

Hajj – user - interface:

This is the first interface for the user. The user must scan his/her fingerprint. When the system matches it with the stored data; all needed hajj information will be appeared in the second interface – as shown in figure 2 -.

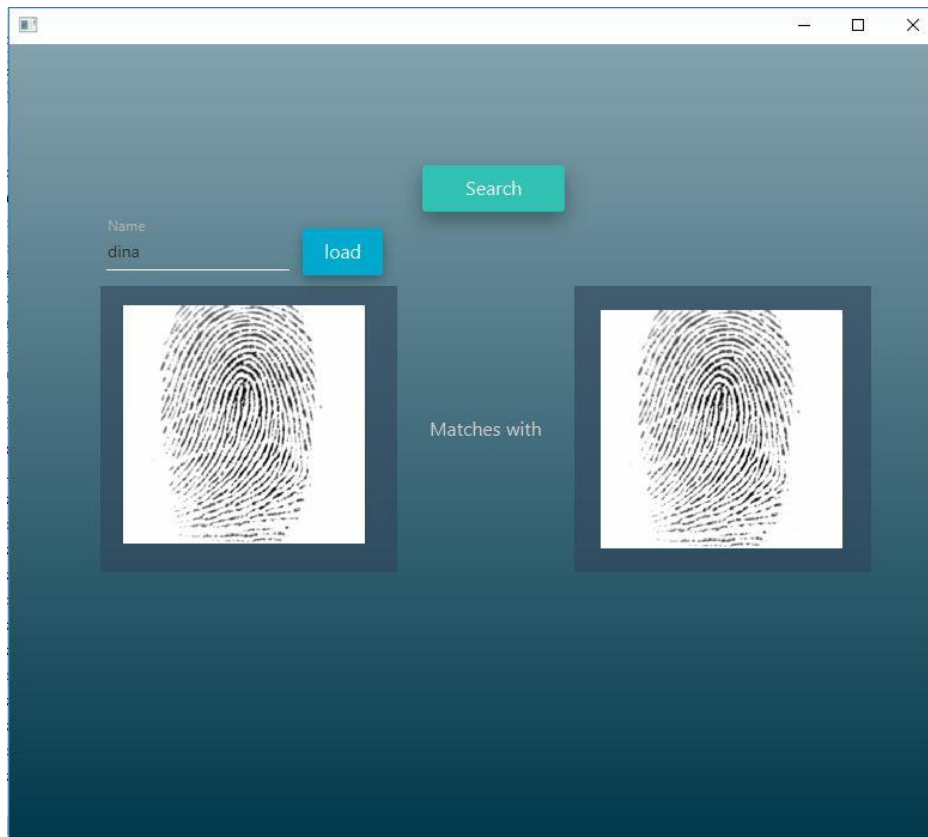


Figure 1: scanning the hajj fingerprint.

For using this software; the user just needs to scan his/her fingerprint and choose the needed service.

This process will need a fingerprint scanner device. For simulating the process in the program; we use this interface to write the user name and the system will match the fingerprint to check if it's existing or not.

The used sample data are:

mohamed

ahmed

abdelrahman

dina

hager

Please make sure that you are using small letters 😊



figure 2: hajj information.

The system supports many languages.

The system supports text to speech service for illiterates and disable people.



This interface will present the user information and the following services:

- 1- Map – as shown in figure 3-.
- 2- Medical assistance – as shown in figure 4-.
- 3- The nearest volunteer (police man) -as shown in figure 5-.
- 4- Accommodation information – as shown in figure 6-.
- 5- The last service is asking about the nearest volunteer that understand the user language – this feature is for future use -.

