
- Musical Staff 3: Note 1 (measures 5-6), Note 2 (measures 6-7).
- Musical Staff 4: Note 1 (measures 7-8), Note 2 (measures 8-9).
- Musical Staff 5: Note 1 (measures 9-10), Note 2 (measures 10-11).
- Musical Staff 6: Note 1 (measures 11-12), Note 3 (measures 12-13).
- Musical Staff 7: Note 0 (measures 13-14), Note 1 (measures 14-15).
- Musical Staff 8: Note 1 (measures 15-16), Note 1 (measures 16-17).
- Musical Staff 9: Note 1 (measures 17-18), Note 3 (measures 18-19).
- Musical Staff 10: Note 2 (measures 19-20).

Final measure: U.S. volta.

The image shows a handwritten musical score for a cello or bass part. The score consists of six staves of music. The first three staves are labeled "Sarabande" and feature red markings above the notes, likely indicating fingerings or slurs. The fourth staff is labeled "Double" and contains red numbers below the notes, possibly indicating pitch or rhythm. The fifth staff continues the double bass line. The sixth staff concludes the piece with a final bass note.

*Tempo di Borea.*

Handwritten musical score for two flutes in G major, 2/4 time. The score consists of ten staves of music with various dynamics and fingerings written in red ink. The dynamics include 'V' (Volume), 'P' (Piano), and 'F' (Fortissimo). Fingerings are indicated by numbers 0, 1, 2, 3, and 4 above or below the notes. The music includes grace notes, slurs, and dynamic markings like 'v p v p' and '3 v p'.

Double.

A handwritten musical score for piano, consisting of ten staves of music. The music is written in black ink on white paper. Red numbers and letters are used as markings to indicate specific performance details or fingerings. The markings include:

- Red numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, and 0 placed above various notes and rests.
- Red letter 'V' placed above a note in the second staff.
- Red letter 'П' placed above a note in the third staff.
- Red letter 'П' placed above a note in the fourth staff.
- Red letter 'П' placed above a note in the fifth staff.
- Red letter 'П' placed above a note in the sixth staff.
- Red letter 'П' placed above a note in the seventh staff.
- Red letter 'П' placed above a note in the eighth staff.
- Red letter 'П' placed above a note in the ninth staff.
- Red letter 'П' placed above a note in the tenth staff.

Sonata  $\text{F}^{\text{d}} \text{a}$  à Violino Solo scritta Basso

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A page of musical notation with handwritten red markings. The markings include:

- Letters: П, В, ПУ, ПВ.
- Numbers: 1, 2, 3, 4, 0.
- Text: vibrato.
- Other: УГ, УП, УПУ, УПУУ.

The markings are placed above specific notes and slurs, indicating performance techniques or specific fingerings.

Chrysa-

A page of musical notation on five staves. The notation consists of black stems and heads on five-line staves. Handwritten red markings are present throughout the page, including the letters 'V' and 'П' (P) above or below stems, and numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) placed near stems or groups of notes. The markings are distributed across all five staves, with a higher density in the upper two staves.

A page of musical notation on five staves. The notation consists of vertical stems with small horizontal dashes indicating pitch. Handwritten red markings are present throughout the page, including:

- Red 'V' characters placed above various notes.
- Red 'П' characters placed above various notes.
- Red numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) placed above specific notes or groups of notes.
- Red 'ПV' characters placed above specific notes.
- Red 'ПУ' characters placed above specific notes.
- Red 'ПV' characters placed below specific notes.
- Red 'П' characters placed below specific notes.
- Red 'ПV' characters placed at the beginning of some staves.

The markings are used to highlight specific notes or patterns for performance or analysis.

D. S. volta prefe

A page of musical notation for two staves. The top staff consists of six lines of music, and the bottom staff consists of five lines of music. The notation includes various note heads (solid black, hollow black, solid white), stems (upward or downward), and bar lines. Red markings are present throughout the page, including:

- Red 'V' characters placed above or below note heads.
- Red 'П' characters placed above or below note heads.
- Red numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) placed near note heads.
- Red 'ПV' characters placed above or below note heads.

