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CodingBat Java String-2

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JavaPython

String-2☆☆☆☆☆chance

Medium String problems -- 1 loop. See the [Java String Help](#) document for help with strings.

✓doubleChar H

✓countCode

✓bobThere

✓repeatEnd

✓prefixAgain

✓sameStarChar

✓starOut

✓countHi H

✓endOther

✓xyBalance

✓repeatFront

✓xyzMiddle

✓oneTwo

✓plusOut

✓catDog

✓xyzThere

✓mixString

✓repeatSeparator

✓getSandwich

✓zipZap

✓wordEnds

Java Help

- [Java Example Solution Code](#)
- [Java String Introduction \(video\)](#)
- [Java Substring v2 \(video\)](#)
- [Java String Equals and Loops](#)
- [Java String indexOf and Parsing](#)
- [Java If and Boolean Logic](#)
- [If Boolean Logic Example Solution Code 1 \(video\)](#)
- [If Boolean Logic Example Solution Code 2 \(video\)](#)
- [Java For and While Loops](#)
- [Java Arrays and Loops](#)
- [Java Map Introduction](#)
- [Java Map WordCount](#)
- [Java Functional Mapping](#)
- [Java Functional Filtering](#)

Misc Code Practice

Поиск

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String-2 > doubleChar

prev | next | chance

Given a string, return a string where for every char in the original, there are two chars.

doubleChar("The") → "TThhee"
doubleChar("AAbb") → "AAAAbbbb"
doubleChar("Hi-There") → "HHii--TTTheerree"

Go


...Save, Compile, Run (ctrl-enter)

Show Hint

```
public String doubleChar(String str) {  
    String res="";  
    for(int i=0; i < str.length(); i++){  
        res = res + str.charAt(i) + str.charAt(i);  
    }  
    return res;  
}
```

Go

Expected	Run	OK
doubleChar("The") → "TThhee"	"TThhee"	OK
doubleChar("AAbb") → "AAAAbbbb"	"AAAAbbbb"	OK
doubleChar("Hi-There") → "HHii--TTTheerree"	"HHii--TTTheerree"	OK
doubleChar("Word!") → "WWoorrdd!!"	"WWoorrdd!!"	OK
doubleChar("!!!") → "!!!!"	"!!!!"	OK
doubleChar("") → ""	""	OK
doubleChar("a") → "aa"	"aa"	OK
doubleChar(".") → ".."	".."	OK
doubleChar("aa") → "aaaa"	"aaaa"	OK
other tests		OK

 All Correct

Good job -- problem solved. You can see our solution as an alternative.

See Our Solution

next | chance

Поиск

10:52
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CodingBat Java String-2 countHi

String 2 > countHi

prev | next | chance

Return the number of times that the string "hi" appears anywhere in the given string.

countHi("abc hi ho") → 1
countHi("ABChi hi") → 2
countHi("hihi") → 2

Go


...Save, Compile, Run (ctrl-enter)

Show Hint

```
public int countHi(String str) {  
    int count = 0;  
    if (str.length() == 1 && str.charAt(0) == 'h')  
        count = 0;  
    else {  
        for(int i = 0; i < str.length(); i++) {  
            if ((str.charAt(i) == 'h') && (str.charAt(i+1) == 'i'))  
                count += 1;  
        }  
    }  
    return count;  
}
```

Go

Expected	Run
countHi("abc hi ho") → 1	1 OK
countHi("ABChi hi") → 2	2 OK
countHi("hihi") → 2	2 OK
countHi("hiHIhi") → 2	2 OK
countHi("") → 0	0 OK
countHi("h") → 0	0 OK
countHi("hi") → 1	1 OK
countHi("Hi is no HI on ahI") → 0	0 OK
countHi("hiho not HOHIhi") → 2	2 OK
other tests	OK

 All Correct

Good job -- problem solved. You can see our solution as an alternative.

See Our Solution

next | chance

Java > String-2

Поиск

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CodingBat Java String-2 catDog

prev | next | chance

Return true if the string "cat" and "dog" appear the same number of times in the given string.


catDog("catdog") → true
catDog("catcat") → false
catDog("1cat1cadodog") → true

Go ...Save, Compile, Run (ctrl-enter)

```
public boolean catDog(String str) {  
    int len = str.length();  
    int cat = 0;  
    int dog = 0;  
  
    for (int i = 0; i < len - 2; i++) {  
        String temp = str.substring(i, i+3);  
        if (temp.compareTo("cat") == 0)  
            cat += 1;  
        if (temp.compareTo("dog") == 0)  
            dog += 1;  
    }  
    return (cat == dog) ? true : false;  
}
```