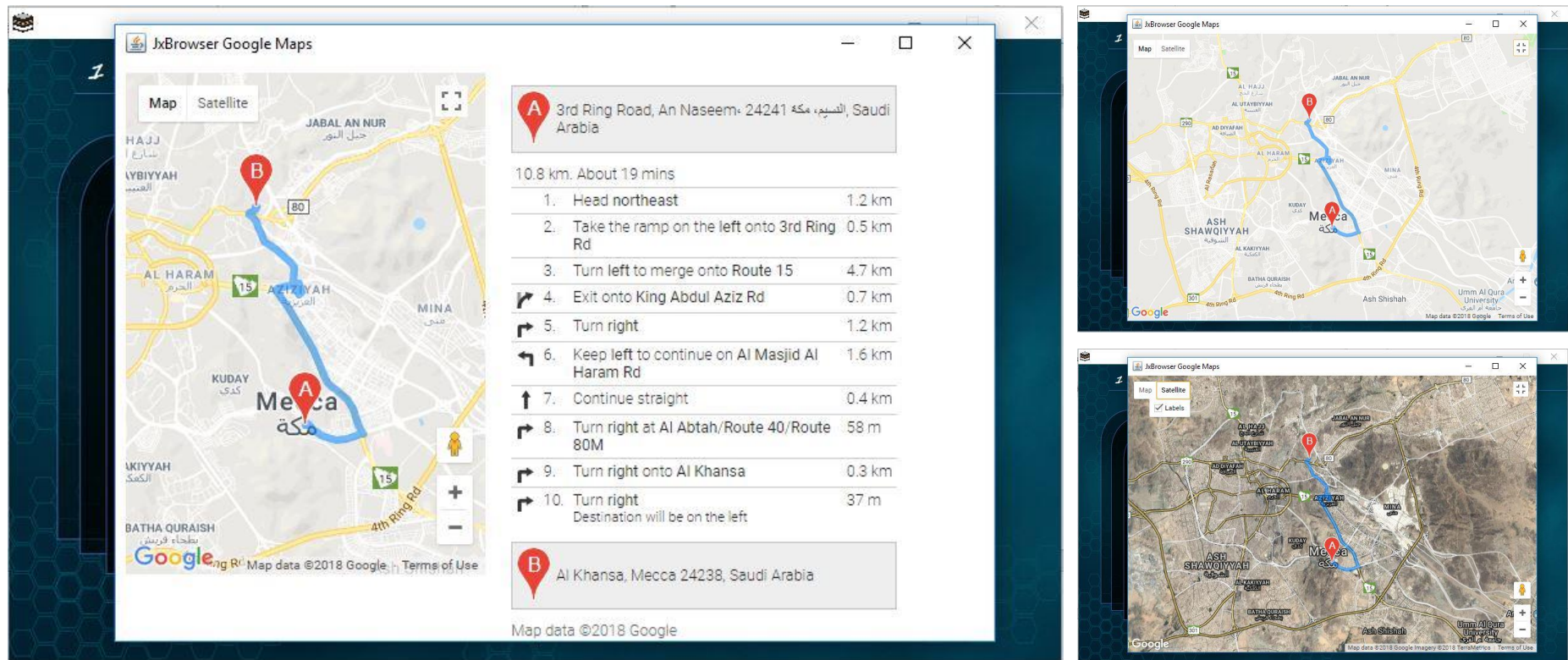


figure 3: guiding the user to his/her accommodation place.

The first service is the map service. It guides the user from his/her current place to his/her accommodation place (hotel -tent).