The red markings appear to be annotations or performance instructions added to the original musical score.



Sheet music for violin and piano, page 10, system 1. The music is in 2/4 time and consists of ten staves. The top staff is for the violin, followed by two staves for the piano (right hand in treble clef, left hand in bass clef). The subsequent staves alternate between violin and piano parts. The violin part features continuous sixteenth-note patterns. The piano part includes eighth-note chords and sustained notes. Red numbers and letters (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, V, π) are handwritten in red ink on the staves, likely indicating fingerings or performance markings.

A handwritten musical score consisting of eight staves of music for a bowed string instrument, such as cello or double bass. The music is written in common time. Red ink is used to add fingerings and bowing markings. Fingerings include numbers 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, and the letter V, indicating which string to play. Bowing markings include the letters P (pizzicato) and V (vibrato). The score includes a variety of note heads, stems, and bar lines, typical of a cello part.

Partia 2<sup>a</sup> a Violino solo senza Basso.

Affemanda

0 4 1 2 3 4 4 V П П 4 0 4 V П V 3 3 3 Segue la Corrente

# Corrente

A handwritten musical score for a piece titled "Corrente". The score consists of ten staves of music, each containing multiple measures. Red ink has been used to mark specific notes and groups of notes across the staves. The markings include the letters "V" and "P" (likely referring to "Vivace" and "Pianissimo"), numbers (1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6), and some combined symbols like "V P V" or "P V". The music is written in a standard musical notation style with black ink on white paper.

# Sarabanda.

A handwritten musical score for Sarabanda, featuring six staves of music for a string instrument. Red ink is used to add fingerings and performance markings. The first staff begins with a 1 over a note, followed by a V over a note, then a V over a note, then a P over a note, then a P over a note, then a V over a note. The second staff starts with a V over a note, followed by a V over a note, then a V over a note, then a P over a note, then a 2 over a note, then a P over a note, then a V over a note, then a V over a note, then a 2 over a note, then a V over a note, then a P over a note, then a P over a note, then a V over a note, then a P over a note, then a P over a note, then a V over a note. The third staff starts with a V over a note, followed by a P over a note, then a V over a note, then a V over a note, then a 4 over a note, then a 4 over a note, then a 4 over a note, then a V over a note, then a P over a note, then a V over a note, then a P over a note, then a V over a note, then a P over a note, then a P over a note, then a V over a note. The fourth staff starts with a V over a note, followed by a P over a note, then a V over a note, then a V over a note, then a 4 over a note, then a 4 over a note, then a V over a note, then a P over a note, then a V over a note, then a P over a note, then a V over a note, then a P over a note, then a P over a note, then a V over a note. The fifth staff starts with a V over a note, followed by a P over a note, then a V over a note, then a V over a note, then a 2 over a note, then a 2 over a note, then a 2 over a note, then a V over a note, then a P over a note, then a V over a note, then a P over a note, then a V over a note, then a P over a note, then a P over a note, then a V over a note. The sixth staff starts with a V over a note, followed by a P over a note, then a V over a note, then a V over a note, then a 2 over a note, then a 2 over a note, then a 2 over a note, then a V over a note, then a P over a note, then a V over a note, then a P over a note, then a V over a note, then a P over a note, then a P over a note, then a V over a note. The score concludes with the section heading "Giga." followed by two staves of music.

A handwritten musical score for Giga, featuring two staves of music for a string instrument. Red ink is used to add fingerings and performance markings. The first staff starts with a 4 over a note, then a V over a note, then a P over a note, then a V over a note, then a 2 over a note, then a 2 over a note, then a 2 over a note, then a V over a note, then a P over a note, then a V over a note, then a P over a note, then a V over a note, then a P over a note, then a P over a note, then a V over a note. The second staff starts with a V over a note, then a V over a note, then a 2 over a note, then a 2 over a note, then a 2 over a note, then a V over a note, then a P over a note, then a V over a note, then a P over a note, then a V over a note, then a P over a note, then a P over a note, then a V over a note. The score concludes with the section heading "Giga." followed by two staves of music.

