

TDT4110 IT Grunnkurs Høst 2012

Løsningsforslag — Øving 7

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1 Newtons metode - TMA4100

```
# encoding: utf-8
def polynom(x):
  return x ** 5 - 4 * x ** 3 + 10 * x ** 2 - 10
def polynom_derivative(x):
 return 5 * x ** 4 - 12 * x ** 2 + 20 * x
def newton(func, deriv, start, threshold, max_iterations):
 x = start
  xold = float("inf")
 i = 0
  while abs(xold - x) > threshold:
    if i > max_iterations:
     return False
   xold = x
   x = x - func(x) / deriv(x)
    i += 1
  return x
```

2 Simpsons metode - TMA4100

Kodesnutt 2

```
# encoding: utf-8
import math
def evilfunction(x):
 return math.exp(-(x ** 2))
def simpson(func, a, b, n):
 h = float(b - a) / n # steglengde
 result = func(a) + func(b)
  for i in range(1, n, 2):
   result += 4 * func(a + (i * h))
  for i in range(2, n - 1, 2):
   result += 2 * func(a + (i * h))
  result *= (h / 3)
  return result
print(simpson(evilfunction, 0, 1, 1000))
def simpson_error(func, a, b, error):
  while abs(simpson(func, a, b, 2 ** i) - simpson(func, a, b, 2 ** (i + 1))) >
    i += 1
  return simpson(func, a, b, 2 ** i)
print(simpson_error(evilfunction, 0, 1, 10 ** (-8)))
```

|3| Omkrets - Øvrige

```
import math

def pytagoras(x1, x2, y1, y2):
    return math.sqrt((x1 - x2)**2 + (y1 - y2)**2)

def perimeter(x,y):
    p = 0
    for i in range(len(x) - 1):
        p += pytagoras(x[i], x[i+1], y[i], y[i+1])
    p += pytagoras(x[i+1], x[0], y[i+1], y[0])
    return p
```

4 Løkker - Alle

Kodesnutt 4

```
import math

def is_prime(number):
    for divider in range(2, number - 1):
        if number % divider == 0:
            return False
    return True
```

Kodesnutt 5

```
def separate(numbers, threshold):
    list1 = []
    list2 = []
    for i in numbers:
    if i < threshold:
        list1.append(i)
    else:
        list2.append(i)
    return list1, list2</pre>
```

```
def multiplication_table(n):
    multiplication_table = []
    for y in range(1, n + 1):
        table = []

c)    for x in range(1, n + 1):
        table.append(x * y)
        multiplication_table.append(table)
    return multiplication_table
```

5 Strenghåndtering - Alle

```
def compare(string1, string2):
  length = len(string1)
  if length == len(string2):
   for i in range(length):
      if string1[i] != string2[i]:
        return False
    return True
  return False
def reverse(string):
  reversed_string = ''
 for i in range(len(string)-1, -1, -1):
    reversed_string += string[i]
  return reversed_string
def palindrome(string):
  return string == reverse(string)
def contains(string1,string2):
  for x in range(len(string1)):
    if string1[x:(len(string2)+x)] == string2:
      return True
  return False
```