Go

Expected	Run
catDog("catdog") → true	true OK
catDog("catcat") → false	false OK
catDog("1cat1cadodog") → true	true OK
catDog("catxxdogxxxdog") → false	false OK
catDog("catxdogxdogxca") → true	true OK
catDog("catxdogxdogxca") → false	false OK
catDog("dogdogcat") → false	false OK
catDog("dogogcat") → true	true OK
catDog("dog") → false	false OK
catDog("cat") → false	false OK
catDog("ca") → true	true OK
catDog("c") → true	true OK
catDog("") → true	true OK
other tests	OK

 All Correct

next | chance

Поиск

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ENG

11:03 02.10.2023

Return the number of times that the string "code" appears anywhere in the given string, except we'll accept any letter for the 'd', so "cope" and "cooe" count.

countCode("aaacodebbb") → 1
countCode("codexxcode") → 2
countCode("cozexxcope") → 2

Go

...Save, Compile, Run (ctrl-enter)

```
public int countCode(String str) {  
    int len = str.length();  
    int count = 0;  
    String co = "co";  
    String e = "e";  
  
    if (len < 4)  
        return 0;  
    for (int i = 0; i < len - 3; i++) {  
        if (co.compareTo(str.substring(i, i+2)) == 0  
            && e.compareTo(str.substring(i+2, i+4)) == 0)  
            count++;  
    }  
    return count;  
}
```

Go

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Shorter output ☐

Expected	Run
countCode("aaacodebbb") → 1	1 OK
countCode("codexxcode") → 2	2 OK
countCode("cozexxcope") → 2	2 OK
countCode("cozfxxcop") → 1	1 OK
countCode("xxcozeyycop") → 1	1 OK
countCode("cozcop") → 0	0 OK
countCode("abcxyz") → 0	0 OK
countCode("code") → 1	1 OK
countCode("ode") → 0	0 OK
countCode("c") → 0	0 OK
countCode("") → 0	0 OK
countCode("AAcodeBBcoleCCcoreDD") → 3	3 OK
countCode("AAcodeBBcoleCCcorfDD") → 2	2 OK
countCode("coAcodeBcoleccoreDD") → 3	3 OK
other tests	OK



All Correct

next | chance

Go ...Save, Compile, Run (ctrl-enter)

```
public boolean endOther(String a, String b) {
    a = a.toLowerCase();
    int alen = a.length();
    b = b.toLowerCase();
    int blen = b.length();

    if (alen < blen) {
        String temp = b.substring(blen - alen, blen);
        return (temp.compareTo(a) == 0)? true : false;
    } else {
        String temp = a.substring(alen - blen, alen);
        return (temp.compareTo(b) == 0) ? true : false;
    }
}
```

Go

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Shorter output ☐

Expected	Run	
endOther("Hiabc", "abc") → true	true	OK
endOther("AbC", "HiABc") → true	true	OK
endOther("abc", "abXabc") → true	true	OK
endOther("Hiabc", "abcd") → false	false	OK
endOther("Hiabc", "bc") → true	true	OK
endOther("Hiabcx", "bc") → false	false	OK
endOther("abc", "abc") → true	true	OK
endOther("xyz", "12xyz") → true	true	OK
endOther("yz", "12xz") → false	false	OK
endOther("Z", "12xz") → true	true	OK
endOther("12", "12") → true	true	OK
endOther("abcXYZ", "abcDEF") → false	false	OK
endOther("ab", "ab12") → false	false	OK
endOther("ab", "12ab") → true	true	OK
other tests		OK



All Correct

next | chance

Java > String-2

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String-2 > bobThere

prev | next | chance

Return true if the given string contains a "bob" string, but where the middle 'o' char can be any char.

bobThere("abcbob") → true
bobThere("b9b") → true
bobThere("bac") → false


Go

...Save, Compile, Run (ctrl-enter)

```
public boolean bobThere(String str) {  
    int len = str.length();  
  
    for (int i = 0; i < len - 2; i++) {  
        if (str.charAt(i) == 'b' && str.charAt(i+2) == 'b')  
            return true;  
    }  
    return false;  
}
```

Go

Expected	Run
bobThere("abcbob") → true	true OK
bobThere("b9b") → true	true OK
bobThere("bac") → false	false OK
bobThere("bbb") → true	true OK
bobThere("abcdeffb") → false	false OK
bobThere("123abcbcdababxyz") → true	true OK
bobThere("b12") → false	false OK
bobThere("b1b") → true	true OK
bobThere("b12b1b") → true	true OK
bobThere("bbc") → false	false OK
bobThere("bbb") → true	true OK
bobThere("bb") → false	false OK
bobThere("b") → false	false OK
other tests	OK

 All Correct

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```
xyBalance("aaxbby") → true
xyBalance("aaxbb") → false
xyBalance("yaaxbb") → false
```

Go

Go

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Run

String-2 > repeatEnd

[prev](#) | [next](#) | [chance](#)

Given a string and an int n, return a string made of n repetitions of the last n characters of the string. You may assume that n is between 0 and the length of the string, inclusive.