A handwritten musical score for two flutes, consisting of 12 measures. The music is written on ten staves, each staff starting with a clef (F or C) and a key signature. The notes are primarily eighth and sixteenth notes, connected by slurs. Red numbers and letters are written above the notes in some measures, likely indicating fingerings or performance techniques. The score includes dynamic markings such as *f*, *p*, and *v*. The final measure ends with a repeat sign and the instruction *1st. volta*.

Measure 1: Fingerings 2, 1, 2, 0, 1, 2.

Measure 2: Fingerings 2, 1, 1.

Measure 3: Fingerings 3, V, П, П, П, V, П, V.

Measure 4: Fingerings 0, 1, 4, 1.

Measure 5: Fingerings 3, 3.

Measure 6: Fingerings 2, 1, 0, 2.

Measure 7: Fingerings 0, 1, 1.

Measure 8: Fingerings 0, 1.

Measure 9: Fingerings 2, 1.

Measure 10: Fingerings 0, 2.

Measure 11: Fingerings 0, 1.

Measure 12: Fingerings 4, 3.

Measure 13: Fingerings 1, 4, 2, 4.

*accord...*

This image shows a handwritten musical score for two staves, likely for a woodwind instrument like oboe or flute. The score consists of ten staves of music, each with a key signature of one sharp (F#) and a time signature of common time (indicated by a 'C'). The music is written in black ink on five-line staff paper.

The score features various musical markings and annotations in red ink:

- Dynamic markings:** Red 'P' (piano) and red 'V' (forte) are placed above specific notes and measures.
- Performance instructions:** The first staff begins with a circled 'C' followed by the word 'accord...'.
- Measure numbers:** Red numbers are placed below certain measures to indicate performance count. Examples include '2' in the first measure, '0' in the eighth measure, '3' in the ninth measure, and '4' in the tenth measure.
- Other markings:** Red 'Y' and '3V' are also present in some measures.

The music itself consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns, with slurs and grace notes used throughout the piece.

A handwritten musical score consisting of two staves. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef and the bottom staff uses an alto F-clef. Both staves have a common time signature. The music is written in black ink on five-line staff paper. Red ink has been used to add various markings: dynamic signs like 'V' (Volume) and 'П' (Pianissimo), performance instructions such as '1', '2', '3', '4', and '5', and a tempo marking 'V.f. molto presto' at the end of the page.

Handwritten markings include:

- Dynamic signs: 'V' (Volume), 'П' (Pianissimo).
- Performance instructions: '1', '2', '3', '4', '5'.
- Tempo marking: 'V.f. molto presto'.

A page of musical notation on five staves. The notation consists of black dots on a grid system. Handwritten red markings are present throughout the page:

- Red 'V' marks are placed above various notes and groups of notes.
- Red 'P' marks are placed below various notes and groups of notes.
- Red numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) are placed near specific notes or groups of notes, often with superscripts (e.g., 1<sup>2</sup>, 1<sup>3</sup>, 1<sup>4</sup>).
- Red 'Y' marks are placed near some notes.
- Red '1' marks are placed at the beginning of several measures.
- Red '2' marks are placed at the end of some measures.
- Red '3' marks are placed near the end of the page.
- Red '4' marks are placed near the end of the page.

Handwritten musical score with red ink markings:

- Dynamic markings: П (pianissimo), V (fortissimo).
- Fingerings: 1, 2, 3, 4.
- Performance instructions: ПУП, ПУ.

Page number: 1

Text at the bottom right: *V.S. volti pregi.*

Sonata a Violino solo senza Basso.

Allegro.

This image shows a handwritten musical score for violin solo. The score consists of ten staves of music. Red ink has been used to add various markings: some letters (P, V) and numbers (1, 2, 3, 4, 0) placed above or below specific notes; wavy lines under certain groups of notes; and circled numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) placed near the beginning of some staves. The music is written in common time, with various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes. The overall style is that of a classical sonata movement.

