Node

```
import org.w3c.dom.Document;
import org.w3c.dom.Element;
/**
 * Project Dijkstra Algorithm
 * This class is used to define the nodes within half order and algorithm
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 * @author Kevin Adamczewski
 * @author Jonas Litmeyer
 * Date 30.05.2018
 * @version 3.0
* Last Change:
 * by: Kevin Adamczewski
 * date: 04.06.2018
 */
public class Node
    /**
                    getting x coordinate
     * @param: x
     * @param: y getting y coordinate
     * @param: name getting name of nodes
    private Integer x = null;
   private Integer y = null;
    private String name = null;
 * @param name assign direct name of node
   Node(String name, int x, int y)
        this.name = name;
        this.x = x;
       this.y = y;
    }
   Integer getX()
        return x;
    }
/**
 * @param x set value
   void setX(Integer x)
```

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{
        this.x = x;
    }
   Integer getY()
        return y;
    }
/**
 * @param y set value
   void setY(Integer y)
        this.y = y;
    }
     * @param toString creats how to output name of node and posotion of x and y
     * @return result of output
   public String toString()
        String result = null;
        if (name == null)
            result = "kein Name vorhanden";
        } else
        {
            result = name;
        }
        if (x != null && y != null)
            result = result + "(x=" + x + ", " + "y=" + y + ")";
        return result;
    }
     * @param doc creats XML document to write everthing in the XML
      @param nodes give the document the attribute
   public void generateXml (Document doc, Element nodes)
        Element node = doc.createElement("Node");
        nodes.appendChild(node);
```

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Element name = doc.createElement("Name");
name.setTextContent(this.name);
node.appendChild(name);
Element x = doc.createElement("X");
x.setTextContent("" + this.x);
node.appendChild(x);
Element y = doc.createElement("Y");
y.setTextContent("" + this.y);
node.appendChild(y);
}
```

}