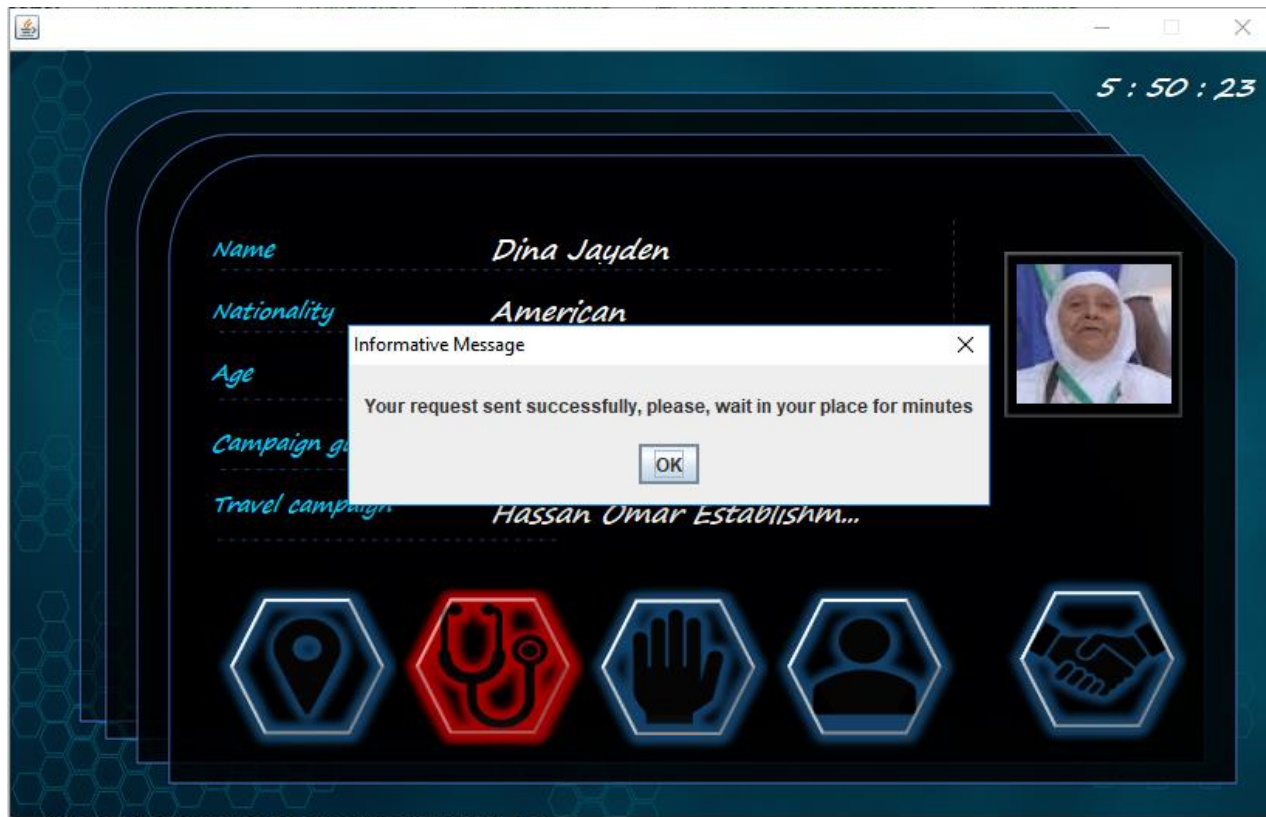


figure 4: requesting medical health assistant interface.

The second service is requesting a medical assistance.

This service will invoke the nearest medical assistance and it will provide him with the user's chronic disease.