Fuga.

This is a handwritten musical score for organ fugue, consisting of 15 staves of music. The score is written on five-line staffs, with each staff representing a different voice or part of the fugue. The music is primarily composed of eighth and sixteenth note patterns. Red ink has been used to mark specific notes and rhythms throughout the score. Some markings include 'V' (vertical bar), 'P' (pedal), and various numbers (1, 2, 3, 4, 0) indicating fingerings or specific performance techniques. The score is organized into measures, with some measures spanning multiple staves. The handwriting is cursive and appears to be a working manuscript or a personal study of the piece.

The musical score consists of five staves of music for two voices: Soprano (top) and Bass (bottom). Red markings are present throughout the score, including:

- V**: Indicated by a red 'V' above a note, often followed by a red 'P' or a number.
- P**: Indicated by a red 'P' above a note.
- Numbers (1, 2, 3, 4)**: Red numbers placed above or below specific notes, likely indicating fingerings or performance counts.

For example, in the first staff, there are red markings above the first four notes of the first measure. In the second staff, there are red markings above the first six notes of the first measure. The markings continue in a similar pattern across all staves, providing specific instructions for each voice part.

A handwritten musical score consisting of two staves. The top staff uses a soprano C-clef and the bottom staff uses an alto F-clef. Both staves are in common time. The music is written in black ink on five-line staff paper. Red ink has been used to add various markings: 1) Fingerings: numbers 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 are placed above specific notes and slurs. 2) Articulations: 'P' (pizzicato) and 'V' (vibrato) are indicated under certain notes. 3) Slurs: several slurs are drawn across groups of notes. 4) Dynamics: a single 'f' dynamic is located at the beginning of the piece. 5) Measure numbers: '1' is written below the first measure of each staff. A signature in the bottom right corner reads 'D. S. 1935'.



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A handwritten musical score for piano, consisting of ten staves of music. The music is primarily in common time. Red ink has been used to add various markings to the notes and stems, likely indicating performance techniques such as slurs, grace notes, or specific fingerings. Some markings include 'П' (P), 'V', 'ПП', 'ППП', 'ПППП', 'VV', 'VVV', 'VVVV', and various numbers (1, 2, 3, 0) which may represent fingerings or specific performance instructions. The score includes dynamic markings like 'Largo' and 'p' (pianissimo). The final instruction at the bottom right is '2d. volta'.

*Allegro assai.*

A handwritten musical score for piano, consisting of ten staves of music. The music is in common time and is labeled "Allegro assai." at the top. Red ink has been used to add various markings: dynamic signs like "p" (piano) and "v" (forte), tempo changes like "02", "3", "4", and "1", and other performance instructions such as "ppp" and "pp". The score includes both treble and bass clefs, and features various note heads, stems, and beams typical of classical piano notation.

A handwritten musical score consisting of seven staves of music for a string instrument, likely cello or double bass. The music is written in black ink on five-line staff paper. Red ink is used to add various performance markings, including fingerings and bowing.

The markings include:

- Fingerings: Numerals 1, 2, 3, 4, 0, and 3 are placed above or below specific notes to indicate which finger should be used.
- Bowings: The letter "V" indicates a vertical bow stroke, and the letters "П" (P) indicate a horizontal (parallel) bow stroke.
- Dynamic or Articulation: The letter "P" is placed above a staff near the end.
- Measure Number: "20" is written above the 20th measure.
- Page Number: "1" is written at the top right of the page.

The music itself consists of eighth and sixteenth note patterns, with some measures featuring sustained notes or rests.

Partia 5<sup>to</sup> à Violins solo senza Baasso.

ГУП

A handwritten musical score for violin solo, consisting of ten staves of music. The score is titled "Partia 5<sup>to</sup> à Violins solo senza Baasso." and includes a section heading "Preludio.". Red numbers are written above certain notes in each staff, likely indicating fingerings or performance techniques. The music is in common time and includes various note values such as eighth and sixteenth notes.