```
repeatEnd("Hello", 3) → "lolollo"
repeatEnd("Hello", 2) → "lolo"
repeatEnd("Hello", 1) → "o"
```

Go

...Save, Compile, Run (ctrl-enter)

```
public String repeatEnd(String str, int n) {
    int len = str.length();
    String word = "";

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        word += str.substring(len - n, len);
    }
    return word;
}
```

Expected

Run

repeatEnd("Hello", 3) → "lolollo"	"lolollo"	OK	
repeatEnd("Hello", 2) → "lolo"	"lolo"	OK	
repeatEnd("Hello", 1) → "o"	"o"	OK	
repeatEnd("Hello", 0) → ""	""	OK	
repeatEnd("abc", 3) → "abcbcabcb"	"abcbcabcb"	OK	
repeatEnd("1234", 2) → "3434"	"3434"	OK	
repeatEnd("1234", 3) → "234234234"	"234234234"	OK	
repeatEnd("", 0) → ""	""	OK	
other tests		OK	



All Correct

[next](#) | [chance](#)

Java > String-2

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Your [progress graph](#) for this problem

Поиск

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prev | next | chance

Given a string and an int n, return a string made of the first n characters of the string, followed by the first n-1 characters of the string, and so on. You may assume that n is between 0 and the length of the string, inclusive (i.e. $n \geq 0$ and $n \leq \text{str.length}()$).

repeatFront("Chocolate", 4) → "ChocChoChC"
repeatFront("Chocolate", 3) → "ChoChC"
repeatFront("Ice Cream", 2) → "IcI"


Go ...Save, Compile, Run (ctrl-enter)

```
public String repeatFront(String str, int n) {  
    int len = str.length();  
    String word = "";  
  
    for (int i = n; n > 0; n--) {  
        word += str.substring(0, n);  
    }  
    return word;  
}
```

Go

CodingBat Java String-2 repeatFront

Expected	Run
repeatFront("Chocolate", 4) → "ChocChoChC"	"ChocChoChC" OK
repeatFront("Chocolate", 3) → "ChoChC"	"ChoChC" OK
repeatFront("Ice Cream", 2) → "IcI"	"IcI" OK
repeatFront("Ice Cream", 1) → "I"	"I" OK
repeatFront("Ice Cream", 0) → ""	"" OK
repeatFront("xyz", 3) → "xyzxyx"	"xyzxyx" OK
repeatFront("", 0) → ""	"" OK
repeatFront("Java", 4) → "JavaJavJaJ"	"JavaJavJaJ" OK
repeatFront("Java", 1) → "J"	"J" OK
other tests	OK

 All Correct

next | chance

Java > String-2

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Your progress graph for this problem

Поиск

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prev | next | chance

Given two strings, **word** and a separator **sep**, return a big string made of **count** occurrences of the word, separated by the separator string.

repeatSeparator("Word", "X", 3) → "WordXWordXWord"

repeatSeparator("This", "And", 2) → "ThisAndThis"

repeatSeparator("This", "And", 1) → "This"

Go

...Save, Compile, Run (ctrl-enter)

```
public String repeatSeparator(String word, String sep, int count) {
    String word2 = "";

    for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
        if (i < count-1)
            word2 += word + sep;
        else
            word2 += word;
    }
    return word2;
}
```

Go

CodingBat Java String-2 repeatSeparator

Expected	Run
repeatSeparator("Word", "X", 3) → "WordXWordXWord"	"WordXWordXWord" OK
repeatSeparator("This", "And", 2) → "ThisAndThis"	"ThisAndThis" OK
repeatSeparator("This", "And", 1) → "This"	"This" OK
repeatSeparator("Hi", "-n-", 2) → "Hi-n-Hi"	"Hi-n-Hi" OK
repeatSeparator("AAA", "", 1) → "AAA"	"AAA" OK
repeatSeparator("AAA", "", 0) → ""	"" OK
repeatSeparator("A", "B", 5) → "ABABABABA"	"ABABABABA" OK
repeatSeparator("abc", "XX", 3) → "abcXXabcXXabc"	"abcXXabcXXabc" OK
repeatSeparator("abc", "XX", 2) → "abcXXabc"	"abcXXabc" OK
repeatSeparator("abc", "XX", 1) → "abc"	"abc" OK
repeatSeparator("XYZ", "a", 2) → "XYZaXYZ"	"XYZaXYZ" OK
other tests	OK

Поиск

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