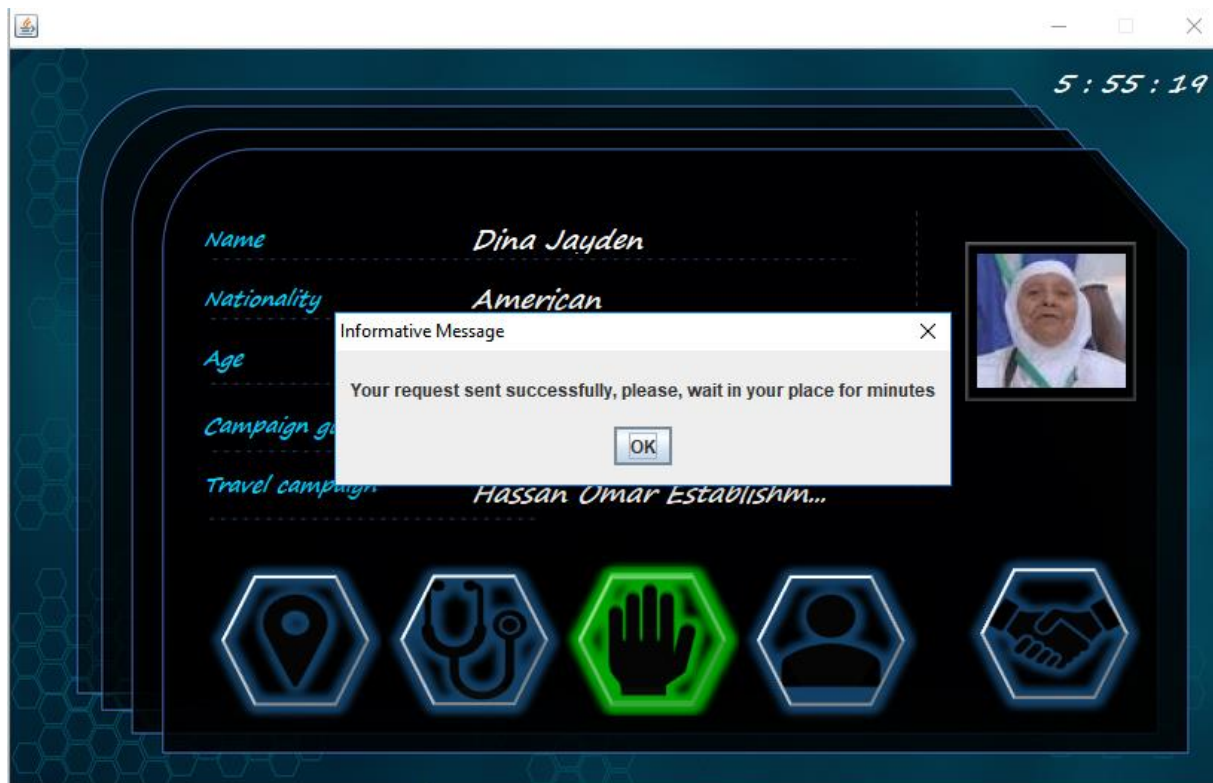


figure 4: requesting volunteer interface.

The third service is requesting a volunteer.

This service will invoke the nearest volunteers to the user provide help.

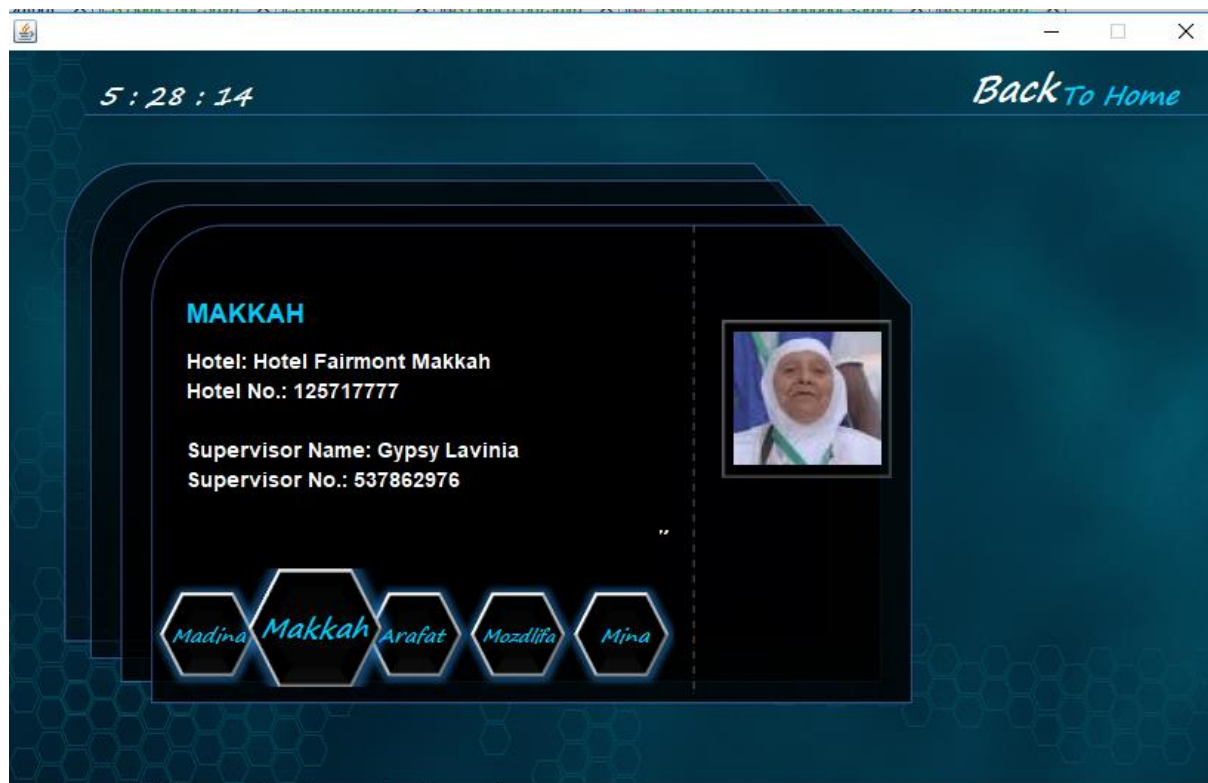


figure 5: hajj accommodation information.

The last service provides the user with his/her accommodation places in every place he/she visit, the contact information and other personal information.

Volunteer – police man - Interfaces:

When any hajj request to get help from a volunteer; this interface in figure 1 will appear to the nearest volunteers from the requestor. The interface shows the requestor information.



If any volunteer – police man - is ready to help the requestor; then he should press “Accept” button. This will convert his state to busy and avoid sending new request for him until he click done button – as shown in figure 2 -.

This button will guide the volunteer to the requestor place by google map – as shown in figure 3-.