Fingerings visible in the score:

- Staff 1: 4, 2, 4, 1
- Staff 2: 1, 2, 1, 0, 0, 4, 0, 3, 0, 2, 0, 2, 2
- Staff 3: 2, 4
- Staff 4: 3
- Staff 5: 3
- Staff 6: 1
- Staff 7: 1, 0, 1
- Staff 8: 4, 1, 2, 2, 3, 1
- Staff 9: 3, 1, 2, 3
- Staff 10: 3, 1, 3, 1, 0, 0, 4, 3, 0



A handwritten musical score for a string quartet (two violins, viola, cello) on ten staves. The music consists of six measures of violin 1, followed by six measures of violin 2, six measures of viola, and six measures of cello. The score includes dynamic markings such as  $\text{f}$ ,  $\text{ff}$ ,  $\text{p}$ , and  $\text{mf}$ . Red ink is used to add specific performance instructions:

- Fingering:** Numerals 1, 2, 3, and 4 are placed above or below notes to indicate fingerings.
- Bowing:** The letter "V" is placed above or below notes to indicate vertical bows.
- String:** The letter "П" (P) is placed above or below notes to indicate which string to play on.
- Tempo:** Numerical values like 00000000, 0000400, 200010000000, and 0000000401000100 are written above the staves to indicate tempo changes.

The score begins with a forte dynamic (ff) and transitions through various dynamics and time signatures (common time, 2/4 time, etc.) throughout the six measures of each part.

## Gavotte en Rondeau.

Handwritten musical score with red annotations:

- Annotations include: П, V, VV, 1, 2, 3, 4.
- Page number: 1

The image shows a handwritten musical score for three voices: two violins (top and middle staves) and basso continuo (bottom staff). The score is divided into three movements:

- Menuet**: The first movement starts with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a tempo marking of  $\text{♩} = 2$ . It features a series of eighth-note patterns and sixteenth-note figures. Red markings in red ink include "П" (P), "V" (V), and "П П П" (P P P) above the top staff, and "П V П V" (P V P V) and "П V П V" (P V P V) above the middle staff.
- Menuet 2de**: The second movement begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a tempo marking of  $\text{♩} = 2$ . It contains eighth-note patterns and sixteenth-note figures. Red markings include "П V" (P V) and "П V П V П V П V" (P V P V P V P V) above the top staff, and "П V" (P V) and "П V П V" (P V P V) above the middle staff.
- Bourée**: The third movement starts with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a tempo marking of  $\text{♩} = 2$ . It consists of eighth-note patterns and sixteenth-note figures. Red markings include "П V П" (P V P) and "П П П" (P P P) above the top staff, and "П V П" (P V P) and "П П П" (P P P) above the middle staff.

The score uses standard musical notation with black ink on white paper. The red markings are placed above the staves to indicate specific performance techniques or fingerings.

A handwritten musical score for a string quartet, consisting of four staves. The music is written in black ink on five-line staff paper. Red numbers and letters are used as markings throughout the score:

- V**: Found at the beginning of the first measure and in several other places, likely indicating a dynamic or performance instruction.
- П**: Located at the top of the first staff.
- 4**: A red number above a measure in the second staff.
- 2**: Red numbers appearing above measures in the third and fourth staves.
- 1**: Red numbers appearing above measures in the third and fourth staves.
- 0**: Red numbers appearing above measures in the third and fourth staves.
- 3**: Red numbers appearing above measures in the third and fourth staves.
- 1 V**: Red markings appearing in the second staff.
- 2 V**: Red markings appearing in the third staff.
- 3 V**: Red markings appearing in the fourth staff.
- 1**: Red numbers appearing above measures in the third and fourth staves.
- 0**: Red numbers appearing above measures in the third and fourth staves.
- 2**: Red numbers appearing above measures in the third and fourth staves.
- 1**: Red numbers appearing above measures in the third and fourth staves.

The score includes various slurs, grace notes, and dynamic markings typical of classical string quartet notation. The music concludes with a final section labeled "Fine".