This button will allow the requestor to see another request’s information.

This section presents the requestor information.

Figure 1: volunteer- first interface – part 1.

These buttons allow the volunteer to see the requestor accommodations’ places in every place – as shown in figure 4 -.



As long as the volunteer -police man – provide a service; his state will stay “busy” and he will not receive new requests until he press the “Done” button. When the volunteer presses the “Done” button; his state automatically will be available and the “Done” button will return to be an “Accept” button.

Figure 2: volunteer – first interface -2.

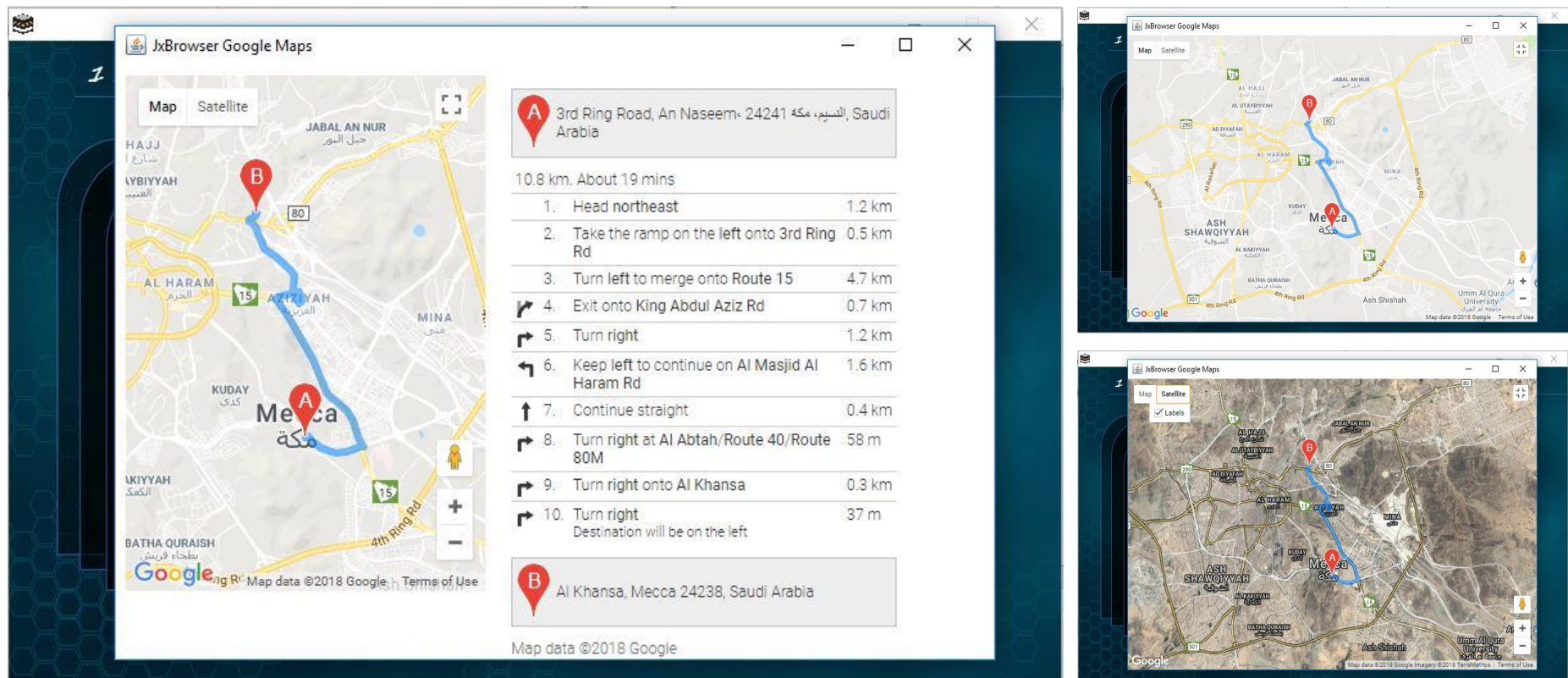


Figure 3: volunteer – the requestor location.



Figure 4: volunteer – the requestor accommodations' information.

Each button presents the requestor's accommodations information, the supervisor, and the contact information in this specific place.

Medical volunteer Interfaces:

Medical volunteer interfaces are pretty similar to the police man interface. in the medical man interface the requestor's chronic diseases will appear instead of the contact and accommodation information.



Figure 1: Medical man informations.